U.S. Dept. of the Treasury.

Circulars.

Copy 1

CIRCULAR INSTRUCTIONS

OF THE

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

RELATIVE TO THE

TARIFF, NAVIGATION, AND OTHER LAWS,

FOR THE

YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1896.

JOHN G. CARLISLE, SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

WASHINGTON:
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE.
1897.

INDEX.

A.

B.

C.

T.

U.

V.

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1896.
Department Circular No. 1.

Treasury Department,

BUREAU OF THE MINT,

Washington, D. C., January 1, 1896.

Hon. JOHN G. CARLISLE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

SIR: In pursuance of the provisions of section 25 of the act of August 28, 1894, I present in the following table an estimate of the values of the standard coins of the nations of the world:

VALUES OF FOREIGN COINS.

COUNTRY.	Standard.	Monetary unit.	Value in terms of U. S. gold dollar.	Coins.
Argentine Republic	Gold and silver	Peso	$0.96,5	Gold: argentine ($4.82,4) and ½ argentine. Silver: peso and divisions.
Austria-Hungary	Gold	Crown	.20,3	Gold: former system—4 florins ($1.92,9), 8 florins ($3.85,8), ducat ($2.28,7) and 4 ducats ($9.15,3). Silver: 1 and 2 florins. Gold: present system—20 crowns ($4.05,2); 10 crowns ($2.02,6).
Belgium	Gold and silver	Franc	.19,3	Gold: 10 and 20 francs. Silver: 5 francs.
Bolivia	Silver	Boliviano	.49,1	Silver: boliviano and divisions.
Brazil	Gold	Milreis	.54,6	Gold: 5, 10, and 20 milreis. Silver: ½, 1, and 2 milreis.
British Possessions N. A. (except Newfoundland).	Gold	Dollar	1.00,0	
Central Amer. States—Costa Rica, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, Salvador	Silver	Peso	.49,1	Silver: peso and divisions.
Chile	Gold and silver	Peso	.91,2	Gold: escudo ($1.82,4), doubloon ($4.56,1), and condor ($9.12,3). Silver: peso and divisions.
China	Silver	Tael (Haikwan (Customs).) Shanghai	.72,5	
		Tael (Haikwan (Customs).) Haikwan	.80,8	
		Tael (Haikwan (Customs).) Tientsin	.76,9	
		Tael (Haikwan (Customs).) Chefoo	.75,9	
Colombia	Silver	Peso	.49,1	Gold: condor ($9.64,7) and double-condor. Silver: peso.
Cuba	Gold and silver	Peso	.92,6	Gold: doubloon ($5.01,7). Silver: peso.
Denmark	Gold	Crown	.26,8	Gold: 10 and 20 crowns.
Ecuador	Silver	Sucre	.49,1	Gold: condor ($9.64,7) and double-condor. Silver: sucre and divisions.
Egypt	Gold	Pound (100 piastres)	4.94,3	Gold: pound (100 piastres), 5, 10, 20, and 50 piasters. Silver: 1, 2, 5, 10, and 20 piastres.
Finland	Gold	Mark	.19,3	Gold: 20 marks ($3.85,9), 10 marks ($1.93).
France	Gold and silver	Franc	.19,3	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 francs. Silver: 5 francs.
German Empire	Gold	Mark	.23,8	Gold: 5, 10, and 20 marks.
Great Britain	Gold	Pound sterling	4.86,6½	Gold: sovereign (pound sterling) and ½ sovereign.
Greece	Gold and silver	Drachma	.19,3	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 drachmas. Silver: 5 drachmas.
Haiti	Gold and silver	Gourde	.96,5	Silver: gourde.
India	Silver	Rupee	.23,3	Gold: mohur ($7.10,5). Silver: rupee and divisions.
Italy	Gold and silver	Lira	.19,3	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 lire. Silver: 5 lire.
Japan	Gold and silver*	Yen	.99,7	Gold: 1, 2, 5, 10, and 20 yen.
		Yen (Silver)	.59,9	Silver: yen.
Liberia	Gold	Dollar	1.00,0	
Mexico	Silver	Dollar	.53,3	Gold: dollar ($0.98,3), 2½, 5, 10, and 20 dollars. Silver: dollar (or peso) and divisions.
Netherlands	Gold and silver	Florin	.40,2	Gold: 10 florins. Silver: ½, 1, and 2½ florins.
Newfoundland	Gold	Dollar	1.01,4	Gold: 2 dollars ($2.02,7).
Norway	Gold	Crown	.26,8	Gold: 10 and 20 crowns.
Persia	Silver	Kran	.09,0	Gold: ½, 1, and 2 tomans ($3.40,9). Silver: ¼, ½, 1, 2, and 5 krans.
Peru	Silver	Sol	.49,1	Silver: sol and divisions.
Portugal	Gold	Milreis	1.08,0	Gold: 1, 2, 5, and 10 milreis.
Russia	Silver‡	Ruble (Gold)	.77,2	Gold: imperial ($7.71,8), and ½ imperial †($3.86).
		Ruble (Silver)	.39,3	Silver: ¼, ½, and 1 ruble.
Spain	Gold and silver	Peseta	.19,3	Gold: 25 pesetas. Silver: 5 pesetas.
Sweden	Gold	Crown	.26,8	Gold: 10 and 20 crowns.
Switzerland	Gold and silver	Franc	.19,3	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 francs. Silver: 5 francs.
Tripoli	Silver	Mahbub of 20 piastres	.44,3	
Turkey	Gold	Piaster	.04,4	Gold: 25, 50, 100, 250, and 500 piasters.
Venezuela	Gold and silver	Bolivar	.19,3	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 bolivars. Silver: 5 bolivars.

* Gold the nominal standard. Silver practically the standard.
† Coined since January 1, 1886. Old half-imperial = $3.98,6.
‡ Silver the nominal standard. Paper the actual currency, the depreciation of which is measured by the gold standard.

Respectfully, yours,

R. E. PRESTON,
Director of the Mint.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., January 1, 1896.

The foregoing estimate by the Director of the Mint, of the values of foreign coins, I hereby proclaim to be the values of such coins in terms of the money of account of the United States, to be followed in estimating the value of all foreign merchandise exported to the United States on or after January 1, 1896, expressed in any of such metallic currencies.

J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

1896.
Department Circular No. 2.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., January 3, 1896.

To Collectors and Other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending November 30, 1895.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

REPORT OF REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING NOVEMBER 30, 1895.

N. B.—*In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.*

No. of reappraisement.

9925.....*Decorated china and earthenware*, from ——, Paris, September 23, 1895:
1 sugar bowl, cut glass, entered at 10 francs per total. No advance.
12 stained glass, entered at 60, advanced to 80 francs per total.
102 Chinese porcelain bottles, entered at 155, advanced to 255 francs per total.
54 plates, assorted, entered at 220, advanced to 275 francs per total.
30 cups and saucers, entered at 150, advanced to 180 francs per total.
6 spare pieces of porcelain, entered at 35, advanced to 55 francs per total.
2 pair vases, porcelain, entered at 300 francs per total. No advance.
Add boxing and packing.

10023.....*Manufactures of metal, furniture, and decorated china*, from A. S. Hamburger, Amsterdam, October 11, 1895:
Secretary, book cabinet, cheffonier, frames, plate racks, saltcellars, milk pitchers, etc., advanced 10 per cent.

10050.....*Printed glassware, etc.*, from Witzmann & Schwesinger, Stutzerbach, October 26, 1895:
Thermometers, Yena Vounal glass, entered at 22, advanced to 25 marks per gross.
Prismatic clinical thermometers, entered at 5.50, advanced to 9 marks per gross.

9933.....*Cotton lace curtains*, from Alder & Rappolt, St. Gall, October 16, 1895:
No. 947, 12/4, 3½ yards, écru, entered at 8.50, advanced to 9.50 francs per pair.
No. 947, 14/4, 4 yards, écru, entered at 11.47½, advanced to 12 francs per pair.

9933..... *Cotton lace curtains, etc.*—Continued.

No. 962, 12/4, 3½ yards, écru, entered at 14.45, advanced to 18 francs per pair.

No. 942, 12/4, 3½ yards, écru, entered at 5.32, advanced to 6.50 francs per pair.

No. 954, 12/4, 3½ yards, white and écru, entered at 10.62½, advanced to 11.50 francs per pair.

Add packing and cases.

10014.....*Manufactures of silk and cotton*, from L. Permezel & Co., Lyons, October 24, 1895:

92, cirka noir, entered at .082, advanced to 1 franc per meter. Discounts, 20 per cent and 3 per cent. Add cases and packing.

10017.....*Covered flat steele wire*, from Rosenwald Bros., London, October 26, 1895:

Eagle skirt steel, entered at 5, less 2½ per cent discount, advanced to 6s., sterling, per gross. Add case.

10032.....*Gelatine*, from Deutsche Gelatine-Fabriken, Kochlt a Main, October 15, 1895:

White, 3 B., silver C., entered at 180 marks per 100 kilos. No advance. Packing included.

10049.....*Beaded trimmings*, from E. Steger Scunn, Chinaberg, October 26, 1895:

Entered at a discount of 25 per cent, advanced to a discount of 5 per cent and 2 per cent.

9990.....*Colored cotton*, from Tootal Broadhurst Co., Ltd., Manchester, October 18, 1895:

Colored shirting, 10, 12½, entered at 5d., advanced to 5¼d., sterling, per yard. Discount, 3 per cent. Add cases, etc.

2544 O. P...
Nashville... } *Earthenware (printed seconds)*, from Thos. F. Bennett & Co., Liverpool, September 18, 1895:

Entered at discounts of 67½ per cent, 5 per cent, and 5 per cent, advanced to discounts of 65 per cent, 5 per cent, and 5 per cent. Add crates.

2452 O. P...
2453 O. P...
Buffalo..... } *Beans*, from J. B. Stringer & Co., Chatham, September 21, 1895:

Unpicked beans, entered at 80, advanced to 88 cents per bushel.

2577 O. P..
Chicago.... } *Toys and decorated china*, from Richard Horstmann, Berlin, September 10, 1895:

Entered at various prices. No advance.

2579 O. P..
2580 O. P..
2581 O. P..
etc.....
Chicago.... } *Decorated earthenware and glassware*, from Geo. Borgfeldt & Co., various places and dates:

Entered at various prices. No advance.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

2550, 9146..*Decorated earthenware*, from Vincenzo Errico, Naples, July 25, 1895:

Cornice Grande, entered at 200 lire per total, less 10 per cent. No advance. Add packing.

2549, 9890..*Decorated earthenware, etc.*, from Anthony Shaw & Co., Burslem, August 31, 1895:

Entered at discounts of 45 per cent, 5 per cent, and 5 per cent. Advanced to discounts of 40 per cent, 5 per cent, and 5 per cent.

2530, 9617..*Blank books*, from Ullmann & Engelmann, Berlin, September 7, 1895:

Wallets, 2222/11, entered at 10, advanced to 18 lire per gross, less 2 per cent discount.

2480, 9668..*Manufactures of silk and cotton*, from G. Varenne and J. Pointet & Co., Lyons, September 19, 1895:

18-inch fancy weave, 9091, dyed, entered at .85, advanced to .90 franc per meter.

22½-inch changeable rib, 9433, dyed, entered at .60, advanced to .66 franc per meter.

18-inch ethiopia, 100, entered at .60, advanced to .66 franc per meter.

Discount, 20 per cent. Add packing.

2537–9764,
2538–9765,
2539–9766,
2541–9763.. *Manufactures of wool*, from Jos. Wilcock & Co., September 3, 10, 17, and 27, 1895:

54-inch and 56-inch fancy, 512, 498, 334, 359, 496, 323, 493, 516, 501, 498, 494, 264, entered at 3s. 9d., advanced to 4s. 6d., sterling, per yard.

54-inch and 56-inch, 460/464, entered at 4s., advanced to 4s. 8d., sterling, per yard.

56-inch, 540, fancy, entered at 3s. 11d., advanced to 4s. 8d., sterling, per yard.

Less $\frac{1}{37}$, $\frac{1}{40}$. Add making up and packing. Discount, 2½ per cent.

2560–9971.. *Vegetables, n. o. p. f.*, from F. Vitelli & Co., Castellamare, October 5, 1895:

Garlic, entered at 11, advanced to 12 lire per 100 kilos. Add packing.

541–2191..
O. P.....
Boston..... *Worsted yarn*, from Ira Ickringill & Co., Ltd., Keighley, June 26, 1895:

2/33 I. S., entered at 1s. 7⅝d., advanced to 1s. 7¾d., sterling, per pound. Discount, 2½ per cent.

579 O.P..
2351.....
Boston... *Worsted yarn*, from Firth & Renton, Bradford, August 16, 1895:

2/40 M. S., botany yarn, entered at 2s. 1d., advanced to 2s. 3d., sterling, per pound. Discount, 2½ per cent. Add cases.

576 O.P..
2413.....
Boston... *English luster wool tops*, from David Smith & Co., Halifax, August 27, 1895:

Entered at 19d., advanced to 21d., sterling, per pound. Add bales.

580 O.P..
2394..... *Wool tops*, from Wm. Tucksmith, Bradford, September 10, 1895:

Botany tops, entered at 19d., advanced to 21d., sterling, per pound. Discount, 1⅝ per cent.

2443–9466.. *Matches*, from A. Furth, Vienna, August 7, 1895:

The Key safety match, entered at 23.10, advanced to 30 florins per case of 50 gross.

The Key safety match, entered at 2.45, advanced to 3.40 florins per case of 5 gross.

Packing included.

O

INVITING PROPOSALS FOR FOUR PER CENT BONDS.

1896.
Department Circular No. 3.
Division of Loans and Currency.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., January 6, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Secretary of the Treasury, at Washington, D. C., until 12 o'clock M., on Wednesday, the 5th day of February, 1896, for the purchase of one hundred million dollars ($100,000,000) of United States four per cent coupon or registered bonds, in denominations of fifty dollars ($50) and multiples of that sum, as may be desired by bidders.

The right to reject any or all bids is reserved.

The bonds will be dated on the first day of February, 1895, and be payable in coin thirty years after that date, and will bear interest at four per centum per annum, payable quarterly, in coin, but all coupons maturing on and before the first day of February, 1896, will be detached, and purchasers will be required to pay in United States gold coin, or gold certificates, for the bonds awarded to them, and all interest accrued thereon after the first day of February, 1896, up to the time of payment for the bonds.

Payments for the bonds must be made at the Treasury of the United States at Washington, D. C., or at the United States subtreasuries at New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, and New Orleans, and they may be made at San Francisco with exchange on New York, and all bids must state what denominations of bonds are desired, and whether coupon or registered, and at what place they will be paid for.

Payments may be made by installments, as follows: Twenty per cent (20 per cent) and accrued interest upon receipt of notice of acceptance of bids, and twenty per cent (20 per cent) and accrued interest at the end of each ten days thereafter; but all accepted bidders may pay the whole amount at the date of the first installment, and those who have paid all installments previously maturing may pay the whole amount of their bids at any time, not later than the maturity of the last installment.

The bonds will be ready for delivery on or before the fifteenth day of February, 1896.

Notice is further hereby given that if the issue and sale of an additional or different form of bond for the maintenance of the gold reserve shall be authorized by law before the fifth day of February, 1896, sealed proposals for the purchase of such bonds will also be received at the same time and place, and up to the same date, and upon the same terms and conditions herein set forth, and such bids will be considered as well as the bids for the four per cent bonds herein mentioned.

J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

1896.
Department Circular No. 4.
Chief Clerk.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., January 4, 1896.

To the Heads of Bureaus and Chiefs of Divisions,
Secretary's Office, Treasury Department:

Hereafter in addressing official communications you will be guided by the following examples:

To the President
of the United States.

To the Honorable
The Secretary of the Treasury.

To the Auditor for the
Treasury Department.

To the Comptroller
of the Treasury.

To the Comptroller
of the Currency.

To the Solicitor
of the Treasury.

To the Treasurer
of the United States.

To the Register
of the Treasury.

To the Commissioner
of Internal Revenue.

To the Chairman
of the Light-House Board.

To the General Superintendent
of Life-Saving Service.

To the Commissioner of Navigation,
Treasury Department.

To the Supervising Surgeon-General
Marine-Hospital Service.

To the Supervising Inspector-General
Steamboat-Inspection Service.

To the Supervising Architect,
Treasury Department.

To the Speaker
of the House of Representatives.

To the President
of the Senate.

To the Chairman,
Committee on Appropriations
House of Representatives.

To the Chairman,
Committee on Appropriations
United States Senate.

To the Commissioner
of the General Land Office.

To the
Commissioner of Pensions.

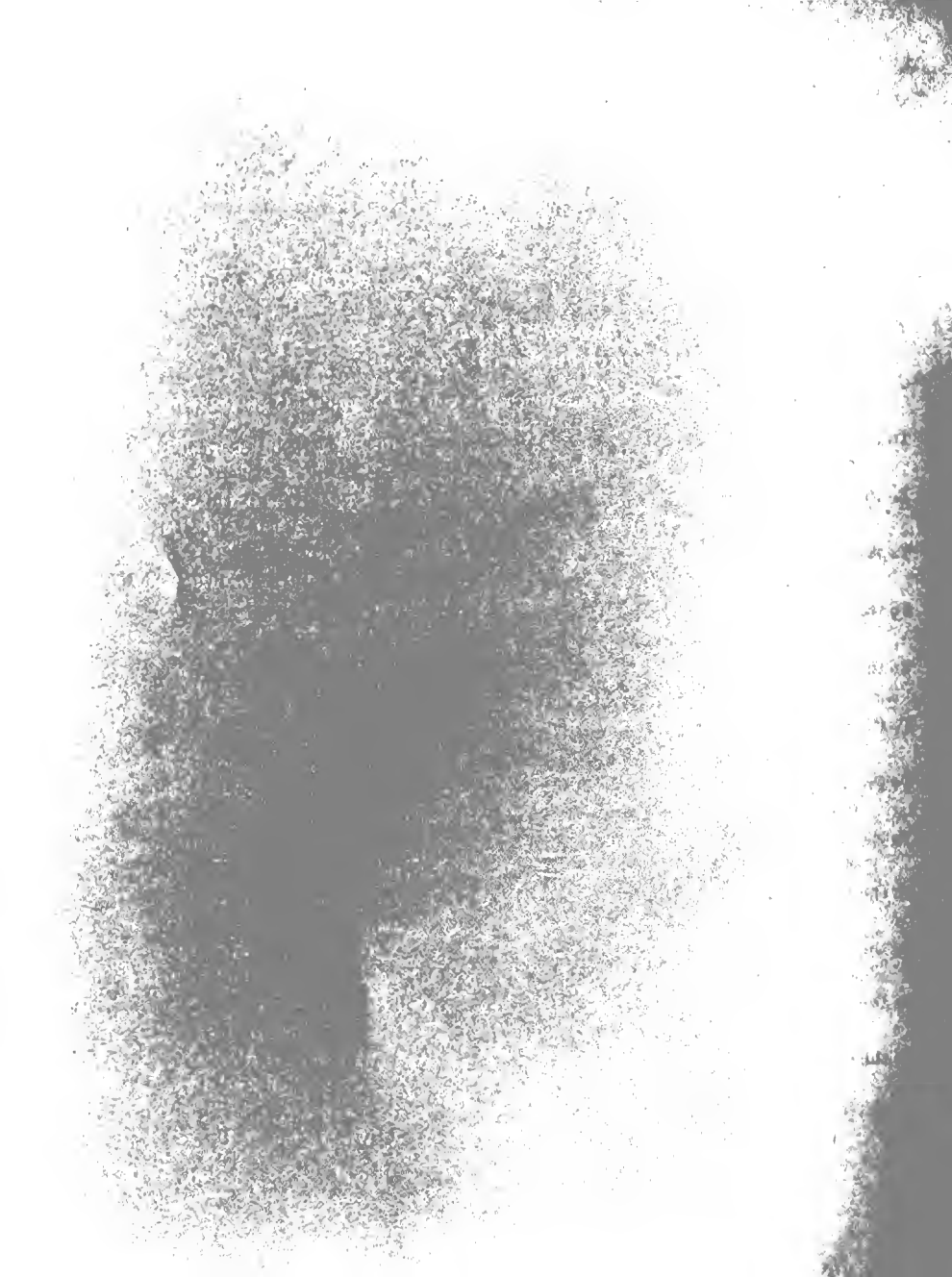
Custodian,
Court-House and Post-Office,
Philadelphia, Penn.

Collector of Customs,
Baltimore, Md.

Assistant Treasurer, U. S.,
New York City.

To the Postmaster,
Washington, D. C.

S. WIKE,
Acting Secretary.



COLLECTION DISTRICT OF CHICAGO.

1896.
Department Circular No. 5.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., January 4, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following Act of Congress approved December 27, 1895, creatiug the collection district of Chicago, is published for the information and guidance of all concerned.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

[AN ACT to amend Section twenty-six hundred and one of the Revised Statutes relative to Ports of Entry.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section twenty-six hundred and one, Revised Statutes, be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to read as follows:

Section 2601. There shall be in the States of Indiana and Illinois one Collection District as follows:

The District of Chicago; to comprise the State of Illinois, and the waters and shores of Lake Michigan, within the State of Indiana; in which Chicago shall be the port of entry, and Waukegan and Michigan City ports of delivery: *Provided,* That all present ports of delivery in the State of Illinois now a part of the New Orleans District, shall be ports of delivery in the new District of Illinois and shall have all privileges which they have under existing law: *Provided further,* That nothing in this Act shall be construed to repeal the provisions of the Act approved August seventh, eighteen huudred and eighty-two, which embraces East Saint Louis, Illinois, within the limits of the port of Saint Louis, Missouri.

Approved, December 27, 1895.

SUBSCRIPTIONS TO FOUR PER CENT BONDS.

1896.
Department Circular No. 6.
Division of Loans and Currency.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C. January 9, 1896.

In subscribing for the new four per cent bonds under the circular of January 6, 1896, the annexed form should be followed. The blank may be detached, filled up, and addressed to the Secretary of the Treasury. The subscriber should state plainly the amount of bonds desired, the price which he proposes to pay, and the place where the bonds should be delivered, which may be the subscriber's home or any other more convenient place. He should at the same time state whether he desires to deposit the amount of his subscription at the Treasury Department in the city of Washington, or at one of the following subtreasuries, viz: New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, New Orleans, or San Francisco. Deposits at San Francisco must be with exchange on New York.

The bonds will be issued in the following denominations, viz: Coupon bonds, $50, $100, $500, and $1,000; registered bonds, $50, $100, $500, $1,000, $5,000, and $10,000.

Subscribers should, if practicable, state in their proposals the denominations of the bonds desired and whether they should be coupon or registered; but if at the time of offering the subscription the kind and denomination of the bonds desired can not be stated, the subscriber may defer giving that information until he is notified that his proposal is accepted.

Gold certificates will be received the same as gold coin in payment of subscriptions, but no payment should be made by any subscriber until he has been notified by the Secretary that his subscription has been accepted.

Additional copies of the annexed form of proposal may be had upon application to the Secretary of the Treasury.

J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

Envelopes should be plainly marked: "Proposals for four per cent bonds."

.....

.....

I hereby propose, under the terms of your Circular of January 6, 1896, to purchase U. S. four per cent thirty-year bonds described in said Circular, of the face value of ..... *dollars, and I agree to pay therefor at the rate of* ..... *and accrued interest per $100. I further agree upon due notice of the acceptance of this subscription, to deposit the amount thereof in gold coin or gold certificates with the U. S. Assistant Treasurer at* ..... *in accordance with the terms of said Circular.*

I desire (registered or coupon) bonds, in denominations as stated below, and I wish them to be delivered to me at .....

.....

.....

.....

(Signature:) .....

To the Secretary of the Treasury.

COUPON.		REGISTERED.	
50	$.....	50	$.....
100	$.....	100	$.....
500	$.....	500	$.....
1,000	$.....	1,000	$.....
		5,000	$.....
		10,000	$.....

KILLING OF FUR-BEARING ANIMALS IN ALASKA.

1896.
Department Circular No. 7.
Division of Special Agents.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., January 9, 1896.

Department Circular No. 56, dated April 14, 1893, wherein white men married to natives, and residing within the Territory of Alaska, are denied the privilege of killing fur-bearing animals, is hereby modified in such manner as to confer the privileges specified in said Circular upon white men who married natives, and engaged in otter hunting in said Territory, prior to March 2, 1893, in faith of previous rulings of the Department.

J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary.

SEIZURE OF IMPORTED GOODS FOR UNDERVALUATION UNDER SECTION 7 OF THE ACT OF JUNE 10, 1890.

1896.
Department Circular No. 8.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., January 8, 1896.

To Collectors and other officers of the Customs:

Section 7 of the act of June 10, 1890, provides that "if the appraised value of any article of imported merchandise shall exceed by more than ten per centum the value declared in the entry, there shall be levied, collected, and paid, in addition to the duties imposed by law on such merchandise, a further sum equal to two per centum of the total appraised value for each one per centum that such appraised value exceeds the value declared in the entry; and the additional duties shall only apply to the particular article or articles in each invoice which are undervalued; *and if such appraised value shall exceed the value declared in the entry more than forty per centum, such entry may be held to be presumptively fraudulent, and the collector of customs may seize such merchandise and proceed as in cases of forfeiture for violations of the customs laws;* and in any legal proceedings which may result from such seizure the fact of such undervaluation shall be presumptive evidence of fraud, and the burden of proof shall be on the claimant to rebut the same, and forfeiture shall be adjudged unless he shall rebut said presumption of fraudulent intent by sufficient evidence."

Although the language of the above provision has been construed as permissive, rather than mandatory, the Department desires it to be understood that, in any case where an undervaluation of 40 per cent or more has been found of imported merchandise, seizure should be made at once under a presumption of fraud, unless the circumstances are such as to positively relieve the importer from any suspicion of fraudulent intention.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

REAPPRAISEMENTS OF MERCHANDISE BY UNITED STATES GENERAL APPRAISERS.

1896.
Department Circular No. 9.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., January 10, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending December 7, 1895:

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

REPORT ON REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING DECEMBER 7, 1895.

N. B.—In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.

No. of Reappraisement.

9758.....*Manufactures of metal furniture, of wood, etc.*, from William John McCoy & Sons, Belfast, September 7, 1895:

Plates, trays, coasters, tea sets, chafing dishes, oak chairs, fenders, etc., entered value sustained on some and others advanced up to 20 per cent.

10071.....*Manufactures of metal and glass*, from Storck & Sinsheimer, Hanau, October 30, 1895:

Bottles, baskets, buckles, etc., silver on the articles entered at 16 pfennigs per ounce. No advance. Add cases and packing.

10130.....*Steel tubes*, from Perfecta Seamless Steel Tube Co., Birmingham, October 31, 1895:

144 0/3 7/8 x 22g mults, 16 5/8, entered at 1s. 3d.; 100 0/2 3/4 x 24g mults, 22 1/8, entered at 1s. 6d.; 29 0/2, 1 1/4 x 24g mults, 21 1/8, entered at 1s. 10d. Add cases. Discount, 3¾ per cent. Packing, freight, and shipping charges deducted on entry.

Advanced by disallowance of packing, freight, and shipping charges.

10121.....*Clock*, from G. B. Maggs, Bristol, October 2, 1895:

One eight-day, brass-face, grandfather's clock, entered at £5. No advance. Add packing and case.

9783.....*Enamel ironware*, from Emaillirwery Silesia, Rybrick, July 10, 1895:

Entered at various prices, less cash discount of 2 per cent and 1 per cent. Freight and

9783.....*Enamel ironware, etc.*—Continued.

charges included in price and deducted. Advanced by disallowance of deduction of cases and packing.

10147.....*Decorated glassware*, from ———, Venice, June 3, 1895:

1,000 small scent bottles of glass, entered at 500 lire, advanced to 600 lire. Add packing and charges.

9894.....*Beads (jet trimmings)*, from E. Syeger, Sr., Annaberg, October 11, 1895:

Various numbers and prices, less discount of 25 per cent. Advanced by reduction of discount to 5 per cent and 2 per cent.

9908.....*Chemical salt*, from Die Deutsche Gold & Silber Scheide-Anstalt, Frankfort-on-the-Main, September 9, 1895:

Zinc vitrol, entered at 4.535 marks per 100 kilos, advanced to 7.50 marks per 100 kilos. Add packing.

10025.....*Wool dress goods*, from R. Waddington, Bradford, October 18, 1895:

Z 2865, 42 fancy black, entered at 7⅞d., advanced to 8½d., sterling, per yard.

Z 2393, 42 fancy black, entered at 13¾d., advanced to 15d., sterling, per yard.

Discount, 2½ per cent. Prices include making up and packing.

10083.....*Worsted yarn*, from Chas. Semon & Co., Bradford, November 6, 1895:

3 fo 8 gen. cord malishly 2228, entered at 1s. 9½d., advanced to 1s. 11½d., sterling, per pound. Discount, 2½ per cent. Add packing.

10029.....*Silk embroidery, manufactures of silk*, from Sarhan Shehfy, Damascus, October 1, 1895:

Drab aghabain, hakra, drap de table, charbe, coufie, etc. Advanced 10 per cent.

10084.....*Cotton nettings and cotton lace*, from B. Walker & Co., Nottingham, November 8, 1895:

3781 E. T. curtains, 3½ yards, 48 inches, entered at 2s. 3d., advanced to 2s. 4d., sterling.

3781 W. T. curtains, 3½ yards, 48 inches, entered at 2s. 3d., advanced to 2s. 4d., sterling.

3940 écru curtains, 3½ yards, 43 inches, entered at 1s., advanced to 1s. 1d., sterling.

3759 W. T. curtains, 3½ yards, 48 inches, entered at 2s. 7½d., advanced to 2s. 10½d., sterling.

Discount, 2½ per cent. Inland carriage deducted from entered price not allowed. Add cases to advanced value.

10217.....*Colored cotton corduroys*, from G. Roskill & Co., Manchester, November 12, 1895:

27-inch, plain colored corduroy, quality K, entered at 12½d., advanced to 1s. 1d., sterling, less $\frac{1}{37}$. Discount, 2½ per cent. Making up included in price.

10131.....*Manufactures of wool, cotton, and metal*, from ———, Damascus, August 8, 1895:

Advanced 10 per cent.

10039.....*Mirrors*, from Wehrle & Co., Fuerth, October 10, 1895:

$3\frac{7}{8}$ by $2\frac{1}{16}$, double schock crescent, 27 P, entered at 1.30, advanced to 1.40 marks per doz.

$3\frac{5}{16}$ by $3\frac{1}{4}$, double schock heart, No. 33, entered at 1.34, advanced to 1.40 marks.

$4\frac{1}{4}$ by $4\frac{1}{8}$, double schock clover leaf, No. 119, entered at 2.58, advanced to 2.80 marks.

$3\frac{1}{2}$ by $2\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{3}{4}$ white, rd. corn., entered at 1.05, advanced to 1.15 marks.

10129.....*Sweetmeats (preserved ginger)*, from Chee Long, Canton, August 29, 1895:

Cargo ginger, entered at 8.75, advanced to 9.25 Mexican silver per picul. Discount, 2 per cent.

10016–10051..*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from F. G. Guerra, Havana, October 13, 1895, and November 7, 1895:

Entered at .025 cents per pound, less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to .0226, United States gold, per pound, packed.

Entered at $.02\frac{7}{15}$, less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to .0223, United States gold, per pound, packed.

10235.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from N. Castano, Cienfuegos, November 6, 1895:

Centrifugal, entered at .02⅜, less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to .02195, United States gold, per pound, packed.

9998.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from A. G. Mendoza, Havana, October 23, 1895:

Testing 97.30°, entered at 4.42, advanced to 5.238 reals per arroba.

Testing 96.25°, entered at 4.39, advanced to 5.166 reals per arroba.

Testing 93.15°, entered at 4.30, advanced to 4.766 reals per arroba.

Testing 95°, entered at 4.30, advanced to 5.016 reals per arroba.

Testing 93,30°, entered at 4.24, advanced to 4.786 reals per arroba.

Testing 93.06°, entered at 4.18, advanced to 4.726 reals per arroba.

Testing 88.10°, entered at 4.18, advanced to 4.084 reals per arroba.

Testing 93.30°, entered at 3.91, advanced to 4.786 reals per arroba.

Cost of bags, insurance, and storage added to entered value. Advanced prices in packed condition.

2140 O. P..
2141 O. P..
2142 O. P..
Galveston..
Cotton embroidery, handkerchiefs, etc., from Mir Balur ali, et al., Calcutta, March 1, 19, and 25, 1895:

Entered prices advanced from 80 to 115 per cent. Add cases and packing.

2507 O. P..
Boston.....
Silk handkerchiefs and embroidery, from Sun Kwong Hop, Hongkong, July 29, 1895:

Silk handkerchiefs, etc., advanced 10 per cent.

2433 O. P.....
2432 O. P.....
Philadelphia..
Manufactures of metal, from Schnepper & Schrader, Ludenscheid, July 5 and 18, 1895:

Buckles, No. 415, 10 and 12, blue and oxidized; No. 515½, 10 and 12, blue, entered at .66, advanced to .68 mark per cts.

Buckles, No. 680, 12, 10, blank; No. 352/3, 10, 12, blank; No. 354, 12, black; No. 355, 10, black; No. 44, 10 and 12, black; and No. 20, 10 and 12, blank, entered at .35 mark per cts. No advance.

Buckles, No. 400, 12, black, and 191, 10 and 12, black, entered at .30, advanced to .32 mark per pack of 100.

Buttons, No. 161, 14 and 17m, black, oxidized, and blue; No. 162, 14 and 17, oxidized, black, and blue; No. 11, 14 and 17, blue, bronze, and white; No. 15, 14 and 17, blue, bronze, and oxidized; No. 150, 14 and 17, oxidized; No. 2900, 14 and 17, blue and bronze, oxidized and white; and No. 2400, 14 and 17, blue, bronze, black, oxidized, and white, entered at 4.50, advanced to 4.80 marks per mass.

Prices are for goods in packed condition. Discount, 2 per cent.

2646 O. P..
Chicago....
Manufactures of metal, from Lane & Timaeus, Loebtau-Dresden, September 21, 1895:

1 Victoria V. H. M. needle, 7, 37 cm., entered at 146, advanced to 188.50 marks.

1 Victoria, V. S. M. needle, 7, 21 cm., entered at 70, advanced to 97.50 marks.

2641 O. P..
2642 O. P..
Chicago....
Maple sugar, from ———, Quebec, October 22 and 24, 1895:

Maple sugar, entered at 7½ cents, United States currency, per pound. No advance.

Maple sugar, entered at 7, advanced to 7½ cents, United States currency, per pound.

2648 O. P..
Chicago....
Brushes, from Ch. Loonen, Paris, September 30, 1895:

Advanced by disallowance of deduction of 5 per cent commission added to invoice, but deducted on entry.

2643 O. P.. Chicago.... } *Wool yarn*, from Adolph Maas & Co., Berlin, October, 17, 1895:

Mohair, 318 M, 50, called ice wool, white, entered at 5, advanced to 6.43 marks per kilo.

Mohair, 490, ice wool, black, entered at 4.30, advanced to 5.50 marks per kilo.

Mohair, 318 M, called ice wool, common colors, entered at 5.30; advanced to 6.81 marks per kilo.

Mohair, 318 M, 50, called ice wool, imperial, entered at 5.60, advanced to 7 marks per kilo.

Add putting up and boxes and cases.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

2303, 9056..*Macaroni*, from Flli. Garofalo, Gragnano, July 16, 1895:

Extra, entered at 3.50, advanced to 4 lire per box.

Prima, entered at 3, advanced to 4 lire per box.

2511–9197..*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from F. V. Drake & Co., Magdeburg, June 25, 1895:

Testing 88.812, entered at 9s., less 1¼ per cent, advanced to 9s. 8d., sterling, per cwt., packed. Add cost of bags to entered value.

2509–9708..*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Ouckschwerd & Beichel, Magdeburg, May 12, 1895:

Testing 77.10, entered at 7.209925 marks per cwt., advanced to 8s. 3½d., sterling, per cwt., packed. Add bags to entered value.

2561, 9887, 2562, 9940.. } *Manufactures of flax*, from York Street Flax Spinning Co., Ltd., Belfast, October 9 and 16, 1895:

9 P. L. 35½/6 white linen, entered at 7d., advanced to 7¼d., sterling, per yard.

10 P. L. P., 4/4 white linen, entered at 8d., advanced to 8¼d., sterling, per yard.

11 P. L., 4/4 white linen, entered at 9d., advanced to 9¼d., sterling, per yard.

11 P., 4/4 white linen, entered at 9¼d., advanced to 10d., sterling, per yard.

12 P., 4/4 white linen, entered at 10d., advanced to 11d., sterling, per yard.

13 P., 4/4 white linen, entered at 11d., advanced to 12d., sterling, per yard.

14 P., 4/4 white linen, entered at 12¼d., advanced to 12¾d., sterling, per yard.

Discount, 2½ per cent. Add cases, etc.

607 O. P... 2514..... } *Canned vegetables*, from Julius Roever, Braunschweig, September 18, 1895:

1/1 asparagus, 1*a* extra, entered at 1.75 less 10 per cent and 2 per cent discount, advanced to 1.80 marks per dozen, less 2 per cent.

1/1 asparagus, 1*a* extra, entered at 1.30 less 10 per cent and 2 per cent, advanced to 1.40 marks per dozen, less 2 per cent.

1/2 asparagus, 1*a* extra, entered at .85 less 10 per cent and 2 per cent, advanced to .90 mark per dozen, less 2 per cent.

604 O. P... 2435..... } *Dyed moss*, from ———:

Dyed moss, entered at 95, advanced to 135 francs per 1,000 bundles. Discount, 2 per cent. Add packing charges.

606 O. P.... 2266..... } *Hat pins*, from Schindler & Co., Gablontz, June 28, 1895:

279/4, pins, 5-inch, entered at 2 florins per great gross. Add packing, less 7½ per cen and 2 per cent; add cases. Advanced to 3 florins per great gross, including packing, less 2 per cent. Add cases.

9287/4, pins, 5-inch, entered at 3 florins per great gross. Add packing, less 7½ per cent and 2 per cent; add cases. Advanced to 4 florins per great gross, including packing, less 2 per cent. Add cases.

1896.
Department Circular No. 10.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., January 11, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending December 21, 1895.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

REPORT ON REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING DECEMBER 21, 1895.

N. B.—***In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.***

No. of Reappraisement.

9797.....*Soap,* ———, Birmingham, September 28, 1895:
Soft soap, entered at 9s. 6d. per dozen. No advance.
Soft soap, entered at 6s. per dozen pints. No advance.
Add cases.

10047.....*Cotton and flax tape,* ———, J. North Hardy & Son, Manchester, November 2, 1895:
Grey linen tape, 1,000 yards per reel, No. 1605, entered at 4s. 8d. per reel, advanced to 4s. 11d. per reel.
Pink cotton tape, 1,000 yards per reel, No. 60, entered at 4s. 6d., advanced to 4s. 10d. per reel.
Discount 3 per cent.

10272.....*Precious stones (uncut),* from L. Strasburger & Co., Paris, November 21, 1895:
9267, 31 □ rough, 61 carats, entered at 29.66, advanced to 40 francs per carat. Discount 5 per cent. Add packing.

9996.....*Cotton lace curtains, tamboured cotton shams, and tidies,* from M. Ph. Emden, St. Gall, October 22, 1895:
2869, 14/4, 4 yards, Spachtel weiss, entered at 36.60, advanced to 40 francs per pair.
2612, 12/4, 3½ yards, Spachtel weiss, entered at 15.65 francs per pair. No advance.
Bed sets, Spachtel weiss, entered at 36, advanced to 38 francs per pair.

9996.....*Cotton lace curtains, tamboured cotton shams, and tidies*, etc.—Continued.

Bed sets, Spachtel weiss and écru, 2057 and 2894, entered at 14.70, and 21.55 francs per pair. No advance.

Add cases and boxes to invoice value.

10045.....*Cotton lace curtains*, from Goodall & White, Glasgow, October 31, 1895:

6¾ yards, E. T., No. 674, entered at 4s. 3½d., advanced to 4s. 6½d. per pair.

7¾ yards, W. T. and E. T., entered at 4s. 9d., advanced to 5s. per pair.

Discount, 3¾ per cent. Add case and packing.

10116.....*Cotton lace curtains and cotton nettings, etc.*, from E. Kirke, Nottingham, November 2, 1895:

2528/9, E. T., 3½ yards, entered at 5s. 11d., advanced to 6s. per pair.

2529, W. T., 4 yards, E. T., 3½ yards, entered at 6s. 11d., advanced to 7s. per pair.

2514, E. T., 4 yards, entered at 3s. 9½d., advanced to 3s. 10½d. per pair.

2514, E. T., 3½ yards, entered at 3s. 2d., advanced to 3s. 3d. per pair.

2516, E. T., 3½ yards, entered at 3s. 1d., advanced to 3s. 3d. per pair.

Discount on entered values, 3¾ per cent. On advanced values, 2½ per cent.

1512, E. 51½-inch, fancy net, entered at 4¾d., advanced to 5¼d. per yard. Discount, 3¾ per cent.

Add cases, less inland carriage.

10054, etc..*Chestnuts*, from Peri & Co., Nicola Cuneo, Valentino Savarese, and Salvatore Gison, Genoa, October 30, Sorrento, November 2, and Naples, October 28, 1895:

Entered at from 10 to 18 lire and advanced from 11.69 to 19.80 lire per 100 kilos. Add packages.

10073.....*Sponges*, from ———, Havana, November 9, 1895:

Velvet, large and med. forms, 54½, 25½, entered at 80 cents per pound. No advance.

Sheep's wool, large and med. cut, white and red, entered at $1.05. No advance.

10275.....*Sponges*, from R. N. Musgrove, Nassau, November 26, 1895:

Med. wool, entered at $1.40. No advance. Add packing and charges.

10139, 10140, 10142 ..... } *Sugar*, from Willenstein, Krauss & Co., Pekalengan, August 31, Tegal, September 3, and Sourabaya, August 22, 1895:

Testing 96.81, entered at 7 florins per picul. No advance.

10153, etc..*Grapes*, from S. C. Houghton & Co., etc., Almeria, October 7, 18, 13, November 2, 6, 13, 1895:

Barrels of grapes containing 23 and 25 kilos per barrel, entered at from 12 pesetas, packed, to 13.30, advanced to 14.50 and 13.50 pesetas, packed, per barrel.

10171.....*Anchovies*, from ———, Messina, September 24, 1895:

Entered at 50 lire per 100 kilos, advanced to 100 lire per 100 kilos.

10159.....*Anchovies*, from ———, Bingen, October 24, 1895:

Entered at 8 crowns. No advance.

10334, etc...*Fish n. o. p. f.*, from Ronneberg's Preserving Co., Stavanger, November 1, 1895:

Smoked sprats in oil, entered at .20½ crowns per case of 100 ½ tins. No advance.

Smoked sprats in oil, entered at .32 crowns per case of 100 ½ tins. No advance.

10264.....*Manufactures of goat hair and cotton*, from Jos. Brooke & Co., Huddersfield, November 11, 1895:

54-inch black knit fabrics, quality 444, entered at 2s. 5d. per yard. No advance.

54-inch fancy suitings, 09668, quality 11943, entered at 1s. 9d. per yard. No advance.

54-inch fancy suitings, 09630, entered at 1s. 11d. per yard. No advance.

54-inch fancy suitings, 09637, entered at 2s. per yard. No advance.

Less measure]1 yard per piece. Less 5 per cent discount. Add making up, cases, etc.

10310.....*Cotton hose*, from Winzer & Wecker, Chemnitz, October 26, 1895:

Men's Hermsdorf black cotton half hose, 108, 9½/11, entered at 2.80, advanced to 2.90 marks per dozen.

Men's Hermsdorf black cotton half hose, 105, 9½/11, entered at 3.80, advanced to 4 marks per dozen.

Men's Hermsdorf black cotton half hose, 114, 9½/11, entered at 4, advanced to 4.20 marks per dozen.

Lad's Hermsdorf black cotton hose, 900, 8/10, entered at 5.25, advanced to 5.60 marks per dozen.

Lad's Hermsdorf black cotton hose, 830, 8/10, entered at 4.55, advanced to 4.80 marks per dozen.

Discount, 5 per cent. Packing included.

10201, etc...*Sugar*, from Fraser, Eaton & Co., Sourabaya, September 7, 1895:

Testing 96.43°, entered at 11s., less freight and nondutiable charges, advanced to 9s. 6d., packed.

10311.....*Manufactures goat hair and cotton*, from Joseph Brooks & Co., Huddersfield, November 14, 1895:

54-inch black serges, 09688, and blue, entered at 9½d. per yard. No advance.

53/4-inch black twill, 09738, blue twill, 09729, black, 09726, blue and mixture, black twill 09738, entered at 10d. per yard. No advance.

54-inch black meltons, 09732, entered at 10½d. per yard. No advance.

54-inch black knit fabrics, quality 444, entered at 2s. 5d. No advance.

Less measurement 1 yard per piece. Less 5 per cent discount.

10363.....*Pickles*, from A. Vanden Bok & Son, Rotterdam, October 23, 1895:

Best cauliflower, entered at 6.50 florins per hogshead. Add cost of hogsheads at 3 florins per hogshead. No advance.

10364.....*Pickles*, from Mich. Bosnak, Amsterdam, November 7, 1895:

Best 1895 cauliflower, entered at 8 florins per hogshead. Add hogsheads at 3 florins per hogshead. No advance.

10350, etc..*Linen collars and cuffs*, from Richard Horstmann, Berlin, November 14, 1895:

Homer collars, entered at 3.70, advanced to 4 marks per dozen.

Hiawasse and Hindoo, entered at 3.35½, advanced to 3.75 marks per dozen.

Huron, entered at 3.58½, advanced to 3.90 marks per dozen.

Hudson, entered at 3.43$\frac{1}{10}$, advanced to 3.85 marks per dozen.

Hampton, entered at 3.73¾, advanced to 4 marks per dozen.

Hindooman and Himyara, entered at 3.50¾, advanced to 3.85 marks per dozen.

Hamorgate, entered at 4.85$\frac{1}{10}$, advanced to 5 marks per dozen.

Holworthy cuffs, entered at 5.90, advanced to 6.40 marks per pair.

Hawthorne cuffs, entered at 5.23½, advanced to 5.75 marks per pair.

Hanover cuffs, entered at 6.70$\frac{9}{10}$, advanced to 7 marks per dozen.

Henlopin cuffs, entered at 5.23½, advanced to 5.80 marks per dozen.

Huguenot collars, entered at 3.30, advanced to 3.75 marks per dozen.

Holbein collars, entered 3.58½, advanced to 4 marks per dozen.

Halcyon, entered at 3.40, advanced to 3.85 marks per dozen.

Hospodar, entered at 3.65, advanced to 3.90 marks per dozen.

Honsdel, entered at 3.70, advanced to 3.95 marks per dozen.

Add cases and packing. Collar boxes at .10 and cuff boxes at .20 mark each.

2122 O. P.. Chicago..... } *Cotton Hose*, from E. Rudolph, Chemnitz, May 27 and October 18, 1895.

1/1 ladies' Albert staml. black cotton hose, 8/10, 9930, entered at 4.60 marks per dozen. No advance.

1/2 ladies' Albert staml. black cotton hose, 9940, 8/10, entered at 4.70 marks per dozen. No advance.

Ladies' St. black cotton hose, 9840, 1/1, entered at 4.15 marks per dozen. No advance.

Ladies' St. black cotton hose, 417, 1/2, entered at 4.80 marks per dozen. No advance.

Ladies' St. black cotton hose, 177, 1/1, entered at 4.60 marks per dozen. No advance.

Less 4 per cent discount. Boxes and packing included.

2240 O. P., etc.. Chicago..... } *Cotton hose*, from Carson, Perie, Scott & Co., Chemnitz, June 11, 1895:

Ladies' H. black fleeced cotton hose, 7902, entered at 5 marks per dozen. No advance.

Men's balbriggan cotton half hose, 5522, entered at 3.35 marks per dozen. No advance.

Men's balbriggan half cotton hose, 9½/11, 6849, entered at 2.60 marks per dozen. No advance.

Men's H. black cotton half hose, 9½/11, entered at 3.60 marks per dozen. No advance.

7220, ladies' H. black cotton hose, 8/10, entered at 5.80 marks per dozen. No advance.

7206, ladies' H. black cotton hose, 8/10, entered at 4.90 marks per dozen. No advance.

Boxes and packing included. Discount, 4 per cent.

2483 O. P... Etc.,..... Boston ..... } *Worsted yarn*, from Samuel Jackson, Cleckheaton, September 17, etc., 1895:

Yarn, 2/40, super, entered at 2s. ½d., advanced to 2s. 2¾d. per pound.

Yarn, 2/48s, super, entered at 2s. 1d., advanced to 2s. 3½d. per pound.

Yarn, 2/48, super, entered at 2s. 2d., advanced to 2s. 4½d. per pound.

Packing included.

2485 O. P... Etc.,..... Boston ..... } *Worsted yarn*, from Hollingrake & Clegg, Halifax, September 12, 1895:

2/48 D. tubes, 429, 227, 9880, and 225, entered at 2s. 10½d., advanced to 3s. 1¾d. per pound.

2/48 D. 1368 marl, entered at 3s. 1½d., advanced to 3s. 5¼d. per pound.

2/28 D. tubes, 4095, and 4093, entered at 2s. 9d., advanced to 3s. ¼d. per pound.

2/36 D. tubes, 4093, entered at 2s. 9½d., advanced to 3s. ¾d. per pound.

2/40 D. 227 tubes, entered at 2s. 9½d., advanced to 3s. ¾d. per pound.

2/48 D. 0722 C. T. tubes, entered at 3s. ½d., advanced to 3s. 4d. per pound.

2/38 H. white, tubes, entered at 1s. 11d., advanced to 2s. 1¼d. per pound.

Add cases.

2555 O. P .... Boston. ..... } *Worsted yarn*, from Hollingrake & Clegg, Halifax, October 10, 1895:

2/40 C. white, entered at 2s. 1d., advanced to 2s. 4½d. per pound.

2/48 D. 1739 marl and 1374, entered at 3s. 1½d., advanced to 3s. 5d. per pound.

2/48 D. 225 and 4095, entered at 2s. 10½d., advanced to 3s. 2d. per pound.

2/28 D. 4113, entered at 2s. 9d., advanced to 3s. ½d. per pound.

2/36 D. 9838, entered at 2s. 9½d., advanced to 3s. 1d. per pound.

2s/48 D. 0715, C. T., entered at 3s. ½d., advanced to 3s. 4d. per pound.

Add cases.

2557 O. P ..*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from McAdam, Hogarth & Co., Greenock, October 17, 1895:

Entered at £9 5s., advanced to £9 16s. per ton.

2557 O. P..*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, etc.—Continued.

Entered at £10, advanced to £10 11s. per ton.

Entered at £10 10s., advanced to £11 1s. per ton.

Add cost of filling to entered price. Advanced value, packed condition.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

2580, 9882..*Wool dress goods*, from Alfred Munch, Gera, October 11, 1895:

92/94 cm., all wool henrietta, quality 60, entered at .92, advanced to 1.07 marks per meter

112/114, all wool henrietta, quality 56, entered at 1.06, advanced to 1.12 marks per meter.

Discount, 8 per cent. Add making up and cases.

2582, 9906..*Wool dress goods*, from Gebr. Pfeifer, Weida, October 12, 1895:

114/115 cm., genre, 2750, black, entered at 1.45, advanced to 1.65 marks per meter. Add packing and case.

2611, 10115..*Wool dress goods*, from ———, Gera, November 1, 1895:

95 cm., henrietta, 5011, entered at .84, advanced to .96 mark per meter.

114 cm., henrietta, 5016, entered at 1.36, advanced to 1.51 marks per meter.

114 cm., henrietta, 5013, entered at 1.12, advanced to 1.31 marks per meter.

114 cm., henrietta, 5011, entered at 1, advanced to 1.14 marks per meter.

118 cm., henrietta, 5014, entered at 1.26, advanced to 1.40 marks per meter.

Add packing and cases.

2563, 9637, 2564, 9642, 2577, 9830..*Manufactures of wool and cotton, mohair velvet, etc.*, from Lester & Co., Ltd., Bradford, August 29, September 10 and 19, 1895:

Mohair velvet, 01991, entered at 2s. 6d., advanced to 3s. 3d., sterling, per yard.

Mohair velvet, 01199, entered at 2s. 1d., advanced to 3s. 1d., sterling, per yard.

Mohair velvet, 01991, entered at 2s. 3d., advanced to 3s. 2d., sterling, per yard.

Crimson mohair velvet, 0425, entered at 3s. 4½d., advanced to 4s. 4½d., sterling, per yard.

Discounts, 2¼ per cent and ½ per cent. Add frames.

2553, 9839, 2554, 9840..*Enameled ironware*, from Eisenhuttenwerk Thale, Thale, September 12, 1895:

Reflectors, entered at .57, advanced to .63 mark each.

Lighting articles, entered at .19, advanced to .25 mark each.

Discount, 2 per cent.

2603, 10020..*Linen collars*, from Richard Horstmann, Berlin, October 25, 1895:

"Halton," entered at 3.66$\frac{1}{10}$, advanced to 4 marks per dozen.

"Holbein," entered at 3.58½, advanced to 3.90 marks per dozen.

Add case and packing.

2604, 10000..*Manufactures of goat hair and cotton*, from Godfrey Sykes & Sons, Huddersfield, October 23, 1895:

Black astrakan, 76, entered at 3s., advanced to 3s. 8d., sterling, per yard. Less 1 yard over measurement. Less $\frac{1}{37}$. Discount, 4 per cent. Add cases.

2613, 10200..*Vegetables, n. o. p. f, etc.*, from F. Vitelli & Co., Castellamare, October 27, 1895:

Macaroni, boxes of 10¾ kilos each, entered at 4.047, advanced to 4.10 lire per box, packed.

Garlic, entered at 11, advanced to 12 lire per box.

Add packing.

2556, 9857..*Cotton hose, etc.*, from Uhel & V. Wagner, Chemnitz, September 20, 1895:

Ladies' black cotton hose, 8½/10, 5451, entered at 3.40, advanced to 4.50 marks per dozen, packed.

2556, 9857..*Cotton hose*, etc.—Continued.

Ladies' black cotton hose, 8/10, 5453, entered at 3.40, advanced to 4.40 marks per dozen, packed.

To entered prices add cost of bags and packing.

506 O. P..
2226.....
Boston....
Worsted yarn, from Crentznach & Scheller, Dresden, July 21, 1895:

Woolen yarn, 2/40*s*, A. A. warp, entered at 3.95, plus packing, advanced to4.30 marks per kilo, packed. Discount, 2 per cent.

592 O. P..
2348.....
593 O. P..
2350.....
Boston ...
Worsted yarn, from Samuel Jackson, Cleckheaton, August 21, 1895, and August 29, 1895:

Yarn, 2/40*s*, super, entered at 2s. ½d., advanced to 2s. 2¾d., sterling, per pound, packed.
Yarn, 2/48, super, entered at 2s. 1d., advanced to 2s. 4½d., sterling, per pound.
Packing included.

590 O. P..
2354.....
Boston ...
Worsted yarn, etc., from Columbian, etc., Halifax, August, 1895:

2/48 D. shade, 721 and 431, entered at 2s. 10½d., advanced to 3s. 1¾d., sterling, per pound.
2/40 D. shade, 226, 225, entered at 2s. 9½d., advanced to 3s. ¾d, sterling, per pound.
2/48 D. shade, 1372, entered at 3s. 1½d., advanced to 3s. 5½d., sterling, per pound.
Bundle yarn, 2/40 C. white, entered at 2s. 1d., advanced to 2s. 3½d., sterling, per pound.
Add bags.

651 O. P..
2585.....
Chicago..
Wool shawls, from M. H. Menstadtt & Co., Prague, October 9, 1895:

Shawls, No. 797, white and black, entered at 6.35, advanced to 7.60 florins per dozen.
Shawls, No. 783, white and black, entered at 10.90, advanced to 13.10 florins per dozen.
Shawls, No. 778, white and black, entered at 9.50, advanced to 11.40 florins per dozen.
Add packing to advanced prices, entered prices include packing.

650 O. P..
2584.....
Chicago..
Wool shawls, from Chu Zimmermann & Son, Apolda, October 11, 1895:

Squares, No. 1119, 70 cm., entered at 10.40, advanced to 12.55 marks per dozen.
Squares, No. 1378, 90 cm., entered at 14.50, advanced to 17.50 marks per dozen.
Squares, Izalas, 90 cm., entered at 18.60, advanced to 22.40 marks per dozen.
Orinico, 120 cm., entered at 29.20, advanced to 32.12 marks per dozen.
Add case and packing. Discount, 2 per cent. Less freight and nondutiable charges.

645 O. P.....
2460.....
Philadelphia..
Sugar, from R. Crooks & Co., Liverpool, September 11, 1895:

Fourths, entered at £10 17s. 5d., advanced to £10 18s. 4d., sterling, per ton, less 2½ per cent discount.

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1896.
Department Circular No. 11.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., January 14, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending December 28, 1895.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

REPORT ON REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING DECEMBER 28, 1895.

N. B.—*In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.*

No. of reappraisement.

10166, 10312..*Matches*, from Henrik Lowenadler, Gothenburg, October 17, 1895:
Lancer parlor match, size 65, entered at 40.12, advanced to 44 crowns per case of 50 gross.

10062, 10065, 10066..... *Cotton yarn*, from McConnell & Co., Manchester, October 11, 25, November 1, 1895, etc.:
No. 80/2, entered at 1s. 6¾d., advanced to 1s. 7½d., sterling, per pound.
100 A, entered at 1s. 7½d., sterling, per pound. No advance.
140 A, entered at 2s. 4d., sterling, per pound. No advance.
80/2 P. N., entered at 1s. 7d., advanced to 1s. 9½d., sterling, per pound.
100/2, entered at 2s. 3d., advanced to 2s. 10d., sterling, per pound.
Add case and packing. Discount, 2½ per cent.

10354.....*Cotton wearing apparel, etc.*, from Herrmann & Cronheim, Plauen, November 9, 1895:
Entered discounts, 33⅓ per cent and 2 per cent; advanced discount, 2 per cent.

10362.....*Wool knit wearing apparel*, from Mills & Gibb, Nottingham, November 23, 1895:
Infants' black cashmere hose, sizes Nos. 4½, 5, 5½, 6, 6½, style No. 602 B, entered at 4s. 10d., sterling, per dozen. No advance. Discount, 3½ per cent. Add cases and cartons.

9952.....*Cotton laces and colored embroidery*, from Pratt, Hurst & Co., Nottingham, October 12 and 19, 1895:
Entered at a discount of 20 per cent, advanced to a discount of 15 per cent.
Écru and ivory fish net, entered at 3½d., advanced to 3½d., sterling, per yard.
Curtains entered at 8s. 6d., sterling, per yard. No advance.
Entered discounts, 2½ per cent and 2½ per cent, advanced discount, 2½ per cent.
Add cases and lining.

10263.....*Cotton lace*, from Hunt, Moody & Co., Nottingham, November 7, 1895:

White bretonne, entered at 2s. 6d., advanced to 2s. 9d., sterling, per gross.

Drab bretonne, entered at 2s. 9d., advanced to 3s., sterling, per gross.

White and natural embroidery, 8096, entered at 3s. 1½d., advanced to 3s. 10½d., sterling, per gross.

Drab embroidery, No. 8096, entered at 3s. 4½d., advanced to 4s. 2d., sterling, per gross.

Drab crochet, 8334, entered at 2s. 4½d., advanced to 2s. 5d., sterling, per gross.

Drab crochet, 8254, entered at 2s. 7½d., advanced to 3s. 3d., sterling, per gross.

White crochet, 8255, entered at 2s. 4½d., advanced to 3s. 10d., sterling, per gross.

Drab crochet, 8255, entered at 2s. 7½d., advanced to 4s. 1d., sterling, per gross.

White crochet, 8260, entered at 2s. 4½d., advanced to 3s. 9d., sterling, per gross.

Drab crochet, 8260, entered at 2s. 7½d., advanced to 4s., sterling, per gross.

Discounts, 20 per cent and 2½ per cent and 1¼ per cent.

Add case and packing.

10376.....*Manufactures of wool and cotton*, from Chas. Semon & Co., Bradford, November 20, 1895:

54″ black beaver, 103/19, No. 1325, etc., entered at 1s. 6½d, advanced to 1s. 6.96d., sterling, per yard.

54″ blue and brown beaver, 103/2 and 103/3, No. 1305 and 1301, entered at 1s. 7½d., advanced to 1s. 7.99d., sterling, per yard.

Less $\frac{1}{37}$. Add case and packing. Discount, 5 per cent.

10405, 10415..*Wool linings and wool dress goods*, from J. Cawthra & Co., Ltd., Bradford, November 12 and 22, 1895:

32″ black Italians, style No. 617, entered at 7⅜d., advanced to 8⅛d., sterling, per yard.

32″ black Italians, style No. 650, entered at 10⅜d., advanced to 11⅞d., sterling, per yard.

32″ black cashmere, style No. 793, entered at 6¼d., advanced to 6⅞d., sterling, per yard.

32″ black cashmere, style No. 791, entered at 5d., advanced to 5½d., sterling, per yard.

54″ perm fin Italians, style No. 4391, entered at 1s. 5¾d., advanced to 1s. 7½d., sterling, per yard.

54″ Perm fin Italians, style No. 4392, entered at 1s. 6¾d., advanced to 1s. 8½d, sterling, per yard.

54″ Perm fin Italians, style No. 824, entered at 1s. 7¾d., advanced to 1s. 9⅝d, sterling, per yard.

Balance similar goods, similar advances. Less 1 yard per piece. Discount, 3½ per cent.

10366.....*Wool dress goods*, from Julius Dittrich, Wuram, November 22, 1895:

Poplin a soie, entered at 1.06, advanced to 1.16 marks per meter. Discount, 5 per cent.

10329.....*Wool dress goods*, from Fred'k. Arnold, Griez, November 8, 1895:

No. 446, 111/113 cm., all-wool henrietta, 190, entered at 1.27, advanced to 1.34 marks per meter.

Nos. 335 and 340, 111/113 cm., all-wool henrietta, Z, mk. 650, entered at 1.11, advanced to 1.21 marks per meter.

Nos. 275, 276, 325, and 329, 93/94 cm., all-wool henrietta, M, mk. 640, entered at .81, advanced to .86 mark per meter.

No. 278, 111/113 cm., all-wool henrietta, Z, mk. 0, entered at 1.11, advanced to 1.21 marks per meter.

No. 388, 93/94 cm., all-wool henrietta, L, mk. 20, entered at .70, advanced to .77 mark per meter.

Discount, 8 per cent. Add packing charges.

9902 .....*Manufactures of metal (clocks, etc.)*, from Durand-Ruel & Co., Paris, October 9, 1895:

B. 56, bronze, Thesee et le centaire, entered at 200, advanced to 220 francs per total.

B. 57, pendule marbre, entered at 200, advanced to 220 francs per total.

B. 59, masque, entered at 20, advanced to 22 francs per total.

B. 63, cache pat, entered at 100, advanced to 110 francs per total.

B. 64, vase, entered at 75, advanced to 82.50 francs per total.

B. 65, platem, entered at 70, advanced to 77 francs per total.

B. 66, vase, entered at 40, advanced to 44 francs per total.

Add packing.

10384.....*Prepared meat, etc.*, from Sun Kwong Hop, Hongkong, October 15, 1895:

Dried duck feet, entered at 6 Mexican dollars per case. No advance.

10265.....*Pocketknives*, from Alfred Williams, Sheffield, November 11, 1895:

Knives, No. 601, entered at 24s., advanced to 27s., sterling, per gross. Add packing.

9868, 9869, 10125, etc.. } *Polished cylinder glass, beveled, etc.*, from Schrenk & Co., Fuerth, September 30, October 3, 10, 14, and 21, 1895:

No. 6697, 36x18, beveled, unsilvered, entered at 5.19, advanced to 5.25 marks per piece.

No. 6695, No. 6696, 40x18, entered at 6.03, advanced to 6.15 marks per piece.

No. 6699, No. 6700, No. 6701, No. 6702, 28x22, entered at 4.98, advanced to 5.10 marks per piece.

No. 6698, 30x24, entered at 6.11, advanced to 6.24 marks per piece.

No. 6733, No. 6734, 24x20, entered at 3.67, advanced to 3.80 marks per piece.

No. 6718, 34x28, entered at 9.81, advanced to 10.03 marks per piece.

30x17, entered at 3.81, advanced to 3.92 marks per piece.

10337.....*Manufactures of leather*, from Walter Hunt, Liverpool, November 18, 1895:

36″ imitation calf laces, entered at 7s. Discount, 10 per cent. No advance. Add cases.

10347.....*Grapes*, from ———, Almeria, November 5, 1895:

Grapes, entered at 12.30 pesetas, advanced to 13.50 pesetas per barrel.

10445.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from ———, Cardenas, December 2, 1895:

Testing 94.15°, centrifugal, entered at 2⅜, United States gold, per pound, less freight. No advance.

10451.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from ———, Matanzas, November 30, 1895:

Testing 92.50°, centrifugal, entered at 2¼, less freight, advanced to .0210, United States gold, per pound, packed.

10452.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from ———, Havana, December 5, 1895:

Testing 93.48°, entered at 2½, less freight, advanced to .0216, United States gold, per pound, packed.

10398.....*Prepared chalk*, from Franz Kuhnel, Nurnberg, November 7, 1895:

Green and blue billiard chalk, entered at 2.82, advanced to 3 marks per gross. Add packing.

10413.....*Lava tips*, from J. Von Schwarz, Nuremberg, November 14, 1895:

E. H. lava tips, E. H. lava tips Boston, 1° sign tips, etc., entered at 1.10, advanced to 1.20 marks per gross. Discount, 5 per cent from entered value. Deduct inland freight to Hamburg.

9910.....*Yellow prussiate potash*, from W. Candery, London, October 4, 1895:

Entered at 6⅛d., plus casks, advanced to 7¼d., sterling, per pound, packed.

10342.....*Zinc dust*, from Beer, Sondheimer & Co., Frankfort, October 21, 1895:

Entered at 21.75, plus casks, advanced to 24.20 marks per 100 kilos, packed.

9827.....*Cod liver oil*, from ———, Aalesund, September 10, 1895:
Entered at 116.50, advanced to 121.40 crowns per barrel. Add casks and coopering.

10357.....*Prepared mushrooms*, from J. Dumagnou, Paris, November 15, 1895:
Champignons, 1st choice extra, entered at 74.40, advanced to 81.25 francs per case. Add cases.

10365.....*Vegetables, n. o. p. f.*, from Luciano Grosso, Gragnano, November 9, 1895:
Garlic, entered 12 lire per 100 kilos. No advance. Add baskets.

10447.....*Anchovies, n. o. p. f.*, from Chr. Bjelland & Co., Stavanger, November 16, 1895:
Entered at 7.50, advanced to 8 crowns per half barrel.

10416.....*Paint, etc.*, from Suter, Hartmann & Rahtjens Co., London, November 21, 1895:
No. 1, N. N., entered at 22s. 9d., advanced to 24s. 6.84d., sterling, per cwt.
III, N. N., entered at 68s. 6d., advanced to 73s. 11.76d., sterling, per cwt.

10417.....*Essential oil*, from B. Sielfried, Zofingue, October 30, 1895:
Oil nunguet, entered at 16.50 francs per kilo. No advance. Add packing.

10120.....*Prepared peas*, from George Caffe, Paris, August 18, 1895:
Entered at .32, .36, .43, and .55 franc per ½ tin, less 5 per cent discount. Add shipping. No advance.

2591 O. P.....
2592 O. P.....
Philadelphia..
Soap, from Lever Bros., Ltd., Liverpool, October 22, 1895:
Sunlight laundry soap, in tin foil, entered at 13s., advanced to 15s., sterling, per case.

2672 O. P.....
2673 O. P.....
Philadelphia..
Chemical compound, from Oesterreichischer Verein, Aussig, October 22, 1895:
Hyposulphate of soda, entered at 4.40, plus packing, advanced to 6.18 florins per 100 kilos, packed.

2667 O. P.....
2675 O. P.....
Philadelphia..
Chemical compound, from Verein Chemischer Fabriken, Mannheim, October 24, and November 5, 1895:
Hypo of sodium, entered at 8.60 and 9.10, add packing, advanced to 10.60 marks per 100 kilos.

2677 O. P.....
Philadelphia..
Sulphate of ammonia, from West & Penrose, London, November 5, 1895:
Entered at £8 5s. 6d., add bags, advanced to £9 1s. 9d., sterling, per ton, packed.

2611 O. P....
Boston.....
Chemical compound, from Thos. Vickers & Sons, Manchester, October 20, 1895:
Dunging salt, entered at 12s., sterling, per cwt. No advance. Add casks and packing.

2693 O. P.....
San Francisco....
Jute rugs, from H. Nagasata, Hioga, October 5, 1895:
Jute rugs, 3x6, entered at .90, advanced to 1.20 silver yen per piece.
Jute rugs, 2x4, entered at .40, advanced to .54 silver yen per piece.
Add cases and packing.

10383.....*Manufactures of metal, etc.*, from Sun Kwong Chong, Hongkong, August 31, 1895:
Brassware, entered at 21, advanced to 28 Mexican dollars per box.
Cotton shoes, entered at 23, advanced to 25.20 Mexican dollars per box of 72 pair.

10403.....*Prepared vegetables*, from Sun Kwong Hop, Hongkong, August 31, 1895:
Salted bamboo shoots, entered at 2.50, advanced to 2.58 Mexican dollars per box.

10457.....*Cotton lace curtains*, from John Keller, Walzenhausen, November 23, 1895:
Job lot, entered at a discount of 15 per cent. No advance.

2661 O. P.... } *Steam thrasher and separator*, from Samuel Eagle, Ontario, Canada.
Marquette.. }
Separator, not new, entered at 150 dollars, United States currency. No advance.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

2320, 8931..*Decorated china*, from Japan Import and Export Commission Company, Kobe, March 11, 1895:
Umbrella stands, No. 6033, entered at .65, advanced to .80 silver yen.
Bishin butter plates, No. 11526, entered at 3.80, advanced to 4 silver yen per 1,000.
Bishin tea pots, No. 11527, entered at 2.30 and 2.35, advanced to 2.50 silver yen per 100.
Bishin seji vases, 5″ 11582, entered at 3.60 silver yen, per 100. No advance.
Add cases and packing.

2605, 10004..*Macaroni*, from Giov. Aeauford, Castellamare, October 14, 1895:
Macaroni, entered at 28 plus packing and cases. Advanced to 37.40 lire per 100 kilos packed.

2516, 9809..*Wool dress goods*, from F. Zschoch & Co., Meuselwitz, October 2, 1895:
113 cm. henrietta, quality 5011, entered at .98, advanced to 1.06 marks per meter. Add case, packing, etc.

2585, 9812..*Manufactures of silk and cotton*, from Edm. Corty, Crefeld, October 4, 1895:
Black and seal-brown satin, 36 in., entered at from 1.50 to 2.35 marks per meter, discounts, 20 per cent and 2 per cent, advanced by disallowance of 20 per cent and 2 per cent discounts.

2601, 9956..*Wool dress goods*, from Hopf & Merkel, Milan, October 16, 1895.
96 cm., henrietta, No. 19*s*, entered at 1.09, advanced to 1.16 marks per meter.
96 cm., henrietta, No. 22, entered at 1.24, advanced to 1.34 marks per meter.
96 cm., henrietta, No. 20, entered at 1.14, advanced to 1.22 marks per meter.
96 cm. henrietta, No. 21, entered at 1.19, advanced to 1.28 marks per meter.
96 cm. henrietta, No. 23, entered at 1.29, advanced to 1.40 marks per meter.
Add cases to advanced value. Discount, 8 per cent.

2602, 9994..*Wool dress goods*, from ———, Zurich, October 21, 1895:
96 cm. cashmere H., 110, black, entered at .89 franc per meter. No advance.
96 cm. cashmere H., 120, black, entered at .98 franc per meter. No. advance.
96 cm. cashmere H., 160, black, entered at 1.21 francs per meter. No advance.
96 cm. cashmere H., 170, black, entered at 1.29 francs per meter. No advance.
96 cm. cashmere H., 130, entered at 1.03, advanced to 1.06 francs per meter.
96 cm. cashmere H., 140, entered at 1.07, advanced to 1.10 francs per meter.
96 cm. cashmere H., 150, black, entered at 1.13, advanced to 1.16 francs per meter.
Entered discount, 8 per cent; advanced discount, 5 per cent.

2599, 9917..*Mohair and wool dress goods*, etc., from A. & S. Hardy & Co., Ltd., Bradford, October 18, 1895:
27″ all-wool mohair, black A., entered at 20s., advanced to 22s., sterling, per piece. Discount, 1½ per cent.
21″ all-wool mohair, black B., entered at 18s., advanced to 19s. 8d., sterling, per piece. Discount, 1½ per cent.
56″ black twill worsted, entered at 1s. 11d., advanced to 2s. $\frac{15}{100}$d., sterling, per yard.
56″ black fch. blk. twill, entered at 2s. 9½d., advanced to 2s. $11\frac{17}{100}$d., sterling, per yard.
56″ black fch. blk. twill, entered at 2s. 6½d., advanced to 2s. 8d., sterling, per yard.
Discount, 5 per cent. Less $\frac{1}{37}$.

599 O. P.....
2185.....
600 O. P.....
2186.....
Philadelphia.

Olives, from Lacave & Co., Seville, May 11 and 14, 1895:

Padron 1sts., 80/90, entered at 67.50, advanced to 80 pesetas per fanega.
Padron 2nds., 100/110, entered at 47.50, advanced to 55 pesetas per fanega.
Reina 1sts., 110/120, entered at 30, advanced to 42.50 pesetas per fanega.
Reina 1sts., 120/130, entered at 30, advanced to 32.50 pesetas per fanega.
Reina 2nds., 130/140, entered at 17.50, advanced to 27.50 pesetas per fanega.
Reina 2nds., 140/150, entered at 17.50, advanced to 24 pesetas per fanega.
Reina 2nds., 150/160, entered at 17.50, advanced to 22 pesetas per fanega.
Reina 2nds., 160/170, entered at 17.50, advanced to 18 pesetas per fanega.
Reina 3rds., 170/180, entered at 12, advanced to 17 pesetas per fanega.
Manzanillas, entered at 14, advanced to 19 pesetas per fanega.

654 O. P.....
2520.....
Philadelphia.

Sugar not above No. 16 D. S., from Larrondo & Co., Sagua la Grande, September 30, 1895:

Testing 84.30° molasses, entered at .0175, less freight, advanced to .01603, United States currency, per Spanish pound, packed.

648 O. P.....
2553.....
Port Huron..

Apples, from Lyman Gifford, Oshawa, Canada:

Apples, entered at 1, advanced to 1.60 dollars per barrel.

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ADDITIONAL CIRCULAR.

SUBSCRIPTION TO FOUR PER CENT BONDS.

1896.
Department Circular No. 12.
Division of Loans and Currency.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., January 15, 1896.

Treasury Circular (No. 3, 1896), dated January 6, 1896, inviting proposals for the purchase of one hundred million dollars ($100,000,000) of United States Four Per Cent Bonds, is hereby so modified that, after the payment of the first installment of twenty per cent with accrued interest, as required in said circular, the remainder of the amounts bid may be paid in installments of ten per cent (10 per cent) each and accrued interest, at the end of each fifteen days thereafter; but all accepted bidders may pay the whole amount of their bids at the time of the first installment, and all accepted bidders who have paid all installments previously maturing may pay the whole amount of their bids at any time not later than the maturity of the last installment.

Accepted bidders who pay the whole amount at the time of the first installment, or at any date thereafter, as above provided, will be entitled to receive, at the date of the payment, the whole amount of bonds awarded to them, and accepted bidders who pay by installments will be entitled to receive at the dates of such payments the amount of bonds paid for.

J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

PALM BEACH, FLORIDA, A SUBPORT OF ENTRY AND DELIVERY.

1896.
Department Circular No. 13.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C. January 15, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following act of Congress approved January 6, 1896, making Palm Beach, Fla., a subport of entry and delivery is published for the information of all concerned.

S. WIKE,
Acting Secretary.

AN ACT to make Palm Beach, Florida, a subport of entry and delivery.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Palm Beach, in the State of Florida, shall be and is hereby made a subport of entry and delivery, and a customs officer, or such officers, shall be stationed at said subport with authority to enter and clear vessels, receive duties, fees and other moneys, and perform such other services and receive such compensation as in the judgment of the Secretary of the Treasury the exigencies of commerce may require.

Approved, January 6, 1896.

REAPPRAISEMENTS OF MERCHANDISE BY UNITED STATES GENERAL APPRAISERS.

1896.
Department Circular No. 14.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.

Washington, D. C., January 16, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending January 14, 1896.

S. WIKE,
Acting Secretary.

REPORT OF REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING JANUARY 4, 1896.

N. B.—*In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.*

No. of reappraisement.

9875.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Boxwell, Williams & Co., Maceio, June 1, 1895:
Tons, 999, 19, 2, 5, entered at £6152 3s, 7d., total, advanced to 6s. 6½d., sterling, per hundredweight, packed.

9823..... ..*Sugar*, from Robert Crooks & Co., Liverpool, October 4, 1895:
Fifths, entered at £9 2s. 5d., sterling, per ton, advanced to 9s. 8d., sterling, per hundredweight. Discount, 2½ per cent.
Fourths, entered at £11 12s. 5d., sterling, per ton, advanced to 12s. 2d., sterling, per hundredweight. Discount, 2½ per cent.

10053.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from G. R. Corey, St. Vincent, September 14, 1895:
Entered at $1.66 per 100 pounds, less N. D. charges, advanced to $0.0165 per pound, packed.

10395, 10394, 10393, etc..... *Sugar*, from Maclain, Watson & Co., Batavia, September 24, 1895:
Testing 96.94°, entered at 11s., less freight, advanced to 9s. 6d., sterling, per hundredweight, packed.

10034.....*Sugar*, from Matthew Bomeister, Amsterdam, October 24, 1895:
Dutch granulated sugar, entered at 14s. 3d., less N. D. charges. Add bags. Advanced to 13s. 11d., sterling, per hundredweight of 112 pounds, packed.

10385.....*Cotton hose*, from ———, Chemnitz, November 8, 1895:
Men's brown cotton half hose, No. 678, entered at 2.30 marks per dozen. No advance.
Men's tan cotton half hose, No. 1161, entered at 2.75 marks per dozen. No advance.

10385.....*Cotton hose, etc.*—Continued.

Lads' H. blk. cotton hose, No. 1269, entered at 4.75 marks per dozen. No advance.

Lads' balbr. cotton hose, No. 160, entered at 4, advanced to 4.10 marks per dozen.

Men's tan cotton half hose, No. 605, entered at 2.40, advanced to 2.50 marks per dozen.

Lads' black cotton hose, No. 4763, entered at 4.90 marks per dozen. No advance.

Lads' black cotton hose, No. 110, entered at 3.50 marks per dozen. No advance.

Lads' black cotton hose, No. 340, entered at 4.90, advanced to 5 marks per dozen.

Men's H. blk. cotton half hose, No. 101, entered at 3.90, advanced to 4.05 marks per dozen.

Men's tan cotton half hose, No. 101, entered at 3.80, advanced to 3.95 marks per dozen.

Discount, 5 per cent. Charges for boxes, etc., included in price.

10389.....*Cotton hose*, from Theo. Dietzel, Chemnitz, November 13, 1895:

Lads' black cotton hose, 215 and 227, entered at 5.90 and 4.80 marks per dozen. No advance. Add making up at .50 pfennig per dozen.

Lads' brown cotton hose, 124, entered at 2.40 marks per dozen. No advance. Add making up at .55 pfennig per dozen.

Discount, 5 per cent.

8272, 10408..*Cotton hose*, from E. Rudolph Chemnitz, May 4 and October 20, 1895:

Men's Hdf. black cotton half hose 9½/11, entered at 3.60, plus boxes and packing, advanced to 4.70 marks per dozen, packed.

Men's Hdf. black cotton half hose, 878 and 894, entered at 2.75 and 3.35 marks per dozen. No advance.

Men's Hdf. tan cotton half hose, 878 and 894, entered at 2.65 and 3.25, advanced to 2.75 and 3.35 marks per dozen.

Add cases and packing at .40 pfennig per dozen.

Misses' St. black ribbed hose, No. 5, entered at 1.10, advanced to 1.25 marks per dozen.

Misses' St. black ribbed hose, No. 5½, entered at 1.35, advanced to 1.48 marks per dozen.

Misses' St. black ribbed hose, No. 6, entered at 1.60, advanced to 1.75 marks per dozen.

Misses' St. black ribbed hose, No. 6½, entered at 1.85, advanced to 2.05 marks per dozen.

Misses' St. black ribbed hose, No. 7, entered at 2.10, advanced to 2.30 marks per dozen.

Misses' St. black ribbed hose, No. 7½, entered at 2.35, advanced to 2.60 marks per dozen.

Misses' St. black ribbed hose, No. 8, entered at 2.60 advanced to 3 marks per dozen.

Misses' St. black ribbed hose, No. 8½, entered at 2.85, advanced to 3.15 marks per dozen.

Misses' St. black cotton hose, No. 5, entered at 1.25, advanced to 1.38 marks per dozen.

Misses' St. black cotton hose, No. 5½, entered at 1.50, advanced to 1.65 marks per dozen.

Misses' St. black cotton hose, No. 6, entered at 1.75, advanced to 1.90 marks per dozen.

Misses' St. black cotton hose, No. 6½, entered at 2, advanced to 2.20 marks per dozen.

Misses' St. black cotton hose, No. 7, entered at 2.25, advanced to 2.45 marks per dozen.

Misses' St. black cotton hose, 7½, entered at 2.50, advanced to 2.70 marks per dozen.

Misses' St. black cotton hose, No. 8, entered at 2.75, advanced to 3 marks per dozen.

Misses' St. black cotton hose, No. 8½, entered at 3, advanced to 3.30 marks per dozen.

Misses' St. black cotton hose, No. 9, entered at 3.25 marks, advanced to 3.60 marks per dozen.

Add cases and packing at .30 pfennig per dozen. Discount, 4 per cent.

10029.....*Silk embroidery, manufactures of silk*, from Sarhan Shehfy, Damascus, October 1, 1895:

Drab aghabani, hakra aghabani, charbe, coufie, etc. Advanced 10 per cent.

10493.....*Manufactures of silk*, from Recordon, Reeve & Co., London, November 5, 1895:

27″ twill, entered at 1s. 6d., sterling, per yard, printing and finishing at 6d. per yard. Add case and packing. Discount, 2½ per cent.

10420.....*Silk articles embroidered, etc.*, from Fraser, Farly & Co., Kanagawa, September 27, 1895:

Advanced by addition of cost of tickets, boxes, paper, etc., deducted on entry, and also by addition for cases.

10480.....*Cotton and wool knit wearing apparel*, from Carl Scherf, Limboch, November 11, 1895:

No. 2509, No. 119, men's white Berlin gloves, 1 B. L., 1/2 J. W., lisle pt., entered at 1.75, advanced to 1.90 marks per dozen.

No. 250 and No. 255, men's black Berlin gloves, 2 B. L., 1 J. W., lisle pt., entered at 2.75, advanced to 3 marks per dozen.

No. 229, men's black Berlin gloves, 1 B. L., 1/2 J. W., lisle pt., entered at 1.80, advanced to 1.95 marks per dozen.

No. 81, men's black cashmere gloves, 2 B. L., 1 J. W., silk pt., entered at 5.10, advanced to 5.60 marks per dozen.

No. 181, lads' black cashmere gloves, 12 J., 1 J. W., kid pt., entered at 4.75, advanced to 5.20 marks per dozen.

No. 113, lads' black cashmere gloves, 13 J., 3/4 J. W., lisle pt., entered at 2.55, advanced to 2.80 marks per dozen.

No. 181, lads' black cashmere gloves, 12 J., 1 J. W., silk pt., entered at 4.65, advanced to 5.10 marks per dozen.

No. 34, lads' black cashmere gloves, 13 J., 1 J. W., silk pt., entered at 4, advanced to 4.35 marks per dozen.

No. 110, lads' black cashmere gloves, 12 J., 1 J. W., silk pt., entered at 3.25, advanced to 3.55 marks per dozen.

No. 100, lads' black cashmere gloves, 12 J., 1 J. W., silk pt., entered at 3.85, advanced to 4.20 marks per dozen.

No. 220, men's white Berlin gloves, 2 B. L., 1 J. W., silk pt., entered at 2.20, advanced to 2.40 marks per dozen.

No. 27, black imitation taffetas 2 B. L., 1 J. W., silk pt., entered at 4.90, advanced to 5.35 marks per dozen.

Discount, 6 per cent.

10455.....*Manufactures of wool and cotton*, from Ferdinand Heilborn & Co., Bradford, December 2, 1895:

Black and blue serge and brown beaver, 709, 54″ and 55″, entered at 1s. 2½d, advanced to 1s. 2.72d., sterling, per yard.

Black and blue serge, 54″, 714, entered at 1s., advanced to 1s. 0.18d., sterling, per yard.

Brown serge, 54″, 714, entered at 1s. 0½d., advanced to 1s. 0.69d., sterling, per yard.

Black and blue beaver, 54″, 703, entered at 1s. 9d., advanced to 1s. 9.32d., sterling, per yard.

Brown beaver, 54″, 703, entered at 1s, 10d., advanced to 1s. 10.33d., sterling, per yard.

Less measurement, $\frac{1}{37}$. Add making up and packing. Discount, 5 per cent.

10496.....*Bleached cotton*, from Tootal Broadhurst Lee & Co., Ltd., Manchester, November 19, 1895:

32/3″, No. 36 white pique, entered at 5¾d., advanced to 6¼d., sterling, per yard.

32″, No. 39 white pique, entered at 7¼ d., advanced to 9d., sterling, per yard.

32/3″, No. 574 white pique, entered at 9½d., advanced to 10¼d., sterling, per yard.

27″, No. 112 white pique, entered at 11d., advanced to 12d., sterling, per yard.

28″, No. 122 white pique, entered at 13d., sterling, per yard. No advance.

10496.....*Bleached cotton, etc.*—Continued.

27/8″, No. 133 white pique, entered at 16d., sterling, per yard. No advance.

33″, No. 532 white pique, entered at 9¾d., advanced to 11d., sterling, per yard. No adance.

34″, No. 543 white pique, entered at 13d., sterling, per yard. No advance.

Add cases. Discount, 3 per cent.

10473.....*Cotton shoe laces*, from Fr. Pet. Ostermann, Barmen, November 12, 1895:

¾-yard, glace shoe laces, entered at 1.07, advanced to 1.30 marks per gross.

10379.....*Bronze powder*, from Becker & Co., Nuremberg, November 11, 1895:

Brocade, No. 2 B, entered at .78, advanced to .84 mark per pound.

Brocade, No. 2 C, entered at .68, advanced to .74 mark per pound.

Add boxes.

10422.....*Manufactures of straw hats*, from T. Ward, London, November 21, 1895:

No. 9, entered at 7s. 6d., advanced to 8s., sterling, per dozen.

No. 10, entered at 8s., advanced to 8s. 6d., sterling, per dozen.

No. 11, entered at 8s. 6d., advanced to 9s., sterling, per dozen.

No. 12, entered at 9s., advanced to 9s. 6d., sterling, per dozen.

No. 13, entered at 9s. 6d., advanced to 10s., sterling, per dozen.

No. 14, entered at 10s., advanced to 10s. 6d., sterling, per dozen.

No. 15, entered at 10s. 6d., advanced to 11s., sterling, per dozen.

Entered discount, 6 per cent; advanced discount, 2½ per cent.

10214, 10215, 10443 .....*Manufactures of flax*, from Wm. Chalmers, Dundee, October 31, November 8 and 15, 1895:

24″, No. 2 flax canvas, entered at 10¾d., advanced to 11½d., sterling, per yard.

24″, No. 3 flax canvas, entered at 10¼d., advanced to 10¾d., sterling, per yard.

24″, No. 4 flax canvas, entered at 9¾d., advanced to 10d., sterling, per yard.

24″, No. 6 flax canvas, entered at 8¾d., sterling, per yard. No advance.

24″, No. 2 flax canvas, entered at 10¾d., advanced to 11d., sterling, per yard.

24″, No. 5 flax canvas, entered at 9¼d., sterling, per yard. No advance.

24″, No. 4 D. D. flax canvas, entered at 9¾d., advanced to 10¼d., sterling, per yard.

Discount, 2½ per cent. Add ropes and packing.

10483.....*Macaroni*, from Giovanni Acaufora de Nicola, Castellamare, November 18, 1895:

Entered at 30 lire per 100 kilos, plus cost of manufacture and cases, advanced to 37.40 lire per 100 kilos, packed.

10484.....*Macaroni*, from Sarata Cambardella, Napoli, November 16, 1895:

Entered at 4, advanced to 4.20 lire per case.

10458.....*Cotton yarn*, from McConnel & Co., Ltd., Manchester, November 29, 1895:

80/2, entered at 1s. 7d., advanced to 1s. 7½d., sterling, per pound.

100*a*, entered at 1s. 7¼d., advanced to 1s. 7½d., sterling, per pound.

Discount, 2½ per cent.

10503.....*Orange boxes*, from ———, Liverpool, December 7, 1895:

Entered at 1s., advanced to 1s. 8d., sterling, per box.

10497.....*Beaded trimmings*, from ———, Paris, December 6, 1895:

Entered at a discount of 25 per cent, advanced to discount of 5 per cent and 2 per cent.

10498, 10460..*Gelatine*, from Deutsche Gelatine Fabriken, Hochlt a Main, November 12, 1895:

Gelatine, white, fine, no labels, entered at 325 marks per 100 kilos. No advance. Cases and packing included.

10414.....*Grapes*, from ———, London, November 21, 1895:

Entered at 10s., sterling, per barrel. No advance. Cases and packing included.

10476.....*Iron plates*, enameled with vitreous glass, from Birmingham Vinegar Brewing Company, Ltd., Birmingham, November 13, 1895:

Enameled show plates, entered at 8s., sterling, per plate. No advance.

Enameled show plates, entered at 4s., advanced to 4s. 3d., sterling, per plate.

10377.....*Prepared peas and mushrooms*, from Amedee Nadal, Bordeaux, November 4, 1895:

Extra fine peas, entered at 56.60, advanced to 61 francs per case of 100 ½ tins.

Extra mushrooms, entered at 70.85, advanced to 75 francs per case of 100 ½ tins.

First choice, entered at 61.35, advanced to 66 francs per case of 100 ½ tins.

Galipetta, entered at 46.15, advanced to 50 francs per case of 100 ½ tins.

Packing included.

10487.....*Sauce*, from Sun Kwong Hop, Hongkong, July 25, 1895:

Sauce, thick, entered at 2. advanced to 2.40, Mexican dollars, per cask of 100 catties.

10490.....*Pickles, cauliflower*, from M. Bomak, Amsterdam, November 26, 1895:

Cauliflower, entered at 10.50, advanced to 11 florins per hhd., packed.

10169.....*Prepared fish*, from Ronneberg's Preserving Co., Stavanger, October 25, 1895:

Fish balls, entered at .55 crown per 4 ration tins. No advance.

Fish balls, entered at .33 crown per 2 ration tins. No advance.

9583.....*Beans*, from Anton Strauss, Budapest, January 26, 1895:

White Haricot beans, entered at 10s. 3d., less inland freight, freight to New York, commission, etc. Advanced by addition of inland freight to port of shipment.

10467, 10468, 10469..... } *Sugar, not above 16 D. S.*, from Hidalgo & Co., November 23 and December 7, 1895:

Testing 88.20° molasses, entered at .01¾, less freight, advanced to .01839, United States gold, per pound, packed.

Testing 92.225°, centrifugal, entered at .02¼, less freight, advanced to .02171, United States gold, per pound, packed.

Testing 93.194°, centrifugal, entered at .02$\frac{5}{16}$, less freight, advanced to .0214, United States gold, per pound, packed.

2355 O. P..... 2420 O. P..... New Orleans. } *Cocoanuts*, from A. Gomez, Carthagena, July 16 and September 5, 1895:

Cocoanuts, entered at 16, advanced to 25 sols. per 1000.

Cocoanuts, entered at 17, advanced to 25 sols. per 1000.

Add packages.

2718 O. P..... San Francisco. } *Cut glass*, from St. Louis Crystal Glass Co., Kehl, September 12, 1895:

Glassware, entered at 5 per cent, 5 per cent, 5 per cent, 5 per cent, and 2½ per cent discounts. No advance.

2696 O. P..... 2624 O. P..... Philadelphia.. } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Thom & Cameron, October 8 and November 21, 1895:

Entered at 2.73, United States dollars, per hundredweight, less freight and N. D. charges. No advance.

Entered at 2.82, less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to 2.744, United States dollars, per hundredweight, packed.

8545 O. P...
2608 O. P...
2609 O. P...
Etc.....
Baltimore...
} *Sugar above 16 D. S.*, from Gebr. Michalles, Hamburg, September 22, 29, 30, October 5, 1895:

Granulated sugar, entered at .027126, less cartage, United States dollars, per pound, advanced to 13s. 8d., sterling, per hundredweight, packed. Discount, 5/6 per cent.

Refined sugar, entered at .027027, less cartage, United States dollars, per pound, advanced to 13s., sterling, per hundredweight, packed. Discount, 5/6 per cent.

Refined sugar, entered at .027522, less cartage, United States dollars, per pound, advanced to 13s., sterling, per hundredweight, packed. Discount, 5/6 per cent.

Refined sugar, entered at .027225, advanced to .0282, United States dollars, per pound, packed. Discount, 5 per cent.

2449 O. P..
Chicago....
} *Manufactures of jute*, from T. R. Bower, Liverpool, August 9, 1895:

Brown sacks, entered at 3d., advanced to 3½d., sterling, per sack.

2626 O. P..
2625 O. P..
2529 O. P..
2662 O. P..
Etc.....
Chicago ....
} *Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Robt. Crooks & Co., Liverpool, July 21 and 24, October 8, 12, 16, 20, 1895:

Fifths, entered at 9s. 3d., advanced to 9s. 8d., sterling, per hundredweight. Discount, 2½ per cent. Packing included.

Fourths, entered at 11s. 9d., advanced to 12s. 3½d., sterling, per hundredweight.

Fifths, entered at 9s. 3d., advanced to 10s., sterling, per hundredweight.

G., entered at 10s., advanced to 10s. 6d., sterling, per hundredweight.

M., entered at 10s. 3d., sterling, per hundredweight. No advance.

Discount, 2½ per cent. Packing included.

Fourths, entered at £11 2s. 5d., sterling, per ton.

Fourths, entered at £10 17s. 5d., sterling, per ton.

Fourths, entered at £11 12s. 5d., sterling, per ton.

Thirds, entered at £11 9s. 11d., sterling, per ton.

Thirds, entered at £11 4s. 11d., sterling, per ton.

No advance. Discount, 2½ per cent.

Fifths, entered at 9s. 3d., advanced to 9s. 10d., sterling, per hundredweight. Discount, 2½ per cent.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

2438, 9510..*Refined sugar above No. 16 D. S.*, from Robt. Crooks & Co., Liverpool, September 11, 1895:

Entered at £10 17s. 5d., advanced to £11, sterling, per ton. Less 2½ per cent.

2590, 9850..*Sugar*, from ———, Liverpool, October 1, 1895:

English refined sugar, firsts, crystals, entered at £14 17s. 5d., advanced to £15 13s. 2½d., sterling, per ton.

Fourths, entered at £11 12s. 5d., advanced to £11 13s. 6d., sterling, per ton.

Fifths, entered at £9 2s. 5d., advanced to £9 10s. 3d., sterling, per ton.

Fifths, entered at £8 17s. 5d., advanced to £9 5s. 3d., sterling, per ton.

Discount, 2½ per cent. Add cartage.

2591, 9955..*Sugar*, from Robt. Crooks & Co., Liverpool, October 11, 1895:

English refined sugar, M., entered at 10s. 3d., advanced to 10s. 5d., sterling, per hundredweight.

English refined sugar, fourths, entered at 11s. 9d., advanced to 12s., sterling, per hundredweight.

Fifths, entered at 9s. 3d., advanced to 10s. 2d., sterling, per hundredweight.

Fifths, entered at 9s., advanced to 9s. 10¾d., sterling, per hundredweight.

Discount, 2½ per cent.

2586, 9896..*Sugar*, from Robt. Crooks & Co., Liverpool, October 18, 1895:

Fifths, entered at 9s. 3d., advanced to 9s. 10d., sterling, per hundredweight. Discount, 2½ per cent.

2713, 10119,
2714, 10306,
Etc..... } *Musical instruments*, from Jules Cuendet, Auberson, November 2, 9, and 16, 1895:

Advanced by disallowance of deduction of 10 per cent commission.

2622, 9997..*Fish, n. o. p. f.*, from Joh's Conradsen, Stavanger, October 4, 1895:

Anchovies, entered at .38, advanced to .40 crown per ⅛ keg.

2548, 9856..*Manufactures of gelatine*, from Joh Green, London, October 15, 1895:

Sheets gelatine, scarlet, magenta, dark blue, etc., entered at 65s., advanced to 80s., sterling, per 1,000. Add case. Discount, 10 per cent.

2575, 9813..*Manufactures of mineral substance not decorated (carbons)*, from Schiff, Jordan & Co., Vienna, September 9, 1895:

Cored alternate, 13 x 305 mm., 13 x 229, and 13 x 153, entered at 23.97, advanced to 26.36 United States dollars per 1,000 feet. Discounts 65 per cent and 5 per cent.

2717, 10124..*Sulphide of sodium*, from Georg Egestorff, London, October 24, 1895:

Entered at 8, advanced to 8.50 marks per 100 kilos, less freight and N. D. charges.

2637, 9689..*Silk wearing apparel*, from ———, Bradford, September 17, 1895:

Seal capes partly made up, 01321, entered at 4s. 1½d., advanced to 5s. 1½d., sterling, each. Add cutting and tacking at 3d. each. Add case. Entered discounts, 50 per cent, 2½ per cent, and ½ per cent. Advanced discounts, 2½ per cent and ½ per cent.

2643, 10002..*Manufactures of silk and cotton*, from Georges-Dufetre, Lyons, October 9, 1895:

118 cm. taffettas, entered at 2.50, advanced to 3 francs per anne. Don. 2½ per cent, tare, ¼ per cent. Discounts, 16 per cent and 2 per cent. Add case and packing.

595 O. P ...
2464.....
Baltimore.. } *English refined sugar*, from Robt. Crooks & Co., Liverpool, September 21, 1895:

Entered at £11 2s. 5d., less 2½ per cent, sterling, per ton, packed. No advance.

596 O. P....
2498.....
Baltimore.. } *English refined sugar*, from Robt. Crooks & Co., Liverpool, September 28, 1895:

Entered at £11 2s. 5d., sterling per ton, advanced to 11s. 2d., sterling, per hundredweight. Discount, 2½ per cent.

542 O. P.....
2249.....
Philadelphia.. } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Juan F. De Castro, Macoris, May 28, 1895:

Testing 95.85° I, centrifugal, entered at 1.87, advanced to 2.047 dollars per 100 pounds, packed.

Testing 88.90° II, centrifugal, entered at 1.52, advanced to 1.556 dollars per 100 pounds, packed.

542 O. P..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S., etc.*—Continued.
2249..... }
Philadelphia.. }

Testing 95.45° I, centrifugal, entered at 1.87, advanced to 2.019 dollars per 100 pounds, packed.

Testing, 95.90° I, centrifugal, entered at 1.87, advanced to 2.044 dollars per 100 pounds, packed.

550 O. P..... } *Sugar above 16 D. S.*, from Robt. Crooks & Co., Liverpool, August 14, 1895:
2325..... ..... }
Philadelphia.. }

Fourths, entered at £11 2s. 5d., sterling, per ton, discount 2½ per cent, advanced to 11s. 1d., sterling, per hundredweight, packed.

Fifths, not above 16 D. S., entered at £8 17s. 5d., sterling, per ton, discount 2½ per cent, advanced to 8s. 11d., sterling, per hundredweight, packed. Discount, 2½ per cent.

662 O. P... } *Sugar*, from ———, Bahai, August 1, 1895:
2615... ..... }

Entered at 7s. 6d., less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to 6s. 7½d., sterling, per hundredweight, packed.

2609, 9919, } *Refined sugar above No. 16, D. S.*, from Van Eghen & Co., Amsterdam, September 30, and
2608, 9918.. } October 5, 1895:

Entered at 11s. 7½d., add bags, advanced to 13s. 10d., sterling, per hundredweight, packed.

Entered at 11s. 3d., add bags, advanced to 13s. 3d., sterling, per hundredweight, packed.

2709, 10244..*Sugar*, from ———, Havana, October 21, 1895:

Testing 91.92°, entered at 2⅝ and 2½, less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to .02212, United States currency, per pound, packed.

2581, 9898..*Wood pulp*, from Gysinge Aktiebolag, Stockholm, September 16, 1895:

Chemical, wood pulp, entered at 123.13 crowns per ton, gross weight. No advance.

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1896.
Department Circular No. 15.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., January 20, 1896.

To Collectors and Other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending December 14, 1895.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

REPORT ON REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING DECEMBER 14, 1895.

N. B.—***In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.***

No. of reappraisement.

10302.....*Sugar*, from Booker Bros., Demarara, November 19, 1895:
Entered at $0.0225 United States currency per lb. No advance.

9360.....*Linoleum*, from The H. B. Claflin Co., Manchester:
Pattern, 2/107, 4/104, 6/101, etc., entered at 1s. 0½d., sterling, per square yard. No advance. Discount, 5 per cent. Add cases.

10161.....*Wool knit wearing apparel*, from Goldie & Osborne, Mansfield, November 1, 1895:
Ladies' black cashmere hose, 84, 8½/10, entered at 8s. 6d., advanced to 9s., sterling, per dozen.
Infants' black cashmere hose, 17, 4/6, entered at 5s. 6d., sterling, per dozen. No advance.
Ladies' black cashmere hose, 50, 8½/10, entered at 10s. 5d., advanced to 11s., sterling, per dozen.
Discount, 3¾ per cent. Add cases. Boxes included in price.

10146.....*Wool dress goods*, from Alfred Munch, Gera, November 1, 1895:
92/94 cm., all-wool henriettas, 60, quality 4018, entered at .92, advanced to 1.02 marks per meter.
112/114 cm., all-wool henriettas, 44, quality 1500, entered at .88, advanced .98 mark per meter.
112/114 cm., all-wool henriettas, 52, quality 1700, entered at 1, advanced to 1.10 marks per meter.
Discount, 8 per cent. Add making up and cases.

10211.....*Manufactures of silk and cotton*, from Bruder Baum, Wien, October 30, 1895:
Entered at .65, advanced to 1.02 florins per meter. Add cases and packing.

9950.....*Cotton lace curtains*, from W. E. Mach & Co., Nottingham, October 17, 1895:
3½ yards, entered at 4s. 11d., less inland charges, advanced to 5s. 6d., sterling, per pair. Discount, 2½ per cent. Add cases.

10206.....*Colored cotton corduroy*, from Hardt & Co., Manchester, November 8, 1895:
538 H., 27/28″ brown cords, entered at $11\frac{5}{16}$d., advanced to $12\frac{5}{16}$d., sterling, per yard. Discount, 2½ per cent. Less $\frac{1}{37}$. Add packing charges.

10270.....*Dressed upper leather*, from Mayer, Michel & Deninger, Mayence, October 31, 1895:
Patent leather media, Ex. Ex., entered at 98 marks per dozen. No advance.
Patent leather Ex., entered at 88 marks per dozen. No advance.
Patent leather media, E., entered at 50 marks per dozen. No advance.
Patent leather media, F., entered at 47 marks per dozen. No advance.
Discount, 4 per cent. Add cases.

10269.....*Dressed upper leather*, from Cornelius Heyt, Worms, August 26, 1895:
Patent leather No. 3 I, entered at 53.50 marks per dozen.
Patent leather No. 4 I, entered at 48 marks per dozen.
Patent leather No. 2, locherig, entered at 52.50 marks per dozen.
Patent leather No. 3, locherig, entered at 47 marks per dozen.
Patent leather No. 4, locherig, entered at 43 marks per dozen.
Patent leather No. 1, locherig, * entered at 61 marks per dozen.
No advance. Discount, 2 per cent. Add cases and packing.

10261.....*Dressed upper leather*, from Reinhart & Co., Worms, October 14, 1895:
Patent calf, a special first choice, entered at 82, advanced to 83.64 marks per dozen.
Patent calf, 3, middle, entered at 51, advanced to 52.02 marks per dozen.
Patent calf, 2, light, entered at 57, advanced to 58.14 marks per dozen.
Add case and packing.

10036.....*Bleached and colored cotton*, from Tootal Broadhurst, Lee & Co., Ltd., Manchester, October 29, 1895:
32″ white pique, 6x, entered at 5½d., advanced to 6¼d., sterling, per yard.
32″ white pique, 790, entered at 9½d., advanced to 10½d., sterling, per yard.
32″ fancy pique, C. B. W., entered at 7½d., advanced to 8½d., sterling, per yard.
Discount, 3 per cent. Add cases and tickets.

10237.....*Alkaloid caffeine*, from Howard & Sons, London, November 6, 1895:
Entered at 18s., less 5 per cent, advanced to 18s., sterling, per pound, net.

10177.....*Chemical salt*, from Chemischer Fabriken Falk, Koln, October 18, 1895:
Chloride of barium, entered at 8.05 marks per 100 kilos. No advance. Add cases.

10149, 10218..*Chemical Salt*, from Deutsche Gold & Silber Scheide Anstalt, Frankfort, October 7 and November 13, 1895:
Entered at 22.35, plus packing, advanced to 23.63 marks per 100 kilos, packed.
Entered at 20.62, plus packing, advanced to 21.88 marks per 100 kilos, packed.

10122.....*Mirrors*, from Jacques Flachfeld, Paris, October 24, 1895:
Glace 3 face chrome, 35930/310, entered at 13 francs per dozen. No advance.
Glace 3 face chrome, 35931/311, entered at 20 francs per dozen. No advance.
Glace 3 face chrome, 35932/312, entered at 25 francs per dozen. No advance.
Glace 3 face chrome, 36066/313, entered at 30 francs per dozen. No advance.
Discount, 2 per cent. Add cases and packing.

10001.....*Slate pencils*, from Richard Horstmann, Berlin, October 21, 1895:

Plain pointed grey, 14 cm. long, 4¼–4¾ mm., 100 pencils in box, entered at 1.46, advanced to 1.54 marks per 1,000.

Plain pointed grey, 18 cm. long, stick, 4¼–4¾ mm., 100 pencils in box, entered at 2.25 marks per 1,000. No advance.

Union S., 14 cm. long, stick, 4¼–4¾ mm., 100 pencils in box, entered at 1.70, advanced to 1.77 marks per 1,000.

Union S., 18 cm. long, stick, 4¼–4¾ mm., 100 pencils in box, entered at 2.55 marks per 1,000. No advance.

Gold, 14 cm. long, stick, 4¼-4¾ mm., 100 pencils in box, entered at 1.80, advanced to 1.87 marks per 1,000.

Gold, 18 cm. long, stick, 4¼–4¾ mm., 100 pencils in box, entered at 2.67 marks per 1,000. No advance.

14 cm. long, stick, 5 mm., gross boxes of 144 small boxes of 12 pencils each, ½ gold, ½ Union S., entered at 4.18 marks per gross box. No advance.

Packing charges included.

10220.....*Vegetables, n. o. p. f.*, from Kwong Yuen Kwing, Hongkong, October 1, 1895:

White nuts, entered at 1.50, advanced to 2.25, Mexican dollars, per basket.

10262.....*Prepared meat (sausage)*, from Sun Kwong Hop, Hongkong, October 7, 1895:

Dried meat, 2nd quality, entered at 6, advanced to 7, Mexican dollars, per box of 50 catties.

10241.....*Stereotype plates*, from Edmund Downey, London, October 11, 1895:

Entered at 1s., 6d., advanced to 2s., sterling, per plate. Add case.

9737. .....*Water color paints*, from Robert Hartwig, Sonneberg, September 10, 1895:

Entered discounts, 5 per cent and 5 per cent. No advance. Add cases.

10277.....*Toilet soap, alcoholic perfumery, etc.*, from J. G. Monson & Co., Frankfort, October 28, 1895:

Entered discount, 25 per cent; advanced discount, 20 per cent. Add cases.

10128.....*Table knives and forks*, from Thomas Bell & Son, Sheffield, October 26, 1895:

Stag carvers, entered at 12s., advanced to 14s., sterling, per dozen pair.

Stag carvers, entered at 11s., advanced to 13s., sterling, per dozen pair.

2616 O. P..... Philadelphia.. } *Grapes*, from Ulibani & Peydro, Almeria, October 24, 1895:

Entered at 13, advanced to 13.50 pesetas per barrel of 23 kilos, packed.

Entered at 14, advanced to 14.50 pesetas per barrel of 25 kilos, packed.

2194 O. P..... San Francisco.. } *Desiccated cocoanuts*, from A. Goupil, Papeete, June 11, 1895:

Entered at .14, Peruvian coin, per kilo. No advance. Add packing charges at .02 per kilo.

2636 O. P.. 2637 O. P.. Chicago..... } *Decorated earthenware*, from ———, Bodenbach, Prague and Haida, October 15, 10, and 16, 1895:

Entered at various prices. No advance.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

2611, 10115..*Wool dress goods*, from ———, Gera, November 1, 1895:

95 cm. henrietta, 5011, entered at .84, advanced to .96 mark per meter.

114 cm. henrietta, 5016, entered at 1.36, advanced to 1.51 marks per meter.

114 cm. henrietta, 5013, entered at 1.12, advanced to 1.31 marks per meter.

114 cm. henrietta, 5011, entered at 1, advanced to 1.14 marks per meter.

118 cm. henrietta, 5014, entered at 1.26, advanced to 1.40 marks per meter.

Add cases and packing.

2560, 9971, 2613, 10200.. *Macaroni and vegetables, n. o. p. f.*, from F. Vitelli & Co., Castellamare, October 5 and 27, 1895:

Macaroni, boxes of 10¾ kilos each, entered at 30 lire per 100 kilos, add packing, advanced to 4.10 lire per box, packed.

Garlic, entered at 11, advanced to 12 lire per 100 kilos. Add packing.

2435, 9584..*Manufactures of cotton (velvet skirt binding)*, from Hithersay & Ramm, Manchester, September 3, 1895:

1⅞″ black princess bias, entered at 6s. 11d., less 5 per cent, advanced to 6s. 10d., sterling, per gross, net.

1⅞″ colored princess bias, entered at 7s. 6d., less 5 per cent, sterling, per gross, advanced to 7s. 6d, sterling, per gross, net.

1⅛″ colored princess bias, entered at 4s. 6d., less 5 per cent, advanced to 4s. 7d., sterling, per gross, net.

Add cases and packing. Add to advanced prices, 2½ per cent commission.

2530, 9617..*Blank books*, from Ullmann and Engelman, Berlin, September 7, 1895:

Wallets, 2222–II, entered at 10, net, advanced to 18 marks per gross, less 2 per cent.

632 O.P., 2436, Philadelphia.. *Sugar above 16 D. S.*, from Van Eghen & Co., Amsterdam, August 21, 1895:

Refined sugar, entered at 12s. Add bags. Advanced to 13s., sterling, per cwt., packed.

633 O.P., 2457, Philadelphia.. *Sugar above 16 D. S.*, from Van Eghen & Co., Amsterdam, September 3, 1895:

Refined sugar, entered at 12s. Add bags. Advanced to 12s. 10½d., sterling, per cwt., packed.

634 O.P., 2458, Philadelphia.. *Sugar above 16 D. S.*, from ———, Amsterdam, August 6, 1895:

Refined sugar, entered at 12s. Add bags. Advanced to 12s. 11d., sterling, per cwt., packed.

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VALUE OF AUSTRIAN FLORIN.

1896.
Department Circular No. 16.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., January 20, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The Department is informed by the Honorable Secretary of State, that owing to the decline in value of the Austrian florin, the consuls in Austria-Hungary have all been instructed to furnish currency certificates to invoices, commencing December 11, 1895.

These certificates will be accepted by Collectors of Customs in liquidating invoices made out in the above specified currency.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

1896.
Department Circular No. 17.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., January 22, 1896.

To Appraisers and Acting Appraisers of Merchandise:

Officers charged with the preparation of reports of the business of their respective districts, which are required by Article 1128 of the Customs Regulations of 1892 to be made monthly to the Board of General Appraisers at New York, are hereby instructed that in case invoices, entries, etc., are transmitted by them daily to the Auditor for the Treasury Department, the data required for said monthly reports should be properly taken in advance of such transmission to avoid delay.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

REAPPRAISEMENTS OF MERCHANDISE BY UNITED STATES GENERAL APPRAISERS.

1896.
Department Circular No. 18.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., January 22, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending January 11, 1896.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

REPORT ON REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING JANUARY 11, 1896.

N. B.—*In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.*

No. of Reappraisement.

10570.....*Manufactures of metal*, from M. Boas, jr., Berlin, November 30, 1895:

No. 3, II., 50/100, entered at 69.30 marks per 100 kilos.
No. 5, I., 50/75, entered at 65.30 marks per 100 kilos.
No. 7, I., 50/75, entered at 57.30 marks per 100 kilos.
No. 8, I., 50/75, entered at 55.30 marks per 100 kilos.
No. 2, 50/50, entered at 118.30 marks per 100 kilos.
No advance. Discount, 1½ per cent. Add packing.

10463, 10464..*Manufactures of metal and cotton and manufactures of cotton and metal*, from Maurice Beigne, Marsalle, November 3 and 8, 1895:

Tapis en coton, 170 x 170, entered at 7, advanced to 8.16 francs per piece.
Tapis en coton, 150 x 150, entered at 4.75, advanced to 6 francs per piece.
Tapis en coton, 150 x 150, entered at 1.50, advanced to 1.83 francs per piece.
Carres coton, 50 x 50, entered at 5, advanced to 6.90 francs per dozen.
Tapis en coton, 130 x 130, entered at 3.50, advanced to 4.50 francs per piece.

10521.....*Cotton lace curtains*, from E. W. Bodenmann, St. Gall, November 30, 1895:

Bordered curtains, white, 12/4, 3½ yards, 1408/12, 2/6, 2/5, entered at 10.90, advanced to 11.90 francs per pair.
Bordered curtains, white, 12/4, 3½ yards, 1411/3½, 1/5, 1/4, entered at 12.30, advanced to 13.50 francs per pair.

10521.....*Cotton lace curtains, etc.*—Continued.

Bordered curtains, white, 14/4, 4 yards, 1411/4, 1/7, entered at 15.40, advanced to 16.90 francs per pair.

Bordered curtains, white, 14/4, 4 yards, 1411/4, 1/4, entered at 16.20, advanced to 17.70 francs per pair.

Bordered curtains, white, 12/4, 4 yards, 1418/4, 1/6, entered at 16.40, advanced to 18 francs per pair.

Bordered curtains, white, 14/4, 3½ yards, 1420, 3/6, 2/4, entered at 15.90, advanced to 17.45 francs per pair.

Bordered curtains, white, 14/4, 4 yards, 1422, 3/6, 1/5, entered at 17.35, advanced to 19.05 francs per pair.

Add cases.

10410, 10411, 10579..... } *Embroidered flax and cotton handkerchiefs*, from Hoffmann, Huber & Co., St. Gall, November 12 and 19, 1895:

Advances from 1 per cent to 4 per cent.

10509..... *Wool dress goods*, from Th. Michau & Co., Roubaix, December 5, 1895:

Colored serge, No. 300 and 1202, 35″, entered at .60, advanced to .65 franc per meter.

Colored serge, No. 1220, 37″, entered at .72, advanced to .79 franc per meter.

Discount, 5 per cent. Add cases and packing.

10328..... *Wool shawls*, from Testart Freres, Paris, November 19, 1895:

No. 2060, 18/19, Chales carres ecossais, 160 creme, 2 fringes, entered at 4.55, advanced to 5.10 francs each. Discount, 10 per cent. Add cases and packing.

10407.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from J. L. Ramerez & Co., Manzanilla, October 14, 1895:

Testing 95.60°, entered at .0235, advanced to .02638, Spanish gold, per pound, packed.

10554..... *Vegetables, n. o. p. f.*, from S. Vitelli & Co., Castellamare, November 25, 1895:

Garlic, entered at 10 lire per 100 kilos. No advance. Add packing charges.

9742, 10560, 10558..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S. and refined sugar above 16 D. S.*, from R. Crooks & Co., Liverpool, October 2, November 28, and December 6, 1895:

Entered at £8 17s. 5d., advanced to £9 8s. 3d., sterling, per ton. Discount, 2½ per cent.

M., entered at £9 12s. 5d., advanced to £9 13s. 4d., sterling, per ton, packed.

Fifths, entered at £8 4s. 11d., advanced to £8 15s. 10d., sterling, per ton, packed. Discount, 2½ per cent.

Dark brown, entered at £9 7s. 5d., sterling, per ton. No advance.

Fifths, entered at £8 17s. 5d., advanced to £9 0s. 10d., sterling, per ton.

Fifths, entered at £9 2s. 5d., advanced to £9 5s. 10d., sterling, per ton.

Fourths, above 16 D. S., entered at £10 12s. 5d., advanced to £10 13s. 5d., sterling, per ton.

Discount, 2½ per cent.

10526.....*Beaded trimmings*, from Bacher & Leon, Berlin, December 6, 1895:

Entered discounts, 10 per cent, 2 per cent, and 25 per cent. Advanced discounts 10 per cent and 2 per cent.

10636.....*Sweetmeats*, from Thomas J. Lipton, London, December 20, 1895:

Black currant jam, entered at 3s. 3d., advanced to 3s. 9d., sterling, per dozen. Add cases.

10489.....*Flax lace tidies and sets*, from ———, Paris, November 28, 1895:

Advances up to 50 per cent.

10260, 10335, 10471, etc..... *Cotton lace curtains*, from B. Walker & Co., Ltd., et al., Nottingham, November 15 and 16, and December 6, 1895:

No. 3907/8, W. T. and E. T., 48″, 3½ yards, entered at 2s. 7½d., advanced to 2s. 10½d., sterling, per pair.

No. 3750, W. T., 54″, 3½ yards, entered at 2s. 3d., advanced to 2s. 5d., sterling, per pair.

No. 3757 and 3759, W. T., 50″, 3½ yards, entered at 2s. 7½d., advanced to 2s. 10½d., sterling, per pair.

Discount, 2½ per cent. Less inland freight. Advanced also by addition for cases.

10553.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from ———, Demerara, November 21, 1895:

Testing 95.95°, entered at .0225, United States currency, per 100 pounds. No advance.

10525.....*Wool knit wearing apparel*, from Mills & Gibb, Nottingham, December 7, 1895:

Infants' black cashmere ¾ hose, 100 B., entered at 3s. 11d., sterling, per dozen. No advance.

Infants' white cashmere ¾ hose, entered at 4s., advanced to 4s. 2d., sterling, per dozen.

Discount, 3¾ per cent.

10307.....*Tamboured cotton sets*, from M. Ph. Emden, St. Gall, November 12, 1895:

No. 2068, 7/4 Vitr. sp. weiss, entered at 2.40, advanced to 2.50 francs per aune.

No. 2069, 7/4 Vitr. sp. weiss, entered at 2.50, advanced to 2.60 francs per aune.

No. 2771, 7/4 Vitr. sp. weiss, entered at 1.35, advanced to 1.45 francs per aune.

No. 2773, 7/4 Vitr. sp. weiss, entered at 1.40, advanced to 1.50 francs per aune.

No. 2777, 7/4 Vitr. sp. weiss, entered at 1.95, advanced to 2 francs per aune.

No. 2662, 7/4 spachtel écru bed set, entered at 17.65, advanced to 18 francs per set.

Add cases and boxes.

10569.....*Nonenumerated manufactured articles*, from Fr. Carl Dilchert, Bayreuth, November 16, 1895

Prepared chalk, No. 4, entered at 6 marks per 100 pounds.

Prepared chalk, No. 5, entered at 5.20 marks per 100 pounds.

No advance. Discount, 1½ per cent. Add packing.

10581.....*Colored cotton corduroy*, from ———, Manchester, December 17, 1895:

27¾/28¼″ dark drab, entered at 11¾d., advanced to 12d.

27¼/27¾ blk. drab, entered at 9½d., advanced to 10d.

27¼/27¾ brown drab, entered at 9½d., advanced to 9¾d., sterling, per yard.

Less $\frac{1}{37}$. Discount, 2½ per cent. Add cases and packing.

10571.....*Chemical salt*, from G. Borehers, Goslar, November 16, 1895:

Permanganate of potash, entered at 103.80, advanced to 110 marks per 100 kilos. Add cases and packing.

10491, 10557..*Musical instruments, etc.*, from Jules Cuendet, Auberson, November 30, and December 7, 1895:

Entered at a deduction of 10 per cent for commission, advanced by disallowance of deduction.

10517.....*Sauce, chop sticks, etc.*, from ———, Hongkong, October 12, 1895:

Shrimp sauce, entered at 1.10, advanced to 1.50, Mexican dollars per package.

Chop sticks, entered at 4 Mexican dollars per package. No advance.

2678 O. P..... Philadelphia.. *Wool tops*, from Joh Dan Fihrmann, Antwerp, November 5, 1895.

Entered at 17.812d., sterling, per pound. No advance.

2547 O. P.....
2575 O. P.....
2574 O. P.....
Philadelphia, etc.. } *Grapes*, from Jose Garcia, et al., Almeria, October 4, 7, 8, 19, 1895:

Entered at 6, advanced to 7 pesetas per ½ barrel.

Entered at 12, advanced to 14.50 pesetas per barrel.

Entered at 12.50, advanced to 13.50 pesetas per barrel.

2676 O. P..... Philadelpiha.. } *Chemical compound*, from V. Franz Fakhel, Prag, October 21, 1895:

Hyposulphite of soda, entered at 4.40, add cases and packages, advanced to 6.18 florins per 100 kilos, packed.

2706 O. P..... Philadelphia.. } *Mustard*, from J. & J. Colman, London, November 1, 1895:

¼ tins, entered at 16d., ½ tins, entered at 14d., and kegs, entered at 5d., discount, 5 per cent.

Add cases at 3s. 8d., less inland freight, advanced by disallowance of deduction of inland freight.

2679 O. P... Baltimore... } *Sugar*, from Robt. Crooks & Co., Greenock, November 19, 1895:

Entered at 9s. 3d., advanced to 9s. 5d., sterling, per cwt. Discount, 2½ per cent.

2664 O. P.. Chicago.... } *Sugar*, from ———, Liverpool, October 18, 1895:

Entered at 10s. per cwt., discount, 2 per cent. No advance.

10561.....*Orange boxes*, from ———, Glasgow, November 29, 1895:

Entered at 1s. 6d., advanced to 1s. 8d., and 1s. 10d., sterling, per case.

2621 O. P.,
2622 O. P.,
2623 O. P.
Philadelphia.. } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Robt. Crooks & Co., Liverpool, October 6, 4, and 9, 1895:

Fifths, entered at 9s. 3d., advanced to 9s. 9d., sterling, per cwt., packed. Discount, 2½ per cent.

Fifths, entered at 9s. 3d., advanced to 10s., sterling, per cwt., packed. Discount, 2½ per cent.

Fifths, entered at 9s. 7½d., advanced to 10s., sterling, per cwt., packed. Discount, 2½ per cent.

2590 O. P. Philadelphia. } *Sugar above 16 D. S.*, from Van Eghen, Heel & Co., Amsterdam, October 15, 1895:

Entered at 13s., plus bags, advanced to 14s., sterling, per cwt., packed.

2620 O. P..*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from O. G. Hempstead & Co., Liverpool, October 23, 1895:

Fifths, entered at 9s. 3d., advanced to 9s. 5d., sterling, per cwt., packed. Discount, 2½ per cent.

Philadelphia..
2665 O. P. } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from L. Sutro & Co., London, November 5, 1895:

Entered at 10s. 4½d., less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to 9s. 9d., sterling, per cwt., packed.

2630 O. P. Philadelphia.. } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from ———, London, October 29, 1895:

Entered at 10s. 9d., less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to 10s. 1½d., sterling, per cwt., packed.

2614 O. P. Philadelphia.. } *Wool tops*, from Benys Frys, Tourcoing, October 28, 1895:

Weft and warp, entered at 38½ and 39½ cents, plus 5 per cent. Deduct freight and commission. No advance.

2595 O. P.
2596 O. B.
New Orleans.. } *Decorated earthenware*, from Alfred Meekin, Tunstall, August 28 and October 5, 1895:

Printed thirds, entered at discounts of 62½, 5 per cent, and 5 per cent. No advance.

2705 O. P.
Boston..... } *Earthenware*, from W. H. Grindley & Co., Tunstall, November 19, 1895:

Baltimore teas, entered at 3s. 4d., sterling, per dozen. Discounts, 60 per cent, 5 per cent, and 5 per cent. No advance.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

2639, 10276..*Silk embroidery, etc.*, from Benjuiat Bros., London, November 14, 1895:

Bragas, entered at 3s., sterling, per pair. No advance.

Selonica linen squares, entered at 1s. 6d., sterling, each.

Suzini linen one yard squares, entered at 5s., sterling, each.

Anavato linen one yard squares, entered at 8s., sterling, each.

Dival satin cushions, entered at 4s. 6d., sterling, each.

No Advance. Add case and packing.

2624, 10239..*Chocolate*, from D. & M. Grootes Bros., Westzaan, November 4, 1895:

Sweetened chocolate, entered at 35, advanced to 38 cents, United States currency, per pound, packed.

2612, 10198..*Macaroni*, from Garafalo, Gragnano, October 24, 1895:

Prime spuso, entered at 34, advanced to 37 lire per 100 kilos.

2633, 10320..*Skins dressed and finished*, from Albert Reinhard, Luxemberg, November 13, 1895:

Black shocskins, entered at 225, advanced to 250 francs per 100 skins. Add case, etc.

2711, 9605....*Dolls*, from William Dressel, Sonneberg, August 31, 1895:

Deduction of 5 per cent commission on kid dolls, disallowed.

2630, 10168..*Surface-coated paper*, from ——— Barmen, October 24, 1895:

Streaked gold paper, 24, 24 x 20, entered at 10.30, advanced to 10.56 marks per reis. Discount 2 per cent, less inland freight.

2450, 9105..*Cotton yarn*, from McConnel & Co., Ltd., Manchester, August 2, 1895:

No. 110/2, entered at 1s. 9d., advanced to 1s. 11d., sterling, per pound.

No. 100 A., entered at 1s. 7½d., sterling, per pound. No advance.

No. 115 I., entered at 2s. 2d., advanced to 2s. 3d., sterling, per pound.

No. 125 I., entered at 2s. 5d., advanced to 2s. 7½d., sterling, per pound.

No. 130 A., entered at 2s. 2½d., advanced to 2s. 4d., sterling, per pound.

No. 90, entered at 1s. 5½d., advanced to 1s. 6½d., sterling, per pound.

Discount, 2¼ per cent.

2712, 10037..*Manufactures of articles nonenumerated*, from Weil Bros., Paris, October 15, 1895:

Quill toothpicks, entered at 1.85, advanced to 2.15 francs per pack.

Quill toothpicks, entered at 2, advanced to 2.20 francs per pack.

Discounts, 5 per cent and 2 per cent. Add case and packing.

2626, 10174..*Manufactures of wool and cotton*, from Halbot & Lens, Bradford, November 6, 1895:

Black beaver, quality 1, entered at 1s. 5d., advanced to 1s. 5.85d., sterling, per yard. Less $\frac{1}{37}$. Discount, 5 per cent. Add making up and packing.

659, 2640 O. P.
Chicago..... } *Cotton lace, etc.*, from Michael N. Saati, Tripoli, August 9, 1895:

Fine cotton trimmings, entered at 63, advanced to 83 piasters per oke.

Coarse cotton trimmings, entered at 54, advanced to 81 piasters per oke.

Add cost of box, canvas, and packing.

2552, 9847..*Cotton yarn*, from McConnel & Co., Ltd., Manchester, September 27, 1895:

No. 120/2, entered at 2s. 10d., advanced to 3s. 4d., sterling, per pound. Add cases. Discount, 2½ per cent.

2614, 10209..*Manufactures of goat hair and cotton*, from Henry Walker & Sons, Mirfield, November 8, 1895:

Black astrachan, entered at 3s. 6d. advanced to 3s. 10d., sterling, per yard. Less $\frac{1}{37}$, ¼ in 10 yards. Discount, 2½ per cent. Add case.

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1896.
Department Circular No. 19.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., January 31, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending January 18, 1896.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

REPORT ON REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING JANUARY 18, 1896.

N. B.—***In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.***

No. of reappraisement.

10486.....*Silk and cotton elastic, and cotton india rubber webbing*, from M. Loughton, Leicester, December 7, 1895:

7/16 black schappe silk elastic, 4/36, entered at 13s. 8d., advanced to 18s. 9d., sterling, per gross.

7/16 white and black cotton elastic, 4/36, entered at 6s. 11d., advanced to 7s. 10d., sterling, per gross.

3/8 black schappe silk elastic, 4/36, entered at 11s. 2½d., advanced to 15s. 9d., sterling, per gross.

Discount, 2½ per cent. Add cases and lining.

10593.....*Nuts, n. s. p. f.*, from Amatruda & Co., Naples, December 6, 1895:

Pine cones, entered at 6 lire per 100 kilos. No advance.

10595.....*Sweetmeats*, from Geo. Damson, Liverpool, November 27, 1895:

Assorted jams, entered at 4s. 6d., 10s., 9s., and 13s., sterling, per dozen. No advance on jams. Add 4s. per dozen on decorated earthenware (unusual coverings).

9924.....*Fruit in own juice*, from Nicolas Quintana, Havana, October 19, 1895:

Estorilized pineapple, entered at $2, advanced to $2.18 per case.

10625.....*Cotton yarn*, from ———, Goggingen, November 20, 1895:

Crochet cotton, 25 gr., No. 20, white, entered at 3.29, advanced to 3.71 marks per kilo.

Crochet cotton, 25 gr., No. 60, entered at 6.29, advanced to 6.71 marks per kilo.

Crochet cotton, 25 gr., No. 70, entered at 6.93, advanced to 7.38 marks per kilo.

Embroidery cotton, N. 14/18, colored, entered at 18.57, advanced to 19.70 marks per kilo.

10625.....*Cotton yarn, etc.*—Continued.

Embroidery cotton, 12 boxes, 1 gr., N. 8, turkey red, entered at 11.12, advanced to 11.64 marks per kilo.

Embroidery cotton, 12 boxes, 1 gr., No. 10, turkey red, entered at 11.21, advanced to 11.72 marks per kilo.

Embroidery cotton, 12 boxes, 1 gr., No. 16, turkey red, entered at 11.64, advanced to 12.07 marks per kilo.

Embroidery cotton, 12 boxes, 1 gr., No. 18, turkey red, entered at 11.85, advanced to 12.28 marks per kilo.

10648, 10449.. } *Manufactures of wool*, from Schunk & Co., Leeds, November 4, 27, 30, and December 7, 11,
10647, etc..... } and 21, 1895:

No. 2146, black clay twill, 60″ and 61″, entered at 2s. 2¼d., advanced to 2s. 4d., sterling, per yard.

No. 2174, black clay twill, 61″ and 62″, entered at 2s. 5¾d., advanced to 2s. 7¾d., sterling, per yard.

Less $\frac{1}{37}$. Discount, 2½ per cent. Add cases and packing.

10602.....*Surface-coated paper*, from Schoultrall & Co., Fuerth, November 14, 1895:

Copper, No. 2, 20 x 24″ sheets, regular shades, entered at 10 marks per ream. No advance. Discount, 2½ per cent. Add cases.

10475.....*Paintings and manufactures of wood (frames)*, from Takoh Schuller Vergohen, Munchen, November 20, 1895:

Gold frames, entered at 56, advanced to 60 marks per frame.

Gold frames, entered at 58, advanced to 63 marks per frame.

Add cases and packing.

9989, 10024..*Cotton lace curtains*, from T. I. Birkin & Co., Nottingham, October 26, 1895:

White lace curtains, No. 2755, 4 yards, entered at 3s. 8½d., advanced to 3s. 11½d., sterling, per pair.

White lace curtains, No. 2813, 3½ yards, entered at 6s. 9d., advanced to 8s., sterling, per pair.

Écru lace curtains, No. 2802, 3½ yards, entered at 5s. 3d., advanced to 5s. 6d., sterling, per pair.

Écru lace curtains, No. 2983, 3½ yards, entered at 3s. 9d., advanced to 4s. 3d., sterling, per pair.

White lace curtains, No. 2986, 3½ yards, entered at 5s. 6d., advanced to 6s., sterling, per pair.

Écru lace curtains, No. 2818, 3½ yards, entered at 8s. 1d., advanced to 9s., sterling, per pair.

Écru lace curtains, No. 3009, 3½ yards, entered at 4s. 9d., advanced to 5s. 9d., sterling, per pair.

Écru lace curtains, No. 2738, 3¼ yards, entered at 2s. 1½d., advanced to 2s. 3½d., sterling, per pair.

White lace curtains, No. 2738, 3½ yards, entered at 2s. 3½d., advanced to 2s. 5½d., sterling, per pair.

White lace curtains, No. 2948, 3½ yards, entered at 4s. 8d., advanced to 5s. 2d., sterling, per pair.

Other similar goods, similar advances.

Discount, 2½ per cent. Add cases. Less inland freight.

9491, 9711, 9665, etc... } *Lead pencils, etc.*, from Geo. Borgfeldt & Co., Fuerth, August 14 and 27, July 26, 1895:

Colored crayons, 6303/1/12, entered at 14, advanced to 15.30 marks per gross.

Colored crayons, 6303/1/6, entered at 7.40, advanced to 8.29 marks per gross.

Add cases and packing.

Looking-glass plates 16918/3/4¼″, entered at 3.97 marks per gross. No advance. Discount, 2 per cent.

10630.....*Unbleached cotton velvet*, from Chamberlain, Downer & Co., Manchester, December 18, 1895:

17½″ black velvet, 1, entered at 4⅛d., sterling, per yard.

18″ black velvet, 2, entered at 4⅜d., sterling, per yard.

21½″ black velvet, O. X., entered at 6⅜d., sterling, per yard.

20½″ grey velvet, A., entered at 6⅛d., sterling, per yard.

Less $\frac{1}{37}$ and 5 per cent. Advanced to discounts of $\frac{1}{37}$ and 2½ per cent. Add cases, etc.

10629.....*Colored cotton corduroy*, from Edward Wihl & Co., Manchester, December 18, 1895:

27/8 extract prts. corduroy, 7412, entered at 1s. 2¼d., sterling, per yard. No advance. Less $\frac{1}{37}$. Discounts, 2½ per cent. Add cases and packing.

10624, 10616..*Colored cotton corduroy*, from Ehrenbach & Brumm & Co., et al., Manchester, December 10 and 4, 1895:

27″ extract corduroy, entered at 1s. 2d, advanced to 1s. 3d., sterling, per yard. Discount, 2½ per cent. Add packing.

10604, 10611..*Prepared vegetables*, from Vincenzo Lauritano, Gragnano, November 27, 1895:

Peppers, entered at .40 lira per tin. No Advance.

Peppers, entered at .37, advanced to .40 lira per tin.

Add cases and packing.

10314.....*Cigarette paper*, from ———, Paris, November 15, 1895:

Bobins, 1560, 32-leaf, entered at 129.20, advanced to 156.75 francs per 100 bobins.

Bobins, 1560, 29-leaf, entered at 115.90, advanced to 142.50 francs per 100 bobins.

Bobins, 1560, 30-leaf, entered at 123.50, advanced to 147.75 francs per 100 bobins.

10642.....*Bleached and colored cotton*, from George Mathers & Co., Nottingham, December 16, 1895:

32″ gossamer mull, No. 320, entered at 4¼d., sterling, per yard.

32″ gossamer mull, No. 324, entered at 7⅝d., sterling, per yard.

32″ gossamer mull, No. 327, entered at 10⅞d., sterling, per yard.

32″ black, No. 322, entered at 5⅜d., sterling, per yard.

32″ black, No. 323, entered at 6d., sterling, per yard.

32″ black, No. 326, entered at 9⅜d., sterling, per yard.

Discount, 5 per cent. Advanced to discount of 2½ per cent. Add cases and packing. deduct inland freight.

10477, 10511, etc..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Wellenstein Krause & Co., Batavia, Sourabaya, October 15, 1895, and September 24, 1895:

Entered at total values, advanced to 6.96 florins per picul.

10580..... ..*Decorated china and metal, furniture of wood*, from ———, London, November 26, 1895:

Pair sevres and ormalu candelabra, entered at £6 15s., advanced to £7 10s., sterling.

1 bohemian glass vase, entered at 12s., advanced to £1.

1 ruhl table, entered at £6.10s. No advance.

1 small tortoise-shell box, entered at 5s., advanced to 15s.

1 carved rosewood sofa, entered at £6 10s. No advance.

1 small ruhl table, entered at £1 17s. 6d. No advance.

Add cases and packing.

10444 .....*Manufactures of wool*, from ———, Leeds, November 30, 1895:

Entered at 2s, 10d., advanced to 2s. 11¼d., sterling, per yard. Less, $\frac{1}{37}$. Discount, 2½ per cent. Add case and packing.

10576.....*Silk galloons*, from Carl Hinnenberg & Son, Schwelm, December 4, 1895:

Art. 771, corset edging, black and gold, entered at 6.05, discount, 3 per cent, less freight, advanced to 6.35 marks per gross, discount, 3 per cent.

2703 O. P ..... San Francisco.. } *Manufactures of silk*, from Mendleson Bros., Yokohama, November 5, 1895:

27 x 50 yards, 7/7½″ white habutai, 2nd quality, entered at 6.70, advanced to 7 silver yen per 100 momme.

36 x 50 yards, 7/7½″ white habutai, 2nd quality, entered at 6.75, advanced to 7 silver yen per 100 momme.

19 x 50 yards, 7½″ str. koshu kaiki, entered at 6, advanced to 6.10 silver yen per 100 momme.

2707 O. P ..... San Francisco.. } *Manufactures of metal*, from Emaillirwerk Silesia Caro Hegenscheidt Co., Paruschowitz, June 15, 1895:

Entered at discounts of 55 per cent, 10 per cent, 5 per cent, and 2 per cent, less cases and packing and freight, advanced by disallowance of deduction of cases, packing, and freight.

2735 O. P..... Philadelphia... } *Sulphate of ammonia*, from West & Penrose, London, November 29, 1895:

Entered at £8 9s. 8d., add bags, advanced to £8 18s. 9d., sterling, per ton, packed.

2732 O. P..... Philadelphia... } *Chemical compound*, from Norddeutsche Chemische-Fabrik, Harburg, November 23, 1895:

Hyposulphite of sodium, entered at 10.10., add casks, advanced to 10.60 marks per 100 kilos.

2727 O. P..... Boston ..... } *Worsted yarn*, from Firth & Benton, Bradford, July 26, 1895:

2/40, M., 5 botany yarn, entered at 2s. Add packing. Charges, less discount, 2½ per cent. No advance.

2670 O. P..... Boston ..... } *Worsted yarn*, from Samuel Jackson & Sons, Ltd., Cleckheaton, November 7, 1895:

2/48 super, entered at 2s. 1d., advanced to 2s. 3½d., sterling, per pound.

2721 O. P..... Boston ..... } *Bricks*, from ———, Glasgow, October 1, 1895:

Fire bricks, 9 x 4½ x 2½, entered at 30s., sterling, per 1,000.

Fire clay, 24 x 12 x 2, entered at 7d., sterling, per 1,000.

No advance.

2723 O. P..... Boston ..... 2724 O. P..... 2725 O. P..... 2726 O. P..... } *Sugar above and not above 16 D. S.*, from R. Crooks & Co., Liverpool, September 13 and 20, October 4 and 8, 1895:

Fourths, entered at 11s. 9d., advanced to 12s. 4½d., sterling, per cwt., packed. Discount, 2½ per cent.

Fourths, entered at £11, 12s. 5d., advanced to £12, sterling, per ton. Discount, 2½ per cent.

Fourths, entered at £8 18s. 4d., discount 2 per cent, advanced to £9 8s., sterling, per ton, net.

Fourths, entered at £10 17s. 5d., sterling, per ton. Discount, 2½ per cent. No advance.

Fourths, entered at £11 2s. 5d., advanced to £11 3s. 7d., sterling, per ton. Discount, 2½ per cent.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

2722, 10353..*Chemical salt*, from Actien Gesellschaft Georg Egestorffs Salzwerke, Linden, November 9, 1895:

Chloride of barium, entered at 8.40, advanced to 9.50 marks per 100 kilos. Add casks at 3.50 each.

2765, 10268, 2743, 10179, 2748, 10319.. *Manufactures of cotton, dress facings*, from A. McAllister, Manchester, November 15, 1895:

Majestic A., $1\frac{1}{8}''$, 4-yard bolts, black, entered at 4s. 2d., advanced to 4s. 5d., sterling, per gross.

Majestic A. A., $1\frac{7}{8}''$, 4-yard bolts, black, entered at 6s. 6d., advanced to 6s. 10d., sterling, per gross.

Majestic A., $1\frac{1}{8}''$, 4-yard bolts, colors, entered at 4s. 6d., advanced to 4s. 9d., sterling, per gross.

Majestic A., $1\frac{1}{8}''$, 36-yard reels, colors, entered at 4s. 8d., advanced to 5s., sterling, per gross.

Majestic A. A., $1\frac{7}{8}''$, 36-yard reels, colors, entered at 7s. 3d., advanced to 7s. 8d., sterling, per gross.

Majestic A. A., $1\frac{7}{8}''$, 4-yard bolts, colors, entered at 7s. 1d., advanced to 7s. 3d., sterling, per gross.

Add cases at 12s. each.

2614, 10209..*Manufactures of goat hair and cotton*, from Henry Walker & Sons, Mirfield, November 8, 1895:

Black astrakhan, entered at 3s. 6d., advanced to 3s. 10d., sterling, per yard. Less $\frac{1}{37}$, $\frac{1}{4}$ yard in 10. Discount, $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Add cases.

2623, 10246..*Matches*, from Ste. Anne Caussenille Jne. & Cie et Roche & Cie, Gand, August 27, 1895:

No. 36, Etig Weiller son, etc., entered at 2.60, advanced to 2.83 francs per gross, less freight, at 510 francs per 25 gross.

2627, 10207..*Wool dress goods*, from F. Zschoch & Co., Menselwitz, November 6, 1895:

Henrietta, 5011, entered at .84, advanced to .96 mark per meter. Add cases, and packing, and making up.

2634, 10274..*Cotton hose*, from Sturm & Dietrich, Chemnitz, November 6, 1895:

Ladies' black cotton hose, S. 39, 8/10, 1/2 dozen boxes, entered at 4.80, advanced to 5.50 marks per dozen packed. Discount, 5 per cent. Add charges for boxes and packing to entered value, at .60 pfennig per dozen less 5 per cent.

2734, 10450..*Looking-glass plates, etc.*, from Schunk & Co., Fuerth, November 18, 1895:

Beveled, unsilvered, 36 x 18, entered at 5.19, advanced to 5.25 marks per plate.

Beveled, unsilvered, 40 x 18, entered at 6.03, advanced to 6.15 marks per plate.

Beveled, unsilvered, 48 x 20, entered at 10.25, advanced to 10.37 marks per plate.

Beveled, unsilvered, 24 x 20, entered at 3.67, advanced to 3.80 marks per plate.

Beveled, unsilvered, 28 x 22, entered at 4.98, advanced to 5.10 marks per plate.

Beveled, unsilvered, 30 x 24, entered at 6.11, advanced to 6.24 marks per plate.

Less freight.

2629, 10170..*Wool knit wearing apparel*, from Mills & Gibb, Nottingham, November 9, 1895:

100 B, infants' black cashmere, 3/4 hose, sizes, 4, $4\frac{1}{2}$ and 5, entered at 3s. 11d., sterling, per dozen. No advance.

101 B, Infants' white cashmere, 3/4, 32 half hose, size, $4\frac{1}{2}$, entered at 3s. 11d., advanced to 4s. 2d., sterling, per dozen.

Discount, $3\frac{3}{4}$ per cent. Add cases.

2745, 10242, 2746, 10305.. } *Sugar*, from Robt. Crooks & Co., Liverpool, November 15 and November 22, 1895:

Fifths, not above 16 D. S., entered at 8s. 9d., advanced to 8s. 11d., sterling, per cwt., packed.

Fifths, not above 16 D. S., entered at 9s., advanced to 9s. 2d., sterling, per cwt., packed.

Seconds, above 16 D. S., entered at 14s. 3d., advanced to 14s. 5d., sterling, per cwt., packed.

Discount, 2½ per cent.

2756, 9822..*Sugar*, from ———, Amsterdam, September 21, 1895:

Refined sugar, entered at 11s. 4½d., add bags, advanced to 13s. 2d., sterling, per cwt. or 112 pounds, packed.

2716, 10313..*Pickles*, from Ferdinand Wolf, Berlin, November 7, 1895:

Entered at .20 mark per pound. Add packing. Discount 2 per cent. No advance.

2762, 10171..*Anchovies, n. o. p. f.*, from ———, Messina, September 24, 1895:

Entered at 50, advanced to 100 lire per 100 kilos, net.

2710, 10199..*Refined camphor*, from H. Lucas & Co., Hiogo, July 19, 1895:

Japan camphor, entered at .59½, advanced to .74½ silver yen per pound. Add refining at 3.85 sen per pound. Add packing, etc.

2790, 10505, 2791, 10506.. } *Wool dress goods*, from Tasch's Nachfolger, Glauchau, November 26 and 29, 1895:

118 cm., quality 1037, entered at 1.13, advanced to 1.24 marks per meter.

125 cm., quality 1018, entered at 1.23, advanced to 1.35 marks per meter.

125 cm., quality 1044, entered at 1.50, advanced to 1.65 marks per meter.

108 cm., quality 1016, entered at 1.02, advanced to 1.12 marks per meter.

95 cm., quality 103, entered at .94, advanced to 1.02 marks per meter.

108 cm., quality 7921, entered at .98, advanced to 1.06 marks per meter.

104 cm., quality 7507, entered at 1.15, advanced to 1.25 marks per meter.

95 cm., quality 7913, entered at 1.02, advanced to 1.10 marks per meter.

98 cm., quality 173, entered at 1.09, advanced to 1.18 marks per meter.

95 cm., quality 101, entered at .89, advanced to .96 mark per meter.

115 cm., quality H. H. H., entered at 1.28, advanced to 1.40 marks per meter.

108 cm., quality H. H., entered at 1.19, advanced to 1.30 marks per meter.

118 cm., quality 2155, entered at 1.75, advanced to 1.90 marks per meter.

108 cm., quality 915, entered at 1.19, advanced to 1.30 marks per meter.

95 cm., quality 805, entered at 1.02, advanced to 1.08 marks per meter.

95 cm., quality 803, entered at .94, advanced to 1 mark per meter.

95 cm., quality 3701*a*, entered at 1.07, advanced to 1.16 marks per meter.

98 cm., quality 410, entered at 1.04, advanced to 1.12 marks per meter.

118 cm., quality 5941, entered at 1.25, advanced to 1.36 marks per meter.

Add cases and packing.

2771, 10391..*Cotton hose*, from ———, Chemnitz, November 6, 1895:

Ladies' black cotton hose, 8/10, No. 207, entered at 3.15, advanced to 3.45 marks per dozen.

Ladies' black cotton hose, 8/10, No. 209, entered at 4.50 marks per dozen. No advance.

Ladies' black cotton hose, 8/10, No. 211, entered at 4.70 marks per dozen. No advance.

Ladies' black cotton hose, 8/10, No. 216, entered at 3.45, advanced to 3.55 marks per dozen.

Ladies' colored cotton hose, No. 1365, entered at 3.50, advanced to 3.70 marks per dozen.

Ladies' colored cotton hose, No. 1355½, entered at 3.40 marks per dozen. No advance.

Ladies' black cotton hose, No. 1135, entered at 4.70, advanced to 5 marks per dozen.

2771, 10391..*Cotton hose, etc.*—Continued.

Ladies' black cotton hose, No. 213, entered at 5.10 marks per dozen. No advance.

Ladies' black cotton hose, No. 8783, entered at 2.60, advanced to 2.75 marks per dozen.

Men's colored cotton half hose, No. 118, entered at 2.80, advanced to 2.90 marks per dozen.

Add to ladies' for boxes, packing, and cases at .50 pfennig per dozen.

Add to men's for boxes, packing, and cases at .40 pfennig per dozen.

Discount, 5 per cent.

675 O. P....
2489.....
Boston .....
Mineral red, from John Kenyon & Sons, London, August 27, 1894:

Entered at 6½d., advanced to 7½d., sterling, per pound. Discount, 5 per cent. Add barrels.

661 O. P...
2549.....
Boston .....
Macaroni, from J. Cairet & ses Fils, St. Marcel, September 7, 1895:

Spaghetti, etc., advanced by disallowance of deduction of 5 per cent commission and 2 per cent cartage.

663 O. P.....
2628.....
San Francisco..
Chinese merchandise, from Kwong Wan June, Hongkong, September 25, 1895:

Beansticks, entered at 2.40, advanced to 2.70 Mexican dollars per box.

617 O. P....
2333.....
618 O. P....
2334, etc...
Chicago....
Decorated and plain white earthenware, from Geo. Borgfeldt & Co., Sonneberg, July 3, 1895:

Entered at various prices and discounts, and deduction of 5 per cent commission added to invoice, but deducted on entry. Entered value sustained on reappraisement.

619 O. P.....
2424.....
Chicago.....
Jet ornaments and manufactures of metal, from ———, Bodenbach, September 5, 1895:

Entered at various prices and discounts, and deduction of 5 per cent commission added to invoice, but deducted on entry. Entered value sustained on reappraisement.

1896.
Department Circular No. 20.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., February 1, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

On the exportation of refined sugars made wholly from imported raw sugars, and on the exportation of sirups made wholly from imported raw cane sugars, drawback will be allowed equal in amount to the duties paid on the imported sugars so used, less the legal deduction of 1 per cent.

When the exported sugars are "hard refined," of standard test, commercially known as loaf, cut loaf, cube, granulated, crushed, or powdered, and are made wholly from imported raw cane sugars, the amount of drawback shall be determined by allowing for each 100 pounds of the exported article, the duties paid on the respective grades and quantities of material used, as indicated in the following schedule:

Test of raw sugar used.	Allowance for 100 pounds, hard refined.	Test of raw sugar used.	Allowance for 100 pounds, hard refined.
Degrees.	*Pounds.*	*Degrees.*	*Pounds.*
100	100.00	87	124.27
99	101.87	86	126.14
98	103.73	85	128.01
97	105.60	84	129.88
96	107.47	83	131.74
95	109.34	82	133.61
94	111.20	81	135.48
93	113.07	80	137.35
92	114.94	79	139.21
91	116.81	78	141.08
90	118.67	77	142.95
89	120.54	76	144.82
88	122.41	75	146.68

When "soft refined" sugars made from imported raw cane sugars are exported, the quantity of "crystallizable sugar" contained therein shall be determined by reference to weight and polariscope test of the exported article, and drawback allowance shall be based on the quantity of "crystallizable sugar" so found, as hereinbefore provided for a like quantity of "hard refined" sugar.

When the "hard refined" sugars hereinbefore described are made wholly from imported raw beet sugars, the dutiable value of the material used for each pound of the exported article shall be determined

by dividing the dutiable value of 1 pound of the material used by the decimal denoting the "net analysis" of such material.

The amount of drawback which may be allowed on the exported sirup product of raw cane sugars shall be determined by allowing for each gallon of the exported article, valued at 5 cents in condition as "thrown" from the "centrifugal," the duties paid on the respective grades and quantities of material used as indicated in the following schedule:

Test of raw sugar used.	Allowance for one gallon sirup.	Test of raw sugar used.	Allowance for one gallon sirup.
Degrees.	*Pounds.*	*Degrees.*	*Pounds.*
99	1.36	86	1.56
98	1.37	85	1.58
97	1.39	84	1.60
96	1.40	83	1.62
95	1.41	82	1.64
94	1.43	81	1.66
93	1.44	80	1.68
92	1.46	79	1.70
91	1.48	78	1.72
90	1.49	77	1.74
89	1.51	76	1.77
88	1.53	75	1.79
87	1.55		

The value of the sirup in condition as thrown from the centrifugal shall be declared by the manufacturer on the drawback entry, which declaration shall be verified by the collector, and if the declaration so verified shows a value per gallon above or below 5 cents, the allowance shall be determined by increasing or reducing the schedule allowance in proportion to the increase or reduction above or below the 5 cents per gallon, but in no case shall the allowance be based on a value of sirup exceeding 8 cents per gallon without special authority from the Department.

For fractional tests of the raw cane sugar used in the manufacture of either refined sugar or sirup, the allowances of quantity of material shall be computed in proportion to the schedule allowances for the degrees next above or below such fractional test.

The quantities of sugar and sirup exported shall be ascertained by United States weighers and gaugers, respectively, and samples shall be taken as ordered by the collector, to be submitted to the appraiser for report of polariscope test and such other expert inspection as may be requisite.

On requisition of collectors, appraising officers shall furnish polariscope tests, "net analyses," and other conditions of valuation of raw sugars not found on the import invoice for use in liquidation of drawback entries.

J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary.

1896.
Department Circular No. 21.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., February 4, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending January 25, 1896.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

REPORT ON REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING JANUARY 25, 1896.

N. B.—*In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.*

No. of reappraisement.

10676, 10677... *Bronze powder, etc.*, from Adam Riessner, Nuremberg, November 27 and December 9, 1895:
Brocade, No. 2 L., 2 B., No. 1½ B., entered at .82, advanced to .84 mark per pound.
Brocade, 2 A. and 3 A., entered at .85, advanced to .89 mark per pound.
Brocade, 2 brilliant, entered at .95 mark per pound. No advance.
Plate gold, brilliant/W., entered at 1.13 marks per pound. No advance.
Flitters, No. 3 A. B., entered at .82, advanced to .84 mark per pound.
Lemon B. and Orange B., entered at .88, advanced to .89 mark per pound.
Add boxes.

10527..... .....*Anchovies, n. o. p. f.*, from Deigo Guardino, Naples, November 1, 1895:
Sardines in boxes, 4¾ x 3½ x 1¼, entered at 43, advanced to 45 lire per 100 kilos.

10691..... .....*Macaroni*, from Enrico Birloglio, Nervi, December 18, 1895:
Cases of 10½ kilos each, entered at .36 lira per kilo. Add packing at .60 lira per case. No advance.

10692.....*Vegetables, sauces, etc.*, from Sun Kwong Hop, Hongkong, October 17, 1895:
Soy, entered at 2, advanced to 2.40 Mexican dollars per cask.
Shrimp sauce, entered at 1.50 Mexican dollars per cask. No advance.

10622.....*Wool dress goods*, from Julius Dittrich, Meerane, December 6, 1895:
94/95 cm., silk popeline, No. 1255, entered at 1.05, advanced to 1.15 marks per meter. Discount, 5 per cent. Less inland freight and consul fee.

10587..... *Wool dress goods*, from ———, Glauchau, November 26, 1895:

92/93 cm., all wool, entered at 1.05, advanced to 1.15 marks per meter.

106/107 cm., all wool, entered at 1.32, advanced to 1.45 marks per meter.

Discount, 7 per cent. Add case and packing.

10508, 10588..... *Wool dress goods*, from Schumann & Heidner, Glauchau, November 25 and December 2, 1895:

112/113 cm., Art. 2950, bunt., all wool, entered at 1.20, advanced to 1.30 marks per meter.

112/113 cm., Art. 2950, black and white, all wool, entered at 1.15, advanced to 1.24 marks per meter.

92/93 cm., Art. 3046, wool and mohair, entered at 1.20, advanced to 1.30 marks per meter.

93/94 cm., Art. 3000, wool and silk, entered at 1.20, advanced to 1.30 marks per meter.

124/126 cm., Art. 1027, black and white, all wool, entered at 1.31, advanced to 1.44 marks per meter.

124/126 cm., Art. 1027, bunt., all wool, entered at 1.37, advanced to 1.50 marks per meter.

106/108 cm., Art. 1043, wool and mohair, entered at 1.70, advanced to 1.80 marks per meter.

92/93 cm., Art. 746, all wool, entered at 1.05, advanced to 1.15 marks per meter.

106/8 cm., Art. 7864, all wool, entered at 1.15, advanced to 1.24 marks per meter.

106/8 cm., Art. 762, all wool, entered at 1.32, advanced to 1.45 marks per meter.

106/8 cm., Art. 7865, all wool, entered at 1.12, advanced to 1.20 marks per meter.

92/3 cm., Art. 745, all wool, entered at .98, advanced to 1.05 marks per meter.

106/8 cm., B. P. 350, wool and silk, entered at 1.48, advanced to 1.60 marks per meter.

93/94 cm., B. P. 320, wool and silk, entered at 1.51, advanced to 1.63 marks per meter.

108/9 cm., Art. 761, all wool, black and white, entered at 1.11, advanced to 1.20 marks per meter.

108/9 cm., Art. 764, all wool, colored, entered at 1.165, advanced to 1.26 marks per meter.

93/4 cm., Art. 255, wool and silk, entered at 1.20, advanced to 1.30 marks per meter.

112/3 cm., Art. B. P. 370, all wool, black and white, entered at 1.15, advanced to 1.24 marks per meter.

112/3 cm., Art. B. P. 370, all wool, colored, entered at 1.20, advanced to 1.30 marks per meter.

93/4 cm., Art. B. P. 360, all wool, entered at 1.22, advanced to 1.32 marks per meter.

106/8 cm., Art. B. P. 340, wool and silk, entered at 1.38, advanced to 1.50 marks per meter.

93/4 cm., Art. B. P. 330, wool and silk, entered at 1.51, advanced to 1.65 marks per meter.

106/8 cm., Art. 761, all wool, black and white, entered at 1.10, advanced to 1.18 marks per meter.

93/4 cm., Art. 3063 1, wool and cotton, entered at 1.03, advanced to 1.10 marks per meter.

92/3 cm., Art. T 125, wool and silk, entered at 1.06, advanced to 1.15 marks per meter.

10508, 10588..... *Wool dress goods, etc.*—Continued.

93/4 cm., Art. 3167, all wool, entered at 1.24, advanced to 1.32 marks per meter.

93/4 cm., Art. 3155, wool and silk, entered at 1.11, advanced to 1.20 marks per meter.

93/4 cm., silk jaquard jardiniere, wool and silk, entered at 1.10, advanced to 1.18 marks per meter.

92/3 cm., Art. 745, all wool, entered at .98, advanced to 1.05 marks per meter.

Discount, 7 per cent. Add cases.

10704..... *Cotton hose,* from E. Loewenthal, Berlin, November 13, 1895:

Black flr. women's hose, No. 7358, entered at 3.10, advanced to 5 marks per dozen.

Black women's hose, No. 319½, entered at 2.60, advanced to 3.80 marks per dozen.

Black flr. women's hose, No. 350, entered at 4, advanced to 5.60 marks per dozen.

Cashmere hose, No. 500, entered at 4.50, advanced to 7 marks per dozen.

Men's hose, No. 75, entered at 1.40, advanced to 2.20 marks per dozen.

10614..... *Cotton hose,* from Georg Seidler, Seigmar, December 3, 1895:

Ladies' black cotton hose, maco foot, 2958, entered at 4.65, advanced to 5.25 marks per dozen.

Ladies' mode cotton hose, 2177, entered at 4.30, advanced to 5 marks per dozen.

Men's black cotton half hose, 236, entered at 3.50, advanced to 4.10 marks per dozen.

Ladies' cotton hose, 2121, entered at 3.55, advanced to 4.20 marks per dozen.

Ladies' black cotton hose, 2181, entered at 4.65, advanced to 5.30 marks per dozen.

Ladies' black cotton hose, maco foot, 2953, entered at 4.10, advanced to 4.80 marks per dozen.

Ladies' black cotton hose, 2126, entered at 3.90, advanced to 4.40 marks per dozen.

Ladies' mode cotton hose, 2127, entered at 3.70, advanced to 4.25 marks per dozen.

Ladies' brown cotton hose, 2153, entered at 3.75, advanced to 4.25 marks per dozen.

Ladies' black cotton hose, 2156, entered at 4.20, advanced to 5 marks per dozen.

Ladies' black cotton hose, 2096, entered at 2.90, advanced to 3.50 marks per dozen.

Men's brown cotton half hose, 185, entered at 2.05, advanced to 2.40 marks per dozen.

Men's brown cotton half hose, 170, entered at 3.20, advanced to 3.85 marks per dozen.

Ladies' black cotton hose, 4160, entered at 3.10, advanced to 3.65 marks per dozen.

Ladies' black cotton hose, 2111, entered at 3.45, advanced to 3.95 marks per dozen.

Men's black cotton half hose, maco foot, 306, entered at 3.35, advanced to 4 marks per dozen.

Infants' black cotton hose, 1112, entered at 2.50, advanced to 2.95 marks per dozen.

Ladies' black cotton hose, 2126, entered at 3.95, advanced to 4.45 marks per dozen.

Men's mode cotton half hose, 187, entered at 2.30, advanced to 2.60 marks per dozen.

Men's black cotton hose, 176, entered at 3.55, advanced to 4.30 marks per dozen.

Men's mode cotton hose, 361 T, entered at 3.40, advanced to 4.10 marks per dozen.

Men's black cotton hose, 191, entered at 2.20, advanced to 2.60 marks per dozen.

Children's black cotton hose, size 5, 1126, entered at 2.50, advanced to 2.95 marks per dozen.

Children's black cotton hose, size 5½, 1126, entered at 2.70, advanced to 3.20 marks per dozen.

Children's black cotton hose, size 6, 1126, entered at 2.90, advanced to 3.45 marks per dozen.

10614..... .....*Cotton hose, etc.*—Continued

Children's black cotton hose, size 6½, 1126, entered at 3.10, advanced to 3.60 marks per dozen.

Children's black cotton hose, size 7, 1126, entered at 3.20 advanced to 3.85 marks per dozen.

Children's black cotton hose, size 7½, 1126, entered at 3.50, advanced to 4.10 marks per dozen.

Children's black cotton hose, size 8, 1126, entered at 3.70, advanced to 4.35 marks per dozen.

Children's black cotton hose, size 8½, 1126, entered at 3.90, advanced to 4.60 marks per dozen.

Men's black cotton half hose, 3529, entered at 3.40, advanced to 3.90 marks per dozen.

Men's black cotton half hose, 4309, entered at 3.50, advanced to 4.15 marks per dozen.

Men's brown cotton half hose, 4278, entered at 3.20, advanced to 3.90 marks per dozen.

Children's white cotton hose, size 7, 2416, entered at 2.55, advanced to 3 marks per dozen.

Children's white cotton hose, size 7½, 2416, entered at 2.85, advanced to 3.30 marks per dozen.

Children's white cotton hose, size 8, 2416, entered at 3.15, advanced to 3.60 marks per dozen.

Children's white cotton hose, size 8½, 2416, entered at 3.45, advanced to 3.90 marks per dozen.

Children's black cotton hose, size 7, 2416, entered at 3.75, advanced to 4.20 marks per dozen.

Children's black cotton hose, size 7½, 2416, entered at 4.05, advanced to 4.50 marks per dozen.

Children's black cotton hose, size 8, 2416, entered at 4.35, advanced to 4.80 marks per dozen.

Children's black cotton hose, size 8½, 2416, entered at 4.65, advanced to 5.10 marks per dozen.

Children's black cotton hose, size 5, 215, entered at 2.35, advanced to 2.80 marks per dozen.

Children's black cotton hose, size 5½, 215, entered at 2.70, advanced to 3.15 marks per dozen.

Children's black cotton hose, size 6, 215, entered at 3.05, advanced to 3.50 marks per dozen.

Children's black cotton hose, size 6½, 215, entered at 3.40, advanced to 3.85 marks per dozen.

Children's black cotton hose, size 7½, 215, entered at 4.10, advanced to 4.55 marks per dozen.

Children's black cotton hose, size 8, 215, entered at 4.45, advanced to 4.90 marks per dozen.

Children's black cotton hose, size 8½, 215, entered at 4.80, advanced to 5.25 marks per dozen.

Men's mode cotton half hose, 331, entered at 3.45, advanced to 4 marks per dozen.

Men's brown cotton half hose, 346, entered at 3.20, advanced to 3.80 marks per dozen.

10614.....*Cotton hose, etc.*—Continued.

Men's black cotton half hose, maco foot, 301, entered at 3.60 advanced to 4.30 marks per dozen.

Ladies' black cotton hose, 2176, entered at 4.35, advanced to 4.90 marks per dozen.

Ladies' black cotton hose, 2186, entered at 5.35, advanced to 6 marks per dozen.

Ladies' black cotton hose, maco foot, 2950, entered at 3.10, advanced to 3.55 marks per dozen.

Ladies' black cotton hose, 2261, entered at 3.90, advanced to 4.45 marks per dozen.

Ladies' black cotton hose, 4908, entered at 4.50, advanced to 5.20 marks per dozen.

Men's black cotton half hose, 104, entered at 2.90, advanced to 3.30 marks per dozen.

Men's black embroidered cotton half hose, 114, entered at 3.35, advanced to 3.95 marks per dozen.

Men's brown cotton hose, 1502, entered at 1.95, advanced to 2.30 marks per dozen.

Men's black cotton hose, maco foot, 4306, entered at 3.40, advanced to 4.05, marks per dozen.

Discount, 5 per cent. To entered prices add boxes, packing, and cases. Advanced prices include boxes, packing, etc.

10721... .....*Manufactures of cotton and metal*, from Pastori & Casanova, Morga, November, 15, 1895:

Tappeti figurati, assorted, entered at a discount of 20 per cent, advanced discount, 10 per cent.

10659.....*Manufactures of metal, etc.*, from Benner Witte & Co., Paris, October 12, 1895:

Tenailles grande morbele, entered at 2, advanced to 3 francs per dozen.

10689.....*Manufactures of metal*, from Salmon & Lumley, Paris, December 12, 1895:

Metal hooks, 5021, entered at .30, advanced to .36 franc per gross.

Discount, 2 per cent. Add cases.

10626.....*Manufactures of metal (umbrella tubes)*, from Henry Holland & Co., Birmingham, December 14, 1895:

25 x 6 mm., 27 x 6 mm., 25 x 7 mm, 27 x 7 mm., brown enameled tubes, entered at 33s., advanced to 36s., sterling, per gross. Discount, 5 per cent. Case, packing, inland carriage, 6s. per gross deducted from entered price, deduction disallowed.

10668.....*Hatters' furs not on the skin*, from Louis Kanarek, Tarnow, November 24, 1895:

Rabbit hair, entered at 1.70 florins per kilo, add packing. No advance.

10618. .....*Hatters' furs not on the skin*, from I. Lustgarten, Vienna, October 30, 1895:

Rabbit hair, entered at 1.65, advanced to 1.70 florins per kilo. Add cases.

10757.....*Cotton lace, etc.*, from Seligmann & Marx, Calais, January 3, 1896:

Drawback deducted on entry, advanced by disallowance of deduction of drawback.

10738..... .....*Silk and cotton galloons*, from Benoit Booker, Nottingham, November 11, 1895:

0/969 B., tape, entered at 1s. 3d., advanced to 1s. 4d., sterling, per gross.

Entered discounts, 10 per cent, 5 per cent, and 1¼ per cent. Advanced discounts, 2½ per cent, 1¼ per cent.

10577.....*Manufactures of cotton N. E.*, from Alexander McAllister, Manchester, December 5, 1895:

Cotton velveteen dress facings, majestic colors, 1⅛″ 4-yard bolts, entered at 4s. 6d., advanced to 4s. 9d., sterling, per gross.

Cotton velveteen dress facings, majestic colors, 1⅞″ 4-yard bolts, entered at 7s. 1d., advanced to 7s. 3d., sterling, per gross.

10577.....*Manufactures of cotton N. E., etc.*—Continued.

Cotton velveteen dress facings, majestic colors, 1⅛″ 36-yard reels, entered at 4s. 8d., advanced to 5s., sterling, per gross.

Cotton velveteen dress facings, majestic colors, 1⅞″ 36-yard reels, entered at 7s. 3d., advanced to 7s. 8d., sterling, per gross.

Add cases to advanced prices.

10646.....*Matches*, from ———, Hiogo, August 24, 1895:

Safety matches, entered at 15.25, advanced to 16.50 silver yen per case.

Safety matches, entered at 14.25, advanced to 15.50 silver yen per case.

Safety matches, entered at 13.25, advanced to 14.50 silver yen per case.

Less N. D. charges.

10745.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from L. W. Miller, Macoris, December 24, 1895:

Testing 94.65°, first centrifugal, entered at $1.97 per cwt., add bags, advanced to $0.02059, United States currency, per pound, packed.

10684..... ...*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Booker Bros. & Co., Demerara, December 23, 1895:

Testing 96.24°, entered at $2.25 per 100 kilos, add bags, advanced to $0.023875, United States currency, per pound, packed.

10537, 10536.... } 10535..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from ———, Sourabaya, September 14 and 17, 1895:

Testing 96.58°, entered at 10s. 6d., less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to 9s. 4⅞d., sterling, per cwt. of 112 pounds, packed.

2731 O. P..... } Philadelphia... } *Books*, from Lever Bros., Ltd., Liverpool, November 20, 1895:

Almanacs, 1896, entered at £10, sterling, per 1,000. Add packing. No advance.

2576 O. P..... } Philadelphia... } *Sugar*, from ———, Sourabaya, October 17, 1895:

Testing 97.06°, entered at 11s., less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to 9s. 5½d., sterling, per cwt., packed.

2548 O. P..... } Philadelphia... } *Sugar*, from Erdmann & Sielcker, Sourabaya, July 27, 1895:

Testing 97.27°, entered at 11s. 3d., less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to 9s. $5\frac{9}{10}$d., sterling, per cwt., packed.

2701 O. P..... } Philadelphia... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from ———, Batavia, September 23, 1895:

Testing 96.85°, entered at 11s. 1½d., less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to 9s. 5¼d., sterling, per cwt., packed.

2734 O. P..... } Philadelphia... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Fraser, Eaton & Co., Sourabaya, September 28, October 5, 7, 2, and 9, 1895:

Testing 96.94°, entered at 11s., less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to 9s. 5⅝d., sterling, per cwt., packed.

Testing 96.94°, entered at 11s., less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to 10s. 2d., sterling, per cwt., packed.

Testing 96.94°, entered at 11s., less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to 9s. 9⅞d., sterling, per cwt., packed.

Testing 96.94°, entered at 11s., less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to 10s. 2d., sterling, per cwt., packed.

2743 O. P..... } San Francisco.. } *Glassware*, from The St. Louis Crystal Glass Company, Munzthal, October 22, 1895:

Entered at discounts of 5 per cent, 5 per cent, 5 per cent, and 2 per cent. No advance.

2748 O. P..... } *Macaroni*, from Pates Alimentaires, Marseilles, Nov. 6, 1895:
Boston..... }

Macaroni, cases of 25 one-pound packages, entered at 53 francs per 100 kilos, less 5 per cent commission and 2 per cent cartage, advanced by disallowance of 5 per cent commission and 2 per cent cartage.

Macaroni, alphabets, cases of 24 boxes of 1 pound each, entered at 61.50 francs per 100 kilos, less 5 per cent commission and 2 per cent cartage, advanced by disallowance of 5 per cent commission and 2 per cent cartage.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

2774, 10466.....*Prepared meat*, from Chop Song, Hongkong, October 1, 1895:

Dried meat (pork strips), entered at 6 Mexican dollars per basket. No advance.

Dried meat (sausage), entered at 6, advanced to 8 Mexican dollars per basket.

Add cases, etc.

2744, 10210.....*Chinese merchandise*, from ———, Hongkong, September 14, 1895:

Pickled melon, water, entered at .50, advanced to 1 Mexican dollar per tub of 100 catties.

2638, 10048.....*Manufactures of metal, etc.*, Salmon & Lumley, Paris, October 24, 1895:

Metal hooks, Nos. 5004 and 5013, entered at 20, discounts 15 per cent and 2 per cent, advanced to 25 francs per 100 gross. Discount, 2 per cent. Add case and packing.

2617, 9872.....*Iron plates enameled with vitreous glasses, etc.*, from Lever Bros., Ltd., Liverpool, October 10, 1895:

Enameled iron plates, blue and black, entered at 3s. 9d., advanced to 4s. 6d., sterling, per plate. Discount, 5 per cent. Add cases.

2747, 40243.....*Chestnuts*, from Salvatore Gison, Naples, October 28, 1895:

Entered at 10, advanced to 18 lire per 100 kilos. Add packing charges.

2720, 10298.....*Manufactures of silk*, from Perrot Frères & Co., Lyons, November 20, 1895:

Pongee, 78 cm., Orient 1 écru, entered at .78, advanced to .95 franc per meter. Discount, 20 per cent. Add packing.

2628–9987.....*Manufactures of silk (pongee)*, from Gindre & Co., Lyons, October 20, 1895:

Pongee, 76 cm., écru, entered at .68, advanced to .95 franc per meter.

Pongee, 76 cm., écru, entered at .73, advanced to 1 franc per meter.

Cachemirienne, 92 cm., entered at 1.60, advanced to 1.75 francs per meter.

Discounts, 20 per cent and 1 per cent. Add packing.

2769–10388.....*Silk wearing apparel*, from Reichenbach & Co., Paris, November 20, 1895:

Samples of collars, black and colored, entered at from 20.40 to 132 francs per dozen. Discount, 25 per cent. Advanced by disallowance of 25 per cent discount.

70 cm. beaded nets, entered at 2.45 francs per meter. No advance.

Black beaded collars, entered at 2.85, advanced to 4 francs per collar.

Black beaded collars, entered at 2.10, advanced to 3 francs per collar.

Black beaded collars, entered at 2.25, advanced to 3 francs per collar.

2583–9953.....*Wool dress goods*, from W. H. Arnold, Jr., Greiz, October 10, 1895:

112 cm., all-wool henrietta, Nos. 760 and 860, entered at 1.24, advanced to 1.36 marks per meter.

112 cm., all-wool henrietta, No. 870, entered at 1.30, advanced to 1.43 marks per meter.

2583–9953.....*Wool dress goods, etc.*—Continued.

112 cm., all-wool henrietta, No. 880, entered at 1.36, advanced to 1.49 marks per meter.

112 cm., all-wool henrietta, No. 890, entered at 1.42, advanced to 1.56 marks per meter.

112 cm., all-wool henrietta, No. 900, entered at 1.48, advanced to 1.62 marks per meter.

112 cm., all-wool henrietta, No. 1060, entered at 1.62, advanced to 1.78 marks per meter.

112 cm., all-wool henrietta, No. 660, entered at 1.15, advanced to 1.24 marks per meter.

Discount, 8 per cent. Add packing and making up.

2751–10404..... *Wool dress goods*, from H. Bruhm's Son, Gera, November 16, 1895:

112 cm. henrietta, D., 8 blk., entered at 1.14, discount, 2 per cent and 6 per cent, advanced to 1.24 marks per meter, discount, 8 per cent. Add cases, packing, and making up.

2764–10019..... } *Spun silk, cotton yarn, etc.*, from Bale Stewart & Co., Manchester, October 18, 25, and 29,
2742–10467..... } November 8, 1895:

Gray cotton yarn, 60/2 xx soft Amer., entered at 12⅝d., advanced to 1s. 1d., sterling, per pound. Discount, 2½ per cent. Add bales.

2584–9993.....*Alcoholic perfumery, etc.*, from J. C. Monson, Frankfort, October 15, 1895:

Entered at a discount of 25 per cent; advanced discount, 20 per cent. Add cases.

2796–10495.....*Swords*, from May Fils Aine, Paris, November 26, 1895:

Swords, entered at 24, less 5 per cent, advanced from 25 to 75 francs per dozen, net.

2387–9265..... *Wool dress goods*, from Ernst Boessneck, Glauchau, August 15, 1895:

107 cm., qual. 243, entered at 1.73, advanced to 1.80 marks per meter.

107 cm., qual. 14, entered at 1.35, advanced to 1.40 marks per meter.

107 cm., qual. 130, entered at 1.87, advanced to 2 marks per meter.

107 cm., qual. 244, entered at 1.82, advanced to 1.90 marks per meter.

107 cm., qual. 188, entered at 2.15, advanced to 2.35 marks per meter.

107 cm., qual. 239, entered at 1.76, advanced to 1.85 marks per meter.

107 cm., qual. 119, entered at 1.70, advanced to 1.80 marks per meter.

107 cm., qual. 281, entered at 1.94, advanced to 2.10 marks per meter.

107 cm., qual. 49, entered at 1.55, advanced to 1.65 marks per meter.

107 cm., qual. 68, entered at 2.78, advanced to 3.05 marks per meter.

97 cm., qual. 207, entered at 1.45, advanced to 1.65 marks per meter.

97 cm., qual. 120, entered at 1.99, advanced to 2.10 marks per meter.

97 cm., qual. 76, entered at 2.26, advanced to 2.35 marks per meter.

97 cm., qual. 93, entered at 1.65 marks per meter, advanced to 1.65 marks per meter, net.

97 cm., qual. 188, entered at 1.69, advanced to 1.65 marks per meter, net.

107 cm., qual. 109, entered at 1.50, advanced to 1.60 marks per meter.

107 cm., qual. 153, entered at 2.04, advanced to 2.40 marks per meter.

107 cm., qual. 258, entered at 2.09, advanced to 2.25 marks per meter.

107 cm., qual. 121, entered at 1.52, advanced to 1.60 marks per meter.

97 cm., qual. 120, entered at 1.99, advanced to 2.15 marks per meter.

97 cm., qual. 89, entered at 1.60, advanced to 1.70 marks per meter.

2387–9265..... *Wool dress goods, etc.*—Continued.

107 cm., qual. 1567, entered at 1.45 marks per meter, advanced to 1.45 marks per meter, net.

107 cm., qual. 7511, entered at 2.04, advanced to 2.20 marks per meter.

107 cm., qual. 188, entered at 2.15, advanced to 2.25 marks per meter.

97 cm., qual. 160, entered at 2.20, advanced to 2.30 marks per meter.

113 cm., qual. 125, entered at 1.38, advanced to 1.50 marks per meter.

107 cm., qual. 320, entered at 1.75, advanced to 1.80 marks per meter.

93 cm., qual. 303, entered at .69, advanced to .75 mark per meter.

97 cm., qual. 304, entered at 1.05, advanced to 1.10 marks per meter.

93 cm., qual. 301, entered at .64, advanced to .70 mark per meter.

93 cm., qual. 214, entered at .90, advanced to .95 mark per meter.

93 cm., qual. 218, entered at .95, advanced to 1 mark per meter.

97 cm., qual. 217, entered at 1.15, advanced to 1.25 marks per meter.

93 cm., qual. 861*a*, entered at .70, advanced to .80 mark per meter.

93 cm., qual. 899*a*, entered at 1, advanced to 1.05 marks per meter.

93 cm., qual. 880, entered at .65, advanced to .70 mark per meter.

102 cm., qual. 870*a*, entered at 1.35, advanced to 1.50 marks per meter.

93 cm., qual. 906*a*, entered at 1.10, advanced to 1.20 marks per meter.

112 cm., qual. 714, entered at 1.20, advanced to 1.25 marks per meter.

93 cm., qual. 740, entered at .85, advanced to .90 mark per meter.

93 cm., qual. 1223, entered at .64, advanced to .70 mark per meter.

97 cm., qual. 1200, entered at 1.16, advanced to 1.25 marks per meter.

107 cm., qual. S 3206, entered at 1.08, advanced to 1.20 marks per meter.

107 cm., qual. 320, entered at 1.75, advanced to 1.85 marks per meter.

93 cm., qual. 557, entered at 1.15, advanced to 1.20 marks per meter.

93 cm., qual. S 3248, entered at .95, advanced to 1.05 marks per meter.

93 cm., qual. 4034, entered at .85, advanced to .88 mark per meter.

112 cm., qual. S 3400, entered at 1.20, advanced to 1.30 marks per meter.

107 cm., qual. 4082, entered at 1.90 marks per meter, advanced to 1.90 marks per meter, net.

93 cm., qual. S 3223, entered at .52 advanced to .57 mark per meter.

93 cm., qual. S 3205 entered at .82 advanced to .88 mark per meter.

93 cm., qual. 416, entered at .58, advanced to .60 mark per meter.

93 cm., S 3257, entered at 1, advanced to 1.10 marks per meter.

93 cm., qual. S 1936, entered at .72, advanced to .78 mark per meter.

93 cm., qual. S 3450, entered at 1.30, advanced to 1.40 marks per meter.

93 cm., qual. 447, entered at 1.15, advanced to 1.35 marks per meter.

93 cm., qual. 476, entered at 1.40 marks per meter, advanced to 1.40 marks per meter, net.

93 cm., qual. 408., entered at 1.01, advanced to 1.10 marks per meter.

93 cm., qual. 488, entered at 1.30 marks per meter, advanced to 1.30 marks per meter, net.

93 cm., qual. 497, entered at 1.35, advanced to 1.50 marks per meter.

93 cm., qual. 410, entered at 1.30, advanced to 1.35 marks per meter.

93 cm., qual. 433, entered at .85, advanced to .95 mark per meter.

2387–9265..... *Wool dress goods, etc.*—Continued.

97 cm., qual. 561, entered at 1.03, advanced to 1.25 marks per meter.
93 cm., qual. S 3209, entered at .95, advanced to 1.10 marks per meter.
93 cm., qual. S 3220, entered at .73, advanced to .80 mark per meter.
93 cm., qual. 228, entered at .95, advanced to 1 mark per meter.
97 cm., qual. 304, entered at 1.05, advanced to 1.10 marks per meter.
113 cm., qual. 190, entered at 1.02, advanced to 1.08 marks per meter.
107 cm., qual. 1554, entered at 1.30, advanced to 1.45 marks per meter.
107 cm., qual. 537, entered at 1.38, advanced to 1.50 marks per meter.
113 cm., qual. back ly 1, entered at 1.45, advanced to 1.55 marks per meter.
93 cm., qual. S 3352, entered at 1.10, advanced to 1.15 marks per meter.
87 cm., qual. S 3223, entered at .49, advanced to .54 mark per meter.
107 cm., qual. 925 C, entered at 1.35, advanced to 1.60 marks per meter.
107 cm., qual. 925 D, entered at 1.50, advanced to 1.70 marks per meter.
102 cm., qual. 950 K, call 950 M, entered at 1.50, advanced to 1.55 marks per meter.
93 cm., qual. 861*a*, entered at .70, advanced to .85 mark per meter.
Entered discount, 8 per cent. Advanced prices, net. Add cases and packing.

2735, 10299..... } 2736, 10300..... } *Decorated china*, from K. Kamochi, Hiogo, May 6, 1895:

Vases, jars, milk pitchers, bowls, cups, and saucers, etc. Advances up to 125 per cent.

516–1984 O. P.. Boston..... } *Cold rolled steel*, from Jones & Colver, Sheffield, March 28, 1895:

4 x 21 G., and 4½ x 21 G., entered at £10 7s. 6d., advanced to £11 8s. 6d., sterling, per ton. Discount, 3 per cent.

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1896.
Department Circular No. 22.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., February 5, 1896.

To Officers of the Customs and others:

The attention of officers of the customs and others is invited to the following provision of Section 6 of the Act of August 28, 1894, viz:

"Section 6. That no article of imported merchandise which shall copy or simulate the name or trade-mark of any domestic manufacture or manufacturer, shall be admitted to entry at any custom-house of the United States. And in order to aid the officers of the customs in enforcing this prohibition any domestic manufacturer who has adopted trade-marks may require his name and residence and a description of his trade-marks to be recorded in books which shall be kept for that purpose in the Department of the Treasury, under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe, and may furnish to the Department fac-similes of such trade-marks; and thereupon the Secretary of the Treasury shall cause one or more copies of the same to be transmitted to each collector or other proper officer of the customs."

Applications for the recording of names or trade-marks in this Department will state the name and residence of the domestic manufacturer, and furnish a description of the mark and the names of the ports to which the facsimiles should be sent. No such name or trade-mark will be received unless accompanied by the proper proof of ownership and proof that the owner is a domestic manufacturer, which must consist of the affidavit of the owner or one of the owners, certified by a notary public, or other officer entitled to administer oaths and having a seal.

On the receipt by a customs officer of any such facsimiles, with information from the Department that they have been recorded therein, he will properly record and file them, and will exercise care to prevent the entry at the custom-house of any article of foreign manufacture copying or simulating such mark.

No fees are charged for recording trade-marks in the Department and custom-houses.

A sufficient number of facsimiles should be forwarded to enable the Department to send one copy to each port named in the application, with an additional copy for the files of the Department.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

REPORTS OF INSPECTORS OF CUSTOMS ON PRELIMINARY ENTRIES FOR DRAWBACK.

1896.
Department Circular No. 23.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., February 6, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

In view of the frequency of cases where the Inspectors of Customs report on preliminary entries for drawback, apparently filed at least six hours before the lading of the goods, "goods not found," it is hereby ordered that the inspecting and lading officers shall be required to state in such reports, the date and hour when they reached the place of deposit of the goods specified in the entry.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

OFFICERS ON DUTY UNDER THE LIGHT-HOUSE ESTABLISHMENT.

1896.
Department Circular No. 24.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE LIGHT-HOUSE BOARD,

Washington, D. C., February 11, 1896.

The following list of officers on duty under the Light-House Establishment on this date, with the residence or post-office address of each, is published for the information of all concerned:

MEMBERS OF THE LIGHT-HOUSE BOARD.

Hon. JOHN G. CARLISLE, Secretary of the Treasury and *ex officio* President of the Board, Treasury Department, Washington, D. C.

Rear-Admiral JOHN G. WALKER, U. S. N., Chairman, 1202 Eighteenth Street NW., Washington, D. C.

Mr. WALTER S. FRANKLIN, 24 East Mount Vernon Place, Baltimore, Md.

Col. JOHN M. WILSON, U. S. A., War Department, Washington, D. C.

Mr. W. W. DUFFIELD, Superintendent U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey, Washington, D. C.

Capt. JOHN R. BARTLETT, U. S. N., 1836 Jefferson Place NW., Washington, D. C.

Lieut. Col. ALEXANDER MACKENZIE, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A., War Department, Washington, D. C.

Commander GEORGE F. F. WILDE, U. S. N., Naval Secretary, 1101 K Street NW., Washington, D. C.

Capt. JOHN MILLIS, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A., Engineer Secretary, 1815 Riggs Place NW., Washington, D. C.

INSPECTORS.

1st Dist.—Commander GEORGE E. WINGATE, U. S. N., Custom-House, Portland, Me.

2d Dist.—Commander FRANCIS M. GREEN, U. S. N., Post-Office Building, Boston, Mass.

3d Dist.—Commander ALBERT S. SNOW, U. S. N., Tompkinsville, N. Y.

4th Dist.—Commander GEORGE C. REITER, U. S. N., Post-Office Building, Philadelphia, Pa.

5th Dist.—Commander BENJAMIN P. LAMBERTON, U. S. N., Post-Office Building, Baltimore, Md.

6th Dist.—Commander MORRIS R. S. MACKENZIE, U. S. N., Brown's Wharf, Charleston, S. C.

7th Dist.—Commander WILLIAM B. NEWMAN, U. S. N., Navy-Yard, Pensacola, Fla.

8th Dist.—Commander JOSEPH B. COGHLAN, U. S. N., Custom-House, New Orleans, La.

9th Dist.—Commander JAMES H. DAYTON, U. S. N., Room 1308, Chamber of Commerce Building, corner Washington and La Salle Streets, Chicago, Ill.

10th Dist.—Commander CHARLES V. GRIDLEY, U. S. N., Post-Office Building, Buffalo, N. Y.

11th Dist.—Commander WILLIAM W. MEAD, U. S. N., 80 Griswold Street, Detroit, Mich.

12th Dist.—Commander FRANK COURTIS, U. S. N., Safe Deposit Building, San Francisco, Cal.

13th Dist.—Commander OSCAR W. FARENHOLT, U. S. N., 623–25 Marquam Building, Portland, Oreg.

14th Dist.—Lieut. Commander WILLIAM W. GILLPATRICK, U. S. N., Post-Office Building, Cincinnati, Ohio.

15th Dist.—Commander ABRAHAM B. H. LILLIE, U. S. N., New Custom-House, St. Louis, Mo.

16th Dist.—Commander ANDREW J. IVERSON, U. S. N., Custom-House, Memphis, Tenn.

ENGINEERS.

1st Dist.—Maj. WILLIAM R. LIVERMORE, U. S. A., Rooms 141 and 142, Post-Office Building, Boston, Mass.

2d Dist.—Maj. WILLIAM R. LIVERMORE, U. S. A., Rooms 141 and 142, Post-Office Building, Boston, Mass.

3d Dist.—Maj. HENRY M. ADAMS, U. S. A., Tompkinsville, Staten Island, N. Y.

4th Dist.—Maj. WILLIAM H. BIXBY, U. S. A., Post-Office Building, Philadelphia, Pa.

5th Dist.—Maj. ERNEST H. RUFFNER, U. S. A., Post-Office Building, Baltimore, Md.

6th Dist.—Capt. FREDERIC V. ABBOT, U. S. A., 12 Southern Wharf, Charleston, S. C.

7th Dist.—Maj. JAMES B. QUINN, U. S. A., 349 Carondelet Street, New Orleans, La.

8th Dist.—Maj. JAMES B. QUINN, U. S. A., 349 Carondelet Street, New Orleans, La.

9th Dist.—Maj. MILTON B. ADAMS, U. S. A., 18 Bagley Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

10th Dist.—Lieut. Col. JARED A. SMITH, U. S. A., Hickok Building, 185 Euclid Avenue, corner of Erie Street, Cleveland, Ohio.

11th Dist.—Maj. MILTON B. ADAMS, U. S. A., 18 Bagley Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

12th Dist.—Maj. CHARLES E. L. B DAVIS, U. S. A., Room 89, Flood Building, San Francisco, Cal.

13th Dist.—Capt. WALTER L. FISK, U. S. A , 73 Fourth Street, Portland, Oreg.

14th Dist.—Maj. WILLIAM H. HEUER, U. S. A., Custom-House, Cincinnati, Ohio.

15th Dist.—Lieut. Col. AMOS STICKNEY, U. S. A., 1515 Locust Street, St. Louis, Mo.

16th Dist.—Lieut. Col. AMOS STICKNEY, U. S. A., 1515 Locust Street, St. Louis, Mo.

JOHN G. WALKER,
Rear-Admiral, U. S. N., Chairman.

GEORGE F. F. WILDE,
Commander, U. S. N., Naval Secretary.

JOHN MILLIS,
Captain, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A., Engineer Secretary.

APPROVED:

JOHN G. CARLISLE,
Secretary.

INFORMATION TO BE INCLUDED IN REPORTS ON APPLICATIONS FOR REMISSION OF ADDITIONAL (PENAL) DUTIES UNDER SECTION 7 OF THE ACT OF JUNE 10, 1890, ETC.

1896.
Department Circular No. 25.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington D. C., February 13, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

Hereafter in transmitting to the Department your reports on applications for the remission of additional (penal) duties levied under Section 7 of the Act of June 10, 1890, you will be careful to state the kinds of merchandise, whether purchased or consigned, the total entered and appraised values thereof; the amount of penal duties, and, if consigned, whether exported by foreign purchaser or manufacturer.

In cases in which application is made for the release of merchandise seized for undervaluation under the section above mentioned, you will include in your reports the kinds of merchandise, the total foreign and appraised values, the regular duties, the amount of the penal duties that would have accrued had the merchandise not been seized, and, if consigned, whether exported by foreign purchaser or manufacturer.

The above information is required for the records of these cases kept in this Department, of which the following are the forms:

Applications for the remission of additional (penal) duties.

No.	Name of Applicant.	Date of Application.	Kind of Merchandise.	Purchased or Consigned.	Entered Value.	Appraised Value.	Penal Duty.	Remitted.	Denied.	Remarks.

Applications for release of seizures where duty is over $25.

No.	Name of Applicant.	Date of Application.	Kind of Merchandise.	Foreign Value.	Appraised Value.	Duty.	Penal Duty.	Released.	Denied.	Remarks.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

1896.
Department Circular No. 26.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., February 15, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending February 1, 1896.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

REPORT ON REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING FEBRUARY 1, 1896.

N. B.—*In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.*

No. of Reappraisement.

10787.....*Furniture of wood*, from Josef Hoffmann, Bielitz, December 1, 1895:
Chairs, entered at 1.20, advanced to 1.50 florins each. Add packing charges.

10814.....*Cocoanuts*, from Caribbean Cocoanut Company, Colon, December 26, 1895:
Cocoanuts, entered at 20 condors, Columbian gold, per 1,000. Add sacks and packing. advance.

10749.....*Sauce*, from Quong Mee Yuen, Hongkong, July 22, 1895:
5 cases of soy, thin, entered at 9.97 Mexican dollars per total. Add packing charges. No advance.

10723.....*Nonenumerated manufactured article*, from A. Costa, Genoa, December 18, 1895:
Chestnut flour, entered at 20, add barrels, advanced to 25 lire per 100 kilos, packed.

10818.....*Nonenumerated manufactured article*, from Gourana Fratelli, Isotona, January 3, 1896:
Chestnut flour, entered at 17, advanced to 20 lire per 100 kilos. Add to advanced prices boxes at .50 lira each.

10695.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Francke Higoszla, Havana, December 26, 1895:
Testing 94.50°, entered at 0.02\frac{7}{16}$, less freight, advanced to $0.02383, United States gold, per pound, packed.

10741.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Robt. Crooks & Co., Liverpool, December 31, 1895:
Fifths, entered at £8 17s. 5d., sterling, per ton, discount, 2½ per cent; advanced to £8 18s. 4d., discount, 2½ per cent, packed.

10774.....*Manufactures of wool, manufactures goat hair and cotton, etc.*, from Sir Titus Salt, Bart., Sons & Co., Ltd., Saltaire, December 28, 1895:

No. 8284/95, 56″ all black impl., quality 695, entered at 1s. 8¾d., advanced to 1s. 9¾d., sterling, per yard. Discount, 5 per cent. Add cases and making up.

10753–10755.....*Wool linings*, from J. Cawthra & Co., Ltd., Bradford, December 25, 1895:

32″ black italians, No. 868, entered at 8⅝d., advanced to 9⅝d., sterling, per yard.
32″ black italians, No. 870, entered at 9⅛d., advanced to 10⅛d., sterling, per yard.
32″ black italians, No. 873, entered at 9⅝d., advanced to 10⅝d., sterling, per yard.
32″ black italians, No. 793, entered at 8⅝d., advanced to 9⅝d., sterling, per yard.
32″ black italians, No. 625, entered at 8⅛d., advanced to 8⅞d., sterling, per yard.
32″ black italians, No. 617, entered at 7⅝d., advanced to 8⅝d., sterling, per yard.
32″ black italians, No. 630, entered at 8⅝d., advanced to 9⅝d., sterling, per yard.
32″ black italians, No. 640, entered at 9½d., advanced to 10½d., sterling, per yard.
32″ black italians, No. 650, entered at 10⅝d., advanced to 11⅞d., sterling, per yard.
32″ black italians, No. 655, entered at 11⅝d., advanced to 12⅝d., sterling, per yard.
32″ black italians, No. 645, entered at 10¾d., advanced to 11½d., sterling, per yard.
32″ black italians, No. 662, entered at 12d., advanced to 13⅜d., sterling, per yard.
32″ black and blue cashmeres, No. 799, entered at 10¾d., advanced to 11¾d., sterling, per yard.
54″ black italians, No. 757, entered at 18⅝d., advanced to 20½d., sterling, per yard.
57″ black twills, No. 748, entered at 10½d., advanced to 11½d., sterling, per yard.
57″ black twills, No. 750, entered at 12½d., advanced to 13¾d., sterling, per yard.
Allowance, 1 yard per piece. Discount, 3½ per cent.

10752.....*Wool dress goods*, from R. Waddington, Bradford, December 13, 1895:

42″ fancy blacks, No. 1888, entered at 13¾d., advanced to 15⅛d., sterling, per yard.
40″ fancy blacks, No. 1600, entered at 5¾d., advanced to 6¼d., sterling, per yard.
42″ fancy blacks, No. 2865, entered at 7⅞d., advanced to 8½d., sterling, per yard.
Discount, 2½ per cent. Less freight and N. D. charges.

10786.....*Chemical salt, etc.*, from Kunheim & Co., Berlin, November 29, 1895:

Rhodan ammonia, entered at 181.75, plus bags, advanced to 191.75 marks per 100 kilos, packed.

10722.....*Chemical salt*, from Actien-Gesellschaft Georg Egestorff's Salzwerke, Linden, December 21, 1895:

Chloride barium, entered at 8.77, advanced to 9.18 marks per 100 kilos. Add casks at 3.50 each.

10737.....*Chemical salt*, from Norddeutsche Chemische-Fabrik, Harburg, December 21, 1895:

Hyposulphite of sodium, entered at 9.30, add casks at 2.75, advanced to 11 marks per 100 kilos, packed.

10790–1... .....*Chemical salt*, from Hofmann & Schoetensack, Gernsheim, December 4, 1895:

Phosphate soda, entered at 17.50 marks per 100 kilos. Add casks at 5 marks each. No advance.

10760.....*Blank books*, from Von John Hess, Hamburg, December 12, 1895:

Notes No. 2222/3, entered at 10, advanced to 18 marks per gross.

10591.....*Manufactures of metal*, from F. Goldberg, Berlin, November 28, 1895:

Burners, entered at .70, advanced to .75 mark each. Add packing.

10514.....*Spectacles*, from Leobaldti Frères, Paris, November 21, 1895:
Lunettes, 612$\frac{5}{16}$, entered at 12.25 francs per gross.
Lunettes, 222, 618*s*, entered at 9.50 francs per gross.
No advance.

10817.....*Bleached cotton*, from George Myeroft, Nottingham, January 2, 1896:
108, 36″ striped muslin net, under 100 threads to square inch, entered at 3¾d., sterling, per yard. No advance. Discounts, 2½ per cent and 1¼ per cent. Add cases.

10488.. .....*Manufactures of silk and cotton*, from Meckel & Co., Elberfeld, December 3, 1895:
24″ tie silk, style 10825, entered at 1.25, advanced to 1.50 marks per meter.
24″ tie silk, style 10845, entered at 1.13, advanced to 1.23 marks per meter.
24″ tie silk, style 10970, etc., entered at 1.54, advanced to 1.65 marks per meter.
24″ tie silk, style 10954, etc., entered at 1.50, advanced to 1.63 marks per meter.
24″ tie silk, style 10838, etc., entered at 1.59, advanced to 1.74 marks per meter.
24″ tie silk, style 10951, entered at 1.55, advanced to 1.70 marks per meter.

9945 .....*Manufactures of shells*, from Thos. Gasson, Sheffield, September 27, 1895:
4″ mother-of-pearl slabs, entered at 30s., advanced to 47s., sterling, per dozen.
3¾″ mother-of-pearl slabs, entered at 25s., advanced to 37s., sterling, per dozen.
3½″ mother-of-pearl slabs, entered at 20s., advanced to 30s., sterling, per dozen.
3¼″ mother-of-pearl slabs, entered at 16s., advanced to 24s., sterling, per dozen.
3⅛″ mother-of-pearl slabs, entered at 14s., advanced to 21s., sterling, per dozen.
3″ mother-of-pearl slabs, entered at 12s., advanced to 18s., sterling, per dozen.
2⅞″ mother-of-pearl slabs, entered at 10s., advanced to 15s., sterling, per dozen.
2¾″ mother-of-pearl slabs, entered at 8s., advanced to 12s., sterling, per dozen.
2⅝″ mother-of-pearl slabs, entered at 7s., advanced to 8s. 6d., sterling, per dozen.
2½″ mother-of-pearl slabs, entered at 6s., advanced to 7s. 6d., sterling, per dozen.
2⅜″ mother-of-pearl slabs, entered at 4s., advanced to 5s., sterling, per dozen.
2¼″ mother-of-pearl slabs, entered at 3s., advanced to 3s. 9d., sterling, per dozen.
2⅛″ mother-of-pearl slabs, entered at 2s., advanced to 2s. 9d., sterling, per dozen.

10799, 10800.....*Manufactured articles nonenumerated*, from A. Barnard, London, October 3, 1895:
Stearine pitch, entered at £4 10s. 0d., sterling, per ton. No advance.

10567.....*Wood ware and earthenware*, from G. Salviati, Venezia, November 11, 1895:
Entered discount, 40 per cent; advanced discount, 25 per cent.
Entered discount, 50 per cent; advanced discount, 35 per cent.

10771.....*Prepared mushrooms*, from A. Mathieu, Paris, December 19, 1895:
Champignons, extra, entered at 51.65 francs per case of 100 ½ tins. No advance.
Champignons, 1st choice, entered at 42.60 francs per case of 100 ½ tins. No advance.
Champignons, choice, entered at 31.80 francs per case of 100 ½ tins. No advance.
Champignons, 2d choice, entered at 23.10 francs per case of 100 ½ tins. No advance.
Add for bags, packing, cases, etc., at 22.90 francs per case. Discount, 5 per cent.

10845.....*Prepared mushrooms*, from Ch. Guillanmin, Paris, January 3, 1896:
Cases of 100 ½ tins each, extra C, entered at 59.20 francs per case. No advance.
Cases of 100 ½ tins each, extra B, entered at 57.20 francs per case. No advance.
Cases of 100 ½ tins each, 1st choice, entered at 51.20 francs per case. No advance.
Cases of 100 ½ tins each, choice masson, entered at 41.20 francs per case. No advance.
Cases of 100 ½ tins each, 2d choice, entered at 32.20 francs per case. No advance.
Add for boxes, packing, and cases at 21 francs per case. Discount, 5 per cent.

2617 O. P..... Boston..... } *Medicinal preparations*, from Wing Shong Loong & Co., Hongkong, September 16, 1895:

Medicinal oil, entered at 4 Mexican dollars per box of 500 bottles, advanced to 16 Mexican dollars per total.

2760 O. P..... San Francisco.. } *Manufactures of Silk*, from Mendelson Bros., Yokohama, December 6, 1895:

24 x 50 yards, 8890, momme grade, 9½ fancy silk, entered at 7.30, advanced to 7.60 silver yen per 100 momme.

24 x 50 yards, 8890, momme grade, 9½ fancy silk, entered at 7.50, advanced to 7.60 silver yen per 100 momme.

21 x 60 yards, 641, 646/7, momme grade, 14 fancy silk, entered at 8.50, advanced to 8.70 silver yen per 100 momme.

24 x 50 yards, 8314, momme grade, 9/10 fancy silk, entered at 7.50, advanced to 7.60 silver yen per 100 momme.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

2619, 9981.....*Iron plates enameled with vitreous glasses*, from Lever Bros., Ltd., Liverpool, October 17, 1895:

Enameled iron plates, 36 x 18″, entered at 1s. 3d., advanced to 1s. 4d., sterling, per plate. Discount, 5 per cent. Add cases at 6s. 6d. each.

2834, 10555.....*Flint and cut glassware*, from The Church Bridge Cut Glass Works, Birmingham, September 24, 1895:

8″ bowls, De Sota, smoothed only, entered at 6s., advanced to 9s., sterling, each.

7″ nappies, De Sota, smoothed only, entered at 5s., advanced to 7s., sterling, each.

9″ nappies, Ss & fau, smoothed only, entered at 6s. 6d., advanced to 9s. 9d., sterling, each.

9″ ovals, Ss & fau, smoothed only, entered at 6s., advanced to 8s. 6d., sterling, each.

7″ ovals, Trenton, smoothed only, entered at 4s., advanced to 5s. 3d., sterling, each.

Clarets, De Sota, smoothed only, entered at 15s., advanced to 17s., sterling, per dozen.

10″ bowls, Salvador, smoothed only, entered at 12s., advanced to 18s., sterling, each.

8″ nappies, Trenton, smoothed only, entered at 7s., advanced to 10s., sterling, each.

6″ ovals, Trenton, smoothed only, entered at 2s., advanced to 2s. 9d., sterling, each.

6″ shell nappies, smoothed only, entered at 3s., advanced to 4s., sterling, each.

6″ nappies, Fulton, smoothed only, entered at 3s. 6d., advanced to 5s. 6d., sterling, each.

Olives, Ss & fau, smoothed only, entered at 2s. 6d., advanced to 3s. 6d., sterling, each.

12″ vases, smoothed only, entered at 4s. 6d., advanced to 5s. 6d., sterling, each.

Colognes, smoothed only, entered at 5s. 6d., advanced to 7s., sterling, each.

8″ bowls, Salvador, entered at 12s., advanced to 14s., sterling, each.

6″ vases, entered at 2s., advanced to 2s. 6d., sterling, each.

Add cases and packing.

2823, 10489.....*Flax lace tidies and sets*, from ———, Paris, November 28, 1895:

Linen renaissance tidies, 16/18, 101, entered at 11.20, advanced to 14.50 francs per piece.

Garnitures de lil Guip d'art, 150/50138, entered at 13.25, advanced to 14.75 francs per piece.

Add cases.

2856, 10324..... } *Manufactures of flax*, from J. D. Glass, Moscow, September 5, 1895:
2857–10325, etc. }

Crashes, advances up to 33½ per cent.

2851, 10643.....*Cigarette paper*, from Societe Anonyme des papiers, Paris, December 18, 1895:

Rolls of 30 mm., entered at 1.40 francs per roll, discounts 5 per cent and 2 per cent, advanced to 155 francs per 100 rolls, discount 5 per cent. Less inland freight.

2835, 10589.....*Sauce, etc.*, from Kwong Yuen Hing, Hongkong, July 15, 1895:

Soy, entered at .95, advanced to 2.40 Mexican dollars per case.

Fruit jams, entered at 1.95, advanced to 2.45 Mexican dollars per case.

2568, 9897.....*Manufactures of cotton*, from Gustav Leclercq, Courtrai, October 12, 1895:

Tapis, 130/130 cm., entered at 4.50, advanced to 4.85 francs each.

Tapis, 170/220 cm., entered at 10.50, advanced to 11.30 francs each.

Rideaux, 130/300 cm., entered at 20.25, advanced to 21.85 francs each.

Tapis, 170/170 cm., entered at 8, advanced to 8.60 francs each.

Tapis, 170/260 cm., entered at 12.25, advanced to 13.20 francs each.

Discounts, 10 per cent and 3 per cent.

2640, 9942.....*Embroidered cotton handkerchiefs*, from Jacob Rohnes, Rebstein, October 17, 1895:

Advances up to 14 per cent.

660 O. P..... } *Wool shawls, and wool knit wearing apparel*, from Chu. Zimmermann & Sohn, Apolda, October
2644..... } 16, 1895:
Chicago..... }

Squares, 103/7, entered at 8.80, advanced to 10.65 marks per dozen.

Leggings, drawers, 104/1, entered at 13.80, advanced to 16.65 marks per dozen.

Leggings, drawers, 104/2, entered at 16.70, advanced to 20.10 marks per dozen.

Leggings, drawers, 104/3, entered at 18.90 advanced to 22.75 marks per dozen.

Bootees, 105, entered at 2.60, advanced to 3.15 marks per dozen.

Bootees, 106, entered at 3.30, advanced to 4 marks per dozen.

Bootees, 107, entered at 4.40, advanced to 5.30 marks per dozen.

Bootees, 108, entered at 6.80, advanced to 8.20 marks per dozen.

Mittens, 112/2, entered at 1.70, advanced to 2.05 marks per dozen.

Mittens, 112/3, entered at 2.10, advanced to 2.55 marks per dozen.

Add packing on shawls and leggings at .40 pfennig per dozen; on bootees 105 at .10 pfennig, and on balance at .20 pfennig; and on mittens at .10 pfennig per dozen. Discounts, 2 per cent and 1 per cent.

O

TRANSMISSION OF GOVERNMENT MESSAGES OVER BOND-AIDED OR SUBSIDIZED TELEGRAPH LINES.

1896.
Department Circular No. 27.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY,

Washington, D. C., February 17, 1896.

To Disbursing Officers and other Officers and Agents of the Government:

The observance and enforcement of the following regulations will hereafter be required of the disbursing officers and other officers and agents of the Government. A strict compliance therewith will obviate the necessity of disallowances and suspensions in the settlement of their accounts:

1. The statutes of the United States require that the compensation for messages sent at Government expense over telegraph lines constructed in connection with Pacific railroads, to which bonds have been issued by the United States in aid of their construction, shall be withheld by the Secretary of the Treasury and applied in payment of the subsidy bonds and interest. In order that these provisions of law may be complied with, the accounts of the respective telegraph companies for Government messages sent over bond-aided or subsidized lines must be transmitted to the Treasury Department for settlement, and not be paid by disbursing officers or by any other officers or agents of the Government.

2. Officers or agents of the Government, in sending messages on Government business, are instructed to use the bond-aided or subsidized telegraph lines, whenever practicable to do so, in preference to other lines which are not subject to the same conditions.

3. Messages originating on a bond-aided line and directed to a point on a bond-aided line must be sent over the aided line or lines.

4. Messages originating on a bond-aided line and directed to a point near an aided line should be sent over the aided line in cases where the larger part of the service would be over aided lines.

5. Messages originally filed with a nonaided company which has a through line to the point of destination may be transmitted to destination without transfer to any other line. If the company has no through line and transfer is necessary, the transfer must be to a bond-aided line whenever practicable, and at the nearest point of contact with the aided line. In such cases the officer sending the message must indorse thereon the request that it be sent over the bond-aided line; but a failure to make such indorsement shall not be construed as giving the company the right of selection and discrimination against bond-aided lines.

6. When a message is filed with a bond-aided company, whose operator is also serving a nonaided company, the message must be written on a blank furnished by the former company.

7. Where the entire service is over bond-aided or subsidized telegraph lines no payment to the telegraph companies must be made by the officer or agent of the Government who sends the message or by any disbursing officer. In such case the officer or agent sending the message is not charged with any duty respecting the payment thereof, except to inform the agent or operator of the telegraph company who receives the message that it is the duty of the company under the law to transmit the same, and to

present its account therefor to the proper Department of the Government, to be approved by the head of such Department, under the proper appropriation, and forwarded to the accounting officers of the Treasury for settlement in accordance with the requirements of the law. Such accounts should be forwarded by the respective telegraph companies, through their usual channels, to that Department of the Government with which the officers or agents sending the respective messages are connected. For example: An account for messages sent by officers of the Interior Department should be transmitted to that Department, to be approved and forwarded to the accounting officers of the Treasury for settlement; an account for messages sent by officers of the Department of Justice should be forwarded in like manner to that Department, or an account for messages sent by officers of the Treasury Department should be transmitted to the Secretary of the Treasury.

8. Where the service is continuous and entire over lines partly subsidized and partly not, or over connecting lines one of which is subsidized and the other not, but one account for the entire service should be rendered by the telegraph company which receives and transmits the message, showing the respective amounts claimed for aided and nonaided service. Such account is not to be paid by any disbursing officer or by the officer or agent sending the message, but must be forwarded by the telegraph company to the proper Department of the Government in the manner already indicated, and in the settlement thereof by the accounting officers, the amount found due and payable in money for nonaided service will be certified for payment to the telegraph company, and the amount found due for service over the bond-aided lines will be applied as required by law.

9. Whenever practicable prepayment should not be made on messages sent to and from Washington, D. C., but accounts for the same should be sent through the proper channels to the Treasury Department for payment; provided that this shall not apply to officers required to pay the expense of telegraphing from the emoluments of their offices.

For the information and guidance of all concerned is subjoined a list descriptive of the bonded Pacific railroads in connection with which bond-aided or subsidized telegraph lines have been constructed, and a reference to the several acts of Congress relating thereto.

R. B. BOWLER,
Comptroller.

APPROVED:
J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

List of bonded Pacific railroads in connection with which subsidized telegraph lines have been constructed.

	Miles.
UNION PACIFIC RAILWAY.—From Bridge Junction, Omaha, Nebr., to Utah Central Crossing, Ogden, Utah	1,029.49
UNION PACIFIC RAILWAY (Kansas Division).—From Kansas City, Mo., to a point on the railroad between Monument and Gopher Stations	393.94
CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD (operated by Southern Pacific Company).—	
From Ogden Station, Ogden, Utah, to Sacramento, Cal	742.61
From Brighton, Cal., to Niles, Cal	103.83
From Niles, Cal., to San Jose, Cal	17.54
SIOUX CITY AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.—From Sioux City, Iowa, via California Junction, to Fremont, Nebr	101.77
MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY (Central Branch Union Pacific Railroad).—From Atchison, Kans., to Waterville, Kans	100.00

ACTS OF CONGRESS RELATING TO BOND-AIDED PACIFIC RAILROADS.

Act July 1, 1862, 12 Stats., 489.
Act July 2, 1864, 13 Stats., 356.
Act March 3, 1865, 13 Stats., 504.
Joint resolution May 7, 1866, 14 Stats., 355.
Joint resolution May 21, 1866, 14 Stats., 356.
Act July 3, 1866, 14 Stats., 79.
Joint resolution July 26, 1866, 14 Stats., 367.
Act March 6, 1868, 15 Stats., 39.
Act March 3, 1869, 15 Stats., 324.
Joint resolution March 3, 1869, 15 Stats., 348.
Joint resolution April 10, 1869, 16 Stats., 56.
Act May 6, 1870, 16 Stats., 121.
Act March 3, 1873, 17 Stats., 508.
Act June 20, 1874, 18 Stats., 111.
Act May 7, 1878, 20 Stats., 56.
Act March 3, 1879, 20 Stats., 420.
Act August 7, 1888, 25 Stats., 382.

O

IMPORTATION, INSPECTION, AND TRANSPORTATION OF CATTLE.

1896.
Department Circular No. 28.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., February 18, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The annexed regulations issued by the Secretary of Agriculture under date of the 1st instant, concerning the transportation of cattle, are published for the information and guidance of Collectors and other Officers of the Customs.

It will be observed that the Secretary notifies the managers and agents of railroads and transportation companies of the United States, etc., that "a contagious and infectious disease, known as splenetic or southern fever," exists among cattle in the following described area:

"All that country lying south or below a line beginning at the northwest corner of the State of California; thence east, south, and southeasterly along the boundary line of said State of California to the southeastern corner of said State; thence southerly along the western boundary line of Arizona to the southwest corner of Arizona; thence along the southern boundary lines of Arizona and New Mexico to the southeastern corner of New Mexico; thence northerly along the eastern boundary of New Mexico to the southern line of the State of Colorado; thence along the southern boundary lines of Colorado and Kansas to the southeastern corner of Kansas; thence southerly along the western boundary line of Missouri to the southwestern corner of Missouri; thence easterly along the southern boundary line of Missouri to the Mississippi River; thence southerly along the Mississippi River to the southern boundary line of Tennessee; thence easterly along said boundary line to the southeastern corner of Polk County, Tenn.; thence northerly along the eastern boundary line of Tennessee to the southern boundary line of Virginia; thence west along said boundary line to the boundary line of Kentucky at the western point of Virginia; thence northerly along said boundary line to the northernmost point of Virginia; thence southerly along said boundary line to the northeast corner of Virginia, where it joins the southeastern corner of Maryland at the Atlantic Ocean."

Attention is invited to Paragraph 4 of said regulations which prescribes as follows:

"Cattle from the Republic of Mexico may be admitted into the United States to remain below said Federal quarantine line after inspection according to law, but said cattle shall not be permitted to cross said quarantine line otherwise than by rail for immediate slaughter, except by special permit from the inspectors of the Bureau of Animal Industry issued according to the regulations of the said Bureau, and no permit shall be issued except for cattle free from splenetic or Texas fever, or from contact therewith during the three months preceding the issuance of said permit, and which have been grazed in a locality free from infection of such fever."

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

REGULATIONS CONCERNING CATTLE TRANSPORTATION.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., February 1, 1896.

To the Managers and Agents of Railroads and Transportation Companies of the United States, Stockmen and Others:

In accordance with Section 7 of the act of Congress approved May 29, 1884, entitled "An act for the establishment of a Bureau of Animal Industry, to prevent the exportation of diseased cattle, and to

provide means for the suppression and extirpation of pleuro-pneumonia and other contagious diseases among domestic animals," and of the act of Congress approved March 2, 1895, making appropriation for the Department of Agriculture for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1896, you are hereby notified that a contagious and infectious disease known as splenetic or Southern fever exists among cattle in the following-described area:

All that country lying south, or below, a line beginning at the northwest corner of the State of California; thence east, south, and southeasterly along the boundary line of said State of California to the southeastern corner of said State; thence southerly along the western boundary line of Arizona to the southwest corner of Arizona; thence along the southern boundary lines of Arizona and New Mexico to the southeastern corner of New Mexico; thence northerly along the eastern boundary of New Mexico to the southern line of the State of Colorado; thence along the southern boundary lines of Colorado and Kansas to the southeastern corner of Kansas; thence southerly along the western boundary line of Missouri to the southwestern corner of Missouri; thence easterly along the southern boundary line of Missouri to the Mississippi River; thence southerly along the Mississippi River to the southern boundary line of Tennessee; thence easterly along said boundary line to the southeastern corner of Polk County, Tenn.; thence northerly along the eastern boundary line of Tennessee to the southern boundary line of Virginia; thence west along said boundary line to the boundary line of Kentucky at the western point of Virginia; thence northerly along said boundary line to the northernmost point of Virginia; thence southerly along said boundary line to the northeast corner of Virginia where it joins the southeastern corner of Maryland, at the Atlantic Ocean.

Whenever any State or Territory located above or below said quarantine line as above designated shall duly establish a different quarantine line, and obtain the necessary legislation to enforce said last-mentioned line strictly and completely within the boundaries of said State or Territory, and said last above-mentioned line and the measures taken to enforce it are satisfactory to the Secretary of Agriculture, he may by a special order temporarily adopt said State or Territorial line.

Said adoption will apply only to that portion of said line specified, and may cease at any time the Secretary may deem it best for the interest involved, and in no instance shall said modification exist longer than the period specified in said special order; and at the expiration of such time said quarantine line shall revert without further order to the line first above described.

Whenever any State or Territory shall establish a quarantine line, for above purposes, differently located from the above-described line, and shall obtain by legislation the necessary laws to enforce same completely and strictly, and shall desire a modification of the Federal quarantine line to agree with such State or Territorial line, the proper authorities of such State or Territory shall forward to the Secretary of Agriculture a true map or description of such line and a copy of the laws for enforcement of same, duly authenticated and certified.

Such States or Territories as now have a line established as last above mentioned can immediately forward certified copies of said line and laws for the enforcement thereof, and if satisfactory to the Secretary of Agriculture, the same may be adopted at once and the Federal line so modified.

From the 15th day of February to the 15th day of November during each year no cattle are to be transported from said area south or below said Federal quarantine line above described to any portion of the United States above, north or west of the above-described line, except by rail for immediate slaughter, and when so transported the following regulations must be observed:

1. When any cattle in course of transportation from said area are unloaded above, north or west of this line to be fed or watered, the places where said cattle are to be fed or watered shall be set apart and no other cattle shall be admitted thereto.

2. On unloading said cattle at their points of destination, pens shall be set apart to receive them, and no other cattle shall be admitted to said pens; and the regulations relating to the movement of cattle from said area, prescribed by the cattle sanitary officers of the State where unloaded, shall be carefully observed. The cars that have carried said stock shall be cleansed and disinfected before they are again used to transport, store, or shelter animals or merchandise.

3. All cars carrying cattle from said area shall bear placards stating that said cars contain Southern cattle, and each of the waybills of said shipments shall have a note upon its face with a similar statement. Whenever any cattle have come from said area and shall be reshipped from any point at which they have been unloaded to other points of destination, the cars carrying said animals shall bear similar placards with like statements, and the waybills be so stamped. At whatever point these cattle are unloaded they must be placed in separate pens, to which no other cattle shall be admitted.

4. The cars and boats used to transport such animals, and the pens in which they are fed and watered, and the pens set apart for their reception at points of destination, shall be disinfected in the following manner:

(*a*) Remove all litter and manure. This litter and manure may be disinfected by mixing it with lime or saturating it with a 5 per cent solution of carbolic acid, or, if not disinfected, it may be stored where no cattle can come into contact with it until after November 15.

(*b*) Wash the cars and the feeding and watering troughs with water until clean.

(*c*) Saturate the walls and floors of the cars, and fencing, troughs, and chutes of the pens with a solution made by dissolving 4 ounces of chloride of lime to each gallon of water. Or disinfect the cars with a jet of steam under a pressure of not less than 50 pounds to the square inch.

Cattle from the Republic of Mexico may be admitted into the United States to remain below said Federal quarantine line after inspection according to law, but said cattle shall not be permitted to cross said quarantine line otherwise than by rail for immediate slaughter, except by special permit from the inspectors of the Bureau of Animal Industry issued according to the regulations of the said Bureau, and no permit shall be issued except for cattle free from splenetic or Texas fever, or from contact therewith during the three months preceding the issuance of said permit, and which have been grazed in a locality free from infection of such fever.

The losses which formerly occurred to the owners of susceptible cattle, both in the interstate and export trade, by the contraction of this disease from exposure in unclean and infected cars and pens, and by means of the manure carried in unclean cars from place to place, became a matter of grave and serious concern to the cattle industry of the United States until this danger was removed by the inspection of this Department. It is absolutely essential, therefore, that this cattle industry should continue to be protected as far as possible by separating the dangerous cattle and by the adoption of efficient methods of disinfection.

Inspectors will be instructed to see that disinfection is properly done, and it is expected that transportation companies will promptly put into operation the above methods.

All prior orders conflicting herewith are hereby revoked.

J. Sterling Morton,

Secretary.

1896.
Department Circular No. 29.
Division of Revenue Cutter Service, No. 63.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., February 20, 1896.

The following Circular is published for the information of officers of the Revenue Cutter Service:

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

CIRCULAR.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Washington, D. C., February 8, 1896.

In compliance with the request of the Secretary of the Treasury of 4th instant, it is hereby ordered that when officers of the Revenue Cutter Service are ordered from the Atlantic to the Pacific coast, or *vice versa*, officers of the Quartermaster's Department will furnish the necessary transportation, upon presentation of their orders, accompanied with request from the Treasury Department for the transportation involved.

The transportation will be paid by the Treasury Department.

Respectfully,

R. N. BATCHELDER,
Quartermaster-General, U. S. Army.

1896.
Department Circular No. 30.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., February 24, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending February 8, 1896.

W. E. CURTIS,
Assistant Secretary.

REPORT ON REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING FEBRUARY 8, 1896.

N. B.—*In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.*

No. of Reappraisement.

10836, 10811..... 10813, 10838..... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Francke Hijos & Co., Havana, January 4, 1896:

Testing 93.15°, entered at $0.025, less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to $0.02384, United States gold, per pound, packed.

Testing 93.23°, entered at $0.025, less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to $0.02373, United States gold, per pound, packed.

Testing 94.51°, entered at $0.025, less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to $0.0246, United States gold, per pound, packed.

Testing 94.172°, entered at $0.025, less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to $0.02433, United States gold, per pound, packed.

10837, 10876.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Hidalgo & Co., Havana, December 24, 1895:

Testing 93.50°, entered at 0.02\frac{5}{16}$, less freight, advanced to $0.02321, United States gold, per pound, packed.

Testing 94.35°, entered at $0.025, less freight, advanced to $0.02374, United States gold, per pound, packed.

Testing 93.425°, entered at $0.025, less freight, advanced to $0.02385, United States gold, per pound, packed.

10621.....*Orange boxes*, from Yeoward Bros., Liverpool, December 21, 1895:

Empty boxes, entered at 6d., advanced to 1s. 2d. sterling per box, less than 4 cubic feet.

10612.....*Orange boxes*, from Leeman & Moss, Liverpool, December 11, 1895:

Empty boxes, entered at 1s., advanced to 1s. 4d. sterling per box, over 4 cubic feet and less than 6 cubic feet.

10608, 10605..... 10606, 10640..... *Orange boxes*, from Arthur Baker, L. H. Williams & Co., and Russell, Fairbeard & Fletcher, Liverpool, December 7, 10, 14, and 21, 1895, and Glasgow, December 13, 1895:

Empty boxes, entered at 1s. 6d. sterling per box. No advance.

10847..... *Orange boxes*, from Richardson & Carmichael, Liverpool, January 10, 1896:

Large cases, entered at 2s. 4d. sterling each. No advance.

10671, 10586..... 10820, 10822..... *Orange boxes*, from McGeorge & Jardine, J. McKittrick & Co., Smith & Crouch, Liverpool, December 19, 21, and 31, 1895, and January 3, 1896:

Entered at 1s. 8d. sterling per box. No advance.

10849..... *Manufactures of Wool*, from Sir Titus Salt, Bart., Sons & Co., Ltd., Saltaire, January 10, 1896:

62 and 63, black, all imperial, No. 8461, entered at 1s. 8¾d., advanced to 1s. 9¾d. sterling per yard. Discount, 5 per cent. Add making up and case.

10743..... *Manufactures of wool and cotton*, from E. Possett & Co., Bradford, December 23, 1895:

56-in. cott. wp. twill, G., entered at 1s. 5½d., advanced to 1s. 6½d. sterling per yard. Less measure $\frac{1}{37}$. Discount, 2½ per cent. Add packing and making up.

10660..... *Manufactures of wool and cotton*, from Ferdinand Heilborn & Co., Bradford, December 11, 1895:

57/6, blk. French B. R. twill, entered at 2s. 5d., advanced to 2s. 5.73d. sterling per yard.

56″ black C/W twill, entered at 1s. 3½d., advanced to 1s. 5.89d. sterling per yard.

Less measure $\frac{1}{37}$. Discount, 5 per cent. Add making up, cases, and lining.

10678..... *Manufactures of silk and cotton*, from R. D. Warburg & Co., Lyons, December 26, 1895:

Polonaise, 92 cm., entered at 1.36, advanced to 1.56 francs per meter.

Mirveilleux, 92 cm., entered at 1.57, advanced to 1.70 francs per meter.

Polonaise, 92 cm., entered at 1.05, advanced to 1.20 francs per meter.

Polonaise, 92 cm., entered at 2, advanced to 2.30 francs per meter.

Austria, 92 cm., entered at .76, advanced to 1.05 francs per meter.

Polonaise, 92 cm., entered at .74, advanced to 1.05 francs per meter.

Diagonal, 92 cm., entered at .80, advanced to 1.15 francs per meter.

Discount, 20 per cent. Add cases and packing.

10679..... *Manufactures of silk and cotton (Austria, etc.)*, from Noyer, Durand & Co., Lyons, November 23, 1895:

Rayé, 46 cm., 467, entered at .75, advanced to .85 franc per meter.

Austria, 92 cm., 466, cotton grege dyed in piece, entered at .92, advanced to 1.05 francs per meter.

Polonaise, 92 cm., 468/91, cotton grege, entered at .60, advanced to .76 franc per meter.

Discount, 20 per cent.

10702..... *Manufactures of silk and cotton (Austria, etc.)*, from Messrs. Schelling & Co., Lyons, December 7, 1895:

Austria, 92 cm., black and card black, entered at .82, discounts, 20 per cent and 1 per cent, advanced to 1.05 francs per meter, discount, 20 per cent. Add cases and packing charges.

10462, 10670..... *Prepared mushrooms*, from Talbot Frères, Bordeaux, November 19 and December 14, 1895:

Cases of 100 ½ tins, first choice, entered at 58, advanced to 68 francs per case.

Cases of 100 ½ tins, choice, entered at 48, advanced to 56 francs per case.

Cases of 100 ½ tins, hotel, entered at 40, advanced to 47 francs per case.

Cases of 100 ½ tins, extra, entered at 68, advanced to 74 francs per case.

10725.....*Sauce*, from The Birmingham Vinegar Brewery Co., Ltd., Birmingham, December 24, 1895:

Rep. ½ pts. Holbrook's Worcest. sauce, entered at 2s., advanced to 2s. 6d. sterling per dozen.

Rep. pints Holbrook's Worcest. sauce, entered at 3s., advanced to 4s. 3d. sterling per dozen.

Rep. quarts Holbrook's Worcest. sauce, entered at 5s. 3d., advanced to 9s. sterling per dozen.

Add cases.

10810.....*Sauce, etc.*, from Choy Chong Lung, Hongkong, November 15, 1895:

Oyster oil, entered at 1.80, advanced to 6.15 Mexican dollars per case of 6 dozen each.

10877..... ....*Pineapples*, from D. W. Hainer, Havana, January 16, 1896:

Pineapples, entered at $0.80, advanced to $1, United States currency, per barrel. Add barrels at 20 cents each.

10840..... .....*Alcoholic perfumery*, from Lecaron & Fils, Paris, December 4, 1895:

Entered discounts, 15 per cent and 10 per cent, advanced discount, 20 per cent.

10855..... *Sweetmeats, etc.*, from Ze Zu, Hongkong, November 28, 1895:

Entered at 2.25, advanced to 3.60 Mexican dollars per box of 72 catties.

10783.....*Manufactures of shell and metal*, from Dabdub Bros., Jerusalem, October 23, 1895:

Rosaries, mother-of-pearl, 2d quality, metal-mounted, small, entered at 42, advanced to 60 francs per gross.

Rosaries, mother-of-pearl, No. 1, entered at 48, advanced to 72 francs per gross.

Rosaries, mother-of-pearl, 1st quality, 1/2, entered at 60, advanced to 72 francs per gross.

Rosaries, mother-of-pearl, 1st quality, 3, entered at 75, advanced to 108 francs per gross.

Rosaries, mother-of-pearl, 1st quality, 4, entered at 84, advanced to 120 francs per gross.

Rosaries, mother-of-pearl, 2d quality, 2, entered at 54, advanced to 84 francs per gross.

Rosaries, mother-of-pearl, oral, 1st quality, 1, entered at 45, advanced to 72 francs per gross.

Rosaries, mother-of-pearl, oral, 2d quality, 2, entered at 48, advanced to 80 francs per gross.

Rosaries, mother-of-pearl, oral, 1st quality, 1, entered at 90, advanced to 120 francs per gross.

Rosaries, mother-of-pearl, oral, 1st quality, 2, entered at 102, advanced to 144 francs per gross.

Crosses, metal figures, entered at 12, advanced to 18 francs per gross.

10758.....*Pocketknives, etc.*, from T. H. Clowes, Stoke-on-Trent, December 13, 1895:

Entered at 1s. 11½d., advanced to 2s. 2½d. sterling per dozen.

2763 O. P..... Philadelphia... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Johnston, Pater & Co., Pernambuco, December 6, 1895:

Entered at a total value, advanced to 8s. 5.46d. sterling per cwt., packed.

2779 O. P..... San Francisco.. } *Cut glass*, from Zimmer & Schmidt, Gablonz, November 8, 1895:

Entered discount, 10 per cent, advanced discount, 5 per cent.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

2822, 10516..... 2861, 10609..... Etc..... } *Manufactures of wool*, from Joseph Wilcox & Co., Bradford, December 4 and 11, 1895:

56-in., fancy, entered at 2s. 5½d., advanced to 2s. 8½d. sterling per yard. Less $\frac{1}{37}$ and $\frac{1}{40}$. Add making up and packing. Discount, 2½ per cent.

2863, 10631..... *Wool dress goods*, from Schulze & Son, Greiz, December 13, 1895:

115 cm., berle 645, wool, entered at .77, advanced to .95 mark per meter.

95 cm., rapine 669, wool and silk, entered at 1.06, advanced to 1.20 marks per meter.

95 cm., Othello 667, wool and silk, entered at .80, advanced to .90 mark per meter.

Hansa, 657, 654, 653, J. 800, and 652, entered at .82, advanced to .92 mark per meter.

Discount, 8 per cent. Add cases and packing.

2615, 9767..... } 2616, 9768..... } *Manufactures of silk and cotton*, from Mecanische Seidenweberei, Crefeld, August 29, and September 8, 1895:

37j, serge roh 6 L. R. B., entered at .35, advanced to .60 mark per meter.

37j, diagonal roh D. G. L. 3, entered at .44, advanced to .65 mark per meter.

34j, satin roh G. R. C. C. F., entered at .69, advanced to .84 mark per meter.

37j, serge roh 6 G. R. C. C. F., entered at .69, advanced to .84 mark per meter.

37j, satin roh P. 602 F., entered at .77, advanced to .96 mark per meter.

43½j, gloriosa noir L. O. S., entered at .83, advanced to .95 mark per meter.

43½j, gloriosa noir A. P. P. N., entered at .83, advanced to .99 mark per meter.

36j, gloriosa noir P., entered at .73, advanced to .85 mark per meter.

36j, Rhadame chang B. G. T., entered at 1.44, advanced to 1.53 marks per meter.

36j, Rhadame noir B. G. T., entered at 1.40, advanced to 1.48 marks per meter.

37j, satin roh P. R. N. M., entered at .51, advanced to .73 mark per meter.

37j, serge roh 8.382 S. B., entered at .61, advanced to .80 mark per meter.

37j, gloriossa roh, 50 A. A., entered at .49, advanced to .70 mark per meter.

37j, chevron roh, C. L., entered at .68, advanced to .83 mark per meter.

Add packing.

2864, 10412..... *Manufactures of silk*, from Gindre & Co., Lyons, November 13, 1895:

Pongee, 31-in. écru, entered at .68, advanced to .95 franc per meter.

Pongee, 31-in. écru, entered at .73, advanced to 1 franc per meter. Discounts, 20 per cent and 1 per cent.

Add cases and packing.

2869, 10478..... *Manufactures of silk and cotton*, from H. E. Schniewind, Elberfeld, November 29, 1895:

24j, fig. satin, N. F., entered at 2.38½, advanced to 2.60 marks per meter.

24j, fancy R., entered at 1.24½, advanced to 1.60 marks per meter.

24j, all silk swivel, E. R. R., 107, entered at 1.89½, advanced to 2 marks per meter.

24j, crav. art., 284, entered at .96, advanced to 1 mark per meter.

24j, all silk swivel, H. H., 192, entered at 2.50½ marks per meter. No advance.

24j, arm. E. R. R., 111, entered at .92, advanced to 1 mark per meter.

2870, 10700..... *Chemical salt*, from E. de Haen, Hanover, December 14, 1895:

Peroxide barium, entered at 74, advanced to 78.80 marks per 100 kilos, net, packed.

568 O. P..... } 2326..... } Boston..... } *Sugar*, from Morales & Co., Fajardo:

Testing 88.50°, entered at .0275, advanced to .0328, Porto Rico currency, per pound, packed.

O

AMENDED STEAMBOAT RULES AND REGULATIONS.

1896.
Department Circular No. 31.

Treasury Department,

STEAMBOAT-INSPECTION SERVICE,

Office of the Supervising Inspector General,

Washington, D. C., February 19, 1896.

At the regular meeting of the Board of Supervising Inspectors of Steam Vessels, held at Washington, D. C., January, 1896, in pursuance of section 4405, Revised Statutes of the United States, amendments were made to Rules I, II, III, V, and IX, of the General Rules and Regulations.

Form 2177, Certificate of Inspection for Foreign Passenger Steamers, was amended; and inspectors in districts where foreign passenger steamers are inspected should make immediate requisition therefor, and, as soon as supplied, use the new form exclusively, interlining the changes in book of certificates.

These amendments to the rules, having received the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, have now the force of law, as provided in section 4405, Revised Statutes, and must be observed accordingly.

The following devices were approved by the Board, and have also received the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, as required by section 4491, Revised Statutes:

The Reliance Metallic Life Raft, presented by L. H. Raymond.

The Lunkenheimer Improved Pop Safety Valve.

The Board, under the authority conferred upon it by section 4429, Revised Statutes, approved coil and pipe boilers presented by the following-named persons and firms, when such boilers are constructed in all their parts of wrought iron, steel, or cast steel, in the manner as provided in the general rules of the Board:

C. R. Benton, Vergennes, Vt.
Baylies C. Clark, New York, N. Y.
J. F. Craig, Toledo, Ohio (Craig Water Tube Boilers, Nos. 1 and 2).
E. N. Drouillard, Wyandotte, Mich. (Drouillard Water Tube Boiler No. 1).
A. W. Finlayson, Detroit, Mich.
T. W. Godwin & Co., Norfolk, Va.
Samuel M. Gray, Providence, R. I.
Wm. H. Herbertson, Cadwalader, Pa.
L. W. Loomis, Carrollton, Ill.
Wm. H. C. Lyons, Philadelphia, Pa.
John Mohr & Sons, Chicago, Ill.
Wm. Oldman, Jr., Buffalo, N. Y. (horizontal and vertica[illegible]ers).
Geo. E. & Chas. A. Painter, Pittsburg, Pa.
Wm. E. Plummer, Jr., Buffalo, N. Y.
Joseph Provencher, East Providence, R. I.
J. B. Rives, St. Paul, Minn. (waterous boiler).

Rochester Machine Tool Works, Rochester, N. Y. (Buckley Patent Water Tube Pipe Boiler).
Isaac E. Shepardson, Providence, R. I.
R. Weston & A. M. Lemke, Saginaw, Mich.
Geo. L. Whittington, Sea Isle City, N. J.
Chas. P. Willard, Chicago, Ill.

Following is the text of the rules amended in part only, the parts stricken out inclosed in brackets [thus], while the additions to such paragraphs are printed in *italics*. Entirely new sections and paragraphs of sections are in plain type preceded by the word (new) in parentheses.

JAS. A. DUMONT,

Supervising Inspector General,
President of the Board of Supervising Inspectors of Steam Vessels.

Approved February 19, 1896.

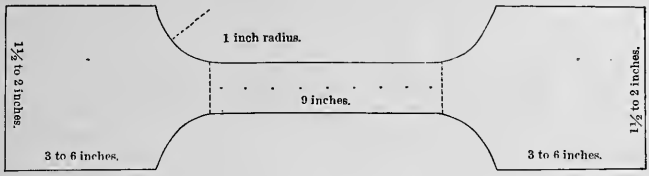
S. WIKE,
Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

RULES.

RULE I.

Section 3. (Third paragraph new.)

To ascertain the tensile strength and other qualities of steel plate, there shall be taken from each sheet to be used in shell or other parts of boiler which are subject to tensile strain, a test piece prepared in form according to the following diagram:



The straight part in center shall be 9 inches in length and 1 inch in width, marked with light prick punch marks at distances 1 inch apart, as shown, spaced so as to give 8 inches in length.

The sample must show, when tested, an elongation of at least 25 per cent in a length of 2 inches, for thickness up to $\frac{1}{4}$ inch, inclusive; and in a length of 4 inches, for over $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{7}{16}$, inclusive; in a length of 8 inches, for over $\frac{7}{16}$ to 1 inch, inclusive; and in a length of 6 inches, for all thickness over 1 inch.

The reduction of area shall be the same as called for by the rules of the Board. No plate shall contain more than .06 per cent of phosphorus, and .04 per cent of sulphur, to be determined by analysis by the manufacturers, verified by them, and copy furnished the inspector for each order tested; which analysis shall, if deemed expedient by the Supervising Inspector General, be verified by an outside test at the expense of the manufacturer of the plate.

It being further provided that said manufacturer shall also furnish a certificate with each order of steel to be tested, stating the technical process by which said steel was manufactured. It being further provided that steel manufactured by what is known as the Bessemer process shall not be allowed to be used in the construction of marine boilers. Plates over 1 inch in thickness may be reduced to 1 inch in the straight part for testing, in cases where the testing apparatus is not of sufficient capacity to test the full thickness of plate. The reduction of area and elongation must be equal to the requirement of full thickness of metal.

Provided, however, That where contracts for boilers for ocean-going steamers require a test of material in compliance with the British Board of Trade, British Lloyds, or Bureau Veritas rules for testing, the inspectors shall make the tests in compliance with the above rules. The samples shall also be capable of being bent to a curve of which the inner radius is not greater than one and a half times the thickness of the plates after having been heated uniformly to a low cherry red, and quenched in water of 82 degrees Fahrenheit. Such tests are to be made at the place of manufacture of the material, by a local or assistant inspector of the district in which such material is to be used, whenever possible. If, however, from distance or other sufficient reason,

the inspectors of the district are unable to make such tests, the Supervising Inspector General may direct a local or assistant inspector from another district to make them. In every case, however, the inspector making the tests shall stamp the initials of his name above the manufacturer's stamp on the plates, and also the letters "U. S. I.", with the initials or abbreviated signs of the name of the port to which the inspector making the tests belongs.

Provided always, That the plate possesses homogeneousness, toughness, and ability to withstand the effect of repeated heating and cooling; but should these tests prove any plate to be overstamped, such plate must be rejected as failing to have the strength stamped thereon. But nothing herein shall be so construed as to prevent the manufacturer from restamping such plate and all other plates in the lot at the lowest tensile strength indicated by the deficient sample, provided such restamping is done previous to the use of the plates in the manufacture of marine boilers. When more than one sample shall be tested from one sheet, the sample showing the lowest tensile strength shall be allowed as the tensile strength of the plate.

These amendments shall take effect on and after July 1, 1896.

Section 4. (First paragraph.)

4. The manufacturer of any boiler to be used for marine purposes shall furnish the inspectors of the district where such boiler or boilers are to be constructed a blue print or tracing descriptive of same for their approval, which shall be kept on file in their office. *Where more than one boiler is made from a similar design, a drawing of which is on file in the local inspector's office, if made at a different date, a reference to such drawing on file is all that shall be required.* The manufacturer shall also furnish the inspectors a written statement of the kind of material and size of rivets to be used in the construction of such boiler, and the size and pitch of the rivet holes in same, as well as an affidavit in the following form, subscribed to, either by himself or authorized agent having superintendence of the construction of such boilers.

RULE II.

Section 9. (New paragraph at end of section.)

Tubes, water pipes, and steam pipes, made of steel manufactured by the Bessemer process, shall not be allowed to be used in any marine boiler built from and [on or] after July 1, 1896; nor shall any tube increased in thickness by welding one tube inside of another be allowed for use after the above-named date.

Section 14. (Third paragraph amended.)

RIBBED FURNACE FLUES.

The strength of ribbed flues, when used for furnaces or steam chimneys (rib projections not less than $1\frac{3}{8}$ inches deep), and not more than 9 inches from center to center of ribs, and provided that the plain parts at ends do not exceed 9 inches, and constructed of plates not less than $\frac{7}{16}$ inch thick, with practically true circle; and

The strength of corrugated flue when used for furnace or steam chimney, corrugated by sections with flanged ends overlapping each other and riveted with $\frac{3}{4}$-inch rivets, 2-inch pitch, corrugated projection not less than $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches from inside of flue to outside of lap, and not more than 18 *inches between centers of corrugation, provided plain parts at ends do not exceed* 12 *inches in length, constructed of plates not less than $\frac{7}{16}$ inch thick, with practically true circles;* and

The strength of ribbed flues when used for furnaces or steam chimneys, when made in sections of not less than 12 *inches in length, measuring from center to center of said projections, and flanged to a depth not exceeding $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches, and substantially riveted together with wrought-iron rings between such flanges, and such rings have a thickness of not less than double the thickness*

of the material in the flue and a depth of not less than 2½ inches, when straight ends do not exceed 12 inches in length, shall, *in each of the above cases*, be calculated from the following formula:

C = 14,000, a constant.
T = thickness of flue in decimals of an inch.
D = diameter of flue in inches.
P = pressure of steam allowable.

$$\text{Formula: } P = \frac{C \times T}{D}.$$

Section 19. (Amended.)

All steamers [navigating rivers] having boilers externally heated shall have a clear space of not less than 6 inches between the boilers and woodwork on either side, and 4 inches on the top of said boilers.

Section 21. (New.)

21. All boilers hereafter placed in steamers shall have a clear space of at least 8 inches between the under side of the cylindrical shell and the floor or keelson.

All manholes for the shell of boilers over 40 inches in diameter shall have an opening not less than 11 by 15 inches in the clear, except that boilers 40 inches diameter of shell and under shall have an opening of not less than 9 by 15 inches in the clear in manholes.

Section 23. (Part in brackets transferred to section 38, Rule II.)

23. All boilers shall have a clear space at the back and ends thereof of 2 feet opposite the back connection door. [Slip joints in steam pipes shall, in their working parts, when the steamer is to be employed in navigating salt water, be made of copper or composition.] *Provided*, That on vessels constructed of iron or steel with metal bulkheads, the distance between back connection doors and such metal bulkheads shall not be less than 16 inches.

Section 38. (Third paragraph.)

On all boilers built after July 1, [1891,] *1896*, a [flanged bronzed] *bronze*, or brass-seated stopcock or valve shall be attached to the boiler between all check valves and all steam and feed pipes and boilers, in order to facilitate access to connections.

Where such cocks or valves exceed 1½ inches in diameter they must be flanged to boiler. The stop valves attached to main steam pipes may, however, be made of cast iron or other suitable material. *The date referred to above applies to this paragraph only.*

Section 38. (Transferred from section 23 to end section 38.)

Slip joints in steam pipes shall, in their working parts, when the steamer is to be employed in navigating salt water, be made of copper or composition.

RULE III.

Section 12. (First paragraph amended.)

12. Passenger steamers navigating oceans, northwestern lakes, bays, and sounds of the United States, excepting steamers under 100 gross tons hereinafter provided for, must be equipped with lifeboats in proportion to their tonnage as follows:

Steamers between 100 and 200 tons	2 boats.
Steamers between 200 and 300 tons	3 boats.
Steamers between 300 and 400 tons	4 boats.
Steamers between 400 and 500 tons	5 boats.
Steamers between 500 and 1,000 tons	6 boats.
Steamers between 1,000 and 1,500 tons	7 boats.
Steamers between 1,500 and 2,000 tons	8 boats.
Steamers between 2,000 and 2,500 tons	9 boats.
Steamers between 2,500 and 3,000 tons	10 boats.
Steamers between 3,000 and 3,500 tons	11 boats.
Steamers between 3,500 and 4,000 tons	12 boats.
Steamers between 4,000 and 5,000 tons	13 boats.
[Steamers of 5,000 tons and above	14 boats.]

Steamers above 5,000 tons burden shall be furnished with an additional boat of not less than 495 cubic feet capacity for each additional 500 tons burden or fraction thereof; or, if the owners or agents prefer, two boats may be used, provided the aggregate capacity shall be the same as the one boat described.

RULE V.

Section 2. (Amended as follows:)

The following-named grades of engineers are abolished, and struck out of the rules:

Chief engineer of condensing steamers under 100 tons.

Chief engineer of noncondensing steamers under 100 tons.

Chief engineer of canal steamers.

First assistant engineer of condensing steamers under 100 tons.

First assistant engineer of noncondensing steamers under 100 tons.

First assistant engineer of canal steamers.

Second assistant engineer of noncondensing river steamers.

Second assistant engineer of noncondensing freight, towing, and fishing steamers.

Second assistant engineer of condensing steamers under 100 tons.

Second assistant engineer of noncondensing steamers under 100 tons.

Third assistant engineer of noncondensing lake, bay, and sound steamers.

Third assistant engineer of condensing river steamers.

Third assistant engineer of noncondensing river steamers.

Third assistant engineer of noncondensing freight, towing, and fishing steamers.

The word "bay" is struck out of the grade.

Third assistant engineer of condensing lake, [bay,] and sound steamers.

Section 5. (Proviso amended.)

Provided, That any person who has served [as] a regular *apprenticeship to the* machinist *trade* in a marine-engine works for a period of not less than three years, and any person who has served for a period of not less than three years as a locomotive engineer, stationary engineer [regular machinist], *or as an apprentice to the machinist trade* in a locomotive or stationary-engine works, and any person who has graduated as a mechanical engineer from a duly recognized school of technology, may be licensed to serve as *an* engineer on steam vessels after having had not less than one year's experience in the engine department of [a] steam [vessel] *vessels*, which experience must have been obtained [within two years preceding the application] *either within one year before or one year subsequent to the acquisition of the skilled knowledge above mentioned*, (which fact must be verified by the certifiate in writing of the licensed engineer or master under whom the applicant has served, said certificate to be filed with the application of the candidate); and no person shall receive license as above, except for special license, who is not able to determine the weight necessary to be placed on the lever of a safety valve (the diameter of valve, length of lever, *distance from center of valve to* [and] fulcrum, *weight of lever, and weight of valve and stem* being known) to withstand any given pressure of steam in a boiler, or who is not able to figure and determine the strain brought on the braces of a boiler with a given pressure of steam, the position and distance apart of braces being known, such knowledge to be determined by an examination in writing and the report of examination filed with the application in the office of the local inspectors, and no engineer or assistant engineer now holding a license shall have the grade of the same raised without possessing the above qualifications.

Section 10. (Third paragraph.)

In case of *original or* renewal of *any* license of any *master or* pilot who has not been examined *for color blindness*, and who is living at [an inconvenient] *a* distance *of one hundred miles or*

more from a surgeon of the Marine-Hospital Service, he may be examined for color blindness by any respectable physician residing in the same town or locality with said applicant; [who (the physician)] *and the physician* shall furnish a *duplicate* report of the examination made upon the regulation blanks [which shall be in duplicate], one *copy* of which shall be furnished the applicant and the other sent [by mail] to the local inspectors of steam vessels [, to which application shall be made for a] *to whom the applicant shall apply for such original or* renewal of license.

Section 14. (Proviso in third paragraph.)

Provided, however, that applicants for original license to act as master or mate of *steam pilot boats, or of* steamers engaged in the Atlantic, *Pacific, or Gulf* coast [menhaden] fisheries, shall only be subjected to such examination as shall satisfy the inspectors that the applicant is a competent coast pilot, capable of navigating such [fishing] steamers.

RULE IX.

Section 2.

2. It shall be the duty of the inspectors jointly, before granting a certificate of inspection, to thoroughly test the fire apparatus of steamers, and to examine carefully all pumps, hose, lifeboats, and other equipments required by law, and to see that the *glass of* colored signal lights [are] *is* in no case less than 6 inches [diameter] *in width* and [6] *5* inches high *in the clear*.

Section 5.

5. It shall be the duty of the supervising inspectors to inform their respective local boards, in writing, of their decisions in cases of appeal. *Supervising inspectors granting license to a vessel engaged in towing, to carry persons in addition to its crew [under the act], approved July 9, 1886, shall notify the local inspectors in whose jurisdiction the steamer receiving the permit is engaged. The local inspectors shall keep a record of the same.*

(No change in remainder of section.)

1896.
Department Circular No. 32.
Bureau of Navigation.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., February 28, 1896.

To Collectors of Customs and others:

Attention is invited to the order of the Department of Agriculture, appended hereto, dated the 25th instant, relative to certificates of inspection of meats exported from the United States, and especially to that portion which directs that the order shall not be enforced until July 1, 1896.

S. WIKE,
Acting Secretary.

Order Postponing the Certification of Export Beef to July 1, 1896.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
Washington, D. C., February 25, 1896.

WHEREAS, Section 2 of the Act of Congress approved March 3, 1891, as amended in the Act approved March 2, 1895, provides as follows:

"SECTION 2. That the Secretary of Agriculture shall also cause to be made a careful inspection of all live cattle, the meat of which, fresh, salted, canned, corned, packed, cured, or otherwise prepared, is intended for exportation to any foreign country, at such times and places, and in such manner as he may think proper, with a view to ascertain whether said cattle are free from disease, and their meat sound and wholesome, and may appoint inspectors who shall be authorized to give an official certificate clearly stating the condition in which such cattle and meat are found, and no clearance shall be given to any vessel having on board any fresh, salted, canned, corned, or packed beef being the meat of cattle killed after the passage of this act for exportation to and sale in a foreign country from any port in the United States until the owner or shipper shall obtain from an inspector appointed under the provision of this act a certificate that said cattle were free from disease, and that their meat is sound and wholesome;"

It is ordered, That all beef offered for exportation, whether fresh, salted, canned, corned, or packed, shall be accompanied by a certificate of an inspector of this Department showing that the cattle from which it was produced were free from disease, and that the meat was sound and wholesome. And in order that it may be determined whether all beef exported has been so inspected and found free from disease and wholesome, it is further ordered that the meat of all other species of animals which is packed in barrels, cases, or other packages, shall be legibly marked in such manner as to clearly indicate the species of animals from which the meat was produced. Meat which is not so marked, and which is not accompanied by a certificate of inspection, will be subject to unpacking and examination in order to ascertain if it is uninspected beef.

Notice is hereby given to exporters of beef, whether said beef is fresh, salted, canned, corned, packed, or otherwise prepared, and to owners and agents of vessels upon which said beef is exported, that no clearance can be given to any vessel having on board said beef until the provisions of this order are complied with.

As it has been found impossible to establish inspection prior to March 1, 1896, at all points where beef is prepared and packed for the export trade, and as legislation is now pending modifying the requirement for certificates with all exported beef, it is directed that this order shall not be enforced until July 1, 1896.

All orders and regulations of this Department inconsistent with this order are hereby revoked.

J. STERLING MORTON,
Secretary.

1896.
Department Circular No. 33.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., February 27, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending February 15, 1896.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

REPORT ON REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING FEBRUARY 15, 1896.

N. B.—*In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.*

No. of Reappraisement.

10874.....*Colored cotton corduroy*, from Thomas Barnes & Co., Ltd., Manchester, January 6, 1896:

27″ tan, cream and white cotton whipcord, entered at 11d. sterling per yard, less measurement $\frac{1}{87}$, discount 5 per cent, advanced by addition of 2½ per cent, commission added on invoice, but deducted on entry. Add tickets, boxes, and packing.

10657.....*Cotton netting and cotton lace curtains*, from B. Walker & Co., Ltd., Nottingham, November 29, 1895:

68/356, ivory, cotton Hamburg net, 50″, entered at 3¾d., advanced to 4d. sterling per yard.

3629, 3927, white and écru curtains, 48″, 3½ yards, entered at 2s. 3d., advanced to 2s. 4d. sterling per pair.

2929, white curtains, 50″, 3½ yards, entered at 1s. 11d., advanced to 2s. 1d. sterling per pair.

3781, écru and white curtains, 48″, 3½ yards, entered at 2s. 3d., advanced to 2s. 4d. sterling per pair.

Discount, 2½ per cent.

10901.....*Colored cotton, decorated china, etc.*, from Kwong Lung Shing, Hongkong, November 25, 1895:

Japan cloth entered at .30, advanced to .60 Mexican dollar per piece.

Tea pot with basket, entered at 4.25, advanced to 6 Mexican dollars per box of 30 pieces.

Add packing charges.

10341.....*Cotton wearing apparel*, from Rhenish Corset Manufacturing Company, Ltd., Cologne, October 26, 1895:

Style 102/33, boned with horn, entered at 25, advanced to 45 marks per dozen.

401/33, boned with whalebone, entered at 58.50, advanced to 60 marks per dozen.

301/33, boned with whalebone, entered at 36, advanced to 50 marks per dozen.

10886. .....*Colored cotton*, from Weiss-Fries & Co., Mulhouse, January 9, 1896:

Caile a Vaile 80 cm., serie 1, entered at .73, advanced to .80 mark per meter.

Caile a Vaile 80 cm., serie 2, entered at .77, advanced to .92 mark per meter.

Cretonne, entered at .69, advanced to .71 mark per meter.

Add cases.

10911.....*Cotton laces, etc.*, from Said Tourbah, Beirut, October 8, 1895:

Trimmings entered at 69, advanced to 75 piastres per oke. Add cases, packing, etc.

10035..... *Bleached and colored cotton*, from Tootal Broadhurst Lee Company, Ltd., Manchester, October 15, 1895:

308, 31″ fancy piqué, entered at 7½d., advanced to 8½d. sterling per yard.

1875, 27″ fancy piqué, entered at 6¾d., advanced to 7d. sterling per yard.

145 F. 33″ stripe piqué, entered at 9½d., advanced to 11d. sterling per yard.

145 G. 32/3″ check piqué, entered at 9½d., advanced to 11d. sterling per yard.

Discount on entered prices 3 per cent. Advanced prices net. Add cases, etc.

10825, 10857..... } *Manufactures of wool and cotton*, from Simon Israel & Co., Bradford, December 12 and 19,
10848, etc. } 1895, and January 2, 6, and 9, 1896:

56″ black worsted coatings, entered at 1s. 3d., advanced to 1s. 5d. sterling per yard. Discounts, 2½ and 1¾ per cent. Add cases, shooks, and linings.

56″ black union cloakings, entered at 1s. 2½d., advanced to 1s. 5d. sterling per yard. Discounts, 2½ per cent and 1¾ per cent. Add cases, etc.

10623.....*Mirrors*, from Wehrle & Co., November 29, 1895:

4⅜″ diameter, ¾ white, round, entered at 2.84, advanced to 3 marks per dozen.

4¼ x 4⅛ double schack clover leaf, No. 109, entered at 2.58, advanced to 2.60 marks per dozen.

3⅞ x 2$\frac{1}{16}$ double schack crescent, 27 P., entered at 1.30 marks per dozen. No advance.

3$\frac{5}{16}$ x 3¼ double schack heart, No. 33, entered at 1.34, advanced to 1.40 marks per dozen.

5½ x 3½ white, oval, entered at 1.70, advanced to 2 marks per dozen.

4$\frac{13}{16}$ x 3¼ white, round corner, entered at 1.83, advanced to 2 marks per dozen.

4⅛ x 1⅜ double shack round corner, entered at .71, advanced to .78 mark per dozen.

3⅛ x 1⅞ ¾ white, round corner, entered at .80, advanced to .90 mark per dozen.

4$\frac{11}{16}$ x 2⅞ white, round corner, entered at 1.62, advanced to 1.70 marks per dozen.

4⅛ x 2⅜ double shack, round corner, entered at .95, advanced to 1 mark per meter.

3½ x 2¼ ¾ white, round corner, entered at 1.05, advanced to 1.15 marks per dozen.

10867, 10925.....*Alcoholic perfumery, etc.*, from Lecaron Fils, Paris, January 8, 1896:

Entered discounts, 15 per cent and 10 per cent, advanced discount, 20 per cent.

10897.....*Metallic pins*, from Joh. Casp. & With Rumpe, Burtscheid, December 30, 1895:

Mourning pins, entered at a discount of 6 per cent, discount disallowed.

10766.....*Manufactures of silk and cotton (ribbon)*, from Th. Schelling & Co., St. Etienne, December 24, 1895:

9 m No. 12736 façonné 36‴, entered at 11, advanced to 14.07 francs per piece of 15 meters.

10766.....*Manufactures of silk aud cotton (ribbon), etc.*—Continued.

9 m No. 12737 faconné 62″, entered at 8.30, advanced to 11.96 francs per piece of 15 meters.

9 m No. 12737 faconné 46‴, entered at 7, advanced to 11.45 francs per piece of 15 meters.

Bonification, 40 per cent. Discounts, 20 per cent and 2 per cent.

10904.....*Manufactures of wool and cotton (black beaver)*, from Ferdinand Heilborn & Co., Bradford, January 15, 1896:

No. 337, 54″ black beaver, entered at 1s. 5½d., advanced to 1s. 5.76d. sterling per yard. Less measure, $\frac{1}{37}$. Discount, 5 per cent. Add making up and packing.

10746, 10803.....*Manufactures of wool*, from Lummer, Bach & Ramminger, Gera, December 9, 1895:

130 cm., mantle dress goods, colored, 2178 and 1999, entered at 2.90, advanced to 3.15 marks per meter.

130 cm., mantle dress goods, colored, 3109, entered at 2.50, advanned to 2.75 marks per meter.

Add cases, packing, and cost of making up.

10862.....*Wool dress goods*, from Carl Gunther & Co., Plauen, December 30, 1895:

100 cm., piece dyed, 283, black, entered at .82, advanced to .95 mark per meter. Add case and packing.

10688.....*Wool dress goods*, from Schulze & Son, Greiz, December 5, 1895:

104 cm., perle, 645, entered at .70, advanced to .92 mark per meter.

115 cm., mosaic, 688–692, entered at 1.29, advanced to 1.58 marks per meter.

Discount, 8 per cent. Add packing.

10883.....*Manufactures of cotton, N. E.*, from R. Isaacs & Bro., Hiogo, August 24, 1895:

Gold stamped cotton crape Tukusas, 27″ x 27″, style $5770\frac{1}{10}$, entered at .11 silver yen per piece. No advance. Add packing, boxes, etc.

10850.....*Sal ammoniac*, from Dr. Schaeffer, Charlottenberg, December 23, 1895:

Entered at 42.85⅓, add casks, advanced to 50 marks per 100 kilos, packed.

10906.. .....*Leather shoes, sugar, and prepared vegetables*, from Say Zing Chong, Kongkong, December 5, 1895:

Straw shoes, entered at .08 Mexican dollar per pair. No advance.

Brown sugar, entered at .03, advanced to .0426 Mexican dollar.

Salted cabbage, entered at 1 Mexican dollar per jar. No advance.

10839.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Dubois & Co., Matanzas, December 20, 1895:

Testing 93.46°, entered at $0.02½, advanced to $0.0232, United States gold, per pound, packed.

Testing 92.88°, entered at 0.02\frac{7}{16}$, advanced to $0.02283, United States gold, per pound, packed.

Testing 94.05°, entered at $0.02⅜, advanced to $0.02356, United States gold, per pound, packed.

Testing 92.95°, entered at 0.02\frac{5}{16}$, advanced to $0.02287, United States gold, per pound, packed.

From entered prices deduct freight and N. D. charges.

10713.....*Manufactures of wood and metal*, from D. Rahaim, Paris, December 18, 1895:

Chapelets en bois 5, entered at 16, advanced to 17 francs per gross.

Chapelets lustres, 493, entered at 14, advanced to 15 francs per gross.

10713..... .... *Manufactures of wood and metal, etc.*—Continued.

Ronds de serviettes en bois, entered at 32.45, advanced to 34.46 francs per gross.

Medailles en cuivre, 4, entered at 1.15, advanced to 1.25 francs per gross.

Statuettes St. Jos. zinc., entered at 5, advanced 5.50 francs per gross.

Add cases.

8875..... ..... *Looking glass plates and polished cylinder glass, beveled, etc.*, from Schren & Co., Fuerth, July 11, 1895:

48 x 20, beveled, unsilvered, entered at 7.94, advanced to 9.94 marks per piece, less inland freight.

10889, 10890..... *Manufactures of flax*, from Carl Siegl Sen, Schouberg, December 17, 1895:

No. 250, prima sheeting linen, entered at 38, advanced to 57 florins per piece of 44 yards.

No. 260, prima sheeting linen, entered at 42, advanced to 63 florins per piece of 44 yards.

22½/36, No. 40, hemstitched pillow cases, entered at 5, advanced to 7.50 florins per dozen.

22½/36, No. 50, hemstitched pillow cases, entered at 5.50, advanced to 8.25 florins per dozen.

25/36, No. 40, hemstitched pillow cases, entered at 5.40, advanced to 8.10 florins per dozen.

27/36, No. 40, hemstitched pillow cases, entered at 5.80, advanced to 8.70 florins per dozen.

Entered discount, 6 per cent. Advanced discount, 2 per cent.

10880..... *Manufactures of flax*, from Wm. Meyer & Co., St. Gall, December 30, 1895:

Dotted swisses, woven, 30″ union linen, entered at 18.40, advanced to 19.20 francs per piece of 20½ yards.

Dotted swisses, woven, 30″ union linen, entered at 18, advanced to 18.80 francs per piece of 20½ yards.

Add boxes.

10568, 10861, etc ..... } *Cotton hose*, from Robert Herfurth, Chemnitz, November 21, 29, 30; December 14 and 31, 1895:

Advances up to 9 per cent.

2798 O. P.... ... Philadelphia... } *Princess alpaca*, from E. G. Williams & Co., Bradford, January 6, 1896:

32″, patt. 5, princess alpaca, 470–119 P. F. 8, black, entered at 13d., advanced to 13¼d. sterling per yard.

32″, patt. 5, princess alpaca, 466–107 P. F. 10, black, entered at 14d., advanced to 14¼d. sterling per yard.

32″, patt. 5, princess alpaca, 231–55 P. F. 12, black, entered at 15¼d., advanced to 15¾d. sterling per yard.

32″, patt. 5, princess alpaca, 232–58 P. F. 14, black, entered at 16¼d., advanced to 17¼d. sterling per yard.

32″, patt. 5, princess alpaca, 228–55 P. F. 16, black, entered at 17¾d., advanced to 18¾d. sterling per yard.

32″, patt. 5, princess alpaca, 228–57 P. F. 18, black, entered at 19¼d., advanced to 20¼d. sterling per yard.

54″, albert alpaca, 386–90, entered at 2s. 3d., advanced to 2s. 3½d. sterling per yard.

Less 1¼ per cent discount.

2786 O. P..... Philadelphia... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from L. Evans, Sourabaya and Samarang, August 25, September 4 and 20, 1895:

Testing 96.50°, entered at 9s. 6d., advanced to 9s. 6¾d. sterling per cwt.

2738 O. P..... New Orleans... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Hidalgo & Co., Havana, December 14, 1895:

Testing 92.71°, entered at $0.02⅜, advanced to $0.0227, United States gold, per pound, packed. From entered price deduct N. D. charges.

2742 O. P..... New Orleans... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Hidalgo & Co., Havana, December 21, 1895:

Testing 94°, entered at $0.02⅜, advanced to $0.02352, United States gold, per pound. packed. From entered price deduct N. D. charges.

2737 O. P..... New Orleans ... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Francke Hijos & Co., Havana, December 20, 1895:

Testing 94.06°, entered at $0.023575, less N. D. charges, advanced to $0.02356, United States currency, per pound, packed.

2729 O. P..... New Orleans ... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Dubois & Co., Matanzas, December 14, 1895:

Testing 92.87°, centrifugal, entered at $0.02⅜, less N. D. charges, advanced to $0.0228, United States gold, per pound, packed.

2832 O. P..... Baltimore..... } *Cocoanuts*, from John McLeod, Cayman, January 18, 1896:

Large cocoanuts, entered at 40., advanced to 44s. sterling per 1,000.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

2648, 10076..... 2649, 10079..... } *Grapes*, from Manuel Orozco and others, Almeria, October 12, 1895:

Grapes, entered at various prices, barrels of 23 kilos each, advanced to 13.50, and barrels of 25 kilos each, advanced to 14.50 pesetas per barrel, packed.

2533, 9833.....*Mohair shawls*, from Max Schlottmann & Co., Berlin, October 5, 1895:

Mohair shawls, 6211, entered at 17.40, advanced to 18.17 marks per dozen.
Mohair shawls, 6212, entered at 21.85 marks per dozen. No advance.
Mohair shawls, 1733, 100 cm., entered at 14.60, advanced to 15.69 marks per dozen.
Mohair shawls, 1733, 80 cm., entered at 11.80, advanced to 12.77 marks per dozen.
Mohair shawls, 7996, entered at 19.60, advanced to 20.35 marks per dozen.
Mohair shawls, 1734, entered at 13.10 marks per dozen. No advance.
Mohair shawls, 1620, entered at 10.60, advanced to 10.98 marks per dozen.
Add packing charges.

2875, 10737.....*Manufactures of silk and silk embroidery*, from S. Shehpy, Damascus, November 30, 1895:

Advances up to 60 per cent.

2879, 10659.....*Manufactures of metal, etc.*, from Benner, White & Co., Paris, October 12, 1895:

Tenailles grand morbele, entered at 2, advanced to 2.50 francs per dozen.

2883, 10750.....*Manufactures of metal*, from Max Guttmann, Breslau, December 7, 1895:

Coat hangers, No. 200, avg. 17 link, entered at 3.80, advanced to 4 marks per M.
Coat hangers, No. 100, avg. 17 link, entered at 4.30, advanced to 4.40 marks per M.
Discount, 7 per cent.

2868, 10423.....*Macaroni*, from Enrico Bertoglio, Nervi, November 26, 1895:

Macaroni, entered at $4.75 per case, packed. No advance.

2889, 10835..... } *Sugar, not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Booker Bros. & Co., Demerara, January 7, 1896:
2888, 10834..... }

Testing, 96.05°, entered at $0.0235, advanced to $0.0252, United States currency, per pound, packed.

2787, 10480..... *Cotton wearing apparel*, from Carl Scherf, Limboch, November 11, 1895:

No. 2509, men's white Berlin gloves, size 11/13, 1 B. L., ½ J. W., lisle pt., entered at 1.75 marks per dozen. No advance.

Nos. 250 and 255, men's black Berlin gloves, size 12/13, 2 B. L., 1 J. W., lisle pt., entered at 2.75 marks per dozen. No advance.

No. 119, men's white Berlin gloves, size 10/12, 1 B. L., 12 J. W., lisle pt., entered at 1.75 marks per dozen. No advance.

No. 229, men's black Berlin gloves, size 10/12, 1 B. L., ½ J. W., lisle pt., entered at 1.80 marks per dozen. No advance.

No. 220, men's white Berlin gloves, size 11/13, 2 B. L., 1 J. W., silk pt., entered at 2.20 marks per dozen. No advance.

Discount, 6 per cent.

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1896.
Department Circular No. 34.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., February 28, 1896.

To Collectors and Other Officers of the Customs:

In order to secure a more conclusive examination and appraisement of imported tobacco, Officers of Customs are hereby instructed that whenever the examination of any portion of any lot of tobacco covered by an invoice, discloses the existence in one bale of both "filler" and "wrapper" tobacco, all the packages in such lot should be subjected to examination in order to determine the exact nature of the merchandise. If the examination of the usual number ordered for examination indicates that the contents are of one kind, *i. e.* either filler or wrapper, as set forth in the invoice, the goods may be passed as correct.

Tobacco in the transient condition of "sweat" should be subjected to a brief exposure to the air before examination.

As a general rule the Department holds that at least twenty-five per cent of every invoice should be ordered for examination.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

REPORTS OF APPRAISING OFFICERS REGARDING VALUES STATED IN CONSULAR INVOICES.

1896.
Department Circular No. 35.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C, March 2, 1896.

To Appraisers and Acting Appraisers of Merchandise:

In order that Consular officers may be apprised of the advantages to the revenue which shall have resulted, in any case, from information conveyed by their notations upon certified invoices, appraising officers of customs are hereby instructed to report to the Department the conclusions reached regarding the appraisement of any merchandise which is covered by a certified invoice on which the Consul has made annotations calling attention to apparent discrepancies between the value named in such invoice and that prevailing in the country of exportation.

These reports will be duly transmitted by this Department to the Honorable Secretary of State for the information of the Consuls.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

1896.
Department Circular No. 36.

Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., February 29, 1896.

To Collectors of Customs:

Section 13 of the act of June 10, 1890 provides that whenever the importer, owner, agent, or consignee of imported merchandise shall be dissatisfied with the appraisement thereof as made by the local appraiser, and shall have complied with the requirements of law with respect to the entry and appraisement of merchandise, "he may, within two days thereafter give notice to the Collector, in writing, of such dissatisfaction, on the receipt of which the Collector shall at once direct a reappraisement of such merchandise by one of the general appraisers."

The last clause of article 847 is hereby amended, so as to read as follows:

"Collectors and acting collectors of customs shall, upon request of the General Appraisers, notify importers of the time and place appointed for the hearing of any reappraisement case, in which they respectively shall be interested, and such collectors, as well as the local appraisers and special agents of the Department, shall cooperate to aid the Board of General Appraisers in the preparation of cases by securing witnesses and furnishing all attainable evidence in support of the Government's contention.

Whenever a valuation has been determined, the General Appraiser shall report the same to the chief officer of customs."

It is intended by this amended regulation to avoid delays such as have occurred in many cases on account of the failure of importers and witnesses to appear at hearings before the Board.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

FREE ENTRY OF DOMESTIC PRODUCTS EXPORTED AND RETURNED.

1896.
Department Circular No. 37.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., February 28, 1896.

To Collectors and Other Officers of the Customs:

Paragraph 387 of the act of August 28, 1894, provides as follows:

"Articles the growth, produce, and manufacture of the United States, when returned after having been exported, without having been advanced in value or improved in condition by any process of manufacture or other means; casks, barrels, carboys, bags, and other vessels of American manufacture exported filled with American products, or exported empty and returned filled with foreign products, including shooks when returned as barrels or boxes; also quicksilver flasks or bottles, of either domestic or foreign manufacture, which shall have been actually exported from the United States; but proof of the identity of such articles shall be made, under general regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, but the exemption of bags from duty shall apply only to such domestic bags as may be imported by the exporter thereof, and if any such articles are subject to internal tax at the time of exportation such tax shall be proved to have been paid before exportation and not refunded: *Provided*, That this paragraph shall not apply to any article upon which an allowance of drawback has been made, the reimportation of which is hereby prohibited except upon payment of duties equal to the drawbacks allowed; or to any article manufactured in bonded warehouse and exported under said provision of law: *And provided further*, That when manufactured tobacco which has been exported without payment of internal-revenue tax shall be reimported it shall be retained in the custody of the collector of customs until internal-revenue stamps in payment of the legal duties shall be placed thereon."

This provision is a reproduction of paragraph 482 of the act of October 1, 1890, with the addition of the words "but the exemption of bags from duty shall only apply to such domestic bags as may be imported by the exporter thereof."

Exportations under this provision of law must be bona fide and not for the purpose of evading any revenue law.

Merchandise, the growth, produce, or manufacture of the United States, ostensibly exported to ports in Canada in foreign vessels, but really shipped from one place in the United States to another by routes part water and part rail, and passing through foreign territory, are not bona fide exportations, and the merchandise is not entitled to free entry on importation.

Entries of merchandise returned to the port of original exportation, must show the fact of regular clearance for a foreign destination by the records of the customs, and by the declaration of the person making the entry. But when the reimportation is made into a port other than that of original exportation, there shall be required, in addition to the declaration, a certificate from the collector and the naval officer, if any, of the port where the exportation was made, showing the fact of exportation from that port. If the importation be made within one year after the date of exportation, the collector shall require the importer to make affidavit to the fact that such exportation was made by him in good faith.

CAT. NO. 594.

Oath for return of American products exported.

I, ——— ———, do solemnly, sincerely, and truly swear (or affirm) that the several articles of merchandise mentioned in the entry hereto annexed are, to the best of my knowledge and belief, truly and bona fide of the growth (or production or manufacture) of the United States; that they were truly exported and imported as therein expressed; that they are returned without having been advanced in value or improved in condition by any process of manufacture or other means, and that no drawback, bounty or allowance has been paid or admitted thereon, or on any part thereof.

——— ———.

Port of ———.
Sworn to this ——— day of———, 18—.
——— ———, *Collector.*

CAT. NO. 773.

Certificate of exportation of domestic commodities.

District of ———, Port of ———, ———, 18—.

This is to certify that there were cleared from this port on the ———, in the ———, whereof ———, was master, for ———, the following articles of merchandise (here enumerate the number of packages, their denomination, marks, numbers, and contents) on which no drawback, allowance, or bounty has been paid or admitted.

[SEAL.] ——— ——— *Collector.*
[SEAL.] ——— ——— *Naval Officer.*

If such certificate can not at once be procured, and the proof otherwise required be produced, free entry will be permitted on bond (Cat. No. 596) being given for the production of the certificate in a sum equal to what the duties would be if it were foreign merchandise.

To guard against fraud, and to insure identity, the collector shall require in addition to proof of clearance, the production of a declaration made by the foreign exporter of the goods before the United States Consul, of the fact that the merchandise was imported from the United States, and that it has not been advanced in value nor improved in condition by any process of manufacture or other means. But if it be impracticable to produce such declaration at the time of making entry, bond may be given for the production thereof. (Synopsis, 14653.)

Collectors, with concurrence of naval officers, if any, may waive the record evidence of clearance and above declaration, and in lieu thereof accept other satisfactory evidence of exportation, in the case of domestic goods on which no drawback has been allowed, valued at not over $100, if satisfied that the failure to produce the record evidence did not result from wilful negligence on the part of the importers.

In default of observance of the foregoing requirements, imported merchandise will be treated as foreign.

Should it appear that any internal-revenue tax was remitted or refunded by way of drawback, on the original exportation of any articles of the growth, manufacture, or product of the United States, a duty must be exacted upon their return equal in amount to the tax imposed by the internal-revenue laws upon such articles at the time of their reimportation, but all articles manufactured in bonded warehouse are subject to duty, on reimportation, as foreign merchandise, and all articles on which drawback was made are liable to a duty equal to the drawback allowed.

The following oath will be required in all cases of importations of bags claimed to be of domestic origin:

Oath for return of American bags exported.

I, ———, importer of the bags described in the entry herewith, do solemnly, sincerely, and truly swear (or affirm) that said bags are of domestic production; were shipped by me per the ——— to ——— on the ——— day of ———, 18–, (1) ———; that the identical bags are now returned by me per the ——— (2) ———, bearing marks ———; that the same have not been advanced in value or improved in condition while abroad; that they are not baled with any bags of foreign origin, and that no drawback was paid to me on the exportation thereof as aforesaid.

——— ———.

Sworn to before me this ——— day of ———, 18–.

——— ———.

(1) State whether empty or filled with ———.
(2) State whether empty or filled with ———.

It is desirable that as a means of easy identification ineffaceable marks should be placed upon all exported domestic bags, facsimiles of which should appear on the certificate of exportation (Synopsis 14912).

Duties voluntarily paid on returned American goods can not be refunded in the absence of a timely protest under section 14 of the act of June 10, 1890, as the only importations exempted from protest by section 1 of the act of March 3, 1875 (18th Statutes, p. 469), are personal and household effects and other articles not merchandise, and article 353 of the Regulations of 1892 applying only to goods brought in as personal or household effects or passenger's baggage.

S. WIKE,
Acting Secretary.

ADMISSION OF CANDIDATES TO THE GRADE OF CADET IN THE REVENUE CUTTER SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES.

1896.
Department Circular No. 38.

Division of Revenue Cutter Service, No. 65.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., March 4, 1896.

Candidates for admission to the grade of Cadet in the Revenue Cutter Service will be subjected to the examination prescribed in Department Circular No. 194, dated December 13, 1894, the standard of proficiency under which is fixed at 75 out of a possible 100, except as follows:

Candidates who have served at sea for a period of two years, or as deck officers of sea-going ships of the United States Merchant Marine and are still within the age limit, will not be required to make a general average in the examination of more than 60 out of a possible 100.

Such candidates must produce evidence of sea service from the masters of merchant vessels with whom they have served, or certificates of competency from shipmaster's associations.

In all cases testimonials of good moral character and deportment must be produced to the Department before a designation for examination will be made.

Department Circular No. 194 is hereby amended to fix the age limit of the candidate at twenty-five years, to conform to the Act of Congress of July 31, 1876, establishing such cadetships.

S. WIKE,
Acting Secretary.

EXAMINATION OF APPLICANTS FOR THE POSITION OF SECOND ASSISTANT ENGINEER IN THE UNITED STATES REVENUE CUTTER SERVICE.

1896.

Department Circular No. 39.
Division Revenue Cutter Service, No. 64.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington. D. C., March 4, 1896.

The following rules and regulations governing the admission of candidates to the grade of Second Assistant Engineer in the Revenue Cutter Service of the United States, are published for the information of all concerned:

1. No person will be examined for, or appointed to, the grade of Second Assistant Engineer in said Service, who is not a citizen of the United States.

2. Candidates must not be less than 21, nor more than 28 years of age, and must be of vigorous constitution, physically sound and well-formed, and not less than 5 feet 3 inches in height.

The application for examination must be in the handwriting of the applicant and addressed to the Secretary of the Treasury. It must state the date and place of birth, and the State of which a resident. If the applicant be of foreign birth it must be shown that he is a citizen of the United States.

3. The application must be accompanied with satisfactory evidence of the good moral character and correct habits of the applicant, and certificates showing his practical experience either in a machine shop, technical institution, or in the engine room of a steamer, as required by paragraph 4.

4. To be eligible for examination, a candidate must have had not less than eighteen months' experience in a machine shop, or responsible charge of a steam engine for that length of time; or, if a graduate of a technical institution, he must present a certificate from the president of such institution showing that he has taken the full four years' course in mechanical engineering.

5. A candidate who has fulfilled either one of the above requirements may, upon successfully passing the physical and professional examinations required, be appointed an Acting Second Assistant Engineer, for a probationary period of six months. Should he, at the expiration of that time, have shown progressive efficiency and ability to perform his duties *at sea*, he will be eligible for the position of Second Assistant Engineer, without further examination, A candidate who, in addition to fulfilling either of the above requirements, has had not less than six months' experience in charge of, or assisting in the care and management of the steam machinery of a *sea-going vessel in actual service*, may, upon successfully passing the physical and professional examinations, be commissioned a Second Assistant Engineer.

6. Candidates will be required to pass a satisfactory examination as to their physical qualifications before a board of medical officers, to be designated by the Secretary of the Treasury. The physical examination will precede the professional, and should the candidate be found physically disqualified he will be examined no further.

7. Candidates having been found physically qualified, will be examined professionally by a board of

engineer officers of the Revenue Cutter Service, in the following subjects, the questions and answers all being written:

(*a*) Grammar, spelling, punctuation, composition, penmanship;

(*b*) Statement of shop and engineering experiences;

(*c*) Elementary mathematics, including arithmetic, algebra, geometry, trigonometry, and use of logarithms;

(*d*) Elementary mechanics and physics, including mechanical powers, friction, laws of falling bodies, force, work, etc.;

(*e*) Practical problems connected with steam engineering, such as calculation of loss by blowing off, gain by use of heaters; amount of condensing water required, safety-valve problems, etc.;

(*f*) Incrustation and corrosion in marine boilers, and problems connected with combustion;

(*g*) Marine boilers, description of various types with their advantages and disadvantages, repairs to same, practical management of boilers, and discussion of accidents and difficulties such as foaming, back draft, etc.;

(*h*) Heat, steam, theory of expansion, use of steam;

(*i*) The steam-engine indicator, interpretation of diagrams therefrom, calculation of horsepower and evaporation from diagrams;

(*j*) Marine engines, description of the various types, including those used with paddle wheels, with advantages and disadvantages, special attention being given to multiple expansion engines, practical questions relative to care and manipulation of engines, overhauling and repairs, alignments, etc.;

(*k*) Valves and valve gears as applied to marine engines, including those used on side-wheel steamers, but with special attention to modern types used with propeller engines;

(*l*) Condenser, pumps, steam gauges;

(*m*) Strength of materials, including simple problems in proportions of marine engines and boilers. Inspection of materials.

(*n*) Screw propellers. Description of common types. Definitions and simple problems connected therewith.

8. The professional examination will be competitive, and all candidates who pass the minimum standard required will be placed upon the list eligible for appointment in the order of proficiency exhibited by them, respectively, in the examination. From this list appointments will be made in regular order, as vacancies occur, until another examination is held.

9. The standard of proficiency has been fixed at 75 per cent, and candidates failing to obtain that average will be rejected. They may, however, if otherwise qualified, take a second examination at the next convening of the board of examiners. Failing in two examinations will result in the final rejection of the candidate.

10. No person will be originally appointed to a higher grade than second assistant engineer.

11. Any person producing a false certificate of age, time of service, character, or making a false statement to the board of examiners, shall be disqualified for appointment.

12. Any person who, subsequent to his examination, may become disqualified from moral considerations, will not be appointed.

13. All correspondence with reference to the provisions of this circular should be addressed to the Secretary of the Treasury, Washington, D. C.

S. WIKE,
Acting Secretary.

1896.
Department Circular No. 40.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., March 6, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending February 22, 1896.

W. E. CURTIS,
Assistant Secretary.

REPORT ON REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING FEBRUARY 22, 1896.

N. B.—***In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.***

No. of reappraisement.

10997, 11014.....*Sulphate of ammonia*, from Bradbury & Hirsch, Liverpool, January 17, 1896:
Entered at £8 2s. 6d. sterling per ton. Add bags at 7s. 6d. per ton. No advance.
Entered at £8 1s. 3d. sterling per ton. Add bags at 7s. 6d. per ton. No advance.

11013.. .....*Sulphate of ammonia*, from Peter R. McTwie & Son, Liverpool, January 21, 1896:
Entered at £8 5s. 4½d. sterling per ton. Add bags at 2s. 9d. per ton, and bagging at 7½d. per ton. No advance.

10863.....*Chemical salt*, from R. W. Greeff & Co., London, December 21, 1895:
Nitrate of baryta powder, entered at £15 5s., advanced to £16 10s. sterling per ton. Discount, 2½ per cent.

10993.....*Chemical salt*, from E. Stobwasson, London, January 23, 1896:
Prussiate soda, entered at 5½d. sterling per pound. No advance. Add casks at 5s. 6d. per cask.

11005.....*Manufactures of wool*, from Lummery, Bach & Ramminger, Gera, January 15, 1896:
130 cm., mantle dress goods, colored, 2181, entered at 2.90, advanced to 3.15 marks per meter.
130 cm., mantle dress goods, colored, 3112 and 3110, entered at 2.50, advanced to 2.75 marks per meter.

11006.....*Manufactures of wool and cotton*, from Simon Israel & Co., Bradford, January 7, 1896:
Black worsted coating, 56″, entered at 1s. 3d., advanced to 1s. 5d. sterling per yard. Discounts, 2½ per cent and 1¼ per cent. Add making up and packing.

10712..... *Wool dress goods*, from ———, Greiz, December 13, 1895:

Crépon sup., black, entered at 1.62, advanced to 1.80 marks per meter. Add packing charges.

10989..... *Manufactures of wool*, from Franz Bar & Becker, Ronneburg, January 11, 1896:

128/30 cm., woolens, 3468, black, entered at 2.35 marks per meter. Discount, 8 per cent. No advance.

128/30 cm., woolens, 3462, blue, entered at 1.90 marks per meter. Discount, 8 per cent. No advance.

10507, 10882..... *Colors in tubes*, from A. Lacroix, Paris, December 4 and 8, 1895:

No. 1 colors, vitrifiable, in tubes, and new colors, vitrifiable, entered at a discount of 40 per cent, advanced discount 36 per cent.

Gold colors, vitrifiable, entered at 33½ per cent, advanced to a discount of 32 per cent.

Add cases.

10859, 10991..... *Cotton and chip braids for hats*, from Paul Walser & Co., Wohlen, November 20, 1895, and January 15, 1896:

Advanced by disallowance of part of amount deducted on entry as freight to New York.

10990..... *Manufactured articles, N. E.*, from Glaenzer & Co., Paris, January 15, 1896:

Quill toothpicks, 3, entered at .95, advanced to 1.13 francs per package. Discount, 2 per cent.

10939..... *Decorated china*, from Hertwig & Co., Katzhutte, December 17, 1895:

Entered at discounts of 15, 10, and 3 per cent, advanced discounts, 15 and 3 per cent.

10978..... *Manufactures of cotton, n. s. p. f.*, from V. Coyer Durand & Callon, Paris, January 15, 1896:

No. 111, mulle cotton, 2/3, entered at 1, advanced to 1.12 francs per meter.

No. 112, mulle cotton, 2/3, entered at 1, advanced to 1.20 francs per meter.

Discount, 6 per cent. Add case and packing.

10459..... *Manufactures of cotton, N. E.*, from Mendelson Bros., Yokohama, November 5, 1895:

52″ cotton table covers, entered at 8, advanced to 8.40 silver yen per dozen.

10864..... *Manufactured articles*, from Typke & King, London, January 10, 1896:

Factice, entered at 4d. sterling per pound. No advance.

10988 ..... *Manufactures of wood and metal*, from Salim & Monkarzel, Paris, January 22, 1896:

Chapelets cuivre, entered at 15, advanced to 17 francs per gross.

Chapelets lustres petit, entered at 11.80, advanced to 12 francs per gross.

Add case.

10854..... *Bronze powder*, from Adam Riessner, Nuremberg, December 23, 1895:

Brocade, 2*a* and 3*a*, entered at .85, advanced to .89 mark per pound.

Brocade, 2*c*, entered at .71, advanced to .74 mark per pound.

Brocade, 3*b*, entered at .82, advanced to .84 mark per pound.

Aluminum, L $1\frac{1}{16}$, entered at 2.93, advanced to 2.99 marks per English pound.

Aluminum, L 1½, entered at 2.83, advanced to 2.89 marks per English pound.

Add boxes.

11042..... *Lemon and orange boxes*, from F. Tagliavia, Palermo, December 9, 1895:

2⅜ cubic feet, entered at .80, advanced to .90 lira per box.

10844..... *Orange boxes*, from Leeman & Maas, Liverpool, January 4, 1896:

3¾ cubic feet, entered 1s., advanced to 1s. 2d. sterling per box.

5⅜ cubic feet, entered at 1s., advanced to 1s. 4d. sterling per box.

2 cubic feet, entered at 1s. sterling per box. No advance.

10705.....*Manufactures of silk, etc.*, from Cabourier & Co., Paris, December 11, 1895:

Linon plumetis, 6479, entered at 2.25, advanced to 2.75 francs per meter.

Linon quadrille, 15763/1, entered at 2, advanced to 2.25 francs per meter.

Linon damaste, 15770/2, entered at .90, advanced to 1.10 francs per meter.

Linon rayé, 6472, entered at 1.75, advanced to 2.21 francs per meter.

Linon quadrille, 15729/2, entered at 1.40, advanced to 1.65 francs per meter.

Discount, 5 per cent. Add cases and packing.

10680.....*Manufactures of silk and cotton*, from Besson Bertrand & Co., Lyons, November 29, 1895:

Austria, 46 cm., cotton grege, dyed in the piece, entered at .50, advanced to .55 franc per meter.

Satin, 124 cm., entered at 1.12, advanced to 1.22 francs per meter.

Satin, 95 cm., entered at .73, advanced to .80 franc per meter.

Austria, 92 cm., cotton grege, entered at .90, advanced to 1.10 francs per meter.

Polonaise, 92 cm., entered at .84, advanced to 1 franc per meter.

Satin, 92 cm., entered at 1.03, advanced to 1.15 francs per meter.

Satin, 92 cm., entered at 1.20, advanced to 1.40 francs per meter.

Satin, 60 cm., cotton grege, dyed in the piece, entered at 1.15, advanced to 1.25 francs per meter.

Satin, 92 cm., cotton grege, dyed in the piece, entered at 1.20, advanced to 1.30 francs per meter.

Discount, 20 per cent.

10980.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from F. G. Guerra, Havana, January 23, 1896:

Testing 94.47°, centrifugal, entered at 0.02\frac{11}{16}$, advanced to $0.02544, United States gold, per pound, packed.

Testing 84°, molasses, entered $0.02, less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to $0.018, United States gold, per pound, packed.

10902.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from M. Cabeo, Havana, January 8, 1896:

Testing, 94.20°, entered at 4½, advanced to 5.258 reals per arroba, packed.

Testing, 96.80°, entered at 4⅝, advanced to 5.554 reals per arroba, packed.

To entered prices add bags at 50 cents.

10974.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Ehlen Freidheim & Co., Macoris, January 15, 1896:

Testing, 95.80°, centrifugal, entered at $0.0208, add bags, advanced to $0.0231 United States gold, per pound, packed.

10984.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from E. Huffington, Macoris, January 4, 1896:

Testing 96.15°, centrifugal, entered at $0.0197, add bags, advanced to $0.02326, United States gold, per pound, packed.

Testing 85.95°, centrifugal, entered at $0.0142, add bags, advanced to $0.01685, United States gold, per pound, packed.

10893.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Booker Bros. & Co., Demerara, December 30, 1895:

Testing 96.60°, entered at $0.0235, advanced to $0.02518, United States gold, per pound, packed.

10976 .....*Furniture of wood*, from Harnisch & Co., Neusohl, December 24, 1895, and December 31, 1895:

Chairs, No. 18, entered at 26.10, discount 40 per cent, advanced to 18.50 florins per dozen, net. Add cases and packing.

2736 O. P.....
2785 O. P.....
Philadelphia.... } *Sulphate of ammonia*, from Makin & Bancroft, Liverpool, December 4, 1895:

Entered at £9 12s. 6d., less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to £8 12s. sterling per ton, packed.

Entered at £9 0s. 6d., discount 2½ per cent, less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to £8 7s. 6d. sterling per ton, packed.

2815 O. P.....
San Francisco.. } *Manufactures of silk*, from Mendelson Bros., Yokohama, January 4, 1896:

19 x 50 yards, grade 8, Koshu Kaiki, entered at 5.90, advanced to 6.10 silver yen per 100 mommes.

24 x 50 yards grade, 9/10 brocade habutai, entered at 7.50, advanced to 7.70 silver yen per 100 mommes.

Add cases and packing.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

2880, 10672.....
2881, 10673..... } *Cotton hose*, from Rudolph Drechsel & Co. and Emil Scherf, Chemnitz, October 23 and 30, 1895:

Advances up to 4¼ per cent.

2833, 10522..... *Wool dress goods*, from ———, Rheims, December 6, 1895:

42¾ cm. colored cashmere, 155, entered at .80, advanced to .85 franc per meter. Discount, 5 per cent. Add cases.

2885, 10479..... *Manufactures of silk and cotton*, from Meckel & Co., Elberfeld, December 3, 1895:

61 cm., style 10920, etc., broches, entered at 1.28, advanced to 1.50 marks per meter.

61 cm., style 10932, etc., broches, entered at 1.25, advanced to 1.50 marks per meter.

61 cm., style 10612, broches, entered at 1.32, advanced to 1.55 marks per meter.

2872, 10456..... *Manufactures, silk and cotton tie silk*, from Georges Cerf, Lyons, November 19, 1895:

70794/834, serge, 60 cm. impe., entered at 1.30, advanced to 1.40 francs per meter.

53331/39, Japonaise raye, 60 cm., entered at 1.50, advanced to 1.60 francs per meter.

Discount, 20 per cent. Add packing.

2866, 10500..... *Manufactures of silk, taffetas, etc.*, from Megroz & Co., Lyons, December 5, 1895:

No. 632, taffetas raye, 19″, entered at 1.50, advanced to 1.60 francs per meter.

No. 650, faconne, 24″, entered at 2.75, advanced to 3 francs per meter.

No. 636, taffetas raye, 21″, entered at 2.75 francs per meter. No advance.

No. 577, faconne, 22″, entered at 3.75 francs per meter. No advance.

No. 635, faille imprime, 21″, entered at 3.25, advanced to 3.40 francs per meter.

No. 685, taffetas ecossais, 21″, entered at 2.75, advanced to 3 francs per meter.

Discount, 20 per cent. Add case and packing.

2886, 10585..... *Manufactures of silk and cotton (tie silk)*, from Kniffon-Siegfried, Crefeld, December 16, 1895:

60 cm. tie goods, half silk, entered at from 1.10 to 1.60, advanced from 1.20 to 1.65 marks per meter.

60 cm. printed embossed satins, entered at .67, advanced to .90 mark per meter.

Add labels and packing charges.

2570, 9611..... *Flax thread*. from Filature & Filteries Reunies, Alost, September 3, 1895:

Balls of 55 meters, 48 balls per box, black, No. 30 and No. 40, entered at 48 cents per box. No advance. Discount, 10 per cent and 5 per cent.

700, 2739 O. P..
701, 2740 O. P..
Baltimore.....

Sugar above 16 D. S., from Robert Crooks & Co., Liverpool, December 6, 1895:

Fourths, entered at £10 17s. 5d., advanced to £11 2s. 5d. sterling per ton. Discount, 2½ per cent.

2726, 9250.....
2727, 9251.....
2728, 9404.....
2729, 9439, etc.

Lead pencils, etc., from A. W. Faber, Stein, July 30, August 6, August 27, and October 25, 1895, etc.:

Round gilt, Nos. 2, 3, 4, and 5, entered at 8.60, advanced to 9.50 marks per gross.

Hexagon gilt, Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 5, entered at 10.30, advanced to 13 marks per gross.

Low-priced pencil, natural polish, low-priced pencil A. W. F., natural-polish stamp G. F. K., student, entered at 1.80, advanced to 2.20 marks per gross.

School pencil H., brown polish; school pencil HB., brown polish; school pencil, crown polish F.; school pencil, crown polish, 2B.B., and school pencil, brown polish, gold, HB. and H., entered at 2.40, advanced to 3.15 marks per gross.

Office blue pencil, cedar, blue polish silver, entered at 6, advanced to 8.30 marks per gross.

Office red and blue pencil, cedar, red polish silver, entered at 6.60, advanced to 8.75 marks per gross.

Wax crayons, Nos. 1, 43, 45, etc., polish gold, and wax crayons, Nos. 12, 18, 42, and 60, entered at 11.60, advanced to 15.75 marks per gross.

English, 2H, 4H, B. F., and H. F., entered at 7.25, advanced to 9.45 marks per gross.

Artists' pencils, No. 20, carmine-blue and blue, entered at 40.50, advanced to 58.80 marks per gross.

Nickel gauges, A to S, entered at 1.45, advanced to 2 marks per piece.

Nickel gauges, 6W to 9M, entered at .85, advanced to 1 mark per piece.

Boxes of lead points with two wire gauges, entered at 12, advanced to 14.40 marks per gross.

Boxes of green and blue pencils of three pencils in each box, No. 20, entered at 3, advanced to 3.90 marks per dozen.

Black chalk, square, No. 2, entered at 2.25, advanced to 2.35 marks per gross.

Black chalk, round, Nos. 1, 2, and 3, entered at 2.80, advanced to 3.90 marks per gross.

Black chalk, round, polish, entered at 3.50, advanced to 4.90 marks per gross.

Siberian pencils, 2H, 3H, 4H, 5H, 6H, HB, FH, and F, entered at 15, advanced to 19.75 marks per gross.

Artists' pencils, pro and repelling, black lead, blue, No. 3, entered at 37.20, advanced to 65 marks per gross.

Artists' pencils, No. 10, carmine, entered at 19.40, advanced to 35.40 marks per gross.

Middle fine hexagon, red silver polish, Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 4, entered at 4.60, advanced to 5.35 marks per gross.

Round middle, fine black, Nos. 1, 2, and 4, and silver 3, entered at 3.60, advanced to 4.75 marks per gross.

Carmine and blue extra fine, entered at 18.30, advanced to 21.75 marks per gross.

Carmine pencil, white wood, red polish, green pencil, plain cedar, expressmen's pencil, plain white wood, blue pencil, 2nd quality, plain cedar, entered at 5, advanced to 6.90 marks per gross.

Red chalk pencil, No. 0, plain cedar, entered at 3, advanced to 4.90 marks per gross.

Red chalk pencil, No. 1, plain cedar, office red, plain white wood, office red and blue, plain white wood, entered at 4, advanced to 5.90 marks per gross.

2726, 9250.....
2727, 9251.....
2728, 9404.....
2729, 9439, etc....

Lead pencils, etc.—Continued.

Red chalk pencil, No. 2, plain cedar, entered at 5, advanced to 8.30 marks per gross.

Red chalk pencil, No. 3, plain cedar, entered at 6.50, advanced to 9.85 marks per gross.

Red chalk pencil, No. 4, plain cedar, entered at 7.20, advanced to 11.80 marks per gross.

Green pencil, white wood polish, entered at 4.50, advanced to 5.80 marks per gross.

Carpenters' red chalk pencil, white wood, and black chalk pencil, plain cedar, No. 1, entered at 3.70 advanced to 6.90 marks per gross.

Warehousemen's blue pencil, white wood polish, blue, white wood, blue polish, green, white wood, green polish, entered at 4.20, advanced 6.90 marks per gross.

Stenographic thin polish silver, entered at 6.40, advanced to 13.75 marks per gross.

Drawing pencils, in boxes of 6 pencils in each box, pens and eraser, entered at 8, advanced to 14 marks per gross pencils.

Artists' pencils No. 22, carmine and blue, entered at 60.70, advanced to 88.75 marks per gross.

Artists' black chalk Nos. 1 and 2 combined, warehousemen's pencils, black, red and blue, white wood, red polish, blue and black, plain cedar, blue plain silver polish, green, plain cedar, natural polish, silver, entered at 5.40, advanced to 7.90 marks per dozen.

Artists' copying pencils, pro and repelling, 16 cm., entered at 3.30, advanced to 5.40 marks per dozen.

Boxes, No. 6 copying lead 200, 2″, entered at 3, reappraised at 2.80 marks per dozen.

Finest and best drawing pencil, hexagon, H, HB, and 6H, entered at 11.50, advanced to 17.75 marks per gross.

Siberian artists' pencils, pro and repelling, HB, entered at 6.68, advanced to 6.90 marks per dozen.

Siberian artists' pencils, pro and repelling, 3B, 4B, 5B, entered at 6.88, advanced to 6.90 marks per dozen.

Triangle pro and repelling pencils, no scales, entered at 7.20, advanced to 7.55 marks per dozen.

Lumbermen's green pencils, in boxes of 3 pencils each, entered at 16.20, advanced to 70 marks per gross pencils.

Black chalk, square, No. 2, entered at 2.25, advanced to 2.35 marks per gross.

White chalk, No. 2, entered at 2.25, advanced to 3.90 marks per gross.

Refills No. 00, entered at 3.60, advanced to 4.10 marks per gross.

Refills No. 00, entered at 2.10, advanced to 2.40 marks per gross.

Refills No. 00, entered at 1.80, advanced to 2.05 marks per gross.

English, in wooden boxes of 5 pencils each, entered at 7.60, advanced to 14 marks per gross pencils.

English, in wooden boxes of 5 pencils each, knife and rubber, entered at 15.05, advanced to 27.75 marks per gross pencils.

Siberian, in wooden boxes of 5 pencils each, knife and rubber, entered at 23.50, advanced to 43.25 marks per gross pencils.

Wax crayons, in boxes of 6 pencils each, polish gold, entered at 13.10, advanced to 18 marks per gross crayons.

Blue pencil, blue, silver hexagon, and green pencil, green, silver hexagon, entered at 11.40, advanced to 15.75 marks per gross.

2726, 9250.....
2727, 9251.....
2728, 9404.....
2729, 9439, etc...

Lead pencils, etc.—Continued.

Artists' pencils, carmine, entered at 21.10, advanced to 25 marks per gross.

Siberian leads, 2H, H, and HH, entered at 6.20, advanced to 9.85 marks per dozen boxes.

Carpenter's red pencil, entered at 9, advanced to 11 marks per gross.

Carpenter's red pencil, entered at 11, advanced to 13.80 marks per gross.

Carpenter's red and black pencil, entered at 8, advanced to 9 marks per gross.

English, in boxes of 10 pencils each, entered at 6.70, advanced to 12.30 marks per gross pencils.

Siberian, in boxes of 5 pencils each, entered at 17, advanced to 31.25 marks per gross pencils.

Siberian, artists' pencils, H, HB, FH, 2H, 3H, 4H, and 6H, entered at 38.10, advanced to 47 marks per gross.

Artists' copying pencils, pro and repelling, and ever-pointed copying pencil, pro and repelling, entered at 3.30, advanced to 3.95 marks per dozen.

Carmine and blue, 2d quality, hexagon, entered at 12.40, advanced to 13.80 marks per gross.

Ink and pencil rubber, oval, red polish, entered at 20, advanced to 27.50 marks per gross.

Boxes of lead points, A to G and J to S, 200 M, O, P, Q, A, B, C, D, E, F, G, J, K, and L, entered at .55, advanced to .60 mark per dozen.

Boxes of 6 leads, 1 and 5, entered at 2.80, advanced to 5 marks per dozen boxes.

Warehousemen's black lead, green and blue, plain white wood, entered at 3.60, advanced to 5.90 marks per gross.

Office red pencil, plain cedar; warehousemen's pencil, red, white wood, red polish; parcels-post pencils, hexagon, blue, plain white wood; expressmen's red, green and red, and blue, plain white wood, hexagon, entered at 6, advanced to 8.25 marks per gross.

Warehousemen's pencils, black, white wood, red polish, and red and blue, plain white wood, entered at 4.80, advanced to 6.90 marks per gross.

Warehousemen's, plain red, plain cedar, entered at 7.20, advanced to 9.80 marks per gross.

Green, large, fine tipped, entered at 11.50, advanced to 15.75 marks per gross.

Warehousemen's pencils, green, cedar, polish silver, entered at 6, advanced to 8.80 marks per gross.

Warehousemen's pencils, red and blue, cedar, polish silver, entered at 7.70, advanced to 10.80 marks per gross.

Warehousemen's pencils, red and blue, plain cedar, entered at 6.60, advanced to 8.50 marks per gross.

Lead points, 6, 7, 30, 102, etc., entered at 1.20, advanced to 1.30 marks per gross.

Expressmen's pencils, plain white wood polish, and red and blue, round, entered at 5.60, advanced to 7 marks per gross.

Expressmen's pencils, plain white wood, hexagon, entered at 5, advanced to 8.25 marks per gross.

Expressmen's pencils, red, blue, and green, white wood polish, entered at 6.80, advanced to 9.50 marks per gross.

2726, 9250.....
2727, 9251.....
2728, 9404.....
2729, 9434, etc...

Lead pencils, etc.—Continued.

Office, blue and green pencil, plain white wood, entered at 3.60, advanced to 5.50 marks per gross.

Easel pencil, hexagon, red gold, extra thick, entered at 24, advanced to 35.50 marks per gross.

Carmine pencil, red, silver, round, entered at 12, advanced to 14.75 marks per gross.

Carmine pencil, red, silver, hexagon, entered at 12.60, advanced to 15.75 marks per gross.

Blue pencil, blue, silver, round, green pencil, green, silver, round, entered at 10.80 advanced to 14.75 marks per gross.

Carmine pencil, red polish, round, entered at 9, advanced to 10.80 marks per gross.

Carmine pencil, red polish, hexagon, entered at 9.60, advanced to 11.80 marks per gross.

Blue pencil, blue polish, round, green pencil, green polish, round, entered at 8.40, advanced to 10.80 marks per gross.

Blue pencil, blue polish, hexagon, green pencil, green polish, hexagon; colored writing pens, plain cedar, red, blue, green, and yellow, entered at 9, advanced to 11.80 marks per gross.

Carmine pencil, 2d quality, red, silver, entered at 7, advanced to 7.90 marks per gross.

Carmine pencil, 2d quality, plain cedar, entered at 6, advanced to 6.90 marks per gross.

Pencils in wooden boxes of 3 each, English, 1 red, 1 blue, knife and rubber, entered at 17.50, advanced to 32.20 marks per gross pencils.

Blue, large, entra fine, tipped, entered at 13.20, advanced to 15.75 marks per gross.

Green pencils, green polish, entered at 4.50, advenced to 5.80 marks per gross.

Stenographic pencils, square tips, entered at 9.80, advanced to 17.75 marks per gross.

Ever-pointed pencils, entered at 14.20, advanced to 17 marks per gross.

Artists' pencils, No. 2, entered at 21, advanced to 25.20 marks per gross.

Artists' pencils, pro and repelling, 1, 2, and 4, entered at 2.50, advanced to 7 marks per dozen.

Warehousemen's red pencil, plain white wood, entered at 5.40, advanced to 7.30 marks per gross.

Warehousemen's pencils, red and blue, plain white wood, and black lead pencils, white wood, red polish, entered at 4.80, advanced to 6.90 marks per gross.

Pen point protector, without rubber, entered at 4.50, advanced to 5.40 marks per gross.

New green pencil, hexagon, green polish, entered at 25.40, reappraised at 23.70 marks per gross.

Siberian artists' pencils, double ends, 2H, HB, F, and 2H, entered at 61.10, advanced to 71 marks per gross.

Siberian artists' pencils, pro and repelling, 6B, entered at 7.10, reappraised at 7 marks per dozen.

Siberian artists' pencils, HB, F, H, 2H, 3H, entered at 6.68, advanced to 6.80 marks per dozen.

English pencils in wooden boxes of 7 pencils each, entered at 6.50, advanced to 12. marks per gross.

Discount on entered prices of lead pencils, 8 per cent on some and 12½ per cent on others. Advanced prices net.

Slate pencils, colored polish, entered at .84, advanced to 1.05 marks per box, net.

NOTICE OF READMEASUREMENT UNDER THE ACT OF MARCH 2, 1895.

1896.
Department Circular No. 41.

Bureau of Navigation.

Treasury Department,

BUREAU OF NAVIGATION,

Washington, D. C., March 7, 1896.

Collectors of Customs and Others:

On the readmeasurement of any vessel under the act of March 2, 1895, and the issue of an Appendix (Cat. No. 565), without surrender of marine documents, the proper customs officer will advise this office of the vessel's new net tonnage, and, if the appendix issue otherwise than at the vessel's home port, he will also notify the Collector at such port.

EUGENE T. CHAMBERLAIN,
Commissioner.

APPROVED:

S. WIKE,
Acting Secretary.

FREE ENTRY OF THEATRICAL SCENERY, PROPERTIES, AND APPAREL.

1896.
Department Circular No. 42.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., March 10, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

Paragraph 596 of the act of August 28, 1894, provides as follows:

"Professional books, implements, instruments, and tools of trade, occupation, or employment, in the actual possession at the time of persons arriving in the United States; but this exemption shall not be construed to include machinery or other articles imported for use in any manufacturing establishment, or for any other person or persons, or for sale, nor shall it be construed to include theatrical scenery, properties, and apparel, but such articles brought by proprietors or managers of theatrical exhibitions arriving from abroad for temporary use by them in such exhibitions and not for any other person and not for sale and which have been used by them abroad shall be admitted free of duty under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe; but bonds shall be given for the payment to the United States of such duties as may be imposed by law upon any and all such articles as shall not be exported within six months after such importation: *Provided*, That the Secretary of the Treasury may in his discretion extend such period for a further term of six months in case application shall be made therefor."

The following regulations will hereafter govern the importation of theatrical scenery, properties, and apparel, under the foregoing paragraph.

The invoice filed with the entry of the articles must describe them in such manner as to insure their identification at the time of export, and the values thereof must be duly set forth. Entries of such merchandise will be made under the general provisions of article 349 of the Customs Regulations of 1892, with the necessary modifications to meet the case.

The exportation of the merchandise covered by said bond shall be made only at the port of importation and shall be on regular withdrawal and under customs supervision.

The bond account of such transactions shall be kept separate and distinct from the ordinary warehouse account.

At the expiration of the bond it shall be sent to the district attorney for collection, unless the required proofs of exportation shall have been furnished by the importer or consignee.

S. WIKE,
Acting Secretary.

1896.
Department Circular No. 43.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., March 12, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending February 29, 1896.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

REPORT ON REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING FEBRUARY 29, 1896.

N. B.—*In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.*

No. of Reappraisement.

11090..... .....*Chinese merchandise*, from Sun Kwong Hop, Hongkong, December 26, 1895:
Oyster sauce, entered at 1.95, advanced to 3 Mexican dollars per box.

10701.....*Manufactures of silk and cotton*, from F. Lafite & Co., Lyons, December 23, 1895:
95 cm., écru satin, 400, entered at 1.18, advanced to 1.35 francs per meter.
95 cm., écru satin, 398, entered at .98, advanced to 1.12 francs per meter.
95 cm., écru satin, 399, entered at 1.03, advanced to 1.21 francs per meter.
95 cm., écru serge, 397, entered at .67, advanced to .85 franc per meter.
95 cm., écru serge, 396, entered at .62, advanced to .80 franc per meter.
92 cm., black serge, 395, entered at .81, advanced to 1.16 francs per meter.
Entered discounts, 20 per cent and 1 per cent. Advanced discount, 20 per cent. Add cases.

10729.....*Manufactures of silk and cotton*, from A. Villy, Lyons, December 12, 1895:
Serge, 92 cm., silk and cotton, entered at .78, advanced to 1 franc per meter. Discount, 20 per cent.

10714.....*Manufactures of silk and cotton*, from Chr. Spazin, Herzog & Co., Lyons, November 27, 1895:
Serge tre., cot. noir, 36″, entered at .95, advanced to 1.10 francs per meter.
Serge tre., cot. noir, 36″, entered at .85, advanced to 1 franc per meter.
Discount, 20 per cent.

11025, 11049.....*Cigarette paper*, from May Fils Aine, Paris, January 18, 1896:

Bobines petite largeur, entered at 141.50, advanced to 147.75 francs per 100 bobines. Discount, 5 per cent.

10999.....*Sugar candy*, from Kwong Ling Shing, Hongkong, December 23, 1895:

Candy, entered at 3.70, advanced to 4.97 Mexican dollars per box of 95 pounds. Add case and packing.

11034.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from B. Duran, Havana, February 1, 1896:

Testing 82.80°, Muscovado, entered at .02, advanced to .0218, Spanish gold, per pound, packed.

11027, 10951, 10952..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Hidalgo & Co., Havana, January 16 and 21, 1896:

Testing 95.114°, entered at 0.02\frac{5}{8}$, advanced to $0.0259, United States gold, per pound, packed.

Testing 87.89°, entered at 0.02\frac{3}{16}$, advanced $0.02014, United States gold, per pound, packed.

Testing 87.22°, entered at 0.02\frac{1}{16}$, advanced to $0.01972, United States gold, per pound, packed.

From entered prices deduct freight and N. D. charges.

11021.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Waaren-Commission Bank, Hamburg, January 3, 1896:

Analysis, 88.18°, entered at from 10.965625 to 11.04375 marks per cwt., advanced to 10s. 8$\frac{3}{4}$d. sterling per cwt., packed. From entered price deduct freight and N. D. charges.

10985. .....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Chas. Clark, Savana-la-mar, January 22, 1896:

Testing 91.90°, entered at £10 8s. sterling per ton. Add bags. No advance.

11022..... *Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from F. G. Guerro, Havana, February 1, 1896:

Testing 90.70°, entered at .02$\frac{5}{8}$, advanced to .02308 United States dollars per pound, packed. From entered price deduct freight and N. D. charges.

11020.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from C. Czarnikow, Hamburg, January 3, 1896:

Analysis, 87.25°, entered at 10s. 4½d., advanced to 10s. 6$\frac{7}{8}$d. sterling per cwt., packed. From entered price deduct freight and N. D. charges.

10917.....*Colored cotton*, from Paul Lath & Frere, Roubaix, January 14, 1896:

Ameublement, 1232, entered at 2.30, advanced to 2.40 francs per meter. Discount, 6 per cent.

10916.....*Cotton-lace curtains*, from W. H. Fletcher & Co., Glasgow, January 10, 1896:

54", No. 745, écru and white curtains, taped, entered at 3s. 9d., advanced to 4s. 6d. sterling per pair. Discount, 2½ per cent. Add case.

10355.....*Cotton-lace curtains*, from T. I. Birkin & Co., Nottingham, November 23, 1895:

Écru and white, 3039, écru and white, 3040, and écru, 3041, lace curtains, 3½ yards, entered at 2s. 3d., advanced to 2s. 5d. sterling per pair.

Écru and white, 2743, écru and white, 2736, 3½ yards, entered at 2s. 6d., advanced to 2s. 8d. sterling per pair.

Discount, 2½ per cent. Add cases. Deduct inland carriage.

11066.....*Sweetmeats, white and decorated china, etc.*, from Zee Chong, Hongkong, November 22, 1895:

Preserved betel nuts, 1½ dozen in each box, entered at 1.30, advanced to 1.60, Mexican currency per box.

Cotton quilts, entered at 6, advanced to 9, Mexican currency, per box.

11066.....*Sweetmeats, white and decorated china, etc.*—Continued.

Teapots with baskets, entered at 2.60, advanced to 3.28, Mexican currency, per box.

Chinaware, consisting of six (6) boxes, entered at 37.10, advanced to 52.70, Mexican currency, per total.

10914.....*Decorated china, etc.*, from Julius Rudert, Carlsbad, January 5, 1896:

Advances up to 8 per cent.

10981, 10982.....*Chemical compound (perfumery powder)*, from H. D. Boret, London, January 16, 1896:

Perfumery powder (crude), entered at £18 3s. 7½d., discount, 10 per cent, advanced to £25 1s. 10d. sterling per pound, net.

10504–10764.....*Pocketknives*, from Edward Owen & Co., Birmingham, December 6 and 31, 1895:

Pocketknives, 1094, entered at 14s. 3d., add case and packing, advanced to 18s. sterling per gross, packed.

10899.....*Manufactures of wool and cotton*, from Glover Bros., Leeds, January 6, 1896:

54″, 14½ ounces, woolen and cotton warps, entered at 8d., advanced to 9d. sterling per yard. Add cases and packing.

10998.. .....*Etched glassware, etc.*, from Yee Ye, Hongkong, December 20, 1895:

100 lamp shades, entered at 1, advanced to 5 Mexican dollars per total.

Cotton sashes, 200 pieces, entered at 13, advanced to 14.50 Mexican dollars per total.

10 silk shirts, entered at 17, advanced to 20 Mexican dollars per total.

30 red silk shirts, entered at 36, advanced to 45 Mexican dollars per total.

Add packing charges.

11000, 11012.... } *Silk veiling, etc.*, from O. M. De Leon Levy, Paris, December 20, 21, 1895, and January
11036..... } 16, 1896.

Chenillette, 45 cm., cream, 525/530, entered at .25, advanced to .30 franc per meter.

Mousseline soie, 105 cm., assorted colors, 555, entered at 1.40, advanced to 1.50 francs meter. Discount, 20 per cent.

Chenille, black and white, 35 cm., 164, entered at .28, advanced to .33 franc per meter.

Chenillette, 35 cm., colored and black, 328, entered at .19, advanced to .24 franc per meter.

Chenille, 45 cm., black and cream, 324, entered at .30, advanced to .37 franc per meter.

Chenille, 35 cm., noir, 128, entered at .16, advanced to .23 franc per meter.

Chenillette, 45 cm., noir, 297, entered at .25, advanced to .31 franc per meter.

Chenillette, 70 cm., magpie, 298, entered at .38, advanced to .48 franc per meter.

Chenille, 45 cm., 298, entered at .21, advanced to .30 franc per meter.

Chenille, 35 cm., 332, entered at .23, advanced to .28 franc per meter.

Chenille, 45 cm., assorted, 331, entered at .22½, advanced to .28 franc per meter.

Chenille, 45 cm., magpie, 555, entered at .24, advanced to .32 franc per meter.

Chenille, 14″, black and cream, 114, entered at .17½, advanced to .21 franc per meter.

Chenille, 16″, colored and magpie, 114, entered at .21, advanced to .24 franc per meter.

Chenillette, 45 cm., cream, 297, entered at .15, advanced to .19 franc per meter.

Chenillette, 35 cm., assorted, 328, entered at .12, advanced to .15 franc per meter.

Chenille, 45 cm., cream and black, 560, entered at .16, advanced to .20 franc per meter.

Chenille, 35 cm., blanc and noir, 323, entered at .18, advanced to .22 franc per meter.

11000, 11012..... } *Silk veiling, etc.*—Continued.
11036.....

Chenille, 35 cm., black, 563, entered at .10, advanced to .15 franc per meter.

Chenille, 40 cm., magpie, 324, entered at .30, advanced to .37 franc per meter.

Chenille, 70 cm., black, 295, entered at .30, advanced to .42 franc per meter.

Chenille, 70 cm., crème, 298, entered at .29, advanced to .40 franc per meter.

Chenille, 70 cm., cream and magpie, 329, entered at .34, advanced to .44 franc per meter.

Chenelle, 35 cm., magpie, 285, entered at .17, advanced to .22 franc per meter.

Discount, 2 per cent. Add cases.

10717, 10718.....*Tamboured cotton shams, etc.*, from Hammel & Seclig, St. Gall, December 17 and 23, 1895:

Advances up to 11½ per cent.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

2797, 10028, } *Manufactures of flax and cotton*, from J. D. Einstein and G. Hartenstein, St. Gall, October
2798, 10041, etc. } 12, 29, and November 5, 1895:

Advances up to 13 per cent.

2902, 10707.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Razar & Co., Cardenas, December 21, 1895:

Testing 92.4544°, entered at $0.02½, advanced to $0.02255, United States gold, per pound. From entered price deduct freight and N. D. charges.

2801, 6398, } *Hemp yarn, flax yarn, and thread*, from Robert Stewart & Sons, Lisburn, August 29, 1894:
2802, 6399, etc.. }

12 A tow yarn W., brown, 2-cord, in hanks, invoiced at 7½d., reappraised at 8d. sterling per pound, net.

18 AA tow yarn W., brown, 2-cord, in hanks, invoiced at 7½d., reappraised at 8d. sterling per pound, net.

16½ AA T. H. B., 2-cord, in hanks, invoiced at 7½d., reappraised at 8d. sterling per pound, net.

18 flax line, grey, in hanks and bundles, invoiced at 8½d., reappraised at 8½d. sterling per pound, net.

18 hemp line, grey, in hanks and bundles, invoiced at 8d., reappraised at 8d. sterling per pound, net.

18 flax tow W., brown, 2-cord, in hanks, invoiced at 7½d., reappraised at 8d. sterling per pound, net.

10 H. B., Merrimack, 1 and 2 ounce balls, boxed, invoiced at 20s., reappraised at 22s. sterling per dozen.

12 red star, grey, yellow, and tan, 5, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, and 9 cord, 1-pound balls, pap'd, invoiced at 20s., reappraised at 24s. sterling per dozen.

20 F. gilling, grey, 3-cord, ½-pound balls, pap'd, invoiced at 23s., reappraised at 29s. sterling per dozen.

25 F. gilling, grey, 3-cord, ½-pound balls, pap'd, invoiced at 26s., reappraised at 33s. sterling per dozen.

22 special gilling W., brown, 3-cord, ½-pound balls, pap'd, invoiced at 21s., reappraised at 24s. sterling per dozen.

40 special gilling W., brown, 2-cord balls, pap'd, invoiced at 28s., reappraised at 37s. sterling per dozen.

2801, 6398, 2802, 6399, etc.. } *Hemp yarn, flax yarn, and thread, etc.*—Continued.

50 special gilling, grey W., brown, 2-cord balls, pap'd, invoiced at 33s., reappraised at 45s. sterling per dozen.

35 red star W., brown, 3, 5, 6, and 9 cord, satin, ½-pound balls, boxed, invoiced at 33s., reappraised at 37s. sterling per dozen.

25 red star W., brown, 3, 5, 6, and 9 cord satin, ½-lb. balls, boxed, invoiced at 26s., reappraised at 30s. sterling per dozen.

50 red star W., brown, 2-cord satin (*golden star quality*), invoiced at 45s., reappraised at 49s. sterling per dozen.

40 white star, grey, 3-cord satin, ½-lb. balls, boxed, invoiced at 46s., reappraised at 58s. sterling per dozen.

20 red star W., brown, 2-cord satin, 1-lb. bobbins, invoiced at 23s., reappraised at 27s. sterling per dozen.

12 red star, grey, 3/7-cord satin, 1-lb. balls, pap'd, invoiced at 22s., reappraised at 24s. sterling per dozen.

12 red star D., blue, 3, 5, and 6 cord, 1-lb. tubes, pap'd, invoiced at 20s., reappraised at 24s. sterling per dozen.

30 red star W., brown satin, 3-cord, ½-lb. balls, boxed, invoiced at 29s., reappraised at 33s. sterling per dozen.

35 red star W., brown, 3-cord, ½-lb. balls, boxed, invoiced at 33s., reappraised at 37s. sterling per dozen.

35 F. gilling, grey and W., brown, 2-cord, ½-lb. balls, pap'd, invoiced at 33s., reappraised at 41s. sterling per dozen.

40 F. gilling, grey and W., brown, 3-cord, ½-lb. balls, pap'd, invoiced at 37s., reappraised at 46s. sterling per dozen.

25 special gilling, grey, 3-cord, ½-lb. balls, pap'd, invoiced at 22s., reappraised at 26s. sterling per dozen.

60 red star W., brown, 6-cord satin, ½-lb. balls, boxed, invoiced at 53s., reappraised at 57s. sterling per dozen.

50 F. gilling. grey, 3 cord, ½-lb. balls, boxed, invoiced at 45s., reappraised at 55s. sterling per dozen.

25 white star, dark blue, 3-cord, ½-lb. balls, boxed, invoiced at 33s., reappraised at 37s. sterling per dozen.

2 Blake, grey, 7-cord, invoiced at 12s., reappraised at 18s. sterling per dozen.

25 white star, yellow, 3-cord, 2-oz. spools, invoiced at 36s., reappraised at 36s. sterling per dozen.

50 white star, grey and orange, 3-cord, 2-oz. spools, invoiced at 59s., reappraised at 59s. sterling per dozen.

60 white star, grey and orange, 3-cord, 2-oz. spools, invoiced at 68s., reappraised at 68s. sterling per dozen.

2 Blake finished, 7-cord, invoiced at 16s., reappraised at 22s. sterling per dozen.

18 special gilling, grey, 3-cord, ½-lb. balls, pap'd, invoiced at 18s., reappraised at 22s. sterling per dozen.

40 salmon thread, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 12 cord, 2-lb. balls, invoiced at 28s., reappraised at 28s. sterling per dozen.

2801, 6398, 2802, 6399, etc.. } *Hemp yarn, flax yarn, and thread, etc.*—Continued.

12 H. B. Merrimack, 2-oz. balls, boxed, invoiced at 28s., reappraised at 36s. sterling per dozen.

Sup. shoe thread, H. B., 2-oz. balls, boxed, invoiced at 16s., reappraised at 16s. sterling per dozen.

25 red star W., brown, 5-cord satin, 1-lb. bobbins, invoiced at 26s., reappraised at 30s. sterling per dozen.

20 white star, dark blue, 3 and 4 cord, ½-lb. balls, invoiced at 29s., reappraised at 33s. sterling per dozen.

80 white star, dark blue, 3-cord, 2-oz. spools, invoiced at 89s., reappraised at 89s. sterling per dozen.

16 white star, gray, 4-cord, ½-lb. balls, boxed, invoiced at 27s., reappraised at 31s. sterling per dozen.

25 blue star W., brown, 2-cord, ½-lb. balls, pap'd, invoiced at 22s., reappraised at 26s. sterling per dozen.

30 F. gilling, gray, 3-cord, ½-lb. balls, pap'd, invoiced at 29s., reappraised at 37s., sterling per dozen.

60 F. gilling W., brown, 2-cord, ½-lb. balls, pap'd, invoiced at 53s., reappraised at 64s. sterling per dozen.

40 white star W., brown and orange, ⅜-cord, 2-oz. spools, invoiced at 49s., reappraised at 49s. sterling per dozen.

Sup. sole sewing, gray, 12-cord, 1-lb. balls, pap'd, invoiced at 28s., reappraised at 28s. sterling per dozen.

40 A. gilling, gray, 3-cord, ½-lb. balls, pap'd, invoiced at 46s., reappraised at 58s. sterling per dozen.

25 special gilling, gray, 3-cord, ½-lb. balls, pap'd, invoiced at 22s., reappraised at 26s. sterling per dozen.

35 special gilling, gray, 2-cord, ½-lb. balls, pap'd, invoiced at 26s., reappraised at 33s. sterling per dozen.

3 H. B. Merrimack, 2-oz. balls, boxed, invoiced at 22s., reappraised at 26s. sterling per dozen.

3 H. B. standard, 2-oz. balls, boxed, invoiced at 30s., reappraised at 38s. sterling per dozen.

18 white star, gray and yellow, 3-cord, ½-lb. balls, boxed, invoiced at 28s., reappraised at 32s. sterling per dozen.

30 white star, dark blue, 2-cord, 4-oz. spools, invoiced at 40s., reappraised at 40s. sterling per dozen.

90 F. quality, full white, 3-cord, 200-yard spools, invoiced at 22s., reappraised at 28s. sterling per gross.

35 F. quality, full white, 3-cord, 200-yard spools, invoiced at 22s., reappraised at 28s. sterling per gross.

50 F. quality, dark blue, 3-cord, 200-yard spools, invoiced at 22s., reappraised at 28s. sterling per gross.

50, 40, and 60 F. quality, W., brown, 3-cord, 200-yard spools, invoiced at 22s., reappraised at 28s. sterling per gross.

2801, 6398,
2802, 6399, etc., } *Hemp yarn, flax yarn, and thread, etc.*—Continued.

30 F. quality, dark blue, 3-cord, 200-yard spools, invoiced at 22s., reappraised at 28s. sterling per gross.

80 F. quality, full white, 3-cord, 200-yard spools, invoiced at 22s., reappraised at 28s. sterling per gross.

25 F. quality, full white, 3-cord, 180-yard spools, invoiced at 21s., reappraised at 27s. sterling per gross.

25, 30, 35, 40, 50, and 60 F. quality, dark blue, 3-cord, 180-yard spools, invoiced at 21s., reappraised at 27s. sterling per dozen.

Twenty-five per cent discount on all except the first six items.

16 sole-sewing, gray, 8-cord, 1-lb. balls, invoiced at 13¾d., reappraised at 18d. sterling per dozen, net.

To invoiced prices various additions were made on entry to some of the above prices.

587 O. P.....
2086 .....
597 O. P.....
2087.....
598 O. P.....
2088 .....
Boston ..... } *Linen thread (No. 16)*, from Robert Stewart & Sons, Lisburn, January 21 and 22, 1895:

No. 2 Mackay, gray, 7-cord, 1-lb. balls, entered at 22s., advanced to 26s. sterling per dezen. Discount, 25 per cent. Add cases.

702 O. P.....
2704.....
Boston ..... } *Macaroni*, from Talbot Frères, Bordeaux, November 18, 1895:

Cases of 25 1-lb. packages, entered at 4.88, advanced to 5.85 francs per case.

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PROCEEDINGS UNDER DECISIONS OF THE BOARD OF GENERAL APPRAISERS AND APPLICATIONS FOR REVIEW UNDER SECTION 15 OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE ACT.

1896.
Department Circular No. 44.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., March 16, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

As some perplexity appears to exist among appraising and classifying officers of customs as to the effect of decisions rendered by the United States General Appraisers, the Department now instructs such officers that appraisements of values made by the Board, under Section 13 of the Act of June 10, 1890, are final and conclusive, as to such values, and appraisers should always be governed thereby in similar cases.

Whenever a decision has been made by the Board under Section 14 of the above act, in regard to the classification of any kind of merchandise and no appeal has been taken to the courts within the prescribed period, under Section 15 of the said act, such decision will govern the liquidation of the particular case which was the subject of the decision. In the absence of such appeal and of contrary instructions, all similar goods will be treated in liquidation in accordance with the classification established by the Board. Should appeal be taken by the Government against such decision, the classification will continue to be made by collectors in accordance with that which was the subject of protest by the importer. Due notice will be given of the result of every appeal and collectors will thereafter be guided by the judgment of the court.

Whenever protest has been filed against the collector's action and the final decision of the court shall be in favor of the claim made by the importer upon any contention regarding the revenue laws, reliquidation of the entries thereby affected will be made, and duties wrongfully exacted, if any, will be refunded as provided by existing regulations.

While the decisions of the Board do not, under the law, control any case except that which was under review by the Board, a proper uniformity of procedure will be best promoted by the rules above set forth.

Section 15 of the Act of June 10, 1890, provides that, "if * * * the collector * * * shall be dissatisfied with the decision of the Board of General Appraisers * * * as to the construction of the law and the facts * * * " he "may within thirty days next after such decision and not afterwards, apply to the circuit court of the United States * * * for review of the question of law and fact involved in such decision."

The Department instructs collectors that no such application for review shall be made by them, except with the expressed approval of the Department. This inhibition is considered proper in view of the

desirability of uniform constructions of law and is established under the following opinion rendered by the Honorable Attorney General on July 27, 1895:

"*The Secretary of the Treasury:*

SIR: I am in receipt of your letter of July 26, 1895, requesting an opinion whether or not in a case in which the General Appraisers have decided that an article is not dutiable, Section 15 of the Act of June 10, 1890 (26 Statutes, 138), in so far as it confers upon the collector the power, in case he is dissatisfied with the decisions of the Board of General Appraisers, to apply for a review of their decisions, repeals the authority conferred by Section 2652 of the Revised Statutes, upon the Secretary of the Treasury, to control the officers of customs in the administration of the revenue laws.

Section 2652, Revised Statutes, is as follows:

'It shall be the duty of all officers of the customs to execute and carry into effect all instructions of the Secretary of the Treasury relative to the execution of the revenue laws; and in case any difficulty shall arise as to the trne construction or meaning of any part of the revenue laws, the decision of the Secretary of the Treasury shall be conclusive and binding upon all officers of the customs.'

"The decisions of the Secretary of the Treasury upon all questions as to the construction or meaning of any part of the revenue laws are, by this section, made conclusive upon all customs officers.

"This law has been in force since 1842, and still remains part of the revenue system of the United States.

"A later statute does not abrogate a prior one unless such intention is expressed, or the two are so entirely inconsistent that they can not stand together.

"Section 15 of the Act of June 10, 1890, provides that 'the collector or the Secretary of the Treasury,' if dissatisfied, may apply for a review of the questions of law and fact involved in decisions of the Board of General Appraisers. This does not mean that the collector may appeal against the decision or wishes of the Secretary, but that, as either may be the officer who ultimately acts for the Government, the right of appeal is given to either, as the case may be. But if the Secretary has decided any matter, no collector can by appeal question such decision.

"A collector is merely a subordinate of the Secretary of the Treasury, and no intention to give him such right as against his superior is to be gathered from the act in question.

"My opinion is that Section 2652 is in full force, notwithstanding anything that is in Section 15, and that it is the duty of the collector to follow the decision and instructions of the Secretary of the Treasury in all matters relating to the revenue laws.

"Very respectfully,

JUDSON HARMON,
"*Attorney-General.*"

Chief officers of customs are further instructed to make prompt report to the Department whenever a decision is received from the Board of General Appraisers which in their opinion should be taken to the courts for review, and with each report of this kind they will submit a statement of the reasons which have governed such opinion.

S. WIKE,
Acting Secretary.

PROPOSALS FOR PAPER UPON WHICH TO PRINT UNITED STATES INTERNAL-REVENUE STAMPS.

1896.
Department Circular No. 45.
Internal Revenue No. 452.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF
COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE,

Washington, D. C., March 20, 1896.

Sealed proposals will be received until 1 o'clock p. m. of April 22, 1896, for furnishing this office with such paper, to be used in the printing of United States internal-revenue stamps during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1897, as may be from time to time ordered.

The paper must, in respect to composition, sizing, strength, and calendering, be equal to the samples of the paper now used in the printing of internal-revenue stamps which are to be found for examination at the office of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue—the degree of sizing, calendering, and strength to be such as may be prescribed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury—and must be free from clay or other adulteration, thread-knots, grit, or other foreign substances. A proportion of chemically prepared wood fiber (not exceeding 40 per cent) will be permitted in the composition. Each sheet of paper shall be made distinctive by being closely watermarked with the letters "U. S. I. R." in such manner that each square inch of the sheet shall bear some portion thereof.

The quantity required under the contract contemplated by this circular will be about 800,000 pounds, and will be white, plain green, or such other color, not more expensive, as may at any time be prescribed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, but the coloring material used must not be such as to be injurious to persons handling the paper.

The paper is to be manufactured and delivered in such quantities and in sheets of such sizes and weights as this office may from time to time order, and must be counted, examined, and separated into lots of 1,000 sheets, each hundred to be separated by a paper tag and each lot tied with strong twine.

The paper is to be manufactured under the supervision of an agent of the Government, who shall have access to all departments of the mill where the special paper is being manufactured, and under the protection of guards to be stationed at the mill; and the contractor will be required to provide, without charge, in the building in which the paper is made, rooms suitably furnished, to be used as an office by such agent and for the persons designated to guard the paper delivered, and also a room in which to store it until shipped; and he will be further required to conform to such reasonable regulations as may be made by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, to prevent the improper removal from the mill of the paper manufactured under the contract. All paper will be receipted for by the agent at the mill, subject to future examination, and the contractor will be required to furnish perfect paper with which to replace any returned to him as defective.

The contractor will be required to sign a written contract and to commence the manufacture of the paper at such time after June 30, 1896, as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue shall designate, and

will also be required to enter into a bond in the sum of $10,000, with approved sureties, for the faithful execution of the contract. The contract will bind the contractor to manufacture the special paper for the United States only.

Bills accruing under the contract will be paid monthly.

Bidders will state in their proposals the price or prices per pound for the paper, deliverable at the Treasury Department, in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, securely packed in the presence and under the direction of the agent of the Department stationed at the mill, in wooden boxes strapped with iron, sealed and marked ready for shipment, all at the expense of the contractor; and it is expressly stipulated that in case it shall be at any time necessary, in the opinion of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, to require shipment of paper by express, instead of by the ordinary freight delivery, the Government shall not be responsible for the cost of transportation except to the extent of the ascertained difference between the express rate and the rate by freight.

All paper returned from the Department to the contractor as defective, for which he is required, as hereinbefore stated, to furnish paper to replace the same, shall be returned at the expense of the contractor, and the paper furnished in place thereof shall be delivered at his expense at the Treasury Department as aforesaid.

The contractor will be required to furnish new dandy rolls for watermarking the paper, unless those now owned by the Government can be used, and will be required to pay all expenses connected with the repairing of such dandy rolls from time to time as necessity may require. Such rolls shall be manufactured (and repaired, if necessary) under the supervision of an agent of the Government, and will become and remain the property of the United States.

Each proposal shall be accompanied by a written guaranty, signed by two responsible persons, that if the award is made to the proponent the contract and bond will be executed promptly on the making of the award.

Bids will not be considered unless made by persons actually engaged in the manufacture of paper, and the right to reject any or all bids, and to waive informalities, in case it shall be deemed to the interest of the Government so to do, is hereby reserved.

The bids will be opened on Wednesday, the 22d day of April, 1896, at 1 o'clock p. m., in the office of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, and bidders are invited to be present.

Bids should be indorsed "Proposals for Internal-Revenue Stamp Paper," and addressed to the "Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Washington, D. C." No blanks for such proposals are furnished, nor are they required. Proposals may be made by letter.

Bidders are required to deposit with their bids samples of the paper which they propose to furnish—made with special reference to the character and quality of paper required to be supplied by the terms of this circular—at the price or prices bid; which samples will be subjected to the usual tests as to strength and quality. No samples of paper now in use will be sent out by this Bureau for examination.

JOS. S. MILLER,
Commissioner.

APPROVED:

J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

37-46

CUSTOMS COLLECTION DISTRICT OF ALASKA.

1896.
Department Circular No. 46.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., March 20, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following Act of Congress, approved March 16, 1896, entitled "An Act to reorganize the Customs Collection District of Alaska," is published for the information and guidance of all concerned.

W. E. CURTIS,
Assistant Secretary.

AN ACT To reorganize the Customs Collection District of Alaska.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Customs Collection District of Alaska be, and the same is hereby, reorganized and established to comprise the Territory of Alaska, in which Sitka shall be the port of entry.

SEC. 2. That such other places as may be designated by the Secretary of the Treasury, as the interests of commerce may require, shall be subports of entry or delivery or both; and customs officers shall be stationed at such subports, with authority to enter and clear vessels, receive duties, fees, and other moneys, and perform such other services and receive such compensation as in the judgment of the Secretary of the Treasury the exigencies of commerce may require.

SEC. 3. That all acts or parts of acts in conflict with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed.

Approved, March 16, 1896.

1896.
Department Circular No. 47.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., March 23, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending March 7, 1896.

W. E. CURTIS,
Assistant Secretary.

REPORT ON REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING MARCH 7, 1896.

N. B.—*In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.*

No. of reappraisement.

10784.. .. ..*Metallic trimmings*, from G. De Chaviere & Co., Lyons, December 21, 1895:
Advances up to 25 per cent.

11061.....*Manufactures of metal*, from Gr. Wandel, Reutlingen, January 16, 1896:
2 wire cloths, No. 65, measuring 10.11 x 2.235, entered at 6, advanced to 6.30 marks per square meter. Add packing.

11077.....*Musical instruments, etc.*, from Jules Cuendet, Auberson, January 20, 1896:
Cartels, No. 40 B., entered at 13.80, advanced to 14.50 francs per cartel.
Cartels, 58, systeme star, entered at 52 francs per cartel. No advance.
Cartel, 180, 6 ai, entered at 65 francs per cartel. No advance.
Add packing. Entered discount, 6 per cent. Advanced discount, 5 per cent.

11088.....*Manufactured articles N. E.*, from ——— Hongkong, January 3, 1896:
Bean sticks, entered at 2.40, advanced to 2.70 Mexican dollars per box.

11041.....*Sugar, not above 16 D. S.*, from G. P. Decoar, Montego Bay, January 28, 1896:
Testing, 91.95°, muscovado, entered at £8, 0s., 0d., advanced to £10 14s. 8d. sterling per ton, packed. To entered price add bags and inland transportation.

11059.....*Coal tar color*, from Farbwerk E. ter Meer & Co., Uerdingen, January 27, 1896:
Cotton blue, entered at 3.30 marks per kilo. Add packing. No advance.

11058.....*Chemical salt*, from E. Stobwasson, London, January 29, 1896:
Prussiate soda, entered at 5½d. sterling per pound. Add casks. No advance.

11068..... *Soap, n. o. p. f.*, from Chas. L. Cook, Liverpool, January 29, 1896:

Double crown soft soap, entered at 8s., 10d., advanced to 9s. 8d. sterling per dozen jars. Discount, 2½ per cent. Add cases and packing.

11069, 11092..... *Refined camphor*, from Stallman & Fulton, London, January 16 and 18, 1896:

Japan refined camphor, entered at 1s., 10½d., advanced to 1s. 11½d. sterling per pound.

11139..... *Cotton shoe laces*, from Fr. Pet. Ostermann, Barmen, January 28, 1896:

25½″ No. 53 black mohair laces, 6/8 boxed, entered at 1.17, advanced to 1.35 marks per gross.

25½″ No. 18 black mohair laces, 6/8 boxed, entered at 1.60, advanced to 1.84 marks per gross.

25½″ No. 20 black mohair laces, 6/8 boxed, entered at 1.90, advanced to 2.20 marks per gross.

11112..... *Colored cotton*, from Weiss, Fries & Co., Mulhouse, January 24, 1896:

80 cm. cretonne forte, entered at .69, advanced to .71 mark per meter. Add case.

11108..... *Bleached cotton*, from Brown, Graham & Co., Glasgow, January 25, 1896:

No. 1855, 28″ white fancy cloth, entered at .02$\frac{13}{16}$d., advanced to .03$\frac{1}{16}$d. sterling per yard. Add case and packing.

10759..... ..... *Orange boxes*, from M. Isaacs & Son, Ltd., Liverpool, January 4, 1896:

Empty boxes, entered at 1s. 8d. sterling per box. No advance.

11062..... *Embroidered initials, flax handkerchiefs and cotton handkerchiefs*, from Samuel W. McBride, Belfast, January 27, 1896:

Ladies' H. S. sheer linen initial handkerchiefs, unlaundried, 2711 c. 1, entered at 2s. 1d., advanced to 2s. 6d. sterling per dozen.

Ladies' H. S. sheer linen initial handkerchiefs, unlaundried, in 1-dozen boxes, 271 c. 3, entered at 2s. 2d., advanced to 2s. 7d. sterling per dozen.

Sheer linen initial handkerchiefs, unlaundried, in 5-dozen-boxes, 720 c. 2, entered at 2s. 1d., advanced to 2s. 3d. sterling per dozen.

Gents' H. S. linen initial handkerchiefs, unlaundried, in papers, 135 c. 1, entered at 2s. 5d., advanced to 2s. 8d. sterling per dozen.

Gents' H. S. linen initial handkerchiefs, unlaundried, in 6-dozen boxes, 2010 c. 2, entered at 4s. 4d., advanced to 4s. 10d. sterling per dozen.

Ladies' H. S. cotton lace edge and insertion handkerchiefs, in 5-dozen boxes, 789 c. 2, entered at 2s. 1d., advanced to 2s. 6d. sterling per dozen.

Discount, 2½ per cent. Add cases and making up.

10789..... *Cotton lace*, from Habeel Habis, Damascus, February 25, 1895:

Garniture en laine, entered at 32.14, advanced to 75 piasters per oke.

10378..... *Silk wearing apparel*, from E. Prevet, Succr., Paris, November 21, 1895:

Corsage et supe, essayage de Mannequiss, entered at 50, advanced to 75 francs per total. Add case and packing.

10918..... *Manufactures of silk and cotton*, from G. Varenne and J. Pointet & Co., Lyons, January 2, 1896:

78 cm. foulard, 9167, in grey, entered at .75, advanced to .88 franc per meter. Discount, 20 per cent. Add packing.

10912..... *Manufactures of silk*, from Kahn & Kahn, Lyons, January 16, 1896:

Surah impe, 65 cm., entered at 1.20, advanced to 1.30 francs per meter.

Surah impe, 60 cm., entered at 1.15, advanced to 1.25 francs per meter.

Discounts, 20 per cent and 1 per cent. Add cases and packing.

10903.....:.....*Manufactures of silk and cotton*, from Stunzi Sohne, Horgen, January 8, 1896:
Satin, taffetas, etc., advances up to 19 per cent.

11097..... .....*Decorated earthenware*, from Geo. Borgfeldt & Co., Vienna, January 13, 1896:
Figures of Napoleon, Othello, vases, etc., advances up to 11 per cent.

2669 O. P..... } *Skins tanned, but not finished*, from the ———, Madras, September 26, 1895:
Boston ..... }
Entered at 1/8/8 rupees per pound, plus cases and packing, advanced by addition of cartage, shipping and harbor charges, telegrams; commission, 2½ per cent.

2722 O. P..... } *Chemical salt*, from Thos. Vickers & Sons, Manchester, August 13, 1895:
Boston ..... }
Dunging salts, entered at £13 sterling per ton. Add cases and packing. No advance.

2790 O. P..... } *Druggets*, from Baring Bros. & Co., Ltd., Madras, November 11, 1895:
Boston ..... }
Druggets, entered at 1/10/0 rupees per square yard, advanced by addition of packing charges, etc.

2783 O. P..... } *Colored cotton velvets*, from J. Hallworth & Son, Manchester, December 19, 1895, and January 7, 1896:
2841 O. P..... }
Boston ..... }
22″ black imperial cotton collar velvets, quality A. A., entered at 8¾d. sterling per yard.
22″ black imperial cotton collar velvets, quality C. C., entered at 15½d. sterling per yard.
Discount, 4 per cent. Add making up and boxing at 1s. 4d. per piece. Advanced by addition of 2½ per cent commission, which was added to invoice but deducted on entry.

2754 O. P..... } *Olives*, from ———, Seville, August 20, 1895:
San Francisco .. }
Padron 1sts., entered at 80 pesetas per fanega.
Queens 2nds., entered at 24 pesetas per fanega.
Manzañillas, entered at 19 pesetas per fanega.
No advance. The above prices are in accordance with values found by the special Board.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

2970, 10773.....*Manufactures of silk and cotton*, from F. Lafute & Co., Lyons, December 4, 1895:
Austria pekin, 95 cm., écru, entered at .80, advanced to 1 franc per meter.
Austria pekin, 92 cm., colored, entered at 1.10, advanced to 1.30 francs per meter.
Austria pekin, 92 cm., colored, entered at .90, advanced to 1.05 francs per meter.
Diagonale, 92 cm., noir, entered at .80, advanced to 1.05 francs per meter.
Serge, 92 cm., noir, entered at .74, advanced to .95 franc per meter.
Cote russe, 92 cm., coul, entered at .88, advanced to 1.05 francs per meter.
Discount, 20 per cent.

2945, 10696.....*Manufactures of silk and cotton*, from A. L. Trapadoux Fréres & Co., Lyons, December 4, 1895:
Alessandra écru, 92 cm., entered at .78, advanced to .90 franc per meter. Discounts, 20 per cent and 1 per cent. Add case and packing.

2750, 10387.....*Wool linings*, from ———, Bradford, November 20, 1895:
32″ italian lining, black, entered at 5¾d., advanced to 6⅞d. sterling per yard. Discount, 2½ per cent. Add cases.

2958, 10830 ..... } *Sugar above and not above 16 D. S.*, from Robert Crooks & Co., Liverpool, January 2 and
2959, 10866..... } 10, 1896:

Fifths, entered at £8 17s. 5d., advanced to £9 13s. 4d. sterling per ton, packed.

Fifths, entered at £9 2s. 5d., advanced to £9 18s. 4d. sterling per ton, packed.

Fourths, above 16 D. S., entered at £11 2s. 5d., advanced to £11 5s. 10d. sterling per ton, packed.

Fourths, above 16 D. S., entered at £11 7s. 5d., advanced to £11 10s. 10d. sterling per ton, packed.

Fifths, not above 16 D. S., entered at £8 17s. 5d., advanced to £9 10s. sterling per ton, packed.

Fifths, not above 16 D. S., entered at £9 2s. 5d., advanced to £9 15s. sterling per ton, packed.

Discount, 2½ per cent.

2973, 10958.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from W. Mellor, Macoris, January 15, 1896:

Testing 94.90°, entered at .0220, add bags, advanced to .02253, United States dollars, per pound, packed.

Molasses testing 87.70°, entered at .0152, add bags, advanced to .01794, United States dollars, per pound, packed.

2606, 10012.....*Decorated china*, from ———, Dresden, July 27, 1895:

Advances up to 200 per cent on jugs, dishes, plates, candlesticks, etc.

3968, 10955.....*Manufactures of silk*, from Winckler & Co., Yokohama, December 27, 1895:

No. 3756, fancy brocaded wash silk, 20″ x 50 yards, entered at 5.90, advanced to 6.90 silver yen per 100 mommee.

No. 3746, satin striped wash silk 20″ x 50 yards, entered at .42, advanced to .50 silver yen per yard.

Add packing and boxes.

3050, 10926.....*Cotton neckwear*, from Kiefe Freres, Paris, January 16, 1896:

Cotton ties, entered at 3.10, advanced to 3.25 francs per dozen. Discounts, 6 per cent and 2 per cent. Add case and packing.

3055, 10597, } *Cotton netting and cotton lace curtains*, from B. Walker & Co., Ltd., Lenton, December 20,
3056, 10658... } 1895:

Écru and ivory cotton hamburg net, 103, 101, 108, 202, 204, 50″, entered at 2¾d., advanced to 3d. sterling per yard.

Écru and ivory cotton hamburg net, 501, 503, 504, 50″, entered at 5d., advanced to 5½d. sterling per yard.

Écru and ivory cotton hamburg net, 402, 403, 404, and 407, 50″, entered at 4½d., advanced to 5d. sterling per yard.

Écru and ivory cotton hamburg net, 50″, 702 and 703, entered at 5½d., advanced to 6d sterling per yard.

White curtains, 3 yards, 1920, 43″, entered at 1s. per pair. No advance.

Écru curtains, 3½ yards, 3971, 50″, entered at 2s. 9d., advanced to 3s. sterling per pair.

Discount, 2½ per cent, less inland freight.

2943, 10634.....*Cotton-lace curtains*, from W. E. Meats Co., Nottingham, December 20, 1895:

No. 5923, E. T., 3½ yards, entered at 3s. 7½d., advanced to 3s. 9d. sterling per pair.

2943, 10634.....*Cotton-lace curtains, etc.*—Continued.

Nos. 4415, 4448, E. T., 3½ yards, entered at 6s. 3d., advanced to 6s. 9d. sterling per pair.

No. 6479, E. T., 3½ yards, entered at 4s. 1d., advanced to 4s. 6d. sterling per pair.

No. 6495, E. T., No. 6495, E. H. E., 3½ yards, entered at 4s. 2d., advanced to 4s. 8d. sterling per pair.

Discount, 2½ per cent, less inland carriage. Add cases.

2955, 10824 .....*Manufactures of cotton, n. e.*, from Edward Owens & Co., Birmingham, January 8, 1895:

Velveteen dress binding, 4 yards, 1⅞″, black, entered at 6s. 9d. sterling per gross. No advance.

Velveteen dress binding, 4 yards, 1⅞″, colors assorted, entered at 7s. 3d., advanced to 7s. 6d. sterling per gross.

Velveteen dress binding, 4 yards, 1⅞″, entered at 4s. 3d. sterling per gross. No advance.

Add case.

2749, 10343.....*Chemical salt*, of Deutschen Gold & Silver Scheide-Anstalt, Frankfort, October 21, 1895:

Sulphide of iron, entered at 11.25, discount, 1½ per cent and 1½ per cent, advanced to 12.25 marks per 100 kilos, net. Add packing charges at 1 mark per 100 kilos.

2949, 10594.....*Orange boxes*, from F. W. Wood & Co., Liverpool, December, 1895:

Empty boxes, 4¼ cubic feet, entered at 4d., advanced to 1s. 4d. sterling per box.

O

1896.
Department Circular No. 48.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY,

Washington, D. C., March 23, 1896.

To all Disbursing Officers of the United States.

Disbursing officers are hereby notified that the following proof will be required on vouchers as evidence of proper payment.

VOUCHERS—HOW STATED.

All vouchers must be stated in the name of the person, firm or company, or corporation rendering the service and entitled to payment.

RECEIPTS TO VOUCHERS.

If the payee be a firm or company (not incorporated), the receipt should be in the firm or company name, to be followed by the autograph signature of the person authorized to sign the firm or company name; if a corporation, the receipt should be in the legal corporate title of the company, to be followed by the autograph signature of the officer (giving his title) or agent duly authorized to receive the money and receipt therefor.

Vouchers may be signed in the name of the principal by agents or attorneys duly authorized to receive checks for their principals, but in such cases the disbursing officer must first satisfy himself of the authority of said agent or attorney to sign the name of his principal and receive the CHECK issued in payment of the principal's claim.

In all cases where a voucher is receipted by an agent or attorney *payment must be made by check drawn on some U. S. Depository and made payable to the* ORDER *of the rightful claimant and payee of the vouchers,* and the disbursing officer must certify on the voucher over his signature that payment has been so made, giving number and date of check and the name of the depository on which drawn.

These instructions are not intended to affect any additional regulations adopted by the various Departments, but are to be regarded as showing what is required by the accounting officers as necessary proof of payment made by disbursing officers.

R. B. BOWLER,
Comptroller.

APPROVED:
J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary.

EXTENSION OF LIMITS OF PORT OF ENTRY OF NEW ORLEANS.

1896.
Department Circular No. 49.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., March 27, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following Act of Congress, approved March 20, 1896, entitled "An act to extend the limits of the port of entry of New Orleans," is published for the information and guidance of all concerned.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

AN ACT To extend the limits of the port of entry of New Orleans.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the limits of the port of entry of New Orleans shall be, and the same are hereby, extended so as to include that portion of the parish of Jefferson on the west bank of the Mississippi River lying between the upper line of the parish of Orleans, west bank, the west bank of the said river to a point opposite the upper boundary line of the parish of Orleans, east bank, a line drawn thence back four thousand feet, perpendicular to said river, and a line drawn thence parallel to the Mississippi River until it intersects said upper parish boundary line, west bank; and so as further to include that portion of the parish of Saint Bernard lying between the lower boundary line of the parish of Orleans, east bank, the east bank of the Mississippi River to a point three miles below said lower boundary, a line drawn thence back four thousand feet parallel to said lower boundary line, and a line drawn thence parallel to the Mississippi River, until it intersects said lower boundary line of the parish of Orleans.

Approved, March 20, 1896.

REAPPRAISEMENTS OF MERCHANDISE BY UNITED STATES GENERAL APPRAISERS.

1896.
Department Circular No. 50.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., March 27, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending March 14, 1896:

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

REPORT ON REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING MARCH 14, 1896.

N. B.—In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.

No. of Reappraisement.

10826, 10827..... } *Wool dress goods*, from Schulze & Son, Greiz, December 18, 1895, January 2 and 27, 1896:
11114, 11007..... }

95 cm., art. 725, wool, entered at .67, advanced to .72 mark per meter, net.

95 cm. perle, 645, wool, entered at .65, advanced to .85 mark per meter, net.

115 cm. chinois, 646, wool, entered at .58, advanced to .88 mark per meter, less 8 per cent.

95 cm. chinois, 646, wool, entered at .48, advanced to .75 mark per meter, less 8 per cent.

114 cm. silk-warp henrietta, entered at 1.21, advanced to 1.48 marks per meter, less 8 per cent.

Discount on entered prices, 8 per cent. Add packing charges.

11008..... *Wool dress goods*, from C. Grabner, Neumark, January 8, 1896:

90 cm. mercur, entered at .85½, advanced to 1.05 marks per meter.

120 cm. arion, entered at 1.33½, advanced to 1.45 marks per meter.

Discount, 7 per cent. Less inland freight and consul fee.

10929..... *Manufactures of silk and cotton*, from Seidenwaarenfabrik Vorm, Edwin Naef, A. G. Zurich, January 13, 1896:

Black satin tr. cot., 36″, entered at 1.80, advanced to 2.30 francs per aune.

10929.....*Manufactures of silk and cotton, etc.*—Continued.

Black rhadames tr. cot., 36″, entered at 1.80, advanced to 2.10 francs per aune.
Black rhadames tr. cot., 36″, entered at 1.95, advanced to 2.30 francs per aune.
Black satin tr. cot., 36″, entered at 2.60, advanced to 3 francs per aune.
Black satin tr. cot., 36″, entered at 2.90, advanced to 3.45 francs per aune.
Brown satin tr. cot., 36″, entered at 3, advanced to 3.60 francs per aune.
Black satin tr. cot., 20½″, entered at 1.50, advanced to 1.70 francs per aune.
Discount, 20 per cent. Add case and packing.

11016.....*Manufactures of silk and cotton*, from Mech Seidenstoffweberei, Winterthur, January 21, 1896:

Satin ½ soie, noir, 36″, entered at 1.90, advanced to 2.40 francs per aune.
Rhadames, noir, 36″, entered at 2.30, advanced to 2.75 francs per aune.
Discount, 20 per cent. Add cases and packing.

11096, 11107.....*Colored cotton velvet*, from Alfred Louis, Manchester, January 28, 1896:

22″ velveteen cord, M. S., entered at 20d. sterling per yard.
22″ black velvet cord, M. S., entered at 19d. sterling per yard.
To entered prices add boxes at 9d. each. Amount added for boxes advanced to 1s. each.

11132.....*Bleached cotton*, from E. W. Bodenmann, St. Gall, January 23, 1896:

Woven swiss blumetefs, T. U. R., 1104, entered at 27 francs per piece. No advance.
Woven swiss blumetefs, T. U. R., 1204, entered at 28.50 francs per piece. No advance.
Woven swiss blumetefs, T. U. R., 1504, entered at 22.50 francs per piece. No advance.
Woven swiss blumetefs, J. J. R., 804, entered at 20.60 francs per piece. No advance.
Discount, 3 per cent. Add bleaching and finishing at 1.15 francs each.

11001.....*Cotton netting, etc.*, from John Fellmann & Co., Ltd., Nottingham, January 16, 1896:

108″ white mosquito net, No. 205, entered at 5¾d., advanced to 5⅞d. sterling per yard.
120″ white mosquito net, No. 205, entered at 6⅜d., advanced to 6½d. sterling per yard.
90″ white mosquito net, No. 211, entered at 6⅛d., advanced to 7⅛d. sterling per yard.
108″ white mosquito net, No. 211, entered at 7⅜d., advanced to 8¼d. sterling per yard.
120″ white mosquito net, No. 211, entered at 8¾d., advanced to 9⅞d. sterling per yard.
90″ white mosquito net, No. 207, entered at 5¼d., advanced to 6⅛d. sterling per yard.
108″ white mosquito net, No. 207, entered at 6¼d., advanced to 7¼d. sterling per yard.
120″ white mosquito net, No. 207, entered at 7¼d., advanced to 8¼d. sterling per yard.
90″ white mosquito net, No. 300, entered at 4d., advanced to 4¾d. sterling yer yard.
108″ white mosquito net, No. 305, entered at 4¾d., advanced to 5⅞d. sterling per yard.
90″ mosquito net, 310, entered at 4⅛d., advanced to 5¼d. sterling per yard.
108″ white mosquito net, 315, entered at 5d., advanced to 6⅜d. sterling per yard.
90″ white mosquito net, 320, entered at 4⅞d., advanced to 5⅞d. sterling per yard.
108″ white mosquito net, 325, entered at 5¾d., advanced to 6⅞ sterling per yard.
90″ white mosquito net, 330, entered at 5¼d., advanced to 6⅛d. sterling per yard.
108″ white mosquito net, 335, entered at 6¼d., advanced to 7⅜d. sterling per yard.
Discount, 20 per cent. Add cases.

11111, 11129.....*Manufactures of wool and cotton*, from Simon Israel & Co., Bradford, February 3 and 6, 1896:

56″ black union coatings, No. 06050, entered at 1s. 3d., advanced to 1s. 5d. sterling per yard.
77½″ black cheviot, No. 3473, entered at 11d. sterling per yard. No advance.

11111, 11129.....*Manufactures of wool and cotton, etc.*—Continued.

54″ black serge, No. 2472/3, entered at 11d. sterling per yard. No advance.

Discounts, 2½ per cent and 1¼ per cent. Add making up and packing.

11115.....*Bleached and colored cotton*, from The Belfast Linen Handkerchief Company, Ltd., Belfast, January 29, 1896:

872, 32″ persian lawns, white, No. 5026, entered at $2\frac{9}{10}$d., advanced to $3\frac{1}{10}$d. sterling per yard.

873, 32″ persian lawns, white, No. 5028, entered at 3¾d., advanced to 4¼d. sterling per yard.

874, 32″ persian lawns, white, No. 5031, entered at 5d., advanced to 5⅜d. sterling per yard.

875, 32″ persian lawns, white, No. 5032, entered at $5\frac{4}{10}$d., advanced to $5\frac{8}{10}$d. sterling per yard.

876, 32″ persian lawns, white, No. 5033, entered at $6\frac{1}{10}$d., advanced to $7\frac{2}{10}$d. sterling per yard.

877, 878, and 879, 32″ persian lawns, dyed, sky, No. 5039; pink, No. 5040, and straw, No. 5041, entered at $3\frac{6}{10}$d., advanced to $4\frac{4}{10}$d. sterling per yard.

880 and 881, 32″ persian lawns, dyed, pink, No. 5043, and straw, No. 5044, entered at $4\frac{4}{10}$d., advanced to $5\frac{2}{10}$d. sterling per yard.

882, 883, and 884, 32″ persian lawns, dyed, sky, No. 5045; pink, No. 5046; straw, No. 5047, entered at 4¾d., advanced to 5¾d. sterling per yard.

885, 886, and 887, 32″ persian lawns, dyed, sky, No. 5048; pink, No. 5049, and straw, No. 5050, entered at 5¼d., advanced to 6¼d. sterling per yard.

Discount, 3½ per cent. Add cases and packing.

11075.....*Steel wire*, from ———, Sheffield, January 4, 1896:

Steel wire, 59″x ¼, entered at 13s. sterling per cwt. No advance. Add cases.

10706.....*Cotton lace curtains*, from B. Walker & Co., Nottingham, December 13, 1895:

3½ yards, No. 3940, E. T., 43″, entered at 1s., advanced to 1s. 1d. sterling per pair.

3½ yards, No. 3907, E. T. and W. T., 48″, entered at 2s. 7½d., advanced to 2s. 10½d. sterling per pair.

3½ yards, No. 3940, W. T., 43″, entered at 1s., advanced to 1s. 1d. sterling per pair.

3½ yards, No. 3729, E. T., 56″, entered at 5s. 8d., advanced to 6s. sterling per pair.

3½ yards, 3689, E. T. and W. T., 54″, entered at 5s. 10d. sterling per pair. No advance.

Discount, 2½ per cent. Less inland freight.

10856.....*Cotton-lace curtains*, from M. C. Thompson, Glasgow, January 3, 1896:

3½ yards, curtains, W. T., 2510, 2511, and 2512, entered at 3s. 2d., advanced to 3s. 3d. sterling per pair.

4 yards, curtains, W. T., 2511, entered at 3s. 9½d., advanced to 3s. 10½d. sterling per pair.

4 yards, curtains, W. T. and E. T., 2526 and 2527, entered at 6s. 8d. sterling per pair. No advance.

3½ yards, curtains, W. T. and E. T., 2526 and 2527, entered at 5s. 8d. sterling per pair. No advance.

3½ yards, curtains, W. T. and E. T., 2517, entered at 3s. 5d., advanced to 3s. 6d. sterling per pair.

4-yard curtains, W. T., 2518, entered at 4s. 3d. sterling per pair. No advance.

10856.....*Cotton-lace curtains, etc.*—Continued.

3½-yard curtains, E. T., 2534, entered at 7s. 11d., advanced to 8s. 6d. sterling per pair.

3½-yard curtains, W. T., 2533, entered at 6s. 11d. sterling per pair. No advance.

3½-yard curtains, W. T. and E. T., 2518, entered at 3s. 7d., advanced to 3s. 9d. sterling per pair.

4-yard curtains, W. T., 2517, entered at 4s. 1d. sterling per pair. No advance.

4-yard curtains, W. T. and E. T., 2527, entered at 6s. 8d. sterling per pair. No advance.

Entered discount, 3¾ per cent; advanced discount, 2½ per cent. Add cases. Less inland freight. Add boiling, twisting, and finishing at 3d. per pound. Add packing.

9960, 10056, 10087, 10162, Etc.....} *Flax thread*, from Robert Stewart & Son, Lisburn, August 31, September 25, October 30, and December 18, 1895, and January 15, 1896:

Red star, gray, 5, 6, and 7 cord, in skeins, invoiced at 22s., reappraised at 23s. sterling per dozen.

9/10, A. H. B., standard 2-oz. balls, boxed, invoiced at 25s., reappraised at 27s. sterling per dozen.

Red star, gray, 5 and 6 cord, 1-pound balls, pap'd, invoiced at 22s., reappraised at 23s. sterling per dozen.

Superior, gray, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10 cord, 1-pound balls, pap'd, invoiced at 28s., reappraised at 28s. sterling per dozen.

30, F., gray, 3-cord, in skeins, pap'd, invoiced at 29s., reappraised at 36s. sterling per dozen.

Red star, dark blue, 3-cord, skeins, boxed, invoiced at 33s., reappraised at 33s. sterling per dozen.

35, F., gray, 2-cord, skeins, pap'd, invoiced at 33s., reappraised at 40s. sterling per dozen.

40, F., gray, 3-cord, skeins, pap'd, invoiced at 37s., reappraised at 45s. sterling per dozen.

Red star, gray, 4, 6, and 7 cord, 1-pound balls, pap'd, invoiced at 22s., reappraised at 24s. sterling per dozen.

40, F. W., brown, 2-cord, skeins, pap'd, invoiced at 37s., reappraised at 45s. sterling per dozen.

35, red star, dark blue, 3-cord, skeined, boxed, invoiced at 33s., reappraised at 33s. sterling per dozen.

60, F., gray, 3-cord, skeins, pap'd, invoiced at 53s., reappraised at 63s. sterling per dozen.

25, F., gray, 3-cord, skeins, pap'd, invoiced at 26s., reappraised at 32s. sterling per dozen.

25, F., gray, 3-cord, skeins, pap'd, invoiced at 26s., reappraised at 32s. sterling per dozen.

35, F., gray, 2-cord, skeins, pap'd, invoiced at 33s. reappraised at 40s. sterling per dozen.

60, F., gray, 2-cord, skeins, pap'd, invoiced at 53s., reappraised at 63s. sterling per dozen.

10, H. B., Merrimack, 2-oz. balls, boxed, invoiced at 20s., reappraised at 22s. sterling per dozen.

9960, 10056, 10087, 10162, Etc..... } *Flax thread, etc.*—Continued.

40, F., gray, 2 and 3 cord, skeins, pap'd, invoiced at 37s., reappraised at 45s. sterling per dozen.

30, F., gray, 3-cord, skeins, pap'd, invoiced at 29s., reappraised at 36s. sterling per dozen.

Red star, gray, 8-cord, in skeins, invoiced at 22s., reappraised at 22s. sterling per dozen.

Red star, gray, 5 and 6 cord, in skeins, invoiced at 22s., reappraised at 22s. sterling per dozen.

Superior, gray, 10-cord, in skeins, invoiced at 28s., reappraised at 28s. sterling per dozen.

Superior, gray, 7-cord, 1-pound balls, pap'd, invoiced at 28s., reappraised at 30s. sterling per dozen.

18 A. A., tow yarn, 2-cord, in hanks and bundles, invoiced at 8s. 6d., reappraised at 7s. 6d. sterling per dozen.

25 and 30, Porter's standard dark-blue 2-cord, 65-yard spools, invoiced at 7s., reappraised at 7s. sterling per gross.

30 and 35, household F. white, 2-cord, 100-yard spools, invoiced at 9s., reappraised at 9s. sterling per gross. Discount, 25 per cent.

Red star single yarn, gray, in hanks, invoiced at 13s. 6d., reappraised at 15s. sterling per dozen, net.

15, single yarn, gray satin, ½-pound balls, pap'd, invoiced at 13s. 6d., reappraised at 16s. 6d. sterling per dozen, net.

12, single yarn, gray satin, ½-pound balls, pap'd, invoiced at 12s. 6d., reappraised at 15s. 6d. sterling per dozen, net.

10808.....*Flax thread*, from Wm. Ewart & Son, Ltd., Belfast, December 6, 1895:

13 c., 6-ply, D. R. C. line (boiled and finished), entered at 10d., advanced to 1s. sterling per pound.

10038.....*Flax thread*, from W. & L. Knox, Kilbirnie, September 24, 1895:

Gray, 16x40, 12 c., 2-pound balls, best salmon twine, entered at 2s. 4d. sterling per pound. No advance.

Gray, 18x50, 14 c., 2-pound balls, best salmon twine, entered at 2s. 5d. sterling per pound. No advance.

Discount, 25 per cent. Add cases. Less inland freight.

11047, 11078.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Hidalgo & Co., Havana, January 16 and 22, 1896:

Testing 81.326°, entered at 0.01\frac{11}{16}$, less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to $0.0158, United States gold, per pound, packed.

Testing 86.267°, entered at 0.02\frac{3}{8}$, less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to $.01968, United States gold, per pound, packed.

Testing 83.28°, entered at 0.01\frac{15}{16}$, less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to $0.01759, United States gold, per pound, packed.

Testing 80.10°, entered at 0.01\frac{3}{4}$, less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to $0.01461, United States gold, per pound, packed.

11076.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Frederico, Hahtl, Santa Domingo, January 27, 1896:

Testing 96°, centrifugal, entered at .0224, advanced to .0241 United States dollars per pound, packed.

11063.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Wm. Kerr, Montego Bay, January 28, 1896:

Testing 90.05°, entered at £8, advanced to £10 9s. 2¾d. sterling per ton, packed.

Testing 80.65°, entered at £8, reappraised at £7 8s. 6d., sterling per ton, packed.

Add bags, hogsheads, and filling.

11149.....*Sugar and vegetables*, from Sun Kwong Hop, Hongkong, December 5, 1895:

Sugar above No. 16 D. S., entered at 3.50, advanced to 3.72 Mexican dollars per package of 93 pounds.

Seaweed, entered at 3.80, advanced to 4 Mexican dollars per box of 50 pounds each.

11151.....*Vegetables, n. o. p. f.*, from Juan Prieto, Havana, February 20, 1896:

Peppers, entered at .25, advanced to .30, Spanish gold, per carrier. Add packages.

11156.....*Brushes, etc.*, from Ullmann & Engelmann, Fuerth, January 21, 1896:

Brushes, No. 814, entered at 2.55, advanced to 3.55 marks per gross. Add boxes and cases.

11148.....*Manufactured articles, N. E.*, from Sun Kwong Hop, Hongkong, December 17, 1895:

Bean curd sticks, entered at 2.40, advanced to 2.70 Mexican dollars per box.

11118.....*Flax lace tidies*, from Kiefe Frères, Paris, February 13, 1896:

Voiles, 27″, No. 3430, renaissance linens, entered at 4, advanced to 4.25 francs each.

Voiles, 24″, No. 3430, renaissance linens, entered at 3.40 francs each. No advance.

Chemins, 18 x 54, No. 3449, renaissance linens, entered at 4.75, advanced to 5.10 francs each.

Voiles, 30″, No. 3430, renaissance linens, entered at 4.50 francs each. No advance.

Chemins, 18 x 36, No. 3449, renaissance linens, entered at 3.50 francs each. No advance.

Discount, 4 per cent. Add cases and packing.

11120.....*Linoleum*, from John Barry, Ostlere & Co., Ltd., Kirkcaldy, January 17, 1896:

Entered at 1s. 9d. sterling per square yard, less 20 per cent, advanced to 1s. 9d. sterling per square yard, less 15 per cent. Add packing. Deduct inland carriage.

11158, 11196, 11197..... } *Vegetables, n. o. p. f.*, from Antonio Calofat, Havana, February 15, 20, and 22, 1896:

Tomatoes, entered at .30 Spanish gold per carrier. Add cost of carriers at .25 each.

10572.....*Manufactures of marble*, from E. & C. Fratelli Lapini, Firenze, November 29, 1895:

1 column of green of Prato, entered at 20, advanced to 40 lire per total. Add packing.

11160, 11161.....*Decorated earthenware*, from E. Felici & Galli, Napoli, January 20, 1896:

1 dish and plate, majolica ware, entered at 30, advanced to 60 francs per case.

Majolica ware, entered at 15, advanced to 30 francs per case.

11131..... .....*Manufactures of silk, paper, cotton, and silk-embroidered articles*, from Morimura Bros., Hiogo, November 16, 1895:

Satin screens, No 264, entered at 6 silver yen each.

Satin screens, No. 265, entered at 22 silver yen each.

Satin screens, No. 267, entered at 3 silver yen each.

Satin screens, No. 262, entered at 6.50 silver yen each.

Satin screens, No. 263, entered at 5 silver yen each.

Satin screens, Nos. 256, 257, and 261, entered at 25 silver yen each.

Satin screens, No. 258, entered at 20 silver yen each.

Satin screens, No. 259, entered at 24 silver yen each.

Satin screens, No. 260, entered at 13 silver yen each.

Satin screens, No. 266, entered at 10 silver yen each.

No advance. Add packing, boxes, etc.

11125.....*Decorated earthenware, etc.*, from Geo. Borgfeldt & Co., Vienna, January 22, 1896:

Figures and busts, entered at from 5.85 to 54 francs each, discounts 10 per cent and 3 per cent, advanced 11½ per cent.

11147.....*Manufactures of metal*, from Alfred Sautel, Paris, February 6, 1896:

Ceinture, entered at 5.50, advanced to 6 francs per dozen.

Ceinture, entered at 4, advanced to 4.50 francs per dozen.

Entered discounts, 10 per cent, 2 per cent, and 5 per cent. Advanced discounts, 10 per cent and 2 per cent.

10853..... .....*Manufactures of metal and wood, etc.*, from Arnold & Schirmer, Berlin, December 21, 1895:

1 filter, constructed according to Piefke model No. 3, contains 10 chambers and 1 set reserve gauze sieve, entered at 445, discount 20 per cent, advanced to 445 marks each, net.

1 staff-fanger entered at 40 marks, discount 15 per cent, advanced to 40 marks, net.

Add cases.

2788 O. P.....
Boston..... } *Worsted yarn*, from Ira Ickringill & Co., Ltd., Keighley, July 2, 1895:

Yarn, quality 2/36 I. S. B., entered at 1s. 8d. sterling per pound. Discount, 2½ per cent. No advance.

2700 O. P.....
Boston..... } *Wool tops*, from Kammgarnspinnerei Stohr & Co., Plagwitz, October 3, 1895:

Tops, x extra fast, vigour colored, entered at 3.95 marks per kilo. Add packing charges. No advance.

Tops, xx extra fast, vigour colored, entered at 4.15 marks per kilo. Add packing charges. No advance.

2789 O. P. .....
Boston..... } *Apples*, from C. L. Laurence, Yarmouth, December 30, 1895:

Entered at $1.50, advanced to $1.75, United States currency, per barrel, packed.

2745 O. P.....
Boston..... } *Pencils*, from The American Supplies Company, London, November 12, 1895:

No. 731, black chalk pencils, entered at 6s. 6d. sterling per gross. No advance.

No. 697, blue chalk pencils, entered at 6s. sterling per gross. No advance.

Add cases.

2837 O. P.. .....
2839 O. P.....
2842 O. P., etc..
Boston..... } *Sugar above and not above 16 D. S.*, from Robert Crooks & Co., Liverpool, December 31, 1895, January 4 and 10, 1896:

Fourths, above 16 D. S., entered at £11 2s. 5d., advanced to £11 12s. 6d. sterling per ton. Discount, 2½ per cent.

Sugar, entered at 9s. 3d., advanced to 9s. 7½d. sterling per cwt. Discount, 2½ per cent.

Fifths, not above 16 D. S., entered at £9 2s. 5d., advanced to £9 15s. sterling per ton. Discount, 2½ per cent.

Fifths, not above 16 D. S., entered at £9 2s. 5d., advanced to £9 14s. 1d. sterling per ton. Discount, 2½ per cent.

2797 O. P.....
Philadelphia... } *Sugar above and not above 16 D. S.*, from Robert Crooks & Co., Liverpool, December 31, 1895:

Fourths, not above 16 D. S., entered at £11 2s. 5d. sterling per ton, advanced to 11s. 7½d. sterling per cwt.

Fifths, above 16 D. S., entered at £9 2s. 5d. sterling per ton, advanced to 9s. 6d. sterling per cwt.

Discount, 2½ per cent.

2751 O. P..... } *Wood pulp*, from H. E. Aerenberg, Gothenburg, November 7, 1895:
Philadelphia... }

Entered at £5 18s. 6d. sterling per ton. No advance.

10983..... ...*Cut and decorated glassware*, from Speelman Bros., Rotterdam, December 7, 1895:

Engraved wine glasses, entered at 18 florins per total.

Painted milk glasses, entered at 13.65 florins per total.

Large and small green-painted bottles, entered at 6.50 florins per total.

Red-painted bottles, entered at 7 florins per total.

No advance.

O

1896.
Department Circular No. 51.

Treasury Department,

BUREAU OF THE MINT,

Washington, D. C., April 1, 1896.

Hon. JOHN G. CARLISLE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

SIR: In pursuance of the provisions of section 25 of the act of August 28, 1894, I present in the following table an estimate of the values of the standard coins of the nations of the world:

VALUES OF FOREIGN COINS.

COUNTRY.	Standard.	Monetary unit.	Value in terms of U. S. gold dollar.	Coins.
Argentine Republic	Gold and silver	Peso	$0.96,5	Gold: argentine ($4.82,4) and ½ argentine. Silver: peso and divisions.
Austria-Hungary	Gold	Crown	.20,3	Gold: former system—4 florins ($1.92,9), 8 florins ($3.85,8), ducat ($2.28,7) and 4 ducats ($9.14,9). Silver: 1 and 2 florins. Gold: present system—20 crowns ($4.05,2); 10 crowns ($2.02,6).
Belgium	Gold and silver	Franc	.19,3	Gold: 10 and 20 francs. Silver: 5 francs.
Bolivia	Silver	Boliviano	.49,3	Silver: boliviano and divisions.
Brazil	Gold	Milreis	.54,6	Gold: 5, 10, and 20 milreis. Silver: ½, 1, and 2 milreis.
British Possessions N. A. (except Newfoundland).	Gold	Dollar	1.00,0	
Central Amer. States—Costa Rica, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, Salvador	Silver	Peso	.49,3	Silver: peso and divisions.
Chile	Gold and silver	Peso	.91,2	Gold: escudo ($1.82,4), doubloon ($4.56,1), and condor ($9.12,3). Silver: peso and divisions.
China	Silver	Tael — Shanghai	.72,9	
		Tael — Haikwan (Customs).	.81,2	
		Tael — Tientsin	.77,3	
		Tael — Chefoo	.76,3	
Colombia	Silver	Peso	.49,3	Gold: condor ($9.64,7) and double-condor. Silver: peso.
Cuba	Gold and silver	Peso	.92,6	Gold: doubloon ($5.01,7). Silver: peso.
Denmark	Gold	Crown	.26,8	Gold: 10 and 20 crowns.
Ecuador	Silver	Sucre	.49,3	Gold: condor ($9.64,7) and double-condor. Silver: sucre and divisions.
Egypt	Gold	Pound (100 piasters)	4.94,3	Gold: pound (100 piasters), 5, 10, 20, and 50 piasters. Silver: 1, 2, 5, 10, and 20 piasters.
Finland	Gold	Mark	.19,3	Gold: 20 marks ($3.85,9), 10 marks ($1.93).
France	Gold and silver	Franc	.19,3	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 francs. Silver: 5 francs.
German Empire	Gold	Mark	.23,8	Gold: 5, 10, and 20 marks.
Great Britain	Gold	Pound sterling	4.86,6½	Gold: sovereign (pound sterling) and ½ sovereign.
Greece	Gold and silver	Drachma	.19,3	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 drachmas. Silver: 5 drachmas.
Haiti	Gold and silver	Gourde	.96,5	Silver: gourde.
India	Silver	Rupee	.23,4	Gold: mohur ($7.10,5). Silver: rupee and divisions.
Italy	Gold and silver	Lira	.19,3	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 lire. Silver: 5 lire.
Japan	Gold and silver*	Yen — Gold	.99,7	Gold: 1, 2, 5, 10, and 20 yen.
		Yen — Silver	.53,2	Silver: yen.
Liberia	Gold	Dollar	1.00,0	
Mexico	Silver	Dollar	.53,6	Gold: dollar ($0.98,3), 2½, 5, 10, and 20 dollars. Silver: dollar (or peso) and divisions.
Netherlands	Gold and silver	Florin	.40,2	Gold: 10 florins. Silver: ½, 1, and 2½ florins.
Newfoundland	Gold	Dollar	1.01,4	Gold: 2 dollars ($2.02,7).
Norway	Gold	Crown	.26,8	Gold: 10 and 20 crowns.
Persia	Silver	Kran	.09,1	Gold: ¼, 1, and 2 tomans ($3.40,9). Silver: ¼, ½, 1, 2, and 5 krans.
Peru	Silver	Sol	.49,3	Silver: sol and divisions.
Portugal	Gold	Milreis	1.08,0	Gold: 1, 2, 5, and 10 milreis.
Russia	Silver‡	Ruble — Gold	.77,2	Gold: imperial ($7.71,8), and ½ imperial †($3.86).
		Ruble — Silver	.39,5	Silver: ¼, ½, and 1 ruble.
Spain	Gold and silver	Peseta	.19,3	Gold: 25 pesetas. Silver: 5 pesetas.
Sweden	Gold	Crown	.26,8	Gold: 10 and 20 crowns.
Switzerland	Gold and silver	Franc	.19,3	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 francs. Silver: 5 francs.
Tripoli	Silver	Mahbub of 20 piasters	.44,5	
Turkey	Gold	Piaster	.04,4	Gold: 25, 50, 100, 250, and 500 piasters.
Venezuela	Gold and silver	Bolivar	.19,3	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 bolivars. Silver: 5 bolivars.

*Gold the nominal standard. Silver practically the standard.
†Coined since January 1, 1886. Old half-imperial = $3.98,6.
‡Silver the nominal standard. Paper the actual currency, the depreciation of which is measured by the gold standard.

Respectfully, yours,

R. E. PRESTON,
Director of the Mint.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., April 1, 1896.

The foregoing estimate by the Director of the Mint, of the values of foreign coins, I hereby proclaim to be the values of such coins in terms of the money of account of the United States, to be followed in estimating the value of all foreign merchandise exported to the United States on or after April 1, 1896, expressed in any of such metallic currencies.

J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

APPLICATIONS FOR RELIEF FROM FINES, PENALTIES, AND FORFEITURES.

1896.
Department Circular No. 52.
Bureau of Navigation.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., April 2, 1896.

To Collectors of Customs and others:

To facilitate the consideration of applications for remission or mitigation of fines, penalties, and forfeitures, you will advise applicants, ship owners, masters, and agents, or other persons concerned, that the regulations governing the matter require in ordinary cases that such applications be addressed to the Secretary of the Treasury, and presented to your office for transmittal to the Department, with your report thereon.

S. WIKE,
Acting Secretary.

VALUATION OF LEAD CONTAINED IN IMPORTED MEXICAN ORES, FOR PURPOSES OF CLASSIFICATION UNDER PARAGRAPH 165 OF THE ACT OF AUGUST 28, 1894.

1896.
Department Circular No. 53.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., April 1, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The Special Regulations of July 17, 1889 (Synopsis 9492), as amended by Department's circular of July 17, 1891 (Synopsis 11481), which provides that "in determining the value of lead contained in Mexican ores, such value will be computed at the latest known price of bar lead in the New York market, less 1½ cent per pound" are hereby supplemented as follows:

Whenever the market value of lead at the port of importation is ascertainable, such value shall be taken as the basis of computation; otherwise the above-stated rule must be applied.

S. WIKE,
Acting Secretary.

1896.
Department Circular No. 54.
Division of S., P., and B.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., April 7, 1896.

To Heads of Bureaus, Treasury Department,
and Chiefs of Divisions, Secretary's Office:

Special attention is hereby directed to the following requirements of Department Circular No. 95, of 1894:

* * * * * * *

(*b*) At least a year's supply of regular or standard forms should be ordered at a time.
(*c*) Blank books should be ordered at least four months,
And—
Blank forms, official paper and envelopes, two months before being needed for use.

* * * * * * *

Much of the delay experienced in receiving supplies ordered from the Public Printer is occasioned by the numerous "specials" that are constantly being pushed ahead of the regular work. This evil has reached such embarrassing proportions as to require its discontinuance.

It is therefore directed that in each bureau of the Department and division of the Secretary's Office the blank forms, blank books, letterheads, and envelopes be placed in the custody of a competent person, who should, where practicable, be supplied with proper shelf accommodations for storing the material in one place, such person to be held to a strict accountability for having at all times a sufficient stock on hand to meet the usual demands. The persons designated to prepare printer's copy and make requisitions on the Secretary, under the provisions of the above-mentioned Circular, might be selected for this duty.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

1896.
Department Circular No. 55.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., April 4, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending March 21, 1896.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

REPORT ON REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING MARCH 21, 1896.

N. B.—*In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.*

No. of Reappraisement.

11253.....*Stereotype plates*, from Hutchinson & Co., London, February 13, 1896:
1 set stereo plates, "Daireen," entered at £18 14s. 7d., advanced to £35 14s. 7d. sterling per total. Add cases.

11189..... ....*Electrotype*, from L. W. Partridge & Co., London, February 11, 1896:
277 pages electros of letter press on pages 38 to 320 of "Green Mountain Boys," entered at £17 6s. 3d., advanced to £24 4s. 10d. sterling per total. Add cases.

11287.....*Electrotype plates*, from T. Fisher Murvin, London, February 11, 1896:
Steros white sand, 336 pages, entered at 1s., advanced to 2s. $1\frac{65}{84}$d. sterling per page.
Steros "Game of Consequences," 192 pages, entered at 6d., advanced to 1s. $7\frac{51}{96}$d. sterling per page.
Add packing boxes.

11134.....*Manufactures of silk and cotton*, from Scheffer Hamers, Viersen, January 22, 1896:
36″ twill, double black, 250, entered at 1.20, advanced to 1.35 marks per meter.
36″ twill, double black, 270, entered at 1.45, advanced to 1.55 marks per meter.
36″ mervilleux, black, 200, entered at 1.20, advanced to 1.40 marks per meter.
36″ satin, seal-brown, 410, entered at 1.30, advanced to 1.40 marks per meter.
36″ satin, black, 420, entered at 1.40, advanced to 1.55 marks per meter.
27″ satin, black, 510, entered at 1.45, advanced to 1.60 marks per meter.
36″ satin, black, 430, entered at 1.50, advanced to 1.65 marks per meter.
36″ satin, 440, black and seal-brown, entered at 1.60, advanced to 1.75 marks per meter.
Add cases, packing, charges, etc.

11138, 11227..*Manufactures of silk and cotton*, from Deuss & Oetker, Crefield, February 7 and 14, 1896:

Satin noir, 80, 20½″, entered at .75, advanced to .96 mark per meter.
Satin noir, 80, 20½″, entered at .70, advanced to .96 mark per meter.
Satin noir, 80, 20½″, entered at .85, advanced to .98 mark per meter.
Satin de chine, 93, 20½″, entered at .80, advanced to .95 mark per meter.
Satin de chine, 93, 20½″, entered at .75, advanced to .95 mark per meter.
Satin de chine, 93, 20½″, entered at .90, advanced to .95 mark per meter.
Satin de chine, 95, 20½″, entered at .90, advanced to 1.05 marks per meter.
Satin de chine, 95, 20½″, entered at .85, advanced to 1.05 marks per meter.
Satin de chine, 95, 20½″, entered at 1, advanced to 1.05 marks per meter.
Satin de chine, 93½, 20½″, entered at .90, advanced to .95 mark per meter.
Satin de chine, 95½, 20½″, entered at 1, advanced to 1.05 marks per meter.
Satin de chine, 96½, 20½″, entered at 1.10, advanced to 1.18 marks per meter.
Satin noir, 80, 27″, entered at 1.15, advanced to 1.25 marks per meter.
Satin noir, 80, 27″, entered at .95, advanced to 1.20 marks per meter.
Satin noir, 509, 27″, entered at 1.25, advanced to 1.35 marks per meter.
Satin noir, 510, 27″, entered at 1.35, advanced to 1.45 marks per meter.
Satin de chine, 93, 20½″, entered at .70, advanced to .96 mark per meter.
Satin de chine, 93½, 20½″, entered at .80, advanced to .95 mark per meter.
Satin de chine, 95½, 20½″, entered at .90, advanced to 1 mark per meter.
Satin de chine, 96½, 20½″, entered at 1.10, advanced to 1.18 marks per meter.
Satin rayé, 800, 20½″, entered at .85, advanced to .98 mark per meter.
Satin de chine rayé, 930, 20½″, entered at .90, advanced to 1 mark per meter.
Serge noir, 512, 27″, entered at 1.25, advanced to 1.35 marks per meter.
Satin noir, 508, 36″, entered at 1.35, advanced to 1.45 marks per meter.
Satin noir, 508, 36″, entered at 1.45, advanced to 1.55 marks per meter.
Satin noir, 36″, entered at 1.40, advanced to 1.50 marks per meter.
Add packing, cases, etc.

11067.....*Manufactures of wool and cotton*, from Simon Israel & Co., Bradford, January 16, 1896:

56″ black union cloakings, No. 06050, entered at 1s. 3d., advanced to 1s. 5d. sterling per yard.
54″ black cotton cloakings, No. 06056/7, entered at 10½d., advanced to 11½d. sterling per yard.
54″ black serges, M, 9050/1, entered at 11d. sterling per yard. No advance.
Discounts, 2½ per cent and 1¼ per cent. Add cases and packing.

10662, 10748..... 10802, 1091P.. .. 10995, etc..... *Colored cotton corduroy*, from Hardt & Co., Manchester, December 20, 27, 1895, January 17, 24, February 14 and 20, 1896:

27″, "B," 537, entered at 11½d. sterling per yard.
27″ dark-drab, 1, 719, entered at 7¼d. sterling per yard.
27″ dark-drab, 11, 537-A, entered at 10⅝d. sterling per yard.
27″, "B," 719, entered at 8¼d. sterling per yard.
27/8″ drab, 11, 8 shafts, 120 H., entered at 1s. 2$\frac{9}{16}$d. sterling per yard.
27/8″ 11, 8 shafts, 2 H., entered at 1s. 4$\frac{5}{16}$d. sterling per yard.
27″ light-drab, 8 shafts, 654 H., entered at 7$\frac{15}{16}$d. sterling per yard.
28″ black, 8 shafts, 539 H., entered at 11$\frac{13}{16}$d. sterling per yard.
27/8″ dark-drab, 11, 116 H., entered at 1s. 1½d. sterling per yard.

10662, 10748..... } 10802, 10919..... } 10995, etc..... } *Colored cotton corduroy, etc.*—Continued.

27/8″ light drab mole, 26 H., entered at $10\frac{7}{16}$d. sterling per yard.
28″ dark-drab, 11, setts, 115 H., entered at $11\frac{5}{16}$d. sterling per yard.
28″ drab, 1, 8 shafts, 537 A. H., entered at $9\frac{5}{16}$d. sterling per yard.
27/8″ light drab, Genoa cords, 567 S. H., entered at $11\frac{3}{4}$d. sterling per yard.
27/8″ light-drab, Genoa cords, 567 H., entered at $11\frac{3}{4}$d. sterling per yard.
27/8″ light-drab, 8 shafts, cords, 120 H., entered at $13\frac{7}{8}$d. sterling per yard.
27″ brown cotton cord, 541, entered at $13\frac{3}{4}$d. sterling per yard.
27″ dark-drab, 1,558, entered at $6\frac{13}{16}$d. sterling per yard.
27″ dark-drab, 1,806, B., entered at $6\frac{1}{2}$d. sterling per yard.
28″ light-drab, No. 539 H., entered at $11\frac{11}{32}$d. sterling per yard.
28″, 120 H., light-drab cords, entered at $14\frac{11}{32}$d. sterling per yard.
28″ drab, 1, cords, entered at $9\frac{11}{16}$d. sterling per yard.
28″ drab, 1, 539 H., entered at $10\frac{5}{16}$d. sterling per yard.
No advance on prices. Advanced by addition of 2 per cent commission added to invoice, but deducted on entry. Less $\frac{1}{37}$. Discount, $2\frac{3}{4}$ per cent.

11217.....*Cotton yarn*, from McConnell & Co., Ltd., Manchester, February 14, 1896:
No. 100/2, M., gassed, 20, entered at 2s. 4d. sterling per yard. Discount, $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. No advance.

11065.....*Colored cotton*, from Bartram Harvey & Co., London, January 30, 1896:
40″ printed cotton, entered at 7d., advanced to 17d. sterling per yard. Discount, $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Add cases and packing.

11211.....*Cotton netting, etc.*, from John Feilman & Co., Nottingham, February 6, 1896:
90″ white mosquito net, No. 204, entered at 5d., advanced to $5\frac{1}{4}$d. sterling per yard.
108″ white mosquito net, No. 204, entered at 6d., advanced to $6\frac{3}{8}$d. sterling per yard.
90″ white mosquito net, No. 206, entered at $5\frac{3}{8}$d., advanced to $5\frac{7}{8}$d. sterling per yard.
108″ white mosquito net, No. 206, entered at $6\frac{1}{2}$d., advanced to $7\frac{1}{8}$d. sterling per yard.
120″ white mosquito net, No. 206, entered at $7\frac{1}{4}$d., advanced to $7\frac{3}{4}$d. sterling per yard.
108″ white mosquito net, No. 208, entered at 7d., advanced to $7\frac{3}{8}$d. sterling per yard.
120″ white mosquito net, No. 208, entered at $7\frac{7}{8}$d., advanced to $8\frac{1}{4}$d. sterling per yard.
108″ white mosquito net, No. 211, entered at $8\frac{1}{8}$d., advanced to $8\frac{1}{2}$d. sterling per yard.
120″ white mosquito net, No. 211, entered at $8\frac{7}{8}$d., advanced to $9\frac{3}{4}$d. sterling per yard.
108″ white mosquito net, No. 220, entered at $7\frac{3}{8}$d., advanced to $7\frac{3}{4}$d. sterling per yard.
120″ white mosquito net, No. 220, entered at $7\frac{7}{8}$d., advanced to $8\frac{1}{2}$d. sterling per yard.
Discount, 20 per cent. Add cases. Less inland carriage.

10620, 10596..... } 10617, 10639..... } *Olives*, from Antonio de Olmedo, Antonio Alonso, and others, Seville, June 18, 20, August 20, and October 17, 1895:
Manzanillas, entered at 14, advanced to 19 pesetas per fanega.

11246.....*Unbleached and bleached cotton swisses*, from Otto G. Wolfers & Co., St. Gall, February 11, 1896:
Écru dotted swisses, No. 309, entered at .78, advanced to .87 franc per yard.
Écru dotted swisses, No. 310, entered at .83, advanced to .92 franc per meter.
White dotted swisses, No. 87, entered at .90, advanced to .98 franc per yard.
White dotted swisses, No. 54, entered at $.52\frac{1}{2}$, advanced to $.56\frac{1}{2}$ franc per yard.

11246.....*Unbleached and bleached cotton swisses, etc.*—Continued.

White dotted swisses, No. 44, entered at .47½, advanced to .52½ franc per yard.

White dotted swisses, Nos. 77 and 86, entered at .80, advanced to .88 franc per meter.

White dotted swisses, No. 39, entered at .55, advanced to .60½ franc per meter.

Discount, 3 per cent. Add cases and packing.

11169, 11168.... *Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Samuel Abbott, St. Kitts, February 4, 1896:

Testing 89.30°, entered at 2.32, advanced to 2.339 United States dollars per 100 pounds, packed.

Testing 84.25°, entered at 1.84, advanced to 2.034 United States dollars per 100 pounds, packed.

Testing 83.35°, entered at 1.84, advanced to 1.958 United States dollars per 100 pounds, packed.

Testing 88.30°, entered at 2.09, advanced to 2.286 United States dollars per 100 pounds, packed.

Testing 83.15°, entered at 2.09, reappraised at 1.9378 United States dollars per 100 pounds, packed.

11166.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Emil S. Debel, St. Kitts, February 3, 1896:

Testing 88.15°, muscovado, entered at 2.09½, advanced to 2.277 United States dollars per 100 pounds, packed.

11176.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from J. Bueno & Co., Santiago, February 1, 1896:

Testing 96.66°, entered at .02½, advanced to .02872 Spanish gold, per pound, packed. Add bags.

11231.....*Manufactures of flax*, from C. A. Hottsch, Ringenhain, February 2, 1896:

Damask towels, knot fringe, 22/50, Nos. 65 and 71, entered at 13.50, advanced to 14.50 marks per dozen.

Damask towels, knot fringe, 22/50, No. 50, entered at 10, advanced to 10.75 marks per dozen.

Damask towels, knot fringe, 22/48, No. 521, entered at 9.50 marks per dozen. No advance.

Discount, 2 per cent.

7324.....*Flax thread, etc.*, from The H. B. Claflin Company, Manchester, February 1, 1895:

White star, dark-blue, 3-cord, 2-oz. spools, entered at 59s. sterling per dozen. No advance.

25 F. quality and 40 F. quality, dark-blue, 3-cord, 200-yard spools, entered at 22s. sterling per dozen. No advance.

Entered discounts, 25 per cent and 1¼ per cent. Advanced discount, 25 per cent.

11050, 11194.....*Precious stones cut*, from B. H. Davis, London, February 7, 1896:

Sapphires, entered at £1 15s., advanced to £1 18s. sterling per karat.

Rubies, entered at £5 15s. sterling per karat. No advance.

Pearls, entered at 11s., advanced to 12s. per karat.

Emeralds, entered at £4 15s. sterling per karat. No advance.

Similar goods, similar advances.

11039.....*Manufacturers of metal, leather, etc.*, from F. Brampton & Co., Birmingham, January 29, 1896:

Bicycle saddles, Nos. 55 and 56, entered at 3s. 6d. sterling each.

Bicycle saddles, No. 50, entered at 3s. 1d. sterling each.

Advanced by addition of cost for cases.

11256.....*Steel bars, etc.*, from Eicken & Co., Hagen, February 17, 1896:
1 bar drawn-out steel, F., 50 mm., entered at 2.31, advanced to 23.10 marks, per total. Discount, 2 per cent. Add packing.

11124.....*Cartridges, as manufactures of metal*, from H. Utendoerffer, Nurnburg, January 27, 1896:
Flobert cartridges (B. B. caps), entered at 2.41, discount, 5 per cent, add boxes, packing, string, wood and zinc case, and freight, advanced to 2.50 marks per thousand, discount, 2 per cent in packed condition.

11236.....*Decorated china*, from C. Tielsch & Co., Altwasser, February 5, 1896:
Tassen, 73 stab. 1V. geo. rd. rosa lustre, entered at 20 marks per gross. No advance.
Tassen, 226 1V. geo. rd. rosa lustre, entered at 20 marks per gross. No advance.
Add cases and packing. Discount, 2 per cent.

11247.....*Prepared vegetables, etc.*, from ———, Hongkong, January 21, 1896:
Salt vegetables, entered at .90, advanced to 1 Mexican dollar per box of 8 jars. Add packing charges.

11159.....*Vegetables*, from M. Nebot, Havana, February 15, 1896:
Tomatoes, entered at .25, advanced to .30 pesetas per crate. Add crates.

2800 O. P..... Boston..... } *Sugar above 16 D. S.*, from Robert Crooks & Co., Liverpool, December 28, 1895:
Fourths, entered at £11 2s. 5d., advanced to £11 10s. 9d. sterling per ton, packed. Discount, 2½ per cent.

2816 O. P..... 2784 O. P..... Boston ..... } *Chinese merchandise*, from Van Kwong Hop, Hongkong, October 7 and December 2, 1895:
Medical glue, entered at 1, advanced to 2.60 Mexican dollars per total.
Brown sugar, not above 16 D. S., entered at 2.30, advanced to 4.80 Mexican dollars per box.
Salt fish, entered at 3.75 Mexican dollars per box. No advance.
Medical pills, entered at 7 Mexican dollars per box. No advance.
Medicine tea, entered at .85, advanced to 1.40 Mexican dollars per box.
Medicine pills, entered at .07 Mexican dollar per pack. No advance.
Dried lizards, 200 pairs, entered at 5.70, advanced to 6 Mexican dollars per box.

2699 O. P..... 2688 O. P..... Boston ..... } *Oriental goods*, from Gabriel Teorizian, Constantinople, November 12, 1895:
Turkish embroideries, advances up to 100 per cent.

2757 O. P..... Boston ..... } *Silk embroidery*, paper and okra, vegetables, etc., from Gabriel Teorizian, Constantinople, December 2, 1895:
Okra, entered at 4 piasters per oke. No advance.
Gauze handkerchiefs, entered at 5, advanced to 6 piasters each.
Satin band, entered at 30, advanced to 45 piasters each.
Table covers, entered at 30, advanced to 45 piasters each.
Cushion covers, entered at 20, advanced to 25 piasters each.
Doylies, entered at 15 and 20, advanced to 17 and 25 piasters per dozen.
Add cases.

2888 O. P.....*Orange boxes*, from Smith & Crouch, Liverpool, December 4, 1895:
Boxes, entered at 9d. sterling per box. No advance.

2868 O. P..... Boston ..... } *Parchment paper*, from Schleipen & Erkens, Zulich, December 28, 1895:
Paper, entered at 76 and 81.50 marks per 100 kilos. Discount, 2 per cent. Less inland freight to Rotterdam. No advance.

2853 O. P.....
2901 O. P.....
Baltimore..... } *Sugar above 16 D. S.*, from Gebruder Michahelles, Hamburg, January 14 and 30, 1896:

Entered at 2.8512 United States dollars per 100 pounds, discount 5/6 per cent, less cartage, advanced to 13s. 2d. sterling per cwt., packed.

Entered at 2.8512 United States dollars per 100 pounds, discount 5/6 per cent, less cartage, advanced to 12s. 9¾d. sterling per cwt., packed.

2833 O. P.....
Baltimore..... } *Sugar above 16 D. S.*, from M. C. P. Barbe, Amsterdam, Dec. 31, 1895:

Entered at 15.67⅛ florins per 100 kilos, less lighterage, advanced to 13s. 6½d. sterling per cwt., packed.

2856 O. P.....
Baltimore..... } *Sugar above 16 D. S.*, from L. E. Lowenstam, Amsterdam, January 16, 1896:

Entered at 15.9225, advanced to 16.69 florins per 100 kilos, net.

2886, 2887 O. P.
Baltimore..... } *Worsted cloth*, from Wallace & Co., Bradford, December 6, 1895:

Black and blue worsted coating, No. 182, entered at 2s. 5d., advanced to 2s. 10d. sterling per yard.

Black worsted coating, No. 443 and "D," entered at 2s. 2d., advanced to 2s. 8d. sterling per yard.

Black worsted coating, No. 394, entered at 1s. 11d., advanced to 2s. 4d. sterling per yard.

Black worsted coating, No. 204, entered at 2s. 4d., advanced to 2s. 10d. sterling per yard.

Black worsted coating, No. 910, entered at 3s. 2d., advanced to 3s. 9d. sterling per yard.

Fancy worsted coating, Nos. 385, 374, 388, 370, and 375, entered at 3s. 3d., advanced 3s. 10½d. sterling per yard.

Black worsted coating, No. 226, entered at 2s. 1d., advanced to 2s. 3d. sterling per yard.

Less measure, $\frac{1}{37}$. Discount, 5 per cent. Add cases.

2807 O. P.....
Philadelphia... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Thom & Cameron, Demerara, January 8, 1896:

Testing 96.70°, entered at $2.88, less N. D. charges, advanced to $2.7469, United States currency, per cwt., packed.

2861 O. P.....
Philadelphia... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from ——— Hamburg, December 23, 1895:

Testing 89.077°, entered at 10.4375, less N. D. charges, discount 1¼ per cent, advanced to 10.88 marks per 50 kilos, packed.

2862 O. P.....
Philadelphia... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from T. V. Drake & Co., Magdeburg, January 6, 1896:

Testing 88.19°, entered at 10.875, less N. D. charges, discount 1¼ per cent, advanced to 10.80 marks per 50 kilos, packed.

2875 O. P.....
Philadelphia... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Hidalgo & Co., Havana, January 20, 1896:

Testing 93.32°, entered at $0.02⅝, less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to $0.023785, United States currency, per pound, packed.

2903 O. P..... Philadelphia... } *Ginger ale*, from W. A. Ross & Sons, Ltd., Belfast, February 14, 1896:

Barrels and half cases of ginger ale, entered at 2s. 3¾d. Add barrels at 3s. each, and half cases at 2s. each. Goods in barrels advanced to 2s. 7½d., and goods in cases advanced to 2s. 8½d. sterling per dozen, packed.

2905 O. P..... San Francisco..... } *Olives*, from Luis de Llana, Seville:

Padrons. 2ds, entered at 55 pesetas per fanega.
Reina, 1sts, entered at 32.50 pesetas per fanega.
Reina, 2ds, entered at 22 pesetas per fanega.
Reina, 3ds, entered at 17 pesetas per fanega.
Manzanillas, entered at 19 pesetas per fanega.
No advance.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

3085, 10924, 3086, 11057..... } *Sugar above and not above 16 D. S.*, from Robert Crooks & Co., Liverpool, January 6 and 23, 1896:

English refined sugar, fifths, not above 16 D. S., entered at £9 2s. 5d., advanced to £9 15s. sterling per ton.
Fourths, above 16 D. S., entered at £11 12s. 5d., advanced to £12 sterling per ton.
Fifths, not above 16 D. S., entered at £9 7s. 5d., advanced to £10 sterling per ton.
Discount, 2½ per cent.

2976, 10785..... *Wool dress goods*, from R. Waddington, Bradford, December 30, 1895:

42″ black figures, No. 1888, entered at 13¾d., advanced to 18d. sterling per yard. Discount, 2½ per cent. Less N. D. charges.

2972, 10909..... *Manufactures of metal, etc.*, from Salmon & Lumley, Paris, December 31, 1895:

Metal retainers, 5037, entered at 28. advanced to 34 francs per 100 gross. Discount, 2 per cent. Add case and packing.

3058, 11026..... *Cotton and silk wearing apparel*, from Troll & Uhlmann, Eibenstock, January 20, 1896:

Cotton collars, Nos. 1493, 1562, 1587, and 1594, and silk collars, Nos. 1584, 1585, and 1595, entered at 7.50 marks each. No advance.
Cotton collar, No. 1554, entered at 15 marks each. No advance.
Cotton collars, Nos. 1557 and 1588, entered at 5 marks each. No advance.
Cotton collar, No. 1592, entered at 5.50 marks each. No advance.
Silk collar, No. 1572, entered at 8 marks each. No advance.
Silk collar, No. 1573, entered at 9 marks each. No advance.
Cotton collar, No. 1586, entered at 10 marks each. No advance.
Silk collar, No. 1596, entered at 20 marks each. No advance.
Entered discount, 25 per cent. Advanced to a discount of 5 per cent.

2876, 10763..... *Chinese merchandise*, from King Yu Tye, Hongkong, November 4, 1895:

15 vest coats, entered at 22.50, advanced to 24.50 Mexican dollars per total.
150 color, entered at 12, advanced to 13 Mexican dollars per total.
2 shawls, entered at 13, advanced to 15 Mexican dollars per total.
2 shawls, entered at 16, advanced to 18.50 Mexican dollars per total.
4 dozen handkerchiefs, entered at 24 Mexican dollars per total. No advance.

2876, 10763.....*Chinese merchandise, etc.*—Continued.

15 jackets, entered at 16.50, advanced to 18 Mexican dollars per total.

13 jackets, entered ot 42.25, advanced to 45 Mexican dollars per total.

4 jackets, entered at 13, advanced to 17.60 Mexican dollars per total

1 box earthenware, entered at .96 Mexican dollar per total. No advance.

3091, 10650.....*Manufactures of goat hair and cotton*, (black astrakhan) from Henry Walker & Sons, Mirfield, December 6, 1895:

16, 5388, 79, entered at 3s. 8d., advanced to 4s. 2d. sterling per yard.

13, 5389, 87, entered at 3s. 3d., advanced to 3s. 9d. sterling per yard.

15, 5390, 84, entered at 3s. 4d., advanced to 4s. 1d. sterling per yard.

14, 5391, 90, entered at 3s. 6d., advanced to 4s. sterling per yard.

9, 5392, 84, entered at 3s., advanced to 3s. 6d. sterling per yard.

20, 5393, 71, entered at 3s. 8d., advanced to 4s. 2d. sterling per yard.

Less $\frac{1}{37}$, $\frac{1}{4}$ yard in 10. Discount, $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Add cases.

STAMFORD, CONN., A SUBPORT OF ENTRY.

1896.
Department Circular No. 56.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., April 11, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following Act of Congress, approved April 6, 1896, making Stamford, Conn., a subport of entry is published for the information of all concerned.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

AN ACT constituting Stamford, Connecticut, a subport of entry.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Stamford, Connecticut, be. and is hereby, constituted a subport of entry for the customs collection district of Fairfield, Connecticut.

Approved, April 6, 1896.

1896.
Department Circular No. 57.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., April 11, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending March 28, 1896:

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

REPORT ON REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING MARCH 28, 1896.

N. B.—In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.

No. of Reappraisement.

11177.....*Manufactures of Silk*, from Ponchon, Bonvatot, Bessieres & Company, Lyons, Feb. 11, 1896.

Double chain frei 54, Col. 1, 2, 4, 6, 7, 8, 3, 11, 22, 33 Canabis, entered at 3.15, advanced to 3.30 francs per meter.

Double chain frei 54, Col. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 Canon, entered at 3.15 francs per meter; no advance.

Discount 20 per cent.

Add case and packing.

11155.....*Manufactures of Silk & cotton*, from A. Besson & Lauze, Lyons, Feb. 12, 1896.

Broderie, 46 c/m, 4291, entered at .75, advanced to .82 francs per meter.

Broderie, 60 c/m 4292, entered at .90, advanced to 1.00 franc per meter.

Suedoise I, 60 c/m 2874, entered at .90, advanced to 1.05 francs per meter.

Suedoise II, 60 c/m 4290, entered at .75, advanced to .90 francs per meter.

Africaine, 46 c/m 4283, entered at .65, advanced to .70 francs per meter.

SECOND.

Broderies, 46 c/m 4291, entered at .65, advanced to .70 francs per meter.

Broderies, 60 c/m 4292, entered at .75, advanced to .90 francs per meter.

Suedoise I, 60 c/m 2874, entered at .75, advanced to .95 francs per meter.

Suedoise II, 60 c/m 4290, entered at .60, advanced to .80 francs per meter.

Printed pongee, 45 c/m 4327, entered at .60, advanced to .66 francs per meter.

SECOND.

11155.....*Manufactures of silk and cotton, etc.*—Continued.

Printed pongee, 45 c/m 4327, entered at .55, advanced to .60 francs per meter.

Discount 20 per cent.

Packing included in price.

11258.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Booker Bros. & Co., Demerara, Feb. 11, 1896.

Sugar Test 96.49, entered at $2.65 per cwt., advanced to $0.02665 per pound packed.

11064.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Noerdlinger & Fratello, Trieste, Jan. 17, 1896.

Refined sugar, entered at 16¼, advanced to 19 florins per 100 kilos pkd.

To entered value add boxes and packing.

11279.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from J. Bueno & Co., Santiago de Cuba, Feb. 15, 1896.

Sugar 96.30 test., entered at $.02⅝, advanced to $.0301 per lb. Spanish gold.

Sugar test. 96.95 entered at $.02⅝, advanced to $.03032 per lb. Spanish gold.

To entered value add bags at $.50.

11273.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Ehlers, Friedheim & Co., Macoris, Jan. 30, 1896.

First Centrif. sugar 93.75°, entered at $.0218, advanced to $.02262 per lb.

First centrif. sugar, 85.65°, entered at $.0218, reappraised at $.01756 pkd.

To entered value add bags at $.36.

11224.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Emil S. Delish, St. Kitts, Feb. 10, 1896.

Muscovado sugar (test 88.45), entered at $2.0325 per 100 lbs., advanced to $.02296 per lb. pkd.

To entered value add bbls. at $.20.

11176.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.* from J. Bueno & Co., Santiago de Cuba, ————.

Sugar, test 96.66, entered at .025, advanced to.02872 Spanish gold per lb.

Add bags.

11245.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Emil S. Delish, St. Kitts, Feb. 11, 1896.

Muscavado sugar, test 90.35, entered at $2.095 per 100 lbs., advanced to $.02372 per lb. pkd. Add to entered value, hhds. at $3.50.

Muscavado sugar, test 87.65, entered at $2.095 per 100 lbs., advanced to $.022456 per lb. packed.

Add bbls. to entered value, at 20c.

11259.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Booker Bros. & Co., Demerara, Feb. 11, 1896.

Sugar, test 90.80, entered at $2.255 per cwt., advanced to $.02276 per lb. pkd.

Sugar, test 91.40, entered at $2.255 per cwt., advanced to $.02295 per lb. pkd.

Sugar, test 89.80, entered at $2.175 per cwt., advanced to $.02245 per lb. pkd.

Sugar, test 89.05, entered at $2.10 per cwt., advanced to $.0222 per lb. pkd.

Sugar, test 90, entered at $2.175, per cwt., advanced to $.0225 per lb. pkd.

Sugar, test 90.45, entered at $2.15 per cwt., advanced to $.02265 per lb. pkd.

Cost of packages included in price.

11167.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Geo. A. Wattle, St. Kitts, Feb. 4, 1896.

Sugar, test 91.30, entered at $2.35, advanced to $2.371 per 100 lbs. pkd.

Sugar, test 87.95, entered at $2.1325, advanced to $2.264 per 100 lbs. pkd.

11241.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.* from E. du Boulag, St. Lucia, Jan. 23, 1896.

Muscavado sugar, test 84.25, entered at $.0220, advanced to $.02033 per lb. pkd.

Deduct cartage, etc., from entered price.

Cost of bags, weighing and filling included in price.

11038..... .....*Flax lace curtains*, from Celine Mayer, Paris, Jan. 23, 1896.

No. 1382 Rid., 3½ yds. entered at 20., advanced to 22. francs per pair.
No. 1486 Rid., 3½ yds. entered at 28. francs per pair; no advance.
No. 1488, Rid., 3½ yds. entered at 45. francs per pair; no advance.
No. 1499, drab ecru, 3½ yds. entered at 20. advanced to 23. francs per pair.
No. 1412, drab blanc, 3½ yds. entered at 24. francs per pair; no advance.
No. 1487 Rid., 4 yds. entered at 38., advanced to 40. francs per pair.
No. 1489, Rid., 4 yds. entered at 60. francs per pair; no advance.
No. 1490, Rid., 4 yds. entered at 60. francs per pair; no advance.
No. 200 drab solde, 4 yds. entered at 125., advanced to 135. francs per pair.
Discount 5 per cent.
Add cases.

11265.....*Flax lace tidies and sets*, from Lahey & Duncan, Paris, Feb. 19, 1896.

Guipure d'art tidies 50204, entered at 2.15, advanced to 2.35 francs per pair.
Guipure d'art tidies 50094, entered at .68 franc per pair; no advance.
Cluny tidies 2358, entered at 2.05, advanced to 2.20 francs per pair.
Cluny tidies 2390, entered at 9.09, advanced to 9.90 francs per pair.
Linen renaissance tidies, entered at from 4.75 to 91.00 reappraised at from 4.75 to 100.00 francs per pair.
Add cases.

10719, 10915 } *Tambd. Cot. Shams etc.*, from M. H. Pulaski & Co., St. Gall, Dec. 19, 1895, Jan. 9, 23,
11035, 11099..... } 30, 1896.

Bonnas pillow shams 718, entered at 12.00 francs per dozen; no advance.
Bonnas pillow shams 717, entered at 16.50 francs per dozen; no advance.
Bonnas pillow shams, 800, entered at 8.25, advanced to 9.00 francs per dozen.
Bonnas bureau covers 825, entered at 8.25, advanced to 9.00 francs per dozen.
Bonnas pillow shams 3214, entered at 17.25 francs per dozen; no advance.
Bonnas pillow shams 805, entered at 18.00 advanced to 19.00 francs per dozen.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Add overboxes, case and packing.

10887.....*Embd. Cotton handkerchiefs*, from M. H. Pulaski & Co., St. Gall, Jan. 2, 1896.

Design No. 576/1, entered at 2.10, advanced to 2.26 francs per dozen.
Design No. 581/1, 577/1, entered at 2.07, advanced to 2.26 francs per dozen.
Design No. 15044/1, entered at 1.94, advanced to 2.08 francs per dozen.
Design No. 343/1, entered at 2.17, advanced to 2.34 francs per dozen.
Design No. 15034/1, entered at 2.10, advanced to 2.29 francs per dozen.
Design No. 15038/1, entered at 2.02, advanced to 2.20 francs per dozen.
Design No. 350/1, entered at 2.15, advanced to 2.31 francs per dozen.
Design No. 1/1714/15838/1, entered at 4.12, advanced to 4.37 francs per dozen.
Add manufacturer's profit 8 per cent.
Add expenses 5 per cent.
Add boxes.

10962.....*Embd. cotton handkerchiefs*, from Dauras & Co., St. Gall, Jan. 16, 1896.

Handkerchiefs entered at from 1.98 to 6.66, advanced to from 2.12 to 6.66 francs per dozen.
Add cases.
Add 8 per cent and 5 per cent.

11316, 11345..... } *Silk veiling* from Olliver, Paris, Feb. 5, 13, 20, 1896.
11388.....

Chenillette noir, 35 c/m 253, entered at .22 francs per meter; no advance.
Chenillette creme 70 c/m 69, entered at .44 francs per meter; no advance.
Discount 2 per cent.
Chenillette 45 c/m 597, entered at .22 francs per meter; no advance.
Discount 3 per cent.
Add packing.

11117..... ..*Cotton hose*, from Heinrich Christ, Waldenburg, Jan. 30, 1896.

Men's Hermsdorf black cot. 868, dozen boxes entered at 2.20, advanced to 2.60 marks per dozen.
Men's Hermsdorf black cot. 3262, half dozen boxes entered at 2.90, advanced to 3.55 marks per dozen.
Men's fast tan cot. 3464, ½ doz. boxes entered at 2.80, advanced to 3.55 marks per dozen.
Hermsdorf blk. cot. 5006, dozen boxes, entered at 2.10, advanced to 2.60 marks per dozen.
Crown cot. 648, ½ doz. boxes, entered at 3.20, advanced to 3.70 marks per dozen.
Hermsdorf cot. 649B, ½ doz. boxes, entered at 3.50, advanced to 4.20 marks per dozen.
Fast tan cot., 649T, ½ dozen boxes, entered at 3.40, advanced to 4.10 marks per dozen.
Hermsdorf blk. cot. 552B, dozen boxes, entered at 2.00, advanced to 2.45 marks per dozen.
Hermsdorf blk. cot. 120, dozen boxes, entered at 2.20, advanced to 2.50 marks per dozen.
Hermsdorf blk. cot., ½ doz. boxes, entered at 3.50, advanced to 3.85 marks per dozen.
Less 5 per cent discount.
Cases, boxes, and putting up included in price.

11299.....*Unbleached cotton velvet*, from Batstone, Cooke & Co., Manchester, Feb. 29, 1896.

19 in. Picker velvets No. 24651 N, entered at 6½d. per yard; no advance.
19¾ in. Picker velvets No. 24651 W, entered at 6¾d. per yard; no advance.
Less measure 1/37.
Less discount 2½ per cent.
Add cases and packing.

11301..... .....*Colored cotton*, from Alvardo & Co., Paris, Feb. 25, 1896.

Cotton printed shirtings 78/80 c/m, entered at .52 francs per meter; no advance.
Discount 4 per cent.
Add case and packing.

11300.....*Colored cotton velvet*, from C. Cowper & Co., Manchester, Feb. 28, 1896.

24 in. blk. dyed cot. velvet No. 300, entered at 15½d. per yard;
24 in. blk. dyed cot. velvet No. 600, entered at 20d. per yard.
24 in. blk. dyed cot. velvet, No. 400, entered at 16½d. per yard.
Less 1/37.
Discount 5 per cent.
Add making up 1s. 2d., add packing.
Advanced by disallowance of commission of 2½ per cent, added on invoice, but deducted on entry.

11314.....*Colored cotton,* from Samuel Turner & Co., Rochdale, Feb. 10, 1896.

29 in. Honeycombe stripes 0.17, entered at 4¾d., advanced to 5⅝d. per yard.

Discount 2½ per cent.

Add cases.

11290.....*Bleached cotton etc. (dotted Swisses)* from E. W. Bademann, St. Gall, Feb. 10, 1896.

7/4 Woven Swiss dots No. 804 JJR, entered at 20.60 francs per piece; no advance.

7/4 Woven Swiss dots No. 1104 JUR, entered at 27.00 francs per piece; no advance.

7/4 Woven Swiss dots 1204 JUR, entered at 28.50 francs per piece; no advance.

7/4 Woven Swiss dots 1504JUR, entered at 22.50 francs per piece; no advance.

Less discount cash 3 per cent.

Add bleaching and finishing expenses.

Add cases.

11171.....*Bleached cotton,* from M. Ph. Emden, St. Gall, Feb. 4, 1896.

7/4 blattest nollen No. 806, entered at 17.10 francs per piece of 16 aunes; no advance.

7/4 blattest nollen No. 904, entered at 30.35 francs per piece of 32 aunes; no advance.

7/4 blattest nollen No. 1004, entered at 32.30 francs per piece of 32 aunes; no advance.

7/4 blattest nollen No. 1104, entered at 17.10 francs per piece of 16 aunes; no advance.

7/4 blattest nollen No. 604, entered at 22.60 francs per piece of 32 aunes; no advance.

7/4 blattest nollen No. 509, entered at 15.20 francs per piece of 16 aunes; no advance.

7/4 blattest nollen No. 906, entered at 18.10 francs per piece of 16 aunes; no advance.

Add cases.

11281.....*Colored cotton corduroy,* from Jas. Johnson, Manchester, Feb. 27, 1896.

Excelsior Pure cotton cord, qual. 245.1025, Tan, mode 2, Grey C, mode 1, cream, white, dk. drab 2, entered at 10¾d., advanced to 11¼d. per yard.

Excelsior pure cotton cord, qual. 245.1025, navy blue, myrtle, entered at 13d., advanced to 13½d. per yard.

Excelsior pure cotton cord, brown 3, brown 2, brown 1, entered at 11½d., advanced to 12d. per yard.

Excelsior pure cotton cord, qual. 245.1025, gray 1, silver, entered at 10½d., advanced to 11d. per yard.

Excelsior pure cotton cord, qual. 245, 1025, black, entered at 12d., advanced to 12½d. per yard.

Add wood cases.

Less $\frac{1}{37}$ measure.

Less 2½ per cent discount.

11193.....*Manufactures of silk and cotton,* from Albert Lehman, Lyons, Feb. 8, 1896.

Armure 45 c/m col'd & black, entered at .55, advanced to .60 francs per meter; discount 20 per cent.

Satin 46 c/m 100 col'd & black, entered at .53, advanced to .60 francs per meter, discounts 20 per cent and 2 per cent.

Faconné 46 c/m, col'd & black, entered at .75 francs per meter, discount 20 per cent; no advance.

Cases, packing, boxes, tickets, etc., included in price.

11195.....*Manufactures of mineral substance (not decorated) (Carbons)* from Schiff, Jordan & Co., Wien, Jan. 22, 1896.

9½ cored alternating C 13m/m diam., entered at $23.97 per 1000 meters; advanced to 23.36 florins per 1,000 feet.

11195.. .....*Manufactures of mineral substance (not decorated) (Carbons), etc.*—Continued.

8 solid J, 13 m/m, entered at $21.60 per 1000 meters; advanced to 23.75 florins per 1000 feet.

Less discounts 65 per cent and 5 per cent.

Add packing.

11328.....*Pickles & nuts, n. o. p. f.*, from Luigi Savastano, Vico Equense, Nov. 16, 1895.

Peppers, entered at 20 lire per case of 750 peppers; no advance.

11310, 11309.....*Vegetables*, from Antonie Calafat, Havana, Feb. 29, Mch. 5, 1896.

Egg plant, string beans, tomatoes, entered at $.25, advanced to $.30 per box.

Add empty boxes at $.20.

11240.....*Fish, n. o. p. f.*, from Joseph Chancerelle, Douarnenez, Feb. 10, 1896.

22 m/m sprats, entered at 20.00, advanced to 23.00 francs per case of 100/4 boxes.

18 m/m sprats, entered at 15.00, advanced to 18.00 francs per case of 100/4 boxes.

10823..... ....*Sublimed sulphur*, from Alonzo & Consoli, Catania, Dec. 14, 1895.

Flowers of sulphur, entered at 9.00 lire per 100 kos., no advance.

10806.....*Sublimed sulphur*, from Michele Finocchiaro, Catania, Dec. 2, 1895.

Flowers of sulphur, entered at 107.20 lire per ton; reappraised at 9.00 lire per 100 kos.

2791 O P..... } *Tiles*, from Maw & Co., Ltd., Jackfield, Nov. 13, 1895.
Boston..... .....

Paving tiles, red, entered at 3s. 2d., advanced to 3s. 6d. per sq. yd.

Packing on same entered at 5d., advanced to 6d. per sq. yd.

2889 O P... ..... } *Manufactures of cotton n. o. p. f. (paper)*, from J. & P. Coats, Ltd., Paisley, Jan. 28,
Boston..... } 1896.

Patent packing paper, entered at $1\frac{5}{16}$d., per yard; advanced by disallowance of $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent discount deducted from entered value.

Add crates at 8s. each.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

2914, 10783.....*Manufactures of shell and metal*, from Dabdaub Bros., Jerusalem, Oct. 23, 1895.

Rosaries, mother of pearl, 2nd quality, metal mounted, small, entered at 42. advanced to 50.40 Francs per gross.

Rosaries, mother of pearl, No. 1, and oval 2nds. No. 2, entered at 48. advanced to 57.60 Francs per gross.

Rosaries, mother of pearl, 1st. quality 1/2, entered at 60. advanced to 72. Francs per gross.

Rosaries, mother of pearl, 1st. quality 3, entered at 75. advanced to 90. Francs per gross.

Rosaries, mother of pearl, 1st. quality 4, entered at 84. advanced to 100. Francs per gross.

Rosaries, mother of pearl, 2nd. quality 2, entered at 54. advanced to 64.80 Francs per gross.

Rosaries, mother of pearl, oval 1st. quality 1, entered at 45. advanced to 54. Francs per gross.

Rosaries, mother of pearl, oval 1st. quality 1, entered at 90, advanced to 108. Francs per gross.

Rosaries, mother of pearl, oval 1st. quality 2, entered at 102. advanced to 122.40 Francs per gross.

Crosses, metal figures, entered at 12. advanced to 14.40 Francs per gross.

2632, 10212.....*Chemical salts*, from Julius Hulsen, Newcastle, on Tyne, Oct. 16, 1895.
Nitrate of Baryta powder, entered at £15. 17s. 6d. less freight 8s. 100 kilos, advanced to 16. 1s. 9d, Sterling per ton net.

3138, 113111.....*Macaroni*, from Saverio Gentile, Gragnano, Feb. 17, 1896.
Macaroni, 2nd quality, entered at 30. advanced to 37.50 Lire per 100 kilos.
Add cost of manufacture at 3. Lire per 100 kilos.
Add cases and packing at .50 lira per case.

2971, 10797..... *Wool Dress Goods*, from Meinhardt & Bierling, Gera, December 27, 1895.
113/114 c/m In biege, 2688, entered at .77, advanced to .84 mark per meter.
Add for charges .30 marks per piece. Add cases.

2967, 10875..... *Wool dress goods* from Meinhardt & Bierling, Gera, Dec. 6, 1895.
113/114 c/m., fancy, 2907, entered at 1.40, advanced to 1.70 marks per meter.
Add case and packing.

3070, 10987.....*Manufactures of wool & Cotton*, from Ferd Heilborn & Co., Bradford, Jan. 15, 1895.
LW20, 54 in. black beaver, entered at 1s. 6½d., advanced to 1s. 7¼d. per yard.
161 54 in. blue doeskin, entered at 1s. 8½d., advanced to 1s. 9.32d. per yard.
L30, 54 in. brown melton, entered at 10½d., advanced to 10.92d. per yard.
171 54 in. blue boucle, entered at 2s, advanced to 2s. 1.20d. per yard.
171 54 in. black boucle, entered at 2s. 1d., advanced to 2s. 2¼d. per yard.
172 54 in. blue boucle, entered at 2s. 6d., advanced to 2s. 7½d. per yard.
H 50–56 black c/u twill, entered at 1s. 3½d., advanced to 1s. 5½d. per yard.
H70, 56–58 black twill, entered at 1s. 6½d., advanced to 1s. 7.40d. per yard.
N.B90, 57–58, black twill, entered at 2s. 9½d., advanced to 2s. 10.34d. per yard.
Less measure $\frac{1}{37}$, discount 5 per cent.
Add cases, packing and making up.

3089, 11105.....*Sugar above No. 16, D. S.*, from Robert Crooks & Co., Liverpool, Feb. 6, 1896.
Fourths, entered at £11. 17s. 5d., advanced to £12.00 per ton.
Fifths not above No. 16 D. S., entered at £9. 14s. 11d., advanced to £10. 10s. per ton.
Fifths, entered at £9. 9s. 11d., advanced to £10. 5s. per ton.
Less 2½ per cent discount.
Packing included.

3092, 11095.....
3083, 11029..... } *Manufactures of Silk*, from Megroz & Co., Lyons, Jan. 9, 1896.
3072, 10884.....

569 Faconné 21 in., entered at 2.90, advanced to 3.50 francs per meter.
656 Taffetas impe. 21 in., entered at 3.00, advanced to 3.30 francs per meter.
635 Taffetas impe. 21 in., entered at 3.25, advanced to 3.40 francs per meter.
654 Taffetas impe. 21 in, entered at 4.00, advanced to 4.40 francs per meter.
651 Ceinture 7 in., entered at 2.50, advanced to 3.50 francs per meter.
657 Ceinture 7 in., entered at 5.00, advanced to 6.50 francs per meter.
470 Grisaille 25½ in., entered at 1.10, advanced to 1.30 francs per meter.
648 Faconné 25½ in., entered at 3.00 advanced to 3.30 francs per meter.
661 Faconné 25½ in., entered at 1.75, advanced to 2.00 francs per meter.
630 Taffetas impe., 20 in., entered at 2.75, advanced to 3.00 francs per meter.
Discount 20 per cent.
Add cases and packing.

3095, 10782.....*Manufactures of silk*, from Kahn & Kahn, Lyons, Jan. 2, 1896.

Tissus shappe & soie, Pongee 31 in. ecru, entered at .675, advanced to .90 franc per meter.

Discounts 20 per cent and 1 per cent.

Add case and packing.

3081, 10986.....*Manufactures of silk (ribbons)*, from C. Brossy & Co., St. Etienne, Jan. 13, 1896.

No. 48 Broche Ombre, pattern No. 532, entered at 21.60, advanced to 23.04 francs per piece.

No. 48 fac. onnie, pattern No. 534, entered at 19.20, advanced to 24.00 francs per piece.

No. 60 Moni ombre, pattern No. 535, entered at 22.80, advanced to 27.00 francs per piece.

No. 13 Teintpiece, pattern No. 555, entered at 7.80, advanced to 9.10 francs per piece.

No. 29, Teintpiece, pattern No. 555, entered at 17.40, advanced to 20.75 francs per piece.

No. 48, Ombre, Pattern No. 531, entered at 21.60, advanced to 24.00 francs per piece. Bonification 40 per cent.

Discounts, 20 per cent and 2 per cent. Cases and packing included.

3077, 10792.....*Manufactures of Silk*, from Bretthal & Co., Crefeld, Dec. 18, 1895.

Qual. I 60 c/m, piece dyed set, entered at 1.90, advanced to 2.10 marks per meter.

Qual. III 60 c/m, piece dyed set, entered at 1.57, advanced to 1.75 marks per meter.

Qual. II, 60 c/m, piece dyed set, entered at 1.80, advanced to 2.10 marks per meter.

Qual. XXII, 60 c/m, piece dyed set, entered at 1.80, advanced to 2.10 marks per meter.

Qual. XXIII, 60 c/m, piece dyed set, entered at 1.90, advanced to 2.10 marks per meter.

Qual. XV, 60 c/m piece dyed set, entered at 2.00, advanced to 2.15 marks per meter.

Add packing charges, labels and wrappers.

2954, 10815.....*Linen collars and cuffs*, from Richard Horstmann, Berlin, Dec. 28, 1895.

Howdah, entered at 4.80 marks, advanced to 5.00 marks per dozen.

Harebell, entered at 3.60, advanced to 3.95 marks per dozen.

Huron, entered at 3.65, advanced to 3.90 marks per dozen.

Add cases and packing.

3105, 11152.....*Cotton lace*, from Holkke, Nahleh (Syria), Nov. 28, 1895.

Laces, entered at 1.00 piastre per yard, no advance.

Add cases, emballage, etc.

3078, 10913.....*Manufactures of silk and cotton*, from Gaisman & Levy, Lyons, Jan. 8, 1896.

Diagouale 36″ p. on D. H. D., entered at 1.15, advanced to 1.30 francs per meter.

Austria, 36″ p. on D. F. Y., entered at .88, advanced to 1.00 franc per meter.

Discounts 18 per cent and 2 per cent.

Add packing.

677, 2582 O. P.. Chicago..... } *Wool shawls*, from C. Zimmermann & Son, Apolda, Oct. 5, 1895.

906 squares, entered at 5.30, advanced to 6.40 marks per dozen.

915 squares, entered at 13.85, advanced to 16.70 marks per dozen.

909 squares, entered at 6.65, advanced to 8.05 marks per dozen.

921 squares, entered at 20.80, advanced to 25.05 marks per dozen.

924 squares, entered at 22.20, advanced to 26.75 marks per dozen.

927 squares, entered at 29.20, advanced to 32.12 marks per dozen.

677, 2582 O. P..
Chicago.....

Wool shawls, etc.—Continued.

930 squares, entered at 23.10, advanced to 36.40 marks per dozen.
Discount 2 per cent.
Add packing (boxes).
Add cost of case to advanced price.

704, 2768 O. P..
San Fran.....
705, 2773 O. P.
etc .....

Refined sugar above 16 D. S., from China Sugar Refining Co., Hong Kong, Sept. 6, 1895.

Sugar entered at $6.50, advanced to $6.79 Mexican currency, per picul.
Sugar, entered at $6.49¼, advanced to $6.73, Mexican currency, per picul.
Sugar entered at $6.55½, advanced to $6.79, Mexican currency, per picul.
Sugar, entered at $6.76¾, advanced to $6.97, Mexican currency, per picul.
To entered price, add 20 cts. Mexican currency, for packing.
Advanced price on packed condition.

FLAG OF THE UNITED STATES TO BE DISPLAYED OVER ALL PUBLIC BUILDINGS UNDER THE CONTROL OF THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

1896.
Department Circular No. 58.
Chief Clerk.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., April 18, 1896.

Custodians of United States Buildings
Under the Control of the Treasury Department:

The following instructions are promulgated as an amendment to Section XLII, "Instructions to Custodians of Public Buildings, 1895," dated March 1, 1895, viz:

The flag of the United States shall be displayed over all public buildings under the control of the Treasury Department during the hours of business, and on February 22, May 30, and July 4, from sunrise to sunset, except when stormy weather prevents. Should any of the last three days fall on Sunday, the flag is to be displayed on the day that is observed locally. On May 30 the flag should be placed at half staff.

The revenue flag will also be displayed over Custom Houses, as required by article No. 1208, General Regulations, under the Customs and Navigation laws.

S. WIKE.
Acting Secretary.

1896.
Department Circular No. 59.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., April 22, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending April 4, 1896.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

REPORT ON REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING APRIL 4, 1896.

N. B.—*In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.*

No. of reappraisement.

11356.....*Mf. Mineral Substance carbons, not dec.*, from Schiff, Jordan & Co., Wein, Feb. 6, 1896.
½ x 12″, ½ x 7½″, ½ x 10″ cored alternating C W, entered at $23.97, advanced to $26.36 per 1000 ft.
Discount 65 per cent.
Cash Discount 5 per cent.
Add for packing charges.

11350.....*Precious Stones Uncut*, from Coetermans-Henrichs, Anvers, Feb. 10, 1896.
Rough diamonds, 180¼ carats, entered at 78, advanced to 82 francs per carat.
Rough diamonds, 108½ carats, entered at 72. advanced to 76. francs per carat.
Rough diamonds, 100¼ carats, entered at 64., advanced to 68.50 francs per carat.
Rough diamonds, 100½ carats, entered at 60., advanced to 64. francs per carat.
Rough diamonds, 60¾ carats, entered at 66., advanced to 70. francs per carat.
Rough diamonds, 21½ carats, entered at 48., advanced to 55. francs per carat.
Discount 4 per cent.

11443.....*Chemical salt*, from Verein Chemischer Fabriken, Mannheim, Feb. 22, 1896.
Antichlor I^{a}, entered at 10.00, reappraised at 10.00 marks per 100 kilos, packed.

11266.....*Chemical Salt*, from A. Boake Roberts Co., London, Feb. 20, 1896.
Potash tablets, 24 to the ounce entered at 1s. 9d., advanced to 1s. 10d. per lb.

10761 .....*Paint*, from Suter, Hartmann & Rahtjens Composition Co., Ltd., London, Dec. 27, 1895.
No. INN Paste, entered at 22s. 9d., advanced to 24s. 6.$\frac{84}{100}$d. per cwt.
No. IIINN Paste, entered at 68s. 6d., advanced to 73d. 11.$\frac{76}{100}$d. per cwt.
Grey paste, entered at 31/–, advanced to 33s. 5.$\frac{76}{100}$d. per cwt.
Add bbls. at 2s. 6d. each.

11204.....*Guava Jelly*, from Bridat, Montros & Co., Havana, Feb. 8, 1896.
1/2 lb. boxes, entered at $.70, advanced to $.80 Spanish gold per dozen.
1 lb. boxes, entered at $1.40, advanced to $1.60 Spanish gold per dozen.
Discount 10 per cent.
Add case and packing.

11451.....*Decorated glass ware*, from S. Mossel, Amsterdam, Feb. 29, 1896.
Crystal milk jugs, entered at 6.00, advanced to 8.00 florins each.
Crystal bottles, entered at 3.00, advanced to 4.00 florins each.
Crystal butter boats, entered at 12.00, advanced to 15.00 florins for two.
Small crystal scent bottles, entered at 15.00, advanced to 20.00 florins for ten.
Double-handle bottles, entered at 1.00, advanced to 1.50 florins each.
Square bottles, entered at 1.00, advanced to 1.50 florins each.
Wine glasses, entered at .40, advanced to .60 florin each.
Wine glasses, entered at 11.50, advanced to 15.00 florins for 23.
Add to advanced value for cases and packing.

11150.....*Manufactures of silk* from J. Baumann & Co., Zurich, Feb. 3, 1896.
Black peau de soie 53/56 c/m, entered at from 2.50 to 4.10, advanced to from 2.70 to 4.50 francs per aune.
Black satin, 54/56 c/m, entered at from 3.25 to 4.60, advanced to from 3.55 to 5.00 francs per aune.
Black taffetas, 51 c/m, entered at 1.92, advanced to 2.10 francs per aune.
Black taffetas, 57 c/m, entered at 2.15, advanced to 2.35 francs per aune.
Black taffetas, 69 c/m, entered at 2.60/2.65, advanced to 2.90 francs per aune.
Black damas, 52 c/m, entered at 2.35, advanced to 2.75 francs per aune.
White taffetas 53 c/m, entered at 2.60 & 2.65, advanced to 2.80 and 2.85 francs per aune.
Col'd satin 56 c/m, entered at 4.85, 5.55 and 6.45, advanced to 5.50, 6.00 and 6.90 francs per aune.
Less ½ per cent measure.
Less 19 per cent discount.
Add case and packing.

11084.....
11085.....
11133.....
} *Manufactures of silk & cotton*, from J. & P. Michel & Co., Lyons, Feb. 5, 1896.
Diagonale, 94 c/m No. 1999, ecru, entered at .82, advanced to .86 franc per meter.
China 78 c/m, No. 6259 col'd, entered at .67, advanced to .95 franc per meter.
China 60 c/m No. 6260 ecru, entered at .59, advanced to .70 franc per meter.
China 76 c/m No. 6263 col'd, entered at .87, advanced to 1.05 franc per meter.
Bragance 60 c/m, No. 1992 col'd, entered at .70, advanced to 1.00 franc per meter.
China 80 c/m No. 6259, ecru, entered at .60, advanced to .83 franc per meter.
China 95 c/m No. 6259, yellow ecru, entered at .70, advanced to .98 franc per meter.

11084..... } *Manufactures of silk & cotton, etc.*—Continued.
11085..... }
11133..... }

China 140 c/m No. 6259, yellow ecru, entered at 1.00, advanced to 1.37 francs per meter.

Austria 92 c/m No. 1911 (30), entered at 1.00, advanced to 1.05 francs per meter.

Diagonal 92 c/m No. 2003, entered at .81, advanced to 1.00 franc per meter.

Tacoma 56 c/m, No. 2060, entered at 1.50, advanced to 1.65 francs per meter.

Discounts 16 per cent and 2 per cent.

Packing included in price.

Ribr. 9 meter, 45c/m, entered at 2.90, advanced to 3.15 francs per piece of 15 meters.

Less bonification 40 per cent, discounts 16 per cent & 2 per cent.

Packing included in price.

11010.....*Manufactures of silk & cotton*, from E. Chevillard & Co., Lyons, Jan. 18, 1896.

Austria 92 c/m, No. 706, entered at .83, advanced to 1.05 francs per meter.

Austria 92c/m, No. 707, entered at .85, advanced to 1.05 francs per meter.

Discounts 20 per cent and 1 per cent.

Add cases and packing.

11216.....*Manufactures of Silk & cotton, etc.*, from Chr. Spazin, Herzog & Co., Lyons, Feb. 13, 1896.

Serge noir 36 inch, entered at 1.00, advanced to 1.05 francs per meter.

Faconné etc. coul. 36 inch, entered at 1.60, advanced to 1.70 francs per meter.

Discount 20 per cent.

Packing included in price.

11178.....*Looking-glass plates*, from M. A. Bomeisler, Fuerth, Jan. 25, 1896.

10½ x 8½ plain, entered at .35, advanced to .37 mark per plate net.

14 x 10 plain, entered at .69, advanced to .70 mark per plate net.

Cases and packing included in price.

From entered prices take freight to New York and consul fees.

11367.....*Oriental rugs*, from Jas. D. Langdon, Smyrna, Dec. 12, 1895.

Nos. 1 to 6, entered at from 19.00 to 78.00 piastres per sq. pies; advanced by addition of amount of inland transp. (31.00 piastres).

11261.....*Col'd cot. velvet etc.*, Jacobs & Leendertz, Crefeld, Feb. 24, 1896.

All cot. col'd velvet "Superb" 17¼ in., entered at .88, advanced to .95 mark per meter.

Add cards, tickets, labels & packing charges.

11110.....*Wool lining*, from J. Cawthra & Co., Ltd., Bradford, Feb. 7, 1896.

32 in. black Italians, Nos. 617, 625, 630, 650, 655, 662, entered at from 7¾d. to 12½d., advanced to from 8⅛ to 13⅜d. per yard.

54 in. black twills Nos. 748 and 750, entered at 11d. and 13⅛d., advanced to 11½d. and 13⅜d. per yard.

54 in. black fan. Italians No. 4390, entered at 16¾, advanced to 17½d. per yard.

54 in. black fan. Italians No. 4391, entered at 18¾, advanced to 19½d. per yard.

54 in. black fan. Italians, No. 4392, entered at 19¾d. advanced to 20½d. per yard.

32 in. twills, No. 748, entered at 6⅜, advanced to 7⅛d. per yard.

32 in. twills, No. 4305, entered at 9¼, advanced to 9¾d. per yard.

32 in. twills, No. 4307, entered at 10½, advanced to 11⅛d. per yard.

Less allowance 1 yard per piece.

Discount 3½ per cent.

11292.....*Manufactures of wool (black & Navy Imperial)*, from Sir Titus Salt Bart. Sons Co. Ltd., Saltaire, Feb. 13, 1896.

56 in. black wool Imperial, entered at 1s. 8¾ advanced to 1s. 9¾d. per yard.

56 in. Navy Wool Imperial, entered at 1s. 10¾d., advanced to 1s. 11¾d. per yard.

Less discount 2½ per cent.

Add making up at ⅓ per piece.

Add cases.

11440.....*Lemon boxes*, from Antonino Villari, Messina, Feb. 10, 1896.

Lemon boxes, entered at .80 lira per box; no advance.

11419.....*Lemon boxes*, from A. Orlando, Palermo, Feb. 13, 1896.

Lemon boxes, entered at .75, advanced to .80 lira per box.

10278..... } *Toilet soap, alcoholic perfume, etc.*, from Hecht, Pfeiffer & Co., Berlin, July 29, Oct. 14, 1895.
9915 ....

Soap, powder, perfumery, entered at from 9.60 to 30.00 marks per dozen.

Soap, savon au bouquet de violette, entered at 720 marks per case.

Toilet articles and soap entered at 1108.80 marks per 3 cases.

Advanced by reducing discount from 25 per cent to 20 per cent.

Add cases.

Packing included in price.

11223..... } *Toilet soap, alcoholic perfume, etc.*, from Maurice Allain, Paris, Jan. 30, 1896, Jan. 25, 1896.
11183..... .....

Soap entered at from 3.00 to 15.00 francs per dozen; advanced by reducing discount from 25 per cent to 20 per cent.

Cost of cases included in price.

9790..... } *Toilet soap, alcoholic perfumery, etc.*, from Hecht, Pfeiffer & Co., T. G. Mouson & Co., Berlin, Sep. 25, 1895, Sep. 14, 1895.
9753.....

Soap, entered at from 1.40 to 4.80 marks per dozen.

Eau de quinine, entered at 8.00 marks per dozen.

Perfumery entered at from 9.00 to 20.00 marks per pint.

Advanced by reducing discount from 25 per cent to 20 per cent.

Add cases.

Packing included.

9795.....*Toilet soap, Essential oil, etc.*, from J. G. Mouson & Co., Frankfurt, Sep. 14, 1895.

Soap entered at from 3.60 to 9.60 marks per dozen.

Essential oil (bottles included) entered at 18.00 marks per lb.

Advanced by reducing discount from 25 per cent to 20 per cent.

Add case.

11262.....*Decorated china*, from Porzellan-Fabrik, Victoria Schmidt & Co., Carlsbad, Jan. 24, 1896.

Dinner sets 100 pcs. 693ᵗ/3732ᵗ/3663ᵗ/3731ᵗ, entered at 9.73 florins per set; no advance.

11425.....*Decorated china*, from Fasott & Eichel, Blankenhain, Feb. 8, 1896.

Dishes entered at from 2.25 to 10.00 marks each less 15 per cent, 2 per cent & 5 per cent discounts. Advanced by disallowance of 5 per cent discount.

Add cases.

2915 O. P..... } *Barley*, from J. Lindsay, Fort Erie (Canada), ———
Buffalo .....

Barley entered at $.30, advanced to $.35 per bushel.

2913 OP.....
2919 OP.....
2909 OP.....
etc.....
Baltimore.....
2935 OP.....
Sugar above No. 16 D. S., from Robert Crooks & Co., Liverpool, Feb. 17, 1896, Feb. 14, 1896, Feb. 4, 10, 18, 1896.

Sugar fourths, entered at £11/17/5, advanced to £12.00 per ton pkd.
Sugar fourths, entered at £12/2/5, advanced to £12/12/6 per ton pkd.
Sugar fourths, entered at £11/17/5, advanced to £12/7/6 per ton pkd.

Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.—

Sugar fifths, entered at £9/17/5, advanced to £10/8/4 per ton pkd.
Less 2½ per discount.
Packages included in price.

11173.....*Sugar above No. 16 D. S.*, from Matthes & Bormeester, Amsterdam, Jan. 31, 1896.
Dutch crystal sugar No. 2, entered at 16.30, advanced to 17.63 florins per 100 kilos pkd.
Add bags, sewing and packing to entered price.

11222.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Jas. Lucas, Rotterdam, Jan. 21/96.
Test 77.90, entered at 9s. 1.725d., per 100 kilos, advanced to 9s. 6.35d. per cwt. pkd.
N. D. charges deducted from entered price.

2931 OP.....
New Orleans...
Sugar not above 16 D. S., from Hidalgo & Co., Havana, Jan. 24, 1896.
Centrifugal sugar, test 94.10, entered at $.02545 Sp. gold, advanced to $.0249 U. S. gold per lb. pkd.
Non-dutiable charges deducted in entered price.

11308..... .....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from T. V. Drake & Co., Magdeburg, Jan. 17, 1896.
Beets firsts test 90.24, entered at 11.175, advanced to 11.148 marks per 50 kilos. pkd.
From entered value deduct N. D. charges.

11307..... .....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from C. Czarnikow, Hamburg, Jan. 17, 1896.
Sugar test 89.775, entered at 11/4, advanced to 11/0½d. per 50 kilos. pkd.
From entered value deduct N. D. charges.

11219.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from T. Traki & Co., Hamburg, Jan. 11, 1896.
Sugar, test 89.98, entered at 11.10, advanced to 11.065 marks per 50 kilos pkd.
From entered value deduct N. D. charges.

11040.....*Sugar above No. 16 D. S.*, from Matthes & Bormeester, Amsterdam, Jan. 20, 1896.
Dutch Crystal Sugar No. 2, entered at 15.99, advanced to 17.28 florins per 100 kilos, pkd. net.
To entered price deduct cost of bag, packing & sewing.

11037.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.* from Zuckschroerds & Beushel, Magdeburg, Jan. 11, 1896.
Sugar test 80.00, entered at 9s. 4.51875d., advanced to 9s. 3.5d. per cwt. pkd.
From entered price deduct N. D. charges.

11304.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Alyander Bass, Macoris, Feb. 13, 1896.
Sugar, test 96.80, entered at $.0218, advanced to $.02435 per lb. packed.
Add bags 36c to entered value.

11303.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from F. C. Huffingher, Macoris, Feb. 3, 1896.
Second centrifugal sugar, test 88.05, entered at $1.56 per 100 lbs., advanced to $.019 per lb. packed.
Add bags at 36c. to entered price.

11302.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Juan F. DeCastro, Macoris, Feb. 3, 1896.
Second centrifugal sugar, test 86.05, entered at $1.56 per 100 lbs., advanced to $.01776 per lb. pkd.
Add bags at 36c. to entered price.

11220.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Tolm & Runge, Hamburg, Jan. 11, 1896.
Sugar test 88.1875, entered at 11.015, less N. D. charges & 1¼ per cent discount; advanced to 10.75 marks per 50 kilos pkd.

11203.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from C. Tonnant Sons & Co., Agency, Trinidad, Jan. 30, 1896.
Muscovado sugar, test 90.74257, ctered at $.0222502, advanced to $.0235 per lb. pkd.
Add bags at 14c. to entered price.
Add labor & filling at 2c. to entered price.

11305.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Juan F. DeCastro, Macoris, Feb. 3, 1896.
First centrifugal sugar, test 94.782, entered at $2.18 per 100 lbs., advanced to $.02335 per lb. pkd.
Add bags at 36c. to entered price.

11306.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from T. V. Drake & Co., Magdeburg, Jan. 17, 1896.
Sugar Beet seconds, test 77.375, entered at 9.38, advanced to 9.14 marks per 50 kilos pkd.
Deduct non-dutiable charges from entered price.

11369.....*Sugar above No. 16 D. S.*, from J. Rignez & Co., Manzanillo, Jan. 31, 1896.
Centrifugal sugar, test 95.575, entered at $.0266, advanced to $.02821 per lb, Spanish gold.
Molasses sugar, test 90.55, entered at $0255, reappraised at $.02427 per lb. Spanish gold.
Add bags at 50c. to entered value.

11434.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Thorman Bucherman & Co., Macoris, Jan. 27, 1896.
Sugar test 96.79, entered at $.0208, advanced to $.02435 per lb. packed.
Add bags at 36c. to entered value.

11143.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Dubois & Co., Matanzas, Feb. 24, 1896.
Sugar test 94.83, entered at $.034 per lb.; no advance.
Less freight & N. D. charges.

2944 OP .....
Chicago.....
2899 OP .....
Baltimore.....
2937 OP .....
Baltimore.....
etc .....
11331 .....
Sugar not above No. 16 D. S., from Robt. Crooks & Co., Liverpool, Feb. 12, 1896, Feb. 7, 1896, Feb. 26, 1896, Feb. 21, 1896, Feb. 14, 1896, Feb. 25, 1896.

Sugar, fifths, entered at £9/14/11, advanced to £10/5 per ton pkd.
Sugar, fifths, entered at £9/17/5, advanced to £10/8/4 per ton pkd.
Sugar, fifths, entered at £10/2/5, advanced to £10/8/4 per ton pkd.
Less 2½ per cent discount.
Cost of packages included in price.
Sugar, entered at 10s/6d per cwt., advanced by disallowance of 2½ per cent discount.

2934 OP .....
Detroit .....
2879 OP .....
Detroit .....
Sludge Acid, from Nat. Oil Co., Petrolia, Mch. 6, 1896.

Sludge acid, entered at $19.26 per tankcar; no advance.

2870 OP..... } *Prussiate Potash*, from W. Caudery & Co., Liverpool, Dec. 24, 1895; London, Oct. 26, 1895.
2869 OP..... }
Boston.. ..... }

Prussiate potash, entered at 6¼d., advanced to 6¾d. per lb. pkd., shipped December 24, 1895.

Add casks at 1s/10d.

Prussiate of potash, entered at 6d., advanced to 7d. per lb. pkd., shipped Oct. 26, 1895.

Add packages.

11079..... } *Cotton netting & cot. lace curtains*, from B. Walker & Co., Lenton, Jan. 10, 24, 28, 1896.
11136..... }
11048..... ..... }

Ecru, ivory Cott. Hambg. No. 490½ 40 in., entered at 2¼d. per yd.; no advance.

Ecru, ivory Cott. Hambg. Nos. 563, 565, 50 in., entered at 2¾ advanced to 3d. per yd.

Ivory, white, ecru, No. 139 & No. 143, 50 in., entered at 5d., advanced to 5½d. per yd.

Ivory, ecru, No. 84, 50 in., entered at 5½, advanced to 6d. per yard.

Ivory, Nos. 517½, 522½, etc., entered at 2d., advanced to 2¼d. per yd.

Et curtains, No. 1717, 60 in. 4 yds., entered at 4s/2d, advanced to 4s. 8d. per pair.

Et curtains, No. 1940, 43 in. 3½ yds., entered at 1s/1 per pair; no advance.

Bed sets, No. 5885, entered at 3s/3, advanced to 3s/6 per set.

Bed sets, No. 5862, entered at 4/-, advanced to 4s/6 per set.

Wt. curtains, No. 1373, 62 in., 4 yds., entered at 6s/6, advanced to 7s/3 per pair.

Similar goods, similar advances.

Less cost of inland carriage.

Less 2½ per cent.

Add cases.

11102..... } *Cot. netting & cot. lace curtains*, from B. Walker & Co., Nottingham, Jan. 17, 1896, Dec. 31, 1895.
10896..... }
10953..... }

Ecru cot. Hmbg. net, No. 3, 50 in., entered at 5d., advanced to 6¼d. per yard.

Ecru cot. Hmbg., net No. 1, 50 in., entered at 5d., advanced to 6¼d. per yd.

Wht. cot Hmbg. net 60 in. No. S500, entered at 7d., advanced to 8¾d. per yd.

Wt. curtains 54 in. 3½ yds., No. 1647, entered at 4s/1 per pair; no advance.

Et. & wt. curtains, 50, 48, 60 in., Nos. 1759, 1907, 1930, entered at 2s/3½, advanced to 2s/6½ per pair.

Wht. cot. Hmbg. net, 54 in. Nos. S100/S300, entered at 3, 3¼, 4¼, advanced to 3¾, 4¼, 5¾d. per yd.

Wht. 60 in. Nos. S400/S600, entered at 5d., 7d., advanced to 6½, 8¾, 9d. per yd.

Similar goods, similar advances.

Discount 2½ per cent.

Add cases.

Less cost of inland carriage.

11313.....*Cot. Lace curtains*, from E. Kirke, Nottingham, Feb. 21, 1896.

Cot. lace curtains, 3½ yd. E. T. No. 2537, entered at 5s/11, per pair.

Cot. lace curtains, 3½ yd. W. T. Nos. 2511, 2512, entered at 3s/2, advanced to 3s/3 per pair.

Cot. lace curtains, E. T. No. 2527, 3½ yd., entered at 5s/8, per pair.

All advanced by reduction of discount from 3¾ per cent to 2½ per cent.

Add cases and packing.

Less carriage to port.

2759 OP ..... } *Cotton lace curtains*, from W. B. Baggaley, Nottingham, Dec. 16, 1895.
Buffalo ..... }

3½ yds. ecru, white, No. 20/31, entered at from 1s/11 to 2s/5, advanced to from 2s/9¼ to 3s/3¾ per pair.

Corners entered at 4d, advanced to 5d. per pair.

To entered price add dressing, etc., 8½d. per pair, less 5 per cent and 2½ per cent.

Add cases.

Advanced prices 1½ per cent discount.

11462.....*Furniture of wood*, from Arnisch & Co., Neusohl, Feb. 13, 1896.

Chairs Hno, 18 braces oak, entered at 27.30 florins, 40 per cent discount per doz.; advanced to 18.00 florins net.

Chairs Hno. 18 braces mahog., entered at 26.10 florins, 40 per cent discount; advanced to 18.00 florins per doz. net.

Armchairs, 18½ braces, mahog., entered at 4.25 florins, 40 per cent discount; advanced to 2.95 florins net each.

Add cases and packing.

Importer on entry adds about 13½ per cent to invoiced value.

11417.....*Manufactures of wood, manufactures of metal, etc.*, from Geo. Prints & Co., Aachen, Jan. 31, 1896.

Patent boxes, empty, entered as of no value, advanced to 2.00 marks each.

1200 tins (unusual coverings for sewing needles), entered as of no value, advanced to 87.50 marks for total.

11378.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Jas. Rougie, Greenock, Feb. 20, 1896.

Sugar entered at 10/–, advanced to 9/10½. per cwt. pkd.

Sugar entered at 10/1½, advanced to 9/9 per cwt. pkd.

Sugar entered at 10/1½, advanced to 10/1½ per cwt. pkd.

Sugar entered at 10/6, advanced to 10/4½ per cwt. pkd.

Sugar entered at 10/6, advanced to 10/6 per cwt. pkd.

Sugar entered at 10/9, advanced to 10/6 per cwt. pkd.

Sugar entered at 10/10½ advanced to 10/9 per cwt. pkd.

From entered value deduct N. D. charges.

REAPPRAISEMENT BY BOARDS.

11099..... } *Decorated china*, from Charles Ahrenfeldt, Carlsbad, Dec. 2, 1895.
3104..... ..... }

Dishes entered at from .20 to 9.75, advanced to from .21 to 10.70 florins per piece.

Dishes entered at from .24 to 3.60, advanced to from .25 to 3.78 florins per dozen.

Tassen entered at 39.00, advanced to 42.80 florins per case.

Cases entered at 5.00, advanced to 7.50 florins each.

10726..... } *Flax yarn*, from Robert Stewart & Sons, Lisburn, Nov. 28, 1895.
3099..... }

Red star single yarn, grey, in hanks, entered at 13s. 6d., advanced to 15s. per doz. net.

Red Star grey, 6 cord in skeins, entered at 23s. per dozen; no advance.

Red Star grey 7 cord in skeins, entered at 23s. per dozen; no advance.

Less 25 per cent on last two items.

Add packing bales at 2s.

11122.....
3119.....
11229.....
3120.....
} *Manufactures of silk*, from Megroz & Co., Lyons, Feb. 6, 1896.

No. 651 Ceinture 7 in., entered at 2.50, advanced to 3.50 francs per meter.
No. 657, Ceinture 7 in., entered at 5.00, advanced to 6.50 francs per meter.
No. 661, printed serge 25½, entered at 1.75, advanced to 2.00 francs per meter.
Discount 20 per cent.
Add case and packing.

11033.....
3110.....
} *Manufactures of silk & cotton*, from Schiffer & Hamers, Viersen, Jan. 15, 1896.

36 in. Rhadamé 34 black, entered at 1.15, advanced to 1.25 marks per meter.
36 in. Rhadamé 26 black, entered at 1.02½, advanced to 1.10 marks per meter.
36 in. Rhadamé 32 black, entered at 1.10, advanced to 1.20 marks per meter.
36 in. Rhadamé 34 black, entered at 1.15, advanced to 1.25 marks per meter.
36 in. Rhadamé 40 black, entered at 1.30, advanced to 1.40 marks per meter.
36 in. Rhadamé 48 black, entered at 1.45, advanced to 1.55 marks per meter.
36 in. Merveilleux 36 black, entered at 1.20 advanced to 1.30 marks per meter.
Add packing, cases, labels and wrappers.

10401.....
2918 .....
} *Manufactures of silk & cotton (serge)*, from Durand Freres, Lyons, Nov. 27, 1895.

Raw serge 92c/m, entered at .60, advanced to .92 franc per meter.
Raw serge, 60 jumelle, entered at .91, advanced to 1.40 francs per meter.
Raw serge, 60 jumelle, entered at 1.10, advanced to 1.68 francs per meter.
Raw satin, 60 jumelle, entered at .90, advanced to 1.40 francs per meter.
Raw serge, 60 jumelle, entered at .74, advanced to 1.14 francs per meter.
Raw satin, 60 jumelle, entered at 1.58, advanced to 2.41 francs per meter.
Discounts 20 per cent and 1 per cent.
Add case and packing.

10776.....
3093.....
} *Manufactures of silk Tissus, shappe & soie* from Kahn & Kahn, Lyons, Dec. 7, 1895.

Pongee 31″ ecru, entered at .73, advanced to 1.00 franc per meter.
Discounts 20 per cent and 1 per cent.
Add case and packing.

10777.....
3094.....
} *Manufactures of silk* from Besson, Bertrand & Co., Lyons, December 14, 1895:

Pongee 31″ ecru, No. 83731/810, entered at .73, advanced to .95 franc per meter.
Pongee 76 c/m teint en piece No. 51/89, entered at 1.10, advanced to 1.30 francs per meter.
Discounts 20 per cent and 1 per cent.
Add cases and packing.

11128..... ....
3127.....
11180.....
3128.....
11181.....
3129.....
etc ....
} *Manufactures of flax, flax and cotton, wool dress goods, etc.*, from Tabourier & Co., Paris, Dec. 18, 1895, Dec. 24, 1895, Jan. 17, 1896, etc.

Linon plumetis, No. 6478, 70 c/m, entered at 1.50, advanced to 1.94 francs per meter
Quadrille, 15761/1, 70 c/m, entered at 1.60, advanced to 2.50 francs per meter.
Quadrille, 15729/2, 70 c/m, entered at .95, advanced to 1.05 francs per meter.

11128.....
3127.....
11180.....
3128..... } *Manufactures of flax, flax and cotton, wool dress goods, etc.*—Continued.
11181.....
3129.....
etc.....

Rayé 15735/1, 70 c/m, entered at .85, advanced to 1.00 franc per meter.
Rayé 6472, 70 c/m, entered at 1.15, advanced to 1.35 francs per meter.
Rayé 15732/1, 70 c/m, entered at .85, advanced to .95 franc per meter.
Damassé, 15770/1, 70 c/m, entered at .90, advanced to 1.00 franc per meter.
Quadrille 15762/2, 108 c/m, entered at 1.30, advanced to 1.46 francs per meter.
Quadrille 15733/1, 70 c/m, entered at 1.05, advanced to 1.79 francs per meter.
Rayé, 16072, 70 c/m, entered at .85, advanced to 1.00 franc per meter.
Rayé, 16072 108 c/m, entered at 1.25, advanced to 1.50 francs per meter.
Quadrille, 15733/1, 108 c/m, entered at 1.65, advanced to 2.60 francs per meter.
Rayé 16117/1, 70 c/m, entered at 1.05, advanced to 2.00 francs per meter.
Less 5 per cent.
Add cases & packing.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Bande Mousseline, 4070, 15 c/m, entered at .40, advanced to .50 franc per meter.
Discount 15 per cent.
Add case and packing.

10406..... } *Prepared vegetables*, from Sun Kwong Hop, Hong Kong, Aug. 28, 1895.
2772.....

Salted bamboo shoots, entered at $2.40, advanced to $2.83 Mexican currency per cask of 95 catties.
Packing chgs. included in price.

10872..... } *Looking-glass plates*, from M. S. Bomeisler, Furth, Dec. 7, 1895.
2921.....

Plates I^a 10½x8½ plain, entered at .35, advanced to .37 marks per plate.
Deduct N. D. charges from entered price.

11074..... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from ———, Santa Domingo, Jan. 16, 1896.
3103.....

1st centrifugal sugar 94.05, entered at $.0184, advanced to $.02199 per lb. packed.
1st centrifugal sugar, 93.80, entered at $.0184, advanced to $.021835 per lb. packed.
Add cost of bags to entered price.

11163..... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from ———, Demerara, Jan. 14, 1896.
3122.....

Sugar 88.60, entered at .021, advanced to $.02075 per lb. pkd.
Sugar 89.85, entered at $.0215, reappraised at $.02131 per lb. pkd.
Sugar 92.20, entered at $.02175, advanced to $.022 per lb. pkd.
Sugar 88.55, entered at $.0215, advanced to $.02072 per lb. pkd.
Sugar 89.10, entered at $.0205, advanced to $.02103 per lb. pkd.
Sugar 90.80, entered at $.0205, advanced to $.02156 per lb. pkd.
Sugar 91.00, entered at $.0205, advanced to $.02131 per lb pkd.
Sugar 91.35, entered at $.0210, advanced to $.02173 per lb. pkd.
Similar tests, similar advances.
Value of packages included in price.

11162.....
3121.....
11164.....
3123..... .....
} *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Booker Bros. & Co., Demarara, Jan. 14, 1896.

Sugar 90.20, entered at $.02125, advanced to $.02137 per lb. pkd.

Sugar 90.23, entered at .021, advanced to $.021224 per lb. pkd.

Sugar 91.70, entered at $.0275, reappraised at $.02184 per lb. pkd.

Sugar 89.10, entered at $0210, advanced to $.02103 per lb. pkd.

Sugar Rose Hall 96 10, entered at $2.525 per cwt., advanced to $.02528 per lb. pkd., cost of pkges. included in price.

Sugar Skeldon, 96.25, entered at $2.525 per cwt., advanced to $.02533 per lb. pkd. cost of pkges. included in price.

2835 OP.....
718.....
} *Sugar above and below No. 16 D. S.*, from Robt. Crooks & Co., Liverpool, Dec. 31, 1895, Jan. 16, 25, 1896.

Baltimore.....
2855 OP.....
} Sugar above No. 16 D. S., entered at £11/2/5, advanced to £11/17/6 per cwt. pkd.

719.....
Baltimore.....
} Sugar above No. 16 D. S., fourths, entered at £11/12/5, advanced to £12/0/0 per ton pkd.

2834 OP.....
717.....
} Sugar above No. 16 D. S., fourths, entered at £11/2/5, advanced to £11/12/6 per ton pkd.

Baltimore.....Sugar below No. 16 D. S., fifths, entered at £9/7/5, advanced to £10/0/0 per ton pkd.

Sugar not above No. 16 D. S., fifths, entered at £9/2/5, advanced to £9/15/0 per ton pkd.

Less 2½ per cent discount.

Packages included in price.

10808.....
3106.....
} *Flax thread* from Wm. Ewart & Son, Ltd., Belfast, Dec. 6, 1895.

Flax thread finished, entered at 16⅛d. per lb.; no advance.

Add packing charges.

O

FIXING THE MINIMUM PER CENT AT WHICH PERSONS EXAMINED FOR ENTRANCE OR PROMOTION, IN SERVICES UNDER THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT MAY BE APPOINTED OR PROMOTED.

1896.
Department Circular No. 60.
Division of Appointments.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., April 24, 1896.

To Officers, Clerks, and Employees under the jurisdiction of the Treasury Department.

It is hereby provided that no promotion or appointment shall be made, except as otherwise provided by law, until the examination papers of the persons designated have been approved by the Board of Examiners, consisting of the principal officer in charge of the service in which the person is to be employed, the Chief Clerk of the Department, and the Private Secretary of the Secretary of the Treasury, or their alternates, certifying that the person examined attained an average of eighty per cent or more.

J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary.

REGULATIONS GOVERNING VESSELS EMPLOYED IN SEA OTTER HUNTING DURING THE SEASON OF 1896, UNDER REVISED STATUTES, SECTION 1956, AND ACT OF CONGRESS APPROVED FEBRUARY 21, 1893.

1896.
Department Circular No. 61.
Division of Special Agents.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., April 29, 1896.

ARTICLE I.

Every vessel employed in sea otter hunting, or in transporting sea otter parties, shall have in addition to the papers now required by law, a special clearance and license.

ARTICLE II.

No vessels propelled by steam shall be employed in sea otter hunting within territorial waters, that is, within three miles of the shore, or for the purpose of transporting sea otter hunting parties within said territorial waters. Only sailing vessels and boats propelled by oars or paddles shall be so employed.

ARTICLE III.

The master of any vessel having on board skins of sea otter, mink, marten, sable, fur seal, or other fur-bearing animals, shall, before unlading the same, report to the collector of customs at the first port of arrival of his vessel in the United States, and shall file a manifest in detail of such skins with said collector.

ARTICLE IV.

Masters of vessels failing to comply with these regulations will be considered to have violated the provisions of Section 1956 of the Revised Statutes, hereinafter annexed, and will be liable to the penalty described therein.

"Section 1956. No person shall kill any otter, mink, marten, sable, or fur seal, or other fur-bearing animal within the limits of Alaska Territory, or in the waters thereof; and every person guilty thereof shall, for each offense, be fined not less than two hundred nor more than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned not more than six months, or both; and all vessels, their tackle, apparel, furniture and cargo, found engaged in violation of this section shall be forfeited; but the Secretary of the Treasury shall have power to authorize the killing of any such mink, marten, sable, or other fur-bearing animal, except fur seals, under such regulation as he may prescribe; and it shall be the duty of the Secretary to prevent the killing of any fur seal, and to provide for the execution of the provisions of this section until it is otherwise provided by law; nor shall he grant any special privileges under this section."

ARTICLE V.

It will be the duty of the officers of the United States who may be in localities where sea otter are taken, or who may have knowledge of any such offense having been committed, to take all proper measures to enforce the penalties of the law.

ARTICLE VI.

Vessels which have cleared in good faith for sea otter hunting prior to the issuance of these regulations shall not be seized for a breach thereof made in good faith, without knowledge of said regulations. Masters of said vessels shall, however, be warned by the United States officers charged with the enforcement of these regulations, and shall be given a copy thereof.

ARTICLE VII.

The foregoing regulations are intended to apply only to the season of 1896.

J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary.

1896.
Department Circular No. 62.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., April 29, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending April 11, 1896.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

REPORT ON REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING APRIL 11, 1896.

N. B.—***In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.***

No. of Reappraisement.

11517.....*Decorated glassware*, from Ashmore & Son, London, March 6, 1896.
1 case glassware, containing claret and sherry glasses, entered at £5 0s. 0d. advanced to £8. 0s. 0d. Sterling per total.

11393..... ...*Decorated china*, from Franz Dorfl, Wien, Feb. 20, 1896.
Vases No. 8, entered at 10. 50 Advanced to 11. Florins per pair.
Discount 5 per cent. Add case and packing.

11359.....*Decorated china*, from ——— Prague, Feb. 15, 1896.
No. 3033 dinner sets, entered at 11.06 advanced to 12.56 Florins per set.
Discount 6 per cent. Add cask.

11360.....*Decorated China*, from Geo. Borgfeldt & Co., Bodenbach, Feb. 7, 1896.
Dinner set 557/3354, 826, entered at 12.57 advanced to 14.07 Florins per set.
Dinner set 651/3272, 822, entered at 14.38 advanced to 15.88 Florins per set.
Dinner set, 653/4020, 825, entered at 11.61 advanced to 13.11 Florins per set.
Dinner set, 557/3338, 829, entered at 10.45 advanced to 11.95 Florins per set.
Discount 6 per cent.
Add casks.

11280.....*Cotton lace curtains*, from Simon May & Co., Nottingham, Feb. 17, 1896.
Ivory and white lace curtains, 6163/5078, 3½ yards, entered at 5s/6d Sterling per pair, No Advance.
Ivory and white lace curtains, 2586/5076, entered at 5s/3d Sterling per pair, No Advance.
White and ecru lace curtains, 5826/5080, 4 yards, entered at 6s/6d Sterling per pair, No Advance.
Ecru and white lace curtains, 3½ yards, 2541/5096, entered at 5s/2½d Sterling per pair, No Advance.

11280.....*Cotton lace curtains, etc.*—Continued.

Ecru 3081/5075 and ecru 3080/5074, entered at 5s and 4s/9½d advanced to 5s/3d Sterling per pair.

Discounts 2½ per cent and ½ per cent. Add cases and packing.

11270..... } *Cotton nettings,* from George Mather's Exors. Nottingham, Feb. 14 and 21, 1896.
11271..... ....

2000, 49″ and 2001 45″ ecru, fancy curtain nets, entered at 2½d Sterling per yard, No Advance.

2002, 48″ ecru fancy curtain nets, entered at 2¾d Sterling per yard, No Advance.

2010 45″ ecru fancy curtain nets, entered at 4¼d Sterling per yard, No Advance.

2011, 2012, 45″ ecru fancy curtain nets, entered at 4½d Sterling per yard, No Advance.

106, 36″ white point d'Esprit nets, entered at 4d Sterling per yard, No Advance.

116, 36″ white point d'esprit nets, entered at 5d Sterling per yard, No Advance.

206, 54″ white point d'esprit nets, entered at 6¼d Sterling per yard, No Advance.

216/54″, white point d'esprit nets, entered at 7¼d Sterling per yard, No Advance.

195, 48″ ecru curtain nets, entered at 8¾d Sterling per yard, No Advance.

2003 46″, 2004, 2005 47″ and 2006 44″ ecru curtain nets entered at 3d Sterling per yard, No Advance.

2008 47″ 2009 49″ ecru curtain nets, entered at 3¼d Sterling per yard, No Advance.

3698 50″ ecru curtain nets, entered at 8½d Sterling per yard, No Advance.

Discounts 20 per cent & 2½ per cent.

Add cases.

11080..... } *Cotton lace curtains and cotton netting,* from B. Walker & Co., Nottingham, Jan. 9, 1896.
11101..... }

Ivory cotton Hamburg net, 50″ 101, 108 and 207 and ecru cotton Hamburg net, 50″ 102 and 106 entered at 2¾d advanced to 3d Sterling per yard.

Ecru and ivory cotton Hamburg net 50″ 301 and 302, entered at 3d advanced to 3¼d Sterling per yard.

Ecru cotton Hamburg net 50″ 407, and ivory cotton Hamburg net 50″ 401 and 402, entered at 4½d advanced to 5d Sterling per yard.

Ecru cotton Hamburg net 50″ 1005, 1006 and 1007 entered at 6¼d advanced to 6¾d Sterling per yard.

W. T. curtains 1757 50″ 3½ yards, entered at 2/3½d advanced to 2s6½d Sterling per pair.

E. T. curtains, 1759 50″ 3½ yards, entered at 2s3½d advanced to 2s/6½d Sterling per pair.

W. T. curtains, 1908 48″ 3½ yards, entered at 2s/3½d advanced to 2s/6½d Sterling per pair.

W. T. curtain 1932 44″ 3 yards, entered at 1s Sterling per pair, No Advance.

Discount 2½ per cent.

11267.....*Cotton lace curtains,* from Goodall & White, Glasgow, Feb. 21, 1896.

No. 674 6¾ yards E. T. curtains, entered at 4s/3½d advanced to 4s/6½d Sterling per pair.

Nos. 843 and 893, 6¾ yards E. T. curtains, entered at 5s/8½d Sterling per pair, No Advance.

Discount 3¾ per cent. Advanced discount 2½ per cent. Add cases and packing.

11179.....*Cotton lace curtains,* from F. W. Rice & Co., Nottingham, January 17, 1896.

E. K. curtains 6495, 3½ yards, entered at 4s /2d advanced to 4s /8d Sterling per pair.

W. K. curtains, 7036, 7050, 3½ yards, entered at 5s /6d advanced to 6s/– Sterling per pair.

E. K. curtains, 6300, 3½ yards, entered at 4s /1d advanced to 4s /6d Sterling per pair.

W. curtains, 806, 3½ yards, entered at 4s /11d advanced to 5s /9d Sterling per pair.

Discount 2½ per cent. Add cases. Deduct inland freight.

11467.....*Mfs. silk and linon*, from A. Tabourier & Co., Paris, Mar. 3, 1896.

Linon quadrille 15761 /1 70 c/m entered at 1.75 advanced to 2.50 Francs per meter.

Linon rayi, 15732 /2 70 c /m, entered at 1.30 advanced to 1.45 Francs per meter.

Linon rayi, 15730 /1 70 c /m, entered at .85 advanced to .95 Franc per meter.

Discount 5 per cent. Add cases and packing.

11461..... ....
11442.....} *Silk veiling*, from Olliver, Paris, Feb. 28, 1896.

Chenillette, 70 c /m, No. 69, entered at .44 Franc per meter No Advance, Discount 2 per cent.

Chenillette, 35 c /m, No. 253, entered at .22 Franc per meter No advance, Discount 2 per cent.

Chenillette, 45 c /m, No. 283, entered at .22 Franc per meter No advance.

Discount 3 per cent. Add cases.

11484.....*Mfs. of wool and cotton*, from M. Zossenheim & Co., Leeds March 14, 1896.

No. 4698, chinchilla cotton warp, entered at 1s /8d advanced to 1s /11d Sterling per yard.

No. 4670 chinchilla cotton warp, entered at 1s /10d advanced to 2s /1d Sterling per yard.

Less measure 1 /37th, less 1 /40th, discount 3¾ per cent, add packing.

11491..... ....
11492..... .....} *Mfs. of metal*, from Chr. Wandel, Reutlingen, Feb. 29, & Mar. 7,1896.

Wire cloths, No. 70, entered at 6. Marks per square meter, No advance.

Wire cloths, No. 90, entered at 7. Marks per square meter. No Advance.

Add packing.

10637.....
10724.....} *Lava tips*, from J. Von Schwarz, Nurnberg, Nov. 30 and Dec. 21, 1895.

E. H. lava tips, 3 & 4, entered at 1.10 advanced to 1.20 Marks per gross.

Discount 5 per cent. Less inland freight.

11476.....
11496.....} *Bleached & unbleached cotton*, (*dotted swisses*) from Otto G. Wolfers & Co., St. Gall, Mar 4, 1896.

7/4, No. 54, entered at .51 advanced .52½ Franc per yard.

7/4, No. 86, entered at .80 Franc per yard, No Advance.

7/4, No. 57, entered at .62 Franc per yard, No Advance.

7/4 No. 87, entered at .90 Franc per yard, No Advance.

7/4, No. 77, entered at .79 advanced to .80 Franc per yard.

7/4 No. 44, entered at .46 advanced to 47½ Franc per yard.

Ecru dotted swisses, No. 3509, entered at .75 Franc per yard No Advance.

Ecru dotted swisses, No. 3512, entered at .80 Franc per yard No Advance.

Discount 3 per cent. Add case and packing.

11495.....*Chemical salts*, from Konigs Wartin & Ebell Chemische Fabrik. Linden, Feb. 25, 1896.

Antichlor, entered at 8.45 advanced to 10. Marks per 100 kilos.

To entered price add packing, advanced price packed.

11421.....*Bead trimmings*, from Kern, Loewi & Mendel, Annaberg, Mar. 6, 1896.

Samples entered at discount 15 per cent. Advanced to a discount of 5 per cent & 1 per cent.

11486.....*Bead trimmings*, from H. Hempel & Co., Sachsen, Mar. 5, 1896

Samples, entered at discounts 20 per cent, 5 per cent, and 2½ per cent. Advanced to discounts of 5 per cent and 2½ per cent.

11401.....*Stereotype plates*, from Benziger Bros., London, Feb. 27, 1896.

Stereotype plates of Hunter dogmatic theology volume 3, entered at £19. 18s. 1d. advanced to £40. 0s. 0d. Sterling per total.

Add cases and packing.

11549.....*Steel tubes*, from The Mannismann Tube Co., Ltd., Landore, Mar. 14, 1896.

Entered discounts 67½ per cent and 2½ per cent Advanced to a discount of 67½ per cent.

11430.....*Soap, N. S. P. F.* from C. C. Bartley, Birmingham, Feb. 8, 1896

Soft soap, entered at 9s/6d advanced to 10S. Sterling per dozen quarts.

Soft soap, entered at 6s/- advanced to 6s/6d Sterling per dozen pints.

Add casks.

11389.....*Wool knit fabrics*, from Felix Frank, Chemnitz, Feb. 13, 1896.

5⅜ navy stocking nette entered at a discount of 10 per cent and 9 per cent commission, advanced by disallowance of deduction of 9 per cent commission.

11413..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Francke Hijos & Co., Havana Feb. 26, 1896.
11450..... }

Testing 93.72, entered at .02⅞ less freight, advanced to .02.74 U. S. Gold per lb., packed.

Testing 93.589, entered at .02⅞ less freight, advanced to .02.73 U. S. Gold per lb.. packed.

11420.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Hildalgo & Co., Havana, Feb. 13, 1896.

Testing 94.4528, entered at .02$\frac{25}{32}$ less freight, advanced to .02.68 U. S. Gold per lb., packed.

11405..... ....*Mohair shawls*, from Robert Winkler, Loebschutz, Feb. 15, 1896.

Rosa, 0, 570, entered at 15.25 Marks per dozen, No Advance

Toni, 3, 250, entered at 27. advanced to 29. Marks per dozen.

Ida 0, 890 & 900, entered at 8.50 Marks per dozen, No advance.

Flora, 1, 550 and 1, 600, entered at 14. advanced to 15. Marks per dozen.

Flora, 1, 000, entered at 28. advanced to 30. Marks per dozen.

Holland, 0, 420, entered at 24. advanced to 25.50 Marks per dozen.

Juno, 1, 650, entered at 24. advanced to 25.50 Marks per dozen.

11431.....*Flax yarn*, from Robert Stewart & Sons, Lisborn, Feb. 13, 1896.

Polished yarn, w. brown, 6 cord satin in hanks and bundles, entered at 26s/– advanceed to 29s/– Sterling per dozen.

Polished yarn w. brown, 6 cord satin in hanks and bundles, entered at 41s/– advanced to 43s/– Sterling per dozen.

Polished yarn, w. brown, 3 cord satin, in hanks and bundles, entered at 33s/– advanced to 36s/– Sterling per dozen.

Discount 25 per cent. Add packing. Deduct inland carriage.

11264..... } *Gelatine*, from Deutsche Gelatine Fabriken, HOchst Feb. 20, and Frankfort, Feb. 12,
11329..... } 1896.

Gelatine No. 4, entered at 300. advanced to 324. Marks per M. sheets.

11444.....*Prepared vegetables and bean sticks*, from Sun Quong Hop, Hongkong, Jan. 11, 1896.

Green vegetables, entered at 1. Mexican dollar per box of 8 jars, No Advance.

Bean sticks, entered at 2.50, advanced to 2.70 Mexican Dollars per box of 40 pounds.

11445..... } *Sweetmeats, sauce, soy, isinglass, &c.*, from Kwong Yee Wing, Hongkong, Oct. 11 and
11504..... } 14th 1895.

Candied betelnuts, entered at 1.30 advanced to 1.60 Mexican Dollars per box of 18 jars.

Candied plums, entered at 1.50 advanced to, 1.80 Mexican Dollars per box of 18 jars.

Candied wong pa, entered at 1.50 advanced to 1.80 Mexican Dollars per box of 18 jars.

Soy, entered at 2. advanced to 2.40 Mexican dollars per tub of 100 catties.

Plum sauce, entered at 2.37 advanced to 2.50 Mexican Dollars per tub of 100 catties.

Isinglass, entered at 14. advanced to 14.85 Mexican Dollars per bale of 70 pounds.

2878 o. p..... } *Mica*, from Powell & Clemons, Ottowa, Canada, Sept. 4, 1895.
Detroit.....

Cut amber mica, 1x3″ and 1¾″x2¼″ entered at 10. discount 30 per cent, advanced to $16. per 100 pounds, net.

2958 o. p..... } *Mushrooms*, from Charles Jougla, Bordeaux, Jan. 16, 1896.
New Orleans....

No. 2, entered at 64. Francs per case. No Advance.
No. 4, entered at 79. Francs per case, No advance.
Discount 5 per cent. Less cartage and putting on board.

2964 o. p..... } *Mushrooms*, from Ch. Chevalier, Puteaux, Dec. 17, 1895.
New Orleans....

Champignons gallipedan, entered at 51. Francs per case, of 100 ½ tins. No advance.
Discount 5 per cent.

2970 o. p..... } *Mushrooms*, from Adolphe Reynaud, Paris, Feb. 15, 1896.
New Or–.....

Champignons extra, entered at 54.60 Francs per case of 100 ½ tins, No Advance.
Champignons, 1st choice, entered at 44.60 Francs per case of 100 ½ tins, No Advance.
Champignons, 2nd. choice, entered at 35.10 Francs per case of 100 ½ tins, No Advance.
Champignons, ordinares, entered at 23.60 Francs per case of 100 ½ tins, No Advance.
Add cost of boxes putting up etc., 22.40 Per case.

2965 o. p..... } *Mfs. of flax*, from Cinnamond Park Co., Belfast, Jan. 14, 1896.
San Francisco..

52″ damask 46, entered at 6½d Sterling per yard, No advance.
42″ damask 47, entered at 6¾d Sterling per yard, No advance.
72″ cream demi wash damask 60, entered at 10½d Sterling per yard, No Advance.
Discount 5 per cent. Add packing.

2945 o. p..... }
2946 o. p..... } *Mfs. of silk*, from E. Mendelson, Yokohama, Feb. 10 and 17, 1896.
San Francisco..

White habutai, 27x50 yards, 2nd. quality, entered at 6.80 advanced to 7.10 Silver Yen per 100 mommes.
White habutai, 20x50 yards, 2nd. quality, entered at 6.80 advanced to 7.10 Silver Yen per 100 mommes.
White oshu 36x50 yards, 2nd. quality, entered at 6.80 Silver Yen per 100 mommes, No Advance.
White echyeu habutai 27x50 yards 2nd. quality, entered at 6.80 advanced to 7. Silver Yen per 100 mommes.
Jap dyed colored canton pongee 20x40 yards, quality 17½ entered at 8.50 advanced to 8.62 Silver Yen per 100 mommes
dyed Oshu habutai, 27x50 yards, 2nd. quality, entered at 6.80 advanced to 7.25 Silver Yen per 100 mommee.
Brocade habutai, 24x25 yards, 2nd. quality entered at 7.50 advanced to 7.80 Silver Yen per 100 mommee.
Koshu kaki, 20x50 yards, 2nd. quality, entered at 6.60 Silver Yen per 100 mommee, No advance.

2950 o. p..... }
2951 o. p..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Macleod & Co., Cebu, Dec. 2, 1895. & Iloilo, Nov. 20, 1895.
Phila.....

No. 1, reappraised at 3.50 Manila currency per picul.
No. 2, reappraised at 3. Manila currency per picul.
No. 1, reappraised at 4. Minila currency per picul.
No. 2, reappraised at 3.37½ Minila currency per picul.

2920 o. p..... Phila..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Ransohoff & Wissler, Magdeburg, Jan. 13, 1896.

Testing 89.11, entered at 10.85, advanced to 11. Marks per 50 kilos, packed.

2941 o. p..... Phila..... } *Ginger ale* from Cochran & Co., Belfast, Mar. 2, 1896.

Entered at 27s/6d Sterling per barrel, Discount 10 per cent, No advance.

2894 o. p..... 2895 o. p..... Baltimore..... } *Wool cloths*, from Wallace & Co., Bradford, Dec. 31, 1895 and Jan. 24, 1896.

55/56″ quality B. black worsted coatings, entered at 2s/2d advanced to 2s/8d Sterling per yard.

55/56″ quality 910, black worsted coating, entered at 3s/2d advanced to 3s/9d Sterling per yard.

55/56″ quality 362 blue worsted coating, entered at 2s/6d advanced to 2s/9d Sterling per yard.

55/56″ quality 394, black worsted coatings, entered at 3s/3d advanced to 3s/10½d Sterling per yard.

55/56″ quality 394, blue worsted coatings, entered at 1s/11d advanced to 2s/4d Sterling per yard.

55/56″ quality 226, black worsted coatings, entered at 2s/1d advanced to 2s/4d Sterling per yard.

55/56″ quality 285, black worsted coatings, entered at 1s/8½d advanced to 1s/10½d Sterling per yard.

Less measure 1/37th Discount 5 per cent. Add cases.

2893 o. p..... Chicago..... } *Earthenware*, from J. & G. Meakin, Ltd., Hanley, Jan. 16, 1896.

Entered discounts 45 per cent, 30 per cent, 5 per cent & 5 per cent, advanced discounts 45 per cent, 5 per cent & 5 per cent.

2985 o. p..... Chicago..... } *Decorated earthenware*, from Unger & Schilde, Roschutz, Thurinza,

Discounts 5 per cent 5 per cent and 15 per cent sample discount, advanced by disallowance of deduction of 15 per cent sample discount.

2817 o. p..... 2984 o. p..... Chicago..... } *Macaroni*, from Antonio Rondino, Naples,

Entered at 35. advanced to 42. Lire per 100 kilos.

2755 o. p..... Chicago..... } *Mfs. of wool*, from ——— Elberfeld, Dec. 6, 1895.

Entered discounts 2½ and 2½ per cent commission, advanced by disallowance of deduction of 2½ per cent commission.

2708 o. p..... Chicago..... } *Wool dress goods*, from L. Hecht & Co., Berlin, Oct. 29, 1895.

Wool shawls, 6149/95, entered at 5.25 advanced to 7. Marks per dozen.

Scarves, 400/1, entered at 2.75 advanced to 3.20 Marks per dozen.

Scarves, 400/5, entered at 6.75 advanced to 7.80 Marks per dozen.

Scarves, 400/4 entered at 5. advanced to 5.80 Marks per dozen.

Scarves, 400/7, entered at 10.75 advanced to 12.50 Marks per dozen.

Add cases &c.

2714 o. p..... Chicago..... } *Cigars*, from ——— Havana, Nov. 22, 1895.

Rosa Santi perfectos, entered at 74.50 advanced to 75. Spanish gold per M.

Discount 2½ per cent.

11382.....*Mfs. of silk and cotton*, from Keller & Maeder, Zurich March 3, 1896.

Turquoise noir te coton a/c S 60/61 c/m, entered at 2.15 advanced to 2.35 Francs per aune.

Satin noir, te coton, 1044, entered at 1.95 advanced to 2.10 Francs per aune.

Satin noir te coton, 1119, entered at 2.65 advanced to 2.85 Francs per aune.

Satin pointille, te coton, entered at 2.40 advanced to 2.60 Francs per aune.

Discount 20 per cent Add cases and packing.

11407.....*Mfs. of silk*, from Boucharlat, Freres & Pettit, Lyons, Mar. 8, 1896.

Peau de soie, noir, 54 c/m, No. B, entered at 2.75 advanced to 3.05 Francs per meter.

Peau de soir noir, 54 c/m No. C, entered at 3. advanced to 3.30 Francs per meter.

Peau de soie noir, 54 c/m, No. D, entered at 3.25 advanced to 3.45 Francs per meter.

Peau de soie noir, 55 c/m No. E, entered at 3.50 advanced to 3.75 Francs per meter.

Peau de soie noir, 56 c/m, No. F, entered at 3.70 advanced to 4. Francs per meter.

Peau de soie noir, 58 c/m, No. I, entered at 4.60 advanced to 4.95 Francs per meter.

Damas noir 52 c/m, , entered at 1.85 advanced to 2. Francs per meter.

Discount 20 per cent.

11185.....*Mfs. of silk and cotton*, from F. Lafite & Co., Lyons, Feb. 12, 1896.

61 c/m blanc, No. 788/799 serge, entered at .65 advanced to .71 Franc per meter.

61 c/m blanc 800/31 serge, entered at .67 advanced to .73 Franc per meter.

60/61 c/m creme No. 832/59 serge, entered at 1.12 advanced to 1.22 Francs per meter.

60/61 c/m blanc, No. 930/79 serge, entered at .65 advanced to .71 Franc per meter.

60 c/m blanc, No. 980/9 serge, entered at .80 advanced to .90 Franc per meter.

60/61 c/m, blanc, No. 990/1039 serge, entered at .75 advanced to .83 Franc per meter.

Discount 20 per cent.

11201..... .....*Linen collars and cuffs*, from Richard Horstmann, Berlin Feb. 6, 1896.

Holbein, 14½/16, entered at 3.70 advanced to 3.90 Marks per dozen.

Hiawasse and Hindoo, 14½/18, entered at 3.45, advanced to 3.75 Marks per dozen.

Hudson, 14½/18, entered at 3.43$\frac{1}{10}$, advanced to 3.75 Marks per dozen.

Hampton, 14/17½, entered at 3.73¾ advanced to 3.85 marks per dozen.

Halvemen, 15½/17, entered at 3.90 Marks per dozen,

Halton, 14½/16½, entered at 3.66$\frac{1}{10}$ advanced to 3.80 Marks per dozen.

Himyara, Prescott & Macaulay, 14/20, entered at 3.50¾ advanced to 3.65 Marks per dozen.

Hugo, 14½/16½, entered at 3.77¾, advanced to 3.95 Marks per dozen.

Honolulu, 13½/17½, entered at 3.43$\frac{1}{10}$, advanced to 3.65 Marks per dozen.

Harrowgate, 13½/17, entered at 4.85$\frac{1}{10}$ advanced to 4.90 Marks per dozen.

Henrique, 9½/11, entered at 6.01¾, advanced to 6.12 Marks per dozen pairs.

Hathaway 11/11½ entered at 6.01¾ advanced to 6.05 Marks per dozen pairs.

Hanover, 9½/11, entered at 6.70$\frac{9}{10}$ advanced to 7 Marks per dozen pairs.

Holworthy, 11, entered at 5.90 advanced to 6.40 Marks per dozen pairs.

Eliot, and Halcyon 14/17, entered at 3 55 advanced to 3.70 Marks per dozen.

Schiller, 14/17, entered at 3.45 advanced to 3.65 Marks per dozen.

Swift, 13/16½, entered at 3.60 advanced to 3.77 Marks per dozen.

Goethe, 14/16½, entered at 3.25 advanced to 3.45 Marks per dozen.

Defoe 14/17½, entered at 3.60 advanced to 3.65 Marks per dozen.

Emerson, 14/18½, entered at 3.45 advanced to 3.70 Marks per dozen.

Lowell, 14/17, entered at 3.48$\frac{1}{10}$ advanced to 3.85 Marks per dozen.

11201.....*Linen collars and cuffs, etc.*—Continued.

Thackeray, 14/17½, entered at 3.65 advanced to 3.85 Marks per dozen.

Dickens, 14/17, entered at 3.77¾ advanced to 3.85 Marks per dozen.

Bulwer, 13/16½, entered at 3.58½ advanced to 3.90 Marks per dozen.

Carlyle and Huguenot, 14 /17, entered at 3.50 advanced to 3.65 Marks per dozen.

Whittier, 9½ /11½, entered at 5.33½ advanced to 5.50 Marks per dozen pairs.

Longfellow and Browning 9½ /11½, entered at 5.33½ advanced to 5.50 Marks per dozen pairs.

Byron, Moore and Spencer and Dryden, 9½ /11½, entered at 6.11¾ advanced to 6.15 Marks per dozen pairs.

Burns, 9½ /11½, entered at 5.81$\frac{1}{10}$ advanced to 6.10 Marks per dozen pairs.

Hollywood, 16 /17½, entered at 4.30 Marks per dozen, No Advance.

Homesdel, 14½ 16½, entered at 3.70 advanced to 3.75 Marks per dozen.

Hoodah, 13½ /15½, entered at 5.30 Marks per dozen, No Advance.

Add for making up on collars .10 Pfennige per dozen and cuffs .20 Pfennige per dozen.

Add cases and packing.

11282.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from J. Talbo Jr., Pernambuco, Feb. 1, 1896.

Testing 85. Muscavado, entered at 16s /9¾d advanced to 19s/– Sterling per 100 kilos.

11479.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Triden O. Bourke, Cienfueges, Feb. 27, 1896.

Testing 96.80, entered at 0.2⅞ less freight, advanced to .02.919 U. S. Gold per lb., packed.

Testing 86. molasses, entered at 0.2⅜, less freight, advanced to .02.221 U. S. Gold per lb., packed.

11505.....*Dressed fur on skins*, from N. Haendler & Son, London, Mar. 9, 1896.

Alaska and copper, entered at 86s and 51s /- less discount 2½ per cent; add lot money, brokerage, add dressing, dyeing and finishing at 14s/- add cases and packing.

Advanced by addition of 2 per cent commission.

11499.....*Worsted yarn*, from Alfred Mott Freres, Roubaix, Mar. 11, 1896.

Parti 934, ecru, quality 114 trame 1 /60 anglais on tubes, entered at 5.35 Advanced to 5.75 Francs per kilo.

Parti 993, ecru, quality 114, trame, 1 /75 anglais on tubes, entered at 5.73 advanced to 6.13 Francs per kilo.

Marine assurance deducted on entry, not allowed on reappraisement.

2712 o. p..... Chicago..... } *Mfs. of metal*, from ——— Southamptom, Nov. 11, 1895.

Engine filling liquid fuel apparatus, entered at £20. 1s. 0d. advanced to 20. 19s. 7d. Sterling per total. Add case. Added to make market value (for royalty)) £16.

2711 o. p..... Chicago..... } *Mfs. of silk* from Arnhold, Karberg & Co., Shanghai, Aug. 9, 1895.

Shanting pongees advanced by addition of amount of charge for inspecting.

2756 o. p..... Chicago..... } *Artificial flowers*, from C. Rarp, London, Dec. 19, 1895.

Entered at from 7d to 1s/7½d Sterling per gross, less discount 7½ per cent. No Advance.

2917 o. p..... Nogales..... Arizona ..... } *Live cattle* from ——— Mexico,

Steers, three years old, entered at 14. advanced to 15. Mexican dollars per head.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

3132..... } *Mfs. of silk*, from ——— Paris, Jan. 11, 1896.
11277..... }

Linen raye, 16072, 70 c/m, entered at .85 advanced to 1. Franc per meter.
Linen plumetis, 6478, 70 c/m, entered at 1.55 advanced to 1.94 Francs per meter.
Linen rayé, 16117/1, 70 c/m, entered at 1.05 advanced to 2. Francs per meter.
Linen uni, 15744/3 70 c/m, entered at .80 advanced to .90 Franc per meter.
Linen raye, 15742/5 108 c/m, entered at 1.50 advanced to 1.72 Francs per meter.
Linen uni, 15719/1, 108 c/m, entered at 1.40 advanced to 1.65 Francs per meter.
Discount 5 per cent. Add cases and packing.

2964..... }
10683..... } *Mfs. of silk and cotton*, from Chr. Spazin Herzog & Co., Lyons, Nov. 27 & Dec. 12, 1895.
2965..... }
10682.. ..... }

Austria T. C. coul, 36″, piece dyed, entered at 1. advanced to 1.14 Francs per meter.
Austria T. C. coul 36″ piece dyed, entered at .85 advanced to 1.05 Francs per meter.
Discount 20 per cent.

3114..... } *Cotton hose*, from Georg Seidler, Siegmer, Jan. 13, 1896.
11056..... ..... }

Entered at from 1.75 to 5.50 advanced to from w2.60 to 6.95 Marks per dozen. Discount 5 per cent.

605 o. p..... }
2276..... } *Mfs. of metal*, from Spiegel, Spiegelglas Fabriken, Hart manitz, June 7, 1895.
San Francisco .. }

Capsules, entered discounts 60 per cent & 5 per cent, advanced discounts 55 per cent & 5 per cent.

O

RELATIVE TO BOATING, FISHING, HUNTING, ETC., BY LIFE-SAVING CREWS.

1896.
Department Circular No. 63.

Life-Saving Service.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT, U. S. LIFE-SAVING SERVICE,

Washington, D. C., May 2, 1896.

Information has come to this office that members of life-saving crews in some localities engage in ferrying, boating, fishing, hunting, and other employments, during the active season, seriously competing with persons who depend upon such occupations for a livelihood. It further appears that in some instances crews have neglected their duties and otherwise infringed the regulations of the Service in such pursuits.

It is, therefore, directed that hereafter no member of a life-saving crew shall, during the active season, engage in ferrying, boating, oystering, crabbing, fishing, shooting game, gathering moss, or in similar employment, for pay or market, in competition with other persons engaged in such business.

S. I. Kimball

General Superintendent.

APPROVED:

S. WIKE,

Acting Secretary.

1896.
Department Circular No. 64.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., May 1, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending April 18, 1896.

W. E. CURTIS,
Assistant Secretary.

REPORT ON REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING APRIL 18, 1896.

N. B.—***In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.***

No. of Reappraisement.

11515.....*Macaroni*, from Agost Montella & figl, Castellamare, Feb. 25, 1896.
Extra fine macaroni, entered at 37. Lire per 100 kilos. Add manufacturing at 3 Lire per 100 kilos, add packing at .60 Lira per case.

11521.....*Mirrors*, from Geo. Borgfeldt & Co., Fuerth, Feb. 4, 1896.
Adv. mirrors, 16964/132/0, entered at 1.39 advanced to 1.50 Marks per gross.
Add cases.

11542.....*Chemical salt (oxide soda)* from Rinau-Kessel & Co., Cologne, March 12, 1896.
White oxide of tin levigated, entered at 119. advanced to 123. Marks per 100 kilos.
Add casks, Discount 1½ per cent.

11592.....*Bead ornaments*, from Carl M. Becher, Annaberg, Mar. 21, 1896.
Samples, entered at a discount of 20 per cent, advanced to a discount of 5 per cent & 2 per cent.

11460.....*Colored cotton velvet*, from Mechanische Weberie Hanover, Feb. 29, 1896.
Sammet, P. 236, 23½", entered at 1.30 advanced to 1.40 Marks per meter.
Add cases, packing and making up, discount 1¼ per cent.

11605.....*Mfs. of wood*, from J. Witkowski & Co., Hiogo, Oct. 14, 1895.
Bamboo blinds, 8x8, 10x8, 7x8, 12x8, 9x8, entered at .65 advanced to .70 Silver Yen per 100 feet.
Bamboo blinds, 8x8, and 12x8, entered at .42 advanced to .45 Silver Yen per 100 feet.
Add packing, boxes etc.

11485.....*Stereotype plates*, from Fleming H. Revell Co., London, Feb. 20, 1896.
"Eden lost and won" 5⅝x5⅝, entered at £16. 10s. 0d. advanced to £22. 0s. 0d.
Add cases.

11554.....*Sauce*, from Silicetis & Co., Hongkong, July 10, 1895.
Soy, entered at 13.72 advanced to 13.97 Mexican dollars Per cask.

11553.....*Sauce*, from ——— Canton, Aug. 3, 1895.

Chy loong soy, entered at 14.50, advanced to 15. Mexican silver dollar per cask.

Discount 2 per cent.

11522.....*Colored cotton corduroy*, from Jas. Hall & Son, Manchester, Mar. 19, 1896.

26/7 E. dark drab 8 shaft cotton cords, 35980, shade 118 entered at 10½d Sterling per yard,

26/7 E. black, 8 shaft cotton cords, 35980, shade 118, entered at 12¼d Sterling per yard,

26/7 E. brown, 8 shaft cotton cords, 35980, shade B 2, entered at 12¼d Sterling per yard,

26/7 E. navy, 8 shaft cotton cords, 35980, shade B. 2, entered at 13d Sterling per yard,

Entered discounts 2½ per cent & 2½ per cent, advanced discount 2½ per cent Less 1/37th, add cases and packing.

11608..... } *Fire crackers*, from Melchers, & Co., Canton, Sept. 9, 1895
11609..... }

40/64 long stem, entered at .58½ advanced to .59 Mexican dollar per box.

Discount 2 per cent. Less export duty and boat and coolie hire Deduction of lekin taxes deducted on entry, not allowed on reappraisement.

11423..... .....*Mfs. flax & silk &c.*, from Tabourier & Co., Paris, Feb. 25, 1896.

Linen rayi, 18763/3, 70 c/m, entered at 1.05 advanced to 1.40 Francs per meter.

Linen rayi, 15741/1 70 c/m, entered at .97 advanced to 1.17 Francs per meter.

Linen quadrille, 15733/1, 70 c/m, entered at 1.20 advanced to 1.79 Francs per meter.

Linen plumetis, 6478, 108 c/m, entered at 2.50 advanced to 3. Francs per meter.

Discount 5 per cent. Add cases and packing.

11585.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from J. Bueno & Co., Guantanamo, Feb. 20, 1896.

Testing 86.91, molasses, entered at .02.99 advanced to .02.423 Spanish Gold per lb., packed.

Add bags, at 50 cents each.

11601..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from J. Bueno & Co., Guantanamo Feb. 20, 29 and Mar. 4, 1896.
11584..... }

Testing 94.85, entered at .02.75 advanced to .03.05 Spanish gold per lb., packed.

Testing 86.15, entered at .02.99, reappraised at .02.372 Spanish gold per lb., packed.

Add bags.

11547..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Booker Bros. & Co., Demerara, Feb. 1 and 29, 1896.
11617..... }

Testing 97.21, entered at .02.80 advanced to .02.888 U. S. Currency per lb. packed.

Testing 97.05, entered at .02.52½ advanced to .02.68 U. S. Currency per lb., packed.

11599..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from G. Amsinck & Co., Santiago, Mar. 14 and 17, 1896.
11600.... ..... }

Testing 91.10, entered at .02¼ advanced to .02.62 Spanish gold per lb., packed.

Testing 96.91, entered at .02⅞ advanced to .03.154 Spanish gold per lb., packed.

Add bags.

11572..... .....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from W. De Costa & Co., Barbados Mar. 4, 1896.

Testing 90.15, entered at .02.20 advanced to .02.555 U. S. Dollars per lb., packed.

Testing 86.70, entered at .02.30 advanced to .02.377 U. S. Dollars per lb., packed.

Testing 96.55, entered at .02.80 advanced to .02.817 U. S. Dollars per lb., packed.

Add packages.to entered prices.

11537.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from J. B. Vicini, Macoris, Feb. 1, 1896.

Testing 95.71, entered at .01.98 advanced to .02.381 U. S. Dollars per lb., packed.

Testing 86.80, entered at .01.44 advanced to .01.813 U. S. Dollars per lb., packed.

Testing 95.71, entered at .01.98 advanced to .02.381 U. S. Dollars per lb., packed.

Add bags to entered value.

11530.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from C. Tennant & Sons & Co., Trinidad, March , 2, 1896.
Testing 93.10, entered at .02. 5822 advanced to .02.678 Sterling per lb., packed.
To entered price add bags

11455.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from ——— Dominica, Feb. 14, 1896.
Testing 86.70 entered at .02.25 advanced to .02.27 U. S. Dollars per lb., packed.
Testing 93.85, entered at .02.25 advanced to .02.546 U. S. dollars per lb., packed.
Testing 97.70, entered at .02.25 advanced to .02.733 U. S. Dollars per lb., packed.
To entered prices add bags.

11533..... ... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from E. I. Sadler, Jamaica, Feb. 26, 1896.
11532..... }
Testing 90.30, entered at £11. 5s. 0d. advanced to £11. 14s. 5. Sterling per ton, packed.
Testing 88.90, entered at £11. 5s. 0d. advanced to £11. 6s. 5d. Sterling per ton, packed.
Testing 91.60, entered at £11. 10s. 10d. advanced to £11. 18s. 3d. Sterling per ton, packed.
Testing 86.35, entered at £11. 10s. 10d., advanced to £10. 15s. 6d. Sterling per ton, packed.

11531.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Henry Davis & Son, Jamaica, Feb. 17, 1896.
Testing 91.70, entered at £9. 12s. 0d. advanced to £10. 14s. 0d. Sterling per ton, packed.
To entered price add bags at 5d each.

11352..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from John Hudson, Savana-la mar Feb. 12 and 18, 1896.
11297..... }
Testing 90.88, entered at £11. 6s. 8d. advanced to £11. 8s. 2.4d Sterling per ton., packed.
From entered price deduct N. D. charges.
Testing 90.90, entered at £11. 0s. 0d. Sterling per ton, packed, No advance.
Testing 90.75, entered at £11. 0s. 0d. less charges, advanced to £10. 19s. 6d. Sterling per ton packed.

11596.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Dubois & Co., Matanzas, Jan. 28, 1896.
Testing 94.53, entered at .02$\frac{11}{16}$ less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to .02.547 U. S. Gold per lb., packed.

11501.. ....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Ransohoff & Missler, Stettin, Feb. 11, 1896.
Testing 83.75, entered at 9s/10d advanced to 10s/11.125d Sterling per cwt., packed.
From entered price deduct N.D. charges.

11536.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from P. Munoz, Santiago, Feb. 29, 1896.
Testing 96.05, entered at 02.822 advanced to .03.127 Spanish gold per lb., packed.
Add bags to entered price.

11546.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Societe pour l'exportation des sucres, Antwerp, Feb. 11, 1896.
Testing 89.45, entered at 11S/10.4445d less N.D. charges and 1¼ per cent, advanced to 12s/0.17d Sterling per cwt. packed.

11545.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from ——— Bremen, Feb. 7, 1896.
Testing 88.71, entered at 12s/0¼d less N.D. charges and discount 1¼ per cent, advanced to 11s/10.31d Sterling per cwt., packed.

11353.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from J. Wray & Neflem, Carlisle Bay, Feb. 20, 1896.
Testing 91.70, entered at £11. 15s. 0d. less N.D. charges, advanced to £11. 10s. 6d. Sterling per ton, packed.

11598.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Frederick Hohtl, Santa Domingo, Mar. 4, 1896.

Testing 96.90, entered at .02.47, add bags, advanced to .02.618 U. S. Dollars per lb. packed.

11562.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from C. Brauet & Co., Guantanamo, Mar. 3, 1896.

Testing 96.25, entered at .02.88, add bags at 50 cents each advanced to .03.134 Spanish Gold per lb., packed.

2761 o. p.....
2762 o. p.....
Phila.....
Sulphate of ammonia, from Emil Groschke, London, Dec. 24 and 31, 1895.

Entered at £9. 10s. 0d., less carriage to London, freight, insurance and consul fee, advanced to £8. 15s. 3d. Sterling per ton, net, packed.

Entered at £9. 7s. 6d. less carriage to London, freight, insurance and consul fee, advanced to £8. 15s. 3d Sterling per ton, net, packed.

Entered at £9. 5s. 0d. less carriage to London, freight, insurance and consul fee, advanced to £8. 15s. 3d. Sterling per ton, net, packed.

2922 o. p.....
Baltimore.....
Sugar above 16 D. S. from L. E. Lowenstan, Amsterdam, February 6, 1896.

Superior granulated, entered at 16.92125, less lighterage advanced to 17.62 Florins per 100 kilos., packed.

Superior granulated, entered at 16.6725, less lighterage advanced to 17.32 Florins per 100 kilos., packed.

2939 o. p.....
Baltimore.....
Sugar below No. 16 D. S., from Robert Crooks & Co., Liverpool Feb. 25, 1896.

Entered at 10s/7½d less discount 2½ per cent advanced to 10s/10½d Sterling per cwt. packed.

2962 o. p.....
2963 o. p.....
Boston.....
Hyposulphite of soda, from Joseph Brunner & Co., Liverpool Dec. 24, 1895.

Entered at £5. 8s. 4d. less loading charges 3s per ton, advanced to £5. 9s. 6d. Sterling per ton, packed.

Entered at £5. 12s. 6d. less loading charges at 3s. per ton, advanced to £5. 9s. 6d. Sterling per ton, packed.

2928 o. p.....
Boston.....
Mica, from Webster & Co., Ottowa, Jan. 31, 1896.

Crude mica, entered at 8 cents advanced to 8½ cents per lb.

2898 o. p.....
Phila.....
Sugar not above 16 D. S. from L. Evans, Sourabaya, Nov. 4, 1895.

Testing 96.534, entered at 11s/ 7½d less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to 9s/11$\frac{3}{16}$d Sterling per cwt., packed.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

3207.....
11380.....
Worsted yarn, from Alfred Motte Freres, Roubaix, Feb. 26, 1896.

Trame 1/60 anglais partie 934 ecru, quality 114, entered at 5.35 advanced to 5.60 Francs per kilo.

3109.....
11030.....
Metal umbrella frames, from Kortenbach & Rauh, Weyer, Jan. 9, 1896.

27″ umbrella frames, entered at 6.75 advanced to 8.75 Marks per dozen.

2589. ... .
9799.....
Jewelry, precious stones, from ——— Bombay, Aug. 15, 1895.

Indian jewelry, entered at 630. Rupees advanced to £35. 6s. 0d. Sterling per total.

2691.....
10890.....
2960.....
10889.. .....
} *Mfs. of flax*, from Carl Seigl Sen, Schouberg, Dec. 17, 1895.

22½/36, No. 40, hemstitched pillow case shams, entered at 5. advanced to 6.75 Florins per dozen, net.

27/36, No. 40, hemstitched pillow case shams, entered at 5.80 advanced to 7.83 Florins per dozen, net.

90, No. 250, prima sheeting linen, entered at 38. advanced to 51.30 Florins per piece of 44 yards.

90, No. 260, prima sheeting linen, entered at 42. advanced to 56.70 Florins per piece of 44 yards.

22½/36 No. 40, hemstitched pillow cases, entered at 5. advanced to 6.75 Florins per dozen.

22½/36 No. 50, hemstitched pillow cases, entered at 5.50 advanced to 7.40 Florins per dozen.

25/36, No. 40 hemstitched pillow cases, entered at 5.40 advanced to 7.29 Florins per dozen.

27/36 No. 40 hemstitched pillow cases entered at 5.80 advanced to 7.83 Florins per dozen.

Entered discount on items not marked net 6 per cent, advanced discount 4 per cent.

Add cases and packing.

3209.....
11213..... .....
} *Mfs. of flax*, from W. M. Kirk & Co., Belfast, Feb. 10, 1896.

35²/36″ shirting linen S. 19, entered at 10d., advanced to 10½d. Sterling per yard.

35²/36″ shirting linen, S. 20, entered at 11½d. Sterling per yard, No advance.

Add case and packing, Discount 2½ per cent.

3158.....
11250.....
3151.....
11249..... .....
} *Mfs. of wool*, from Crous & Hoffmann, Aachen, Jan. 23, and 30, 1896.

Eskimo, 1078/1, entered at 6. Marks per meter, No Advance.

Kamgarn, 1406/3, entered at 4.20 advanced to 4.60 marks per meter.

Kamgarn, 1528/2, entered at 4. advanced to 4.50 marks per meter.

Kamgarn, 1535/7, entered at 3.50 advanced to 4. Marks per meter.

Kamgarn, VIII schwarz 17ª, entered at 3.70 advanced to 4.10 Marks per meter.

Add cases and packing.

3053.....
10963.....
} *Wool dress goods*, from Alfred Munch, Gera, Jan. 10, 1896.

92/94 c/m all wool henrietta quality 52, entered at .86 advanced to .90 Mark per meter.

Entered discount 8 per cent, advanced price net.

Add making up and cases.

3145.....
11146.....
} *Mfs. of silk and cotton*, from Ernst Englander, Crefeld, Feb. 4, 1896.

Satin de chine Austria, colored 12028 and 12069, entered at .41 advanced to .45 Mark per meter.

Discount on entered price 6 per cent, advanced price net.

3185.....
11116.....
} *Mfs. of silk*, from Chaleyer & Monnier, Lyons, Feb. 6, 1896.

Pongee colored 28½″ entered at .75 advanced to .98 Franc per meter.

Discount 20 per cent.

3069.....
10742..... } *Mfs. of silk and cotton*, (*tie silk*) from Georges Cerf, Lyons, Dec. 3, 1895.

Satin gaufre, 60 c/m, blanc, pat. 872, 874 and 877, entered at 1.35 advanced to 1.45 Francs per meter.

Japonias 60 c/m imprime, pat. 852/6, entered at 1.20 advanced to 1.40 Francs per meter.

Beige, 60 c/m, pat. 848/9, entered at 1.30 advanced to 1.40 Francs per meter.

Surah 65 c/m, metis, pat. 863, entered at 1.30 advanced to 1.40 Francs per meter.

Discount 20 per cent. Add packing.

3153 .....
11137..... } *Mfs. of silk and cotton*, from Niedieck & Co., Lobberich, Feb. 3, 1896.

Pointelle half silk 23½" entered at 1.10 advanced to 1.25 Marks per meter.

Printed half silk 23½", entered at .90 Mark per meter.

No Advance.

Add cases, packing etc.

3218.....
11357..... } *Mfs. of silk and cotton*, from F.Lafite & Co., Lyons, Feb. 19, 1896.

Serge 92 c/m, col. No. 293/328, entered at .95 advanced to 1.10 Francs per meter.

Serge 92 c/m, black, No. 329/352, entered at .92 advanced to 1.07 Francs per meter.

Diagonale 92 c/m, No. 353/386, entered at .98 advanced to 1.05 Francs per meter.

Diagonale 92 c/m, No. 387/410, entered at .95 advanced to 1.10 Francs per meter.

Discount 20 per cent.

3073.....
10754.....
3079.....
10975..... } *Mfs. of silk &c.*, from Noyer, Durand & Collon, Lyons, Dec. 5, 1895 and Jan. 8, 1896.

Pongee 45 c/m, entered at .52½ advanced to .57½ Franc per meter.

Pongee 53 c/m, entered at .62½ advanced to .68½ Franc per meter.

Fancy wear 45 c/m, entered at .70 advanced to .77 Franc per meter.

Satin Jumélle, 97 c/m, entered at 1.20 advanced to 1.42 Francs per meter.

Satin jumélle 96 c/m, entered at 1.30 advanced to 1.60 Francs per meter.

Satin jumélle 94 c/m, entered at 1. advanced to 1.15 Francs per meter.

Brocade pongee 53 c/m, entered at .92½ advanced to 1.01½ Francs per meter.

Brocade pongee, 53 c/m, entered at .97½ advanced to 1.06½ Francs per meter.

Surah 47 c/m, entered at 1.02 advanced to 1.12 Francs per meter.

Surah 47 c/m, entered at .75 advanced to .82 Francs per meter.

Satin jumélle 97 c/m, entered at 1.375 advanced to 1.60 Francs per meter.

Satin jumélle 95 c/m entered at 1.05 advanced to 1.15 Francs per meter.

Pongee 78 c/m, entered at .75 advanced to .90 Francs per meter.

Discount 20 per cent. Add cases and packing.

722 o. p.....
2866.....
723 o. p.....
2867.....
Port Huron ..... } *Phenacetine*, from Elliott & Co., Toronto, Canada, Feb. 10 & 12, 1896.

Phenacetine bayer powder, entered at 30 cts. U. S. currency per oz., No Advance.

721 o. p.....
2865.....
Port Huron ..... } *Phenacetine*, from W. E. Saunders & Co., London, (Canada) Feb. 7, 1896.

Entered at 27 cts., advanced to 30 cts. U. S. Currency per oz.

730 o. p.....
2927.....
Chicago.....

Mfs. of wool, from Ad. Parisis, Verviers, Oct. 28, 1895.

Billiard cloth, 190 c/m, entered at 11.50 Francs per meter.
Billiard cloth 140 c/m, entered at 9. Francs per meter.
Discount 8 per cent, Cash discount 2 per cent, add wood and zinc cases.
Advanced by disallowance of 8 per cent discount.

725 o. p .....
2906.....
Chicago.....

Precious stones cut but not set, from H. J. Schleich, Oberstein, Jan. 15, 1896.

Flat cats eyes, moonstones, marquise, black onyx, entaglio and tiger stones, advances up to 40 per cent.

O

NOTIFICATION TO STATE HEALTH AUTHORITIES OF THE DEPARTURE OF IMMIGRANTS ARRIVED ON VESSELS UPON WHICH CONTAGIOUS DISEASE HAS APPEARED.

1896.
Department Circular No. 65.
Marine-Hospital Service.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., May 1, 1896.

To Quarantine Officers of the United States, Commissioners of Immigration, State and local health authorities, and others concerned:

After arrival at a quarantine station of a vessel upon which there appears, or has appeared, during the last voyage, a case of cholera, smallpox, typhus fever, or plague, and after quarantine measures provided by regulations of the Treasury Department have been enforced and the vessel given free pratique, it is hereby ordered that notification of the above-mentioned facts be transmitted by the quarantine officer to the Commissioner of Immigration at the port of arrival, whose duty it shall then be to transmit, by mail or telegraph, to the State health authorities of the several States to which immigrants from said vessel are destined, the date of departure, route, number of immigrants, and the point of destination in the respective States of the immigrants from said vessel, together with the statement that said immigrants are from a vessel which has been subject to quarantine by reason of infectious disease, naming the disease.

This information is furnished to State health officers for the purpose of enabling them to maintain such surveillance over the arriving immigrants as they may deem necessary.

J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary.

1896.
Department Circular No. 66.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., May 4, 1896.

To United States Customs Appraising Officers:

It is hereby directed that all samples, except samples of perishable goods, taken by or furnished to Appraising Officers shall be regarded and filed as official documents, with proper notations so as to secure identification of the same when necessary. Also all sample cards received from United States Consular Officers. The samples and cards so taken to be retained on file for at least six months from date of receipt, and due record kept of the same.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

AMENDATORY TO DEPARTMENT CIRCULAR NO. 156 OF OCTOBER 7, 1893, RELATING TO THE INSPECTION OF FOREIGN IMMIGRANTS LANDED AT THE PORTS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

1896.
Department Circular No. 67.

Bureau of Immigration.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

May 5, 1896.

This supplemental agreement made and entered into this twenty-fifth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six by and between the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, the Allan Steamship Line, the Hansa Steamship Line, the Grand Trunk Railroad Company, the Dominion Steamship Line and the Beaver Steamship Line, parties of the first part, and Herman Stump, Commissioner General of Immigration of the United States of America, on behalf of the United States of America, party of the second part, witnesseth:

WHEREAS, The several parties hereto heretofore, to wit, on the seventh day of September, A. D. 1893, at Montreal, Canada, did make and enter into a certain agreement providing for the establishment of immigrant inspection stations at certain ports in the Dominion of Canada and for other purposes therein particularly set forth;

AND WHEREAS, In addition to the ports therein specified as landing ports in the said Dominion of Canada, the Beaver Steamship Line, one of the parties hereto, desires also to use the port of St. John, New Brunswick, as a landing port for immigrants during the winter months;

AND WHEREAS, The party of the second part claims that through wrong information supplied by immigrants to the steamship companies, immigrants destined for the United States are sometimes ticketed to a point in the Dominion of Canada from whence they afterwards proceed to a destination in the United States, and in consequence thereof the names of such immigrants do not appear upon the lists or manifests furnished to the United States inspectors under section 4 of the aforementioned agreement;

AND WHEREAS, Also by an act of the Congress of the United States of America approved August eighteenth, A. D. 1894, the per capita tax upon aliens entering the United States was increased from fifty cents to one dollar:

NOW, THEREFORE, In consideration of the continuance of the mutual benefits and advantages accruing to the several parties hereto by the agreement hereinbefore referred to, and also in consideration of such additional benefits and advantages as are hereinafter provided for, it is covenanted and agreed that the aforementioned agreement of September seventh, A. D. 1893, be amended and supplemented, as follows:

I. By adding to the ports named as landing ports in the first clause of the aforementioned agreement of September seventh, A. D. 1893, the port of St. John, New Brunswick:

II. That all immigrants destined to the United States provided for by the aforementioned agreement, who shall not have been listed on the manifest supplied to the United States inspectors at the port of entry, and who within thirty days from the date of their arrival at any one of the ports named in the said agreement and this supplemental agreement, shall apply for admission or enter the United States within the meaning and intent of the said agreement, and a per capita tax of one dollar on all such immigrants shall be paid as provided for by section 6 thereof; and access to ships, manifest of passengers shall be afforded, or extracts therefrom furnished to the United States inspectors whenever the same shall be requested, to verify the landing of any immigrants.

III. That section 6 of said agreement of seventh September, A. D. 1893, be amended by striking out the words "Fifty cents" wherever they occur in said section and inserting in lieu thereof the words "One dollar."

IV. And it is further covenanted and agreed, that if any immigrant, who has landed at any one of the ports named in the aforementioned agreement of seventh September, A. D. 1893, as amended by this supplemental agreement, shall apply for admission into the United States within thirty days after arrival at said port without the certificate provided for by section 3 of the said agreement, and shall be debarred from entry into the United States under the laws of the United States regulating immigration, or if it be

ascertained that the said immigrant has been previously refused admission into the United States by any immigration official, the said railway and steamship companies parties to this agreement hereby undertake and agree to return said immigrant to the port of landing or transport him to such place upon their line of travel as said immigrant is willing to go most remote from the borders of the United States.

V. It is further covenanted and agreed that the several provisions of this supplemental agreement shall hereafter have the same force and effect as if they had been originally incorporated in the aforementioned agreement of seventh September, A. D. 1893, and that the said agreement of seventh September, A. D. 1893, shall be construed and continued in effect as if these provisions were originally therein.

JOHN G. CARLISLE,
Secretary.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
Washington, D. C., May 5, 1896.

In view of the supplemental agreement, which appears above, between the various transportation companies in the Dominion of Canada and Herman Stump, Commissioner General of Immigration, approved by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States of America, governing the inspection and entry of immigrants into the United States through foreign contiguous territory, the following rules and regulations, in addition to those promulgated under date of October 7, 1893, are hereby prescribed for your information and guidance:

I. That any European immigrant who, within thirty days after landing at any port in the Dominion of Canada, applies for entry into the United States without the certificate provided by section 3 of the original agreement, shall be inspected, the port of entry, date of arrival, and the name of the steamer by which he came ascertained, and that information furnished the United States Commissioner of Immigration at the port of entry in order that the per capita tax, provided by section 6 of the original agreement as amended by section 3 of the supplemental agreement, may be collected.

II. That any European immigrant who has been refused a certificate of admission into the United States by a Commissioner of Immigration, and within thirty days thereafter attempts to enter the United States, shall be returned to the port of landing or transported to such place as said immigrant is willing to go most remote from the border line.

III. That it shall be the duty of collectors of customs and immigrant inspectors along the border to see that the provisions of said agreement are carried out, and that all immigrants from Canada and British Columbia be inspected under the provisions of the Immigration Laws of the United States.

J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary.

AMENDMENT TO QUARANTINE REGULATIONS.

1896.
Department Circular No. 68.
Marine-Hospital Service.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., May 2, 1896.

To Officers of the Treasury Department, Consular Officers, and others concerned:

Referring to Department Circular dated April 26, 1894, United States Quarantine Laws and Regulations, the following amendment is hereby made to the supplemental bill of health to be furnished vessels calling at intermediate ports:

Article I, paragraph 4, amended to read, following the table of diseases: "*Number and sanitary condition of passengers landed at this port.*"

J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary.

CHANGES IN STATISTICAL SCHEDULES A, B, AND E, CLASSIFICATION FOR RETURNS OF IMPORTED AND EXPORTED COMMODITIES.

1896.
Department Circular No. 69.

Bureau of Statistics.

Treasury Department,

Washington, D. C., May 5, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following are changes made in the Statistical Schedules, A, B, and E of the Bureau of Statistics of this Department, and are published for the guidance of customs officers in rendering returns of imports and exports to that Bureau:

SCHEDULE A, OF JUNE 1, 1895.

No. of class.	Classes.	Unit of quantity.
	FREE OF DUTY.	
	Transfer (old) class 48 to follow class 13 (class 48 in the amended schedule being blank), and to read as follows:	
13*a*	Breadstuffs: Farinaceous substances and preparations of (sago, tapioca, etc.), not elsewhere specified..	
	Classes after No. 52 will be changed as follows:	
	Fibers, vegetable, and textile grasses, and manufactures of, not elsewhere specified:	
	Unmanufactured—	
53	Flax and tow of	Ton (of 2,240 lbs.)
54	Hemp and tow of	Ton (of 2,240 lbs.)
55	Istle or Tampico fiber	Ton (of 2,240 lbs.)
56	Jute and jute butts	Ton (of 2,240 lbs.)
57	Manila	Ton (of 2,240 lbs.)
58	Sisal grass	Ton (of 2,240 lbs.)
59	All other	Ton (of 2,240 lbs.)
	Manufactures of:	
60	Bags for grain, made of burlaps	
61	Bagging, gunny cloth, and similar material suitable for covering cotton	
62	Burlaps	
63	Coir yarn	Lb.
64	Twine, binding	Lb.
	Fish, fresh:	
65	Salmon	Lb.
66	All other	
	Fruits, including nuts, not elsewhere specified:	
67	Bananas	
67*a*	Currants	Lb.
68	All other	
69	Furs and fur skins, undressed; and dressed, suitable only for hatters' furs	
70	Grease and tallow	
71	Hair, unmanufactured	
72	Hats, bonnets, and hoods, materials for, composed of straw, chip, grass, palm leaf, willow, osier, sparterre, or rattan, and batters' plush.	
	Hides and skins, other than fur skins:	
73	Goatskins	Lb.
74	All other	Lb.
75	Household and personal effects, and wearing apparel in use, and implements, instruments, and tools of trade of persons arriving from foreign countries, and of citizens of the United States dying abroad.	

Schedule A, of June 1, 1895—Continued.

No. of class.	Classes.	Unit of quantity.
	FREE OF DUTY—Continued.	
	India rubber and gutta-percha, crude:	
76	Gutta-percha	Lb.
77	India rubber	Lb.
	Iron and steel, manufactures of, not elsewhere specified:	
78	Needles, hand-sewing and darning	
79	Shotgun barrels, forged, rough-bored	
80	Ties for baling cotton	Lb.
	Ivory:	
81	Animal	Lb.
82	Vegetable	Lb.
83	Matting for floors, manufactured from round or split straw, including Chinese matting	Roll (of 40 yds.)
	Oils, not elsewhere specified:	
84	Fixed or expressed	
85	Mineral, *a*	Gall.
86	Volatile or essential, and distilled	
87	Paints, pigments, and colors, not elsewhere specified	
	Paper stock, crude:	
88	Rags, other than woolen	Lb.
89	All other	
90	Platinum	Lb.
91	Plumbago	Ton (of 2,240 lbs.)
92	Rice, free under reciprocity treaty with Hawaiian Islands	Lb.
93	Salt, *a*	Lb.
94	Seeds, not elsewhere specified	
	Silk, unmanufactured:	
95	Cocoons	Lb.
96	Raw, or as reeled from the cocoon	Lb.
97	Waste	Lb.
	Spices, unground:	
98	Nutmegs	Lb.
99	Pepper, black or white	Lb.
100	All other	Lb.
	Sugar and molasses, not elsewhere specified:	
101	Molasses, under 40° polariscopic test, and other from the Hawaiian Islands	Gall.
102	Sugar, free under reciprocity treaty with Hawaiian Islands	Lb.
103	Tea	Lb.
104	Tin in bars, blocks, pigs, or grain or granulated	Lb.
	Wood, not elsewhere specified:	
	Cabinet woods—	
105	Mahogany	M. feet
106	All other	
107	Logs, and round timber, *b*	M. feet.
108	Timber, hewn and sawed, squared or sided, *b*	M. feet.
109	Boards, deals, plank and other sawed lumber, *b*	M. feet
110	All other, *b*	
	Wool, hair of the camel, goat, alpaca, and other like animals:	
	Class 1, clothing—	
111	In the grease	Lb.
111 *b*	Scoured	Lb.
	Class 2, combing—	
112	In the grease	Lb.
112 *b*	Scoured	Lb.
	Class 3, carpet—	
113	In the grease	Lb.
113 *b*	Scoured	Lb.
114	Rags, noils, and wastes, not elsewhere specified	Lb.
115	All other free articles.	

a From countries which do not impose duty on similar imports from the United States.
b From countries which do not impose an export duty, or discriminating stumpage dues.

Schedule A, of June 1, 1895—Continued.

No. of class.	Classes.	Unit of quantity.
	DUTIABLE.	
	Insert class—	
119 *a*.	Art works	
	Classes 162 to 175, inclusive, will be changed to read as follows:	
	Fibers, vegetable, and textile grasses and manufacturers of, not elsewhere specified:	
	Unmanufactured—	
162	Flax hackled	Ton of (2,240 lbs.)
163	Hemp hackled	Ton of (2,240 lbs.)
	Manufactures of—	
164	Cables, cordage, and twine except binding	Lb.
165	Yarns or threads	Lb.
166	All other	
	Fish, not elsewhere specified:	
	Fresh, frozen, or packed in ice—	
167	Salmon	Lb.
168	All other	
	Cured or preserved—	
169	Anchovies and sardines, packed in oil or otherwise	
170	Cod, haddock, hake, and pollock, dried, smoked, salted, or pickled	Lb.
	Herring—	
171	Dried or smoked	Lb.
172	Pickled or salted	Lb.
173	Mackerel, pickled or salted	Lb.
174	Salmon, pickled or salted	Lb.
175	All other	
	Classes 220 and 221, "Jewelry, etc.," will be changed to read as follows:	
	Jewelry, manufactures of gold and silver, and precious stones—	
220	Diamonds, not elsewhere specified, cut or uncut, but not set	
221	Other precious stones, cut or uncut, but not set	
221 *a*	Jewelry and manufactures of gold and silver	
	SCHEDULE B, OF MARCH 24, 1894.	
	Insert class—	
17 *a*	Buckwheat	Bushel.
	Change classes 32 and 33, "Carriages, etc.," as follows:	
	Carriages, cars, and parts of—	
32	Carriages and street cars	
33	Cars, passenger and freight, for steam railroads	
	Insert class—	
34 *a*	Cement	Bbl.
	Insert class—	
56 *a*	Cycles, and parts of	
	Change classes 61 to 75, inclusive, as follows:	
	Fibers, vegetable, and textile grasses, manufactures of—	
61	Bags	
62	Cordage	Lb.
63	Twine	
64	All other	
	Fish:	
65	Fresh, other than salmon	Lb.
	Dried, smoked, or cured—	
66	Cod, haddock, hake, and pollock	Lb.
67	Herring	Lb.
68	Other	Lb.
	Pickled—	
69	Mackerel	Bbl. (of 200 lbs.)
70	Other	Bbl. (of 200 lbs.)
	Salmon—	
71	Canned	Lb.
72	Other, fresh or cured	
73	Canned fish, other than salmon and shell fish	
	Shell fish—	
74	Oysters	
75	Other	

Schedule B, of March 24, 1894—Continued.

No. of class.	Classes.	Unit of quantity.
	Class 96. Insert unit of quantity "Pairs."	
	Insert class—	
101 *a*	Scrap, and old, fit only for remanufacture	Ton.
	Change classes of iron and steel and manufactures of, after class 109, as follows:	
	Machinery—	
110	Printing presses and parts of	
111	Sewing machines and parts of	
	Steam engines and parts of—	
112	Fire engines	No.
113	Locomotive engines	No.
114	Stationary engines	No.
115	Boilers and parts of engines	
115 *a*	Typewriting machines, and parts of	
116	All other	
	Nails and spikes—	
117	Cut	Lb.
118	Wire, wrought, horseshoe, and all other, including tacks	Lb.
	Plates and sheets—	
119	Iron	Lb.
120	Steel	Lb.
	Railroad bars or rails—	
121	Iron	Ton (of 2,240 lbs.)
122	Steel	Ton (of 2,240 lbs.)
123	Saws and tools	
124	Scales and balances	
125	Stoves and ranges, and parts of	
126	Wire	Lb.
127	All other manufactures of iron and steel	
	Strike out of class 139 the words "and cement."	
	Strike out class 170, "Ore gold and silver bearing."	
	The numbers of all classes following No. 169 will become one less, making 264 classes in the schedule instead of 265.	
	Change class 170 (new number) as follows:	
	"Paints, pigments, and colors....."	
	Insert class—	
186 *a*	Lard compounds, and substitutes for (cottolene, lardine, etc.)	Lb.
	Change classes 188 and 189 "oleomargarine" as follows:	
188	Oleo, the oil	Lb.
189	Oleomargarine, imitation butter	Lb.
	GOLD AND SILVER.	
	Class 3, silver bullion, insert unit of quantity, "Oz."	
	Insert classes—	
	Gold and silver in ore:	
5	Gold	
6	Silver	

Schedule E, of August 28, 1894, as corrected and reprinted in Synopsis of Decisions, September, 1894, and modified by circular of November 3, 1894.

No. of class, Schedule A.	Ordinal No. of class.	Classes.	Unit of quantity.	Rate of duty.
		FREE OF DUTY.		
		Change class 30 as follows:		
		Articles of American manufacture exported filled with American products, or exported empty and returned filled with foreign products, not elsewhere specified—		
8	30	Bags		
	30 *a*	Casks, barrels, carboys, and other vessels		
		Insert under "Acids," class —:		
39	62 *a*	Pyrogallic	Lb.	
		Subdivide class 188, as follows:		
39	84 *a*	Bauxite	Lb.	
	188	Terra alba aluminous	Lb.	
		Insert class —:		
67	273 *a*	Currants	Lb.	
		Subdivide class 299, "Hides, etc.," as follows:		
74	299	Horse and cattle, including calf, dry, salted, or pickled	Lb.	
	299 *a*	All other, not elsewhere specified	Lb.	
		Class 322, "Matting, etc.," insert unit of quantity, "Roll" (of 40 yds).		
		DUTIABLE.		
		Insert under "Chemicals, etc.," class —:		
143	586 *a*	Cyanide of potash and soda	Lb.	25 per cent.
		Class 494, "Agate manufactures," change rate of duty to 30 per cent.		
		Change classes 925, 1143, and 1144, as follows:		
		Beads and bead ornaments—		
307	507 *a*	Beads, glass, loose, strung, or corded		10 per cent.
	507 *b*	Bead, beaded, or jet trimmings or ornaments		35 per cent.
	1144	Jet, manufactures of, not otherwise provided for		25 per cent.
		Class 560, "Cement, other," strike out unit of quantity.		
		Insert under "Chemicals, etc.," classes —:		
143	578 *a*	Caffeine	Lb.	25 per cent.
	621 *a*	Hyposulphite of	Lb	25 per cent.
	621 *b*	Phosphate of	Lb.	25 per cent.
		Change classes 644 and 645 under "Clays, etc.," as follows:		
		Fuller's earth—		
144	644	Unwrought or unmanufactured	Ton.	$1 per ton.
	644 *a*	Wrought or manufactured	Ton.	$2 per ton.
		All other—		
	645	Unwrought or unmanufactured	Ton.	$1 per ton.
	645 *a*	Wrought or manufactured	Ton.	$2 per ton.
		Insert class —:		
307	805 *a*	Cycles and parts of, not otherwise provided for		35 per cent.
		Strike out of unit of quantity of class 725 "Thread on spools, etc.," the word "hundred," and from rate of duty the words "hundred yards."		
		Change rate of duty of class 821 "Emery wheels, etc.," to $\frac{8}{10}$ cent per pound.		
		Insert under "Fibers, etc.," class —:		
166	830 *a*	All other partially manufactured	Lb.	20 per cent.
		Strike out under "Glass and glassware, classes" 912, 913, 918, and 919.		
		Insert class —:		
203	1009 *a*	Iron, chrome	Ton.	20 per cent.
		Subdivide class 1138, as follows:		
		Tubes, flues, and stays—		
219	1138	Tubes and tubing for cycles	Lb.	25 per cent.
	1138 *a*	All other tubes, flues, or stays of wrought iron or steel for boilers and other purposes, not elsewhere specified	Lb.	25 per cent.

Schedule E, of August 28, 1894, etc.—Continued.

No. of class, Schedule A.	Ordinal No. of class.	Classes.	Unit of quantity.	Rate of duty.
		DUTIABLE—Continued.		
		Change classes 1147 to 1150 inclusive, as follows:		
		Precious stones.		
		Diamonds—		
220	1147	Uncut		10 per cent.
	1147 *a*	Cut, but not set		25 per cent.
		Other—		
221	1148	Uncut		10 per cent.
	1148 *a*	Cut, but not set		25 per cent.
	1149	Diamonds and other, set, not otherwise provided for		30 per cent.
	1150	Imitations of, not set, not exceeding 1 inch in diameter		10 per cent.
		Strike out of class 1152 the words, "contained in other."		
		Change rate of duty of class 1222, "Mineral substances, etc.," to 20 per cent. and strike out class 1223 "Mineral substances in a crude state."		
		Insert class —:		
307	1383 *a*	Stearine	Lb.	20 per cent.
		Change rate of duty of class 1460, "Sawed boards, etc.," to 20 per cent.		
		Strike out of class 1493 the words "and oriental, Berlin, and other similar rugs," and return such rugs under class 1502.		
		Strike out unit of quantity in class 1526, "Knit wearing apparel."		

The changes made by this circular in Schedule A will necessitate the correction of "numbers of classes of Schedule A" in the left-hand column of Schedule E, but this can be done by the statistical clerk at each custom house.

S. WIKE,
Acting Secretary.

SPECIAL TAX STAMPS FOR THE SPECIAL TAX YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1897.

1896.
Department Circular No. 70.
Internal Revenue, No. 457.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF
COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE,

Washington, D. C., May 9, 1896.

1. Immediately on receipt of this circular, collectors will make out and transmit to this office requisitions on Form 100 (revised December, 1890) for special tax stamps for the special tax year commencing July 1, 1896, and ending June 30, 1897.

2. Collectors who have already forwarded their requisitions for the special tax year commencing July 1, 1896, *will, upon receipt of this circular, each make and forward an order* based upon the instructions as given herein. *In no case will stamps be issued to a collector in excess of an estimated three months' supply.*

3. These stamps will be denominated "Series 1896," and requisitions therefor should have *this denomination distinctly indorsed thereon.*

4. Collectors, in ordering special tax stamps, should base their estimates of the quantity they will need upon the *number of each kind issued by them during the first three months of the current year*, but in no case should less than *one book* of any denomination be ordered.

5. Collectors will insert, in red ink, in the left-hand column of Form 100 (revised), on which requisition is made, directly opposite the number of stamps of each kind ordered, *the number of whole books of such stamps, "Series 1895,"* in their hands on the day requisition is forwarded to this office.

6. It is expected that all stamps for the coming year will be transmitted from this office on or before June 10, 1896.

7. Collectors will not issue special tax stamps for the special tax year ending June 30, 1897, *until Form 11, properly filled out, and the money for the stamps have been received; and the stamps must be issued in consecutive order, the dates upon the stubs so indicating.*

8. *On June 30, 1896, collectors will return to this office all special tax stamps of the Series of 1895 (E), and all coupons and stubs of such stamps remaining in their hands, reporting them on line 10 of Form 68 for June as "in transitu" June 30, 1896.* Collectors are informed that this instruction is mandatory; that no excuse for not complying with the same will be accepted, but that *in every case where a collector, for any reason, shall fail to comply herewith*, he will be required to forward amended Forms 68, on which such stamps and coupons returned *must be* reported as "*in transitu June 30, 1896.*"

9. *When special taxes are collected for other than the current year the collector will issue stamps of Series F, writing across the face thereof, and also across the stubs, in red ink, "Issued ———, 189–, for the last ——— months of the special tax year ended June 30, 18—," signing the same in his official capacity.*

JOS. S. MILLER,
Commissioner.

APPROVED:
J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

1896.
Department Circular No. 71.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., May 8, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending April 25, 1896.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

REPORT ON REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING APRIL 25, 1896.

N. B.—*In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.*

No. of reappraisement.

11683.....*Skins dressed and finished*, from J. L. Kanniger, Altenburg, March 21, 1896.
Glove leathers, entered at 209 advanced to 249. Marks per 100 skins.

11695.....*Glass beads*, from Michael Trassl, Oberwarmensteinach, Mar. 16, 1896.
Round solid beads, sizes 8 and 11, quality E. F. G. L. D. T. W. C. &c., entered at from .29½ to .88 Mark per mille, Discount, 2 per cent advanced by addition of amount for cases.

11637.. .....*Wool knit wearing apparel*, from Wm. Janssen, Chemnitz, Mar. 6, 1896.
Men's national wool shirts No. 1420, size 34/46, entered at 18.90 Marks per dozen, No advance.
Men's national wool shirts ½ sleeves No. 1420, sizes 34/36 and 36/46, entered at 17.90 Marks per dozen, No advance.
Men's national wool drawers No. 1420 sizes 32/36 and 28/46 entered at 18.90 Marks per dozen, No Advance.
Discount 2½ per cent.

11446.....*Colored cotton corduroy*, from Hardt & Co., Manchester, March 6, 1896.
810, 27/8″ Lt. drab, 567 H, entered at $12\frac{1}{16}$d advanced to 1s/$1\frac{1}{16}$d Sterling per yard.
Less $\frac{1}{37}$th, discount 2¾ per cent add making up and cases, and 2 per cent commission, advanced by disallowance of deduction of 2 per cent commission added to invoice but deducted on entry.

11633.....*Chemical salt*, from Gebr. Borchers, Goslar-a-Harz, Mar. 7, 1896.
Permanganate potash, entered at 103.75 advanced to 119.50 Marks per 100 kilos.
Add packing.

11655.....*Chemical salt*, from Deutsche Gold and Silver Scheide Anstalt, Mainz, Mar. 6, 1896.
Phosphate of ammonia, entered at 64.07 Marks per 100 kilos, add casks. No Advance.

11422..... } *Cotton-lace curtains (taped)* from Hood, Morton & Co., Glasgow, Feb. 20, 1896.
11293.....

No. 5408, 3½ yards, 96, & 4, entered at 3s/0½d Sterling per pair. No Advance.
No. 5458 3½ yards, 40, entered at 2s/6d Sterling per pair. No Advance.
No. 5459, 3½ yards, entered at 5s/3d Sterling per pair. No advance.
No. 5451 3½ yards, entered at 4s/9d Sterling per pair, advanced to 5s/- Sterling per pair.
No. 5424, 3½ yards, entered at 2s/2d Sterling per pair. No advance.
No. 4818, 3½ yards, entered at 1s/11d advanced to 2s/- Sterling per pair.
No. 5343, 3½ yards, entered at 2s/9d Sterling per pair. No advance.
Add cases packing, making up &c., Entered discount 5 per cent.
Advanced discount 2½ per cent.

11622.....*Sweetmeats*, from Melchers & Co., Canton, Sept. 13, 1895.
Chuloong ginger entered at 8.75 advanced to 9.20 Mexican Dollars per picul.
Discount 2 per cent.

11640.....*Sweetmeats*, from Rowe & Co., Canton, Feb. 7, 1896.
Preserved cargo ginger, entered at 2.45 advanced to 2.50 Mexican dollars per cask of 6 jars.
Preserved cargo ginger, entered at 2.85 advanced to 2.90 Mexican dollars per cask of 12 jars.
Preserved cargo ginger, entered at 2.45 advanced to 2.50 Mexican dollars per cask of 24 jars.
Discount 2 per cent. Deduction of export duty deducted on entry, not allowed on reappraisement.

11586.....*Cotton lace curtains*, from Goodall & White, Glasgow, March 20, 1896.
Lace curtains E. T. No. 893 & W. T. 843, 6¾ yards, entered at 5s/8½d Sterling per pair, No Advance.
Curtains E. T. No. 674, 6¾ yards, entered at 4s/3½d advanced to 4s/6½d Sterling per pair.
Entered discount 3¾ per cent advanced discount 2½ per cent.
Add cases and packing. Less inland carriage.

11410..... } *Mfs. of wool and cotton*, from Simon, Israel & Co., Bradford, Mar. 2 and 6, 1896. & Mar. 13, 1896.
11411.....
11470.....

.50″ melton H. 400 & H. 4010/2, entered at 6½d advanced to 7d Sterling per yard.
Black cotton coating 06056/7, entered at 10¾d advanced to 11½d Sterling per yard.
Discounts 2½ per cent & 1¼ per cent. Add cases and packing.

11520.....*Flax yarn*, from Robert Stewart & Sons, Lisburn, Mar. 4, 1896.
Polished yarn w. brown 3 cord satin in hanks and bundles entered at 32s/– advanced to 36s/– Sterling per dozen.
Polished yarn w. brown 3 cord satin in hanks and bundles entered at 36s/– advanced to 40s/– Sterling per dozen.
Discount 25 per cent. Add packing bales. Less inland carriage.

11254.....*Flax yarn*, from Thomas F. Adams & Co., Dundee, Jan. 25, 1896.
2¦ply 5 lea]D/5 yarn, entered at 4½d Sterling per lb., No Advance.
Discount 3 per cent.

11535..... *Wool dress goods*, from Schulze & Sohn, Greize, Mar. 14, 1896.
95 c/m, article 646, entered at .67 advanced to .70 Mark per meter.
95 c/m article 682, 684 &c., entered at .98 Mark per meter, No Advance.

11626.....
11627.....
&c.....
} *Mfs. of silk*, from J. B. Henry Perrot & Co., Lyons, Dec. 26, 1895 and Jan. 22, 1896.
78 c/m pongee orient I ecru, entered at .92 advanced to .95 Franc per meter.
Discount 20 per cent. Add packing charges.

11569..... *Mfs. of silk and cotton*, from H. E. Schniewind, Elberfeld, Mar. 19, 1896.
24″ fancy R, 100/193¼, entered at 1.46 advanced to 1.60 Marks per meter.
24″ crav. art. 319, entered at .77 advanced to .87 Franc per meter.
24″ all silk swivel E. H. 148, entered at 1.40 Marks per meter, No Advance.

11644..... .....*Mfs. of silk &c.* (*Silk and cotton binding*) from Henry Delafon, Paris, Mar. 11, 1896.
Bone casing, entered at 7. advanced to 10. Francs per piece.
Discount 14 & 2 per cent. Add cases and packing.

11543... ..... *Wool and silk wearing apparel, &c.*, from Wiegandt & Riccard, Geneve, Mar. 4, 1896.
Costume taffeta red, entered at 125. advanced to 165. Francs each.
Costume green satin, entered at 225. advanced to 295. Francs each.
Skirt black satin entered at 70. advanced to 90. Francs each.
Blouse satin red, entered at 45. advanced to 60. Francs each.
Skirt satin, creme, entered at 40. advanced to 50. Francs each.
Robe wool, black, entered at 90. advanced to 120. Francs each.

11456.....*Mfs. of silk and cotton*, from Cerri Bourcard & Co., Milan, Feb. 27, 1896.
Damas lombard 1/2 soie, 130 c/m, entered at 3.05 advanced to 4.25 Lire per meter.
Goblin marguerite fd. chappe, 1/2 soie, 130 c/m, entered at 4. advanced to 5.25 Lire per meter.
Lampas valois latte 1/2 soie, 130 c/m, entered at 5.25 advanced to 7.75 Lire per meter.
Damas fiamming lin, 130 c/m, entered at 3.30 Lire per meter, No Advance.
Add cases and packing.

11362.....*Mfs. of silk*, from Henry Gorjus, Lyons, Feb. 26, 1896.
Taffetas rayé, 46 c/m, entered at 1.48 advanced to 1.60 Francs per meter.
Taffetas rayé coul, 50 c/m, entered at 1.52 advanced to 1.60 Francs per meter.
Taffetas, rayé coul 53 c/m, entered at 1.70 advanced to 1.85 Francs per meter.
Taffetas rayé coul, 50 c/m, entered at 1.70 advanced to 1.85 Francs per meter.
Faconne 54 c/m, entered at 2.60 advanced to 2.75 Francs per meter.
Faconne 56 c/m, entered at 4.10 advanced to 4.25 Francs per meter.
Faille coul, 53 c/m, entered at 1.70 advanced to 1.75 Francs per meter.
Taffetas rayé coul, 53 c/m, entered at 1.70 advanced to 1.75 Francs per meter.
Grosse de loudres 53 c/m, entered at 2.70 advanced to 2.75 Francs per meter.
Faille coul 54 c/m and Faconne 55 c/m, entered at 3.65 advanced to 3.80 Francs per meter.
Faille coul, 56 c/m, entered at 4.60 advanced to 4.90 Francs per meter.
Faconne coul, 54 c/m, entered at 3.10 advanced to 3.30 Francs per meter.
Faconne coul 56 c/m, entered at 4.60 advanced to 4.90 Francs per meter.
Faconne coul, 56 c/m, entered at 5.10 advanced to 5.50 Francs per meter.
Faconne coul, 56 c/m, entered at 4.10 advanced to 4.50 Francs per meter.
Taffetas imp. 60 c/m, entered at 6.15 advanced to 6.50 Francs per meter.
Taffetas imp. moire, 60 c/m, entered at 6.60 advanced to 7. Francs per meter.

11362.....*Mfs. of silk, etc.*—Continued.

Faconne or 60 c/m, entered at 18.75 Francs per meter. No Advance.

Quadrille coul 70 c/m, entered at 8.85 Francs per meter. No Advance.

Pekin imp. 56 c/m, entered at 5.65 Francs per meter. No Advance.

Pekin imp. 56 c/m, entered at 4.90 advanced to 5.25 Francs per meter.

Satin imp. 56 c/m, entered at 6.50 Francs per meter, No Advance.

Faconne imp. silk & worsted 55 c/m entered at 4.10 advanced to 4.50 Francs per meter.

Scintillantz noir silk and worsted 80 c/m, entered at 3.50 advanced to 3.80 Francs per meter.

Moire silk and worsted, 59 c/m, entered at 4.90 advanced to 5.20 Francs per meter.

Moire imp. silk and worsted, 58 c/m, entered at 5.50 advanced to 5.75 Francs per meter.

Faille black 51 c/m, entered at 1.55 Francs per meter, No Advance.

Taffetas velours 60 c/m, entered at 18. Francs per meter. No advance.

Faconne coul 58 c/m, entered at 10.15 advanced to 10.50 Francs per meter.

Pekin taffetas coul fac. 54 & 56 c/m entered at 5.50 Francs per meter, No Advance.

Discounts 20 per cent & 1 per cent.

11665.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from R. M. Leylea, Macoris, Feb. 25, 1896.

Testing 95.60, entered at .02.35 add bags, advanced to .02.565 U. S. currency per lb., packed.

11666.. .....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from F. de Castro, Macoris, Mar. 6, 1896.

First centrifugal sugar, testing 95.60 entered at .02.35 advanced to .02.565 U. S. Currency per lb., packed.

To entered price add bags.

11581.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Francke, Hijos & Co., Havana Mar. 5, 1896.

Testing 93.38, entered at .02⅞, less freight & N. D. charges advanced to .02.73 U. S. Gold per lb., packed.

11643.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from J. B. Vicini, Santa Domingo, Mar. 4, 1896.

Testing 94.12, entered at .02.13, add bags, advanced to .02.4575 U. S. Currency per lb., packed.

Testing 88.65, entered at .01.60, add bags, advanced to .02.108 U. S. Currency per lb., packed.

11664.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from A. J. Blackwora, Saint Croix, Mar. 11, 1896.

Testing 95.85, entered at .02.56 advanced to .02.71 U. S. Currency per lb., packed.

Testing 87.30, entered at .02.14 advanced to. 02.164 U. S. Currency per lb., packed.

To entered price add bags.

11635.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Ehlers, Freidheim & Co., Macoris, Mar. 11, 1896.

Testing 95.85, entered at .02.47 advanced to .02.58 U. S. Currency per lb., packed.

Testing 96.30, entered at .02.35 advanced to .02.60 U. S. Currency per lb., packed.

To entered price add bags.

11691.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Beattie & Co., Manzanilla, Feb. 25, 1896.

Testing 96.7466, entered at .03. advanced to .03.150 Spanish gold per lb, packed.

Testing 91.80, molasses, entered at .02.45 advanced to .02.70 Spanish gold per lb. packed.

11673..... } *Sugar not above and above 16 D. S.* from Robert Crooks & Co. Liverpool, Mar. 27, Amsterdam, Mar. 20, & Hamburg Mar. 24, '96.
11671.....
11672.....

Fifths, entered at 10. 2s. 5d. advanced to 10. 10s. 0d. Sterling per ton, packed.

Fourths, entered at 12. 7s. 5d. advanced to 12. 10S 0d. Sterling per ton, packed.

Discount 2½ per cent.

Refined sugar, entered at 13s/7½d advanced to 14s/9½d Sterling per 112 lbs., packed. To entered price add bags.

Granulated, entered at 13s/9d, less N. D. charges, advanced to 13s/8d, Sterling per 50¾ kilos.

11676.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Brooks & Co., Guantanamo, Feb. 14, 1896.

Testing 95.66 entered at .02.6231, advanced to .02.977 Spanish gold per lb., packed.

To entered price add bags at .30 each.

11580..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Ransohoff & Missler, Hamburg, Feb. 13, 1896.
11579.....
11575.....

Testing 80.63, entered at 9s/9d advanced to 10s/7^{445}d Sterling per cwt., packed.

Testing 89.65, entered at 11s/9¾d advanced to 12s/2^{975}d Sterling per cwt., packed.

Testing 79.80, entered at 9s /10½d advanced to 10s /6.2d Sterling per cwt., packed.

From entered price deduct N. D. charges and 1¼ per cent.

11578..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from C. Czarnikow, Antwerp, Feb. 4, and 15, 1896.
11583.....

Beetroot, entered at 9s /7½d advanced to 11s /0.59d Sterling per cwt., packed.

Testing 89.67, entered at 11s/– advanced to 12s /6d Sterling per cwt., packed.

Less N. D. charges and 1¼ per cent.

11573.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from T. V. Drake & Co., Brunswick, Feb. 13, 1896.

Testing 75.40, entered at 9.70 advanced to 10. Marks per 50 kilos.

2993 o. p..... } *Mfs. of silk*, from Mendleson Bros., Yokohama, Mar. 3, 1896.
San Francisco..

White habutai, mommee grade 6½, quality 8919 36x50 yards, entered at 6.80 advanced to 7. Silver Yen per 100 momme.

Fancy brocade, 27x50 yards, momme grade 9, quality 8900, entered at 7.50 advanced to 7.60 Silver Yen per 100 Momme.

Fancy habutai, 27x60 yards, momme grade 9, quality 8814, entered 7.25 advanced to 7.40 Silver yen per 100 Momme.

Fancy twill, 27x50 yards, momme grade 12, quality 8735, entered at 7.25 advanced to 7.40 Silver yen per 100 Momme.

White oshu habutai, 27x50 yards, momme grade 5, quality 8850 & 8606 entered at 6.80 advanced to 7.25 Silver Yen per 100 momme.

White habutai, 22x50 yards, momme grade 7, quality 8860 and 8840, entered at 6.80 advanced to 7. Silver Yen per 100 momme.

2981 o. p..... } *Knitted cotton shirts and drawers*, from G. Bollack, Paris, Feb. 27, 1896.
San Francisco..

Shirts, size, 36, entered at 27. advanced to 28. Francs per dozen.

Shirts, 38, entered at 28.50 advanced to 29.50 Francs per dozen.

Shirts, size 40, entered at 30. advanced to 31. Francs per dozen.

Shirts, size 42, entered at 31.50 advanced to 32.50 Francs per dozen.

Drawers, size 32, entered at 28.50 advanced to 29.50 Francs per dozen.

Drawers, size 34, entered at 30. advanced to 31. Francs per dozen.

Drawers, size 36, entered at 31.50 advanced to 32.50 Francs per dozen.

Drawers, size 38, entered at 33. advanced to 34. Francs per dozen.

Entered at a discount of 10 per cent, advanced discounts 8 per cent and 2 per cent.

Add case and packing.

2980 o. p..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Nicolas Castang, Cienfuegos, Feb. 21, 1896.
Phila.....

Testing 97.30, entered at .02⅞ advanced to .02.865 U. S. Currency per lb., packed. From entered price deduct freight and N. D. charges.

2876 o. p.....
2897 o. p.....
2942 o. p.....
Phila..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Robert Crooks & Co., Liverpool Jan. 28, 1896, Feb. 5, 1896, and Feb. 18, 1896.

Entered at from £9. 12s. 5d. to £10. 2s. 5d., advanced to from £10. 5s. 0d. to £10. 12s. 6d. Sterling per ton, packed.

Discount 2½ per cent.

2844 o. p..... } *Sugar not above and above 16 D. S.* from Robert Crooks & Co., Liverpool, Jan. 15, 1896.
Phila.....

Fifths, entered at £9. 2s. 5d. advanced to £9. 15s. 0d. Sterling per ton, packed.

Fourths, entered at £11. 2s. 5d. advanced to £11. 12s. 6d. Sterling per ton, packed.

Discount 2½ per cent.

2715 o. p.....
2891 o. p.....
&c .....
Chicago ..... } *Cigars*, from H. Upmann & Co., Havana, Nov. 29, 1895, Jan. 17 and 30, 1896.

Entered at a discount of 2½ per cent, advanced by disallowance of 2½ per cent discount deducted from invoice prices.

2955 o. p.....
2956 o. p.....
Baltimore ..... } *Sugar above and not above 16 D. S.* from Robert Crooks & Co., Liverpool Mar. 3 and 10, 1896.

Fourths, entered at £12. 2s. 5d. advanced to £12. 5s. 0d. Sterling per ton, packed.

Fifths, entered at £9. 17s. 5d. advanced to £10. 8s. 4d. Sterling per ton, packed.

Fourths, entered at £11. 17s. 5d. advanced to £12. 2s. 6d Sterling per ton, packed.

Fifths, entered at £9. 17s. 5d. advanced to £10. 10s. 0d. Sterling per ton, packed.

Discount 2½ per cent.

3020 o. p..... } *Kid dolls*, from Geo. Borgfeldt & Co., Weimar, Mar. 17, 1896.
Baltimore .....

Kid dolls No. 152, 153, 159 &c., entered at discounts of 5 and 5 per cent add packing., no advance.

2967 o. p..... } *Mfs. of wood*, from Ullmann & Engelmann, Fuerth, Feb. 1896.
Boston.....

Pencil boxes, 63/776, entered at 7. advanced to 7.35 Marks per gross.

Writing boxes, 63/747, entered at 39.96 advanced to 41.95 Marks per gross.

Writing boxes, 63/748, entered at 42.12 advanced to 44.25 Marks per gross.

Writing boxes, 63/749, entered at 48.60 advanced to 51. Marks per gross.

Add cases.

3013..... } *Mfs. of silk*, from Ch. Cussett & Cie, Lyons.
Chicago.....

Taffetas imp., entered at a discount of 20 per cent & 1 per cent, less tare and rebais, entered value sustained.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

3143..... .....
10928.....
3144.....
10961..... } *Mfs. of silk and cotton*, from Carl Schiffer, Viersen, Dec. 24 and 31, 1895.

36″ mervilleux B. black, entered at 1.20 advanced to 1.30 Marks per meter.

36″ merveilleux C. black and rhadame 100 black, entered at 1.30 advanced to 1.40 Marks per meter.

3143.....
10928.....
3144.....
10961.....
Mfs. of silk and cotton, etc.—Continued.

36″ merveilleux D. black, entered at 1.40 advanced to 1.50 Marks per meter.
36″ rhadame 76 black, entered at 1.02½ advanced to 1.10 Marks per meter.
36″ rhadame 84 black, entered at 1.05 advanced to 1.12 Marks per meter.
36″ rhadame 85 black, entered at 1.10 advanced to 1.20 Marks per meter.
36″ rhadame 92 black, entered at 1.20 advanced to 1.35 Marks per meter.
20½″ satin raye pat. 1/4 entered at .92½ advanced to 1. Mark per meter.
20½″ satin de chine 143 black, entered at .82½ advanced to .90 Mark per meter.
20½″ satin de chine 163 black, entered at .86 advanced to .94 Mark per meter.
20½″ satin 144 black entered at .91 advanced to .98 Mark per meter.
20½″ satin de chine 154 black, entered at .96 advanced to 1.05 Marks per meter.
27″ satin de chine 154 black, entered at 1.25 advanced to 1.37 Marks per meter.
27″ satin 40 black, entered at .96 advanced to 1.05 Marks per meter.
27″ satin A[1] black entered at 1.10 advanced to 1.25 Marks per meter.
27″ satin C, black, 36″ black rhadame 105 black, entered at 1.45 advanced to 1.60 Marks per meter.
27″ satin F. black, entered at 1.55 advanced to 1.75 Marks per meter.
22″ satin 64 black, entered at 1.05 advanced to 1.20 Marks per meter.
36″ rhadame 90 black, entered at 1.15 advanced to 1.25 Marks per meter.
Add packing, cases labels and wrappers.

3239.....
11296.....
Mfs. of silk and cotton, from Edm. Corty & Co., Crefeld, Feb. 14, 1896.

24″ black satin quality F., entered at .95 advanced to 1.02½ Marks per meter.
24″ black satin quality E, entered at 1.10 advanced to 1.15 Marks per meter.
24″ black satin quality D, entered at 1.30 advanced to 1.35 Marks per meter.
24″ black satin quality C, entered at 1.55 Marks per meter, No Advance.
24″ black satin quality B, entered at 1.70 Marks per meter, No Advance.
Add packing, labels and wrappers.

3186.....
11202.....
3188.....
11225.....
Sugar not above and above 16 D. S. from Robert Crooks & Co. Liverpool, Feb. 13 and 17th 1896.

Fifths, entered at 9. 14s. 11d. advanced to 10. 12s. .075d Sterling per ton, packed.
Fourths, entered at 11. 17s. 5d. advanced to 12. 4s. 11½d Sterling per ton, packed.
Fourths, entered at 11. 17s. 5d. advanced to 12. 14s. 6d. Sterling per ton, packed.
Discount 2½ per cent.

3220.....
11141.....
Gelatine, from ——— Paris Feb. 14, 1896.

Gelatine laine, entered at 8. Francs per kilo, No advance.
Discounts 40 per cent & 2 per cent.
Add case and packing.

3205.....
11269.....
Colored cotton, from Paul Forelle & Voelpel, Breslau, Feb. 5, 1896.

33″ futel striped M 86, entered at .39 discount 10 per cent advanced to .40 Mark per yard, discount 5 per cent.
Add cases and packing.

3204 ..... } *Mfs. cotton, N. S. P. F.*, from Wm. Meyer & Co., St. Gall, Feb. 11, 1896.
11232 ..... }

White brilliantine cloth 40″ 20/ Hem. No. 310, entered at .60 advanced to .65 Franc per yard.

Add case.

3202.... ..... } *Cotton lace curtains*, from W. E. Meats & Co., Nottingham, Jan. 10, 1896.
11070.. .... }

E. & E. T. lace curtains No. 6495, 3½ yards entered at 4s/2d advanced to 4s/8d Sterling per pair.

E. T. & E. lace curtains, No. 6300, 6711, and 6479, 3½ yards entered at 4s/1d advanced to 4s. 6d Sterling per pair.

W. T. lace curtains, No. 7036, 3½ yards entered at 5s/6d advanced to 6s/– Sterling per pair.

E. lace curtains, 6906, 3½ yards entered at 1s/11d Sterling per pair, No Advance.

E. & W. lace curtains, No. 2834, 3⅜ yards entered 3s/4½d Sterling per pair, No Advance.

Discount 2½ per cent. Add cases.

3206..... } *Mfs. of cotton*, from M. Aronani, Damascus, Nov. 18, 1895.
11274..... }

Table covers and curtains, advanced 10 per cent.

2871..... } *Cotton neckwear*, from H. A. Schmitz, Barmen, Dec. 9, 1895.
10720..... }

Cotton neckties, art. 30000, from 900 to 930, entered at 21.35 Marks per gross, No Advance.

Discount, 9 per cent.

3151..... } *Mfs. of wool and cotton*, from Simon Israel & Co., Bradford, Feb. 27, 1896.
11347..... }

56″ Melton black H. 4010, No. 5982/5 &c. entered at 7¾d advanced to 7¾d Sterling per yard.

Discounts 2½ & 1¼ per cent. Add making and packing.

3155..... } *Cotton hose*, from Heinrich, Christo Hartel, Waldenburg, Jan. 29, 1896.
11248..... }

Men's brown cotton ½ hose 1/1 boxes, 9½ to 11½, No. 159½ entered at 1.60, advanced to 1.75 Marks per dozen.

Men's hermsdorf black cotton ½ hose 1/1 boxes 9 to 11, No. 1200, entered at 2.15 advanced to 2.60 Marks per dozen.

Men's hermsdorf black cotton ½ hose boxes 1/1 9 to 11, No. 1220 entered at 2.50 advanced to 2.90 Marks per dozen.

Men's hermsdorf black cotton ½ hose 1/2 boxes, 9 to 11, No. 1240 entered at 3.20 advanced to 3.75 Marks per dozen.

Men's fast tan cotton ½ hose 1/2 boxes, 9 to 11, No. 1250 entered at 3.10 advanced to 3.35 Marks per dozen.

Men's hermsdorf black cotton hose boxes 1/2 9 to 11, No. 1260 entered at 3.70, advanced to 4.20 marks per dozen.

Men's fast tan cotton ½ hose 1/2 boxes, 9 to 11 No. 1270 entered at 3.60 advanced to 4.10 Marks per dozen.

Ladies hermsdorf black cotton hose 1/2 boxes, 8½ to 10, No. 181 entered at 5.70 advanced to 6.25 Marks per dozen.

Men's brown cotton ½ hose 1/1 boxes 9½ to 11, No. 1503 entered at 1.70 advanced to 2.10 Marks per dozen.

3155 } *Cotton hose, etc.*—Continued.
11248 }

Men's fast tan cotton ½ hose 1/1 boxes 9½ to 11, No. 503 entered 2.10 Marks per dozen, No Advance.

Men's hermsdorf black cotton ½ hose 1/1 boxes, 9½ to 11, No. 6731 entered at 2.10 advanced to 2.30 Marks per dozen.

Men's fast tan cotton ½ hose 1/1 boxes 9½ to 11, No. 85 T entered at 2.15 advanced to 2.40 Marks per dozen.

Men's hermsdorf black cotton ½ hose 1/2 boxes 9½ to 11, No. 74 B entered at 2.90 advanced to 3.30 Marks per dozen.

Ladies hermsdorf black cotton hose 1/1 boxes 8½ to 10 No. 781 B. entered at 3.60 advanced to 4.10 Marks per dozen.

Ladies fast tan cotton hose 1/1 boxes 8½ to 10, No. 781 T entered at 3.50 advanced to 4. Marks per dozen.

Ladies hermsdorf black cotton hose 1/2 boxes 8½ to 10, No. 671 B. entered at 4.80 Marks per dozen, No Advance.

Ladies white bleached cotton hose 1/1 boxes 8½ to 10, No. 981 W. entered at 3.70 advanced to 4.20 Marks per dozen.

Ladies brown cotton hose 1/2 boxes, 8½ to 10, No. 831 entered at 4. advanced to 4.60 Marks per dozen.

Men's hermsdorf black cotton ½ hose 1/2 boxes, 9½ to 11, No. 481 B. entered at 3.65 advanced to 4.15 Marks per dozen.

Ladies brown cotton hose 1/1 boxes 8½ to 10, No. 32 entered at 2.35 advanced to 2.60 Marks per dozen.

Ladies hermsdorf black cotton hose 1/2 boxes 8 to 10, No. 854 entered at 3.65 advanced to 4.35 Marks per dozen.

Discount 5 per cent.

3118.... ..... } *Wool dress goods*, from Weiss Freiss & Co., Mulhausen, Jan. 28, 1896.
11140..... }

Javanaise X 75 c/m and A. B. 75 c/m, No. 2 entered at .98 advanced to 1.10 Marks per meter.

Javanaise A. F. 75 c/m, 2 entered at 1.05 advanced to 1.15 Marks per meter.

Javanaise A. F. 75 c/m, 4 entered at 1.09 advanced to 1.19 Marks per meter.

Javanaise A. B. 75 c/m, 3 entered at 1. advanced to 1.15 Marks per meter.

Javanaise A. B. & X 75 c/m, 4 entered at 1.02 advanced to 1.17 Marks per meter.

Javanaise X, 75 c/m, 3 & 4 entered at 1.01 advanced to 1.16 Marks per meter.

Javanaise X 75 c/m, 1 & 2 entered at .97 advanced to 1.09 Marks per meter.

Mousseline de laine 78 c/m, 3 & 4, entered at .58 advanced to .71 Mark per meter.

Mousseline de laine 78 c/m, A & B, 1 & 2, entered at .54 advanced to .61 Mark per meter.

Mousseline de laine 78 c/m, 2 entered at .56 advanced to .64 Mark per meter.

Javanaise A. F. 75 c/m, 3 entered at 1.07 advanced to 1.17 Marks per meter.

Mousseline de laine uni 78 c/m, entered at .50 advanced to .58 Mark per meter.

Mousseline de laine 78 c/m, A & B. entered at .52 advanced to .62 Mark per meter.

Mousseline de laine 78 c/m, 1 & 2, entered at .55 advanced to .62 Mark per meter.

Javanaise A. F. 75 c/m, 3 & 4, entered at 1.08 advanced to 1.18 Mark per meter.

Mousseline de laine 78 c/m, 3 entered at .58 advanced to .69 Mark per meter.

Add packing and cases.

3192..... } *Flax lace tidies*, from Kiefe Freres, Paris, Feb. 20, 1896.
11263..... .....

Voiles renaissance linens 100/36, entered at 11.70 advanced to 13. Francs each.
Voiles renaissance linens 100/45, entered at 18.75 advanced to 22. Francs each.
Voiles renaissance linens 100/32, entered at 9.55 advanced to 10.50 Francs each.
Garniture bed spread and pillow 197, entered at 115. advanced to 120. Francs each.
Garniture bed spread and pillow, entered at 139. advanced to 150. Francs each.
Voiles renaissance linens 100/24 entered at 5.10 advanced to 5.50 Francs each.
Discount 3 per cent Cash discount ½ per cent. Add case and packing.

3154..... } *Cocoanuts*, from Gordon, Grant & Co., Trinidad, Feb. 5, 1896.
11109.....

Cocoanuts large pealed, entered at $8. advanced $10. U. S. Currency per 1000.
Add cost of bags and bagging.

3150..... ..... } *Skins dressed and finished*, from Albert Reinhard, Luxembourg, Jan. 29, 1896.
11130.....

Lambskins, entered at 250. advanced to 300. Francs per 100.
Add cases.

3203..... ..... } *Chemical salt*, from Deutsche Gold and Silver Scheide Anstalt, Frankfurt, Jan. 28, 1896.
11215.....

Vanadinsaures ammonia K., entered at 35. advanced to 45. Marks per kilo.
Add case.

720 o. p..... }
2857..... } *Sugar above No. 16 D. S.*, from Robert Crooks & Co., Liverpool, Jan. 26, 1896.
Baltimore.....

Fourths, entered at £11. 12s. 5d. advanced to £12. 0s. 0d. Sterling per ton, packed.
Discount 2½ per cent.

O

EXTENSION OF TIME FOR UNLADING VESSELS.

1896.
Department Circular No. 72.

Bureau of Navigation.

Treasury Department,

BUREAU OF NAVIGATION,

Washington, D. C., May 12, 1896.

To Collectors of Customs and others:

The attention of Collectors of Customs and others concerned is invited to the following act of Congress approved May 9, 1896, extending the time during which imported cargoes of vessels may be unladen:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section twenty-eight hundred and eighty of the Revised Statutes of the United States be amended so as to read as follows:

"SEC. 2880. Whenever any merchandise shall be imported into any port of the United States from any foreign port, in any vessel, at the expiration of ten working days if the vessel is less than five hundred tons register, and within fifteen working days if it is of five hundred tons register and less than one thousand, and within twenty working days if it is of one thousand tons register and less than fifteen hundred, and within twenty-five working days if it is of fifteen hundred tons register and upward, not including legal holidays and days when the condition of the weather prevents the unlading of the vessel with safety to its cargo, after the time within which the report of the master of any vessel is required to be made to the collector of the district, if there is found any merchandise other than has been reported for some other district or some foreign port, the collector shall take possession thereof; but with the consent of the owner or consignee of any merchandise, or with the consent of the owner or master of the vessel in which the same may be imported, the merchandise may be taken possession of by the collector after one day's notice to the collector of the district. All merchandise so taken shall be delivered pursuant to the order of the collector of the district, for which a certificate or receipt shall be granted."

Article 125, Regulations of 1892, is amended so as to read as follows:

R. S. 2880, 2966, 2969. Art. 125. When merchandise remains on board a vessel after the expiration of legal time for discharging the same the collector may take possession thereof.

The legal time allowed is as follows:

Vessels of less than 500 tons, 10 working days after entry.

Vessels of 500 tons and less than 1,000 tons, 15 working days after entry.

Vessels of 1,000 tons and less than 1,500 tons, 20 working days after entry.

Vessels of 1,500 tons and upwards, 25 working days after entry.

The working days of a vessel are to be computed by excluding the date of entry, legal holidays, and stormy days when discharge is impracticable with safety to cargo.

All merchandise found on board at the expiration of these periods, not reported for transshipment to some other district or some foreign port or place, must be taken possession of by the collector. But with the consent of the owner or consignee, or of the owner or master of the vessel, such merchandise may be taken possession of after one day's notice to the collector of such consent. One working day must intervene between the giving of the notice and the obtaining of the order to discharge.

EUGENE T. CHAMBERLAIN,
Commissioner.

APPROVED:

S. WIKE,
Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

CERTIFICATES OF REGISTRY FOR THE SPECIAL-TAX YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1897.

1896.
Department Circular No. 73.
Internal Revenue, No 458.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE
COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE,

Washington, D. C., May 15, 1896.

1. Immediately upon receipt of this circular collectors will make out and transmit to this office requisitions on Form 291 for certificates of registry for the special-tax year commencing July 1, 1896, and ending June 30, 1897.

2. These certificates will be denominated "Series 1896," and requisitions therefor should have this denomination distinctly indorsed thereon.

3. Collectors, in ordering certificates of registry, should base their estimates of the quantity they will need upon the number of each kind issued by them during the first three months of the current year, but in no case should less than *one book of any kind be ordered, nor more than an estimated three months' supply.*

4. It is expected that all certificates for the coming year will be transmitted from this office on or before June 15, 1896.

5. On June 30, 1896, collectors will return to this office all certificates of registry of the Series of 1895 (D) remaining in their hands, reporting them on line 8 of Form 292 for June as "*in transitu*" June 30, 1896. Collectors are informed that this instruction is mandatory, that no excuse for not complying with the same will be accepted, but that in every case where a collector, for any reason, shall fail to comply herewith, he will be required to forward an amended Form 292, on which such certificates returned *must* be reported as "*in transitu*" June 30, 1896.

6. The attention of collectors is called to the printed instructions on the inside of cover of office Record No. 10, requiring them to register the names of all persons to whom these certificates are issued, business, place, from what time, date of issue, and serial number of certificates.

JOS. S. MILLER,
Commissioner.

APPROVED:
J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary

1896.
Department Circular No. 74.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., May 15, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending May 2, 1896:

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

REPORT ON REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING MAY 2, 1896.

N. B.—In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.

No. of Reappraisement.

11704.....*Colored cotton corduroy*, from Thos. Barnes & Co., Ltd., Manchester, April, 1, 1896.
27″ navy cord No. 642, entered at 10¼d Sterling per yard
27″ drab, cord No. 201, entered at 9¼d Sterling per yard.
27″ drab, cord No. 642, entered at 7$\frac{13}{16}$d Sterling per yard.
27″ brown cord, No. 100, entered at 8$\frac{1}{16}$d Sterling per yard
27″ drab cord, No. 100, entered at 7$\frac{1}{16}$d Sterling per yard
27″ drab cord, No. 194, entered at 10¾d Sterling per yard,
Less $\frac{1}{37}$th, Discount 2½ per cent, add packing,
No advance.

11718.....*Embroidered flax handkerchiefs*, from Lyons & Woods, Belfast, April 1, 1896.
Ladies cambric initialed and hemstitched handkerchiefs unlaundried in parcels, entered at 2s/1d Sterling per dozen, discount 5 per cent, add cases and packing.
No Advance.

11705.....*Sauce and sweetmeats*, from Messrs. Melchers & Co., Hongkong, Sept. 2, 1895.
Soy, entered at 14. Mexican dollars per cask of 5.20 piculs.
Ginger, entered at 9. Mexican dollars per picul
No advance.

11566.....*Mohair shawls*, from Bert Winkler, Loebschutz, Mar. 6, 1896.
Agnes, black and cream, entered at 15.75 advanced to 17.20 Marks per dozen.
Rosa black and cream, entered at 16.01 advanced to 17.01 Marks per dozen.
Nora black and cream, entered at 19.95 advanced to 21.80 Marks per dozen.
Ana black and cream, entered art 17.33 advanced to 18.93 Marks per dozen.
Discount 2 per cent.

11784..... } *Colored paper*, from Factura Von Gebruder Wilisch, Schneeberg, Mar. 21, 1896.
11706..... }

Colored glazed paper, 20 x 24 51/61 entered at 5.40 Marks per 500 sheets

Add cases &c., less inland freight, No Advance.

11762.....*Blank books*, from W. Loewenthal, Breig, Mar. 16, 1896.

Notes, 4186/2282, entered at 6. Marks per gross, Discounts 2 per cent and 5 per cent, add cases, advanced by disallowance of 5 per cent discount.

10690.....*Decorated earthenware*, from Rorstrands Aktiebolag, Stockholm, Aug. 31, 1895.

Pedestals, vases, jardinieres &c., entered at from .21 to 33. Crowns each, No Advance.

11724.....*Decorated earthenware, china, vegetable substance, &c.*, from Kwong Hee Zing, Hongkong, Sept. 2, 1895.

Common pottery, entered at .45 advanced to .56 Mexican dollars per total. of 225 pieces.

Bamboo baskets, entered at 1.50 advanced to 3. Mexican dollars per total. of 150 pieces.

11724.....*Bamboo baskets*, entered at 1. advanced to 1.25 Mexican Dollars per total.

Common pottery, entered at 1.27 advanced to 1.50 Mexican dollars per total. of 20 pieces.

Soy, entered at 3. advanced to 3.15 Mexican dollars per barrel. of 132 catties.

Sauce, entered at 2. advanced to 2.20 Mexican dollars per barrel. of 123 catties.

Common pottery, entered at .05 advanced to .10 Mexican dollars per total. of 20 pieces.

Decorated china ware, entered at 5. advanced to 10. Mexican dollars per total. of 25 sets.

Decorated china ware, entered at 3.60, advanced to 8.25 Mexican dollars per total. of 33 sets.

Decorated china ware, entered at 9. Mexican dollars per total, No Advance.

11503.....*Mfs. of flax and cotton, bleached cotton &c.*, from ———, St. Gall, Mar. 5, 1896.

Checked linen cloth 32″ No. 1238, 1240, and 1241 &c., entered at .56 advanced to .58 Franc per yard.

Plain swisses 32″ quality g, entered at .30 advanced to .32 Franc per yard.

Add case.

11198.....*Cotton netting and cotton lace curtains*, from B. Walker & Co., Nottingham, Feb. 14, 1896.

Ecru cotton Hamburg net, 40″ 150½, entered at 2¼d advanced to 2½d Sterling per yard.

Ecru cotton Hamburg net, 50″ 302, entered at 3d advanced to 3¼ Sterling per yard.

White cotton Hamburg net 50″ 304, entered at 3d Sterling per yard, No Advance.

Ecru cotton Hamburg net 50″ 404, entered at 4½d advanced to 5d Sterling per yard.

Ecru cotton Hamburg net 50″ 1003, entered at 6¼d advanced to 6¾d Sterling per yard.

Ecru cotton Hambur net 50″, 110, entered at 2¾d advanced to 3d Sterling per yard.

White cotton Hamburg net 54″, S. 100, entered at 3d advanced to 3¾d Sterling per yard.

White cotton Hamburg net 54″, S. 200, entered at 3¾d advanced to 4¼d Sterling per yard.

11198..... ....White cotton Hamburg net, 54″ S. 300, entered at 4¼d advanced to 5¾ Sterling per yard.

Ivory cotton Hamburg net 50″ 2, entered at 5d advanced to 6d Sterling per yard.

Ivory cotton Hamburg net 50″ 1, entered at 5d advanced to 6½ Sterling per yard.

Ivory cotton Hamburg net 272 75, entered at 2d advanced to 2¼ Sterling per yard.

Ivory cotton Hamburg net 50″ 334, entered at 3¼d advanced to 3½ Sterling per yard.

Ecru cotton Hamburg net 50″ 806, entered at 5½d, advanced to 6d Sterling per yard.

E. T. curtains 3½ yards, 50″, 3965, entered at 2s/2d advanced to 2s/4d Sterling per pair.

Ivory T. curtains 3½ yards, 50″ 3965, entered at 2s/2d advanced to 2s/6d Sterling per pair.

11198.....*Cotton netting and cotton lace curtains, etc.*—Continued.

E. T. curtains 3½ yards 56″, 3968, entered at 3s advanced to 3s/6d Sterling per pair.

E. T. curtains, 3½ yards 48″, 1759, entered at 2s/3½d, advanced to 2s/6½d Sterling per pair.

E. T. curtains 56″ 3½ yards, 3960, entered at 2s/9d advanced to 3s/– Sterling per pair.

W. T. Curtains 3½ yards, 54″, 3988, entered at 4s/– advanced to 4s/6d Sterling per pair.

E. T. curtains 3½ yards, 48″, 3908, entered at 2s/3½d advanced to 2s/10½ Sterling per pair.

E. T. curtains, 3 yards, 48″ 1925, entered at 1s/8½d advanced to 1s/10½ Sterling per pair.

Ivory T. curtains 3½ yards, 48″, 1925, entered at 2s/– advanced to 2s/1½d Sterling per pair.

Ecru curtains. 3½ yards, 54″, 3964, entered at 2s/– advanced to 2s/2d Sterling per pair.

Bed sets, 6202 entered at 5s/9d advanced to 6s/3d Sterling per set.

Discount 2½ per cent Add cases, less carriage.

11723.....*Sugar above 16 D. S.* from H. M. Van Ecehur, Amsterdam, Mar. 20, 1896.

Commou refined sugar, entered at 14s/1½d, add bags, advanced to 14s/9½d Sterling per 112 lbs., packed.

11594.....*Refined sugar above 16 D. S.* from Gebrüder Michahelles, Hamburg, Feb. 24, 1896.

Extra fine granulated, entered at 13s/6d, less discount 1 per cent, brokerage ½ per cent, and cartage. Advanced to 13s/6½ Sterling per cwt., packed.

11697..... } *Colored cotton velvet, unbleachcd corduroy and velvet*, from Hithersay & Ramm, Manchester,
11696..... } Mar. 20 & 27, 1896.

22″ black velourita velvet 24, entered at 8½d advanced to 9½d Sterling per yard.

22″ black velourita velvet, 25, eutered at 8½d Sterling per yard, No Advance.

22″ black velourita velvet 25, eutered at 8½d advanced to 9½d Sterling per yard.

22″ black velourita velvet, B x x, entered at 4⅝ advanced to 4⅞d Sterling per yard.

22″ black velourita velvet 50, entered at 5d advanced to 5½d Sterling per yard.

25″ Black velvets, 30, entered at 6d advanced to 6½d Sterling per yard.

27″ Picker velveteens W. entered at 7½d advanced to 8d Sterling per yard.

22″ black velvets 100, entered at 7d advanced to 7⅝d Sterling per yard.

Less measure $\frac{1}{37}$th. Discount 2½ per cent. Add cases, making up and boxes.

11448.....*Mfs. of silk and cotton*, from F. Lafite & Co., Lyons, Feb. 29, 1896.

Black 92 c/m, serge, No. 395, entered at .96 advanced to, 1.12 Francs per meter.

Entered discounts 20 per cent & 1 per cent, Advanced discount 20 per cent.

Add case and packing.

11373.....*Mfs. of silk and cotton*, from Gindre & Co., Lyons, Feb. 23, 1896.

Satin 48 c/m, Quality 82, entered at 1.05 advanced to 1.15 Francs per meter.

Satin 47 c/m, entered at 1.10 advanced to 1.20 Francs per meter.

Satin 60 c/m, entered at .88 advanced to .96 Francs per meter.

Satin 60 c/m, quality 427, entered at 1.10 advanced to 1.20 Francs per meter.

Entered discounts 20 per cent & 1 per cent, Advanced discount 20 per cent.

11363.....*Mfs. of silk and cotton*, from Henry Gorjus, Lyons, Feb. 26, 1896.

Raw serge 92 c/m, No. 2673/62, entered at .85 advanced to .90 Franc per meter.

Faconne coul 92 c/m, No. 26980/81, entered at 1.30 Francs per meter, No Advance.

Serge 92 c/m, entered at .95 Franc per meter, No Advance.

Satin quadrille No. 26985/92, entered at 1.95 Francs per meter, No Advance.

Raw foulard 54 c/m, 26619 &c., entered at 1.45 advanced to 1.55 Francs per meter.

Discounts 20 per cent & 1 per cent. Add cases and packing.

11563.....*Mfs. of silk and cotton*, from E. Chevillard & Co., Lyons, March 14, 1896.
Satin 48 c/m, No. 56, entered at .75 advanced to .88 Franc per meter.
Satin 61 c/m, No. 13, entered at .68 advanced to .82 Franc per meter.
Entered discounts 20 per cent & 1 per cent. Advanced discount 20 per cent.
Add case and packing.

11593.....*Mfs. of silk and cotton*, from Noyer & Collon, Lyons, March 16, 1896.
Satin 92 c/m, entered at 1.10 advanced to 1.25 Francs per meter.
Satin 92 c/m, entered at 1.20 advanced to 1.35 Francs per meter.
Satin 92 c/m, entered at 1. advanced to 1.15 Francs per meter.
Serge 92 c/m, entered at .90 advanced to 1.05 Francs per meter.
Serge 92 c/m, entered at .90 advanced to 1.05 Francs per
Serge 92 c/m, entered at .80, .82 and .85 advanced to 1. Franc per meter.
Faconne impe 52 c/m, entered at 1.15 advanced to 1.25 Francs per meter.
Discount 20 per cent.

11564.....*Mfs. of silk and cotton*, from Th. Schilling & Co., Lyons, March 14, 1896.
60 c/m danier No. 184, entered at 1.58 advanced to 1.65 Francs per meter.
80 c/m china No. 7204, entered at .61 advanced to .70 Franc per meter.
60 c/m serge No. 42 S. entered at .64 advanced to .78 Franc per meter.
Discounts 20 per cent & 1 per cent. Add case and packing.

11318.....*Mfs. of silk and cotton*, from A. Besson & Sauze, Lyons, Feb. 20, 1896.
Quality No. 2874 suedoise 1 60 c/m, entered at .90 advanced to 1.05 Francs per meter.
Quality No. 4270 suedoise 11 60 c/m, entered at .75 advanced to .90 Franc per meter.
Quality No. 3922 faille 60 c/m, entered at 1.10 advanced to 1.20 Francs per meter.
Quality No. 2874 suedoise 1, 60 c/m, entered at .75 advanced to .95 Franc per meter.
Quality No. 4290, suedoise 11, 60 c/m, entered at .60 advanced to .80 Franc per meter.
Quality No. 4319 serge 92 c/m, entered at .90 advanced to 1. Franc per meter.
Quality No. 2875 pongee, 78 c/m, entered at .80 advanced to .98 Franc per meter.
Quality No. 4337, Taffetas 54 c/m, entered at 2. advanced to 2.20 Francs per meter.
Quality No. 4335, broderie 92 c/m, entered at 1.40 advanced to 1.53 Francs per meter.
Quality No. 4291 broderie 46 c/m, entered at .75 advanced to .82 Franc per meter.
Quality 4292 broderie 60 c/m, entered at .90 advanced to 1. Franc per meter.
Quality No. 4336 satin 60 c/m, entered at .90 advanced to 1.05 Francs per meter.
Quality No. 4327 pongee impe. 46 c/m, entered at 60 advanced to .66 Franc per mete..
Quality No. 2875 pongee 78 c/m entered at .70 advanced to .88 Franc per meter.
Quality No. 4337 taffetas 54 c/m, entered at 1.50 advanced to 1.90 Francs per meter.
Quality No. 4337 taffetas 54 c/m, entered at 1.75 advanced to 2. Francs per meter.
Quality No. 4292 broiderie 60 c/m, entered at .80 advanced to 1. Franc per meter.
Discount 20 per cent.

11235.....*Colored cotton, &c.*, from Weiss, Fries & Co., Mulhouse, Jan. 24, 1896.
Satinette robe serie 1, entered at .50 advanced to .53 Mark per meter.
Plumetis 75 c/m, serie 2, entered at .54 advanced to .59 Mark per meter.
Organdi 80 c/m serie 2, 3 and 4, entered at .49 advanced to .60 Mark per meter.
Similar goods similar advances.
Add packing at .24 per piece. Add cases.

11654.....*Cotton hose*, from Uhle & Wagner, Chemnitz, Mar. 6, 1896.
Ladies cotton hose entered at from 3.50 to 7.80 Marks per dozen, entry sustained on some and on others advances up to 5¾ per cent.
Men's cotton hose, entered at from 2.35 to 4.80 advanced to from 2.50 to 4.80 Marks per dozen.

11523..... .....
11688.....} *Cotton hose*, from Heinrich C. Hartel, Waldenburg, Mar. 2, and 17th 1896.

Misses and ladies cotton hose, entered at from 3.60 to 12.20 advanced to from 3.60 to 12.50 Marks per dozen.

Men's cotton hose entered at from 2.15 to 4.30 advanced to from 2.35 to 4.60 Marks per dozen.

11756.....*Sulphate of ammonia*, from Peter R. McQuie & Son, Liverpool, March 25, 1896.

Entered at £7. 18s. 9d. Sterling per ton, add bags at 2s/9d per ton and bagging at 7½d. per ton, No Advance.

2709 o. p.....
Chicago.....} *Blueberries, pressed in their own juice*, from J. H. Myrick & Co., Allerton, Nov. 4, 1895.

Blueberries, entered at $2.20 per case of one dozen gallons each.

Half cases, entered at $1.10 per case of one-half dozen gallons each.

No Advance.

2976 o. p.....
Phila.....} *Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Robert Crooks & Co., Liverpool, Feb. 8, 1896.

Sugar, entered at 10s/6d, Sterling per cwt., discount 2½ per cent, No advance.

2952 o. p.....
Phila.....} *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Persira Carneiro & Co., Pernambuco, Jan. 23, 1896.

Testing 86.10, entered at a total of £5812. 18s. 4d. Advanced to 9s/6. 3d Sterling per cwt., packed.

2975 o. p.....
Phila.....} *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from ——— Alexandria, Jan. 27, 1896.

Testing 98.34, entered at 12s/4½d, less freight and N. D. charges, discount 1¼ per cent, advanced to 12s/5.9d Sterling per cwt., packed.

2988 o. p.....
Phila.....} *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Ransohoff & Wissler, Magdeburg, Feb. 7, 1896.

Testing 87.80, entered at 12.6875 Marks less N. D. charges, and 1¼ per cent discount, advanced to 1184 Marks per 50 kilos, packed.

2968 o. p.....
Boston.....} *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Robert Crooks & Co., Liverpool, Feb. 26, 1896.

Fourths, entered at £12. 2s. 5d. advanced to £12. 10s. 0d. Sterling per ton, packed.

Discount 2½ per cent.

3011 o. p.....
3012 o. p.....
Boston.....} *Mica*, from Webster & Co., Ottowa, Feb. 28, and April 2, 1896.

Crude mica, entered at .08 and .08½ advanced to $.08½ per lb.

3015 o. p.....
Baltimore.....} *Woolens*, from Wallace & Co., Bradford, March 3, 1896.

55/56″ Quality 354, black worsted coatings, entered at 2s/3d advanced to 2s/5d Sterling per yard.

Less measure $\frac{1}{37}$th, discount 5 per cent, add cases.

3032 o. p.....
Baltimore.....} *Sugar above 16 D. S.*, from Vibraus & Gerl off, Braunschweig March 20, 1896.

German granulated, entered at $.03$\frac{7}{32}$, less N. D. charges advanced to 13s/6d Sterling per cwt., packed.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

3228.....
11285.....} *Mfs. of silk and silk and cotton*, from J. & P. Michel & Co., Lyons, Feb. 25, 1896.

Pongee 86 c/m, quality 6270, entered at .87 advanced to 1.05 Francs per meter.

Diagonale 92 c/m, quality 2003, entered at .91 advanced to 1. Franc per meter.

Discounts 16 per cent & 2 per cent.

3267..... } *Mfs. of silk & cotton,* from Naef Bros., Zurich, Feb. 25/96.
11298..... }

Satin rhadames noir tre cot. 17½″, entered at 1.375 advanced to 1.50 Francs per aune.

Satin rhadames noir tre cot. 20½″, entered at 1.40 advanced to 1.54 Francs per aune.

Satin rhadames noir tre cot. 36″, entered at from 1.90 to 2.40 advanced to from 2.10 to 2.75 Francs per aune.

Discount 19 per cent. Add cases and packing.

3217..... .....
11244.....
3215.....
11242..... } *Mfs. of silk and cotton,* from ——— Lyons, Jan. 23, 1896.

92 c/m serge quality No. 242, entered at .85 advanced to 1. Franc per meter.

92 c/m austria quality 246, entered at .85 advanced to 1. Franc per meter.

95 c/m austria quality No. 249, entered at .95 advanced to 1.10 Francs per meter.

Discount 20 per cent. Add cases and packing.

2768.....
10345.....
2767.....
10344... ..... } *Wool dress goods, (job lots)* from A. Van Bergen & Co., Paris, Nov. 1, 1895.

No. 941 silk and wool black vouvte. 47″, entered at 3.25 advanced to 3.75 Francs per meter.

No. 1800 all wool white and cream henrietta 44″, entered at 1.37 advanced to 1.46 Francs per meter.

No. 1100 all wool blue black and jet black 34″, entered at .61 advanced to .66 Francs per meter.

Discount 5 per cent. Add cases and packing.

2942..... } *Wool dress goods,* from Testart freres Paris, Oct. 29, 1895.
10221.. ..... }

F. A. 11/12 all wool henriettas 113/115 c/m, noir, entered at .95 advanced to 1.08 Francs per meter.

F. U. 12/13 all wool henriettas 113/115 c/m noir, entered 1.03 advanced to 1.16 Francs per meter.

F. C. 13/14 all wool henriettas 113/115 c/m noir, entered at 1.11 advanced to 1.24 Francs per meter.

F. E. 17/18 all wool henriettas 113/115 c/m noir, entered at 1.43 advanced to 1.56 Francs per meter.

Discount 5 per cent. Add cases.

3262..... } *Mfs. of goat hair and cotton,* from Ferdinand Heilbrun & Co., Bradford, Mar. 14, 1896.
11493..... }

54″ blue curl No. 32872, No. 33158 &c., entered at 2s/5d advanced to 2s/5.44d Sterling per yard.

54″ Black curl No. 31367, No. 27820, &c., entered at 3s/9d advanced to 3s/9.68d Sterling per yard.

54″ black curl No. 33214, entered at 4s/6d advanced to 4s/6.81d Sterling per yard.

Less measure 1/37th, discount 5 per cent. Add making up and packing.

3146..... ..... } *Worsted yarn,* from F. W. Rust & Co., Leicester, Feb. 18, 1896.
11237..... }

8 oz. E. 12/3 No. 736, entered at 1s/8½d advanced to 2s Sterling per lb. Add cases.

3213..... } *Paint*, from Arthur Simons, London Jan. 30, 1896.
11351..... }

20 drums, entered at 22s/6d advanced to 24s/9d Sterling per cwt., packed.
10 drums entered at 32s/6d advanced to 35s/9d Sterling per cwt., packed.
10 drums entered at 37s/6d advanced to 41s/3d Sterling per cwt., packed.

3238..... } *Oriental rugs*, from H. Telfeyan, Constantinople, Feb. 13, 1896.
11471..... }

72 Rugs, entered at 34.350 advanced to 37.785 Piasters per total.
Discount 5 per cent. Add packing.

EVIDENCE OF PROPER PAYMENT OF VOUCHERS.

(Superseding Department Circular No. 48, of March 23, 1896.)

1896.
Department Circular No. 75.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY,

Washington, D. C., May 20, 1896.

The following regulations, in the matter of the evidence required by the accounting officers as proof of payment of vouchers, are published for the information and guidance of disbursing officers of the United States:

1. Vouchers must be stated in the name of the person, firm, company, or corporation rendering the service or furnishing the articles for which payment is made.

2. If the payee be a firm, the receipt to the voucher should be in the usual firm signature, signed by a member of the firm; if an incorporated or unincorporated company, the receipt should be in the company name, followed by the autograph signature of the officer (with his title) authorized to receive the money and receipt therefor.

3. Evidence of the authority of the officer receipting for an incorporated or unincorporated company must accompany the voucher unless the payment is made by a check drawn on a United States depository *to the order of the company*, and that fact, with the date and number of the check and name of the depository, is stated on the voucher.

4. When a disbursing officer is satisfied that an attorney or agent is authorized to receipt for his principal, whether an individual, firm, company, or corporation, the receipt of the principal by the attorney or agent will be sufficient, without proof of authority accompanying the voucher, provided that payment is made by a check drawn on a United States depository and *payable to the order of the principal*, and the memorandum required in the preceding paragraph is made upon the voucher.

5. These regulations will not affect any additional regulations of the several Departments, but are intended as a statement of all that is required by the accounting officers as proof that payments are made to the proper persons.

R. B. BOWLER,
Comptroller.

APPROVED:
J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary.

ENTRY OF GOODS FOR IMMEDIATE TRANSPORTATION, UNDER ACT OF JUNE 10, 1880, MAY BE MADE AT THE PORT OF FIRST ARRIVAL ON PRO FORMA INVOICE, IN ABSENCE OF CERTIFIED INVOICE, AND WITHOUT BOND.

1896.
Department Circular No. 76.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., May 25, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The question has been presented to the Department whether, under the act of June 10, 1880, entries of imported goods valued at over $100, for immediate transportation, may be legally made at the port of first arrival on a *pro forma* invoice without the filing of a bond at such port for the production of a certified invoice, in view of the provisions of section 4 of the act of June 10, 1890, which prescribes that "except in the case of personal effects accompanying the passenger, no importation of any merchandise exceeding one hundred dollars in dutiable value shall be admitted to entry without the production of a duly certified invoice."

The question was submitted to the Solicitor of the Treasury, and in his reply (annexed hereto) that officer advises the Department that section 4 of the Administrative Act does not apply to entries made at the first port of arrival under the act of June 10, 1880, and that entries for immediate transportation, under the last-named act, may be made at the port of first arrival on *pro forma* invoices, in the absence of certified invoices, without the filing of a bond at such port for the production of certified invoices.

The Department accepts this opinion as a rule for the guidance of officers of the customs in the cases to which it refers. Nothing herein shall dispense with the filing of the proper bond on entry at the port of destination.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
OFFICE OF THE SOLICITOR OF THE TREASURY,
Washington, D. C., May 18, 1896.

SIR: Acting Secretary Hamlin, under date of the 15th instant, incloses letters of the collectors of customs at New York and San Francisco, relating to entries for "immediate transportation," under the act of June 10, 1880, and requests my opinion as to whether entries for such transportation may be made at the port of first arrival on *pro forma* invoices in the absence of certified invoices, and whether the filing of bonds at such port for the production of such certified invoices is requisite.

It is suggested that the decisions of the Department on this point have not been uniform, and that a definite settlement of the question is desired.

It is admitted on the one hand that the procedure at the first port is mainly for the purpose of securing proper record of the importation and of obtaining the material for liquidation of the ship's manifest; and, on the other hand, it is claimed that under section 4 of the Administrative Act no entry can be made of which the value exceeds $100 without the production of a certified invoice or the filing of a bond to produce the same.

It appears to have been frequently decided that the "immediate transportation" law was enacted for the purpose of establishing the equalization of conditions at the interior and exterior ports; so that merchandise arriving under an "immediate transportation" entry is to be treated in all respects at the interior port as if it were the port of first arrival, and that the formalities at the port of first arrival are merely such as are indispensable to the custom-house records.

It is conceded also by the Acting Secretary that no entry can be made at the port of delivery without certified invoice, or, in its absence, a proper bond for its production. The special question now propounded relates to the port at which such bond shall be filed.

In G. A. 968, the General Appraisers held that—

"The manifest purpose of the act of June 10, 1880, was to place importers at interior ports upon a footing as nearly as practicable with importers at the exterior ports. The terms of the act sustain the theory that the entry required at the exterior port is simply for the purpose of clearing the records of such port, and of properly safeguarding the shipment of the merchandise to its destination, where *real entry thereof may be made, duly verified by the required declaration of the owner, importer, or ultimate consignee.*"

It seems to me that while an entry is required to be made at the seaboard port of arrival, such entry is only formal in character. The object of such entry is for the purpose of tracing and identifying the same, or estimating the duties, or for comparison of the invoices and bills of lading of the goods, by description and quantity of the goods that have actually arrived. Upon the arrival of goods at the interior port of destination, the conductor, master, or agent is required to report to the collector at such port the fact of such arrival, and to deliver the manifest to him. Proceedings are then taken by way of appraisement, liquidation, etc., as in the case of goods entered for liquidation at the port of first arrival in this country.

The last sentence of section 4 of the act of June 10, 1890, provides that when entry of merchandise exceeding one hundred dollars in value, is made by a statement in the form of an invoice, the collector shall require a bond for the production of a duly certified invoice.

The act of June 10, 1880, providing for the "immediate transportation" of dutiable goods, directs that the collector at the port of first arrival shall allow the merchandise to be shipped immediately after the entry prescribed in section 2 of the act, has been made. Section 2 prescribes that the collector at the port of first arrival shall retain in his office a permanent record of the merchandise to be forwarded to the port of destination, and such record shall consist of a copy of the invoice and entry, whereon the duties shall be estimated as closely as possible on the merchandise so shipped; but no oaths shall be required on the said entry.

This section further prescribes that the merchandise shall not be subject to appraisement and liquidation of the duties at the port of first arrival, but shall undergo such examination as the Secretary of the Treasury shall deem necessary to verify the invoice; and the same examination and appraisement shall be required and had at the port of destination as would have been required at the port of first arrival if such merchandise had been entered for consumption or warehouse at such port. The act proceeds to direct how the merchandise shall be transported; the quadruplication of invoices; the ports to which it may be transported, etc., etc.

I do not think that section 4 of the Administrative Act, prescribing that no entry can be made of which the value exceeds $100 without the production of a certified invoice or the filing of a bond to produce the same, applies to goods imported under the act of June 10, 1880.

I am, therefore, of the opinion that entries for "immediate transportation" under the act of June 10, 1880, may be made at the port of first arrival on *pro forma* invoices, in the absence of certified invoices, and that the filing of a bond at such port for the production of certified invoices is not requisite in such cases.

Very respectfully, F. A. Reeve, *Solicitor.*

Hon. J. G. Carlisle,
Secretary of the Treasury.

O

NO RELIQUIDATION REQUIRED OF ENTRIES OF CURRANTS LIQUIDATED FREE UNDER DECISION OF BOARD OF GENERAL APPRAISERS OF APRIL 1, 1895 (G. A. 3028), UNAPPEALED FROM, PRIOR TO DECISION OF UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT HOLDING CURRANTS DUTIABLE UNDER PARAGRAPH 217 OF ACT OF AUGUST 28, 1894.

1896.
Department Circular No. 77.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., May 27, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The Department has received an opinion rendered on March 26, 1896, by the United States circuit court for the northern district of California, on the appeal of the collector at San Francisco from the decision of the Board of General Appraisers, in the matter of the classification of currants, of which the following is a copy:

In the Circuit Court of the United States, Ninth Circuit and Northern District of California.

"*Zante currants.*"

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION AND PETITION OF JOHN H. WISE, ESQ., COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS FOR THE PORT OF SAN FRANCISCO, STATE AND NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA, FOR A REVIEW OF THE QUESTIONS OF LAW AND FACT INVOLVED IN A DECISION OF THE BOARD OF UNITED STATES APPRAISERS ON DUTY AT NEW YORK, IN THE MATTER OF THE CLASSIFICATION OF CERTAIN CURRANTS, MERCHANDISE IMPORTED BY S. L. JONES & CO. } **No. 12102.**

OPINION.

An application and petition was filed by the collector of customs for the port of San Francisco for a review, under section 15 of the Customs Administrative Act of June 10, 1890, of the decision of the Board of United States General Appraisers in relation to the classification of and duty on certain currants imported by S. L. Jones & Co. The Board of General Appraisers held that the currants imported were not Zante currants and, therefore, did not come within the provisions of paragraph 217 of tariff act of August 28, 1894, commonly known as the Wilson Bill, but did come within the provisions of paragraph 489, and were not subject to duty as being not otherwise provided for. Decision of the Board of General Appraisers reversed.

H. S. Foote, Esq., United States district attorney, and Samuel Knight, Esq., assistant United States attorney. A. P. Van Duzer, Esq., for importers S. L. Jones & Co.

MORROW, district judge:

This is an application and petition by John H. Wise, collector of customs of the port of San Francisco, for a review of the questions of law and fact involved in the decision of the Board of United States General Appraisers, at the port of New York, in the matter of the classification of an importation of 500 barrels

of currants at the port of San Francisco, under the act of Congress, entitled "An act to reduce taxation, to provide revenue for the Government, and for other purposes," approved August 28, 1894, and commonly known as the Wilson Bill. The currants were imported on March 19, 1895, from Liverpool, on board of the British ship *Drumburton*, and were invoiced as "Plum pudding label J. Currants," and were so entered at the custom house. They came originally from Patras, Greece. Thereafter, on April 12, 1895, the collector of customs classified said currants as "Zante currants," and as dutiable, under paragraph 217 of the act of Congress above referred to, at the rate of one and a half cents per pound. The importers entered their protest against this ruling of the collector and appealed to the Board of General Appraisers, then on duty at the port of New York, claiming that said article was not Zante currants, but currants grown in the provinces of Greece, on the mainland, and, therefore, free of duty as dried fruit not otherwise provided for, and that said currants are not commercially known as raisins or dried grapes. The Board of General Appraisers decided in favor of the importers. To reverse this decision, the collector brings the question before this court, under section 15 of the Customs Administrative Act of June 10, 1890, for a review and for a construction of law respecting the classification of said currants and the duty, if any, imposed thereon.

It is objected, at the outset, that this court has no jurisdiction of this matter for the reasons, first, that the decision of the Board of General Appraisers is final, and, second, that the collector had no authority from the Secretary of the Treasury to bring the matter into this court for a review of the decision of the Board. These objections are disposed of by the language of section 15 of the Customs Administrative Act of June 10, 1890, which provides as follows: "That if the owner, importer, consignee, or agent of any imported merchandise, *or the collector*, or the Secretary of the Treasury, shall be dissatisfied with the decision of the Board of General Appraisers, as provided in section fourteen of this act, as to the construction of the law and facts respecting the classification of such merchandise and the rate of duty imposed thereon under such classification, they, or either of them, may, within thirty days next after such decision, and not afterwards, apply to the circuit court of the United States, within the district in which the matter arises, for a review of the questions of law and fact involved in such decision." Nothing is said about first obtaining authority from the Secretary of the Treasury to bring the matter within the jurisdiction of the circuit court, and it is evident that no such authority is required.

The collector of customs claims that the currants in question are Zante currants, and that they are expressly included in paragraph 217 of the present tariff act, which reads as follows: "Plums, prunes, figs, raisins, and other dried grapes, *including Zante currants*, one and one-half cents per pound." The importers contend that the currants are not Zante currants, but they are Provincial currants; that is, that they come from Patras, Greece, on the mainland, and not from the Island of Zante, and are covered by paragraph 489, which places on the free list "Fruits, green, ripe, or dried, not specially provided for in this act."

The evidence now before the court for its consideration consists (1) of the testimony and exhibits introduced before the Board of General Appraisers and incorporated in their return to the order of this court of July 17, 1895, directing them to transmit the record of said matter and the evidence taken by them therein, together with a certified statement of the facts involved in the case, and their decision thereon; (2) of the testimony and exhibits introduced in this court before the special referee in San Francisco.

Without entering into a minute consideration as to the effect and sufficiency of the evidence taken before the Board of General Appraisers at New York, it is sufficient to say that it is completely overcome by the evidence taken in this court before the referee. Eight witnesses were called by the protestant in New York; several of them professed to have more or less knowledge concerning Zante currants, but none of them appear to be experts. They certainly were not expert viticulturists or horticulturists, nor, so far as their testimony shows, had any of them made a special study of the Zante currant or of currants in general. Several of them admitted that they were not experts and knew but little about Zante currants. Such knowledge as they did possess appears to have been acquired in the course of dealing in dried fruits and by reason of importations made of currants, and while sufficient for the ordinary purposes of trade, it can not be said to be sufficiently competent to be accepted as binding expert testimony. Four of the witnesses identified a sample of the importation as being, not a Zante currant, but a Patras currant from the mainland. Four other witnesses testified that the expression "Zante currants" was understood to mean currants from the Island of Zante alone and not from the mainland. All these witnesses were subjected to little, if any, cross-examination. One witness, in the course of his examination, stated that a Zante or Patras currant was a fruit other than a grape. This was clearly an error, and is completely and conclusively overcome and refuted by the unanimous testimony of all the witnesses, both for the Government and the importers, who testified in this court before the referee.

The testimony taken before the referee is in marked contrast to that given before the Board at New York. The witnesses, on the part of the Government, some 23 in number, were experts in every sense of the word, and proved themselves thoroughly conversant with the Zante currant, not only botanically

but commercially as well. Among them were professors of viticulture and horticulture at the State and Stanford Universities, several experienced vineyardists and growers of raisins, and also dealers and importers of the Zante currant on this coast. Some of them testified that they had made experiments in the growing of Zante currants in this State. They were subjected to a rigid cross-examination. The protestant produced but three witnesses, one of whom was the importer, and all of whom displayed a conspicuous want of knowledge upon the subject. Such opinions can not stand as against the positive statements of the experts in the case, who have made the question one of actual study, observation, and experiment. It would prolong this opinion to an unwarrantable length to rehearse the testimony given. It preponderates largely to the effect that the term "Zante currants" is a well-known commercial expression among importers, dealers, and growers of raisins, and relates to and comprehends a kind of raisin made from a small, seedless grape grown not only in the Island of Zante, but, also, and to a much greater exent, on the mainland of Greece and other neighboring localities. "Zante currants" is simply its English name. It derives the name of "currants" from the fact that, in times past, it was shipped from the city of Corinth, Greece. In German it is called "Korinthen;" in French, "raisin de Corinthe;" in Spanish, "pasas de Corinto." It is a raisin grape as distinguished from the shrub currant, with which its name may confound it, but from which it is entirely distinct, the former belonging to the grapevine family, or *vitis vinefera*, of plants, the latter to the shrub, or *ribes*. A Zante currant, on the vine, is a small-sized grape; when picked and dried it is a "dried grape" or kind of raisin, whose popular and commercial designation is "Zante currants."

In the Century Dictionary, "currant" is defined as "A very small kind of raisin or dried grape imported from the Levant, chiefly from Zante and Cephalonia, and used in cooking." Precisely the same definition is given in Webster's International Dictionary, issued in 1890. In the Encyclopedia Brittanica (edition 1877) the following definition is found: "*Currant.* The dried, seedless fruit of a variety of the grapevine, vitis vinefera, cultivated principally in Zante, Cephalonia, Ithaca, and near Patras in the Morea." In the Standard Dictionary of the English Language, published in 1885, a currant is defined to be "a small seedless raisin imported from the Levant and called usually *dried currant* and *Zante currant.*"

While it is true that dictionaries are not, of themselves, evidence, still they may be referred to "as aids to the memory and understanding of the court." (*Nix* v. *Heddend*, 149 U. S., 304, 307, and cases there cited.)

It may be interesting, in this connection, to refer briefly to the testimony of Dr. Gustav Eisen, curator of the Academy of Sciences, of San Francisco, as acknowledged authority on viticulture and horticulture, who testified that he had made the Zante currant one of the objects of his researches and studies. He gave the following account of the history of that grape or vine: "The first time we hear of the Zante currant is about the year 1333, when we know from some manuscripts and other publications in England that there was considerable trade carried on between the Venetians and the English in northern Europe, generally in a fruit that was known as the 'raisin of Corinth.' That fruit trade in 'Corinth,' or 'Corinths,' as they are known in several European languages to-day, was carried on for several hundred years, until the time when the Turks conquered Greece. Then it was to their interest to prevent the foreign traders from entering the Gulf of Corinth. That was some time in the 16th century. * * * In other words, the Zante currant was originally only grown on the mainland of Greece, and shipped from the town of Corinth. The principal growth was along the Gulf of Corinth. After the Turks conquered Greece, the trade in currants died out completely. Then the currant was later on introduced to the Island of Zante, in about the middle of the 16th century, 1550 or 1560, or thereabouts, * * * in order to create a new industry for the islands. Since that time the currants have been known generally as Zante currants, regardless of their place of growth. For a long time afterwards there were no currants grown at all, or at least there were no currants shipped from the mainland of Greece. That is of much later date when the currant was again reintroduced from Zante to the mainland of Greece. But during the last few years, or during the last years, the trade and cultivation of the currants has increased enormously on the mainland of Greece, and to such an extent that now the proportion of currants from the mainland is a great many times more than that on the island. While the island produces about eight thousand tons, the mainland of Greece produces one hundred and forty thousand or one hundred and fifty thousand tons of Zante currants." E. W. Hilgard, professor of agriculture at the State University, testified that a Zante currant was "a raisin made from a small grape which grows in the Ionian Islands, and also in the archipelago there; also on the mainland of Asia Minor. They are dried and prepared in various ways, and shipped to the whole world. It is the only region that, so far, has produced this grape to perfection." Without going further into the evidence, it is enough to say that, as a whole, the following four propositions of fact were, to my mind, conclusively established: (1) That the currants comprising the importation in question, of which Exhibit "1" is a sample, are Zante currants; (2) that Zante currants are a kind of raisin; (3) that Zante currants are grapes dried; and (4) that Zante currants are not the product exclusively of the Island of Zante, but they are produced also on the mainland of Greece, in the archi-

pelago, and other places, and in much larger quantities than on the island. Being Zante currants, they come within the language of paragraph 217, as above set forth, and are subject to the duty of one and a half cents per pound therein prescribed.

But counsel for the importers claims that the use of the word "Zante" indicates that Congress meant to limit the imposition of the duty on currants produced only in the Island of Zante, and that, as the importation involved in this case came originally from Patras, in Greece, on the mainland, and is a product of the provinces of Greece, therefore it is not subject to the duty imposed by paragraph 217, but, on the contrary, it is entitled to free entry under paragraph 489, which exempts from duty "Fruits, green, ripe, or dried, not especially provided for in this act."

In interpreting a name or expression applied to articles upon which duties of importation are laid, it is well settled that Congress uses such terms in their ordinary commercial sense rather than in their distinctive or technical sense. As was said in Andrews on the Revenue Laws (p. 181): "It may be asserted, as a general principle, that tariff laws are to be construed according to the commercial meaning of the terms used in them. They are written in the language of commerce rather than the language of science; and if resort was not had to the terms and usages of commerce for their interpretation, they would operate with injustice to the importer, and involve the revenue officers in constant controversy." See, also, to the same effect, the following authorities: *Lee* v. *Lincoln*, 1 Story, 610, Fed. cas. 8, 195; *Two Hundred Chests of Tea*, 9 Wheat., 430; *Barlow* v. *United States*, 7 Pet., 404; *United States* v. *112 Casks of Sugar* v. *Martin*, 3 How., 106; *Tyng* v. *Grinnell*, 92 U. S., 467; *Arthur*, 8 Pet., 277; *Elliott* v. *Swartout*, 10 Pet., 137; *Curtis* v. *Morrison*, 96 U. S., 108; *Swan* v. *Arthur*, 103 U. S., 597; *Schmieder* v. *Barney*, 113 U. S., 645; *Drew* v. *Grinnell*, 115 U. S., 477; *Arthur* v. *Butterfield*, 125 U. S., 70; *Robertson* v. *Salomon*, 130 U. S., 412; *Hartranft* v. *Wiegemann*, 121 U. S., 609; *Am. Net and Twine Co.* v. *Worthington*, 141 U. S., 468; *Earnshaw* v. *Cadwalader*, 145 U. S., 247; *Nix* v. *Hedden*, 149 U. S., 304.

In *Tyne* v. *Grinnell*, *supra*, it was said by Mr. Justice Clifford that "Tariff laws are passed to raise revenue; and, for that purpose, substances are classed according to the general usage and known denominations of trade. Whether a particular article is designated by one name or another in the country of its origin, or whether it is a simple or mixed substance, is a matter of very little importance in the adjustment of our revenue laws, as those who frame such laws are chiefly governed by the appellations which the articles bear in our own markets and in our domestic and foreign trade. (*United States* v. *Smith*, 9 Wheat., 438.) Laws regulating the payment of duties are for practical application to commercial operations, and are to be understood in a commercial sense; and this court, sixty years ago, decided that Congress intended that they should be so administered and understood. (*United States* v. *Goodale*, 8 Pet., 279.) Such laws, say this court, are intended for practical use and application by men engaged in commerce; and hence it has become a settled rule, in the interpretation of statutes of the description, to construe the language adopted by the legislature, and particularly in the denomination of articles, according to the commercial understanding of the terms used. (*Elliott* v. *Swartout*, 10 Pet., 151.)

Congress must be understood, says Taney, C. J., as describing the article upon which the duty is imposed, according to the commercial understanding of the terms used in the law, in our own markets; and the court held in that case that Congress, in imposing the duty, must be considered as describing the article according to the commercial understanding of the terms used in the act of Congress when the law was passed imposing the duty. (*Curtis* v. *Martin*, 3 How., 109.) Suffice it to say, without multiplying authorities, that the rule of law is settled, that the question, whether an imported article is or is not known in commerce by the word or terms used in the act imposing the duty, is a question of fact for the jury, and not a question of construction; and of course it must, in a case like the present, be determined by the court as a question of fact, the issues of fact as well as of law, being submitted to the court. (*Lawrence* v. *Allen*, 7 How., 797.) In *Am. Net and Twine Co.* v. *Worthington* (141 U. S., 468, 471), this principle was thus briefly and succinctly summed up: "It is a cardinal rule of this court that, in fixing the classification of goods for the payment of duties, the name or designation of the goods is to be understood in its known commercial sense, and that their denomination in the market when the law was passed will control their classification without regard to their scientific designation, the material of which they may be made or the use to which they may be applied." The word "commercial" in this connection, is to be understood in its comprehensive sense of buying, selling, and exchange in the general sales or traffic of our own markets. (18 Opinions of Attorney-General, 530, 532; *Earnshaw v. Cadwalader*, 145 U. S., 247, 258.) It is, also, a rule in the interpretation of revenue laws that, "where Congress has designated an article by a specific name and imposed a duty upon it, general terms in the same act, though sufficiently broad to comprehend such article, are not applicable to it; in other words, the article will be classified by its specific designation, rather than under a general description." (*Homer* v. *The Collector*, 1 Wall., 486; *Arthur* v. *Lahey*, 96 U. S., 112; *Arthur* v. *Stephani*, 96 U. S., 125; *Movius* v. *Arthur*, 95 U. S., 144; *Am. Net and Twine Co.* v. *Worthington*, 141 U. S., 468, 474.)

Applying these rules of interpretation to the facts of the case at bar, and it is obvious that the term "Zante currants," used in paragraph 217 of the Wilson Act, was employed in its commercial sense,

as understood in this country, and applies to all currants of that name or kind wherever produced in foreign countries, and that it has no reference, technically, to currants coming alone from the Island of Zante. No restrictions or exceptions as to places are either expressly or impliedly made. The mere fact that the currants, comprising the importation in this case, bear the name of "Zante," an island in the archipelago, is of itself devoid of particular significance as indicating that Congress meant to tax currants which come only from the Island of Zante. The tariff act, in the enacting clause, applies to "all articles imported from foreign countries." As a matter of fact, the evidence tended to show that much larger quantities of Zante currants, so-called, are grown and exported from the provinces of Greece than from the Island of Zante, and that those grown on the mainland are still known, commercially, in this country, as Zante currants. In other words, "Zante currants" is the commercial name for this variety of grape when dried into raisins. It would be unreasonable to suppose that Congress, in imposing duties on Zante currants in the general language employed, intended to tax those coming from the Island of Zante alone, and not those which come, in much larger quantities, from other localities. Such an interpretation would result in an unfair and unwarranted discrimination between foreign places of produce, which, in the absence of clear and unambiguous words to the contrary, should not be imputed to Congress. It is but fair to assume that, had it intended to limit the imposition of import duties on Zante currants grown and exported from that island only, it would have so stated in clear and plain language. Counsel for the importers claims, however, that the fact that the statute has the capital letter "Z" in the word "Zante" indicates that Congress intended that currants from that island alone should be taxed. This argument is without merit. The use of the capital "Z" is of no significance as indicating such an intent as claimed. The observance of grammatical propriety would require the use of the capital. It is a proper name, and it is a well-settled rule of grammatical construction that proper names used as adjective elements, such as the word "Zante" in the phrase "Zante currants," should retain the capital letter. While it is true that the article in this case derives its name, etymologically, from the Island of Zante, yet, according to the greater weight of the evidence, the term "Zante currants," understood commercially in this country, applies to that article wherever produced, whether it be on the Island of Zante, or on the mainland in the provinces of Greece, or elsewhere.

It is further claimed by counsel for the importers, that in view of the fact that Congress dropped the expression "or other," contained in the provision in the tariff law of 1883 (Morrison Act), paragraph 293 thereof, which imposed a duty of one cent per pound on "currants, Zante *or other*," and, also, in the provision in the tariff law of 1890 (McKinley Act), paragraph 578 thereof, which declared "currants, Zante *or other*," free of duty, indicates that, in referring to Zante currants in paragraph 217 of the present law, it had reference exclusively to currants grown on the Island of Zante. This was the view which seems to have been taken by the Board of Appraisers.

The opinion of the Board contains this language: "In the tariffs named 'or other' followed 'Zante.' The omission of these words, the use of the word 'including,' and the specific enumeration of Zante currants in paragraph 217 would indicate that Congress excluded from the operation of the paragraph all but Zante currants. If it was the intention to make all currants dutiable it was very simple to say 'all other dried grapes including currants,' and not as it reads, 'including Zante currants.'" The Board found that: (1) "The goods were not Zante currants; (2) they are not commercially known as raisins or dried grapes." The appraisers were influenced largely, no doubt, in their conclusions, by the evidence introduced before them tending to show that this importation came originally from Patras, Greece, and that the term "Zante" referred exclusively to currants produced on the Island of Zante. But, as stated above, this evidence was met and completely overcome by the testimony of the experts and other witnesses in this court, who had had superior opportunities for study, observation, and experiment, and were, therefore, in a much better position to become familiar with and know the Zante currant and its commercial relation and designation. It is urged, in this connection, that the decision of the Board of Appraisers should not be reversed where there is a substantial conflict of the evidence. Several cases in support of this position are cited by counsel for the importers, among them that of *In re* Bing *et al.* (66 Fed. Rep., 727). The court there held that it would not set aside the decision of the Board, even if against the weight of the evidence, where the Board had sufficient evidence to warrant its finding. But such a rule can have little, if any, application to a case like the present, where additional testimony of the highest character was taken, and where the ultimate question decisive of the controversy is as much one of law as of fact.

My opinion is, that the classification of the article imported and involved in this case as "Zante currants," made by the collector of the port of San Francisco is correct, and that it is therefore subject to the duty prescribed in paragraph 217, of one and a half cents per pound. The opposite decision reached by the Board of General Appraisers is erroneous and should be reversed, and it is so ordered.

(Indorsed: Opinion. Filed March 26, 1896. W. J. Costigan, clerk, by W. B. Beaizley, deputy clerk.)

You will be guided by this decision in all cases arising hereafter at your port.

The question has arisen as to the reliquidation of entries liquidated free of duty, under a decision of the Board of General Appraisers, rendered April 1, 1895, which decision was accepted by the Department and promulgated (Synopsis 16004) prior to the appeal taken by the collector at San Francisco in the case in which the United States circuit court rendered the decision above quoted.

On March 16, 1887, in a letter to the collector at Philadelphia, regarding a somewhat similar condition, the Department used the following language:

"It is questionable whether the right to reliquidate entries at advanced rates, and to proceed against importers for the amount thus found due after the duties have been paid and the goods have passed into consumption, has been extended to the Government. In any event the Department is satisfied that such an interpretation of the statute would be at least inequitable and unjust, and contrary to the principles set forth in its decision of April 12, 1879 (Synopsis 3972), inasmuch as the parties, having disposed of the merchandise at prices based upon duties already collected, have no means of reimbursing themselves for any additional duties subsequently collected by the Government."

The collector was thereupon directed to apply the decision of the Department, as to the proper classification, only to such entries as covered merchandise arriving subsequent thereto, and merchandise remaining in the possession of the Government.

In accordance with the views expressed in this Synopsis, the Department now holds that no reliquidation shall be made of free entries of currants which were completed and the merchandise delivered, before the issuance of Department's notification to collectors, on April 4, 1896, of the recent decision of the United States circuit court for the ninth circuit.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

O

CONNEAUT, OHIO, A SUBPORT OF ENTRY IN THE DISTRICT OF CUYAHOGA, OHIO.

1896.
Department Circular No. 78.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., May 28, 1896.

To Officers of the Customs and others concerned:

The following act of Congress, approved May 19, 1896, establishing the port of Conneaut, Ohio, a subport of entry in the district of Cuyahoga, Ohio, is published for the information of all concerned.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

AN ACT To establish the port of Conneaut, in the State of Ohio, as a subport of entry in the district of Cuyahoga, in said State of Ohio.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the port of Conneaut, in the State of Ohio, be, and the same is hereby, declared to be a subport of entry in the district of Cuyahoga, in said State of Ohio, from and after the passage of this Act.

Approved, May 19, 1896.

1896.
Department Circular No. 79.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., May 28, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending May 9, 1896.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

REPORT ON REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING MAY 9, 1896.

N. B.—*In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.*

No. of reappraisement.

11714..... *Flax lace tidies &c.*, from ——— Paris, Mar. 25, 1896.
Linen renaissance tidies, entered at from 4.50 to 47.00 advanced to from 4.60 to 55.00 Francs each.

11776..... *Mfs. of metal*, (*brass wire cloth*) from Geo. Christie Lt'd Glasgow, Apr. 3, 1896.
No. 70 mesh brass wire cloth, entered at 7d advanced to 8d Sterling per square foot.
No. 80 mesh brass wire cloth, entered at 8d advanced to 9d Sterling per square foot.
Add cases and packing.

11828..... *Fire crackers*, from Melchers & Co., Canton, Feb. 28, 1896.
2″ 40/40 cannon crackers, and 2″ 20/80 cannon crackers, entered at .70 advanced to .73½ Mexican dollar per box.
64/40 cannon crackers, entered at .57½ Mexican dollar per box, No Advance.
Discount 2 per cent.
Less export duty, freight and coolie hire, lekin tax deducted on entry not allowed on reappraisement.

11779.... ..... *Brushes*, from The Star Brush Co., Lt'd. London, Mar. 28, 1896.
No. 000 plain, entered at 6s /5d Sterling per gross.
No. 000 varnished, entered at 8s /– Sterling per gross, No Advance.
less 1d allowed on varnishes, discount 2½ per cent.

11739..... } *Mfs. of wool and cotton*, from Simon, Israel & Co., Bradford Mar. 19 and 31, 1896.
11570..... }

50″ black meltons, H 4010, entered at 6½d advanced to 7d Sterling per yard.

Discounts 2½ per cent & 1¼ per cent. Add making up and packing.

11571.....*Mfs. of wool and cotton*, from ——— Bradford, Mar. 19 1896.

54″ black melton H. 4010, entered at 6½d advanced to 7d Sterling per yard.

56″ black worsted coatings, No. 06050, entered at 1s /4½ Sterling per yard, advanced to 1s/5d.

Discounts 2½ per cent & 1¼ per cent? Add making up and packing.

11725..... { *Wool knit wearing apparel*, (*ladies sweaters, wool and mohair shawls*) from A. Bounen, Halle, Mar. 30, 1896.

Ladies sweaters, 100/3, 5121/5, 410/11, 411/11, 412/11, Entered at 43. Marks per dozen, No Advance.

Ladies sweaters, 313/V and 100/4, entered at 45. Marks per dozen, No Advance.

Ladies sweaters, 100/5, entered at 47. Marks per dozen, No Advance.

Ladies sweaters, 511/92 and 1210/2, entered at 32. Marks per dozen, No advance.

Ladies sweaters, 5124/2, entered at 33. Marks per dozen, No Advance.

Ladies sweaters, 5102/3, entered at 72. Marks per dozen, No Advance.

Mohair shawls, 145, entered at 27.25 advanced to 29.75 Marks per dozen.

11740.....*Colored Cottons, &c.*, from Simon Israel & Co., Bradford, Mar. 13, 1896.

54″ fast black cotton coating 06056/9, entered at 10¾d advanced to 11½d Sterling per yard.

56″ black union coatings 06050, entered at 1s/4½d advanced to 1s/5d Sterling per yard.

Discounts 2½ per cent & 1¼ per cent.

Add making up and packing.

11234.....*Colored Cotton*, from Weiss-Freis & Co., Mulhouse, Jan. 30, 1896.

Organdi F. 80 c/m serie 2, entered at .58 advanced to .61 Mark per meter.

Organdi a filets 80 c/m serie 4, entered at .70 advanced to .75 Mark per meter.

Organdi O 80 c/m, entered at .43 advanced to .47 Mark per meter.

Plumetis 75 c/m serie 2, entered at .54, advanced to .59 Mark per meter.

Plumetis 75 c/m, serie 3, entered at .56 advanced to .61 Mark per meter.

Plumetis, 75 c/m, serie 3, entered at .52 advanced to .57 Mark per meter.

Batiste a seillets 76 c/m, serie 1, entered at .72 advanced to .75 Mark per meter.

Batiste a seillets, 76 c/m serie 2, entered at .73 advanced to .76 Mark per meter.

Batiste a seillets 76 c/m, serie 3, entered at .74 advanced to .78 Mark per meter.

Satinette robe 80 c/m, serie 1, entered at .50 advanced to .53 Mark per meter.

Satinette uni 80 c/m, entered at .46 advanced to .48 Mark per meter.

Add packing and cases.

11690.....*Silk wearing apparel*, from D. Scheidegger Graedel, Huttwyl Mar. 23, 1896.

832 1V. L. N. N. S. ladies spun silk vests, cream, sky and pink, entered at 21.80 advanced to 23.95 Francs per dozen.

832 V. L. N. N. S. ladies spun silk vests, cream, sky and pink, entered at 23. advanced to 25.30 Francs per dozen.

832 V1. L. N. N. S. ladies spun silk vests, cream, sky and pink entered at 24.20 advanced to 26.60 Francs per dozen.

Entered discount 10 per cent, advanced discount 10 per cent & 2 per cent.

Less inland freight to Havre.

11789.....*Mfs. of silk*, from ——— Yokohama, Mar. 27, 1896.

23–50 white habutai, entered at 6.20 advanced to 6.50 Silver Yen per 100 momme.

Add cases.

11719.....*Decorated glassware*, from August Parth, Arnsdorf, March 6, 1896.

Punch bowls, saucers, wine glasses, cups etc., entered at from .20 to 1.40 advanced to from .30 to 1.75 Florins each.

11288.....
11289.....
11320.....
&c.....
} *White and decorated china*, from Societe la Ceramique, Limoges, Jan. 4, 23, and 31, and Feb. 6 and 14, 1896.

Advanced 10 per cent.

11815.....*Decorated china etc.*, from Geo. Borgfeldt & Co., Prague, Mar. 20, 1896.

China plates, No. 176, entered at .95 Florin per dozen, discount 10 per cent, advanced to .95 Florin per dozen, discount 5 per cent.

10317.....
10796.....
} *Flax thread*, from Robert Stewart & Son, Lisburn, Nov. 6 and Dec. 24, 1895.

Polished yarn w. brown 3 and 4 cord satin in hanks and bundles, entered at 32s/– advanced to 40s/– Sterling per dozen.

Polished yarn w. brown 3 cord satin in hanks and bundles entered at 28s/– advanced to 32s/– Sterling per dozen.

Polished yarn W. brown 6 cord satin in hanks and bundles entered at 36s/– advanced to 40s/– Sterling per dozen.

Polished yarn W. brown 3 cord satin in hanks and bundles entered at 31s/ advanced to 32s/ Sterling per dozen.

Discount 25 per cent add packing. Less inland freight.

10318.....*Flax thread*, from Robert Stewart & Son, Lisburn, Oct. 23, 1895.

Polished yarn W. brown 3 cord satin in hanks and bundles entered at 25d/– advanced to 29d/– Sterling per lb.

Polished yarn W. brown 3 and 6 cord satin in hanks and bundles, entered at 28d/– advanced 32d/– Sterling per lb.

Polished yarn W. brown 4 cord satin in hanks and bundles entered at 32d/– advanced to 36d/– Sterling per lb.

Polished yarn W. brown 2 and 3 cord satin in hanks and bundles entered at 22d/– advanced to 29d/– Sterling per lb.

Discount 25 per cent. Add packing. Less inland freight.

11787.....*Pickles, sauce, decorated carthenware and china*, from Kwong Yuen Shing, Hongkong, Oct. 15, 1895.

Pepper jams, entered at .90 Mexican dollar per barrel, No Advance.

Fruit jams, entered at 2.35 advanced to 2.50 Mexican dollars per barrel.

Earthenware, entered at .80 advanced to .90 Mexican dollar per package.

China tetete, entered at .35 advanced to .50 Mexican dollar per bundle.

11777.....
11791.....
} *Pickles*, from J. Feyret, Bordeaux, Mar. 30, and April 3, 1896.

Capers nonpareille, entered at 4.15 advanced to 4.45 Francs per case. of 12-2 flacons.

Capers nonpereille, entered at 16.60 advanced to 17.80 francs per case. of 48-2 flacons.

Less freight.

11831.....
11864.....
11865.....
11866.....
Refined sugar above 16 D. S. from C. Czarnikow, Hamburg, Mar. 22, 23, 28 and 31, 1896.

Entered at various prices advanced to 13s/8d Sterling per cwt. packed.

11808.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Samuel Abbott, St. Kitts, Mar. 12, 1896.

Testing 88.80 entered at .02.48 less N. D. charges, advanced to .02.41 U. S. Currency per lb., packed.

11810.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from C. Brauet & Co., Guantanamo Mar. 18, 1896.

Testing 96.00, centrifugal, entered at .02.15/16 add bags, advanced to .03.125 Spanish gold per Spanish lb., packed.

11728.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from J. E. Huffington, Macoris, Feb. 14, 1896.

Testing 96.30, first centrifugal, entered at .02.26 advanced to .02.51 U. S. Dollars per lb., packed.

Testing 86.95, second centrifugal, entered at .01.84 advanced to .01.922 U. S. Dollars per lb., packed.

To entered price add bags.

11755.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Julian Cendoya, Santiago, Feb. 28, 1896.

Testing 92.25 molasses, entered at .02.30 advanced to .02.659 Spanish gold per lb., packed.

To entered price add bags.

11837.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from E. J. Sadler, Savanna-la-mar Mar. 31, 1896.

Testing 99.30, centrifugal, entered at £12. 19s. 6d. advanced to £13. 8s. 7.43d Sterling per ton., packed.

11799.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from R. Crooks & Co., Liverpool, Mar. 20, 1896.

Entered at 10s /9d, discount 2½ per cent, advanced to 11s /– Sterling per cwt., packed., net.

11838.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Jos. Shearer, Falmouth, Mar. 30, 1896.

Testing 90.65, entered at 11. 10s. 10d. advanced to 11. 15s. 6½d Sterling per ton., packed.

11807.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from S. T. Horsford, St. Kitts. Mar. 10, 1896.

Testing 89.40, muscovado, entered at .025 less N. D. charges, advanced to .02.4325, U. S. Dollars per lb., packed

Testing 88.40, muscovado, entered at .0246 less N. D. charges, advanced to .02.3825 U. S. Dollars per lb. packed.

11809.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Robert Glegg, Nevis, March 11, 1896.

Testing 86.05, entered at 02.37 less N. D. charges, advanced to .02.236 U. S. Dollars per lb., packed.

Testing 85.80, entered at .02.28 less N. D. charges, advanced to .02.22 U. S. Dollars per lb. packed.

11834.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from B. Fereccio, Macoris, Feb. 28, 1896.

Testing 95.40, centrifugal, entered at .02.13 advanced to .02.5525 U. S. Dollars per lb., packed.

Testing 88.65, molasses, entered at .01.60, advanced to .02.118 U. S. Dollars per lb /, packed.

Testing 95.95, centrifugal, entered at .02.13, advanced to .02.586 U. S. Dollars per lb., packed

Add bags to entered prices. at 36 cents each.

2810 o. p..... Phila..... } *Sugar above 16 D. S.* from Armbruster & Kalkow, Magdeburg, Dec. 30, 1895.

Entered at 13s/8d less freight & N. D. charges, advanced to 12s/5d Sterling per cwt., packed.

2863 o. p..... Phila..... ..... } *Sugar above 16 D. S.* from Dudok De Wit & Co., Amsterdam, Jan. 22, 1896.

W. S. R. granulated, entered at 14s/6d, less freight advanced to 14s/3d Sterling per cwt., packed.

Deduct N. D. charges from entered price.

2864 o. p..... Phila..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Jas. Rougie & Co., Glasgow, Jan. 11, 1896.

Entered at 9s/9d less freight and N. D charges. advanced to 9s/3d Sterling per cwt., packed.

2874 o. p..... Phila..... } *Sulphate of ammonia*, from Bradbury & Hirsch, Liverpool, Jan. 29, 1896.

Entered at £7. 17s. 9½d, add bags, at 7s/6d per ton, advanced to £8. 8s. 9d. Sterling per ton.

2859 o. p..... Phila..... } *Sulphate of ammonia*, from Dunn Bros., Manchester, Jan. 21, 1896.

Entered at £9. 2s. 6d. less freight and N. D. charges advanced to £8. 8s. 9d. Sterling per ton.

2802 o. p..... Phila. ... . } *Decorated earthenware*, from Anthony Shaw & Co., Burslem, Dec. 30, 1895.

Entered at discounts of 45 per cent, 5 per cent and 5 per cent, advanced discounts 40 per cent 5 per cent and 5 per cent.

2873 o. p..... Phila..... } *Surface coated paper*, from Leon Haenle, Munich, Jan. 17, 1896.

Middle yellow new gold paper, entered at 10.90 Marks per ream, discount 2 per cent, add cases, less freight to Hamburg, advanced by disallowance of part of amount deducted as freight to Hamburg, amount of deduction allowed as freight 36 Pfennige per ream.

3056 o. p..... Chicago..... } *Beaded trimmings*, from Marshall Field & Co., Annaberg, Feb. 26, 1896.

No. 184, entered at .80 Marks per 11 meters, discounts 5 per cent & 1 per cent No Advance. less inland freight.

2716 o. p..... Chicago..... } *Mfs. of wool*, from G. R. Portway, Leeds, Nov. 26, 1895.

Mixed worsteds, entered at from 2s/11½d to 3s/3½d Sterling per yard, No advance.
Black twill entered at 3s/10½d Sterling per yard, No Advance.
Blue and black twill, entered at 2s/3d and 3s/8d Sterling per yard, No Advance.
Less ¼ yard in 10, less $\frac{1}{37}$th discount 3¾ per cent.

2694 o. p..... San Francisco.. } *Green olives in casks*, from Antonia Garcia, Seville, July 11, 1895.

Padron, 90/100, entered at 75. reappraised at 50. Pesetas per fanega.
120/30 Reina 1ª entered at 25. advanced to 32.50 Pesetas per Fanega.
130/40 Reina 2ª, entered at 20. advanced to 27.50 Pesetas per Fanega.

3025 o. p..... San Francisco.. } *Plain white porcelain*, from James P. Donald & Co., Hamburg, Nov. 25, 1895.

Casserols ⅛ liter, entered at .50 Mark per piece, discount 25 per cent, add cases and packing, No Advance.

3016 o. p.....
3017 o. p.....
San Francisco..
Mfs. of silk, from Mendelson Bros., Yokohama, Mar. 14, & 23, 1896.

White habutai, 2nd. quality, 50x22 yards 6 momme grade, entered at 6.60 Silver Yen per 100 momme No advance.

White habutai, 2nd. quality 22x50 yards 6½ grade, entered at 6.80 Silver Yen per 100 Momme No advance.

Brocade, 24x25 yards, 10 grade, 2nd. quality, entered at 7.50, Silver Yen per 100 momme, No Advance.

Koshu kaiki, 20x50 yards, 9½ grade, entered at 6.60 advanced to 6.75 Silver Yen per 100 Momme.

Dyed Oshu habutai, 20x50 yards, 5½ grade, entered at 6.75 Silver Yen per 100 momme, No advance.

3002 o. p.....
Eagle Pass.....
Live cattle, from ——— Ojmaga, Mexico, Dec. 5/95.

Calves, entered at 4. Mexican dollars each, No Advance

One year old steers, entered at 7. advanced to 8. Mexican dollars each.

Two year old steers, entered at 9. advanced to 10. Mexican dollars each.

Three year old steers, entered at 14. advanced to 15. Mexican dollars each.

Cows, entered at 10. advanced to 11. Mexican dollars, each.

3003 o. p.....
Presidio.....
Live cattle, from J. Goodman, Mexico.

Calves, entered at 3. advanced to 4. Mexican dollars each

One year old steers, entered at 6. advanced to 8. Mexican dollars each.

Cows, entered at 9. advanced to 11. Mexican dollars each.

One year old steers, entered at 7. advanced to 8. Mexican dollars each.

Two year old steers, entered at 9. advanced to 10. Mexican dollars each.

Three year old steers, entered at 14. advanced to 15. Mexican dollars each.

Cows, entered at 10. advanced to 11. Mexican dollars each.

Calves, entered at 4. Mexican dollars each, no advance.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS

3278.....
11584.....
Sugar not above 16 D. S. from J. Bueno & Co., Guantanamo Feb. 20, 1896.

Testing 86.15, molasses, entered at .02.99 add bags, advanced to .02.372 Spanish Gold per lb./, packed.

3248.....
11282.....
Sugar not above 16 D S. from J. Talbo, Jr., Pernambuco, Feb. 1, 1896.

6500 bags, entered at a total of 4096. 14s. 10d. advanced to 19S/– Sterling per 100 kilos.

3251.....
9633.....
3252.....
9716.....
Asphaltum (Refined) manufactured article, from Trinidad Asphalt Co., Trinidad, Sept. 18, 1895.

Asphaltum refined, entered at 40 cents advanced to $8.65 U. S. Currency per ton.

Add carting and digging at 75 cents and boating at 60 cents per ton.

3265.....
11514.....
Silk veiling, from ——— Paris, Mar. 11, 1896.

Chenillette, 35 c/m, No. 253, blanc and noir, entered at .22 advanced to .24 Franc per meter.

Chenillette 70 c/m, No. 69, Magpie, entered at .44 advanced to .48 Franc per meter.

Discount 2 per cent. Add cases.

3283..... .....
11404..... } *Cotton wearing apparel, (gloves)* from Carl Scherf, Limbach, Feb. 20, 1896.

No. 40 M. size 5/10, mens white military Berlin gloves 1 B. L ½″ welt lisle pt., entered at 3.55 advanced to 3.60 Marks per dozen.

No. 41 size 7/8½ mens white military Berlin gloves 1 B. L. 1″ welt, silk pt., entered at 3.20 advanced to 3.70 Marks per dozen.

No. 120 size 11/13 mens white Berlin gloves 1 B. L ½″ welt lisle pt., entered at 1.50 advanced to 1.90 Marks per dozen.

No. 500 E, size 12/13 mens white Berlin gloves 1 B L. ½″ welt, silk pt., entered at 1.80 advanced to 1.90 Marks per dozen

No. 500 E. size 12/13 mens white Berlin gloves 1 B. L. ½″ welt, silk pt., entered at 1.85 advanced to 1.90 Marks per dozen.

No. 300 size 8/9 Boys white Berlin gloves 1 B. L. ½″ welt lisle pt. entered at 1.65 advanced to 1.85 Marks per dozen.

No. 1000 sizes 11/13 mens spoiled black &c., Berlin gloves 1 B. L. ½″ welt lisle pt., entered at 1.25 advanced to 1.80 Marks per dozen.

No. 400 size 10/12 mens black taffeta gloves 2 B. L. 1″ welt fine kid pt., entered at 7.25 Marks per dozen, No advance.

No. 300 size 10/12, mens black taffeta gloves 2 B. L. 1″ welt fine kid pt., entered at 5.65 advanced to 6.10 Marks per dozen.

No. 700 size 10/12 mens imitation black taffeta gloves 2 B. L 1″ welt fine kid pt., entered at 3.65 advanced to 4.05 Marks per dozen.

No. 710 size 11/13 mens imitation white taffeta gloves 2 B. L. 1″ fine kid pt., entered at 3.50 advanced to 3.90 Marks per dozen.

No. 25 size 11/13 Mens Berlin gloves job lot black and spoiled 1 B. L. ½″ welt lisle pt., entered at 1.25 advanced to 1.80 Marks per dozen.

No. 2700 size 10/13 mens imitation taffeta black 1 B. L. ½″ welt silk pt., entered at 3. advanced to 3.35 Marks per dozen.

No. 500 E size 12/13 mens white Berlin gloves 1 B. L. ½″ welt silk pt., entered at 1.60 advanced to 1.80 Marks per dozen.

Add packing charges. Discount 6 per cent.

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1896.
Department Circular No. 80.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., June 3, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following act of Congress, approved May 22, 1896, establishing customs ports of delivery at Pueblo, Durango, and Leadville, Colo., and for other purposes, is published for the information of all concerned.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

AN ACT To establish customs ports of delivery at Pueblo, Durango, and Leadville, Colorado, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Pueblo, Durango, and Leadville, all in the State of Colorado, be, and are hereby, made customs ports of delivery, and attached to the port of Denver, in said State, with all the rights and privileges now accorded by law to said port of Denver, the surveyor of customs of which port shall supervise the customs business at said Pueblo, Durango, and Leadville in the same manner and to the same extent as at Denver.

SEC. 2. That such other places in the State of Colorado as the Secretary of the Treasury may designate from time to time shall be ports of delivery, with all the privileges now accorded by law to the port of Denver, Colorado, the surveyor of customs of which port shall supervise the customs business transacted at such places in the same manner and to the same extent as at Denver.

Approved, May 22, 1896.

1896.
Department Circular No. 81.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., June 3, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following act of Congress, approved May 18, 1896, constituting Syracuse, N. Y., a port of delivery, is published for the information of all concerned.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

AN ACT Constituting Syracuse, New York, a port of delivery.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Syracuse, in the State of New York, be, and is hereby, constituted a port of delivery, and that the privileges of immediate transportation of dutiable merchandise conferred by the seventh section of the Act of June tenth, eighteen hundred and eighty, entitled "An Act to amend the statutes in relation to the immediate transportation of dutiable goods, and for other purposes," be, and the same are hereby, extended to said port; and there shall be appointed a surveyor of customs to reside at said port, who shall receive a salary, to be determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, not exceeding one thousand dollars per annum.

Approved, May 18, 1896.

1896.
Department Circular No. 82.
Division of Special Agents.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., June 4, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The appended opinions, dated, respectively, the 20th and 26th ultimo, of The Honorable the Attorney-General, as to the proper construction of certain articles in the treaty between the United States and China, signed March 17, 1894, and proclaimed by the President December 8, 1894, relating to the departure from and return to this country of Chinese laborers, are published for the information and guidance of all concerned.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
Washington, D. C., May 20, 1896.

SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge your communication of May 13, asking an official opinion as to the construction and operation of Article III of the Convention of 1894 between the United States and China (28 Stat., 1211).

This article provides that "Chinese subjects, being officials, teachers, students, merchants, or travellers for curiosity or pleasure, but not laborers," when seeking admission into the United States, "may produce a certificate from their government *or the* government where they last resided." The question has arisen whether Chinese subjects belonging to the privileged classes above mentioned, and who are residents of the British colony of Hongkong, may obtain admission to the United States upon production of a certificate signed by the registrar general in that colony. I assume, for the present purposes, that the registrar general is the proper representative of the Colonial Government.

While called a convention, the document to which you refer is clearly a treaty within the meaning of the Constitution of the United States. It is, therefore, so far as its provisions are self-executing, a part of the supreme law of the land. It is my opinion that the provisions of the article under consideration are self-executing. Its language is clear. It requires a certificate from the Government of the colony of Hongkong; it requires nothing more than that. Its requirements would not be satisfied by a certificate from the Government of China.

The act of July 5, 1884, ch. 220, sec. 6, requires that certificates in similar cases should be issued by the Chinese Government, "or of such other foreign government of which at the time such Chinese person shall be *a subject.*" Prior, therefore, to the treaty of 1894, a certificate from the authorities at Hongkong would have been insufficient in the cases now under consideration, and a certificate from the Chinese Government would have been necessary.

You ask my opinion whether the treaty "waives or modifies the requirement of" the act of 1884. As the treaty is subsequent to the statute, and as its provisions are self-executing, I am of the opinion

that it does modify the requirement of the statute, so that the certificate must now come from Hongkong and not from China. (The Cherokee Tobacco, 11 Wall., 616, 621; Whitney *v.* Robertson, 124 U. S., 190, 194; 13 Op., 354.)

Very respectfully,

HOLMES CONRAD,
Acting Attorney-General.

The SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
Washington, D. C., May 26, 1896.

SIR: I have the honor to give my opinion, as requested in your letter of the 22d instant, upon the proper construction of Article II of the convention between the United States and China, concerning the subject of emigration, proclaimed March 17, 1894.

By Article I the coming of Chinese laborers to this country is absolutely prohibited for a period of ten years. Article II provides that such prohibition shall not apply to the return to this country of registered Chinese laborers having certain specified relatives here, or property, or debts of a certain value; but requires, as a condition of the right of such laborer to return, the deposit by him with the collector of customs of the district from which he departs of a written description of his family, property, or debts. The collector is required to furnish him with a certificate of his right to return. Article II then proceeds as follows:

"And such right of return to the United States shall be exercised within one year from the date of leaving the United States; but such right of return to the United States may be extended for an additional period, not to exceed one year, in cases where by reason of sickness or other cause of disability beyond his control, such Chinese laborer shall be rendered unable sooner to return, which facts shall be fully reported to the Chinese consul at the port of departure, and by him certified, to the satisfaction of the collector of the port at which such Chinese subject shall land in the United States. And no such Chinese laborer shall be permitted to enter the United States by land or sea without producing to the proper officer of the customs the return certificate herein required."

Your letter with its inclosure presents the case of three Chinese laborers duly registered at Boston, according to law and Treasury Regulations, and furnished with proper certificates in accordance with the treaty, who left the country from the district of Vermont, and after visiting China presented themselves for readmission at the same place in the district of Vermont, after an absence of almost thirteen months. They were refused admission because the facts justifying the extension of the period of return were not reported "to the Chinese consul at the port of departure, and by him certified," etc., the collector holding such port of departure to be Canton, China, at which place they left that country, or Hongkong, a British port, at which they took ship. It appears that there is, of course, no Chinese consul at Canton, and that, for local and political reasons, the British Government permits none at Hongkong.

Your inquiry is whether the "port of departure," at which the facts of sickness or disability are to be so reported, is the port from which the laborer goes from this country, or that from which he starts on his return.

It is a well-known fact that Chinese laborers who leave this country almost invariably return to their own. This fact was, of course, well known to the framers of the treaty. They knew also that no country has consuls at its own ports. It seems clear, therefore, that they could not have meant the port of departure from China.

If this be true, it appears to follow that the framers of the treaty must have meant the port from which the laborer departs from this country. He is required to deposit a written description of his family, property, or debts, "with the collector of customs of the district from which he departs."

While, at first glance, the phrase "port of departure" may appear, from its use in connection with the phrase "port at which such Chinese subject shall land in the United States," to indicate the point of beginning of the voyage of return, this appearance must give way before the manifest necessity of so construing the treaty, if possible, as to give it the operation which the parties plainly intended it to have. Besides, the two phrases may both fairly be construed as referring to the United States, requiring the fact of unavoidable detention to be reported to the Chinese consul at the port where the person desiring to return left this country, and the certificate thereof to be sent to the collector of the port at which he desires to reenter it.

As Chinese consuls in this country are received by our Government and subject to recall on their request, it was naturally willing to trust to their good faith, and the Chinese Government, one of the parties to the treaty, had the right to require of them the service it imposes. The only other possible

construction is that the phrase, "Chinese consul at the port of departure," was intended to designate our consuls at Chinese ports, but such construction would require an entire change of the language used. When that meaning was intended, Article III shows that the makers of the treaty knew how to express it. That article, in providing for the rights of Chinese officials, students, merchants, etc., to come to and reside in the United States, authorizes "a certificate from their government or the government where they last resided viséd by the diplomatic or consular representative of the United States in the country or port whence they depart."

While the language of the section you submit is not explicit, and the question presented can not, therefore, be answered with entire freedom from doubt, my opinion is that the officer to whom the facts of sickness or disability are to be reported, is the consul who represents the Chinese Government at the place whence the laborer left the United States. While the words used, "port" and "land," usually relate to a sea voyage, they were used because the Chinese generally go and come by sea, and not because it was the intention to limit the right to return to such as travel in that way. This is apparent from the last sentence of the section: "And no such laborer shall be permitted to enter the United States by land or sea without producing to the proper officer of the customs the return certificate herein required." Instances where expressions suggested by the commonest form of the subject dealt with have been held to apply to all its forms, are not uncommon in judicial decisions.

Moreover, the word "port" does not always mean a seaport when it is used in connection with our customs officers, and the word "land" is not necessarily limited to disembarkation from a ship.

It appears to be necessary for the laborer to leave this country at a place which is a port and is within the jurisdiction of a Chinese consul, and that he should return to it at a port of entry where there is a collector; but as his right to depart and return by land as well as by sea is recognized by the treaty, these places need not be seaports.

As the manifest object of this clause of the treaty was to relieve returning Chinese laborers from the consequences of sickness or casualty, the argument from inconvenience is not without weight. Detentions from these causes are quite likely to occur after the commencement of a long voyage which, in their absence, would accomplish the return before the expiration of the year. Sickness, storms, or the many mishaps of ocean travel, may require the statement mentioned in the treaty on arrival in the United States, although it seemed unnecessary before starting. These facts must have been in the minds of the framers of the treaty; yet, if any other construction be adopted than that which I have indicated, the unfortunate traveler would have to return to the place from which he started, or undergo the long delay which would be required to communicate the facts to the officer at that point and receive his certificate thereof.

Very respectfully,

JUDSON HARMON,
Attorney-General.

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REAPPRAISEMENTS OF MERCHANDISE BY UNITED STATES GENERAL APPRAISERS.

1896.
Department Circular No. 83.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., June 4, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending May 16, 1896.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

REPORT ON REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING MAY 16, 1896.

N. B.—*In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.*

No. of Reappraisement.

11945.....*Surface coated paper*, from Leonard Biermans, Turnhout, Apr. 16, 1896.

Red flint No. 7948, green flint No. 2897 maroon flint No. 7957 Red flint No. 1923 & 7954 and bronze flint No. 6008 20x24 24″ entered at 4s/10d advanced to 5s/2d Sterling per 500 sheets.

White flint No. 4733 20x24, 24″ entered at 4s/10d advanced to 5s/8d Sterling per 500 sheets.

Silk green flint No. 7988, 24x25, entered at 6s/1d advanced to 6s/3d Sterling per 500 sheets.

Blue green flint No. 3963, 20x25, entered at 5s/1d advanced to 5s/2d Sterling per 500 sheets.

Discount 5 per cent. Less inland freight.

11958.....*Razors*, from W. & S. Butcher, Sheffield, Apr. 23, 1896.

Razors in cases, 304x5/8 &c. entered at 10s/– advanced to 11s/8d Sterling per dozen.

Razors in cases, 305x5/8 &c., entered at 10s/ advanced to 12s/6d Sterling per dozen.

Discount 5 per cent. Add cases.

11465.....*Stereotype plates*, from Sampson, Long, Marston & Co., Ltd., London, Feb. 28, 1896.

Stereotype plates, entered at £5. 5s. 8d. advanced to £5. 19s. 0d. Sterling per total.

Stereotype plates, entered at £4. 8s. 8d. advanced to £4. 19s. 2d. Sterling per total.

11796.....*Sponges*, from ——— Nassau, April 4, 1896.

Medium small yellow, entered at 40 advanced to 44 cents U. S. currency per lb.,

Add packing at 50 cents per bale.

10273.....*Decorated glassware*, from Mills, Walker & Co., Stourbridge Sept. 30, 1895.
Odd vases stock, entered at 6s/6d advanced to 10s/–Sterling per dozen.
Add cases.

11923.....*Distilled oil*, (*blast furnace creosote oil*) from Robert Crooks & Co., Liverpool, Feb. 28, 1896.
Blast furnace creosote oil, (J. Greenshield & Co., Cowan & Kinghorn) entered at 2s/6d add barrels at 4s/2d and 4s/4d Sterling per barrel,
Advanced by addition of cost of bunging, marking and cooperage.

11645.....*Cod liver oil*, from Harvey & Co., St. John's,/March, 27th 1896.
Impl. cod liver oil, entered at 154.55 advanced to 170. U. S. Dollars per tun.
Add packing charges.

11907.....*Silver leaf, aluminum, leaf, bronze powder &c.*, from Ludw. Spiegelberger, Furth, Apr. 1, 1896.
Silver leaf, $3\frac{3}{4}$, entered at 2.30 Marks per pack of 500 leaves., no advance.
Aluminum leaf, 4, entered at 2. Marks per pack of 500 leaves., no advance.
Bronze powder, gold color, entered at 2.60 Marks per lb.
Add cases.

11774.....*Mfs. of shell and metal*, from Abdallah J. Marcos & Freres, Bethlehem, Mar. 8, 1896.
Chapelets nacre round quality 11. No. 1, entered at 3.50 advanced to 4.50 Francs per dozen.
Chapelets nacre round 11. No. 2, entered at 4. advanced to 5.25 Francs per dozen.
Chapelets nacre round 11. No. 3, entered at 4.50 advanced to 5.75 Francs per dozen.
Chapelets nacre longue, quality 11. No. 1, entered at 4. advanced to 5.25 Francs per dozen.
Chapelets nacre round quality 11 No. 2, entered at 5. advanced to 7.50 Francs per dozen.
Chapelets nacre round, quality 1. No. 3, entered at 7. advanced to 8. Francs per dozen.
Chapelets nacre round quality 1. No. 4, entered at 9. advanced to 11.50 Francs per dozen.
Chapelets nacre round quality 1, No. 5, entered at 12. advanced to 15.35 Francs per dozen.
Chapelets nacre longue, quality 1, No. 1, entered at 5. advanced to 6.25 Francs per dozen.
Chapelets nacre longue quality 1, No. 2, entered at 7. advanced to 9.50 Francs per dozen.
Chapelets nacre longue quality 1, No. 4, entered at 9. advanced to 12.25 Francs per dozen.
Chapelets nacre longue quality 11. No. 2, entered at 5. advanced to 7.50 Francs per dozen.
Discount 2 per cent. Add cases etc.

11968.....*Brooms*, from D. Kohlmann, Weyerdeelen, Jan. 20, 1896.
1/XXXV. entered at .30 advanced to .43 Mark per dozen. Add packing.

11540.....*Orange boxes*, from A. Baker, Liverpool, Mar. 2, 1896.
Entered at 1s /2d advanced to 1s /4d Sterling per box.

11897.....*Bleached cotton*, from Jos. Kraus, Nachod, Mar. 28, 1896.
Brilliantine, entered at .30 Mark per meter, No advance.
Add case and packing.

11971.....*Table knives and forks*, from Wm. Dawson, Sheffield, April 9, 1896.

Nos. 119 and 112, self tip carvers boxed, entered at 2s/4d advanced to 2s/6d Sterling per pair.

No. 115 stag carvers boxed, entered at 1s/8d advanced to 1s/10d Sterling per pair.

No. 109 W. bone carvers boxed, entered at 1s/9d advanced to 1s/11d Sterling per pair.

No. 116 stag carvers boxed, entered at 2s/ advanced to 2s/2d Sterling per pair.

No. 111½ self tip carvers boxed, entered at 10d advanced to 11d Sterling per pair.

No. 113½ stag carvers boxed, entered at 9d advanced to 9½d Sterling per pair.

No. 106 w. bone carvers boxed, entered at 1s/3d advanced to 1s/4d Sterling per pair.

Add cartons, wrappers etc.,

11937.....*Silk wearing apparel etc/.*, from Soy Ying Chong, Hongkong, Mar. 17, 1896.

Silk handkerchiefs, entered at 3.60 advanced to 4.10 Mexican dollars per box.

Silk handkerchiefs, entered at 2.81¼ advanced to 3.30 Mexican dollars per box.

Silk shirts, entered at 2.20 advanced to 2.75 Mexican dollars per piece.

Silk shirts, entered at 2.25 advanced to 2.45 Mexican dollars per piece.

Silk shirts, entered at 1.75 advanced to 2.00 Mexican Dollars per piece.

Silk shirts, entered at 2.80 advanced to 3. Mexican dollars per piece.

Silk shirts, entered at 1.70 advanced to 1.85 Mexican dollars per piece.

Silk shirts, entered at 1.50 advanced to 1.65 Mexican dollars per piece.

Silk shirts, entered at 1.75 advanced to 1.90 Mexican dollars per piece.

Silk trousers, entered at 1.80 advanced to 1.95 Mexican dollars per pair.

Silk trousers entered at 1.20 advanced to 1.50 Mexican dollars per pair.

Silk ribbon, entered at 2.10 advanced to 2.30 Mexican dollars per total.

Silk trousers, entered at 1.50 advanced to 1.65 Mexican dollars per pair.

Silk shirts, entered at 2.80 advanced to 3.05 Mexican dollars per piece.

11507.....*Silk velvets*, from Riboud Freres, Lyons, Mar. 10, 1896.

50 c/m, black cotton velvet, entered at 7. advanced to 9.50 Francs per meter.

Black cotton velvet, 50 c/m, entered at 8. advanced to 10.50 Francs per meter.

Black cotton velvet, 50 c/m, entered at 6.25 advanced to 8. Francs per meter.

Blanc faille 53 c/m, entered at 2.15 Francs per meter, No advance.

Blanc faille 53 c/m, entered at 2.40 Francs per meter. No Advance.

Faille faconne noir 54 c/m, entered at 3.10 Francs per meter, No Advance.

Discount 20 per cent. Add packing.

11783.....*Mfs. of silk and linen*, from A. Plattard, Paris, April 9, 1896.

No. 398 linen and silk, entered at 1.80 advanced to 1.95 Francs per meter.

Entered discounts 15 per cent & ½ per cent, advanced discount 15 per cent

Add cases and boxes.

11814.....*Mfs. of silk and cotton*, from Albert Lehmann, Lyons, April, 4, 1896.

Bengaline 60 c/m, colored, entered at .90 advanced to 1.05 Francs per meter.

Discount 20 per cent.

11899.....*Matches*, from G. Z. Akawo, Hiogo, Mar. 20, 1896.

Safety matches, entered at 14.75 advanced to 16.

Safety matches, entered at 14.50 advanced to 15.

Silver Yen per case.

11565..... } *Steel tubes*, from Brown Bros., London, Mar. 12 & 26, 1896.
11641..... }

Entered at discounts of 70 per cent & 2½ per cent, advanced discount 67½ per cent.

11905.....
11750.....
11663.....
Worsted yarn, from Alfred Motte Freres, Roubaix, Mar. 25, April 1, and 15, 1896.

Partie 934 ecru, quality 114, trame 1/60 anglais, entered at 5.35 advanced to 5.75 Francs per kilo.

Partie 997, ecru, quality 114, trame 1/75 anglais, entered at 5.73 advanced to 6.13 Francs per kilo.

Deduction of insurance and freight from entered price disallowed on reappraisement.

10956. .....
11028.....
11252.....
&c.....
Tambboured cotton shams, from Hummel & Seelig, St. Gall, Jan. 14, 20 and 21, 1896.

Cambric pillow sham and runners, invoice value sustained.

11607.....*Cotton lace curtains*, from Hood, Morton & Co., Glasgow, Mar. 11, 1896.

White and ecru, 50″ 3½ yards, taped, No. 4820, and white and ecru 48″ No. 4817, 4818 and 4820, 3½ yards, taped, entered at 1s/11d advanced to 2s/— Sterling per pair.

White and ecru 60″ 3 yards, taped, No. 6029 and 6030, entered at 5s/9d advanced to 6s/— Sterling per pair.

White and ecru 54″ 3½ yards, taped, No. 5454 and 5455 and white 54″ No. 5456, 3½ yards, taped, entered at 3s/1d Sterling per pair, No Advance.

White and ecru 60″ 3½ yards, taped, No. 6005 entered at 6s/3d advanced to 6s/6d Sterling per pair.

Ecru 60″ 3½ yards, taped, No. 6031, entered at 3s/9d Sterling per pair, No Advance.

White 54″ 3½ yards, taped, No. 5452, entered at 3s/6d advanced to 3s/9d Sterling per pair.

Add cases and packing. Discount on entered price 2½ per cent Advance discount 5 per cent.

11662..... .....
11925.....
Cotton lace curtains, from W. E. Meats & Co., Nottingham, Mar. 27 and Apr. 16, 1896.

W. T. curtains, 3½ yards, No. 6882, entered at 5s/9d advanced to 6s/3d Sterling per pair.

E. T. curtains, 3½ yards, No. 7036, 7050 and 7086 entered at 5s/6d advanced to 6s/— Sterling per pair.

Dis. 2½ per cent. Less inland carriage. Add cases.

11675.....*Flax lace curtains and sets*, from Celine Mayer, Paris, Mar. 24, 1896.

Garniture M. Atte. creme, 1469, entered at 42.00 Francs per set.

Garniture M. Atte. jaunes, No. 1472, entered at 50. Francs per set.

Curtains renaiss. 3½ yards No. 1385, entered at 30. Francs per pair.

Curtains renaiss. 4 yards, No. 1483, entered at 40. Francs per pair.

Curtains arabes, 4 yards, No. 1496, entered at 90. Francs per pair.

Discount 5 per cent. Add cases.

11383..... *Wool dress goods*, from Hefti & Co., Hatzingen, Feb. 15, 1896.

Vigoureux, 21366, 108/110 c/m, entered at 1.13 advanced to 1.30 Francs per yard.

Vigoureux, No. 21375, 114 c/m, entered at 1.69 advanced to 1.90 Francs per yard.

Vigoureux, No. 21379, 114, c/m, entered at 1.12 advanced to 1.30 Francs per yard.

Vigoureux, No. 21380, 114 c/m, entered at 1.19 advanced to 1.35 Francs per yard.

Vigoureux, No. 21369, 114 c/m, entered at 1.29 advanced to 1.45 Francs per yard.

Discount 8 per cent. Add cases, packing etc.

11638.....*Mfs. of wool and cotton*, from Jos. Brooke & Co., Huddersfield, Mar. 24, 1896.

54″ fancy cheviots, 269/1, 4, 5 and 6, entered at 2s/3d advanced to 2s/3.68d Sterling per yard.

54″ fancy cheviots, 271/4, entered at 2s/4d advanced to 2s/4.70d Sterling per yard.

54″ fancy cheviots, 276/3, entered at 2s/6d advanced to 2s/6.75d Sterling per yard.

54″ fancy cheviots, 279/2, 2 and 6, entered at 2s/7½d advanced to 2s/8.29d Sterling per yard.

Less measure 1/37th, discount 5 per cent. Add making up and cases.

11616.....*Mfs. of wool and cotton*, from Halbot & Lens, Bradford, Mar. 18, 1896.

55/6″ black beavers, No. 700, entered at 1s/4d advanced to 1s/4.24d Sterling per yard.

Less 1 yard per piece. less 1/37th. discount 2½ per cent

add making up at 6d. per piece.

11760.....*Mfs. of wool*, from Ferd Heilborn & Co., Bradford, Mar. 26, 1896.

56″ black French black twill, No. 32808 &c., entered at 3s/1d advanced to 3s/1.93d. Sterling per yard.

Less measure 1/37th. Discount 5 per cent. add making up and packing.

11793..... } *Mfs. of wool and cotton*, from A. & S. Henry & Co., Ltd., Huddersfield, Mar. 29 and Apr.
11647..... .. } 10, 1896.

54″ fancy suiting wool, style 512 &c., entered at 1s/10d advanced to 1s/10.55d Sterling per yard.

54″ fancy suiting wool, style 528 &c., entered at 2s/– advanced to 2s/0.60d Sterling per yard.

54″ fancy suiting wool style 536 &c., entered at 2s/3d advanced to 2s/3.68d Sterling per yard.

Less 1/37th. discount 5 per cent. Add making up etc.

11614..... } *Mfs. of wool and cotton*, from Thos. B. Lee, Bradford, Mar. 11, 1896.
11615..... }

54″ wool cheviots, No. 200, entered at 1s/8d advanced to 1s/8½d Sterling per yard.

54″ boucle cloakings No. 202, entered at 1s/7d advanced to 1s/7.48d Sterling per yard.

Boucle cloakings No. 201, entered at 1s/5½d advanced to 1s/5.94d Sterling per yard.

56″ black cotton warp worsted, 15069½ entered at 1s/6½d advanced to 1s/6.96d Sterling per yard.

Less 1/37th, discount 5 per cent. Add case.

11879.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from ——— Savanna-la-mar, Mar. 31, 1896.

Testing 90.2848, entered at £11. 10s. 0d. advanced to £11. 14s. 6d. Sterling per ton., packed.

11889.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from E. Lapean, Nevis, Mar. 12, 1896.

Testing 84.05 entered at .02. add barrels, advanced to .02.111 U. S. dollars per lb., packed.

11955..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from J. B. Vicini, Santa Domingo, Mar. 27, 1896 Azua, Feb. 28,
11956..... } 1896, Santa Domingo Apr. 10/96
11977..... ..... }

Testing 94.12, centrifugal entered at .02.19, advanced to .02.5125 U. S. dollars per lb., packed.

Testing 89.35 molasses entered at .01.60 advanced to .02.15 U. S. Dollars per lb., packed.

Testing 86.05, muscovado entered at ./01.50, advanced to .02.1356 U. S. dollars per lb., packed.

11955.....
11956.....
11977.....
Sugar not above 16 D. S., etc.—Continued.

Testing 93.00 centrifugal entered at .02.11 advanced to .02.4425 U. S. dollars per lb., packed.

Testing 80.45, molasses entered at .01.60 advanced to .01.495 U. S. dollars per lb., packed.

Testing 94.73, centrifugal entered at .02.23 advanced to .02.60 U. S. dollars per lb., packed.

To entered prices add bags at 36 cents each.

11967.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from T. E. Williams, London, March 14, 1896.

Testing 80.133, entered at 9.85 add packing and marking discount 1¼ per cent, advanced to 10.937 Marks per cwt. packed.

11595.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S* from R. Crooks & Co., Liverpool, Mar. 14, 1896.

Entered at 10s /1½d advanced to 10s /6d Sterling per cwt. packed. Discount 2½ per cent.

11559.....*Sugar above 16 D. S.* from Robert Crooks & Co., Liverpool Mar. 18, 1896.

Standard granulated, entered at £14. 12s. 5d. advanced to £15. 0s. 0d. Sterling per ton., packed.

Fourths, entered at £12. 2s. 5d. advanced to £12. 10s 0d. Sterling per ton, packed.

Discount 2½ per cent.

11912.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from J. M. Vanecva, Manzanilla, March 20, 1896.

Testing 95.50, entered at .0399, add bags, reappraised at .0313, Spanish gold per Spanish lb., packed.

11888.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from L. Horsford, St. Kitts, Mar. 20, 1896.

Testing 83.45, entered at 02.37 advanced to .02.1525 U. S. dollars per lb., packed.

11885.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Samuel Abbott, St. Kitts, Mar. 20, 1896.

Testing 95.20, entered at .02.20½ advanced to .02.27 U. S. dollars per lb., packed.

Testing 89.15, entered at .02.20½ advanced to .02.512 U. S. dollars per lb., packed.

Testing 87.55 entered at .02.20½ advanced to .02.4164 U. S. dollars per lb., packed.

Testing 83.90, entered at .02.08 advanced to .02.188 U. S. Dollars per lb., packed.

Add hogsheads at $2.50 each.

11882.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Conrad Watson, Nevis, Mar. 20, 1896.

Testing 89.25, entered at .02.44 advanced to .02.515 U. S. dollars per lb., packed.

To entered price add bags.

11944.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from W. C. Kerr, Montego Bay, April 14, 1896.

Testing 90.20, entered at .02.4857 advanced to .02.545 U. S. dollars per lb., packed.

11872.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Booker Bros. & Co., Demerara, April 1, 1896.

Testing 97.06, entered at .02⅞ advanced to 02.908 U. S. dollars per lb., packed.

11873.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Da Costa, & Co., Barbados, April 8, 1896.

Testing 96.60, entered at .02.75 and .02.6 advanced to .02.859 U. S. dollars per lb., packed.

11913.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from J. L. Rameres, Manzanilla Mar. 20, 1896.

Testing 97.10, entered at .03. add bags, at .50 each. advanced to .03.198 Spanish gold per Spanish lb., packed.

11821..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from J. V. Drake & Co., Rotterdam, Magdeburg & Hamburg,
11844..... } Feb. 26, 25 and Mar. 12, 1896.
11870..... ..... }

Testing 92.434, entered at 12s/6d less N. D. charges, discount 1¼ per cent, advanced to 12s/10.15 Sterling per cwt. packed.

Testing 79.62, entered at 10.375, less N. D. charges discount 1¼ per cent advanced to 10.910 Marks per 50 kilos, packed.

Testing 81.432, entered at 10s/3d less N. D. charges, discount 1¼ per cent, advanced to 10s/11.648 Sterling per cwt., packed.

11824.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from F. G. Guerra, Havana, April 1, 1896.

Testing 95.74, entered at .03$\frac{1}{16}$ less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to .02.883 U. S. Gold per lb., packed.

11843..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Ransohoff & Wissler, Hamburg, Feb. 22, Brunswick, Mar.
11868..... .. } 14, 1896.

Testing 76.74, entered at 10s/4½d, less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to 10s/6.11d Sterling per cwt., packed.

Test 87.675, entered at 12.50 Marks per 50 kilos, advanced to 12s/0.7625d Sterling per 50 kilos, packed.

11840.. .....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Luis Redor, Guantanamo, March 25, 1896.

Testing 93.92, entered at .02.875, add bags, advanced to .02.984 Spanish gold per Spanish lb., packed.

11850.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from ——— Antwerp, Feb. 27, 1896.

Testing 91.16, entered at 12s/6d less N. D. charges, discount 1¼ per cent, advanced to 12s/5.24d Sterling per cwt., packed.

11832.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from L. A. Girand, Dominica, Mar. 16, 1896.

Testing 93.95 centrifugal, entered at .02.25 advanced to .02.71 U. S. dollars per lb., packed.

Testing 89.75, muscovado, entered at .02.25 advanced to .02.487 U. S. Dollars per lb., packed.

To entered prices add hogsheads at $2. each.

11823.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from J. M. Garcia, Manzanilla, March 4, 1896.

Testing 96.10, entered at .02⅞ less freight & N. D. charges, advanced to .03.103 Spanish gold per Spanish lb., packed.

11920.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from C. Czarnikow, Dunkirk, Feb. 22, 1896.

Testing 90.66, entered at 10s/9.75d less N. D. charges, advanced to 12s/1.425d Sterling per cwt., packed.

11820.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from C. Czarnikow, Rotterdam, Mar. 4, 1896.

Testing 73.95, entered at 10s/4½d, less N. D. charges, Dis. 1¼ per cent. advanced to 10S/0.425d Sterling per cwt., packed.

11867.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from C. Czarnikow, London, Mar. 10, 1896.

Testing 81.08, entered at 10s/4½d less N. D. charges, advanced to 10s/10.62d Sterling per cwt., packed.

11851..... }
11852..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from C. Czarnikow, Antwerp, Feb. 29, 28 and Mar. 13,, 1896.
11954..... }

Testing 81.8549, entered at 10s/4½d less N. D. charges, Dis. 1¼ per cent advanced to 10s/11.775d Sterling per cwt., packed.

11851.....
11852.....
11954.....
} *Sugar not above 16 D. S., etc.*—Continued.

Testing 90.00 entered at 12s/6d, less N. D. charges, discount 1¼ per cent, advanced to 12s/3½d Sterling per cwt., packed.

Testing 80.83, entered at 10s/4½d, less N. D. charges, discount 1¼ per cent, advanced to 10s/10.73d Sterling per cwt., packed.

11700..... *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Hidalgo & Co., Havana, Jan. 18, 1896.

Testing 85.60, entered at .02$\frac{1}{16}$ less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to .01.973 U. S. Gold per lb., packed.

11702.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from I. Rigney & Co., Manzanilla Feb. 10, 1896.

Testing 92.10, entered at .02. add bags, advanced to .02.4546 Spanish gold per Lb., packed.

11708.....
11709.....
11736.....
} *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Francke, Hijos, & Co., Havana, Mar. 18, 7, and Apr. 4, 1896.

Testing 94.78, entered at .02⅞ less freight & N. D. charges, advanced to .02.8175 U. S. gold per lb., packed.

Testing 94.42, entered at .02⅞ less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to .02.795 U. S. gold per lb., packed.

Testing 94. entered at .02⅞ less freight & N. D. charges advanced to .02.76875 U. S. gold per lb., packed.

2710 o. p.....
Chicago.....
} *Mfs. of wool*, from Lidden & Brierly, Huddersfield, Nov. 14, 1895.

Black No. 20531 entered at 4s /9d and blue No. 20531 entered at 5s /3d Sterling per yard, No Advance.

Less 1/37th 1/4 yard in 10, discount 2½ per cent add packing charges.

2947 o. p.....
2961 o. p.....
3008 o. p.....
Boston.....
} *Macaroni*, from Talbot Freres, Bordeaux, Dec. 14, 1895 and Mar 2 and 14, 1896.

Macaroni, entered at 5.84 advanced to 6.60 Francs per box of 25 one pound packages.

Macaroni, entered at 5. advanced to 5.67 Francs per box of 25 one pound packages.

Macaroni, invoiced at 9.80 advanced to 11. Francs per box of 50 one pound packages.

Macaroni, entered at 6. advanced to 6.60 Francs per box of 25 one pound packages.

3005 o. p.....
Boston.....
} *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Robert Crooks & Co., Liverpool, Mar. 6, 1896.

Entered at 10s /1½d advanced to 10s /6d Sterling per cwt., packed.

Discount 2½ per cent.

3030 o. p.....
Baltimore.....
} *English refined sugar above 16 D. S.* from Robert Crooks & Co., Liverpool, Mar. 17, 1896.

Entered at £12. 2s. 5d advanced to £12. 7s. 3d. Sterling per ton, discount 2½ per cent.

3031 o. p.....
Baltimore.....
} *Sugar above 16 D. S.*, from L. E. Lowenstam, Amsterdam, Mar. 27, 1896.

Granulated entered at 17.415 Florins per 100 kilos, advanced to 14s /9½d Sterling per cwt., packed.

2896 o. p.....
Phila.....
} *Mfs. of paper*, from G. Greinco & Co., London, Jan. 21, 1896.

Lanterns and balloons, entered at various prices, add cost of packing, discounts 40 per cent & 3¾ per cent, No Advance.

2996 o. p..... } *Sugar above 16 D. S.* from Jas. Rougie & Co., Glasgow, Mar. 18, 1896.
Baltimore.....

Medium, entered at 11s /9d less N. D. charges, advanced to 11s/10½d Sterling per cwt., packed, net.

3035 o. p..... } *Sulphate of Ammonia,* from Dunn Bros., Manchester, April 11, 1896.
Baltimore.....

Entered at 8. 10s. 0d., less freight, & N. D. charges. No Advance.

2989 o. p. ..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from J. M. Garcia, Manzanilla, Feb. 25, 1896.
Phila..... .....

Testing 95.75, entered at .02⅞ less freight & N. D. charges, advanced to .02.855 U. S. currency per lb., packed

2749 o. p..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from W. N. Corrni, Sr., Arroyo, Nov. 16, 1995.
Phila.....

Testing 88.30, entered at .02.88 add packing, advanced to .03. Porto Rico Currency per lb., packed.

2858 o. p..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Martin Greig & Co., Sourabaya, Nov. 1, 1895.
Phila.....

Testing 96.65, Java sugar, entered at 11s /3d less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to 9s /10½d Sterling per cwt. packed.

2916 o. p..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Erdmann & Sielcken, Samarang Sept. 23, 1895.
Phila.....

Testing 97.34, Java 1st., entered at 11s /3d less freight & N. D. charges, advanced to 10s /10 ½d Sterling per cwt. packed.

3021 o. p.....
3038 o. p..... } *Sulphate of ammonia,* from Peter McQuie & Son, Liverpool, Mar. 31, and Apr. 1, 1896.
Phila.....

Entered at £8. 0s. 11½d and £8. 1s. 4½d Sterling per ton. No Advance.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

3101..... } *Brushes, (paint and varnish brushes)* from Ed. Flemming & Co., Schoenheide, Jan. 10, 1896.
11015.....

Varnish brushes S. 70, No. 7, entered at 1.20 Marks per dozen. No Advance.
Varnish brushes, S. 70, No. 9, entered at 1.70 Marks per dozen. No Advance.
Paint brushes, S. 71, No. 6, entered at 1.40 Marks per dozen. No Advance.
Paint brushes, S. 71 No. 8, entered at 1.90 Marks per dozen. No Advance.
Paint brushes S. 71 No. 10, entered at 2.55 Marks per dozen. No Advance.
Entered discounts 15 per cent & 2½ per cent, advanced discount 10 per cent Add case.

3273.....
11484.....
3276..... .....
11568.....
3288.....
11625..... .. } *Mfs. of wool and cotton,* from M. Zossenheim, Leeds, Mar. 14, 21 and 28, 1896.

No. 4698 chinchilla coton warp, entered at 1s/8d advanced to 1s/10d Sterling per yard.
No. 4670, chinchilla cotton warp, entered at 1s/10d advanced to 2s/– Sterling per yard.
Less measure $\frac{1}{37}$ and $\frac{1}{40}$, discount 3¾ per cent, add packing.

3261..... } *Mfs. of wool,* from Lankisch & Marggraff, Schwiebus, Feb. 13, 1896.
11426.....

4x7 a blau, 128/30 & 136 c/m, entered at 2. advanced to 2.50 Marks per meter.

3286 ..... } *Silk veiling*, from Leon Levy, Paris, March 18, 1896.
11634..... }

Chenille, creme, 45 c/m, No. 622, entered at .77 advanced to .84 Franc per meter.
Discount 2 per cent.
Add cases.

3291..... } *Mfs. of silk and cotton*, from L. Permezel & Co., Lyons, Feb. 6, 1896.
11518..... }

60 c/m, satin blanc couleurs, entered at .87 advanced to .95 Franc per meter.
60 c/m satin creme, entered at 1, advanced to 1.10 Francs per meter.
60 c/m satin blanc, entered at .95 advanced to 1.04 Francs per meter.
92 c/m serge noir, entered at 1.10 advanced to 1.20 Francs per meter.
92 c/m serge noir, entered at 1.20 advanced to 1.32 Francs per meter.
48 c/m satin blanc couleurs entered at .74 advanced to .81 Franc per meter.
92 c/m, serge noir, entered at 1.05 advanced to 1.15 Francs per meter.
Discount 20 per cent. Deduction from entered values 3 per cent for tares and holes, disallowed on reappraisement.

3277..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from W. Da Costa & Co., Barbados, Mar. 4, 1896.
11572..... }

Testing 90.15, entered at .02.20 advanced to .02. 536 U. S. currency per lb., packed.
Testing 86.70 entered at .02.30 advanced to .02.357 U S. currency per lb., packed.

3293..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from C. Brauet & Co., Guantanamo, Feb. 12, 1896.
11685..... }

Testing 95.96, entered at .02.60 add bags, advanced to .03.004 Spanish gold per lb., packed.

3305..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Louis Rider, Guantanamo, Mar. 26, 1896.
11737..... }

Testing 91.30, entered at .02.0625 add bags, advanced to .02.626 Spanish gold per lb., packed.

3280.....
11646.....
3281.....
11648..... } *Mfs. of India rubber*, from ———, Hanover, Mar. 10, 1896.

Enemas 3007 B, in cedar box, entered at 20. Marks per dozen.
Entered discount 10 per cent, advanced discount 5 per cent.

3282.....
11317.....
3289.....
11642..... } *Mfs. of silk and cotton*, from Gindre & Co., Lyons, Jan. 8 and Mar. 18, 1896.

92 c/m black serge No. 827, entered at 1.10 advanced to 1.25 Francs per meter.
60 c/m serge, No. 23, entered at .93 advanced to 1.02 Francs per meter.
60 c/m, serge No. 206, entered at .60 advanced to .70 Franc per meter.
56 c/m, pongee, No. 248, entered at 1.12 advanced to 1.23 Francs per meter.
Discounts 20 per cent & 1 per cent Add packing.

3299..... } *Mfs. of silk and cotton*, from P. Gueman, Lyons, Feb. 26, 1896.
11364..... }

92 c/m satin, entered at 1.45 advanced to 1.58 Francs per meter.
92 c/m serge, entered at 1.30 advanced to 1.43 Francs per meter.
92 c/m serge, entered at 1.45 advanced to 1.65 Francs per meter.
Discounts 20 per cent and 1 per cent Add cases and packing.

3285..... } *Mfs. of silk*, from A. Gourd & Co., Lyons, Mar. 11, 1896.
11452..... }

Damas 55 c/m, entered at 2.60 advanced to 3.25 Francs per meter.
Damas 55 c/m, entered at 3. advanced to 3.75 Francs per meter.

3285..... } *Mfs. of silk, etc.*—Continued.
11452.....

Taffetas faconne 55 c/m, entered at 2.80 advanced to 3.50 Francs per meter.
Damas, 56 c/m, entered at 3.50 advanced to 4.35 Francs per meter.
Damas 60 c/m, entered at 3.60 advanced to 4.50 Francs per meter.
Damas 60 c/m, entered at 3.90 advanced to 4.80 Francs per meter.
Discount 20 per cent Add cases and packing.

3300..... } *Silk velvet*, from Ducote & Cote, Lyons, Mar. 11, 1896.
11510.....

No. 9556, velours uni 49/51 c/m soie and cotton, entered at 6. advanced to 7. Francs per meter.
velours uni tout soie, entered at from 6. to 12. advanced to from 7.25 to 13.50 Francs per meter.
Discount 20 per cent.
Add cases and packing.

743 o. p..... } *Tubes of steel*, from Mannesmann Tube Co., Ltd., London, March 11, 1896.
3028.....
Baltimore.. .....

Cycle tubes, entered at discounts of 72½ per cent & 2½ per cent
Advanced discount 67½ per cent.
Less inland carriage to London, and F. O. B. charges.

736 o. p..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from R. Crooks & Co., Liverpool, Feb. 12, 1896.
2944.....
Chicago.....

Fifths, entered at £9. 14s. 11d. advanced to £10. 3s. 0d. Sterling per ton, discount 2½ per cent.

O

CLEARANCES OF VESSELS PROCEEDING FOREIGN VIA A DOMESTIC PORT.

1896.
Department Circular No. 84.
Bureau of Navigation.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., June 5, 1896.

To Collectors of Customs and Others:

A foreign vessel clearing from a domestic port to a foreign port via a domestic port, where she is to stop for coal, supplies, or cargo, should proceed under sections 4367, 4368, and 4369, Revised Statutes, delivering to the collector at the first port duplicate manifests, properly sworn to, and obtaining permit, as in other cases, to be presented at the port of destination in the United States. If imported cargo be retained on the vessel, the requirements of sections 2654, 2776, and 2777, Revised Statutes, as to bond, must be observed.

Shippers' manifests of exports should be accepted by the collector at the first port as if the vessel were to proceed from such port directly to a foreign port, and returns should be made to the Bureau of Statistics accordingly, the collector at the second port forwarding returns only of the merchandise laden at his port for export, or of merchandise laden elsewhere, covered by shipper's manifest presented at his port and not included in the returns of another collector. It is the practice for the master to file at the last port of departure for a foreign port a full manifest of the cargo. (Sec. 4197, Rev. Stat., S. 5644, 6893.) The fee for the coastwise permit is $2.

Similar action as to returns should be taken in the case of a vessel of the United States clearing coastwise with cargo laden at one domestic port for export in her via another domestic port.

Forms 483 and 504¾ (Cat. Nos.) will be amended by the Department accordingly, so that they may show whether or not merchandise laden at a domestic port for exportation via another domestic port will be included in the statistical returns from the first port.

W. E. CURTIS,
Acting Secretary.

1896.
Department Circular No. 85.
Marine-Hospital Service.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF
SUPERVISING SURGEON-GENERAL U. S. MARINE-HOSPITAL SERVICE,
Washington, D. C., June 18, 1896.

The following contracts for the care of seamen entitled to relief from this Service, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1897, are published for the information of accounting officers of the Treasury Department, disbursing agents, medical officers of the Marine-Hospital Service, acting assistant surgeons, and customs officers. This circular is to be regarded as official notification of the acceptance of the proposals made by the parties designated, and must be cited, giving its number and date, on all bills for the treatment and maintenance of seamen, and for the burial of deceased patients, as the authority for any expenditure incurred under its provisions. Charges will be allowed for the day of admission of a hospital patient, but not for the day of discharge or death. The right is reserved by the Secretary of the Treasury to terminate any contract whenever the interests of the Service require it. All relief must be furnished in accordance with the Revised Regulations of the Marine-Hospital Service; and, in consequence of the largely increased expenditures for relief, and of the limited sources of income, it has become necessary to give notice that, as provided in the Regulations, no allowance will be made for expenditures incurred at any other station than those named in this circular.

Upon admission to a contract hospital of a patient with disease or injury which, in the opinion of the medical officer, the acting assistant surgeon, or physician in charge of the case, will require more than twenty days' treatment in hospital, the collector of customs or other officer issuing the permit will at once request authority from the Marine-Hospital Bureau to transfer such patient to the nearest marine hospital, provided the patient's condition, in the opinion of the medical officer, the acting assistant surgeon, or physician in charge of the case, is such as to admit of transportation.

The attention of collectors of customs, medical officers, acting assistant surgeons, or other physicians in charge of patients of the Marine-Hospital Service at contract stations, is hereby called to the necessity of discharging patients promptly upon the termination of the necessary hospital treatment, and without awaiting the expiration of the period authorized in the permit.

The term "contagious diseases" wherever occurring in this circular, specific contracts excepted,

includes only those diseases which, under usual municipal regulations, are required to be treated in a special hospital for contagious diseases.

WALTER WYMAN,

Supervising Surgeon-General U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

APPROVED:

W. E. CURTIS,

Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

ALBANY, N. Y.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; Albany Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at $1 a day.

APALACHICOLA, FLA.

Dr. J. D. Rush to furnish medical attendance and medicines, at $30 a month; Martha Campbell to furnish quarters, subsistence, and nursing, at $1 a day, and to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $12.50 each.

ASHLAND, WIS.

St. Joseph's Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, medical attendance, and medicines, at $1 a day, and to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $10 each.

ASHTABULA, OHIO.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; Mrs. Henry Whelpley to furnish quarters, subsistence, and nursing, at $1 a day; contagious diseases, $1.50 a day; John Ducro & Sons to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $14 each.

ASTORIA, OREG.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; St. Mary's Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at $1 a day.

BALTIMORE, MD.

Hospital patients to be cared for in the United States Marine Hospital; F. M. Denny to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $16.50 each.

BANGOR, ME.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; Helen M. Stratton to furnish quarters, subsistence, and nursing, at $1 a day; Abel Hunt to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $10 each.

BATH, ME.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon. Hospital care and treatment will be furnished only to patients who are unable to bear transportation to the United States Marine Hospital at Portland, Me.

BEAUFORT, N. C.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon.

BISMARCK, N. DAK.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; Lamborn Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, and nursing, at 90 cents a day.

BOSTON, MASS.

Hospital patients to be cared for in the United States Marine Hospital at Chelsea, Mass.; burial of deceased patients at the hospital cemetery; burial of foreign patients, at $10 each.

BRIDGEPORT, CONN.

Bridgeport Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, medical attendance, and medicines, at $1 a day; Hawley, Wilmot & Reynolds to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $16 each.

BROWNSVILLE, TEX.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon.

BRUNSWICK, GA.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; Johanna Foley to furnish quarters, subsistence, and nursing, at 90 cents a day; Charles G. Moore to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $15 each.

BUFFALO, N. Y.

The medical attendance to be furnished by a medical officer of the Marine-Hospital Service; Buffalo Hospital (Sisters of Charity) to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at 80 cents a day; contagious diseases, at $2 a day; and to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $10 each.

BURLINGTON, IOWA.

Mercy Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, medical attendance, nursing, and medicines, at 90 cents a day.

CAIRO, ILL.

Hospital patients to be cared for in the United States Marine Hospital; Wm. E. Feith to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $8.70 each.

CAMBRIDGE, MD.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; Charles J. Webb to furnish quarters, subsistence, and nursing, at 50 cents a day.

CHARLESTON, S. C.

The medical attendance to be furnished by a medical officer of the Marine-Hospital Service; St. Francis Xavier's Infirmary to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at 80 cents a day; and to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $12 each.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; Hamilton County Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at 60 cents a day.

CHICAGO, ILL.

Hospital patients to be cared for in the United States Marine Hospital; Bartlett & Co. to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $18 each.

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Hospital patients to be cared for in the United States Marine Hospital; dispensary at the hospital, southeast corner of Third and Kilgour streets; F. & W. Seifke to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $16 each.

CLEVELAND, OHIO.

Hospital patients to be cared for in the United States Marine Hospital; Hogan & Sharer to furnish ambulance service, at $2 for each patient, and to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $16 each.

CORPUS CHRISTI, TEX.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; James E. Ellis to furnish quarters, subsistence, and nursing, at $1 a day.

DARIEN, GA.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; patients requiring hospital treatment will be furnished transportation to Brunswick, Ga.

DELAWARE BREAKWATER, DEL.

Hospital patients to be cared for in the United States Marine Hospital; Wm. T. Atkins to furnish coffins at $10 each.

DETROIT, MICH.

Hospital patients to be cared for in the United States Marine Hospital; out-patients to be treated at the dispensary, No. 90 Griswold street; Ed. H. Patterson to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $10 each.

DUBUQUE, IOWA.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; St. Joseph's Mercy Hospital to furnish ambulance service, quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines at $1 a day; M. M. Hoffman to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $13.50 each.

DULUTH, MINN.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; St. Luke's Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at 75 cents a day; John W. Stewart to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $15 each.

EDENTON, N. C.

R. Dillard, M. D., to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, medical attendance, and medicines, at $2 a day. For out-patients $1 will be allowed for each medical examination, and 25 cents additional for each time medicine is furnished.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon.

ELLSWORTH, ME.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; hospital care and treatment will be furnished only to patients who are unable to bear transportation to the United States Marine Hospital at Portland, Me.

ERIE, PA.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; Hamot Hospital Association to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at 71 cents a day. Care and treatment of cases of contagious diseases to be furnished by the Health Department of the city of Erie, at $2.85 a day.

ESCANABA, MICH.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; Delta County Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, and nursing, at $1 a day.

EUREKA, CAL.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; Maria Anderson to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at 98 cents a day.

EVANSVILLE, IND.

Hospital patients to be cared for in the United States Marine Hospital; Henry Klee & Son to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $11.50 each.

FERNANDINA, FLA.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; A. G. Webster to furnish quarters, subsistence, and nursing, at $1 a day.

FREDERICKSBURG, VA.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; Amelia Parrott to furnish quarters, subsistence, and nursing, at 90 cents a day; contagious diseases, at $2 a day; George Nossett to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $12.50 each.

GALLIPOLIS, OHIO.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; Harriet J. Kinder to furnish quarters, subsistence, and nursing, at 60 cents a day; and to provide office quarters for the Acting Assistant Surgeon, at $10 a month; Hayward & Son to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $15 each.

GALVESTON, TEX.

The medical attendance to be furnished by a medical officer of the Marine-Hospital Service; St. Mary's Infirmary to furnish ambulance service, quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at $1 a day; contagious diseases, at $2 a day; and to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $10 each.

GEORGETOWN, S. C.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; hospital care and treatment will be furnished only to patients who are unable to bear transportation to Charleston, S. C.

GLOUCESTER, MASS.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon.

THE GOVERNMENT HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE, D. C.

Under act of Congress, March 3, 1875, to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, medical attendance and medicines, at $4.50 a week, for each insane patient admitted upon the order of the Secretary of the Treasury.

GRAND HAVEN, MICH.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; Anna Farnham to furnish quarters, subsistence, and nursing, at $1 a day.

GREEN BAY, WIS.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; St. Vincent's Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at $1 a day; Lefebvre & Schumacher to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $16 each.

HARTFORD, CONN.

The Hartford Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, medical attendance, and medicines, at $1 a day.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; William H. Jones to furnish quarters, subsistence, and nursing, at $1 a day; Edward J. Gordon to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $12.50 each.

KEY WEST, FLA.

Hospital patients to be cared for in the United States Marine Hospital; Otto & Boza to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $13.50 each.

LA CROSSE, WIS.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; St. Francis' Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at $1 a day; Frank Tillman & Co. to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $19 each.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; Little Rock Infirmary to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at $1 a day; F. Baer to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $12 each.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Hospital patients to be cared for in the United States Marine Hospital; Schoppenhorst Bros. to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $15 each.

LUDINGTON, MICH.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; Hanibal D. Linsley to furnish quarters, subsistence, and nursing, at 80 cents a day.

MACHIAS, ME.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; Abiel E. Preble to furnish quarters, subsistence, and nursing, at 90 cents a day; L. H. Hanscom to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $10 each.

MANISTEE, MICH.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; Mercy Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at 90 cents a day.

MARQUETTE, MICH.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; St. Mary's Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at $1 a day, and to provide for burial of deceased patients, at $15 each.

MARSHFIELD, OREG.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; John Snyder to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at $1.20 a day.

MEMPHIS, TENN.

Hospital patients to be cared for in the United States Marine Hospital; John Walsh to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $10 each.

MILWAUKEE, WIS.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; St. Mary's Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at 80 cents a day; George L. Thomas to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $14 each.

MOBILE, ALA.

Hospital patients to be cared for in the United States Marine Hospital; Wm. V. Bèroujon to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $13 each.

NASHVILLE, TENN.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; Nashville City Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at 90 cents a day.

NEW BEDFORD, MASS.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; patients requiring hospital care and treatment, if able to bear transportation, will be sent to the United States Marine Hospital at Vineyard Haven, Mass.

NEWBERN, N. C.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; Susan A. Collins to furnish quarters, subsistence, and nursing, at 85 cents a day; H. W. Simpson to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $15 each.

NEW HAVEN, CONN.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; New Haven General Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at $1 a day; and to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $15 each; New Haven Board of Health to furnish all necessary care and treatment in cases of any contagious disease, at $3 a day.

NEW LONDON, CONN.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon. Memorial Hospital Association to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at $1.50 a day; hospital care and treatment will be furnished only to patients who are unable to bear transportatiou to the United States Marine Hospital at Stapleton, N. Y.; Foran Furniture Company to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $12 each.

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Hospital patients to be cared for in the United States Marine Hospital; T. J. McMahon & Sons Co. to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $8.50 each.

NEWPORT, ARK.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon.

NEWPORT, R. I.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; Newport Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at $1 a day; Robert C. Cotterell to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $11.50 each.

NEWPORT NEWS, VA.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon.

NEW YORK, N. Y.

Hospital patients to be cared for in the Marine Hospital, Stapleton, Staten Island, N. Y.; out-patients to be treated at the dispensary, near the "New Barge Office," Battery; John T. Oates to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $10 each.

NORFOLK, VA.

The medical attendance to be furnished by a medical officer of the Marine-Hospital Service; St. Vincent's Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, ambulance service, and medicines, at 83 cents a day; J. E. Edwards to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $10 each.

OGDENSBURG, N. Y.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; City Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at $1 a day; the city of Ogdensburg to care for contagious cases, at $3 a day; H. S. Nutall to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $9.45 each.

OSWEGO, N. Y.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; Oswego Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at $1 a day.

PENSACOLA, FLA.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; Anderson & Renshaw to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at $1 a day; Northup & Wood to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $14.50 each.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

The medical attendance to be furnished by a medical officer of the Marine-Hospital Service; German Hospital to furnish ambulance service, quarters, subsistence, nursing, medicines, and one interne, at $1 a day; and to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $15 each.

PITTSBURG, PA.

The medical attendance to be furnished by a medical officer of the Marine-Hospital Service; Mercy Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, medicines, and a resident physician, at 94 cents a day, and $2 a day for contagious cases; Burns & Giltinan to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $13 each.

PORT HURON, MICH.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; "Hospital and Home" to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at $1 a day. George Thompson to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $10 each.

PORTLAND, ME.

Hospital patients to be cared for in the United States Marine Hospital; Ilsley Brothers to provide for burial of deceased patients, at $10 each.

PORTLAND, OREG.

The medical attendance to be furnished by a medical officer of the Marine-Hospital Service; out-patients to be treated at the dispensary, Marquam Building; St. Vincent's Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at 70 cents a day; contagious diseases, at $2 a day; Dunning & Campion to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $9.75 each.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; Cottage Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines at $1 a day.

PORT TAMPA, FLA.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon.

PORT TOWNSEND, WASH.

Hospital patients to be cared for in the United States Marine Hospital; W. T. Lake to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $5.75 each.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.

The Rhode Island Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, medical attendance, and medicines, at $1 a day, and to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $12 each.

RICHMOND, VA.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; out-patients to be treated at the Marine-Hospital Office, Custom-house building; "Retreat for the Sick" Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at $1 a day.

ROCKLAND, ME.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon. Hospital care and treatment will be furnished only to patients who are unable to bear transportation to the United States Marine Hospital at Portland, Me.

ROME, GA.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; Martha Battey Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, and nursing, at $1 a day.

SAGINAW, MICH.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; St. Mary's Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at 64 cents a day.

ST. LOUIS, MO.

Hospital patients to be cared for in the United States Marine Hospital; John Hahn to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $12.50 each.

ST. PAUL, MINN.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; St. Joseph's Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at $1 a day; and to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $7 each.

SAN DIEGO, CAL.

The medical attendance to be furnished by a medical officer of the Marine-Hospital Service; St. Joseph's Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and ambulance service, at 59 cents a day; Johnson & Co. to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $11 each.

SANDUSKY, OHIO.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; Good Samaritan Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, and nursing, at $1 a day.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Hospital patients to be cared for in the United States Marine Hospital; out-patients to be treated at the Marine Hospital Office, Rooms 1–3, Appraiser's building; burial of deceased patients at the hospital cemetery; burial of foreign seamen, at $10 each.

SAN PEDRO, CAL.

Randolph W. Hill, M. D., to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, medical attendance, and medicines, at 90 cents a day; contagious diseases, at $1.50 a day; and to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $7 each.

SAULT STE. MARIE, MICH.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; Annie McNeeley to furnish quarters, subsistence, and nursing, at 70 cents a day; J. Vanderhook to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $15 each.

SAVANNAH, GA.

The medical attendance to be furnished by a medical officer of the Marine-Hospital Service; St. Joseph's Infirmary to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at $1 a day; Joseph Goette to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $7 each.

SEATTLE, WASH.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; Providence Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at 60 cents a day; E R. Butterworth & Sons to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $5.70 each.

SHREVEPORT, LA.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; out-patients to be treated at the Marine Hospital Office; Shreveport Charity Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at $1 a day; W. W. Waring to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $16 each.

SOLOMONS, MD.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; M. F. Morrison to furnish subsistence, nursing, fuel, and lights, at 95 cents a day; T. M. White to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $7.50 each.

SUPERIOR, WIS.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; St. Mary's Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at 90 cents a day; Patrick O'Reilly to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $15 each.

TACOMA, WASH.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; Fannie C. Paddock Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at 55 cents a day.

TAPPAHANNOCK, VA.

W. G. Jeffries, M. D., to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, medical attendance, and medicines, at Tappahannock; Dr. W. J. Newbill at Carter's Creek, and Dr. W. S. Christian at Urbana, each at $1.50 a day.

TOLEDO, OHIO.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; Toledo Hospital Association to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at 80 cents a day; contagious diseases, at $2 a day, and to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $15 each.

VICKSBURG, MISS.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; Vicksburg City Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at $1 a day.

VINEYARD HAVEN, MASS.

Hospital patients to be cared for in the United States Marine Hospital; M. C. Vincent to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $16 each.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

The medical attendance to be furnished by a medical officer of the Marine-Hospital Service; out-patients to be treated at the dispensary, No. 3, B street SE.; Providence Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, interne attendance, and medicines, at 75 cents a day.

WHEELING, W. VA.

The medical attendance to be furnished by an Acting Assistant Surgeon; Wheeling Hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing, and medicines, at 75 cents a day.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Hospital patients to be cared for in the United States Marine Hospital; Walter E. Yopp to provide for the burial of deceased patients, at $11.50 each.

At the following-named ports, hospital or other relief will be furnished only under the provisions of the Regulations for the Marine-Hospital Service as to *third-class* stations:

Barnstable, Mass.
Beaufort, S. C.
Belfast, Me.
Burlington, Vt.
Castine, Me.
Cedar Keys, Fla.
Chatham, Mass.
Dennis, Mass.
Eastport, Me.
Edgartown, Mass.
Hyannis, Mass.
Perth Amboy, N. J.
Provincetown, Mass.
Sag Harbor, N. Y.
Salem, Mass.
Sitka, Alaska.
Somers Point, N. J.
Waldoboro, Me.
Wilmington, Del.
Wiscasset, Me.

The rate at ports not specifically provided for by this circular will, in each special case, be fixed by the Department, upon the recommendation of the proper officer, in accordance with the Regulations.

The rate of charge for seamen from vessels of the Navy and Coast Survey, admitted to hospital under the provisions of the Regulations, and of foreign seamen admitted under the act of March 3, 1875, is hereby fixed at the uniform rate of $1 a day.

At all ports not otherwise specified, the dispensary is located at the custom house or marine hospital

O

FREE RETURN OF ARTICLES EXPORTED FROM THE UNITED STATES FOR EXHIBITION PURPOSES.

1896.
Department Circular No. 86.

Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., June 6, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The Act of Congress approved May 18, 1896, entitled "An Act to allow the return free of duty of certain articles exported from the United States for exhibition purposes," provides:

"That whenever any article or articles or live stock shall be sent out of the United States for temporary use or exhibition at any public exposition, fair, or conference, held in a foreign country, such articles shall be entitled to be returned to the United States, under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, without the payment of customs duty, whether they shall be of domestic or of foreign production: *Provided*, That the articles of foreign production have once paid duty in the United States and no drawback has been allowed thereon, and if any domestic articles are subject to internal revenue tax, such tax shall be proved to have been paid before exportation and not refunded."

Entries of such merchandise returned to the port of original exportation must show the fact of regular clearance for a foreign destination by the records of the customs and by the declaration of the person making the entry. But when the reimportation is made into a port other than that of original exportation there shall be required, in addition to the declaration, a certificate from the collector and the naval officer, if any, of the port where the exportation was made, showing the fact of exportation from that port.

OATH FOR RETURN OF ARTICLES EXPORTED FOR EXHIBITION PURPOSES.

I, ——— ———, do solemnly, sincerely, and truly swear (or affirm) that the several articles of merchandise mentioned in the entry hereto annexed are, to the best of my knowledge and belief, truly and bona fide exhibition goods; that they were truly exported and imported as therein expressed; that the articles of foreign production have once paid duty in the United States; that no drawback, bounty, or allowance has been paid or admitted thereon, or on any part thereof; and that the internal-revenue tax due upon the domestic articles therein mentioned has been paid and no part thereof has been refunded.

Port of ———

Sworn to this ——— day of ———, 18

——— ———, Collector.

CERTIFICATE OF EXPORTATION OF EXHIBITION GOODS.

DISTRICT OF ———, PORT OF ———,
———, *18—*.

This is to certify that there were cleared from this port on the ———, in the ———, whereof ——— was master, for ———, the following articles of merchandise (here enumerate the number of packages,

their denomination, marks, numbers, and contents) on which no drawback, allowance, or bounty has been paid or admitted.

[SEAL.] ——— ———, Collector.
[SEAL.] ——— ———, Naval Officer.

If such certificate can not at once be procured, and the proof otherwise required be produced, free entry will be permitted on bond (Cat. No. 596) being given for the production of the certificate in a sum equal to what the duties would be if it were dutiable merchandise.

To guard against fraud, and to insure identity, the collector shall require, in addition to proof of clearance, the production of a declaration made by the foreign exporter of the goods before the United States consul of the fact that the merchandise was imported from the United States, and that it was sent to ——— for temporary use at the exhibition entitled ———, held at ———, on the ——— day of ———, 18 . But if it be impracticable to produce such declaration at the time of making entry, bond may be given for the production thereof. (Synopsis, 14653.)

Collectors, with concurrence of naval officers, if any, may waive the record evidence of clearance and above declaration, and in lieu thereof accept other satisfactory evidence of exportation, in the case of domestic goods on which no drawback has been allowed, valued at not over $100, if satisfied that the failure to produce the record evidence did not result from willful negligence on the part of the importers.

In default of observance of the foregoing requirements, imported merchandise will be treated as dutiable.

Should it appear that any internal-revenue tax was remitted or refunded by way of drawback, on the original exportation of any articles of the growth, manufacture, or product of the United States, a duty must be exacted upon their return equal in amount to the tax imposed by the internal-revenue laws upon such articles at the time of their reimportation, but all articles manufactured in bonded warehouse will be subject to duty, on reimportation, as foreign merchandise, and all articles on which drawback was paid will be liable to a duty equal to the drawback allowed.

Duties voluntarily paid on such returned goods can not be refunded in the absence of a timely protest under section 14 of the act of June 10, 1890, as the only importations exempted from protest by section 1 of the act of March 3, 1875 (18th Statutes, p. 469), are personal and household effects and other articles not merchandise, article 353 of the Regulations of 1892 applying only to goods brought in as personal or household effects or passenger's baggage.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

1896.
Department Circular No. 87.
Division of Appointments.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., June 8, 1896.

To Principal Officers of the Customs:

You are hereby directed to forward reports of the monthly and quarterly passenger movements in the future, as you have in the past, to the Bureau of Statistics, Treasury Department. These reports were formerly included in the reports of immigration, which are now forwarded to the Bureau of Immigration.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

1896.
Department Circular No. 88.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., June 9, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending May 23, 1896.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

REPORT ON REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING MAY 23, 1896.

N. B.—In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.

No. of Reappraisement.

11992.... .....*White china*, from J. B. Weimann Nachfolger, Bremen, April 12, 1896.
Porcelain buttons, entered at 4.30 advanced to 5.65 Marks per M.

12056.....*Decorated china*, from Geo. Borgfeldt & Co., Bodenbach, April 3, 1896.
China plates 20 c/m, entered at a discount of 10 per cent, advanced discount 5 per cent. Add cases.

12003.....*Cut glassware*, from Ullman & Seligmann, Wien, April 21, 1896.
Entered discounts 15 per cent, 10 per cent and 5 per cent. No advance.

12101.....*Prepared meat*, from Giacomo Capolongo, Naples, March 18, 1896.
Hams, entered at 1. advanced to 1.10 Lire per kilo. Add cases.

12069.....*Silk handkerchiefs*, from A. S. Rosenthal & Co., Yokohama, April 10, 1896.
Style 666[b] size 17^2 1, weight in momee 24, white handkerchiefs, entered at 1.73 advanced to 1.85 Silver Yen per dozen.
Style 666[a] size 17^2 1, momee weight $25\frac{6}{10}$, white handkerchiefs, entered at 1.82 advanced to 1.95 Silver Yen per dozen.
Style 684[b] size 17^2 $1\frac{1}{2}$, momee weight $24\frac{5}{10}$, white handkerchiefs, entered at 1.76 advanced to 1.88 Silver Yen per dozen.
Add cases.

12027.....*Mf'd. articles, N. E.* from Weil Bros., Paris, April 22, 1896.
Tooth quills No. 5, entered at 2.15 advanced to 2.36 Francs per pack of 40 bundles of 15 quills.
Tooth quills No. 4, entered at 2. advanced to 2.19 Francs per pack of 40 bundles of 15 quills.
Discount 2 per cent. Add case and packing.

12065..... .....*Gelatine*, from Deutsche Gelatine Fabriken, Hochst a Main April 8, 1896.
Gelatine white 4^{b} silver label, entered at 155. advanced to 171. Marks per 100 kilos.
Gelatine white 4, silver label, entered at 165. advanced to 180.50 Marks per 100 kilos.
Gelatine white 3^{b} silver label, entered at 180. advanced to 194.75 Marks per 100 kilos.
Gelatine white 5 copper label, entered at 140. advanced to 156.75 Marks per 100 kilos.

11860.....*Decorated china*, from B. Ouwens, Untermhaus, Nov. 9, 1895.
No. 154 decorated tassen, entered at 1.50 advanced to 1.65 Marks per dozen.
Discount 5 per cent. Add cases at 6. Marks each.

11991..... .....*Ornamental feathers*, from Max Rosenberg, Paris, April, 23, 1896.
Samples of feather boas, entered at 3.50 advanced to 5.60 Francs per total.
Add cases and packing.

12001.....*Mfs. of metal*, from Chr. Wandel, Reutlingen, April 9, 1896.
Fourdrinier wires No. 80, 12^{m}19x1^{m}829, entered at 6.50 Marks per square meter, add 8 per cent, add packing. No Advance.

11936.....*Stereotype plates*, from ——— London, Apr. 10, 1896.
Stereotype plates of commentary psalms volume 11. entered at £35. 0s. 0d. advanced to £114. 0s. 0d. Sterling per set.

12002.....*Mfs. of metal and leather*, from F. Brampton & Co., Birmingham, April 23, 1896.
No. 50 saddles 7/8 enameled, entered at 3s/1d Sterling each. No advance.
No. 55, saddles 7/8 enameled, entered at 3s/6d Sterling each. No advance.

12066.....
12068..... } *Steel billets*, from Abrntz & Co., Stockholm, Apr. 2, 1896.
Steel billets, from 2¾ to 3¾, entered at 140. Crowns per 1000 kilos. No advance.

11892.....*Flax lace tidies and sets*, from Celine Meyer, Paris, April 17, 1896.
Set M. A. blanche, entered at 40. Francs per set. No Advance.
Sets M. V. faunes, entered at 40. Francs per set.
No advance.
Rideaux renaiss. 372, entered at 29. Francs per pair.
No advance.
Vitrages 275, entered at 19. Francs per pair.
No Advance.
Discount 5 per cent.

11830 .....*Flax lace tidies*, from Lahey & Duncan, Paris, Apr. 8, 1896.
Guipure d'art tidies, entered at .38 advanced to .40 Francs per piece.
Guipure d'art tidies, entered at 2.15 advanced to 2.35 Francs per piece.
Linen renaissance tidies, entered at 18.60 advanced to 19.60 Francs per piece.
Linen renaissance tidies, entered at 13.45 advanced to 14. Francs per piece.
Linen renaissance tidies, entered at 6.40 advanced to 7.50 Francs per piece.
Linen renaissance tidies, entered at 26. advanced to 28. Francs per piece.
Add cases. Similar goods similar advances.

11490.....
11620.....
11738.....
11890.....
&c.....

Cotton netting and cotton lace curtains, from B. Walker & Co., Ltd., Nottingham, Mar. 13, 16, Apr. 2, 10, 1896.

Ecru cotton Hamburg nets, 50″, 101 entered at 2¾d advanced to 3d. Sterling per yard.

Ivory cotton Hamburg net 50″, 409, entered at 4½d advanced to 5d Sterling per yard.

W. T. & E. T. curtains, 1925, 48″ 3½ yards, entered at 2s/– advanced to 2s/2d Sterling per pair.

E. T. & W. T. curtains 1908, 48″ 3½ yards, entered at 2s/3½d advanced to 2s/6½d Sterling per pair.

W. T. curtains No. 3965, 50″ 3½ yards, entered at 2s/2d advanced to 2s/4d Sterling per pair.

Similar goods similar advances.

Discount 2½ per cent. Add cases, deduct inland freight.

11660.....
11693.....
11794.....
11900.....

Mfs. of wool and cotton, from Simon Israel & Co., Bradfard, March 17, 30, Apr. 9 and 16, 1896.

54″ blue and black serge, M9049 entered at 10½d advanced to 11½d Sterling per yard.

54″ black cheviot M. 9079, entered at 10d. advanced to 11D. Sterling per yard.

56″ black melton, H. 4010, entered at 7¼d advanced to 7¾d Sterling per yard.

50″ blue meltons, H. 4010, entered at 6½d avanced to 7d. Sterling per yard.

Less damage, discounts 2½ per cent & 1¼ per cent, add making up and packing.

12024.....*Mfs. of goat hair and cotton*, from Thos. Cresswell & Co., Huddersfield, April 22, 1896.

54″ black and blue curl serge, quality 2503, entered at 2s/3d Sterling per yard. No Advance.

54″ Blue beaver, quality 19, entered at 1s/10d Sterling per yard. No Advance.

Less 1/37th and 1/yard per piece, discount on serge 3½ per cent and on beaver 3¾ per cent, add cases and making up.

12025.....
12105.....

Mfs. of goat hair and cotton, from Ferd. Heilborn & Co., Bradford, April 15 and 29, 1896.

54″ black knit fabric, No. 179, entered at 2s/– advanced to 2s/–.36d. Sterling per yard.

54/55″ black and blue beaver, L. W. 55, entered at 1s/9½d advanced to 1s/9.82d. Sterling per yard.

54/black boucle No. 167, entered at 1s/10½d advanced to 1s/10.84d. Sterling per yard.

54″ black boucle, No. 171, entered at 2s/1d advanced to 2s/1.38d. Sterling per yard.

54″ black and blue beaver L. W. 15, and 54″ black boucle No. 165, entered at 1s/5½d. advanced to 1s/5.76d. Sterling per yard.

54″ black knit fabrics, 215 entered at 2s/8d advanced to 2s/8.48d. Sterling per yard.

54/55″ black knit fabrics 198 &c, entered at 2s/10d. advanced to 2s/10.51d. Sterling per yard.

54″ blue melton, 141 entered at 1s/6½d. advanced to 1s/6.78d Sterling per yard.

54″ black and blue melton, 191 entered at 1s/1d advanced to 1s /1.20d. Sterling per yard.

54″ fancy knit fabrics, 189/5 entered at 2s/7d advanced to 2s/7.47d. Sterling per yard.

12025..... } *Mfs. of goat hair and cotton, etc.*—Continued.
12105..... }

53″ black, 226 entered at 1s 10d. advanced to 1s/10.33d. Sterling per yard.

54″ black, 187 entered at 2s/11d. advanced to 2s/11.53d. Sterling per yard.

54″ blue boucle, 172 entered at 2s/6d. advanced to 2s/6.45d. Sterling per yard.

54″ fancy mantling, 177/4 entered at 3s/4d advanced to 3s/4.60d Sterling per yard.

Less 1/37th, discount 5 per cent. Add making up and packing.

11871.....*Sugar not above D. S.* from Toland & Runge, Dantzig, Feb. 29, 1896.

Analysis 86.96, beetroot, invoiced at 12s/6d, less N. D. charges, advanced to 11s /10.94d. Sterling per cwt., packed.

11453.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from J. B. Vicini, Macoris, Feb. 5, 1896.

Testing 96.30, entered at .02.17, add bags, advanced to ./02.419 U. S. dollars per lb., packed.

11978.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from J. De Lomos, Santa Domingo, Feb. 20, 1896.

Testing 94.80, centrifugal, entered at .02.16 add bags, advanced to .02.515 U. S. currency per lb., packed.

11975.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Emil Du Banlay, St. Lucia, April 2, 1896.

Testing 96.13, entered at .02.82, less N. D. charges, advanced to .02.879 U. S. Currency per lb., packed.

11972.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from J. Bueno & Co., Guantanamo, April 15, 1896.

Testing 93.85, centrifugal, entered at .03. add bags, advanced to .03.08 Spanish gold per Spanish lb., packed.

11959.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Nicolas Castano, Cienfuegos, April 10, 1896.

Testing 97.28, centrifugal, entered at .03.4 less freight advanced to .02.98 U. S. Gold per lb., packed.

Testing 90.55, molasses, entered at .02.5 less freight, advanced to .02.41 U. S. Gold per lb., packed.

Deduct N. D. charges.

11942.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from A. C. Hancher, Falmouth, March 30, 1896.

Testing 91.20, entered at 11. 10s. 10d. advanced to 11. 17s. 1d. Sterling per ton, packed.

12042.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Zuchscheverd & Benchill, Magdeburg, Feb. 24, 1896.

Testing 81.04, entered at 10s/6.369d. less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to 11s/0.56d. Sterling per cwt., packed.

12015.... .....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from C. Czarnikow, Antwerp, April 3, 1896.

Testing 90.16, beetroot, entered at 12s/6d less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to 12s/6.74d. Sterling per cwt., packed.

12010..... *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from ——— Magdeburg, Feb. 29, 1896.

Testing 82.56, beetroot, entered at 11s./2.35875d. less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to 11s/2.84d. Sterling per cwt., packed.

12014.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Ransohoff & Wissler, Bremerhaven, April 2, 1896.

Testing 75.80, beetroot, entered at 10s/4½d less freight & N. D. charges, advanced to 10s/3.2d. Sterling per cwt., packed.

11960.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from M. D. Foote, Antigua, April 2, 1896.

Testing 86.60, entered at from .02.188 to .02.375 advanced to .02.35 U. S. Currency per lb., packed.

Add weighing and marking to entered value.

11811.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Edward Benn & Son, Bahai, Feb. 7, 1896.

Testing 83.25, entered at 9s/6d less freight & N. D. Charges advanced to 9s/6d Sterling per cwt., packed.

11911.. .. ..*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Jno. A. Somerville, St. Kitts, Mar. 4, 1896.

Testing 78.95, muscovado, entered at .02.42 less N. D. charges, reappraised to 01.721 U. S. Currency per lb., packed.

Testing 89.05, muscovado, entered at .02.42, less N. D., charges, advanced to 02.5085 U. S. Currency per lb., packed.

12007.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from T. V. Drake & Co., Hamburg, March 3, 1896.

Testing 81.532, invoiced at 10.375 less N. D. charges, deduct discount, advanced to 11.19 marks per 50 kilos.

11940.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from ———, St. Anns Bay, March 16, 1896.

Testing 88.60, entered at .02.4375, advanced to 02.482 U. S. Dollars per lb., packed.

11798.....
11602.....
11604.....
11603.....
} *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Boxwell, Williams & Co., Maceio, Jan. 8, Feb. 21, 17 1896.

Entered at a total value of £14618. 12s. 11d. advanced to 18/9.6 Sterling per 100 kilos.

Testing 85.86, invoiced at 10s/4½d less freight & N. D. charges, advanced to 10/10^{746}, Sterling per cwt., packed.

Testing 86.44, entered at a total value of £6923. 6s. 0d. advanced to 11s/– Sterling per cwt., packed.

Testing 85.55, entered at a total of £11325. 5s. 11d. advanced to 10s/8½d Sterling per cwt., packed.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

744 o. p.....
2932.....
Phila.....
745 o. p.....
2949.....
747 o. p.....
3001.....
} *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Robert Crooks & Co., Liverpool, Feb. 4, 1896, Feb. 8, and Mar. 6, 1896.

Entered at 10s/ discount 2½ per cent, advanced to 10s/1d. Sterling per cwt., net, packed.

Entered at 10s/4½d discount 2½ per cent, advanced to 10s/6d. Sterling per cwt., net, packed.

Entered at 10s/1½d, discount 2½ per cent, advanced to 10s/3d Sterling per cwt., net, packed.

3117.....
10907.. .....
} *Mfs. of silk and cotton,* from Ruby & Co., Lyons, Oct. 2, 1895.

Satin faconne 53 c/m, blanc, entered at 1.60 advanced to 1.75 Francs per meter.

Mauresquine coul 68 and 90 c/m, entered at .63 advanced to .80 Franc per meter.

Armure Jlle 46 c/m, Job lot, entered at .65 advanced to .75 Franc per meter.

Serge coul 90 c/m, entered at .80 advanced to 1.05 Francs per meter.

Serge noir 90 & 92 c/m, entered at 1.02 advanced to 1.15 Francs per meter.

Satin blanc 60 c/m entered at .82 advanced to 1.25 Francs per meter.

Satin blanc 69 c/m, entered at 1.30 advanced to 1.65 Francs per meter.

Serge ecru 90 c/m, entered at .60 advanced to .85 Franc per meter.

Discount 20 per cent. Add packing.

3392..... } *Cotton lace curtains*, from W. E. Meats & Co., Nottingham Jan. 24, 1896.
11924.....

Ecru curtains 3½ yards, No. 6479, entered at 4s/1d advanced to 4s/6d Sterling per pair.

W. T. curtains 3½ yards, No. 7050 & 7036, entered at 5s/6d advanced to 6s/– Sterling per pair.

E. M. curtains 3½ yards, No. 6495, entered at 4s/2d advanced to 4s/8d Sterling per pair.

Discount 2½ per cent, less inland carriage, add cases.

3190..... } *Mfs. of wood, N. S. P. F.*, from L. Bennusskendorf, Altenaw, Jan. 30, 1896.
11230.....

Wood pulp, entered at 6. advanced to 6.75 Marks per 100 kilos.

3344..... } *Gelatine*, from F. Drelcher & Co., Hochst a Main, Mar. 25, 1896.
11771.....

Gelatine white 4[b] silver label, entered at 155. advanced to 171. Marks per 100 kilos.

Gelatine white 5, copper label, entered at 140. advanced to 156.75 Marks per 100 kilos.

Gelatine white 3 silver label, entered at 180. advanced to 194.75 Marks per 100 kilos.

3316..... } *Mfs. of wool & cotton*, from Chas. Semon & Co., Bradford, Mar. 18, 1896.
11588.....

52/54″ cloakings 1799/1, entered at 2s/8d advanced to 2s/8.80d Sterling per yard.

54″ black union cloth, 1941, entered at 1s/10d advanced to 1s/10.55d. Sterling per yard.

54″ chinchilla, 1896/1 entered at 3s/4d advanced to 3s/5d Sterling per yard.

52/54″ black curls, 1782, entered at 2s/6d. advanced to 2s/6.75d. Sterling per yard.

Less $\frac{1}{37}$th. Discount 5 per cent. Add packing charges.

2974.....
10794.....
2975.....
10994..... } *Wool dress goods*, from Dazin, Notti Fils, Roubaix, Dec. 23, 1895 and Jan. 16, 1896.

Coating 12152, 104, 107 and black 112/114 c/m, entered at .80 advanced to 1.05 Francs per meter.

Add packing.

3317..... } *Mfs. of wool and cotton*, from Ferdinand Heilborn, Bradford, Mar. 19, 1896.
11589.....

54″ blue boucle, 171, entered at 2s/1d advanced to 2s/1.38d. Sterling per yard.

54″ blue boucle, 166, entered at 1s/8d advanced to 1s/8.30d. Sterling per yard.

54″ blue boucle, 172, entered at 2s/6d, advanced to 2s/6.45d. Sterling per yard.

54″ black union melton, 141, entered at 1s/6½d advanced to 1s/6.78d. Sterling per yard.

54″ black stockinette curl, 179, entered at 2s/– advanced to 2s/–.36d. Sterling per yard.

54″ black stockinette curl, 186, entered at 2s/10d. advanced to 2s/10.51d. Sterling per yard.

Less $\frac{1}{37}$th, discount 5 per cent, add making up and packing.

3295.....
11082.....
3296.....
11083.....
3297.....
11182..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Francke Hijos & Co., Havana, Jan. 23, 28 and Feb. 6, 1896.

Testing 93.879, entered at .02⅝ less freight, & N D charges advanced to .02.618 U. S. Gold per lb., packed.

Testing 93.8957, entered at .02⅝ less freight, & N D charges advanced to .02.601, U. S. Gold per lb., packed.

Testing 95.35, centrifugal, entered at .02⅝ less freight and N D charges advanced to .02.599 U. S. Gold per lb., packed.

3269..... }
11679..... } *Mfs. of straw*, from Conti & Mannozzi, Florence, March, 23, 1896.
3270..... .....
11680..... }

Monach pointe, 2nd. quality, Ref. 140, No. 17, entered at 9.50 advanced to 13.45 Lire per dozen.

Monach pointe 2nd. quality, Ref. 140, No. 18, entered at 10.50, advanced to 14.95 Lire per dozen.

Monach pointe 1st quality, Ref. 161 No. 19, entered at 12.50 advanced to 17.35 Lire per dozen.

Monach pointe 1st. quality Ref. 161, No. 20, entered at 13.50, advanced to 18.55 Lire per dozen.

Monach pointe 1st. quality Ref. 161 No. 22, entered at 16.50 advanced to 21.30 Lire per dozen.

Monach pointe 2nd. quality Ref. 140, No. 18, entered at 11.50 advanced to 15.95 Lire per dozen.

Monach pointe 1st. quality Ref. 161, No. 21, entered at 15. advanced to 20.05 Lire per dozen.

Monach pointe 2nd. quality, Ref. 140, No. 12, entered at 4. advanced to 5.45 Lire per dozen.

Monach pointe, 2nd. quality, Ref. 140, No. 13, entered at 5.50 advanced to 7.15 Lire per dozen.

Monach pointe 2nd. quality Ref. 140, No. 14, entered at 6.50 advanced to 8.75 Lire per dozen.

Monach pointe, 2nd. quality Ref. 140, No. 15, entered at 7.50 advanced to 10.35 Lire per dozen.

Monach pointe 2nd. quality Ref. 140, No. 16, entered at 8.50 advanced to 11.95 Lire per dozen.

Monach pointe 2nd. quality Ref. 140, No. 17, entered at 9.50 advanced to 13.45 Lire per dozen.

Monach pointe 2nd. quality Ref. 140, No. 20, entered at 12.50 advanced to 18.05 Lire per dozen.

Monach pointe 2nd. quality Ref. 140, No. 21, entered at 14. advanced to 19.55 Lire per dozen.

Monach pointe 2nd. quality, Ref. 140, No. 22, entered at 15.50 advanced to 20.80 Lire per dozen.

Monach pointe, 1st. quality Ref. 161, No. 12, entered at 4.50 advanced to 5.95 Lire per dozen.

Monach pointe 1st. quality, Ref. 161, No. 13, entered at 6. advanced to 7.65 Lire per dozen.

Monach, pointe, 1st. quality, Ref. 161 No. 14, entered at 7.50 advanced to 9.25 Lire per dozen.

Monach pointe, 1st. quality Ref. 161 No. 15, entered at 8.50 advanced to 10.85 Lire per dozen.

Monach pointe, 1st. quality, Ref. 161, No. 16, entered at 9.50 advanced to 12.45 Lire per dozen.

3269.....
11679.....
3270.....
11680.....
} *Mfs. of straw, etc.*—Continued.

Monach pointe, 1st. quality, Ref. 16, No. 17, entered at 10.50 advanced to 13.95 Lire per dozen.

Monach pointe, 1st. quality, Ref. 161, No. 18, entered at 11.50 advanced to 15.95 Lire per dozen.

Add getting at 3.50 Lire per dozen, add for cases and packing 1. Lira per dozen.

○

PROPER DISPOSITION OF CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT.

1896.
Department Circular No. 89.
Division of Public Moneys.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., June 11, 1896.

Section 3621, Revised Statutes of the United States, as amended by section 5 of the Legislative, Executive, and Judicial Appropriation Act, approved May 28, 1896, requires that the Treasurer and assistant treasurers of the United States and all national bank depositaries shall transmit forthwith to the Secretary of the Treasury the original of every certificate of deposit issued by them and deliver to the depositor the remainder of the set.

Accordingly the instructions on this subject contained in Department Circular No. 18, dated February 2, 1894, are hereby revoked and the following regulations are hereby prescribed, to take effect July 1, 1896.

The *originals* of all certificates issued for the deposit of any and all public moneys of every character and description, *except as stated in the next succeeding paragraph*, must be forwarded immediately upon their issuance to the Secretary of the Treasury *by the depositaries*, who, before transmitting them, should see that their amounts correspond with the amounts actually deposited with them.

EXCEPTIONS.

Those issued by an assistant treasurer for the shipment of silver coin, *in duplicate*, the original to be transmitted by the assistant treasurer to the office from which the coin is to be shipped, and the duplicate to the depositor; those issued by a national bank depositary for shipment of silver coin, *in duplicate*, the original to be transmitted by the depositary to the Treasurer of the United States and the duplicate to the depositor; those issued for 5 per cent redemption fund and for the transfer of funds from one depositary to another, *in duplicate*, the original to be transmitted by the depositary to the Treasurer of the United States and the duplicate to the depositor; and those issued for the deposit of moneys pertaining to the Post-Office Department, *in duplicate*, the original to be transmitted by the depositary to the Auditor for the Post-Office Department and the duplicate to the depositor.

Certificates of deposit should be issued and disposed of as hereinafter provided, and in no case should a second or duplicate set of certificate be issued for any deposit, except upon special authority from the Secretary of the Treasury, viz:

ON ACCOUNT OF CUSTOMS, ETC.

Those issued in the name of customs officers at ports where naval officers are located, on account of duties on imports, etc., including repayments of disbursing funds, *in triplicate;* those issued in the name of customs officers at other ports, *in duplicate;* the originals of the former class to be transmitted by the depositary to the Secretary of the Treasury, the duplicates to the naval officers and the triplicates to the depositors; and of the latter class, the originals to the Secretary of the Treasury and the duplicates to the depositors.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

Those issued in the name of collectors of internal revenue on account of internal-revenue collections, internal-revenue stamps, or repayments of disbursing funds, *in triplicate;* the original to be transmitted by the depositary to the Secretary of the Treasury and the remainder of the set to the depositor, who should forward the duplicate to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue and retain the triplicate.

SALES OF PUBLIC LANDS, ETC.

Those issued in the name of receivers of public moneys on account of sales of public lands, etc., including repayments of disbursing funds, *in triplicate;* the original to be transmitted by the depositary to the Secretary of the Treasury and the remainder of the set to the depositor, who should forward the duplicate to the Commissioner of the General Land Office and retain the triplicate.

JUDICIARY.

Those issued in the name of judicial officers, district attorneys, marshals, clerks of court, etc., *in duplicate;* the original to be transmitted by the depositary to the Secretary of the Treasury and the duplicate to the depositor.

ARMY AND NAVY.

Those issued in the name of military or naval officers, on account of repayments, sales of public property, or otherwise, *in duplicate;* the original to be transmitted by the depositary to the Secretary of the Treasury and the duplicate to the depositor.

SURVEYS OF PUBLIC LANDS.

Those issued on account of surveys of public lands, *in triplicate;* the original to be transmitted by the depositary to the Secretary of the Treasury, and the remainder of the set to the depositor, who should forward the duplicate to the Surveyor-General and retain the triplicate.

PATENT FEES.

Those issued on account of patent fees, *in triplicate;* the original to be transmitted by the depositary to the Secretary of the Treasury, and the remainder of the set to the depositor, who should forward the duplicate to the Commissioner of Patents and retain the triplicate.

SEMI-ANNUAL DUTY.

Those issued on account of semi-annual duty, *in triplicate;* the original to be transmitted by the depositary to the Secretary of the Treasury, and the remainder of the set to the depositor, who should forward the duplicate to the Treasurer of the United States and retain the triplicate.

MISSING COUPONS.

Those issued on account of coupons missing from bonds forwarded for redemption, or otherwise, *in duplicate;* both the original and duplicate to be transmitted by the depositary to the Secretary of the Treasury.

LOANS, INTEREST ON THE PUBLIC DEBT, CIVIL REPAYMENTS, CONSULAR FEES, MISCELLANEOUS AND OTHER RECEIPTS.

Those issued on account of subscriptions to any loan, repayments of interest on the public debt, civil repayments, except as hereinbefore otherwise provided for, consular fees, miscellaneous and other

receipts, *in duplicate;* the original to be transmitted by the depositary to the Secretary of the Treasury and the duplicate to the depositor.

SECRETARY'S SPECIAL ACCOUNTS.

Those issued for deposits to the credit of the Secretary of the Treasury, special accounts Nos. 1 and 5, *in triplicate;* the originals to be transmitted by the depositary to the Secretary of the Treasury, and the remainder of the set to the depositor; those issued to the credit of the Secretary of the Treasury, special account No. 3, *in duplicate,* the original to be transmitted by the depositary to the Secretary of the Treasury and the duplicate to the depositor.

The depositor should forward the duplicate pertaining to account No. 1 to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue and retain the triplicate; he should forward the duplicate pertaining to account No. 5 to the Solicitor of the Treasury and retain the triplicate; he should retain the duplicate pertaining to account No. 3.

DISBURSING OFFICERS' RECEIPTS.

For each deposit made to the official credit of a disbursiug officer a single receipt should be issued and delivered to the depositor.

GENERAL REMARKS.

In no case are certificates of deposit required to be filed with accounts rendered by Government officers to the accounting officers of the Treasury Department, nor does such a disposition of any certificates of deposit secure to the officers transmitting them proper credits in their accounts. Credit for deposits is given officers in the settlement of their accounts only upon warrants issued by the Secretary of the Treasury, based upon the report of the depositary and verified by the original certificate of deposit. In taking credit in their accounts current, however, for money deposited, officers should state specifically the date of deposit, with whom deposited, and the source from which the money was derived. All original certificates issued for deposits by military, naval, and other officers, the amounts of which are required to be recorded in any of the bureaus of the War, Navy, Interior, or other Executive Departments, will, immediately upon their receipt by the Secretary of the Treasury, be compared with the proper depositary account, recorded, and forwarded to the head of the Department to which the deposits pertain for designation of the proper appropriations, etc.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

REGULATIONS FOR THE DEPOSIT OF PUBLIC MONEYS.

1896.
Department Circular No. 90.
Division of Public Moneys.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., June 12, 1896.

To Collectors and Surveyors of Customs, Collectors of Internal Revenue, Receivers of Public Moneys, Marshals, Clerks of Courts, and all other Officers or Agents of the United States engaged in Collecting, Depositing, or Transmitting Public Moneys:

The following regulations, based upon specific provisions of existing laws, for the violation of which penalties of a severe character are provided, are hereby prescribed, and a strict compliance therewith enjoined:

COLLECTIONS.

Collectors and surveyors of customs, collectors of internal revenue, and receivers of public moneys, living in the same city or town with the Treasurer or an assistant treasurer of the United States, or a national bank depositary, must deposit their receipts at the close of each day. Officers at such a distance from a depositary that daily deposits are impracticable must forward their receipts as often as they amount to $1,000, and at the end of each month without regard to the amount then accumulated.

All collections must be deposited to the credit of the Treasurer of the United States, except moneys received by collectors of internal revenue from sales under section 3460, Revised Statutes of the United States, or from offers of compromise *when received prior to the acceptance of the offer*, which must be deposited to the credit of the Secretary of the Treasury.

District attorneys, marshals, and clerks of courts, who receive public moneys accruing to the United States from fines, penalties and forfeitures, fees, costs (including *costs* in civil and criminal suits for violation of the postal laws), forfeitures of recognizances, debts due the United States, interest on such debts, sales of public property, or from any other sources, except as stated below, will deposit the same in accordance with the foregoing paragraphs. Moneys accruing from customs (including navigation) should be paid to the collector or surveyor of customs of the district in which the case arose, a receipt accepted therefor to be sent to the Solicitor of the Treasury. Moneys accruing from internal revenue cases should be paid to the collector of internal revenue of the district in which the case arose, a receipt accepted therefor to be sent to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue. Moneys accruing from *civil* post-office suits, and *fines* in criminal cases for violation of the postal laws should be deposited to the credit of the Treasurer of the United States for the use of the Post-Office Department.

The Department encourages the practice of a deputy collector depositing directly with a depositary in the name of his principal, believing that greater economy and dispatch will thereby be attained. In such cases the deputy will see that certificates are issued in the name of the collector for whom he is acting, to whom he should forward the portion of the set received by him from the depositary.

DISBURSING FUNDS.

Disbursing officers or agents must deposit disbursing funds to their official credit and draw upon such funds in their official capacity only. Unless otherwise directed, they must deposit such moneys with the

Treasurer or an assistant treasurer of the United States, or a national bank depositary if specially authorized by the Secretary of the Treasury for that purpose under the provisions of section 3620, Revised Statutes of the United States. In case no such special authority has been given to a convenient depositary, application should be made to the Secretary of the Treasury for such authorization.

Reference is hereby made to Department's Circulars of March 12, 1889, relative to the transportation of public moneys by express; August 24, 1876, relative to disbursing funds; November 28, 1879, and June 2, 1882, relative to offers of compromise, and June 11, 1896, concerning the issuance and disposition of certificates of deposit; also, to Act of Congress of January 22, 1894, sections 3216, 3218, 3617, 3620, 3621, (as amended by act of May 28, 1896,) 3625, and 5481 to 5505, inclusive, of the Revised Statues of the United States.

This circular supersedes circular regulations for the deposit of public moneys, dated January 12, 1888.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

REVOCATION OF CIRCULAR REQUIRING CHARGES FOR TRANSPORTATION OF NATIONAL BANK NOTES FOR REDEMPTION TO BE PAID BY SENDERS.

1896.
Department Circular No. 91.
Treasurer's Office, No. 65

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE TREASURER,

Washington, D C., June 13, 1896.

Circular No. 174, of November 17, 1893, requiring the charges for the transportation of national-bank notes to the Treasurer of the United States for redemption, under the act of June 20, 1874, to be paid by the senders, is hereby revoked, to take effect on and after July 1, 1896.

D. N. MORGAN,
Treasurer U. S.

APPROVED:
J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

CIVIL SERVICE CLASSIFICATION, TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

1896.
Department Circular No. 92.
Division of Appointments.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., June 13, 1896.

By direction of the President of the United States, and in accordance with the third clause of section 6 of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate and improve the civil service of the United States," approved January 16, 1883:

It is ordered, That the officers and employees in or under this Department included within the provisions of the civil service law and rules be, and they are hereby, arranged in the following classes:

Class A, all persons receiving an annual salary of less than $720, or a compensation at the rate of less than $720 per annum.

Class B, all persons receiving an annual salary of $720 or more, or a compensation at the rate of $720 or more, but less than $840 per annum.

Class C, all persons receiving an annual salary of $840 or more, or a compensation at the rate of $840 or more, but less than $900 per annum.

Class D, all persons receiving an annual salary of $900 or more, or a compensation at the rate of $900 or more, but less than $1,000 per annum.

Class E, all persons receiving an annual salary of $1,000 or more, or a compensation at the rate of $1,000 or more, but less than $1,200 per annum.

Class 1, all persons receiving an annual salary of $1,200 or more, or a compensation at the rate of $1,200 or more, but less than $1,400 per annum.

Class 2, all persons receiving an annual salary of $1,400 or more, or a compensation at the rate of $1,400 or more, but less than $1,600 per annum.

Class 3, all persons receiving an annual salary of $1,600 or more, or a compensation at the rate of $1,600 or more, but less than $1,800 per annum.

Class 4, all persons receiving an annual salary of $1,800 or more, or a compensation at the rate of $1,800 or more, but less than $2,000 per annum.

Class 5, all persons receiving an annual salary of $2,000 or more, or a compensation at the rate of $2,000 or more, but less than $2,500 per annum.

Class 6, all persons receiving an annual salary of $2,500 or more, or a compensation at the rate of $2,500 or more, per annum.

It is provided, That this classification shall not include persons appointed to an office by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, nor persons employed as mere laborers or workmen; but all positions whose occupants are designated as laborers or workmen, and who were, prior to May 6, 1896, and are now, regularly assigned to work of the same grade as that performed by classified employees, shall be included within this classification. Hereafter, no person who is appointed as a laborer or workman, without

examination under the civil service rules, shall be assigned to work of the same grade as that performed by classified employees.

It is also ordered, That no person shall be admitted into any place not excepted from examination by the civil service rules, in any of the classes above designated, until he shall have passed an appropriate examination prepared by the United States Civil Service Commission and his eligibility has been certified to this Department by said Commission.

J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary.

1896.
Department Circular No. 93.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., June 15, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending May 29, 1896.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

REPORT ON REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING MAY 29, 1896.

N. B.—***In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.***

No. of Reappraisement.

11677..... } *Manufactures of flax* from Regenhart, Rozmann, Freiwaldau, Feb. 28, 1896.
11692..... }
Napkins, white hem-st. 500, entered at 1.95 florins per dozen; no advance.
Cloths 5/4, white hem-st. 285, entered at .93 florins per piece; no advance.
Tray cloths, 20/28, white hem-st., entered at 5.65 florins per dozen; no advance.
Sets of cloths, 10/12/22, entered at 10.70 florins per piece; no advance.

11987.....*Col'd cot. velvet unbleached*, from Hithersay & Ramm, Manchester, April 17/96.
22 in blk. velvet ends, qual. 25, entered at 8½d. per yd.; no advance.
22 in. blk. velvet ends, qual. 24, entered at 8d. per yd.; advanced to 8½d. per yd.
24 in. blk. velvet ends, qual. 120, entered at 8½d., advanced to 9d. per yd.
24 in. blk. velvet ends, qual. 125, entered at 8¾d., advanced to 9¼d. per yd.
27 in. picker velvets, qual. W, entered at 7½d., advanced to 8d. per yd.
27 in. Picker cords, qual. 621x, entered at 8, advanced to 8½d. per yd.
27 in. Fawn (24) Cords. qual. 400, entered at 14¾d. per yd.; no advance.
Less $\frac{1}{37}$th.
1⅞ in. blk. skirt binding (Crescent), entered at 6/9 per gross; no advance.
1⅛ in. blk. skirt binding (Shield), entered at 4/3 per gross; no advance.
27 in. brown Con. cord ends, 97, entered at 18d. per yd; no advance.
Similar goods; no advance.
Less $\frac{1}{37}$th on cords.
Less 2½ per cent discount on all above.
Add cases.
Add making up and boxing cords, at 10d.

11492..... } *Mfs. of metal*, from Chr. Wandel, Reutligen, March 7/96.
12158..... .....
Wire cloths, No. 90, entered at 7 marks per sq. meter; no advance.
Add packing.

12226..... *Mfs. of metal*, from Co-operative Knitting Machine Co., Leicester, May 25, 1896.
Knitting machines, entered at £60, advanced to £210 per total.

11656..... *Mfs. Silk & Cot.* from Ruby & Co., Lyons, Mch. 14/96.
92 c/m serge noir, (32), entered at 1.00, advanced to 1.05 francs per meter.
92 c/m serge noir, (39), entered at 1.10, advanced to 1.20 francs per meter.
48 satin col'd, entered at 1.25 francs per meter; no advance.
60 c/m satin blanc, entered at 1.10, advanced to 1.20 francs per meter.
60 c/m satin blanc, entered at 1.70, advanced to 1.75 francs per meter.
Discount 20 per cent.
Add packing charges.

11829..... *Wool dress goods*, from Theodor Fierz, Zurich, March 18, 1896.
76 c/m challies, entered at .68, advanced to .70 francs per meter.
76 c/m challies, entered at .70 to .75 francs per meter; no advance.
78 c/m silk striped challies, entered at 1.29, 1.31, 1.33 francs per meter; no advance.
78 c/m silk striped challies, entered at 1.37 francs per meter; no advance.
Discount 2 per cent.
Add cases and packing.

11993..... *Cot. Galloons*, from Carl Hinnenberg & Son, Schwelm, April 1, 1896.
Cotton tape, 450/3½, entered at 1.96, advanced to 2.80 marks per piece of 200 yds.
450/5 cotton tape, entered at 2.66, advanced to 3.90 marks per piece of 200 yds.
Discount 3 per cent.
Carriage deducted on entry; disallowed on reappraisement.

12097..... }
11738..... .....
12122.. .....
11620..... } *Cot. netting & cot. lace curtains*, from B. Walker & Co., Nottingham, Apr. 2, 24, 30, 1896.
Wt. curtains, 1750, 3½ yds., 54 in., entered at 2/2, advanced to 2/6 per pair.
Wt. curtains, 1922, 3½ yds., 60 in., entered at 2/3½ advanced to 2/6½ per pair.
Ivory curtains, 1930, 3½ yds., 60 in., entered at 2/3½, advanced to 2/6½ per pair.
Ecru curtains, 189, 3½ yds., 43 in., entered at 1/1, advanced to 1/2 per pair.
Ivory cot. Hambg. net, 1010, 54 in., entered at 6¼, advanced to 6¾d. per yard.
Ecru cot. Hambg. net, 501, 50 in., entered at 5½d. per yd.; no advance.
Ecru cot. Hambg. net, 1002, 50 in., entered at 6¼, advanced to 6¾d. per yard.
White cot. Hambg. net 62–94, 50 in., entered at 4½, advanced to 5d. per yard.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Less 2½ per cent discount.
Add cases.
Less inland carriage.

12103..... *Cot. lace curtains*, from Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne, Nottingham, April 30, 1896.
Ivory curtains, 3½ yds., 52 in., 1701, entered at 5/4, advanced to 5/10 per pair.
Ecru & ivory curtains, 50 in., 1918, 3½ yds., entered at 2/2, advanced to 2/4 per pair.
Ivory curtains, 3½ yds., 52 in., 3961, entered at 3/9, advanced to 4/– per pair.
Ecru curtains, 3½ yds., 43 in., 189, entered at 1/1, advanced to 1/2 per pair.
Less discount 2½ per cent.
Add cases.
Less freight.

12181.....*Silk hdkfs. Mfs. silk &c (white habutai)*, from Kaitsio Gomei Kiraisha, Tokio, April 16, 1896.
21–1¼ White H. S. hdkfs. E2103, entered at 2.63, advanced to 2.85 S. Yen per dozen.
23–1½ White H. S. hdkfs. No. E2306, entered at 3.18, advanced to 3.48 S. Yen per dozen.
White H. S. Hdkfs. E1205 12–½, entered at .91, advanced to .99 S. Yen per dozen.
White H. S. hdkfs., D2101 21–1, entered at 2.82, advanced to 3.07 S. Yen, per dozen.
White H. S. hdkfs., D1856, 18–1½ entered at 2.35, advanced to 2.55 S. Yen per dozen.
White habutai, No. 42, 26–50 entered at 14.11, advanced to 14.45 S. Yen per piece.
Add cases and packing.

12112..... } *Col'd cot. velvet unbl'd, cot. velvet & corduroy*, from Hithersay & Ramm, Manchester'
12192..... } April 24, 1896.
24 in. Blk. velvet, No. 29, entered at 9¼, advanced to 10⅓d. per yd.
24 in. Blk. velvet, No. 30, entered at 9½, advanced to 10½d. per yd.
22 in. blk. velvet, 26x, entered at 9¼, advanced to 9½d. per yd.
24 in. Blk. velvet, 120, entered at 8½, advanced to 9d. per yd.
19½ in. blk. velvet, 21, entered at 7, advanced to 7⅜d. per yd.
27 in. Picker V'teens, W, entered at 7½, advanced to 8d. per yd.
27 in. Picker cords, 621x, entered at 8, advanced to 8½d. per yard.
22 in. Blk. velvet, 50, entered at 5, advanced to 5¼d. per yd.
24 in. Blk. velvet, 125, entered at 8¾, advanced to 9¼d. per yd.
19 in. Blk. velvet, 19, entered at 5¾, advanced to 6d. per yd.
27 in. picker cords, qual. M. B., entered at 5¾, advanced to 6¼d. per yd.
Less $\frac{1}{37}$th.
Less 2½ per cent discount.
Add cases, making up and boxing.

11998..... }
12120.. ..... } *Col'd cot. corduroy*, from Hardt & Co., Manchester, Apr. 24/96.
12121..... }
27 in. "B" cot. cords, 537a, entered at 11½d. per yd.; no advance.
28 in. Blk. & Wht. Partridge cords, 708, entered at 11⅞, advanced to 12⅞d. per yard.
28 in. drab II cot. cords, 537a, entered at 9$\frac{9}{16}$d. per yd.; no advance.
27 in. dk. drab II, cot. cords, 560, entered at 8⅞d. per yd.; no advance.
28 in. cream cot. cords, 24, entered at 10$\frac{23}{32}$, advanced to 11½d. per yd.
Less $\frac{1}{37}$th.
Less discount 2¾ per cent.
Add cases.

11430.....*Soap n. s. p. f.*, from C. C. Bartley, Birmingham, Feb. 8, 1896.
Qts. soft soap, entered at 9/6, advanced to 10/– per doz.
Pts. soft soap, entered at 6/–, advanced to 6/6 per doz/.
Add casks.

12196..... .....*Mfs. Cot. & Metal*, from S. Shehfg, Damascus, April 3, 1896.
Curtains, entered at 42.20, advanced to 46 piasters per pair.
Curtains, entered at 40, advanced to 44 piasters per pair.
Curtains, entered at 37.20, advanced to 40 piasters per pair.
Table covers, entered at 22.20, advanced to 24 piasters per piece.
Table covers, entered at 19, advanced to 20 piasters each.
Similar goods, similar advances.

11608..... } *Fire crackers*, from Melchers & Co., Canton, Sep. 9/96.
11609..... }

40/64 longstemmed fire crackers, entered at $.58½, advanced to $.59 Mexican currency per box.
Less 2 per cent discount.
Less export duty and boat and coolie hire.
Lekin taxes deducted on entry; disallowed on reappraisement.

12155.....*Fire crackers*, from ——— Canton, Nov. 14/95.

Cannon crackers, 40/40, entered at $.74 Mexican currency per box; no advance.
Less 2 per cent discount.
Less export duty, and boat and coolie hire.
Importer deducts Lekin taxes; disallowed on reappraisement.

12154.....*Firecrackers*, from Carlowitz, Canton, May 16/96.

2″ Cannon crackers, 40/40 entered at .73½ Mex. currency; reappraised at $.73 per box.
Less 2 per cent discount.
Importer deducts Leking taxes; disallowed on reappraisement.
Less export duty and boat and coolie hire.

12114..... ..... *Precious stones uncut*, from B. Schlesinger, Antwerp, May 1, 1896.

Diamonds, entered at $400, advanced to $1600 per total.

11591..... ... *Wool felt*, from Ignaz Sgalitzer, Wien, Feb. 29/96.

B Hamsnerfilz, 27 x 4, entered at 3.20, advanced to 3.50 crowns per lb.
A Hamsnerfilz, 28 x 4, entered at 3.64, advanced to 4.00 crowns per lb.
Discount 2 per cent. Add case.

12113.....*Fans*, from Zee Chong, Hong Kong, Feb. 28/96.

Bone handle palm leaf fans, entered at $7.56, advanced to $18.90 Mexican currency, per total of 252 pieces.
Bamboo handle palm leaf fans, entered at $2.10, advanced to $4.80 Mexican currency, per total of 60 pieces.
Horn handle palm leaf fans, entered at $.30, advanced to $.72 Mexican currency, per total of 12 pieces.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Packing chgs. included in prices.

11770..... ..... }
12134..... } *Chemical preparation*, from Fahlberg List & Co., Saltke-Westerhusen, Mar. 14/96.
12135..... }

Saccharine Brand R, entered at 52.95, advanced to 58.00 marks per kilo pkd.
Do. Brand R, entered at 57.73, advanced to 58.00 marks per kilo pkd.
Add packing charges and cases.

12058.....*Refined sugar above No. 16 D. S.*, from R. Crooks & Co., Liverpool, April 24, 1896.

Fourths, entered at 13/–, advanced to 13/3 per cwt. pkd.
Sugar not above 16 D. S., Fifths, entered at 10/9, advanced to 11/3 per cwt. pkd.
Discount 2½ per cent.
Bags included.

11822.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Boxwell, Williams & Co., Pernambuco, Feb. 17/96.

Sugar, test 85.47, entered at 9/5 3/10, advanced to 10/2 7/10 per cwt pkd.

11981.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Ker & Co., Iloilo, Feb. 4/96.

Sugar entered at 4.62½, advanced to 4.825 Manilla currency per picule, packed.
Sugar entered at 4.25, advanced to 4.45 Manilla currency per picule, packed.
Sugar entered at 4.00, advanced to 4.20 Manilla currency per picule packed.

12006.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Bea Bellido, Matanzas, April 17/96.
Centrifugal sugar, test 95.20, entered at $.02813, advanced to $.02936 per lb. pkd.

12034.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from S. V. Drake & Co., Madgeburg, March 16, 1896.
Sugar, test 79.60, entered at 9.634, advanced to 10.785 marks per 50 kilos pkd.

12075.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from F. Clarke, St. Anns Bay, April 18, 1896.
Sugar, test 87.40, entered at £11/10/0, advanced to £11/1/7 per ton pkd.
Cost of bags included in entered price.

12096.....
12094.....
12095.....
} *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Ransohoff & Wessler, Rotterdam, March 28/96, & Mch. 26/96.

Beetroot sugar, analysis 77.65, entered at 9/7, advanced to 10/7.475 per cwt. pkd.
Beetroot sugar, analysis 89.54, entered at 11/7.12, advanced to 12/5.56 per cwt. pkd.
Beetroot sugar, analysis 89.40, entered at 11/7, advanced to 12/5.6 per cwt. pkd.

12146.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from E. J. Sadlis, Sav.la Mar, April 23, 1896.
Musco. sugar, test 91.18, entered at 11/10/0, advanced to 11/17/0 per ton pkd.
Bags included in price.

12148.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from William Kerr, Montego Bay, April 8, 1896.
Raw muscarado sugar, test 88.60, entered at £9/–/–, advanced to £11/0/3¼ per ton pkd.
Raw muscavado sugar, test 86.10, entered at 9/–/–, advanced to £10/14/2 per ton pkd.
Add hhds. and packing at 11/– per hhd., and bags and packing at 7d. per bag, to entered value.

12141.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Jose de Olozaga, Vera Cruz, April 1 96.
Muscarado sugar, test 96.10, entered at $.02305, advanced to $.02592 per lb. pkd.

11965.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from The Colonial Company, Ltd., Trinidad, April 11, 1896.
Centrifugal muscavado sugar, test 94.60, entered at $.0255, advanced to $.02725 per lb. pkd.

12127.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from H. F. E. L. Aschoff, Batavia, Feb. 27/96.
Java sugar, test, 97°, entered at 11/3, advanced to 11/11½ per cwt. pkd.

3040 o. p.....
Phila.....
} *Worsted dress goods*, from A. Van Bergen & Co., Paris, April 3/96.

1900 all wool blue black henriettas, 44 in., entered at 1.18, advanced to 1.26 francs per meter.
Less 5 per cent discount.
Add cases and packing.
To entered price add making up and bands.
Add cases and packing.

11816.....*Mfs. Silk & cotton*, from H. E. Schneiwind, Elberfield, April 9/96.
24 J Crav. art. 248, entered at .70, advanced to .85 marks per meter.
24 J Fig. satin, C. H. 319, entered at .91, advanced to .98 marks per meter.
24 J Crav. art. 276, entered at 1.05, advanced to 1.18 marks per meter.
24 J. Dam. swivel, E. H. 207, entered at 2.25 marks per meter; no advance.
24 J, Fancy H. F., entered at 1.55, advanced to 1.70 marks per meter.
24 J, Fancy R, 100/193¼ entered at 1.46, advanced to 1.55 marks per meter.

12000.....*Mfs. Silk & Cot.*, from Albert Lehmann, Lyons, April 18/96.
3½ creme Rubans, No. 100, entered at 24.00, advanced to 26.00 francs per 1000 meters'.
Discounts 20 per cent and 2 per cent.
60 c/m Bengaline No. 5774, entered at .95, advanced to 1.05 francs per meter.

12000.....*Mfs. Silk & Cot., etc.*—Continued.
49 c/m Faille faconne, No. 5755, entered at 1.65 francs per meter; no advance.
60 c/m Bengaline, 5542, entered at 1.00, advanced to 1.15 francs per meter.
Discount 20 per cent.
Packing, etc. included in price.

11970.....*Mfs. Silk & Cot.*, from Ruby & Co., Lyons, April 22/96.
Serge ecrue, 94 c/m, entered at .75, advanced to .79 francs per meter.
Serge ecru 94 c/m, entered at .725, advanced to .77 francs per meter.
Add packing.
Less 20 per cent discount.

11966.....*Mfs. Silk & Cot.*, from C. E. Bettman, Rheydt, April 15/96.
122 Gloriosa L. S. Blk., entered at .98 marks per meter; no advance.
112 Gloriosa L. S. Cordeaux, entered at .95½ marks per meter; no advance.
120/2 Gloriosa A. V. Blk., entered at .98 marks per meter; no advance.
60/1 Gloriosa L. S. Blk., entered at .49 marks per meter; no advance.
60/1 Gloriosa L. S. Blk., entered at .48 marks per meter; no advance.
56 Gloriosa L. S. Cordeaux, entered at .47¾ marks per meter; no advance.
Less inland freight.

12092.....*Mfs. Silk & Cot.*, from A. Lehman, Lyons, April 28/96.
60 c/m Bengaline No. 5846, col'd, entered at 1.00, advanced to 1.10 francs per meter.
Discount 20 per cent.
Cases and packing included in price.

3046 o. p..... } *Sugar above 16 D. S.*, from Gebruder Michahelles, Hamburg, Mch. 23/96.
Baltimore ..... }
Granulated sugar, entered at 13/10, reappraised at 13/8 per cwt. pkd.

3034 o. p..... } *Sugar above No. 16 D. S.*, from Robt. Crooks & Co., Liverpool, April 2, 1896.
Boston..... ..... }
Standard granulated, entered at £14.17.5, advanced to £15 per ton pkd.
Discount 2½ per cent.

3033 o. p..... } *Sugar above No. 16 D. S.*, from R. Crooks & Co., Liverpool, March 2, 1896.
Boston ..... }
Sugar, entered at £12.2.5, advanced to £12.5.0 per ton, pkd.
Discount 2½ per cent.

2816 o. p..... } *Chinese Mdse*, from ———— Honk-Kong, Dec. 2/95
Boston ..... }
Medical glue, entered at $1.00, advanced to $2.60 Mex. currency.
Brown sugar (not above 16 D. S.), entered at $23.00, advanced to $25.30 per total of 10 boxes of 51 catties each, Mex. currency.
Medical pills, entered at $7.00, Mex. currency per box; no advance.
Packages included, in price of goods.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

2933 o. p..... }
748 .... } *Decorated earthenware*, from Anthony Shaw & Co., Burslem, Feb. 6, 1896.
Phila..... ..... }
Dishes entered at discounts of 45 per cent, 5 per cent and 5 per cent, advanced to discounts of 40 per cent, 5 per cent and 5 per cent.
Add case and straw.

11926..... } *Wool dress goods*, from Sonntag & Loscher, Bremen, April 18, 1896.
3351.....

No. 0592, 112 c/m, entered at 1.30, advanced to 1.50 marks per meter.
No. 0601, 96 c/m, entered at 1.07, advanced to 1.30 marks per meter.
No. 0617, 96 c/m, entered at 1.05, advanced to 1.25 marks per meter.
No. 1000, 115 c/m, entered at 1.27, advanced to 1.60 marks per meter.
No. 1005, 115 c/m, entered at 1.61, advanced to 2.02 marks per meter.
No. 1003, 115 c/m, entered at 1.50, advanced to 1.90 marks per meter.
Add packing charges.

11441..... } *Lead pencils*, from H. C. Kurz, Nurnberg, Feb. 22, 1896.
3240.....

Ordinary assorted colors; entered at 2.50, advanced to 4 marks per gross.
Ordinary red and blue pencils; entered at 2.50, advanced to 5.00 marks per gross.
Add case.

11904..... } *Printed music*, from F. W. Garbricht, Leipzig, April 1, 1896.
3322.....

Bonvin, Op. 30 No. 1, 300, 4, 1½ Papier druch, entered at 17.50, advanced to 36.00 marks per total.
1486 Bonvin, Op. 30 No. 2, 300, 3, 1½ papier druch, entered at 16.00, advanced to 36.00 marks per total.

11780..... } *Manufactures of wool*, from Jacob Bohn, Aix la Chapelle, April 3, 1896.
3320.....

6/3 blk. worsteds, No. 18291/3 & 371 & 69, 18084/5 & 95/6, 17943, 18460, 18370, 18297, 17942/4, entered at 4.25, advanced to 4.65 marks per meter.
Add packing.

11768..... } *Manufactures of wool*, from Crous & Hoffmann, Aachen, Feb. 20, 1896.
3345.....

Wool cloth, 1368/1 &c, entered at 4.20, advanced to 4.60 marks per meter.
Wool cloth, 1532/2 &c, entered at 4.00, advanced to 4.40 marks per meter.
Wool cloth, 1535/6 &c, entered at 3.50, advanced to 3.80 marks per meter.
Wool cloth, 1528/1, entered at 4.00, advanced to 4.40 marks per meter.
Wool cloth, 1535/3, entered at 3.50, advanced to 3.80 marks per meter.
Wool cloth VI blk. 17 U &c, entered at 3.70, advanced to 4.00 marks per meter.
Add case and packing.

11946..... } *Printed matter*, from F. W. Garbrecht, Leipzig, April 14, 1896.
3352.....

No. 1801, M. S. Brown, Mass in b flat, entered at 140., advanced to 280. marks per total.
Add case and packing at .08 pfg. per sheet.

11776..... } *Manufactures of metal (brass wire cloth)*, from Geo. Christie, Ltd., Glasgow, April 3, 1896.
3347.....

No. 70 mesh brass wire cloths, entered at 7d., advanced to 8d. per sq. foot.
No. 80 mesh brass wire cloths, entered at 8d., advanced to 9d. per sq. foot.
Add cases and packing.

11759..... } *Decorated China Plaques (Painting on porcelain)*, from Franz J. Thallmaier, Munchen, Feb. 26, 1896.
3342.....

Mignon, 25–40 m., entered at 170, advanced to 280 marks.
Auf der Lauer, 20–33, entered at 120, advanced to 150 marks.

11759..... } *Decorated China Plaques (Painting on porcelain), etc.*—Continued.
3342..... .....

Liebesweihung, 16–23, entered at 50, advanced to 90 marks.
Echo, Ruth, Clarissa, entered at 40, advanced to 65 marks each.
Magdalene, entered at 40, advanced to 80 marks.
Lorelei, 19–25 m., entered at 60, advanced to 110 marks.
Small Ein Ley & ein Ima, 12–15.5, entered at 20, advanced to 40 marks.
Add case and packing.

10639..... } *Olives*, from Juan di Diosdi Soto, Sevilla, October 17/95.
3147..... .....

Manzanilla olives, entered at 14., advanced to 19. pesetas per fanaga, packed.
Add barrels at 12 pesetas each to entered value.

10596..... } *Olives*, from Antonio Alonso, Seville, June 18, 1895.
3148.....

Manzanilla olives, entered at 14 pesetas per fanaga; no advance.

11409..... .... } *Chemical preparation*, from Fahlberg, List & Co., Saltke–Westerhusen, Feb. 8, 1896.
3260.....

Saccharine, Brand P, entered at 34, advanced to 38 marks per kilo, packed.
Do. Brand R, entered at 52, advanced to 58 marks per kilo, packed.
Add cases, packing, etc., to entered value.

11803..... } *Cot. Hose*, from ———, Chemnitz, Mch. 20 96.
3321.....

Men's tan cot. ½ hose, No. 1161, entered at 2.70, advanced to 2.75 marks per dozen.
Men's Herm. Blk. ½ hose, No. 1258, entered at 3.60, advanced to 3.75 marks per dozen.
Men's Herm. Blk. ½ hose No. 1259, entered at 3.90, advanced to 4.20 marks per dozen.
Discount 5 per cent.
Chgs. for cases, boxes &c, included in price.

11457..... } *Emb'd cotton hdkfs*, from ———, Rebstein, March 4/96.
3237.....

Handkerchiefs, 676 stitches, 4233 entered at 2.17, advanced to 2.30 francs per dozen.
Handkerchiefs, 964 stitches, 4452 entered at 2.65, advanced to 2.80, francs per dozen.
Handkerchiefs, 836 stitches, 4251 entered at 2.47, advanced to 2.55 francs per dozen.
Handkerchiefs, 432 stitches, 4462 entered at 1.66, advanced to 1.78 francs per dozen.
Handkerchiefs, 644 stitches, 3908 entered at 2.09, advanced to 2.20 francs per dozen.
Handkerchiefs, 782 stitches, 3901 entered at 2.36, advanced to 2.50 francs per dozen.
Handkerchiefs, 888 stitches, 2993 entered at 2.56, advanced to 2.70 francs per dozen.
Handkerchiefs, 696 stitches, 3197 entered at 2.18, advanced to 2.30 francs per dozen.
Handkerchiefs, 768 stitches, 3169 entered at 2.34, advanced to 2.46 francs per dozen.
Add 5 per cent for general expenses, 8 per cent for profit. Add boxes, case and packing.

11689..... } *Mfs. Silk & Cotton*, from Albert Lehmann, Lyons, March 28, 1896.
3356... .....

60 c/m Bengalene, 5542, entered at .90, advanced to 1.15 francs per meter.
Less 20 per cent discount.
Cases, packing, tickets, labels, etc., included in price.

11009..... } *Silk Velvet*, from F. Reichert's Sons, Wiess, Jan. 7/96.
3314 .....

Vel. soie D, No. 25832 &c, entered at 2.05, advanced to 2.65 florins per yd.
Vel. soie D 31153 &c, entered at 2.15, advanced to 2.75 florins per yd.
Add cases and packing.

11752..... } *Mf. Wool (Blk. & fancy wstd)*, from Arnold Hueck, Huckeswagen, March 27/96.
3319 ..... }

Fancy worsted 8083, entered at 4.40, advanced to 5.50 marks per meter.
Blk. worsted, 6839, entered at 4.20, advanced to 4.75 marks per meter.
Blk. worsted, 7790, entered at 4.30, advanced to 5.50 marks per meter.
Blk. worsted, 8025, entered at 4.10, advanced to 4.50 marks per meter.
Blk. worsted, 7790, entered at 4.30, advanced to 5.50 marks per meter.

11891..... } *Mfs. of Silk & Cotton*, from A. Bessbus & Sawze, Lyons, Apr. 16/96.
3357..... }

Bragance, 4261, 60 c/m, entered at .93, advanced to 1.00 franc per meter.
Ponge, 2875, 78 c/m, entered at .88, advanced to .96 franc per meter.
Discount 20 per cent.
Packing charges included in cost.

10832..... }
3174..... }
10851..... } *Wool dress goods*, from Burgess, Petel & Co., Roubaix, Dec. 20/95, Jan. 10/96, etc.
3169..... }
&c ..... }

All wool cashmere, 44/45 in. 19/20 twill, entered at 1.50, advanced to 1.72 francs per meter.
All wool cashmere, 44/45 in. 17/18 twill, entered at 1.35, advanced to 1.57 francs per meter.
All wool cashmere, 44/45 in. 16/17 twill, entered at 1.25, advanced to 1.49 francs per meter.
All wool cashmere, 44/45 in., 20/21 twill, entered at 1.57½, advanced to 1.80 francs per meter.
All wool cashmere, 44/45 in., 22/23 twill, entered at 1.75, advanced to 1.97 francs per meter.
All wool cashmere, 44/45 in. 14/15 twill, entered at 1.14, advanced to 1.34 francs per meter.
All wool serge, 36/37 in. 10/11 twill, entered at .76½ advanced to .87 franc per meter.
All wool cashmere, 35 in., 9/10 twill, entered at .66, advanced to .75 franc per meter.
All wool cashmere, 37/38 in. 11/12 twill, entered at .875, advanced to .98 franc per meter.
Less 5 per cent discount.
Add cases and packing.

10703..... }
3141..... }
10686..... } *Wool dress goods*, from J. Warnier & P. David, Rheims, Dec. 13/95, Dec. 6/95.
3139..... }
10687..... }
3140..... }

Blk. serge, 62, 49 in., entered at 1.02, advanced to 1.20 francs per meter.
Col'd serge, 116, 33¾ in., entered at .625, advanced to .70 franc per meter.
Col'd serge, 131, 33¾ in., entered at .625, advanced to .70 franc per meter.
Col'd cashmere 1200, 37¾ in., entered at .75, advanced to .88 franc per meter.
Blk. cashmere, 1000, 33¾ in. entered at .61, advanced to .70 franc per meter.
Navy & blk. serge, 403, 49½ in., entered at 1.16, advanced to 1.35 francs per meter.
Col'd serge, 50 W, 44¾ in., entered at 1.05, advanced to 1.23 francs per meter.
Col'd cashmere Junior, 33¾ in., entered at .61, advanced to .70 franc per meter.
Col'd serge Meteor, 33¾ in., entered at .625, advanced to .70 franc per meter.
Discount 5 per cent.
Add rolling pieces at .25; cases and packing.

10474.....
3193.....
10494.....
3194..... } *Wool dress goods*, from A. Van Bergen & Co., Paris, Nov. 16/95, Nov. 19/95, etc.
10632.....
3195.....
&c.....

270 silk & wool sublime, 37 in., entered at 1.70, advanced to 1.85 francs per meter.

1600 all wool cream henriettas, 44 in., entered at 1.22, advanced to 1.49 francs per meter.

284 Blue black serge, 44 in., entered at .635, advanced to .75 francs per meter.

117 all wool col'd serge, 44 in., entered at .97, advanced to 1.15 francs per meter.

605 all wool serge, 44 in., entered at 1.13, advanced to 1.33 francs per meter.

AX all wool blue black cathon, 43 in., entered at .85, advanced to .98 francs per meter.

155 all wool blue black henrietta, 43 in., entered at .85, advanced to .98 francs per meter.

155 all wool cream henrietta, 43 in., entered at .83, advanced to 1.00 franc per meter.

Similar goods, similar advances.

Less 5 per cent discount.

Add cases and packing.

Silk & wool Nougeante, 37 in., Nos. 2113, 2107, entered at 1.825, advanced to 2.00 francs per meter.

Silk & wool nougeante, No. 260, entered at 1.50, advanced to 1.65 francs per meter.

Silk & wool nouveante, entered at 1.275, advanced to 1.45 francs per meter.

Less 7 per cent discount.

Add cases and packing.

All wool printed bossele, 26 7 in., entered at 2.25 francs per meter; no advance.

Discount 6 per cent.

Add cases and packing.

All wool suiting, 44 in., No. 75, entered at 1.275, advanced to 1.45 francs per meter.

Less 7 per cent discount.

Add case and packing.

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SUBPORTS OF ENTRY AND DELIVERY IN THE STATE OF FLORIDA.

1896.
Department Circular No. 94.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., June 17, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following act of Congress, approved June 10, 1896, providing for subports of entry and delivery in the State of Florida, is published for the information of all concerned.

W. E. CURTIS,
Acting Secretary.

AN ACT To provide for subports of entry and delivery in the State of Florida.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That such places in the collection districts in the State of Florida as the Secretary of the Treasury may from time to time designate shall be subports of entry and delivery, and customs officers shall be stationed at such subports, with authority to enter and clear vessels, receive duties, fees, and other moneys, and perform such other services and receive such compensation as, in the judgment of the Secretary of the Treasury, the exigencies of commerce may require.

SEC. 2. That all acts or parts of acts in conflict with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed.

Approved, June 10, 1896.

ERIE, PA., A PORT OF IMMEDIATE TRANSPORTATION.

1896.
Department Circular No. 95.

Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., June 17, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following act of Congress, approved June 11, 1896, making Erie, Pa., a port of immediate transportation, is published for the information of all concerned.

W. E. CURTIS,
Acting Secretary.

AN ACT To make the city of Erie, Pennsylvania, a port of immediate transportation.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the privileges of the seventh section of the Act approved June tenth, eighteen hundred and eighty, governing the transportation of dutiable merchandise without appraisement, be, and the same are hereby, extended to the port of Erie, in the State of Pennsylvania.

Approved, June 11, 1896.

MANUFACTURED ARTICLES EXPORTED BY THE MANUFACTURER THEREOF FOR BENEFIT OF DRAWBACK.

1896.
Department Circular No. 96.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., June 19, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The Department's circular of May 18, 1894, (Synopsis 14981) supplementing the regulations of 1892, relative to drawback, is hereby amended so as to omit the requirement of a certificate of transfer from manufacturer to exporter, in cases where the goods are exported by the manufacturer thereof.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

1896.
Department Circular No. 97.
Division of Revenue Cutter Service, No. 66.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., June 22, 1896.

The following extract from the act of Congress approved June 11, 1896, making appropriations for the sundry civil expenses of the Government, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1897, is published for the information and guidance of officers and others of the Revenue Cutter Service:

"That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to permit officers and others of the Revenue Cutter Service to make allotments from their pay, under such regulations as he may prescribe, for the support of their families or relatives, for their own savings, or for other proper purposes, during such time as they may be absent at sea, on distant duty, or under other circumstances warranting such action."

Applications for allotments in cases where the officers or other persons are not "absent at sea" or "on distant duty" should show *all the circumstances* in order that the Department may determine whether they be such as to warrant favorable action. In no case will the amount of the allotment exceed 70 per cent of the monthly pay as provided for in paragraph 874 of the Regulations of the Revenue Cutter Service.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

IMPORTATION OF "FILLED CHEESE."

1896.
Department Circular No. 98.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., June 23, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The attention of collectors and other officers of the customs is called to section 11 of the annexed act, approved June 6, 1896, entitled "An Act Defining cheese, and also imposing a tax upon and regulating the manufacture, sale, importation, and exportation of 'filled cheese,'" which is as follows:

"SEC. 11. That all filled cheese as herein defined imported from foreign countries, shall, in addition to any import duty imposed on the same, pay an internal-revenue tax of eight cents per pound, such tax to be represented by coupon stamps; and such imported filled cheese and the packages containing the same shall be stamped, marked, and branded, as in the case of filled cheese manufactured in the United States."

Paragraph 195 of the act of August 28, 1894, provides for a duty of four cents per pound on imported cheese; and provision is made in the foregoing section for the collection of an internal-revenue tax of eight cents per pound in addition to the import duty imposed by said paragraph 195. This additional tax must be paid before the removal of the goods from the custody of the Government.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue will prepare regulations covering the manner of collecting this tax, the issuance of the requisite stamps, etc., printed copies of which in sufficient numbers for the use of customs officials may be had on requisition.

The act goes into effect ninety days after the date of its passage, to wit, September 4, 1896.

In addition to the marking of the packages of such goods, required by section 5 of the act of August 28, 1894, as to the quantity of contents, and indication of country of origin, each and every cheese, and each and every package if not, on importation, found to be duly marked in accordance with the provisions of said section, and section 6 of said act of June 6, 1896, must be marked, stamped, and branded in the manner provided, before delivery from the custody of the officers of the customs, the expense of unpacking, marking, and repacking in original packages to be borne by the importer; and it is the duty of officers of the customs to require the opening of a sufficient number of the packages, and inspection of the cheeses in any invoice to verify proper compliance with the above provisions of law.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

AN ACT Defining cheese, and also imposing a tax upon and regulating the manufacture, sale, importation, and exportation of "filled cheese."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the purposes of this Act, the word "cheese" shall be understood to mean the food product known as cheese, and which is made from milk or cream and without the addition of butter, or any

animal, vegetable, or other oils or fats foreign to such milk or cream, with or without additional coloring matter.

SEC. 2. That for the purposes of this Act certain substances and compounds shall be known and designated as "filled cheese," namely: All substances made of milk or skimmed milk, with the admixture of butter, animal oils or fats, vegetable or any other oils, or compounds foreign to such milk, and made in imitation or semblance of cheese.

SEC. 3. That special taxes are imposed as follows:

Manufacturers of filled cheese shall pay four hundred dollars for each and every factory per annum. Every person, firm, or corporation who manufactures filled cheese for sale shall be deemed a manufacturer of filled cheese. Wholesale dealers in filled cheese shall pay two hundred and fifty dollars per annum. Every person, firm, or corporation who sells or offers for sale filled cheese in the original manufacturer's packages for resale, or to retail dealers as hereinafter defined, shall be deemed a wholesale dealer in filled cheese. But any manufacturer of filled cheese who has given the required bond and paid the required special tax, and who sells only filled cheese of his own production, at the place of manufacture, in the original packages, to which the tax-paid stamps are affixed, shall not be required to pay the special tax of a wholesale dealer in filled cheese on account of such sales.

Retail dealers in filled cheese shall pay twelve dollars per annum. Every person who sells filled cheese at retail, not for resale, and for actual consumption, shall be regarded as a retail dealer in filled cheese, and sections thirty-two hundred and thirty-two, thirty-two hundred and thirty-three, thirty-two hundred and thirty-four, thirty-two hundred and thirty-five, thirty-two hundred and thirty-six, thirty-two hundred and thirty-seven, thirty-two hundred and thirty-eight, thirty-two hundred and thirty-nine, thirty-two hundred and forty, thirty-two hundred and forty-one, thirty-two hundred and forty-three of the Revised Statutes of the United States are, so far as applicable, made to extend to and include and apply to the special taxes imposed by this section and to the persons, firms, or corporations upon whom they are imposed: *Provided*, That all special taxes under this Act shall become due on the first day of July in every year, or on commencing any manufacture, trade, or business on which said tax is imposed. In the latter case the tax shall be reckoned proportionately from the first day of the month in which the liability to the special tax commences to the first day of July following.

SEC. 4. That every person, firm, or corporation who carries on the business of a manufacturer of filled cheese without having paid the special tax therefor, as required by law, shall, besides being liable to the payment of the tax, be fined not less than four hundred dollars and not more than three thousand dollars; and every person, firm, or corporation who carries on the business of a wholesale dealer in filled cheese without having paid the special tax therefor, as required by law, shall, besides being liable to the payment of the tax, be fined not less than two hundred and fifty dollars nor more than one thousand dollars; and every person, firm, or corporation who carries on the business of a retail dealer in filled cheese without having paid the special tax therefor, as required by law, shall, besides being liable for the payment of the tax, be fined not less than forty nor more than five hundred dollars for each and every offense.

SEC. 5. That every manufacturer of filled cheese shall file with the collector of internal revenue of the district in which his manufactory is located such notices, inventories, and bonds, shall keep such books and render such returns of materials and products. shall put up such signs and affix such number to his factory, and conduct his business under such surveillance of officers and agents as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, may by regulation require. But the bond required of such manufacturer shall be with sureties satisfactory to the collector of internal revenue, and in a penal sum of not less than five thousand dollars; and the amount of said bond may be increased from time to time, and additional sureties required, at the discretion of the collector or under instructions of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue. Any manufacturer of filled cheese who fails to comply with the provisions of this section or with the regulations herein authorized, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than five hundred nor more than one thousand dollars.

SEC. 6. That filled cheese shall be packed by the manufacturers in wooden packages only, not before used for that purpose, and marked, stamped, and branded with the words "filled cheese" in black-faced letters not less than two inches in length, in a circle in the center of the top and bottom of the cheese; and in black-faced letters of not less than two inches in length in line from the top to the bottom of the cheese, on the side in four places equidistant from each other; and the package containing such cheese shall be marked in the same manner, and in the same number of places, and in the same description of letters as above provided for the marking of the cheese; and all sales or consignments made by manufacturers of filled cheese to wholesale dealers in filled cheese or to exporters of filled cheese shall be in original stamped packages. Retail dealers in filled cheese shall sell only from original stamped packages, and shall pack the filled cheese when sold in suitable wooden or paper packages, which shall be marked

and branded in accordance with rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury. Every person who knowingly sells or offers to sell, or delivers or offers to deliver, filled cheese in any other form than in new wooden or paper packages, marked and branded as hereinbefore provided and as above described, or who packs in any package or packages filled cheese in any manner contrary to law, or who falsely brands any package or affixes a stamp on any package denoting a less amount of tax than that required by law, shall upon conviction thereof be fined for each and every offense not less than fifty dollars and not more than five hundred dollars or be imprisoned not less than thirty days nor more than one year.

SEC. 7. That all retail and wholesale dealers in filled cheese shall display in a conspicuous place in his or their sales room a sign bearing the words "Filled cheese sold here" in black-faced letters not less than six inches in length, upon a white ground, with the name and number of the revenue district in which his or their business is conducted; and any wholesale or retail dealer in filled cheese who fails or neglects to comply with the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall on conviction thereof be fined for each and every offense not less than fifty dollars and not more than two hundred dollars.

SEC. 8. That every manufacturer of filled cheese shall securely affix, by pasting on each package containing filled cheese manufactured by him, a label on which shall be printed, besides the number of the manufactory and the district and state in which it is situated, these words: "Notice.—The manufacturer of the filled cheese herein contained has complied with all the requirements of the law. Every person is cautioned not to use either this package again or the stamp thereon again, nor to remove the contents of this package without destroying said stamp, under the penalty provided by law in such cases." Every manufacturer of filled cheese who neglects to affix such label to any package containing filled cheese made by him or sold or offered for sale by or for him, and every person who removes any such label so affixed from any such package, shall be fined fifty dollars for each package in respect to which such offense is committed.

SEC. 9. That upon all filled cheese which shall be manufactured there shall be assessed and collected a tax of one cent per pound, to be paid by the manufacturer thereof; and any fractional part of a pound in a package shall be taxed as a pound. The tax levied by this section shall be represented by coupon stamps; and the provisions of existing laws governing the engraving, issue, sale, accountability, effacement, and destruction of stamps relating to tobacco and snuff, as far as applicable, are hereby made to apply to stamps provided for by this section.

SEC. 10. That whenever any manufacturer of filled cheese sells or removes for sale or consumption any filled cheese upon which the tax is required to be paid by stamps, without paying such tax, it shall be the duty of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, within a period of not more than two years after such sale or removal, upon satisfactory proof, to estimate the amount of tax which has been omitted to be paid and to make an assessment therefor and certify the same to the collector. The tax so assessed shall be in addition to the penalties imposed by law for such sale or removal.

SEC. 11. That all filled cheese as herein defined imported from foreign countries shall, in addition to any import duty imposed on the same, pay an internal-revenue tax of eight cents per pound, such tax to be represented by coupon stamps; and such imported filled cheese and the packages containing the same shall be stamped, marked, and branded, as in the case of filled cheese manufactured in the United States.

SEC. 12. That any person who knowingly purchases or receives for sale any filled cheese which has not been branded or stamped according to law, or which is contained in packages not branded or marked according to law, shall be liable to a penalty of fifty dollars for each such offense.

SEC. 13. That every person who knowingly purchases or receives for sale any filled cheese from any manufacturer or importer who has not paid the special tax herein provided for shall be liable, for each offense, to a penalty of one hundred dollars and to a forfeiture of all articles so purchased or received, or of the full value thereof.

SEC. 14. That whenever any stamped package containing filled cheese is emptied it shall be the duty of the person in whose hands the same is to destroy the stamps thereon; and any person who willfully neglects or refuses so to do shall, for each such offense, be fined not exceeding fifty dollars or imprisoned not less than ten days nor more than six months.

SEC. 15. That the Commissioner of Internal Revenue is authorized to have applied scientific tests, and to decide whether any substances used in the manufacture of filled cheese contain ingredients deleterious to health. But in case of doubt or contest his decision in this class of cases may be appealed from to a board hereby constituted for the purpose, and composed of the Surgeon-General of the Army, the Surgeon-General of the Navy, and the Secretary of Agriculture, and the decision of this board shall be final in the premises.

SEC. 16. That all packages of filled cheese subject to tax under this Act that shall be found without stamps or marks as herein provided, and all filled cheese intended for human consumption which contains

ingredients adjudged as hereinbefore provided to be deleterious to the public health, shall be forfeited to the United States.

SEC. 17. That all fines, penalties, and forfeitures imposed by this Act may be recovered in any court of competent jurisdiction.

SEC. 18. That the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, shall make all needful regulations for the carrying into effect the provisions of this Act.

SEC. 19. That this Act shall go into effect on the ninetieth day after its passage, and all wooden packages containing ten or more pounds of filled cheese found on the premises of any dealer on and after the ninetieth day succeeding the date of the passage of this Act, shall be deemed to be taxable under section nine of this Act, and shall be taxed, and shall have affixed thereto the stamps, marks, and brands required by this Act or by regulations made pursuant to this Act; and for the purpose of securing the affixing of the stamps, marks, and brands required by this Act, the filled cheese shall be regarded as having been manufactured and sold or removed from the manufactory for consumption or use on or after the day this Act takes effect; and such stock on hand at the time of the taking effect of this Act may be stamped, marked. and branded under special regulations of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, approved by the Secretary of the Treasury; and the Commissioner of Internal Revenue may authorize the holder of such packages to mark and brand the same and to affix thereto the proper tax-paid stamps.

Approved, June 6, 1896.

NUMBERING OF ENTRIES OF IMPORTED GOODS.

1896.
Department Circular No. 99.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., June 25, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

At all customs ports, except those at which there are naval officers, the numbering of entries in accordance with the Regulations, article 297, will be by the fiscal year, instead of the calendar year, commencing No. 1, July 1, 1896.

The above rule will be applied to I. T. entries at all ports, including those at which there are naval officers.

W. E. CURTIS,
Acting Secretary.

TENNESSEE CENTENNIAL EXPOSITION.

1896.
Department Circular No. 100.

Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., June 24, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following public resolution (No. 49) was approved by the President on May 18, 1896:

JOINT RESOLUTION Authorizing foreign exhibitors at the Tennessee Centennial Exposition, to be held in Nashville, Tennessee, in eighteen hundred and ninety-seven, to bring to this country foreign laborers from their respective countries for the purpose of preparing for and making their exhibits, and allowing articles imported from foreign countries for the sole purpose of exhibition at said exposition to be imported free of duty, under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury.

Whereas the Tennessee Centennial Exposition Company of Nashville, Tennessee, have extended invitations which have been accepted by the several nations, and space for installing foreign exhibits has been applied for and duly apportioned, and concessions and privileges granted by the exposition management to the citizens and subjects of foreign nations; and

Whereas for the purpose of securing the production upon the exposition grounds of scenes illustrative of the architecture, dress, habits, and modes of life, occupation, industries, means of locomotion and transportation, amusements, entertainments, and so forth, of the natives of foreign countries, it has been necessary for the Tennessee Centennial Exposition Company to grant concessions and privileges to certain firms and corporations conceding the right to make such productions: Therefore,

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act of Congress approved February twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, prohibiting the importation of foreigners under contract to perform labor, and the Acts of Congress prohibiting the coming of Chinese persons into the United States, and the Acts amendatory of these Acts, shall not be so construed, nor shall anything therein operate to prevent, hinder, or in any wise restrict any foreign exhibitor, representative, or citizen of a foreign nation, or the holder, who is a citizen of a foreign nation, of any concession or privilege from the Tennessee Centennial Exposition Company of Nashville, Tennessee, from bringing into the United States, under contract, such mechanics, artisans, agents, or other employees, natives of their respective foreign countries, as they or any of them, may deem necessary for the purpose of making preparations for installing or conducting their exhibits or of preparing or installing or conducting any business authorized or permitted under or by virtue of or pertaining to any concession or privilege which may have been granted by the Tennessee Centennial Exposition Company of Nashville, Tennessee, in connection with such exposition: *Provided, however,* that no alien shall by virtue of this Act enter the United States under contract to perform labor except by express permission, naming such alien, of the Secretary of the Treasury; and any such alien who may remain in the United States for more than one year, after the close of said exposition, shall thereafter be subject to all the processes and penalties applicable to aliens coming in violation of the alien-contract-labor law aforesaid.

SEC. 2. That all articles which shall be imported from foreign countries for the sole purpose of exhibition at said exposition, upon which there shall be a tariff or customs duty, shall be admitted free of payment of duty, customs fees, or charges, under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe; but it shall be lawful at any time during the exhibition to sell, for delivery at the close of the exposition, any goods or property imported for and actually on exhibition in the exposition buildings or on its grounds, subject to such regulations for the security of the revenue and for the collection of import duties as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe: *Provided,* That all such articles, when sold or withdrawn for consumption in the United States, shall be subject to the duty, if any, imposed

upon such article by the revenue laws in force at the date of importation, and all penalties prescribed by law shall be applied and enforced against such articles and against the persons who may be guilty of any illegal sale or withdrawal.

Approved, May 18, 1896.

1. In order to secure the privileges of free entry above accorded, every package destined for the Exposition should have affixed to it by the foreign shipper one or more labels representing the flag of the country to which it belongs. This label should be about 8 by 12 inches in size, and should bear across the face, in plain black letters, the inscription: "Exposition at Nashville."

All packages should be plainly marked as follows:

(1) "Surveyor of Customs, Nashville."

(2) "Exhibits for Tennessee Centennial Exposition."

(3) Name of consignee or agent at the port of first arrival in the United States.

(4) The shipping marks and numbers.

(5) Name and address of the exhibitor.

2. Every exhibit shall be accompanied by an invoice in duplicate, which shall show the name of the exhibitor, the marks and numbers of the packages, with a description of their contents, and a declaration of the quantity and the market value of each separate kind thereof in the country of production. This invoice must be signed by the exhibitor, but will require no further verification. One of the invoices will be transmitted by mail to the surveyor of customs at Nashville, and the other to the consignee of the goods at the port of first arrival.

3. As a matter of convenience, it is recommended that all packages intended for the Exposition shall be consigned to an agent, or forwarder, or commissioner, at the port of first arrival, who will attend to customs business incident to the transfer of packages from the importing vessel to a bonded route for transportation to Nashville.

4. The names of duly bonded companies will be furnished by collectors of customs at the ports of arrival. The goods may be transported to Nashville by companies duly bonded for the carriage of either appraised or unappraised merchandise. Examination and appraisal of exhibits at the port of original entry are hereby waived.

5. The consignee of the merchandise at the first port of arrival must present at the custom house the invoice above described, with a bill of lading and an entry in duplicate made out upon the special form to be prescribed for this purpose by the Treasury Department, which will show the name of the foreign shipper or owner, the name of the importing vessel, the marks and numbers of the packages, with a statement of the nature of their contents and of their foreign value, as declared in the invoice. The entry must also indicate the bonded route by which the goods are to be transported to Nashville, and must be signed by the consignee. No other declaration will be required. The consolidation of different shipments on one entry will not be allowed; such practice having obtained in regard to previous expositions has proved to be a fruitful source of confusion. Each entry will comprise, therefore, the consignment of a single exhibit only. The goods will be consigned, on the customs entry, to "Surveyor of Customs, Nashville," and there need be no computation of duties upon this entry, but the amount charged against the bond of the transportation company shall be double the invoice value.

6. The collector will thereupon issue a special permit bearing the words "Nashville Exposition," authorizing the transfer of the goods from the ship to the bonded railroad for transportation to Nashville, and will record and file one of the entries in his office, and send the other, by mail, with the invoice, to the surveyor at Nashville.

7. The permit will be taken by the agent or consignee to the inspector on board the importing vessel, who will thereupon send the goods, by a cartman duly licensed, to be delivered under the supervision of a customs officer to the transportation company.

8. The consignee will also prepare a manifest of the goods, which, after being duly certified, will be handed to the conductor of the car containing the same, and a duplicate copy must be sent by mail to the surveyor of customs at Nashville. Upon the arrival at Nashville of any car containing such articles, the conductor or agent of the railroad company will report such arrival by the presentation of the manifest to the customs officer designated to receive it, who shall compare the same with the copy received by mail, and superintend the opening of the car, taking care to identify the packages by marks and numbers, as described in the manifest.

9. These regulations will also apply to goods sent to the Exposition from foreign contiguous territory. All articles destined for the Exposition arriving from Canada or Mexico, on through cars, under consular seal, must be consigned by the foreign shipper to the "Surveyor of Customs" at Nashville.

10. The buildings and spaces set apart for the purposes of the Exposition are constituted "constructive bonded warehouses and yards," and all foreign articles placed therein under the supervision of the customs officers, and which have been specially imported for exhibition therein, will be treated the same as merchandise in bond. No warehouse entry will be required at Nashville in order to obtain entrance for such goods, but the latter will be kept under customs supervision, in accordance with the general regulations governing merchandise in bonded warehouses.

11. Under the special act of Congress establishing the Tennessee Centennial Exposition, sales are permitted during its continuance, but delivery of goods sold is to be withheld until the close of the Fair. The enforcement of this latter restriction devolves properly upon the Exposition authorities, who, being in control of the local police, are responsible for the protection of the exhibits. When the duties have been received by the surveyor upon the merchandise contained in any exhibit, he will regard such exhibit as released from customs control, except so far as concerns the supervision necessary to secure export with refund of duty.

12. At the close of the Exposition all goods intended for exportation will be transported in bond to the seaboard or exterior port, and exported therefrom under the general regulations for immediate export in bond, as modified by special regulations to be in due time provided.

13. Any merchandise imported by an exhibitor in excess of the articles duly installed as exhibits will be placed and retained in a storage warehouse at the expense of the importer until duly entered for payment of duty or exportation. Withdrawals of merchandise stored under these conditions, if made for the purpose of placing the same within the Exposition, will be treated under the provisions for entry on arrival at first port of entry, and no duty will be required to be paid. Such merchandise must be delivered at the Exposition in charge of a customs officer.

Goods which have been imported by exhibitors in excess of those used as exhibits, and stored on their account, may be withdrawn at any time for consumption on payment of duty and charges. Whenever duty-paid goods of this class shall be exported without having left the custody of the surveyor, the duty paid thereon, less 1 per cent, will be refunded, provided the duty paid on any such exported package shall have amounted to $50. Exhibits entered for exportation without payment of duty are not subject to appraisement.

14. Articles brought by proprietors or managers of theatrical exhibitions for temporary use may be entered free of duty upon the filing of satisfactory bonds for their export within six months after such importation, as provided for in paragraph 596 of the tariff act.

15. It is to be distinctly understood that the United States is not liable for any loss, casualty, or injury to the merchandise imported as exhibits at the Exposition, nor for any debt, contract, or expense incident to the transportation, care, or treatment of such merchandise.

16. All entries, invoices, permits, abstracts, and reports relating to merchandise imported under the

act of May 18, 1896, must be separately made, and must be stamped with the words, "Tennessee Centennial Exposition."

17. Additional special regulations will be provided in due time covering the withdrawal of exhibits for consumption, transportation, or exportation at the close of the Exposition.

18. The privileges granted by virtue of these regulations are intended solely for the benefit of exhibitors at the Tennessee Centennial Exposition, and with the view of relieving them, so far as practicable, of delays and vexations in connection with the customs business pertaining to their importations.

Any attempt to take advantage of these regulations in order to evade the tariff laws of the United States will subject the offender to all the penalties prescribed by those laws, including confiscation of goods and fine and imprisonment.

W. E. CURTIS,
Acting Secretary.

O

1896.
Department Circular No. 101.
Bureau of Navigation.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., June 25, 1896.

To Collectors of Customs and others:

Attention is invited to the order of the Department of Agriculture, appended hereto, dated the 19th instant, relative to certificates of inspection of meats exported from the United States, and especially to that portion which revokes the order of February 25, 1896, embodied in the circular of the Treasury Department, dated February 28, 1896, and numbered 32.

W. E. CURTIS,
Acting Secretary.

Order Postponing the Certification of Export Beef to March 15, 1897.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
Washington, D. C., June 19, 1896.

Whereas section 2 of the act of Congress, approved March 3, 1891, as amended in the act approved March 2, 1895, provides as follows:

"SEC. 2. That the Secretary of Agriculture shall also cause to be made a careful inspection of all live cattle, the meat of which, fresh, salted, canned, corned, packed, cured, or otherwise prepared, is intended for exportation to any foreign country, at such times and places, and in such manner as he may think proper, with a view to ascertain whether said cattle are free from disease, and their meat sound and wholesome, and may appoint inspectors who shall be authorized to give an official certificate clearly stating the condition in which such cattle and meat are found, and no clearance shall be given to any vessel having on board any fresh, salted, canned, corned, or packed beef being the meat of cattle killed after the passage of this act for exportation to and sale in a foreign country from any port in the United States until the owner or shipper shall obtain from an inspector appointed under the provision of this act a certificate that said cattle were free from disease, and that their meat is sound and wholesome."

And whereas it has been found impossible to establish inspection prior to July 1, 1896, at all points where beef is prepared and packed for the export trade, and

Whereas legislation is pending modifying the requirement for certificates with all exported beef,

It is ordered, That the requirement of certificates shall be postponed until March 15, 1897. All orders and regulations of this Department inconsistent with this order are hereby revoked.

The greater part of the exported beef is now inspected and will be certified, and any Government desiring to secure inspected beef exclusively may do so by making the proper regulations. It is not, however, deemed practicable to exclude from exportation to countries which gladly accept it the beef which the retail butchers find unsalable because it is cut from inferior portions of the carcass. Much of this beef has been inspected, but there is no way of identifying it after the carcass has been cut. As a considerable number of firms collect these special cuts from the retailers and pack them for exportation, to enforce the statute as it stands would destroy their business. An amendment to the law which will avoid this undesirable result has been favorably reported from the proper committee in each branch of the Congress, and I deem it my duty to postpone the order requiring certificates until this bill has been duly considered and acted upon by the law-making power of the Government.

J. STERLING MORTON,
Secretary.

1896.
Department Circular No. 102.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., June 25, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

On the exportation of refined sugars and sirups, made wholly from imported raw sugars, drawback will be allowed equal in amount to the duty paid on the material used, less the legal deduction of 1 per cent.

When the exported sugars are "hard refined," of standard test, commercially known as loaf, cut loaf, cube, granulated, crushed or powdered, and are made wholly from imported raw cane sugars, the amount of drawback shall be determined by allowing for each 100 pounds of the exported article, the duties paid on the respective grades and quantities of material used, as indicated in the following schedule:

Test of raw sugar used.	Allowance for 100 pounds hard refined.
Degrees.	*Pounds.*
99	101.87
98	103.73
97	105.60
96	107.47
95	109.34
94	111.20
93	113.07
92	114.94
91	116.81
90	118.67
89	120.54
88	122.41
87	124.27
86	126.14
85	128.01
84	129.88
83	131.74
82	133.61
81	135.48
80	137.35
79	139.21
78	141.08
77	142.95
76	144.82
75	146.68

When the "hard refined" sugars hereinbefore described are made wholly from imported raw beet sugars, the duty paid on the material used for each pound of the exported article may be determined by dividing the duty paid on 1 pound of the material by the decimal denoting the "net analysis" of such material, and then deducting from the amount so found, as an equivalent of the value of the material for

the sirup product, the percentage of that amount corresponding to the polariscope test of the raw sugar used, indicated in the following schedule:

Polariscope test of raw beet sugars used.	Percentages to be deducted to find duty paid on material for refined sugar.	Polariscope test of raw beet sugars used.	Percentages to be deducted to find duty paid on material for refined sugar.
"Firsts:"		"Seconds:"	
Degrees.	*Per cent.*	*Degrees.*	*Per cent.*
96	1.2	92	3.7
95	1.5	91	4.5
94	1.9	90	5.4
93	2.4	89	6.4
92	3	88	7.5

When "soft refined" sugars, made wholly from imported raw sugars, are exported with benefit of drawback, the drawback entry must show the respective values of such soft sugars and of standard granulated sugar on the same market; and the drawback per pound on the "soft refined" sugar shall be such part of the drawback per pound provided for "hard refined" sugar, made from the same kind and grade of material, as the value of such soft sugar is of the value of such granulated sugar.

The rate of drawback on the "soft refined" sugar may be fixed by use of the following proportion: As the value of 1 pound of standard granulated sugar is to the value of 1 pound of the "soft refined" sugar, so is the drawback provided for the pound of granulated sugar, to the drawback allowable on the pound of "soft refined" sugar, made from like material.

The required values of the refined sugars declared on the drawback entry, shall be verified by reference to standard market quotations on date of shipment.

The amount of drawback which may be allowed on the exported sirup products of raw sugars, shall be determined by allowing for each gallon of the exported article, valued at 5 cents in condition as "thrown" from the "centrifugal," the duties paid on the respective grades and quantities of material used, as indicated in the following schedule:

Test of raw sugar used.	Allowance for one gallon of sirup.
Degrees.	*Pounds.*
99	1.36
98	1.37
97	1.39
96	1.40
95	1.41
94	1.43
93	1.44
92	1.46
91	1.48
90	1.49
89	1.51
88	1.53
87	1.55
86	1.56
85	1.58
84	1.60
83	1.62
82	1.64
81	1.66
80	1.68
79	1.70
78	1.72
77	1.74
76	1.77
75	1.79

The value of the sirup, in condition as thrown from the centrifugal, shall be declared by the manufacturer on the drawback entry, which declaration shall be verified by the collector; and if the declaration so verified shows a value per gallon above or below 5 cents, the allowance shall be determined by increasing or reducing the schedule allowance in proportion to the increase or reduction above or below the 5 cents per gallon above specified; but in no case shall the allowance be based on a value of sirup exceeding 8 cents per gallon, without special authority from the Department.

When imported raw cane and beet sugars are "blended" or mixed in the process of manufacturing refined sugars and sirups, the manufacturer's declaration must show separately the respective quantities of the different kinds and grades of the sugars so mixed. In liquidating entries covering portions of the products of such mixtures, drawback shall be based on proportionate quantities of material corresponding to the quantities of the different kinds and grades of materials so mixed.

For a fraction of a degree of test of the raw sugar used in the manufacture of either refined sugar or sirup, the allowance of quantity of material shall be fixed by a proportionate division of the difference between the schedule allowances for the degrees next above and below such fraction.

The quantities of sugar and sirup exported shall be ascertained by United States weighers and gaugers, respectively; and samples shall be taken as ordered by the collector to be submitted to the appraiser, for report of polariscope test and such other expert inspection as may be requisite.

On requisition of collectors, appraising officers shall furnish polariscope tests, "net analyses," and other conditions of valuation of raw sugars, not found on the import invoice, for use in liquidation of drawback entries.

Department's Circular No. 20, of February 1, 1896 (Synopsis 16738), is hereby superseded.

W. E. CURTIS,
Acting Secretary.

1896.
Department Circular No. 103.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., June 25, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending June 6, 1896.

W. E. CURTIS,
Acting Secretary.

REPORT ON REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING JUNE 6, 1896.

N. B.—*In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.*

No. of reappraisement.

12183.....*Chemical salts*, from Julius Hulsen & Co., Newcastle on Tyne, April 17/96.
Hyposulphite Soda, entered at 3.17.0, advanced to 5.0.0. per ton.
Hyposulphite Soda, entered at 4.7.0 per ton, advanced to 5.10.0 per ton.
Packages and cost of filling included in price.

12152.....*Carbonate Ammonia*, from W. Caudevy & Co., London, May 2/96.
Carbonate ammonia, entered at 2⅞, advanced to 3d. per lb. F. O. B. London.
Discount 2½ per cent.

12119..... .....*Sulphate of ammonia*, from Peter R. McQuie & Son, Liverpool, Jan. 22/96.
Grey color, entered at 8.0.10½, advanced to 8.5.0. per ton pkd.

11636.....*Steel billets*, from A. Froding & Co., Gothenburg, Mch. 4/96.
Brand H, entered at 245.82, advanced to 257.82 crowns per ton.
Less 1¼ per cent discount for cash.

12215.....*Pickles (capers)*, from J. Feyret, Bordeaux, May 2/96.
Nonpareilles, entered at 4.15, advanced to 4.55 francs per case of 12½ flacons.
Similar goods, similar advances.

11997.....
12225.....
11969.....
} *Cotton yarn*, from McConnel & Co., Ltd., Manchester, Apr 17, May 8, May 27/96.

95 A cotton yarn, entered at 1/6 3/4, advanced to 1/9 per lb.
110 A cotton yarn, entered at 1/9, advanced to 2/– per lb.
Discount 2½ per cent.
Add cases and packing at 5/– each.

11260.....*Flax Lace Curtains*, from W. H. Fletcher & Co., Paris, Feb. 20/96.
Ren'ce curtains, 3½ yds., No. 13478, entered at 36.35, advanced to 39.95 francs per pair.
Add case and packing.

11785..... .....
11786.....} *Flax and Cot. Lace Curtains*, from Fred Smith Doughty, Paris, Mar. 18/96, Apr. 1/96.
Ren'ce curtains, 3½ yds., No. 13466/4, entered at 30. advanced to 33. francs per pair.
Ren'ce curtains, No. 13478 3½ yds., entered at 36.35, advanced to 39.95 francs per pair.
Add cases and packing.

11621.....*Cot. Netting and Cot. Lace Curtains*, from B. Walker & Co., Mar. 24/96.
Ecru No. 312 cot. Hambg. net, 30 in., entered at 3d., advanced to 3¼d. per yd.
Wht. F 10 cot. Hambg. net, 27 in., entered at 2d., advanced to 2¼d. per yd.
Ecru No. 10 cot. Hambg. net, 45 in., entered at 3½d., advanced to 3¾d. per yd.
Ecru No. 15 cot. Hambg. net, 45 in., entered at 3½d., advanced to 3¾d. per yd.
Wht. tape curtains No. 1759, 50 in., 3½ yds., entered at 2/3½, advanced to 2/6½ per pair.
Ecru tape curtains, No. 1781, 48 in., 3½ yds., entered at 2/- advanced to 2/4 per pair.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Add cases at 8/-.
Discount 2½ per cent.
Less inland carriage.

11682.....*Mf. of Wool*, from F. H. Galloway & Co., Leeds, Mch. 11/96.
54″ Green wool Med'm cloth, entered at 2/10, advanced to 3/6 per yd.
48″ Green wool dress cloth, entered at 1/1, advanced to 1/4 per yd.
54″ Green wool med'm cloth, entered at 1/11, advanced to 2/10 per yd.
52″ green wool med'm cloth, entered at 1/4, advanced to 2/1 per yd.
54″ green wool dress cloth, entered at 1/1, advanced to 1/3 per yd.
54″ green wool med'm cloth, entered at 1/11, advanced to 2/8 per yd.
Less $\frac{1}{37}$th.
Less 2½ per cent discount.
Add making up ends at 1/- each.

11658.....*Mfs. Wool & cotton*, from Simon, Israel & Co., Bradford, Mch. 26/96.
Blue serge, M 9049, 54 in., entered at 10½, advanced to 11d. per yd.
Blue & blk. Cheviot, M 9079, entered at 10, advanced to 10½d. per yd.
Less trade discount 2½ per cent; cash discount 1¼ per cent.
Add making up and packing.

12235.....*Col'd cot. corduroy, &c.*, from Chas. Openshaw & Sons, Manchester, May 5/96.
27 in Dk. drab 9/S af 615 J, entered at 10⅝d. per yd.;
27 in. Picker V'teen 622, entered at 8¼d. per yd.;
28 blk 8/S af 102, entered at 9¾ d. per yard.;
All advanced by disallowance of 2½ per cent commission deducted on entry.
Less $\frac{1}{37}$th.
Less 5 per cent discount.
Add cases.

12191.....*Cov'd cot. corduroy*, from Nathans Sons, Manchester, April 17/96.
Dk. drab corduroy, entered at 10¾, advanced to 11½d. per yd.
Add packing.
2½ per cent commission deducted on entry; disallowed on reappraisement.

12184..... } *Unbleached cotton corduroy*, from C. B. Richards & Co., and Ehrenbach, Brumm & Co.,
12185..... } Manchester, May 6/96.
3/4 Dress off corduroy NH, entered at 8d., advanced to 8½d. per yd.
Less $\frac{1}{37}$th.
Less 2½ per cent. discount.
Add packing.

12179.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Societe pour l'exportation des sucres, Antwerp, Feb. 7/96.
Beet root sugar, test 80.05, entered at 9/4, advanced to 10/5.075 per cwt. pkd.

12168.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Societe pour l'exportation des sucres, Antwerp, April 20/96.
Sugar, test 75.38, entered at 10/– per cwt., advanced to 10/8.57 per cwt. pkd.

12180.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Societe pour l'exportation des sucres, Antwerp, March 26/96.
Beet root, test 89.91, entered at 11/9¾, advanced to 12/6.365 per cwt. pkd.

12176.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Zucksehurdt & Bechel, Hamburg, April 18/96.
Beet root sugar, analysis 78°, entered at 10/1, advanced to 11/0½ per cwt. pkd.

12209.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Zucksehurdt & Bechel, Magdeburg, Mar. 17/96.
Beet sugar, analysis 80.89, entered at 10/4.66, advanced to 10/10.835 per cwt. pkd.

12160.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Zucheshurdt & Bechel, Mar. 26/96.
Beet sugar, analysis 80., entered at 10/5½, advanced to 10/10½ per cwt. pkd.

12169.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from ———, Antwerp, May 25/96.
Sugar, analysis 89.79, entered at 11/9.36, advanced to 12/8.435 per cwt. pkd.

12210.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Nicolas Castano, Cienfuegos, April 30/–96.
Centrifugal sugar, test 97.13, entered at $.0291, advanced to $.02976 per lb. pkd.
Molasses sugar, test 91.10, entered at $.0244, reappraised at $.02427 per lb. pkd.

12223.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Chas. Morrison & Co., Montego Bay, May 2/96.
Raw muscarado sugar, test 87°, entered at £10.7.6, advanced to £10.19.3½ per ton pkd.
Raw muscarado sugar, test 85.20, entered at £10.7.6, advanced to £10.8.11 per ton pkd.

12172.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from ———, Hamburg, April 11/96.
Beet root sugar, analysis 78.87, entered at 9/9, advanced to 11/0.305 per cwt. pkd.

12175..... .....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Tolim & Runge, Hamburg, April 18/96.
Beet root sugar, analysis 75°, entered at 10/1, advanced to 10/8 per cwt. pkd.

12140.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from J. Buno & Co., St. Iago de Cuba, April 25/96.
Sugar, test 89.20, entered at $.02469, advanced to $.02557 Sp. gold per lb. pkd.

12243.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from E. Tennant & Sons Co., Trinidad, April 29/96.
Sugar, test 94.15, entered at $2.638 per 100 lbs.; advanced to $.0271 per lb. pkd.

12049.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Victoria Fleming, St. Croix, Apr. 9/96.
Muscarado sugar, test 90°, entered at $.0246, advanced to $.02481 per lb. pkd.
Muscarado sugar, test 88.20, entered at $.0246, reappraised at $.0240 per lb. pkd.

12246.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from J. B. Vicini, Macores, Mch. 31/96.
Centrifugal sugar, test 94.65, entered at $.02492, advanced to $.02546 per lb. pkd.

12021.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from L. A. Girana, Dominico, April 1, 1896.
Granulated sugar, test 94.50, entered at $.02373, advanced to $.02717 per lb. pkd.
Granulated sugar, test 95.20, entered at $.0225, advanced to $.0276 per lb. pkd.
Granulated sugar, test 96.50, entered at $.0225, advanced to $.02826 per lb. pkd.

12079.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from J. H. Parkin, Montego Bay, April 23/96.
Sugar, test 87.55, entered at $.023036, advanced to $.02417 per lb. pkd.

11938..... .....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from G. P. Denal, Montego Bay, Ja., April 12/96.
Sugar, test 94.10, entered at $.024857, advanced to $.02667 pkd.

12207..... .....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from C. Tennant Sugar Co., Trinidad, April 29/96.
Sugar, test 95.80, entered at $.02861, advanced to $.02918 per lb. pkd.

12165.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from T. E. Williams, London, April 11/96.
Sugar, test 82.06, entered at 9.90, advanced to 11.50 per cwt. pkd.

11848.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from ———, Prague, Feb. 26/96.
Sugar, test 91.20, entered at 11/3, advanced to 11/11.3 per cwt. pkd.

11869.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Schenker & Co., Prague, Mar. 3/96.
Austrian beet root sugar, anal. 90.115, entered at 11/3, advanced to 11/6.4175 per cwt. of 112 lbs. pkd.

12208.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from C. Czarnikow, Hamburg, Mar. 10/96.
Beetroot sugar, anal. 79.43, entered at 9/7, advanced to 10/8.345 per cwt. pkd.

12167.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Ransochoff & Wessler, Antwerp, April 16/96.
Beetroot sugar, anal. 89.81, entered at 12/–, advanced to 13/0.215 per cwt. pkd.

11976.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Ransochoff & Wissler, London, Mar. 30/96.
Sugar, anal. 80.20, entered at 10/8.25, advanced to 10/11.3 per cwt. pkd.

12174.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Ransochoff & Wissler, Rotterdam, April 17/96.
Beetroot sugar, anal. 78, entered at 10/–, advanced to 11/0 1/2 per cwt. pkd.

12170.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Ransochoff & Wissler, Antwerp, Mch. 24/96.
Beetroot sugar, anal. 90.026, entered at 11/9.36, advanced to 12/8.789 per cwt. pkd.

3006 OP .....
Boston.....
3007 OP .....
Boston, &c.....
Earthenware, from Wood & Son, Stoke on Trent, Mar. 3/96.

Plain white granite earthenware entered at discounts of 60 per cent, 5 per cent, 5 per cent, 2½ per cent and 2½ per cent, no advance.

3098 OP.....
Boston.....
Decorated china, from Fasott & Eichel, Blankenhain, Feb. 29/96.

China entered at discounts of 15 per cent, 2 per cent and 5 per cent, advanced to discounts 15 per cent and 2 per cent.

3009 OP.....
3010 OP.....
3092 OP.....
&c .....
Boston.....
Dressed furs, from C. M. Lampson & Co., London, Feb. 28/96, &c.

Furs, entered at 2½ per cent discount, less 2½ per cent commission; advanced by disallowance of deduction of 2½ per cent commission.

3019 OP.....
Boston.....
Smoked sprats in oil, from Claus Andersens, Enke's, Stavenger, March 17/96.

Smoked sprats in oil, entered at .19 kroner per tin pkd.; no advance.

2998 OP..... } *Sulphate of Ammonia*, from Dunn Bros., Manchester, Mar. 18/96.
Phila..... }

Sulphate of ammonia, entered at £9/0/0, less freight shipping chgs. &c., advanced to £8/3/4 per ton pkd.

3077 OP..... } *Cigarettes*, from Joseph Bartolo & Co., Alexandria, Mch. 28/96.
Boston..... }

Cigarettes entered at £31/12/0 per total of 26000 cigarettes; no advance.

3091 OP..... } *Chemical salt*, from Lemm & Weber, Anvers, Feb. 8/96.
Boston..... }

Carbonate of potash, entered at 31.00 francs per 100 kilos. No advance.
Less freight.

11989.....*Cotton hose*, from Heinrich Christ & Hartel, Waldenburg, Mar. 24/96.

Cotton hose entered at from 3.00 to 7.15 marks per dozen; advanced to from 3.15 to 8.00 marks per dozen.

Cotton hose, entered at from 2/30 to 2/55 marks per dozen; no advance.

11896.....*Mfs. Silk*, from J. H. Brandenburger, Zurich, April 11/96.

50 c/m satin armure noir, entered at 1.85, advanced to 2.00 francs per aune.
Less 20 per cent discount.
Add packing charges.

2960 OP..... } *Hides*, from ———, Madras, Jan. 15/96.
Boston..... }

Hides, entered at 8/7½ rupees per lb., advanced by addition of commission of 2½ per cent.

Add packing, &c.

2969..... } *White wool tops*, from Kammgarn-Spinnerei Stohr & Co., Plagwitz, Oct. 18/95.
Boston..... ..... }

White tops, entered at 3.40, per kilo; no advance.
Add packing.

3073 OP..... } *Sugar*, from W. F. Stevenson & Co., Iloilo, Feb. 15/96.
Phila..... }

Sugar entered at 4.125, advanced to 4.16 Phillipine ccy. per picul packed.

2792 OP..... }
2966 OP..... .. } *Sugar above No. 16 D. S.*, from China Sugar Refining Co., Hongkong, Sep. 14/96.
Port Townsend. }

Refined sugar, entered at 6.49¼, advanced to 6.88 Mex. currency per picul. pkd.
Add packing charges at 20c per bag to entered price.

2795 OP..... }
2793 OP..... } *Sugar above No. 16 D. S.*, from The Taikoo Sugar Ref. Co., Hongkong, Dec. 2/95.
Port Townsend. }

Sugar entered at 7.05, advanced to 7.32 per picul pkd.
Sugar entered at 6.89, advanced to 7.16 per picul pkd.
Mexican currency.

2794 OP..... }
2796 OP..... } *Sugar above No. 16 D. S.*, from China Sugar Ref. Co., Hongkong, Oct. 7/95, Oct. 28/95.
Port Townsend. }

Ref'd sugar, entered at 6.90⅝, advanced to 7.16 per picul pkd. Mexican currency.
Ref'd sugar, entered at 7.11, advanced to 7.45 per picul pkd. Mexican currency.

11909.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Francke, Hijos & Co., Havana, Apr. 9/96.

Centrifugal sugar, test 94.66, entered at $.0275, advanced to $.02857 per lb. pkd.

3057 OP..... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from The Colonial Company, Ltd., Trinidad, Mar. 9/96.
Boston..... .....

Sugar, test 96.58, entered at $2.75 per 100 lbs., advanced to $.02836 per lb. pkd.

3072 OP..... } *Sugar above No. 16 D. S.*, from ——— Braunschweig, Apr. 9/96.
Baltimore.....

Granulated sugar, entered at $.0305 per lb., advanced to 13/9½ Sterling per cwt. pkd.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

11678..... } *Lead pencils*, from H. C. Kurz, Nurnberg, Mar. 7/96.
3362.....

Ordinary copying pencils, entered at 3.20, advanced to 5.25 marks per gross.
Add cases.

12026..... ..... } *Medicinal Proprietory Preparation*, from H. Schaffner, Paris, April 8/96.
3370.....

Pepto-Fer du Docteur Jaillet, entered at 1.75 francs per bottle; no advance.

11855..... } *Surface coated paper*, from Bunt & Luxuspapier Fabrik, Goldbach, March 20/96.
3354.....

Blue, red, bronze, green, black & light maroon glazed, 51/61 c/m, entered at 5.20, advanced to 5.40 marks per 500 sheets.
Red glazed, 71/71½ c/m, entered at 7.20, advanced to 7.50 marks per 500 sheets.
Red glazed, 61/71½ c/m, entered at 6.50, advanced to 6.80 marks per 500 sheets.
Green unglazed, entered at 4.70, advanced to 4.90 marks per 500 sheets.
Scytogene tan, design 32, 43.5/71.5 c/m, entered at 23., advanced to 24.15 marks per 500 sheets.
Scytogene tan, unglazed, 43.5/71.5 c/m, entered at 20.70, advanced to 21.73 marks per 500 sheets.
Scytogene ret, 43.5/71.5, entered at 11.50, advanced to 12.08 marks per 500 sheets.
Scytogene tan, design 32, 57½/61, entered at 26.50, advanced to 27.83 marks per 500 sheets.
Scytogene ret, 57½/61, entered at 13.25, advanced to 13.92 marks per 500 sheets.
Scytogene tan, design 32, 46/57¼, entered at 20., advanced to 21.00 marks per 500 sheets.
Scytogene unglazed, 46/57¼, entered at 18., advanced to 18.90 marks per 500 sheets.
Scytogene ret., 46/57¼, entered at 10., advanced to 10.50 marks per 500 sheets.
Less 2 per cent discount
Less freight to Hamburg.
Add cases and packing chgs.

12123.. ..... } *Mf. of Hemp*, from B. L. Mullen, Oberschlema, April 18/96.
3383.....

Filtering cloth, entered at 80, advanced to 110 marks per 100 kilos.
Add case.

11765..... } *Spun silk*, from Filature de Chappe Ringwald, Basle, April 1/96.
3343.....

Cann extra super. 100/1, entered at 17.06, advanced to 17.50 francs per kilo.

11590.. ..... } *Mf. silk & cot.*, from L. Permezel & Co., Lyons, March 4/96.
3349.....

Serge ecru, 92 c/m, entered at 1.05, advanced to 1.24 francs per meter.
Less 20 per cent. discount.
Tare discount of 3 per cent disallowed on reappraisement.
Add cases and packing.

12193.....
3390.....
12194.....
3391.....
Bronze powder, from Adolf Baer & Co., Fuerth, April 18/96.

Copper brocade deep, entered at .90, advanced to .95 mark per lb.
Lemon, Orange brocade, entered at .87, advanced to .95 mark per lb.
Fire brocade, entered at .94, advanced to 1.00 mark per lb.
Light green, light blue brocade, entered at .93, advanced to 1.05 marks per lb.
Less 3 per cent.

2543 OP.....
771.....
Phila.....
Sugar, from V. Eighen, V. Helt & Co., Amsterdam, Oct. 1/95.

Refined sugar, entered at 13/3, advanced to 14/3 per cwt. pkd.

2864 OP.....
756.....
Phila .....
Sugar not above No. 16 D. S., from Jas. Rougie & Co., Glasgow, Jan. 11/96.

Sugar entered at 8/10.9 per cwt., advanced to 9/3 per cwt. pkd.

11783.....
3363.....
Mfs. of silk and linen, from A. Plattard, Paris, Apr. 9/96.

Linen and silk, 120 c/m, entered at 1.80, advanced to 1.90 francs per meter.
Less 15 per cent discount.
Cash discount ½ per cent deducted on entry; disallowed on reappraisement.
Add boxes and cases.
Putting up included in prices.

2847 OP .....
759.....
Boston ..... .
Steel, from Jonas & Colver Ltd., Sheffield, July 31/95.

Cold rolled steel, 4 x 21G, 3 x 21G, 3½ x 21G, 4½ x 21G, entered at 10. 7. 6., advanced to 11.8.3 per ton.
Less 3 per cent discount.

2699 OP .....
732.....
Boston .....
Oriental goods, from Gavaved S. Terrizian, Constantinople, Nov. 12/95.

Satin Emb'd slippers, entered at 10.00 piasters per pair; no advance.
Satin emb'd table covers, entered at 80.00 piasters each; no advance.
Cotton emb'd table covers, entered at 30.00 piasters each; no advance.
Letter paper, entered at 8.00 piasters per pack; no advance.
Cigarette paper, entered at 2.50 piasters per box; no advance.
Satin emb'd cushion covers, entered at 15.00 piasters each; no advance.
Similar goods, no advance.
Add cases, shipping &c.

11509.....
3315..... .....
Mfs. silk & silk veiling, from R. D. Warburg & Co., Lyons, March 11/96.

105 c/m mousseline, II, entered at 1.15 francs per meter; no advance.
42 c/m mousseline, 22, entered at .48, advanced to .65 franc per meter.
Discounts 16 per cent and 2 per cent.
Crepe francais, 10, entered at .24 franc per meter; no advance.
Discount 20 per cent.
Tulle maline application, 416, entered at .24 franc per meter, discounts 5 per cent and 2 per cent; advanced to .24 franc per meter, discount 2 per cent.
Similar goods similar advances.
Add cases and packing.

11715..... } *Mf. of flax*, from C. A. Hottsch, Ringenham, Feb. 21/96.
3304.....

No. 127 18/27 crepe trays plain frgs., entered at 3.00, advanced to 3.15 marks per dozen.
No. 88, 7/7 doyleys, sewn frgs., entered at .33, advanced to .39 mark per dozen.
No. 84, 8/8, doyleys, sewn frgs., entered at .50, advanced to .60 mark per dozen.
No. 151, 16/50, Crepe scarf cut selvage, entered at 6.00, advanced to 7.20 marks per dozen.
No. 90, 7/7 Crepe doyleys round, entered at .33, advanced to .39 mark per dozen.
No. 92 10/10 Crepe doyleys, entered at .80, advanced to .96 mark per dozen.
No. 155, 16/50 Crepe Scarfs knotted, entered at 6.00, advanced to 7.20 marks per dozen.
No. 201, 17/24, H. S. Damask trays, entered at 4.00, advanced to 4.80 marks per dozen.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Less freight.
Cases and packing included in price.

12067..... } *Optical instruments*, from Richards & Co., Ltd., Wien, April 8/96.
3372.. .....

Lenses No. 18[6] entered at 40.00, advanced to 46.50 Au. florins each.
Add cases and packing.

3059 OP..... }
758..... } *Earthenware*, from T. & G. Meaken, Ltd., Hanley, Sep. 16/95.
New Orleans... }

Teas Hd. L. Balt. Vict. W. G.R. K., entered at 3/4 per Am. doz.; no advance.
Teas. Hd. L. Balt. Chinese W. G. R. K., entered at 3/4 per Am. doz., advanced to 6/- per Eng. doz.
Less discount 60 per cent.
Add package.
Less discounts 5 per cent and 5 per cent.

11639..... } *Mfs. Silk & Cotton*, from Bompiat, Brasseur & Pelletier, Lyons, Mch. 16/96.
3373.....

60 c/m Polonaise, entered at .52, advanced to .62 franc per meter.
Discounts 20 per cent and 1 per cent.
Cases included in price.

11010..... ..... } *Mfs. Silk & Cotton*, from E. Chevillard & Co., Lyons, Jan. 18/96.
3403.....

No. 706 92 c/m Austria, entered at .83, advanced to 1.05 francs per meter.
No. 707 92 c/m, Austria, entered at .85, advanced to 1.05 francs per meter.
Add cases and packing.
Discounts 20 per cent and 1 per cent.

10852..... } *Mfs. Silk & Cotton*, from C. E. Bettman, Rheydt, Dec. 23/95.
3068.....

120/2 c/m gloriosa A. U. Blk, entered at .945, advanced to .97 mark per meter.
120/2 c/m gloriosa I. S. blk., entered at .945, advanced to .97 mark per meter.
120/2 c/m I. S. gloriosa blk., entered at .98 mark per meter; no advance.
112 c/m, I. S. gloriosa, blk., entered at .895, advanced to .92 mark per meter.
60/1 c/m gloriosa A. U. blk., entered at .47¼, advanced to .48 mark per meter.
60/1 c/m gloriosa I. S. blk., entered at .47¼, advanced to .48 mark per meter.
60/1 c/m gloriosa I. S. blk., entered at .49 mark per meter; no advance.
56 c/m gloriosa I. S. blk., entered at .44¾, advanced to .46 mark per meter.
From entered price only deduct inland freight.

11732..... .....
3336.....
Mfs. Silk & Cotton, from Hofamman & Vollenweider, Zurich, Mch. 27/96.

36 in. blk. rhadames, entered at 1.55, advanced to 1.85 francs per aune.
Inferior 36 in. blk. rhadames, entered at 1.30, advanced to 1.60 francs per aune.
Striped satin de chine, 20½ in., entered at 1.40, advanced to 1.54 francs per aune.
Discount 20 per cent.
Cases included in price.

2688 OP.....
731.....
Boston.....
Silk Embroideries, Wg. apparel, from Gavabed S. Terrizian, Constantinople, Nov. 2/95.

Satin embroidered slippers, entered at 14 piasters per pair; no advance.
Satin embroidered cushion covers, entered at 10 piasters each; no advance.
Similar goods, no advance.
Add case and shipment.

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1896.
Department Circular No. 104.
Division of Appointments.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., June 25, 1896.

To Heads of Bureaus, Treasury Department,
and Chiefs of Divisions, Secretary's Office, Treasury Department.

Hereafter all communications to the Civil Service Commission concerning persons or positions in this Department, will be made by the Secretary of the Treasury (Appointment Division), and you are instructed to transmit to that division all communications concerning those subjects which you deem it desirable to make.

J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary.

1896.
Department Circular No. 105.

Treasury Department,

BUREAU OF THE MINT,

Hon. JOHN G. CARLISLE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

Washington, D. C., July 1, 1896.

SIR: In pursuance of the provisions of section 25 of the act of August 28, 1894, I present in the following table an estimate of the values of the standard coins of the nations of the world:

VALUES OF FOREIGN COINS.

COUNTRY.	Standard.	Monetary unit.	Value in terms of U. S. gold dollar.	Coins.
Argentine Republic	Gold and silver	Peso	$0.965	Gold: argentine ($4.824) and ½ argentine. Silver: peso and divisions.
Austria-Hungary	Gold	Crown	.203	Gold: former system—4 florins ($1.929), 8 florins ($3.858), ducat ($2.287) and 4 ducats ($9.149). Silver: 1 and 2 florins. Gold: present system—20 crowns ($4.052); 10 crowns ($2.026).
Belgium	Gold and silver	Franc	.193	Gold: 10 and 20 francs. Silver: 5 francs.
Bolivia	Silver	Boliviano	.497	Silver: boliviano and divisions.
Brazil	Gold	Milreis	.546	Gold: 5, 10, and 20 milreis. Silver: ½, 1, and 2 milreis.
British Possessions N. A. (except Newfoundland).	Gold	Dollar	1.000	
Central Amer. States—Costa Rica, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, Salvador	Silver	Peso	.497	Silver: peso and divisions.
Chile	Gold	Peso	.365	Gold: escudo ($1.825), doubloon ($3.650), and condor ($7.300). Silver: peso and divisions.
China	Silver	Tael — Amoy	.805	
		Canton	.802	
		Chefoo	.769	
		Chin Kiang	.786	
		Fuchau	.744	
		Haikwan (Customs)	.819	
		Hankow	.753	
		Hongkong	?	
		Niuchwang	.755	
		Ningpo	.774	
		Shanghai	.735	
		Swatow	.743	
		Takao	.810	
		Tientsin	.780	
Colombia	Silver	Peso	.497	Gold: condor ($9.647) and double-condor. Silver: peso.
Cuba	Gold and silver	Peso	.926	Gold: doubloon ($5.017). Silver: peso.
Denmark	Gold	Crown	.268	Gold: 10 and 20 crowns.
Ecuador	Silver	Sucre	.497	Gold: condor ($9.647) and double-condor. Silver: sucre and divisions.
Egypt	Gold	Pound (100 piasters)	4.943	Gold: pound (100 piasters), 5, 10, 20, and 50 piasters. Silver: 1, 2, 5, 10, and 20 piasters.
Finland	Gold	Mark	.193	Gold: 20 marks ($3.859), 10 marks ($1.93).
France	Gold and silver	Franc	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 francs. Silver: 5 francs.
German Empire	Gold	Mark	.238	Gold: 5, 10, and 20 marks.
Great Britain	Gold	Pound sterling	4.866½	Gold: sovereign (pound sterling) and ½ sovereign.
Greece	Gold and silver	Drachma	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 drachmas. Silver: 5 drachmas.
Haiti	Gold and silver	Gourde	.965	Silver: gourde.
India	Silver	Rupee	.236	Gold: mohur ($7.105). Silver: rupee and divisions.
Italy	Gold and silver	Lira	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 lire. Silver: 5 lire.
Japan	Gold and silver*	Yen — Gold	.997	Gold: 1, 2, 5, 10, and 20 yen.
		Yen — Silver	.536	Silver: yen.
Liberia	Gold	Dollar	1.000	
Mexico	Silver	Dollar	.540	Gold: dollar ($0.983), 2½, 5, 10, and 20 dollars. Silver: dollar (or peso) and divisions.
Netherlands	Gold and silver	Florin	.402	Gold: 10 florins. Silver: ½, 1, and 2½ florins.
Newfoundland	Gold	Dollar	1.014	Gold: 2 dollars ($2.027).
Norway	Gold	Crown	.268	Gold: 10 and 20 crowns.
Persia	Silver	Kran	.092	Gold: ½, 1, and 2 tomans ($3.409). Silver: ¼, ½, 1, 2, and 5 krans.
Peru	Silver	Sol	.497	Silver: sol and divisions.
Portugal	Gold	Milreis	1.080	Gold: 1, 2, 5, and 10 milreis.
Russia	Silver ‡	Ruble — Gold	.772	Gold: imperial ($7.718), and ½ imperial †($3.86).
		Ruble — Silver	.398	Silver: ¼, ½, and 1 ruble.
Spain	Gold and silver	Peseta	.193	Gold: 25 pesetas. Silver: 5 pesetas.
Sweden	Gold	Crown	.268	Gold: 10 and 20 crowns.
Sw[illegible]				Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 francs. Silver: 5 francs.
T[illegible]				

1896.
Department Circular No. 105.

Treasury Department,

BUREAU OF THE MINT,

Washington, D. C., July 1, 1896.

Hon. JOHN G. CARLISLE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

SIR: In pursuance of the provisions of section 25 of the act of August 28, 1894, I present in the following table an estimate of the values of the standard coins of the nations of the world:

VALUES OF FOREIGN COINS.

COUNTRY.	Standard.	Monetary unit.	Value in terms of U. S. gold dollar.	Coins.
Argentine Republic	Gold and silver	Peso	$0.965	Gold: argentine ($4.824) and ½ argentine. Silver: peso and divisions.
Austria-Hungary	Gold	Crown	.203	Gold: former system—4 florins ($1.929), 8 florins ($3.858), ducat ($2.287) and 4 ducats ($9.149). Silver: 1 and 2 florins. Gold: present system—20 crowns ($4.052); 10 crowns ($2.026).
Belgium	Gold and silver	Franc	.193	Gold: 10 and 20 francs. Silver: 5 francs.
Bolivia	Silver	Boliviano	.497	Silver: boliviano and divisions.
Brazil	Gold	Milreis	.546	Gold: 5, 10, and 20 milreis. Silver: ½, 1, and 2 milreis.
British Possessions N. A. (except Newfoundland).	Gold	Dollar	1.000	
Central Amer. States— Costa Rica Guatemala Honduras Nicaragua Salvador	Silver	Peso	.497	Silver: peso and divisions.
Chile	Gold	Peso	.365	Gold: escudo ($1.825), doubloon ($3.650), and condor ($7.300). Silver: peso and divisions.
China	Silver	Tael: Amoy Canton Chefoo Chin Kiang Fuchau Haikwan (Customs) Hankow Hongkong Niuchwang Ningpo Shanghai Swatow Takao Tientsin	 .805 .802 .769 .786 .744 .819 .753 ‡ .755 .774 .735 .743 .810 .780	
Colombia	Silver	Peso	.497	Gold: condor ($9.647) and double-condor. Silver: peso.
Cuba	Gold and silver	Peso	.926	Gold: doubloon ($5.017). Silver: peso.
Denmark	Gold	Crown	.268	Gold: 10 and 20 crowns.
Ecuador	Silver	Sucre	.497	Gold: condor ($9.647) and double-condor. Silver: sucre and divisions.
Egypt	Gold	Pound (100 piasters)	4.943	Gold: pound (100 piasters), 5, 10, 20, and 50 piasters. Silver: 1, 2, 5, 10, and 20 piasters.
Finland	Gold	Mark	.193	Gold: 20 marks ($3.859), 10 marks ($1.93).
France	Gold and silver	Franc	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 francs. Silver: 5 francs.
German Empire	Gold	Mark	.238	Gold: 5, 10, and 20 marks.
Great Britain	Gold	Pound sterling	4.866½	Gold: sovereign (pound sterling) and ½ sovereign.
Greece	Gold and silver	Drachma	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 drachmas. Silver: 5 drachmas.
Haiti	Gold and silver	Gourde	.965	Silver: gourde.
India	Silver	Rupee	.236	Gold: mohur ($7.105). Silver: rupee and divisions.
Italy	Gold and silver	Lira	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 lire. Silver: 5 lire.
Japan	Gold and silver*	Yen: Gold Silver	.997 .536	Gold: 1, 2, 5, 10, and 20 yen. Silver: yen.
Liberia	Gold	Dollar	1.000	
Mexico	Silver	Dollar	.540	Gold: dollar ($0.983), 2½, 5, 10, and 20 dollars. Silver: dollar (or peso) and divisions.
Netherlands	Gold and silver	Florin	.402	Gold: 10 florins. Silver: ½, 1, and 2½ florins.
Newfoundland	Gold	Dollar	1.014	Gold: 2 dollars ($2.027).
Norway	Gold	Crown	.268	Gold: 10 and 20 crowns.
Persia	Silver	Kran	.092	Gold: ½, 1, and 2 tomans ($3.409). Silver: ¼, ½, 1, 2, and 5 krans.
Peru	Silver	Sol	.497	Silver: sol and divisions.
Portugal	Gold	Milreis	1.080	Gold: 1, 2, 5, and 10 milreis.
Russia	Silver‡	Ruble: Gold Silver	.772 .398	Gold: imperial ($7.718), and ½ imperial †($3.86). Silver: ¼, ½, and 1 ruble.
Spain	Gold and silver	Peseta	.193	Gold: 25 pesetas. Silver: 5 pesetas.
Sweden	Gold	Crown	.268	Gold: 10 and 20 crowns.
Switzerland	Gold and silver	Franc	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 francs. Silver: 5 francs.
Tripoli	Silver	Mahbub of 20 piasters	.449	
Turkey	Gold	Piaster	.044	Gold: 25, 50, 100, 250, and 500 piasters.
Venezuela	Gold and silver	Bolivar	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 bolivars. Silver: 5 bolivars.

* Gold the nominal standard. Silver practically the standard.
† Coined since January 1, 1886. Old half-imperial = $3.986.
‡ Silver the nominal standard. Paper the actual currency, the depreciation of which is measured by the gold standard.
‡ The "British dollar" has the same legal value as the Mexican dollar in Hongkong, the Straits Settlements, and Labuan.

Respectfully, yours,

R. E. PRESTON,
Director of the Mint.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., July 1, 1896.

The foregoing estimate by the Director of the Mint, of the values of foreign coins, I hereby proclaim to be the values of such coins in terms of the money of account of the United States, to be followed in estimating the value of all foreign merchandise exported to the United States on or after July 1, 1896, expressed in any of such metallic currencies.

J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., July 1,

[illegible] by the Director of the Mint, of the values of foreign coins, I hereby [illegible] such value in terms of the money of account of the United States to be [illegible] of all foreign merchandise exported to the United States on or after July [illegible] such metallic currencies.

J. G. CARLISLE,

Secretary of the Tre[illegible]

1896.
Department Circular No. 106.
Division of Appointments.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., June 29, 1896.

To the Principal Officers of the Customs:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that all appointments for temporary service, by the day, month, or portions of the year, shall be made probational or permanent, with pay only while actually on duty in aid of the customs, in order that the persons thus appointed may be reassigned to duty in cases of emergency. By thus creating an unassigned list of persons, from which selections for duty and pay may be made, the necessity for the issuance of certificates of reinstatement will be avoided.

In cases of temporary appointments, upon recommendation, authority will be granted for the employment and for the payment of the compensation of such employees for the specified period for which their services are requested, and no longer; but in cases of emergency, where immediate service is absolutely necessary, the oath of office may be administered, the officer put on duty, and the approval of the Department immediately requested.

Employment without authority, except as herein provided, will not be approved.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

REGULATIONS UNDER THE ACT OF JUNE 8, 1896, TO EXPEDITE THE ENTRY AND DELIVERY OF PACKAGES IMPORTED IN VESSELS OF THE UNITED STATES.

1896.
Department Circular No. 107.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.

Washington, D. C., June 30, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following is the act of Congress above referred to:

AN ACT To expedite the delivery of imported parcels and packages not exceeding five hundred dollars in value.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That articles, not merchandise intended for sale, not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, imported in packages not exceeding one hundred pounds in weight, in vessels of the United States, may be specially delivered to and appraised at the public stores, and the entry thereof liquidated by the collector under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe, and after such appraisement and liquidation may be delivered, upon payment of the liquidated duties under the bond provided for in this Act, to express companies or other duly incorporated inland carriers bonded for the transportation of appraised or unappraised merchandise between the several ports in the United States: *Provided,* That not more than one such consignment to one ultimate consignee from the same consignor shall be imported in any one vessel: *And provided,* That the original appraisement of and liquidation of duties on such importations shall be final against the owner, importer, agent, or consignee, except in the case of manifest clerical errors, as provided for in section twenty-four of the Act of June tenth, eighteen hundred and ninety: *Provided,* That nothing contained in this Act shall apply to explosives, or any article the importation of which is prohibited by law.

SEC. 2. That such express companies or other inland carriers shall be responsible to the United States under bond for the safe delivery of such articles to the ultimate consignee: *Provided,* That if any package shall not be delivered to the ultimate consignee by the express company or other inland carrier, and shall be returned to the collector of the port where such articles are entered under the provisions of this Act within ninety days from the date of importation intact, the collector shall take charge of such package and dispose of it as unclaimed merchandise, and the duties, including additional duties, if any, under section seven of the Act of June tenth, eighteen hundred and ninety, paid shall be refunded by the Secretary of the Treasury out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated; and the express company or other inland carriers shall be relieved of any liability therefor under its bond; and before any express company or other inland carrier shall be permitted to receive and transport any such articles they shall become bound to the United States in such bonds, in such form and amount, and with such conditions not inconsistent with law as the Secretary of the Treasury may require.

SEC. 3. That articles transported under the provisions of this Act shall be corded and sealed in such manner as shall from time to time be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury; and the collector of the port of first arrival shall retain in his office a permanent record of such merchandise so forwarded.

SEC. 4. That such packages may be consigned to and entered by the agents of the express company or other inland carrier or steamship company, who shall at the time of entry state the ultimate consignee, and in all cases where a certified or other invoice is now required by law such invoice may be attached to or inclosed in the package, under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe; and the delivery of such articles to the express company or other inland carrier shall not be delayed because of the nonarrival of the triplicate invoice, but the ultimate consignee shall be liable for any increased duty found due on reliquidation, if any, after receipt of said merchandise from the express company or

other inland carrier or steamship company making entry under this Act; and the provisions of section twenty-eight hundred and fifty-seven, Revised Statutes, shall not apply to importations under this Act.

Approved, June 8, 1896.

In accordance with the provisions of the above act, the following regulations are hereby prescribed:

I. Application for special entry under the provisions of the above act shall be made in the following form:

Application to enter articles, not merchandise intended for sale, under the provisions of the act of June 8, 1896.

To the Collector of Customs, Port of ——:

I, —— ——, of the firm of ——, hereby make application to make special entry of —— packages, containing articles, not merchandise intended for sale, and not exceeding five hundred dollars ($500) in value, nor weighing more than one hundred (100) pounds per package, imported per steamship ——, a vessel of the United States, from —— on —— for ——, ultimate consignee, residing at ——.

And I do certify that there is but one consignment from any one consignor to said ultimate consignee, imported in the vessel above specified on the date above mentioned.

(Signed) —— ——.

Declared to before me this —— day of ——, 189—.

—— ——, *Deputy Collector.*

On the back of this application will be printed the special order for appraisement to be made in these cases, the form for the return of the appraiser, and the form of subsequent entry. The application herein prescribed having been duly made, the collector shall issue the following order for appraisement:

SPECIAL ORDER FOR APPRAISEMENT.

Port of ——,

Collector's Office, —— ——, *189*—.

To the Appraiser:

You will examine promptly and report the contents and value of —— packages imported by —— in the —— from ——.

Marks and numbers.	Description of articles.

—— ——,

Deputy Collector.

II. Every package imported under the provisions of this act must be plainly marked "Special delivery package." Packages so marked may be landed on the dock immediately after the entry of the vessel, and the inspector in charge will forthwith forward such packages to the appraiser's stores, notifying the collector of customs of his action and stating the number and marks of the packages and the vessel by which imported. The contents of packages thus sent to public store shall, upon receipt of the collector's special order, be examined immediately and appraised, the appraiser's report to be in the following form:

APPRAISER'S REPORT.*

In pursuance of your special order, we have examined the following-described articles, and do certify the contents of the packages and the value thereof to be as follows, viz:

Marks and numbers.	Description of articles.	Value.	Suggested rate.

——— ———,
Examiner.

——— ———,
Appraiser.

III. Upon receipt by the collector of the appraiser's return, the entry shall be immediately liquidated, and upon payment of the ascertained duties the packages shall be delivered to the proper steamship company, express company, or other inland carrier.

IV. The following form of bond is prescribed under these regulations:

FORM NO. 112½—*Bond upon entry under act of June 8, 1896.*

Know all men by these presents, That we, ——— ———, as principals, and ——— ———, as sureties, are held and firmly bound unto the United States of America in the sum of ten thousand dollars for the payment whereof, to the United States, we firmly bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns, jointly and severally, by these presents, as witness our hands and seals, at the port of ———, this ——— day of ———, eighteen hundred and ———.

Whereas, the undersigned, principals on this bond, propose to enter at the custom house and to transport merchandise imported under the provisions of the act entitled "An Act to expedite the delivery of imported parcels and packages not exceeding five hundred dollars in value," approved June 8, 1896.

Now, therefore, the condition of this obligation is such that if the herein-mentioned obligors shall duly observe and faithfully comply with all the requirements and provisions of the above-specified act, and with the regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury thereunder, then this obligation to be void; otherwise to remain in full force.

——— ———. [SEAL.]
——— ———. [SEAL.]
——— ———. [SEAL.]

Signed, sealed, and delivered in presence of
——— ———.
——— ———.

V. The liquidation herein provided for is, by the terms of the act, made final and conclusive against the owner, importer, agent, or consignee, except in the case of manifest clerical errors.

VI. If any package shall not be delivered to the ultimate consignee by the bonded carrier, and shall be returned intact within ninety days from date of importation to the collector of customs at the port of entry under this act, the collector at such port shall make the proper record thereof, and the duties.

* *To the Collector of Customs:* Where invoices mentioned in section 4 of the Act are found attached to or within the package, the appraiser will return the same with his report to the collector.

including additional duties, if any, under section 7 of the act of June 10, 1890, shall be refunded, and the common carrier relieved of any liability therefor.

VII. Inasmuch as section 1 requires that all liquidated duties shall be paid before delivery of the goods to the common carrier, only such packages will be corded and sealed which the common carrier may desire to reserve the right of returning to the customs authorities for refund of duties paid. The carrier must notify the collector of such desire before delivery of the goods from customs custody, so that the proper record can be made in the collector's office, and the packages duly corded and sealed under the supervision of a customs officer, as provided in section 2 of the act.

VIII. Whenever a package which has been sent to the appraiser's office, under the provisions of this act, shall be found to contain articles of more than five hundred dollars in value, or to weigh over one hundred pounds, a report of the facts shall be made to the collector, who shall cause the package to be treated as if unclaimed.

IX. Nothing contained in these regulations shall be held to relieve importers from the necessity of submitting duly certified invoices for any importation exceeding one hundred dollars in value. Whenever such invoices shall accompany the package, as provided in the act, they shall be transmitted to the collector with the appraiser's report.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

O

DRAWBACK ON DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES MADE WHOLLY OR IN PART FROM IMPORTED MATERIALS AND EXPORTED.

1896.
Department Circular No. 108.

Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., July 1, 1896.

To Officers of the Customs and others concerned:

Section 22 of the Tariff Act of August 28, 1894, provides:

That where imported materials on which duties have been paid are used in the manufacture of articles manufactured or produced in the United States, there shall be allowed on the exportation of such articles a drawback equal in amount to the duties paid on the materials used, less one per centum of such duties: *Provided*, That when the articles exported are made in part from domestic materials the imported materials, or the parts of the articles made from such materials, shall so appear in the completed articles that the quantity or measure thereof may be ascertained; *And provided further*, That the drawback on any article allowed under existing law shall be continued at the rate herein provided.

That the imported materials used in the manufacture or production of articles entitled to drawback of customs duties when exported shall, in all cases where drawback of duties paid on such materials is claimed, be identified, the quantity of such materials used and the amount of duties paid thereon shall be ascertained, the facts of the manufacture or production of such articles in the United States and their exportation therefrom shall be determined, and the drawback due thereon shall be paid to the manufacturer, producer or exporter, to the agent of either or to the person to whom such manufacturer, producer, exporter, or agent shall in writing order such drawback paid, under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe.

Articles manufactured from materials on which duties were paid under previous tariffs are entitled to a drawback of such duties under the provisions of section 22, act of August 28, 1894, whenever such articles are exported under proper entries.

In case material identified by a manufacturer was imported prior to August 28, 1894, and deposited in bonded warehouse, customs officers will be careful to ascertain the exact date and corresponding rate of duty under which such material was withdrawn for consumption.

Drawback allowance being based on quantities and kinds of the articles exported, customs officers must in all cases use due diligence to ascertain weight, gauge, measure, or count, as the case may require, of all merchandise entered for drawback; and in cases where expert official inspection or analysis is necessary, such officers will be careful to secure samples which will correctly represent the merchandise to be exported.

In some cases articles heretofore listed for drawback do not appear in the following schedule because of changes in tariff rates; in other cases such articles have been dropped because of changes in processes of manufacture, affecting quantities of material used, wastage, etc., and in still other cases rates have become obsolete from disuse.

Articles entitled to drawback so dropped from the schedule will be restored and new rates will be fixed, on application to the Secretary of the Treasury, under article 789, Customs Regulations, 1892.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

1896.
Department Circular No. 109.
Division of Appointments.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., July 2, 1896.

To Heads of Bureaus, Treasury Department,
and Chiefs of Divisions, Secretary's Office, Treasury Department:

The legislative, executive, and judicial appropriation act for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1897, approved May 28, 1896, provides that all details of employees from one office to another in this Department must be made upon the written order of the head of the Department, and for periods not exceeding one hundred and twenty days.

Under the above provision of law, notice is hereby given that all details which have been made heretofore, except those made by written direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, must be canceled, and the employees so detailed returned to their respective offices.

Hereafter, when it becomes necessary for the detail of an employee from one office to another, a written request must be made therefor to the head of the Department by the head of bureau, or chief of division, Secretary's Office, desiring the detail. No verbal details will hereafter be allowed under any circumstances.

J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary.

THE ANCHORAGE OF VESSELS IN THE PORT OF NEW YORK.

1896.
Department Circular No. 110.
Division Revenue-Cutter Service, No. 67.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., July 1, 1896.

The regulations governing the anchorage of vessels in the port of New York will be strictly enforced, and all officers of vessels of the Revenue-Cutter Service at the port of New York are hereby empowered and directed, in cases of necessity, or when a proper notice has been disregarded, to use the force at their command to remove from the channel ways any vessel found violating the rules, a copy of which is subjoined.

All vessels of the Revenue-Cutter Service assigned to the duty of enforcing the Anchorage Regulations will carry a distinctive flag at the bow. Said flag shall be a white field with a blue foul anchor in the center placed at an angle of 45 degrees.

Violations of the regulations that require immediate action shall be communicated to the Supervisor of Anchorages at the Barge Office, who, in the absence of the special patrol boat, is authorized to call upon any other revenue steamer available to perform the duty required.

All communications referring to the rules and limits of anchorage grounds at the port of New York will be addressed to the Supervisor of Anchorages, Barge Office, New York.

J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary.

RULES AND REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE ANCHORAGE OF VESSELS IN THE PORT OF NEW YORK.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, *July 1, 1896.*

The following-described anchorage grounds for vessels in the bay and harbor of New York, and in the Hudson and East Rivers, respectively, are hereby defined and established, and the following revised Rules and Regulations governing the same are published for the government of the owner, master, pilot, or other person in charge of or anchoring any vessel in the port of New York, pursuant to the act of Congress approved May 16, 1888, as follows:

AN ACT relating to the anchorage of vessels in the port of New York.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized, empowered, and directed to define and establish an anchorage ground for vessels in the bay and harbor of New York, and

in the Hudson and East Rivers, to adopt suitable rules and regulations in relation thereto, and to take all necessary measures for the proper enforcement of such rules and regulations.

SEC. 2. That in the event of the violation of any such rules or regulations by the owner, master, or person in charge of any vessel, such owner, master, or person in charge of such vessel shall be liable to a penalty of one hundred dollars; and the said vessel may be holden for the payment of such penalty, and may be seized and proceeded against summarily by libel for the recovery of the same in any United States district court for the district within which such vessel may be, and in the name of the officer designated by the Secretary of the Treasury.

SEC. 3. That this act shall take effect immediately.

Approved, May 16, 1888.

Vessels shall anchor only within the following specified limits:

EAST RIVER ANCHORAGES.

1. To the northward of a line from the south point of Hart Island to Wrights Point.

2. To the westward of a line from Wrights Point to Throgs Neck.

3. To the southward of a line from buoy off Sands Point to buoy off Gangway Rock.

4. To the southward of a line from buoy off Gangway Rock to center of Stepping Stones Light-House.

5. To the eastward of a line from the center of Stepping Stones Light-House to Willets Point.

6. On Hammond Flats, to the northward of a line from Throgs Neck to Old Ferry Point.

7. To the southward of a line from Willets Point to Whitestone Point.

8. On the north side of the channel, north of a line between Old Ferry Point and Hunts Point.

9. On the south side of the channel, south of a line between Whitestone Point and buoy (No. 1) off College Point, and to the eastward of a line running from said buoy to College Point.

10. In Flushing Bay, to the southward of a line from College Point to the north end of Rikers Island.

11. To the southward of a line from the north end of Rikers Island to the north end of South Brother Island, thence to Lawrences Point.

12. To the westward of a line from Stony Point to northeast end of Wards Island; and between Wards Island and Randalls Island, and between Randalls Island and Port Morris.

13. To the westward of a line from the foot of One hundred and sixteenth street, New York, to the north end of Avenue B, New York; but no vessel shall anchor on this anchorage within 150 feet of any wharf or pier, or so as to impede the movements of a ferry, or so as to prevent ready access to or from the piers.

14. To the eastward of a line from Hatters Dock to Gibbs Point (Hallets Cove, Astoria).

15. To the southward of Thirty-first street and northward of Twenty-first street piers, and to the westward of a line passing through buoy No. 1, off Thirty-fourth street, and danger buoy, off Twentieth street. Small vessels of the United States Government and vessels carrying a distinctive signal prescribed by the Secretary of the Navy may anchor anywhere within these limits, provided they do not obstruct the approach to any pier or impede the movements of any ferryboat; and the officer in charge of anchorage grounds may, whenever he deems it advisable, move or cause to move any vessel not, in his opinion, complying with this proviso.

HUDSON RIVER ANCHORAGES.

16. Vessels may anchor in the Hudson River to the westward of the center line of said river running NE. ⅝ N. (correct magnetic) from Castle Point, and above Fourteenth street, Hoboken Ferry Landing; provided that in no case shall a vessel anchor within 200 yards of the shore or in such position as to impede the movements of a ferry or to prevent ready access to or from a pier. A line of three white buoys marks the east limit of this anchorage ground.

WESTERN ANCHORAGE, UPPER BAY.

17. To the southward of the range passing through Wall Street Ferry, Brooklyn, and the white buoy to the north and east of Ellis Island, to the westward of a line running SW. by S.

(nearly) from the said white buoy to the white buoy south of Bedloes Island and the white buoy ½ mile east from Robbins Reef Light-House, and to the northward of a line from Constables Point, through Robbins Reef Light-House, to the last-mentioned white buoy; provided that no vessel anchors in Ellis Island Channel or so as to obstruct the approaches to any pier within these limits.

GOVERNORS ISLAND ANCHORAGE.

18. To the southward of Governors Island, within the triangular space included in lines running from Castle William to buoy No. 1, thence to buoy No. 3 in Buttermilk Channel.

EASTERN ANCHORAGES, UPPER AND LOWER BAYS.

19. To the southward of a line passing through the Statue of Liberty on Bedloes Island, the two white buoys marking north limit of anchorage ground and the southern point of the north entrance to the Erie Basin; to the eastward of a range passing through Produce Exchange Tower, the east edge of Castle William, the white buoy marking north limit of anchorage ground, and buoys No. 14 and bell buoy off Owls Head; and to the eastward of a range passing through bell buoy off Owls Head, the western edge of Long Island in the Narrows, and eastern side of Fort Lafayette as far south as the East Channel, between buoys Nos. 4 and 6; provided that no vessel shall anchor within 300 yards of the Erie Basin, and that no vessel shall anchor so as to impede the movements of a ferry or so as to prevent ready access to or from the piers.

20. Vessels may anchor on Dry Romer Shoal and Flynns Knoll.

STATEN ISLAND ANCHORAGE.

21. To the southward of a line from St. Georges Ferry Landing, Staten Island, to the white buoy off St. Georges Landing and the railroad terminal docks at Bay Ridge, Long Island, and to the westward of a line running S. ⅝ W. (nearly) from the white buoy off St. Georges Landing, through the white buoys off Tompkinsville and Stapleton, Staten Island. To the westward of a line running SSE. ¼ S. (nearly) from Fort Tompkins to the buoy on Cravens Shoal, thence to buoys Nos. 11, 9, and 7, thence to Conovers Beacon; but in no case shall a vessel anchor so as to impede the movements of any ferry or prevent ready access to or from any pier.

The part of anchorage 21 lying between its northern boundary and the white buoy 800 yards south of said boundary is reserved for ships of war of all nations and vessels of the United States Government.

[NOTE.—Vessels detained at upper quarantine may anchor between Fort Tompkins Light and Quarantine Wharf at Clifton, Staten Island.]

SANDY HOOK BAY ANCHORAGE.

22. To the southward of a line extending from East Beacon to Bayside Beacon (Point Comfort), provided they do not impede the movements of vessels in getting to and from the piers. In order to prevent injury to the submarine cables, vessels are forbidden to anchor when the East Beacon Light-House bears anywhere between the compass bearings of WSW. ½ W. and SW. by W. ¾ W. from the vessel, unless the said vessel is to the northward of the northern line of buoys of Gedneys Channel. No vessel shall anchor in any of the following channels: Gedneys Channel, Main Channel, Swash Channel, and East Channel, excepting in cases of great emergency, and then outside of the channels as marked by the buoys, and only until such time as they can procure assistance.

23. Vessels carrying gunpowder or other explosives may anchor only as follows:

First.—On the shoal ground to the eastward of Rickers Island, East River, from ¼ to ⅝ of a mile from this island.

Second.—On Jersey Flats, to the westward of a line running NE. by N. from the outer end of the pier, east of Black Tom Island; provided that such vessels do not anchor within 800 yards of Ellis Island or within 500 yards of any pier.

Third.—On the flats to the south of a line drawn from Bedloes Island to Cavens Point, New Jersey, and to the westward of a line from Bedloes Island to Robbins Reef; provided that they do not anchor within 1,000 yards of either Bedloes Island or Robbins Reef Light or within 500 yards of any pier. Vessels (carrying explosives) of too great draft to use this anchorage may anchor only in Gravesend Bay, but not within 1,000 yards of the shore.

All vessels laden with explosives while within the port will display at all times a red flag of at least 16 square feet surface at the masthead. Vessels so laden and without masts will display the flag at least 10 feet above the uppermost deck. Points where cables and water pipes cross are clearly marked in red on the accompanying map, and all vessels are cautioned not to anchor so as to interfere with them.

Ash scows, the property of the municipalities bordering on the waters of the port, may be anchored in such places as the supervisor of anchorages may designate.

The white mooring buoys off the upper Quarantine Station, in the Narrows, are exclusively for the use of vessels awaiting the first visit of the health officer, and are not to be occupied at any other time.

All officers of revenue vessels at the port of New York are charged with the enforcement of these rules and regulations, and are empowered to remove from her anchorage any vessel not anchored within the prescribed limits.

Map
showing Anchorage Ground
in the
Port of New York
and
the Hudson and East Rivers
Scale $\frac{1}{120,000}$

Electric Cables shown thus
Water Pipe Lines . .
Anchorage Ground . .

Approved
Charles S. Hamlin,
Acting Secretary of the Treasury

Prepared at the Office of the U S Coast and Geodetic Survey

ANDREW B GRAHAM PHOTO LITHO WASH D C

1896.
Department Circular No. 111.
Bureau of Navigation.

Treasury Department,

Washington, D. C., July 3, 1896.

To Principal Officers of the Customs:

You are hereby directed to forward reports of the monthly and quarterly passenger movements, mentioned in circular 87, current series, to the Bureau of Navigation, Treasury Department. These reports were formerly included in the reports of immigration, which are now forwarded to the Bureau of Immigration.

Circular 87 is amended accordingly.

W. E. CURTIS,
Acting Secretary.

1896.
Department Circular No. 112.

Treasury Department,

STEAMBOAT-INSPECTION SERVICE,
OFFICE OF
THE SUPERVISING INSPECTOR-GENERAL,

Washington, D. C., July 2, 1896.

To Supervising and Local Inspectors of Steam Vessels,
Boat and Raft Manufacturers, and others:

The Department having been informed that certain life rafts, not built according to the specifications presented to the Board of Supervising Inspectors at the time of the approval of such rafts, have been placed on steam vessels, all inspectors of steam vessels are hereby directed not to accept or pass hereafter any life raft or lifeboat unless there shall be furnished with each a written guarantee, over the signature of the builder, that such raft or boat is constructed in strict accordance with the specifications presented to the Board of Supervising Inspectors at the time of its approval.

It is further ordered, that on and after August 1, 1896, no life raft or lifeboat shall be accepted or passed by the inspectors of steam vessels unless it shall have permanently attached thereto a metallic plate having thereon, in raised letters and figures, the name of the maker of the raft or boat, the place where manufactured, the shop number, and date of manufacture; and, if built of metal, the thickness thereof, Birmingham gauge.

JAS. A. DUMONT,
Supervising Inspector-General.

APPROVED:
W. E. CURTIS,
Acting Secretary.

1896.
Department Circular No. 113.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., July 7, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending June 20, 1896.

W. E. CURTIS,
Acting Secretary.

REPORT ON REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEKS ENDING JUNE 13 AND 20, 1896.

N. B.—In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.

No. of Reappraisement.

12280.....*Mirrors* from Ullman & Engelmann, Fuerth, April 20/96.
Reclann Spugel, No. 1995, entered at 1.40 marks per gross; no advance.
Add cases.

12283.....*Cotton shoe laces,* from Teussen & Buren, Barmen, May 6, 1896.
34 in. Art. 364, entered at .95, advanced to 1.04 marks per gross net.
43 in. Art. 364, entered at 1.18, advanced to 1.29 marks per gross net.
34 in. Art. 369, entered at 1.15, advanced to 1.26 marks per gross net.
43 in. Art. 369, entered at 1.44, advanced to 1.58 marks per gross net.
34 in. art. 370, entered at 1.19, advanced to 1.30 marks per gross net.
43 in. Art. 370, entered at 1.50, advanced to 1.65 marks per gross net.

12329.....*Mfs. Cotton & metal,* from Sartran Shehfz, Damascus, April 2, 1896.
Rideaux, entered at 36.00, 41.00 and 43.20, advanced to 39.00, 45.00 and 47.00 piasters per pair.
Drap de table, entered at 16.00, advanced to 17.00 piasters per piece.
Chaise, entered at 4.00, 8.00 and 10.00 piasters per piece; no advance.
Chaise entered at 10.20, advanced to 11.00 piasters per piece.

12308.....*Colored cotton yarn*, from Goldschmidt, Hahlo & Co., Manchester, May 18/96.
2/20 Tussah G, entered at 3/2½ per lb.; no advance.
2/20 Tussah G, entered at 3/4½ per lb.; no advance.
2/20 Wug. Tussah, entered at 3/3½ per lb.; no advance.
Case included in price.

12300.....*Mfs. Wool & Cotton*, from Boessneck, Broesel & Co., Bradford, May 14/96.
54 in. Beaver, entered at 1/3, advanced to 1/4 per yd.
54 in heavy twills, entered at 12½d., advanced to 13d per yd.
54 in. heavy Dunkin, entered at 1/5 per yd.; no advance.
Less 3¾ per cent discount.
Add making up and packing.

12251..... } *Cigars*, from Wm. Hy. Thomas & Bro., Havana, May 16/96.
12257..... }
1/40 Perlas anillos, 1″ Intimidad, entered at $110.00 Sp. gold per 1000; no advance.
1/20 Delistes, 1″ Intimidad, entered at $35.00 Sp. gold per 1000; no advance.
1/20 Rega. Especial, 1″ Intimidad, entered at 69.00 Sp. gold per 1000; no advance.
1/40 Perfectos, 1″ Intimidad, entered at $105.00 Sp. gold per 1000; no advance.
1/20 Conchas Expecs. 1″ Intimidad, entered at $45.00 Sp. gold. per 1000; no advance.
1/20 Durlanos finos, 1″ Intimidad, entered at $50.00 Sp. gold per 1000; no advance.
1/20 Petil Maria Anille, 1″ Intimidad, entered at $69.00 Sp. gold per 1000; no advance.
1/40 Marias Anille, 1″ Intimidad, entered at $125.00 Sp. gold per 1000; no advance.
Less 2½ per cent discount.
Add casing and stamps.

12419.....*Toys*, from Samuel Neuhauser, Idar, Dec. 21/95.
Cornelian marbles No. 1, entered at 42.00 marks per 1000; no advance.
Flint marbles, No. 5 entered at 60.00 marks per 1000; no advance.
Cornelian marbles No. 2, entered at 72.00 marks per 1000; no advance.
Cornelian marbles, No. 2½, entered at 93.00 marks per 1000; no advance.
flint marbles No. 4, entered at 27.00 marks per 1000; no advance.
Discount 2½ per cent.
From entered value deduct boxing and cases.

12387.. .....*Silk embroidery & mfs. silk & mfs. cot. & metal*, from Surhan Shehfz, Damascus, April 29/96.
Drap, entered at 52.20, advanced to 56.28 piasters each.
Hakra, entered at 33.00, advanced to 35.25 piasters each.
Ceinture, entered at 10.00, advanced to 10.32 piasters each.
Drap de soie, entered at 155.00, advanced to 167.16 piasters each.
Charbe, entered at 24.00, advanced to 25.36 piasters each.
Coufie, entered at 67.20, advanced to 72.36 piasters each.
Similar goods, similar advances.

12285.....*Dressed furs on the skin*, from Eysoldt & Co., London, May 14/96.
Thibet lambs skins, entered at 8/11 and 8/6 each; Discount 2½ per cent.
Add lot money and brokerage at ½ per cent; dyeing at 1/–; packing, stamping &c.
Advanced by addition of insurance at dyers, and amount of commission.

12313.....*Colored cotton corduroy*, from Hardt von Bernuth & Co., Manchester, May 15, 1896.
Blk. & white Partridge Cord, No. 2272, entered at $12\frac{1}{16}$, advanced to $12\frac{13}{16}$d. per yd.
Bro. & white Partridge cord, No. 2690/91 &c, entered at $12\frac{1}{16}$, advanced to $12\frac{13}{16}$d. per yd.

12313.....*Colored cotton corduroy, etc.*—Continued.

Bro. & white Partridge cord, No. 2598, entered at $12\frac{1}{6}$, advanced to $12\frac{13}{16}$d. per yd.

Drab I (seconds) No. 342, entered at $9\frac{15}{16}$, advanced to $10\frac{14}{16}$d. per yd.

Less $\frac{1}{37}$th.

Less $2\frac{3}{4}$ per cent discount.

Add cases and making up.

12355.....*Colored cot. corduroy*, from Tootal Broadhurst Lee Company, Manchester, May 18/96.

27/28 col'd cot. corduroys (Myrtle 465, ivory 488, grey 454, &c.) entered at $8\frac{1}{2}$, advanced to $9\frac{1}{2}$d. per yd.

Less $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent discount.

Add cases.

12279.....*Colored cotton*, from John Bernhardt, Hamburg, May 11/96.

27 in. cot. printed flannels N, entered at .$34\frac{1}{3}$ mark per meter; no advance.

27 in. cot. printed flannels, N, entered at .$35\frac{1}{6}$ mark per meter; no advance.

Discount 2 per cent.

Add packing charges and labels.

12118.....*Musical instruments*, from T. & Ct. Jaccard du Grand, St. Croix, April 15/96.

Cartels, entered at 14.00, advanced to 15.00 francs each.

Add packing.

12385.....*Gelatine*, from Laughick & Co., Esslingen, May 8/96.

60/40 c/m farblos gelatine, St. III, entered at 30.00, advanced to 32.00 marks per 100 sheets.

60/40 c/m farblos gelatine St. II, entered at 22.50, advanced to 24.00 marks per 100 sheets.

Less 3 per cent discount.

Less 5 per cent discount.

Add cases.

12293.....*Mfs. wool & cotton*, from Simon Israel & Co., Bradford, May 14/96.

Blue and blk. serge, M 9049, entered at $10\frac{1}{2}$d., advanced to 11d. per yd.

56 in. Blk. Un. coatings 06050, entered at $1/4\frac{1}{4}$d. per yd.; no advance.

Less discounts of $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent and $1\frac{1}{4}$ per cent.

Add making up and packing.

11931.....*Mf. Wool & Cot.*, from J. Zossenheim & Partners, Leeds, April 9/96.

Naps 27/702, entered at 1/10, advanced to 2/– per yd.

Less $\frac{1}{37}$th and $\frac{1}{40}$th.

Less $3\frac{3}{4}$ per cent discount.

Add cases &c.

12217.....
12218.....
12219.....
} *Dec. & white earthenware*, from A. J. Wilkinson, Ltd., Burslem, Apr. 15, 22, 1896.

Printed and gilt earthenware with handles, entered at discounts of 35 per cent, 5 per cent, 5 per cent and $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent; no advance.

Printed and gilt earthenware, entered at discounts of $37\frac{1}{2}$ per cent, 5 per cent, 5 per cent and $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent; no advance.

Add casks and straw at 18/6 less 5 per cent, 5 per cent and $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.

Enameled and gilt earthenware entered at discounts of 30 per cent, 5 per cent, 5 per cent and $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent; no advance.

Add cases and packing less 5 per cent, 5 per cent and $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.

12371.....*Surface coated paper*, from Bunt & Luxuspapier Fabrik, Goldbach, April 23/96.
61 c/m green and red glaze, entered at 5.20, advanced to 5.40 marks per 500 bogen.
Bremerblau and green glaze, entered at 7.70, advanced to 8.10 marks per 500 bogen.
Bremerblau and green unglazed, entered at 7.00, advanced to 7.25 marks per 500 bogen.
Discount 2 per cent.
Less inland freight.
Add cases, paper &c.

12238..... .....
12424.....
} *Cotton Lace curtains and cotton nettings*, from B. Walker & Co., Ltd., Lenton, Nottingham, May 8, 29/96.
Et. curtains, No. 1918, 50 in., 3½ yds., entered at 2/2, advanced to 2/4 per pair.
Ecru Cot. Hambg. net, No. 603, 50 in., entered at 5½d. per yd.; no advance.
Ivory Cot. Hambg. netting, No. 901, 50 in., entered at 6d., advanced to 6¾d. per yd.
Ivory & white cot. Hambg. net, F 15, 45 in., entered at 3¼, advanced to 3¾d. per yd.
Ivory bed sets, No. 6202, entered at 5/9, advanced to 6/3 per set.
Wht. S 100 Cot. Hambg. net, 54 in., entered at 3d., advanced to 3¾d. per yd.
Wht. S 400 cot. Hambg. net, 60 in., entered at 5d., advanced to 6¼d. per yd.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Add cases at 8/– each.
Discount 2½ per cent.
Inland carriage deducted.

12369.....*Spun silk*, from John Keenan & Co., Bradford, May 20/96.
Tussah Gussed warps, entered at 3/6 per lb.; no advance.
Less 2½ per cent discount.

12290.....*Spun silk*, from A. Allen & Co., Bradford, May 14/96.
Spun silk warps entered at 3/6 per lb.; no advance.
Less 2½ per cent discount.

11990.....*Metal thread*, from Max Rosenberg, Paris, April 16/96.
Gold thread faux, entered at 4.75 francs per kilo; advanced by disallowance of 5 per cent discount deducted on entry.
Add cases and packing.

12314.....*Bleached cotton*, from Tootal Broadhurst Lee Company, Ltd., Manchester, May 18/96.
29/30 White picque, 0/307, entered at 6½d.; no advance.
Less 3 per cent.
Add cases &c. and tickets.

12236.....*Cotton braid and shoe laces*, from E. Rud Hummel, Barmen, May 6th, 1896.
51 in. Russet philipol, entered at 1.27, advanced to 1.32 marks per gross.
43 in. russet philipol, entered at 1.09, advanced 1.14 marks per gross.
36 in. termopol, entered at 1.10, advanced to 1.17 marks per gross.
36 in. cosmopol, entered at 1.33, advanced to 1.37 marks per gross.
Inland freight, paper, labels &c., and cases included in price.

12271..... .*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Robt. Crooks & Co., Liverpool, May 9/96.
Fifths, entered at 10/9, advanced to 11/1½ per cwt. pkd.
Less 2½ per cent discount.
Packages included in price.

12336.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Robert Crooks, & Co., Liverpool, May 15/96.
Fourths, entered at 13/3, advanced to 13/6 per cwt. pkd.
Less 2½ per cent discount.
Packages included in price.

12363.....*Sugar above No. 16 D. S.*, from L. E. Lewenstam, Amsterdam, May 7/96.
Super. Granulated, entered at 17.85, advanced to 18.07 florins per 100 kilos pkd.

12348.....
12349.....
12350.....
&c..... .....
} *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Rausohoff & Wessler &c, Hamburg, April 24/96 &c.

Beetroot sugar entered at 11/11 per cwt. on basis of 88° analysis; advanced to 12/9 per cwt. on basis of 88.66 analysis, pkd.

Beetroot sugar entered at 9/11 per cwt. on basis of 75° analysis; advanced to 11/7.88 on basis of 82.925 analysis, pkd.

12346.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from T. & E. Williams, Hamburg, April 28/96.
Sugar entered at 11.70 per cwt. on basis of 88°; advanced to 12.90 marks per cwt. on basis of 89.19 analysis. pkd.

12242.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from I. E. A. Cladyen, Magdeburg, April 13/96.
Sugar entered at 9.922 marks per 50 kilos on basis of 75° test; advanced to 11.176 marks per 50 kilos on basis of 79.425 test.

11876.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from E. H. Kerr, Montego Bay, Mch. 31/96.
Sugar entered on basis of 89° test, at £11.10.0 advanced to £11.15.6 per ton pkd. on basis of 90.65 test.
Add cost of filling, & hhds. to entered value.

12335.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Ker & Co., Iloilo, Feb. 25, 1896.
Superior No. 1 sugar, entered at $4.81¼, advanced to $5.06¼ per pcl. pkd.

12262..... *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Hidalgo & Co., Havana, April 15/96.
Centrifugal sugar, entered on basis of 93° test, at $.02657, advanced to $.0299 per lb. pkd., on basis of 96.10 test.
Centrifugal sugar, entered on basis of 93° test, at $.02657, advanced to $.025488 per lb. pkd., on basis of 89° test.

12307.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Jas. Lee & Co., St. Ann's Bay, May 6, 1896.
Jamaica Muscavado sugar, entered on basis of 89° test at 11.2.7 per ton; advanced to 11.10.11½ per ton pkd. on basis of 91.90 test.
Costs of bags included in entered price.

12086..... .....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Sam'l Abbot, St. Kitts, April 7/96.
Muscavado sugar, entered, on basis of 92° test, at $.02669, advanced to $.024915 per lb. pkd., on basis of 88.75 test.

12394.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Wm. Fisk, Trinidad, May 14, 1896.
Muscavado sugar entered, on basis of 93° test, at $.02548 advanced to $.0265 per lb. pkd., on basis of 94.45 test.

12389..... .....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Nicolas Castano, Cienfuegos, April 21/96.
Centrifugal sugar, entered, on basis of 96° test, at $.02781, advanced to $.0297 per lb. pkd., on basis of 96.20.
Molasses sugar, entered, on basis of 89° test, at $.02281, advanced to $.0240 per lb. pkd. on basis of 90.85 test.

12366.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from A. Rauschenplat, San Juan, May 11, 1896.

Molasses sugar, entered, on basis of 89° test, at $.03077 advanced to $.03354 on basis of 89.30 test, per lb. pkd.

12367.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Hidalgo & Co., Havana, May 8, 1896.

Sugar entered on basis of 94° test at $.0261, advanced to $.02907 per lb. pkd. on basis of 95.122 test.

12345.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Zuckschuerd & Buchel, Magdeburg, April 21/96.

Beetroot sugar, entered, on basis of 80.066 analysis, at 10/6, advanced to 11/1.08 per cwt. pkd., on basis of 80.3875 analysis.

12241.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Frederico Flunicke, Cienfuegos, April 22/96.

La Rosa and Jacqua sugar entered, on basis of 93 test, at $.02695, reappraised at $.02633 per lb. pkd., on basis of 90.852.

12321.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from S. B. Vicini & Co., Macoris, April 29, 1896.

Centrifugal sugar, entered, on basis of 92° test, at $.02327, advanced to $.02675 per lb. pkd., on basis of 95.92 test.

Molasses sugar entered, on basis of 83° test, at $.01697, advanced to $.0210 per lb. pkd., on basis of 88.35 test.

12417.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from ———, Manzanilla, May 18, 1896.

Centrifugal sugar, entered, on basis of 96° test, at $.02872 Sp. gold., reappraised at $.028645 Sp. gold per lb. pkd. on basis of 94.05 test.

12144.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Edward Benn & Son, Bahia, Mar. 12, 1896.

Sugar entered, on basis 84° test, at 10/1.1, reappraised at 9/9.14 per cwt. pkd. on basis of 82.68 test.

12224... ... .*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Frank Holland, Antigua, April 13/96.

Sugar entered, on basis of 83° test, at $.02117, advanced to $.02282 per lb. pkd. on basis of 85.40 test.

Sugar entered, on basis of 86° test, at $.02304, advanced to $.02326 per lb. pkd. on basis of 86.10 test.

Sugar entered, on basis of 85° test, at $.02242, advanced to $.0230 per lb. pkd. on basis of 85.70 test.

12244.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.* from E. G. Todd, St. Kitts, May 2/96.

Sugar, entered, on basis of 89° test, at $.02506, reappraised at $.02438 per lb. pkd. on basis of 87.90 test.

3041 OP .....
3042 OP .....
&c .....
Phila.....
Mfs. Silk, from Meckel & Co., Elberfeld, April 9/96, April 2/96, etc.

24 J Faconne No. 14584/92 &c, entered at .81, advanced to .89 mark per meter.

27 J, Satin 2 a black, Nos. 6525 and 43², entered at .94, advanced to 1.03 marks per meter.

27 J Satin 3¼ blk. & brown, No. 6522.31.34, entered at 1.08, advanced to 1.25 marks per meter.

27 J Satin 15 brown No. 6527, entered at 1.30, advanced to 1.42 marks per meter.

30 J H silk reps. L 3, No. 6918.6927, entered 2.05, advanced to 2.10 marks per meter.

36 J Serge 1¼ blk. & col'd, No. 6539.6501 &c, entered at 1.07, advanced to 1.17 marks per meter.

21 J figured silk, No. 1297, entered at 2.10, advanced to 2.30 marks per meter.

3041 OP .....
3042 OP .....
&c.....
Phila.....
Mfs. Silk, etc.—Continued.

24 Satin blk., No. 12, entered at 1.10, advanced to 1.20 marks per meter.
H silk Reps. T 1¾, entered at .95, advanced to 1.04 marks per meter.
51 H silk cloakings R 75500, entered at 2.10, advanced to 2.30 marks per meter.
Cases, packing, rolls, paper, tickets, etc., included in price.
Similar goods, similar advances.

3090 OP .....
3014 OP .....
Baltimore .....
Woolens, from Wallace & Co., Bradford, Feb. 28/96, May 1/96.

55/56 No. 398 blk. cott. coatings, entered at 1/5½, reappraised at 1/5 per yd.
55/56 No. 279 blk. worsted coatings, entered at 2/1 per yd.; no advance.
55/56 No. 443 blk. worsted coatings, entered at 2/5, advanced to 2/8 per yd.
55/56 No. 285 blk. worsted coating, entered at 1/9½, advanced to 1/10 per yd.
55/56 No. 394 blk. worsted coating, entered at 2/2, advanced to 2/4 per yd.
55/56 No. 354 blk. worsted coating, entered at 2/3, advanced to 2/4½ per yd.
Less $\frac{1}{37}$th. Less 5 per cent discount.
Add cases.

3043 OP .....
3052 OP .....
&c .....
Phila.....
Mfs. of Silk, from Joh. Gobl & Sons, Wien, Mar. 21, 28, Apr. 4, 11, 1896.

Armure, entered at .69, advanced to .75 florins per meter.
Halb retten, entered at .50, advanced to .55 florins per meter.
Asphalt, entered at .84, advanced to .92 florins per meter.
Amazone Cashmere, entered at 1.28, advanced to 1.40 florins per meter.
Mylord, entered at 1.14, advanced to 1.25 florins per meter.
Mosaik, entered at .76, advanced to .83 florins per meter.
Figured satin, entered at 1.25, advanced to 1.37 florins per meter.
Brocat H, entered at 1.61, advanced to 1.77 florins per meter.
Add cases and packing.

3085 OP .....
Phila.....
Sugar above No. 16 D. S., from Herman Remcke, Hamburg, Apr. 4/96.

Granulated sugar, entered at 13/–, advanced to 13/8¾ per 50 ¾ kilos pkd.

3135 OP .....
Boston.....
Sugar above No. 16 D. S., from Robt. Crooks & Co., Hamburg, May 2/96.

Granulated sugar entered at 14/4½, less nondutiable charges, advanced to 14/0½ per 50 ¾ kilos net.

3068 OP .....
Baltimore.....
Sugar above No. 16 D. S., from L. E. Lowenstein, Amsterdam, April 13/96.

Sugar entered at 17.733 florins per 100 kg., advanced to 15/3½ per cwt. of 112 lbs. pkd.

3121 OP .....
Baltimore.....
Sugar above No. 16 D. S., from Suikerraffinaderij, Rosendaal, April 20/96.

Granulated sugar entered at $3.168 per 100 lbs., less cartage; advanced to 15/5 per cwt. pkd. net.

3123 OP .....
Baltimore.....
Sugar above No. 16 D. S., from Gebr. Michalles, Hamburg, April 15/96.

Extra f. granulated, entered at $3.1185 per 100 lbs., less 5/6 per cent discount and cartage; advanced to 14/3¾ per cwt. pkd. net.

3148 OP ..... } *Sugar above No. 16 D. S.*, from Aunbruster & Kalkow, Magdeburg, May 11/96.
Baltimore..... }
German granulated sugar, entered at 15/– per cwt., less ¼ per cent freight and N. D. charges, advanced to 13/10¼ per cwt. pkd. net.

12106.....*Mf. Silk & Cotton*, from L. Permezel & Co., Lyons, Apr. 23, 1896.
48 satin noir, entered at .75, advanced to .92 franc per meter.
48 satin couleur, entered at .70, advanced to .82 franc per meter.
48 satin couleur, entered at .75, advanced to .92 franc per meter.
48 satin couleur, entered at .98, advanced to 1.12 francs per meter.
48 satin blanc, entered at .80, advanced to 1.02 franc per meter.
Less 20 per cent discount.
Further advanced by disallowance of second discount of 3 per cent.
Add cases and packing.

12372..... ...*Mf. Silk & Cotton*, from Wm. Schroeder & Co., Crefeld, May 18/96.
27 in. satin noir, entered at 1.30, 1.10, 1.65, 1.50 marks per meter; no advance.
27 in. satin noir, entered at 1.30 marks per meter; advanced to 1.40 marks per meter.
36 in. Rad noir, entered at 1.40, advanced to 1.50 marks per meter.
36 in. rad noir, entered at 1.30, advanced 1.45 marks per meter.
36 in. rad (job) entered at 1.20, advanced to 1.32 marks per meter.
36 in. rad, entered at 1.00, advanced to 1.15 marks per meter.
36 in. rad, entered at 1.10, advanced to 1.30 marks per meter.
27 in. satin noir, entered at 1.10, advanced to 1.20 marks per meter.
Add cases, packing, labels and wrappers.

12221.. .....*Mf. silk*, from Baumann, Streuli & Co., Zurich, May 7/96.
51 c/m Taffetas blc., entered at 1.90, advanced to 2.30 francs per anne.
Discount 20 per cent.

12276.....*Mf. silk & cotton*, from Noyer Durand & Collon, Lyons, May 4/96.
94 c/m ecru faconne, entered at 1.50, advanced to 1.60 francs per meter.
94 c/m ecru Austria, entered at .80, advanced to .85 francs per meter.
Less 20 per cent discount.

12299.....*Mf. Silk*, from A. Bisson & Sairzi, Lyons, May 15/96.
60 c/m cristalline noir soie & coton, entered at .75, advanced to 1.05 francs per meter.
46 c/m cotele soie & coton, noir & couleur, entered at .60, advanced to .85 franc per meter.
46 c/m, Armure soie & coton noir, entered at .67½, advanced to 1.00 franc per meter.
60 c/m Satin imprime soie & coton, entered at 1.20, advanced to 1.30 francs per meter.
Less 20 per cent discount.
Cost of packing included in price.

12356.....*Mf. silk & cotton*, from Chr. Sponem Herzog, Lyons, May 21/96.
Satin, blanc & creme, entered at .75, advanced to .90 francs per meter.
Less 20 per cent discount.

12204.....*Col'd cot. velvet & col'd cotton*, from Weiss, Fries & Co., Mulhouse, May 5/96.
80 c/m velours meuble c, entered at 1.70, advanced to 2.10 marks per meter.
80 c/m toile a voile, entered at .85 marks per meter; no advance.
Add packing and cases.

12425.....*Cotton hose*, from I. S. Glaiser, Jun., Chemnitz, May 11/96.

Half hose, blk., entered at 2.35 marks per doz., less 5 per cent discount plus case, boxes, labels, packing, etc., advanced to 3.40 marks per dozen pkd., discount 5 per cent.

12357.....*Mf. silk*, from Bretthal & Co., Crefeld, May 20/96.

60 c/m XXII, entered at 2.10, advanced to 2.25 marks per meter.

Add packing, labels and wrappers.

12057..... .....*Silk velvet*, from Guise & Co., Lyons, April 30/96.

Velours coul., 55 c/m, entered at 9.70 francs per meter; no advance.

Pekin 53 c/m, entered at 2.05, advanced to 2.25 francs per meter.

Discount 20 per cent.

Add cases.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

11175.....
3416.... .....
11200.....
3417.....
12130.....
3418.....
&c.....
} *Tamb'd cot. sash &c.*, from Sturzenegger & Tanner, St. Gall, Feb. 6, 20, April 30, 1896, etc.

Tamboured muslin sash, 30 J white, No. 268, entered at .52, advanced to .57 franc per yd.

Tamboured muslin sash 30 J white, No. 894, entered at .45, advanced to .49 franc per yd.

Tamboured muslin sash 30 J white, No. 903, entered at .46, advanced to .50 franc per yard.

Tamboured muslin sash 30 J white, No. 773, entered at .47, advanced to .52 franc per yard.

Tamboured muslin sash 30 J white, No. 775, entered at .50, advanced to. 55 franc per yard.

Tamboured muslin sash 30 J white, No. 774, entered at .51, advanced to .54 franc per yard.

Irish point lace 30 J No. white 877, entered at 1.80 francs per yard; no advance.

Tamboured cot. sash, 30 J white, 895 S B, entered at .53, advanced to .58 franc per yard.

Tamboured cot. sash 30 J white 895 D B, entered at .66, advanced to .72 franc per meter.

Similar goods, similar advances.

Add cases, boxes and packing.

12117..... .....
3396.....
} *Gelatine*, from Deutsche Gelatine-Fabriken, Hoechst-a-Main, April 20/96.

White gelatine, 4B silver label, entered at 155.00, advanced to 171.00 marks per 100 kilos.

White gelatine white 5 loose, entered at 140.00, advanced to 156.75 marks per 100 kilos.

White gelatine B loose, entered at 125.00, advanced to 147.25 marks per 100 kilos.

Costs of packing, cases, etc. included in price.

11988..... } *Silk & wool veiling*, from Wm. Openhym & Sons, Paris, April 16/96.
3366.....

60 c/m 83/G, entered at .39, advanced to .46 franc per meter.
60 c/m 113/K, entered at .47, advanced to .55 franc per meter.
60 c/m 500/C, entered at .31, advanced to .36 franc per meter.
60 c/m 600/E, entered at .35, advanced to .41 franc per meter.
60 c/m 800/J, entered at .42, advanced to .49 franc per meter.
60 c/m 900/K, entered at .47, advanced to .55 franc per meter.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Discount 7½ per cent; bonification 1 per cent.
Add cases.

12253..... } *Manufactures of Wool*, from Chas. Lemon & Co., Bradford, May 6/96.
3431.....

57/58 in. Vent. blk. 688, entered at 3/9, advanced to 3/10.13 per yd.
Less $\frac{1}{37}$th.
Less 5 per cent discount.
Add case, oil cloth and making up.

12190.. .... } *Mf. Goat hair & cotton*, from David & Co., Berlin, April 20/96.
3409.....

Art. 117, entered at 4.20, advanced to 4.50 marks per meter.
Discount 7 per cent.
Add packing charges.

12189..... } *Mf. goat hair and cotton*, from Henry Walker & Sons, Mirfield, April 29/96.
3407.....

390 & 392, entered at 3/6, advanced to 4/– per yd.
Less $\frac{1}{37}$th and ¼ yd. in 10.
Less 2½ per cent discount.
Add cases.

12254.....
3432 .....
12291.....
3442..... } *Mf. goat hair and cotton*, from Ferdinand Heilborn & Co., Bradford May 6, 15, 1896.

Mixed knit fabric No. 342/6, entered at 3/3, advanced to 3/3.59 per yd.
Mixed knit fabric No. 512, entered at 1/10, advanced to 1/10.33 per yd.
Fancy mantling No. 392/6, entered at 3/3, advanced to 3/3.59 per yd.
Fancy knit fabric No. 510/4, entered at 2/5, advanced to 2/5.44 per yd.
Fancy mantling No. 392/1/5, entered at 3/4, advanced to 3/4.60 per yd.
Blk. knit fabric a445, entered at 3/8, advanced to 3/8.66 per yd.
Blk fancy curl, No. 433, entered at 3/11, advanced to 3/11.71 per yd.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Less $\frac{1}{37}$ measure.
Less 5 per cent discount.
Add making up and packing.

11142 ... . } *Cement non-hydraulic*, from E. Friedr. Meyer, Frieburg, Feb. 1/96.
3253.....

Meyers German Stone Cement, entered at 2.00 francs per kilo; no advance.
Add demijohn and cases.

11825..... } *Chemical preparation*, from Fahlberg, List & Co., Saltke Westerhusen, Mar. 25/96.
3395..... }

Saccharine, Brand S R, entered at 49.00, advanced to 54.50 marks per kilo packed.
Add cases, packing &c., to entered value.

11754..... } *Cigarettes*, from Philip Morris & Co., Ltd., London, Jan. 17/96.
3394.... .... }

Blues carp. tipped cigarettes, entered at 46/10, advanced to 52/– per 1000.
Cambridge carp. tipped cigarettes, entered at 42/4, advanced to 47/– per 1000.
Add case.
Add boxes to appraised value.

10504..... } *Pocket knives*, from Edward Owen & Co., Birmingham, Dec. 6, 1895.
3059..... }

Pocket knives 1094, entered at 14/3, advanced to 18/– per gross pkd.
Add case and packing to entered value.

12274..... } *Sponges*, from Fernando Solozatar, Havana, May 16/96.
3415..... }

Coupe forms, white, entered at $1.15, advanced to $1.25 Sp. gold per lb.
Light red forms, entered at $1.30, advanced to $1.40 Sp. gold per lb.
Light red coupe forms, entered at $1.00, advanced to $1.10 Sp. gold per lb.
Red, entered at .90, advanced to .95 Sp. gold per lb.
Velvet grass, entered at .80, advanced to .85 Sp. gold per lb.
And cases and packing.

11927..... } *Cot hdkfs. & cot. hdkfs. in the piece*, from Jas. McCorry, Belfast, April 8/96.
3404..... }

Bordered cot. No. 252, 4/8 (15), entered at 5d., advanced to 5½d. per dozen.
Hemstitched printed, 4/8 (14), entered at 6¾d., advanced to 7¼d. per dozen.
Discount 2½ per cent.
Add cases.
Similar goods, similar advances.

12028..... } *Mf. wool & cotton*, from A. & S. Henry & Co., Ltd., Huddersfield, Apr. 22/96.
3371..... }

54 in. blk. President wool & cotton, 6206/1, entered at 1/4½, advanced to 1/4.91 per yd.
Less $\frac{1}{37}$th.
Less 5 per cent discount.
Add making up at 6d. per piece; cases at 35/– each.

11560..... }
3338..... }
11699..... } *Mf. wool & cotton*, from Clover Bros., Leeds, Mar. 11, Jan. 23/96.
3340..... }
&c..... }

54 in. 24 ozs. woolens cotton warp, entered at 1/2, advanced to 1/4 per yd.
54 in. 28½ ozs. woolens cotton warp, entered at 1/4, advanced to 1/5½ per yd.
Add cases and packing.
LT 54 in. 14½ ozs., entered at 9¾, advanced to 10d. per yd.
T4, 54 in., 17/18 ozs., entered at 1/–, advanced to 1/1 per yd.
T, 54 in. 16 ozs., entered at 1/–, advanced to 1/1 per yd.
Melton, 54 in, 18/19 ozs., entered at 1/2, advanced to 1/3 per yd.
PF, 54 in., 24 ozs., entered at 1/2¼, advanced to 1/5 per yd.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Less $\frac{1}{37}$th.
Less 3¾ per cent discount.
Add cases and packing charges.

11794.....
3378.....
11900.....
3379 .....
11660.....
3376.....
} *Mfs. wool & cotton*, from Simon Israel & Co., Bradford, April 9, 16, Mar. 17, 30, 1896.

54 in cheviot, M9049, entered at 10½, advanced to 11d per yd.
50 in. melton H 4010, entered at 6½, advanced to 7d. per yd.
54 in. blk. cheviot, M 9079, entered at 10, advanced to 11d. per yd.
56 in. melton H 4010, entered at 7¼, advanced to 7¾d. per yd.
Less trade discount 2½ per cent.
Less cash discount 1¼ per cent.
Add making up and packing.

12133.....
3435.....
11945.....
3369.....
} *Surface coated paper*, from Leonard Biermans, Turnhout, April 16, 30, 1 896.

Red flint Nos. 4978, 7948, 1923, 7954, Green flint, No. 2897, Maroon flint, No. 7957, green flint No. 7989, 24 in., entered at 4/10, advanced to 5/2 per ream of 500 sheets.
White flint No. 4733, 24 in., entered at 4/10, advanced to 5/7 per ream of 500 sheets.
Silk green, 7988, 24 x 25, entered at 6/1, advanced to 6/3 per ream of 500 sheets.
Blue flint No. 3963, 20 x 25, entered at 5/1, advanced to 5/2 per ream of 500 sheets.
Bronze flint, No. 6008, 20 x 24, entered 4/10, advanced to 5/2 per ream of 500 sheets.
Red flint No. 4978, 20 x 25, entered at 5/1, advanced to 5/4 per ream of 500 sheets.
Bronze watered, No. 6008/1025, 24 in. wide, entered at 6/8, advanced to 7/– per ream of 500 sheets.
Less inland freight and shipping charges.
Add cases.
Less 5 per cent discount.

8869.....
2291.....
} *Mfs. Comp. of Wool pulp*, from Heinrich Helurg, Mannheim, June 10/95.

Wood pulp for filtering, bleached entered at 50., advanced to 100.00 marks per 100 kilos.
Wood pulp for filtering, unbleached, entered at 35, advanced to 85 marks per 100 kilos.

11110.....
3219.....
} *Wool lining*, from J. Cawthra & Co., Ltd., Bradford, Feb. 7/96.

32 in. blk. Italians, No. 617, entered at 7¾d. per yd.; no advance.
32 in. Blk. Italians, No. 630, entered at 9⅛d., advanced to 9⅛d. per yd.
32 in. blk. Italians, No. 625, entered at 8⅝d., advanced to 8¾d. per yd.
54 in. twills, No. 748, entered at 11d., advanced to 11¼d. per yd.
54 in. fan. Italians, No. 4390, entered at 16¾d. per yd.; no advance.
54 in. fan. Italians, No. 4391, entered at 18¾d. per yd.; no advance.
54 in. Fan. Italians, No. 4392, entered at 19¾d. per yd.; no advance.
32 in. twills, No. 748, entered at 6⅝, advanced to 6⅝d. per yd.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Less allowance of 1 yd. per piece.
Less 3½ per cent discount.

12043..... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Rousohoff & Wessler, Rotterdam, Mar. 23/96.
3414.....

Beet root sugar entered, on basis of 75° test, at 9/9, advanced to 10/10.655 per cwt. pkd. on basis of 79.77 test.

10960..... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Francke Hijos & Co., Havana, Jan. 18/96.
3266.....

Sugar entered, on basis of 93° test, at $.02489, advanced to $.025 per lb. pkd., on basis of 95.30 test.

2995 OP..... } *Woolens*, from Weise & Newmann, Summerfeld, Jan. 20/96.
741 .....
Baltimore.....

No. 30106 C, 74 J, entered at 7.50 marks per meter ; no advance.
No. 30212 C 74 J, entered at 7.50 marks per meter; no advance.
No. 30558 F 74 J, entered at 5.00 marks per meter; advanced to 5.50 marks per meter.
Discount of 2 per cent allowed from appraised value; not deducted on entry.
Packing and case included in price.

2776 O P..... } *Refined sugar above No. 16 D. S.*, from Taikoo Sugar Refining Company, Hong Kong, Aug. 26, Aug. 17 and Sep. 6/95.
710.....
2775 OP.....
709..... .....
&c.....
San Francisco..

Sugar entered at $6.53, $6.715 and $6.48 Mexican currency, advanced to $6.97 Mex. currency per picul pkd.

2808 OP..... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from R. Crooks & Co., Liverpool, Jan. 8/96.
754.....
Phila.....

Fifths, entered at 9/2/5, advanced to 9/10/1 per ton pkd.
Less 2½ per cent discount.

2961 OP..... } *Maccaroni*, from Talbot Freres, Bordeaux, Mch. 2, 14, 1896.
774.....
Boston .....
3008 OP.....
775.....
Boston .....

Macaroni Pastisca, entered at 5.00, advanced to 5.67 francs per box of 25 1 lb. pkgs. packed.
Macaroni, entered at 10.78, advanced to 11.00 francs per case of 50 1 lb. pkgs. pkd.
Macaroni, entered at 6.60 francs per case of 25 1 lb. pkgs.; no advance.

11733..... } *Mf. silk & Cot.*, from L. Permezel & Co., Lyons, Feb. 6/96.
3393.....

19″ Gascogne imprime, entered at .90, advanced to .99 francs per meter.
19″ Tornea imprime, entered at 86, advanced to 1.00 franc per meter.
Less discount 20 per cent; tares 3 per cent.
Add case and packing.

11788..... } *Mf. silk & Cotton*, from Bayard Aine & Fils, Lyons, April 8/96.
3374.....

Satin 46 c/m No. 1301, entered at .60, advanced to .65 franc per meter.
Satin 46 c/m No. 1302, entered at .77, advanced to .90 franc per meter.
Satin 58 c/m, No. 3289, entered at .70, advanced to .85 franc per meter.
Satin 61 c/m, No. 4243, entered at 2.25 francs per meter; no advance.
Serge 61 c/m, No. 3724, entered at .72, advanced to .85 franc per meter.

11788..... } *Mf. silk & Cotton, etc.*—Continued.
3374..... .....

Bengaline, grege & cot., No. 4349, entered at 1.25, advanced to 1.35 francs per meter.
Satin 46 c/m No. 1301 (second), entered at .50, advanced to. 55 franc per meter.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Discount 20 per cent.
Packing included in cost of goods.

11363..... } *Mf. Silk & Cotton*, from Henry Gorgus, Lyons, Feb. 26/96.
3310.....

Raw serge 92 c/m, entered at .85, advanced to .87 franc per meter.
Faconne coul., 92 c/m. entered at 1.30 francs per meter; no advance.
Serge coul., 92 c/m, entered at .95 and 1.30 francs per meter; no advance.
Satin quadrille 92 c/m, entered at 1.95 francs per meter; no advance.
Raw foulard fast 54 c/m jumelle, entered at 1.45 francs per meter; no advance.
Less discounts of 20 per cent and 1 per cent.
Add cases and packing.

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RULES AND REGULATIONS

RELATING TO THE

ANCHORAGE AND MOVEMENT OF VESSELS IN THE HARBORS OF CHICAGO.

JULY, 1896.

THE ANCHORAGE AND MOVEMENT OF VESSELS IN THE PORT OF CHICAGO, ILL.

1896.
Department Circular No. 114.
Division of Revenue-Cutter Service, No. 68.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., July 9, 1896.

The Rules and Regulations relating to the Anchorage and Movement of Vessels in the harbors of Chicago will be strictly observed, and all officers of revenue cutters at the port of Chicago are hereby empowered and directed, in cases of necessity or when a proper notice has been disregarded, to use the force at their command to remove from the channel ways any vessel found violating the rules, a copy of which is subjoined.

Violations of the Regulations that require immediate action shall be reported to the Commanding Officer of the Revenue Steamer *Calumet*, and all communications referring to the rules and limits of Anchorage Grounds at the port of Chicago will be addressed to that officer.

J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary.

RULES AND REGULATIONS RELATING TO THE ANCHORAGE OF VESSELS IN THE PORT OF CHICAGO.

The following-described Anchorage Grounds for vessels in the harbors of Chicago and the waters of Lake Michigan adjacent thereto are hereby defined and established, and the following Rules and Regulations in relation to the same are hereby adopted and published for the government of the owners, masters, or persons in charge of vessels in the port of Chicago, pursuant to the act of Congress approved February 6, 1893, as follows:

AN ACT relating to the anchorage and movement of vessels in the port of Chicago.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be authorized and directed to define and establish anchorage grounds for vessels in the harbors of Chicago and waters of Lake Michigan adjacent thereto, to adopt suitable rules and regulations in relation to the same, and also to adopt suitable rules and regulations governing the use of marked inshore channels in Lake Michigan, in front of the city of Chicago, and to take all necessary measures for the proper enforcement of such rules and regulations.

SEC. 2. That in the event of the violation of any such rules or regulations by the owner, master, or person in charge of any vessel, such owner, master, or person in charge of such vessel shall be liable to a penalty of one hundred dollars, and the said vessel may be holden for the payment of such penalty and may be seized and proceeded against summarily by libel for the recovery of the same in any United States district court for the district within which such vessel may be, and in the name of the officer designated by the Secretary of the Treasury.

Vessels shall anchor within the following specified limits:

1. United States Exterior Breakwater Anchorage, within lines running from Chicago Pierhead Light on North Pier, Chicago River, to the easterly and westerly ends of Exterior Breakwater, and a line parallel to said Breakwater, 2,000 feet southwesterly from the same.

2. Anchorage Grounds in the Harbor of Refuge: Yachts and small excursion vessels shall anchor west of a line drawn from Light House Slip south, to South entrance, south of the line of Washington street and north of the line of Jackson street. The intersecting points are marked by white spar buoys. This area contains 44.3 acres.

3. Other vessels anchoring in the Harbor of Refuge will take such position as will keep the channels and fairways clear for vessels entering either the North, South, or East entrance.

GENERAL REGULATIONS.

No vessel shall anchor within 100 feet of any United States Pier or Breakwater.

Nothing in these regulations shall be held to prevent any vessel in stress of weather, or in great emergency, from anchoring anywhere that may seem necessary for safety at the time, but the revenue-cutter officer charged with the enforcement of these regulations shall be the judge as to when such emergency shall have terminated.

The commanding officer of the Revenue Cutter at the port of Chicago is charged with the enforcement of these Rules and Regulations, and is empowered—

(1) To remove from her anchorage any vessel not anchored within the limits hereby prescribed.

(2) To require, when he may deem it advisable, vessels to moor head and stern.

(3) To assign vessels to such part of the Anchorage Grounds as is suitable to their draft.

(4) To assume such general direction of the movement of vessels in the inshore channels as shall least obstruct navigation of the same.

(5) To see that the acts of Congress prohibiting dumping of solids into navigable waters of the United States are complied with and enforced.

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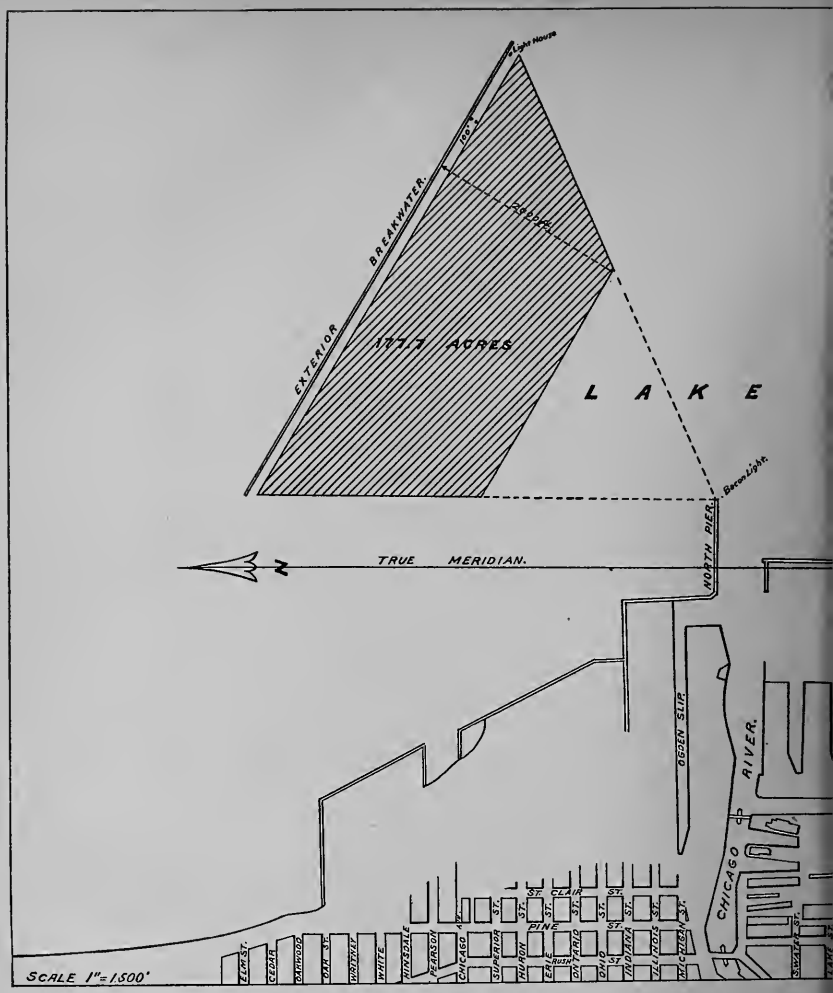
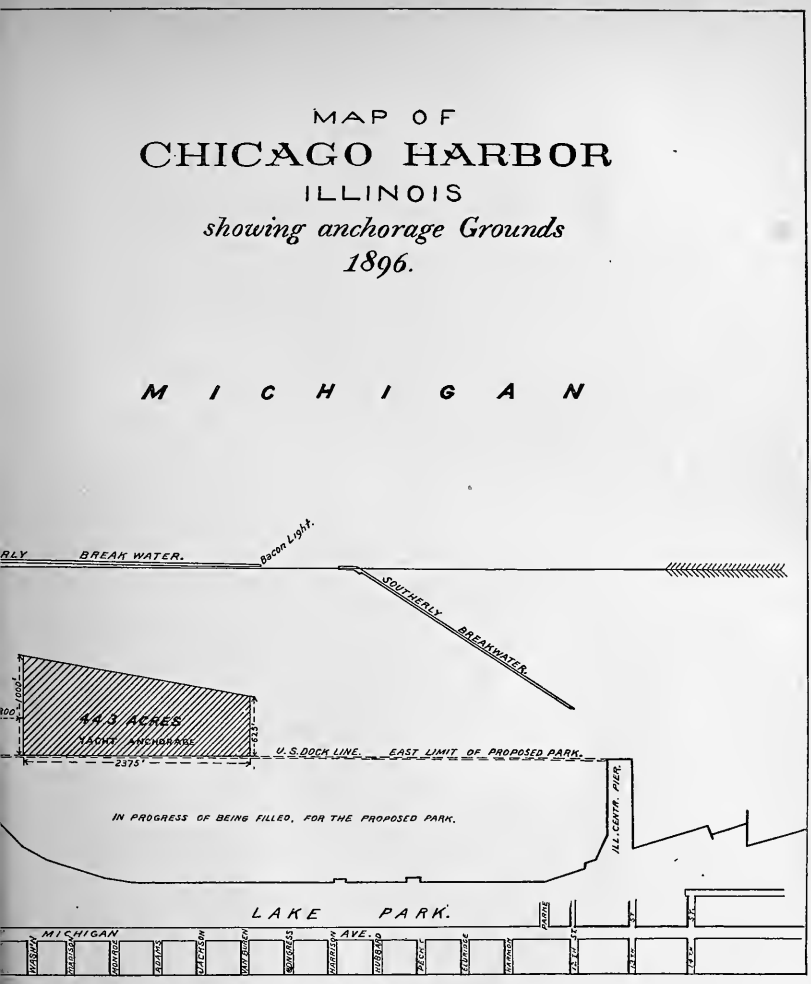

Light House
EXTERIOR BREAKWATER.
1777 ACRES
LAKE
Beacon Light.
NORTH PIER.
TRUE MERIDIAN.
N
OGDEN SLIP.
CHICAGO RIVER.
ELM ST.
CEDAR
OAKWOOD
OAK ST.
HOBART
WHITE
WINCHELL
PEARSON
CHICAGO AV.
SUPERIOR ST.
HURON ST.
ERIE ST.
ONTARIO ST.
OHIO ST.
INDIANA ST.
ILLINOIS ST.
MICHIGAN ST.
CLAIR ST.
PINE
SCALE 1"=1.500'


MAP OF
CHICAGO HARBOR
ILLINOIS
showing anchorage Grounds
1896.
MICHIGAN
RLY BREAK WATER.
Bacon Light.
SOUTHERLY BREAKWATER.
1005'
800'
44.3 ACRES
YACHT ANCHORAGE
623'
2375'
U.S. DOCK LINE. EAST LIMIT OF PROPOSED PARK.
ILL. CENTR. PIER.
IN PROGRESS OF BEING FILLED, FOR THE PROPOSED PARK.
LAKE PARK.
PARKE
MICHIGAN AVE.
WASHN
HUBBARD
MONROE
ADAMS
JACKSON
VAN BUREN
CONGRESS
HARRISON
HUBBARD
PECK
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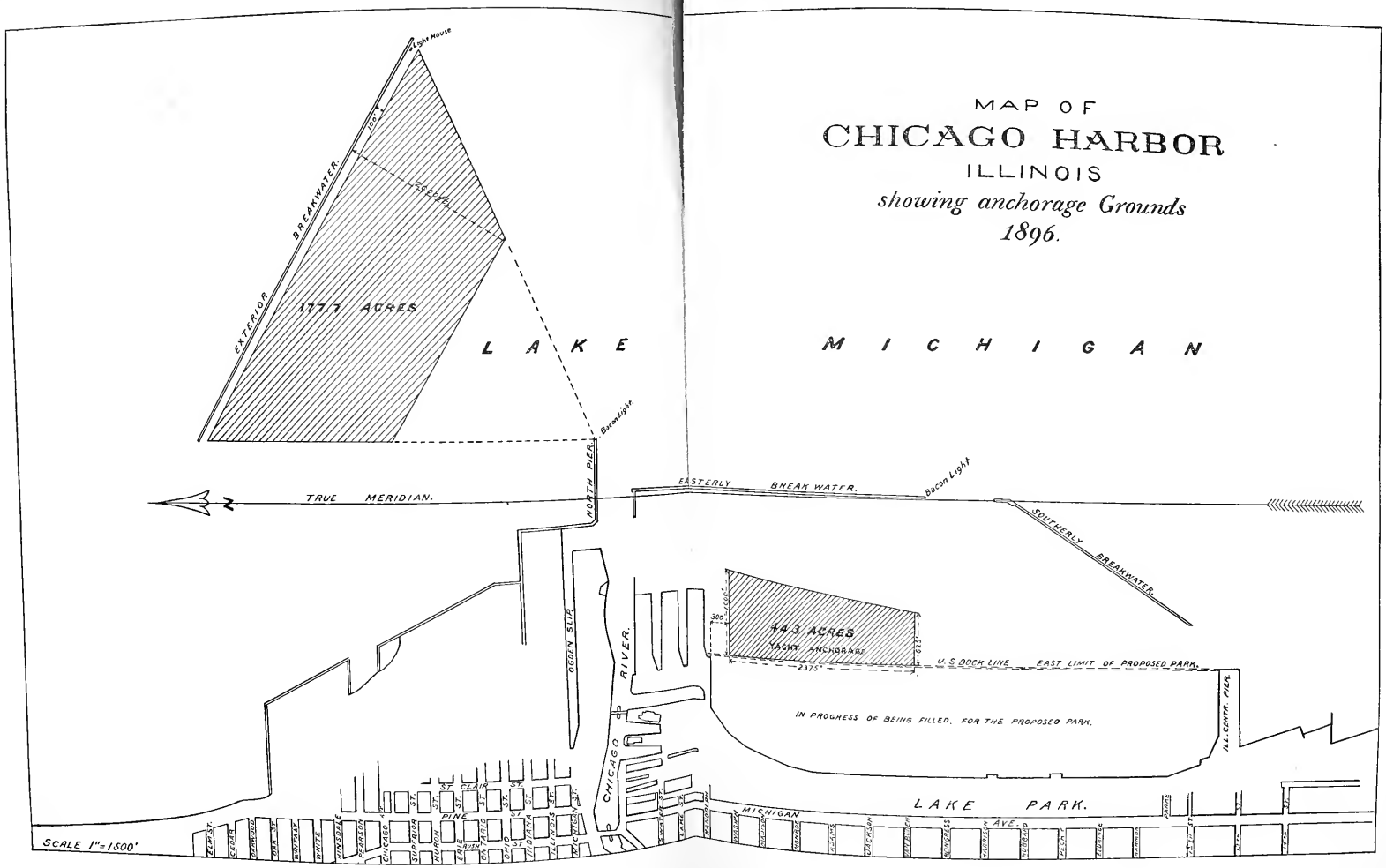
MAP OF
CHICAGO HARBOR
ILLINOIS
showing anchorage Grounds
1896.
Light House
EXTERIOR BREAKWATER
100'
250'
177.7 ACRES
LAKE MICHIGAN
Bacon Light
NORTH PIER
TRUE MERIDIAN.
EASTERLY BREAK WATER.
Bacon Light
SOUTHERLY BREAKWATER
OGDEN SLIP
CHICAGO RIVER.
300'
44.3 ACRES
YACHT ANCHORAGE
U.S. DOCK LINE
EAST LIMIT OF PROPOSED PARK.
2375'
IN PROGRESS OF BEING FILLED. FOR THE PROPOSED PARK.
ILL. CENTR. PIER.
LAKE PARK.
MICHIGAN AVE.
ST. CLAIR ST.
PINE ST.
SCALE 1"=1500'

REAPPRAISEMENTS OF MERCHANDISE BY UNITED STATES GENERAL APPRAISERS.

1896.
Department Circular No. 115.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., July 10, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending June 27, 1896.

W. E. CURTIS,
Acting Secretary.

REPORT ON REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING JUNE 27, 1896.

N. B.—***In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.***

No. of reappraisement.

12384.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from J. M. Vinccia, Manzanillo, April 25/96.

Centrifugal sugar, entered, on basis of 96° test, at $.03267, reappraised at $.0304 Sp. gold, per lb. pkd., on basis of 94° test.

12365.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Cl. Su. Ramon, S. A., Manzanillo, April 25/96.

Centrifugal sugar, entered, on basis of 96°, at $.03266, reappraised at $.03162 Sp. gold per lb. pkd., on basis of 95.80 test.

12364.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Jose L. Kaminz, Manzanillo, April 25, 1896.

Centrifugal sugar, entered, on basis of 96° test, at $.03261, advanced to $.03226 Sp. gold per lb. pkd., on basis of 97.50 test.

Molasses sugar, entered, on basis of 89° test, at $.0258, reappraised at $.025095 Sp. gold per lb. pkd., on basis of 88.40 test.

3114 OP..... } *Silk laces*, from Marshall Field & Co., Calais, May 7, 1896.
Chicago. ..... }

Blk. silk laces, etc., entered at 6835.90 francs per total of 1 case, less 1 per cent discount; advanced by disallowance of export bounty, deducted on entry.

12481..... }
12482..... } *Mf. flax*, from Castle Island Linen Co., Belfast, May 14/96.
12511.. ..... }

20 x 40 towels, No. 256, entered at 4/6 per dozen; no advance.

22 x 40 towels, No. 227, entered at 4/9 per dozen; no advance.

12481.....
12482.....
12511.....
Mf. flax, etc.—Continued.

20 x 40 towels, No. 279, entered at 4/- per dozen; no advance.
24 x 48 towels, No. 303, entered at 6/10 per dozen; no advance.
20 in. Huck linen, No. 303, entered at 5¼d. per yard; no advance.
25 x 36 H. S. pillow cases, No. 206/110, entered at 24/1 per dozen; no advance.
22 x 43 Hem'd towels, No. 463, entered at 6/5 per dozen; no advance.
Similar goods, no advance.
Less 5 per cent discount.
Add case &c.

12377.....
12378.....
Cot. netting and cot. lace curtains, from B. Walker & Co., Ltd., Nottingham, May 15, 22, 1896.

No. 1749 Ivory curtains 52 in., 3½ yds., entered at 3/11, advanced to 4/6 per pair.
No. 1925 Et. curtains, 48 in., 3 yds., entered at 1/8½, advanced to 1/10½ per pair.
No. 3965 Ivory curtains, 50 in., 3½ yds., entered at 2/2, advanced to 2/4 per pair.
No. 332 Ecru cot. Hambg. net, 50 in., entered at 3½, advanced to 3½ per yd.
1922 Et. curtains, 60 in., 3½ yds., entered at 2/3½, advanced to 2/6¼ per pair.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Add cases.
Less discount of 2½ per cent; less inland carriage.

12380..... *Wool dress goods*, from Testart Freres, Paris, May 19/96.

Faconne pure laine 93/95 noir, entered at 1.30, advanced to 1.40 francs per meter.
Discount 5 per cent.
Add packing.

12465.....
12464.....
Wool dress goods, from Max. Funke, Meerane, Apr. 2, 18/96.

95 c/m genre No. 912, entered at .90, advanced to .95 mark per meter.
95 c/m genre No. 921, entered at .665, advanced to .72 mark per meter.
110 c/m genre No. 874, entered at 1.105, advanced to 1.25 mark per meter.
95 c/m genre No. 934, entered at .85, advanced to .90 mark per meter.
95 c/m genre 733 C, entered at .645, advanced to .70 mark per meter.
95 c/m genre No. 905, entered at .75, advanced to .82 mark per meter.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Add packing.

12508..... *Razor blades*, from Friedrich Morsbach, Weyer, May 20/96.

Razor blades, entered at 2.90, advanced to 4.00 marks pe · dozen.

12461..... *Pocket knives*, from Hermann Boker & Co., Solingen, May 29/96.

Knives No. 6385, entered at 2.85, advanced to 3.25 marks per dozen.
Less 2 per cent discount.
Add cases and packing.

12454..... *Gelatine*, from Deutsch Gelatine Fabriken, Hochst a. Main, May 15/96.

White I gelatine gold label, entered at 300, advanced to 330 marks per 100 kilos.
White 2B gold label gelatine, entered at 210, advanced to 230 marks per 100 kilos.
White 5 copper C, entered at 145, advanced to 156.75 marks per 100 kilos.
Broken leaves loose II gelatine, entered at 200, advanced to 220 marks per 100 kilos.
Shredded gelatine white, entered at 210, advanced to 230 marks per 100 kilos.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Cases and casks, labeling and packing included in price.

12381.....*Cotton tape*, from J. & A. Norris, Manchester, May 12/96.

No. 17 Pink cotton tape, entered at 2/11, advanced to 3/– per reel.

No. 25 pink cotton tape, entered at 4/3 per reel; no advance.

Discount advanced from 10 per cent to 5 per cent.

Add cases.

12211.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from I. B. Vicini, Santo Domingo, Mar. 27/96.

Centrifugal sugar, entered, on basis of 92° test, at $.02307, advanced to $.02549 on basis of 94.70 test and $.02587 on basis of 95.30 test, per lb. pkd.

Molasses sugar, entered, on basis of 83° test, at $.01716, reappraised at $.01622 per lb. pkd., on basis of 81.80 test.

12408.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Zuckicher & Buchel, Madgeburg, April 27/96.

Beetroot sugar, entered, on basis of 84.25 analysis, at 10/9, reappraised at 11/6.35 per cwt. pkd. on basis of 82.90 analysis.

12407.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from T. V. Drake & Co., Madgeburg April 25/96.

Sugar, entered, on basis of 88° analysis, at 11.10½, advanced to 12.72 marks per 50 kilos. pkd. on basis of 89.05 analysis.

Sugar, entered, on basis of 75° analysis, at 9.11, advanced to 11.616 marks per 50 kilos pkd., on basis of 82° analysis.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

12018..... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from S. Flurich, Manzanillo, April 4, 1896.
3448.....

Centrifugal sugar entered, on basis of 96° test, at $.03104, advanced to $.03179 Sp. gold, per lb., pkd., on basis of 97.60 test.

12017..... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Beola & Co., Gibara, April 10/96.
3447.....

Centrifugal sugar, entered on basis of 94° test, at $.02975, advanced to $.03199 Sp. gold, per lb. pkd., on basis of 96.70 test.

12258.....
3456.....
12259.....
3457.....
12260.....
3458..... } *Mf. Wool & Cotton*, from I Phillip & Co., Bradford, April 30/96.

Heavy twills 54 in., No. 951, entered at 12½, advanced to 13 d. per yd.

52/54 cot. & wool knitted fabric, No. 17992, entered at 3/– per yd; no advance.

52/54 cot. & wool knitted fabric, No. 17780, entered at 2/3, advanced to 2/7 per yd.

52/54 Cot. & wool knitted fabric, Nos. 17651, 17653, 17655, entered at 2/3, advanced to 2/7 per yd.

54 in. fancy curls, No. 17790, entered at 2/8, advanced to 3/2 per yd.

54 in. Fancies, Nos. 17355, 17357, entered at 2/1, advanced to 2/4 per yd.

Similar goods, similar advances.

Less 3¾ per cent discount.

Add making up and packing.

11458..... } *Wool dress goods*, from Paul Chevalier, Mylau, Feb. 27/96.
3243.....

110/112 Henrietta No. 1970, entered at 1.09, advanced to 1.13 marks per meter.

110/112 Henrietta 1971, entered at 1.12, advanced to 1.19 marks per meter.

110/112 Henrietta, 1972, entered at 1.15, advanced to 1.25 marks per meter.

110/112 Henrietta, 1973, entered at 1.18, advanced 1.31 marks per meter.

110/112 Henrietta, 1974, entered at 1.21, advanced to 1.37 marks per meter.

Add cases.

OFFICERS ON DUTY UNDER THE LIGHT-HOUSE ESTABLISHMENT.

1896.
Department Circular No. 116.
Light-House Board No. 1 of 1896.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE LIGHT-HOUSE BOARD,

Washington, D. C., July 15, 1896.

The following is a list of the officers on duty under the Light-House Establishment on this date, with the residence or post-office address of each:

MEMBERS OF THE LIGHT-HOUSE BOARD.

Hon. JOHN G. CARLISLE, Secretary of the Treasury and *ex officio* President of the Board, Treasury Department, Washington, D. C.

Rear Admiral JOHN G. WALKER, U. S. N., Chairman, 1202 Eighteenth Street NW., Washington, D. C.

Mr. WALTER S. FRANKLIN, office 2552 Madison Avenue, Baltimore, Md.

Col. JOHN M. WILSON, U. S. A., War Department, Washington, D. C.

Mr. W. W. DUFFIELD, Superintendent U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey, Washington, D. C.

Capt. JOHN R. BARTLETT, U. S. N., 1836 Jefferson Place NW., Washington, D. C.

Lieut. Col. ALEXANDER MACKENZIE, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A., War Department, Washington, D. C.

Commander GEORGE F. F. WILDE, U. S. N., Naval Secretary, Washington, D. C.

Capt. JOHN MILLIS, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A., Engineer Secretary, 1815 Riggs Place NW., Washington, D. C.

INSPECTORS.

1st Dist.—Commander N. MAYO DYER, U. S. N., Custom House, Portland, Me.

2d Dist.—Commander FRANCIS M. GREEN, U. S. N., Post-Office Building, Boston, Mass.

3d Dist.—Commander ALBERT S. SNOW, U. S. N., Tompkinsville, N. Y.

4th Dist.—Commander CHARLES J. TRAIN, U. S. N., Post-Office Building, Philadelphia, Pa.

5th Dist.—Commander BENJAMIN P. LAMBERTON, U. S. N., Post-Office Building, Baltimore, Md.

6th Dist.—Commander SETH M. ACKLEY, U. S. N., Brown's Wharf, Charleston, S. C.

7th Dist.—Commander WILLIAM B. NEWMAN, U. S. N., Navy Yard, Pensacola, Fla.

8th Dist.—Commander JOSEPH B. COGHLAN, U. S. N., Custom House, New Orleans, La.

9th Dist.—Commander JAMES H. DAYTON, U. S. N., Room 1308, Chamber of Commerce Building, corner Washington and La Salle Streets, Chicago, Ill.

10th Dist.—Commander CHARLES V. GRIDLEY, U. S. N., Post-Office Building, Buffalo, N. Y.

11th Dist.—Commander WILLIAM M. FOLGER, U. S. N., 80 Griswold Street, Detroit, Mich.

12th Dist.—Commander FRANK COURTIS, U. S. N., Safe Deposit Building, San Francisco, Cal.

13th Dist.—Lieut. Commander JOHN P. MERRELL, U. S. N., 623–25 Marquam Building, Portland, Oreg.

14th Dist.—Lieut. Commander WILLIAM W. GILLPATRICK, U. S. N., Post-Office Building, Cincinnati, Ohio.

15th Dist.—Commander ABRAHAM B. H. LILLIE, U. S. N., New Custom House, St. Louis, Mo.

16th Dist.—Commander WILLIAM T. BURWELL, U. S. N., Custom House, Memphis, Tenn.

ENGINEERS.

1st Dist.—Maj. WILLIAM R. LIVERMORE, U. S. A., Rooms 141 and 142, Post-Office Building, Boston, Mass.

2d Dist.—Maj. WILLIAM R. LIVERMORE, U. S. A., Rooms 141 and 142, Post-Office Building, Boston, Mass.

3d Dist.—Lieut. Col. WILLIAM LUDLOW, U. S. A., Tompkinsville, Staten Island, N. Y.

4th Dist.—Maj. WILLIAM H. BIXBY, U. S. A., Post-Office Building, Philadelphia, Pa.

5th Dist.—Maj. ERNEST H. RUFFNER, U. S. A., Post-Office Building, Baltimore, Md.

6th Dist.—Capt. FREDERIC V. ABBOT, U. S. A., 33 Custom House, Charleston, S. C.

7th Dist.—Maj. JAMES B. QUINN, U. S. A., 349 Carondelet Street, New Orleans, La.

8th Dist.—Maj. JAMES B. QUINN, U. S. A., 349 Carondelet Street, New Orleans, La.

9th Dist.—Maj. MILTON B. ADAMS, U. S. A., 18 Bagley Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

10th Dist.—Lieut. Col. JARED A. SMITH, U. S. A., Hickok Building, 185 Euclid Avenue, corner of Erie Street, Cleveland, Ohio.

11th Dist.—Maj. MILTON B. ADAMS, U. S. A., 18 Bagley Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

12th Dist.—Maj. CHARLES E. L. B. DAVIS, U. S. A., Room 89, Flood Building, San Francisco, Cal.

13th Dist.—Capt. WALTER L. FISK, U. S. A., 73 Fourth Street, Portland, Oreg.

14th Dist.—Maj. WILLIAM H. HEUER, U. S. A., Custom House, Cincinnati, Ohio.

15th Dist.—Lieut. Col. AMOS STICKNEY, U. S. A., 1515 Locust Street, St. Louis, Mo.

16th Dist.—Lieut. Col. AMOS STICKNEY, U. S. A., 1515 Locust Street, St. Louis, Mo.

JOHN G. WALKER,
Rear Admiral, U. S. N., Chairman.

GEORGE F. F. WILDE,
Commander, U. S. N., Naval Secretary.

JOHN MILLIS,
Captain, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A., Engineer Secretary.

APPROVED:

JOHN G. CARLISLE,
Secretary.

PROOF OF LANDING ABROAD OF GOODS EXPORTED FROM BONDED MANUFACTURING WAREHOUSES WAIVED.

1896.
Department Circular No. 117.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., July 14, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

Article 68 of the special regulations (Synopsis 15442) relating to the establishment of bonded manufacturing warehouses under the provisions of the tariff act of August 28, 1894, is hereby modified as follows:

The following words will be omitted from the form of bond as given in said article, viz:

"And if the certificates and other proofs required by the regulations of the Secretary of the Treasury, in pursuance of law, showing the delivery of the same at the said port of destination, or at any other port or place without the limits of the United States, shall be produced and deposited with the collector of the customs at the said port of withdrawal within ——— from the date hereof."

The first clause of said article 68 is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

The collector may accept as proof of due exportation the bill of lading and entry of the merchandise on the outward manifest of the vessel of exportation and the usual certificates of shipment and clearance, the same as in the exportation of merchandise from bond.

The proof of landing abroad may hereafter be waived in the above-mentioned transactions.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

LIFEBOATS AND LIFERAFTS ON OCEAN, LAKE, AND SOUND STEAM VESSELS.

1896.
Department Circular No. 118.
Steamboat Inspection Service.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., July 10, 1896.

To Supervising and Local Inspectors of Steam Vessels:

The act of Congress approved March 1, 1895, repealing the act creating the offices of Special Inspectors of Foreign Steam Vessels, also repealed section 3 of the same act authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to make regulations for the government of said special inspectors. Therefore such regulations heretofore published in pages 11 to 15, inclusive, in Form 2180, ceased by limitation with the approval of the act repealing the authority to prescribe them.

Supervising and local inspectors were notified in Department Circular No. 55, dated March 19, 1895, that thereafter the inspection of foreign passenger steam vessels would be made by the local inspectors, "under the laws and rules and regulations for the inspection of such vessels (Form 2180)."

Supervising and local inspectors are now informed that so much of Circular No. 55, March 19, 1895, as contains the words above quoted is hereby rescinded, and foreign steam vessels will be inspected hereafter under the laws governing such vessels (Form 2100), and the rules and regulations contained in Form 2101.

The rules and regulations contained in Forms 2180 and 2101 being practically the same, except the rules for lifeboats and life rafts, Rule 9, Form 2180, and Rule III, Form 2101, sections 2, 12, and 14, General Rules and Regulations of the Board of Supervising Inspectors. For the information of agents of foreign steam vessels a table is attached hereto showing the number of boats and rafts required for ocean steamers of all tonnage from 100 to 12,500 gross tons.

Inspectors are further informed that where either steam vessels of the United States or foreign steam vessels are, at the date of this circular, fully equipped with boats alone of the full capacity of boats and rafts as determined by the rules of the Board of Supervising Inspectors, as given in the table, they shall be deemed to be in compliance with the rules; but where new outfits are to be supplied the proportionate cubical contents of the boats and rafts must be observed, subject, however, to the following proviso from section 12, Rule III, Rules and Regulations, namely: "That no steamer shall be required to have more

lifeboats than sufficient to carry the passengers she is allowed by her certificate of inspection, together with her officers and crew."

J. G. CARLISLE,

Secretary.

BOATS AND RAFTS REQUIRED ON OCEAN, LAKE, AND SOUND STEAMERS, RULE III, SECTIONS 2, 12, AND 14, FORM 2101, RULES AND REGULATIONS.

Gross tons.	Number of boats.	Capacity of boats, cubic feet.	Number of rafts.	Boatage Capacity of rafts, cubic feet.	Total capacity of boats and rafts, cubic feet.
Steamers between—					
100 and 200	2	360	1	180	540
200 and 300	3	540	1	180	720
300 and 400	4	720	2	360	1,080
400 and 500	5	900	2	360	1,260
500 and 1,000	6	1,080	3	540	1,620
1,000 and 1,500	7	1,260	3	540	1,800
1,500 and 2,000	8	1,440	4	720	2,160
2,000 and 2,500	9	1,620	4	720	2,340
2,500 and 3,000	10	1,800	5	900	2,700
3,000 and 3,500	11	1,980	5	900	2,880
3,500 and 4,000	12	2,160	6	1,080	3,240
4,000 and 5,000	13	2,340	6	1,080	3,420
5,000 and 5,500	14	2,835	7	1,260	4,095
5,500 and 6,000	15	3,330	7	1,260	4,590
6,000 and 6,500	16	3,825	8	1,440	5,265
6,500 and 7,000	17	4,320	8	1,440	5,760
7,000 and 7,500	18	4,815	9	1,620	6,435
7,500 and 8,000	19	5,310	9	1,620	6,930
8,000 and 8,500	20	5,805	10	1,800	7,605
8,500 and 9,000	21	6,300	10	1,800	8,100
9,000 and 9,500	22	6,795	11	1,980	8,775
9,500 and 10,000	23	7,290	11	1,980	9,270
10,000 and 10,500	24	7,785	12	2,160	9,945
10,500 and 11,000	25	8,280	12	2,160	10,440
11,000 and 11,500	26	8,775	13	2,340	11,115
11,500 and 12,000	27	9,270	13	2,340	11,610
12,000 and 12,500	28	9,765	14	2,520	12,285

ADDITIONAL RULES TO GOVERN THE APPRAISEMENT AND CLASSIFICATION OF IMPORTED RAW SUGARS.

1896.
Department Circular No. 119.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., July 14, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The attention of chief officers of customs is hereby called to the following decision of the United States circuit court for the southern district of New York, January 7, 1896, in the trial of the appeal of the United States from the decision of the Board of General Appraisers, July 20, 1895, regarding the classification for duty of certain sugars imported per steamship *Yumuri* by the American Sugar Refining Company:

"This importation is of sugar, entered on the invoice as 'Basis 81°' with a memorandum attached, becoming a part of the invoice, stating it as 'Purchased at $1\frac{1}{4}$ cents per Spanish pound net, basis 81° average, $\frac{1}{32}$ cent per pound to be added for each degree above 81° test, or $\frac{1}{16}$ cent per pound to be deducted for each degree below 81° test, fractional of a degree pro rata.'

"This meant, and was understood at the custom house to mean, a polariscopic test, such as is in use there; and that the price was to vary according to the quality as should be shown by the test agreeably to the memorandum. It tested considerably above 81°, and the appraised value was more than 10 per cent above the price of $1\frac{1}{4}$ cents per pound and much less than that above the price according to the test and the memorandum. The Government claims that this is an undervaluation of more than 10 per cent and that an additional duty should be imposed for it as such under section 7 of the Administrative Customs Act of 1890. Invoices must show the actual cost of goods purchased for importation, which becomes the value declared in the entry, if not raised by the importer, and the additional duty is imposed only in cases of 10 per cent above this value. The act does not require that the actual cost be stated in any sums total, nor prohibit stating it by reference to prices of measurable quantities or qualities, but only that it shall somehow be stated. Now this actual cost, as stated in the body of this invoice, was not $1\frac{1}{4}$ cents per pound in quantity only, but at 81° in quality, as a basis, also. The memorandum added the variation in price by the quality. The price by quality was as ascertainable and as well ascertained as that by quantity; and both together made the actual cost of the purchase, without question as to the correctness of either. This was the entered value below which the collector would have had no right to go if the appraised value had been less; and above which the appraised value must be reckoned to find the 10 per cent. As the appraised value did not reach 10 per cent above this entered value, no liability for any additional duty on that account arose.

"Judgment affirmed."

I.

Appraisement.

The above decision establishes the rule under which appraisements of raw sugars and liquidation of entries covering the same shall hereafter be made.

II.

In conformity with section 10 of the Administrative Act, the appraiser shall ascertain, estimate, and appraise the actual market value and wholesale price of the sugar, at the time of exportation to the

United States, in packed condition, in the principal markets of the country whence the same has been imported.

III.

The appraiser shall also describe the character of the sugar for the information of the collector, and shall report to him the degree of polariscope test actually found by him on appraisement, and the market value of the sugar on such test.

IV.

The regulations as to the sampling and appraisement of sugars are hereby extended to apply to all imported sugars on arrival. In case no entry is made of sugars thus sampled and appraised, careful record shall be kept of all the facts of each case, and the return of the appraisement shall be the basis of liquidation, should entry be made subsequently. Whenever any sugars shall have been entered for transportation to another port, either in bond or otherwise, a report of the facts found on appraisement shall be transmitted to the collector at the port of destination.

V.

The "additional sample" provided for in paragraph 33 of the regulations issued May 13, 1895 (Synopsis 16045), shall, without delay, be marked and kept in safe custody. In the case of sugars of low grade, or those containing sand, additional reserved samples should be kept, so as to provide for additional tests, should the appraiser find them desirable, in order to arrive at an average test by which to determine the true degree of saccharine strength. The appraiser shall informally report to the importer the degree of saccharine strength which he finds on examination of the first sample. Should the importer, within two official days after such notice has been mailed to him by the appraiser, claim an error in the reported test and request a report of test on the reserved samples, such test may be made, and the appraiser's return may then be made according to the result of such second test, and his return shall, in either case, be held to be the date of appraisement, and the test returned by the appraiser shall be held to be the true test, without regard to any other test made by unofficial persons.

VI.

In conformity with the decision of the United States circuit court, above quoted, the dutiable value of imported sugars may be controlled by the stipulations and conditions of purchase, or of value specified in said opinion whenever they shall be duly set forth in the invoice or entry; the court having held that "the price by quality was as ascertainable, and as well ascertained, as that by quantity."

For the purpose of determining whether the additional (penal) duty accrues under section 7, act of June 10, 1890, the entered value shall be adjusted to accord with the specification, as to the test basis of purchase set forth in the invoice or entry; and when the entered value thus adjusted shows that the appraised value does not exceed by more than 10 per cent the entered value thus adjusted, no additional (penal) duty accrues. When the appraised value exceeds the adjusted entered value by more than 10 per cent on the basis above mentioned, the appropriate additional (penal) duty shall be levied—that is to say, penal duties shall not accrue on imported sugars in case the advanced value on liquidation exceeds the entered value by more than 10 per cent, whenever such advanced value above 10 per cent is caused by a difference between the test as reported by the appraiser and the test basis of purchase named in the invoice or entry: *Provided*, That the test basis of invoice valuation shall appear in the invoice or entry, and that the terms of sale shall appear in the invoice or entry of purchased sugars.

VII.

The entered value, when adjusted to the conditions expressed in the invoice or entry, will be the minimum value for duty purposes, "below which the collector would have no right to go" (see court decision), even although the appraised value when similarly adjusted may show a lower value than such entered value.

VIII.

In the liquidation of invoices of sugar, in regard to which no polariscope test is set forth as the basis of value, and no terms of sale appear on the invoice or entry, the computation to establish dutiable value shall be made upon the appraiser's report of market value.

IX.

Whenever the appraiser shall report that, in his opinion, the value of any imported sugars has been advanced over 10 per cent by reason of the higher polariscope test, produced by unusual drainage or evaporation on the voyage of importation, no additional or penal duties shall be exacted, unless the aggregate appraised value of the quantity actually landed shall exceed the aggregate invoice or entered value by more than 10 per cent.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

O

SCHEDULE OF ARTICLES ENTITLED TO DRAWBACK ON EXPORTATION UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 22, ACT OF AUGUST 28, 1894, WITH RULES AND RATES FOR DETERMINING QUANTITIES OF IMPORTED MATERIALS USED IN THE MANUFACTURE OF SUCH ARTICLES, AND FOR ASCERTAINING THE AMOUNT OF DRAWBACK TO BE PAID THEREON.

1896.
Department Circular No. 120.

Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., August 1, 1896.

To Officers of the Customs and others concerned:

Section 22 of the Tariff Act of August 28, 1894, provides:

That where imported materials on which duties have been paid are used in the manufacture of articles manufactured or produced in the United States, there shall be allowed on the exportation of such articles a drawback equal in amount to the duties paid on the materials used, less one per centum of such duties: *Provided*, That when the articles exported are made in part from domestic materials the imported materials, or the parts of the articles made from such materials, shall so appear in the completed articles that the quantity or measure thereof may be ascertained; *And provided further*, That the drawback on any article allowed under existing law shall be continued at the rate herein provided.

That the imported materials used in the manufacture or production of articles entitled to drawback of customs duties when exported shall, in all cases where drawback of duties paid on such materials is claimed, be identified, the quantity of such materials used and the amount of duties paid thereon shall be ascertained, the facts of the manufacture or production of such articles in the United States and their exportation therefrom shall be determined, and the drawback due thereon shall be paid to the manufacturer, producer or exporter, to the agent of either or to the person to whom such manufacturer, producer, exporter, or agent shall in writing order such drawback paid, under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe.

Articles manufactured from materials on which duties were paid under previous tariffs are entitled to a drawback of such duties under the provisions of section 22, act of August 28, 1894, whenever such articles are exported under proper entries.

In case material identified by a manufacturer was imported prior to August 28, 1894, and deposited in bonded warehouse, customs officers will be careful to ascertain the exact date and corresponding rate of duty under which such material was withdrawn for consumption.

Drawback allowance being based on quantities and kinds of the articles exported, customs officers must in all cases use due diligence to ascertain weight, gauge, measure, or count, as the case may require, of all merchandise entered for drawback; and in cases where expert official inspection or analysis is necessary, such officers will be careful to secure samples which will correctly represent the merchandise to be exported.

In some cases articles heretofore listed for drawback do not appear in the following schedule because of changes in tariff rates; in other cases such articles have been dropped because of changes in processes of manufacture, affecting quantities of material used, wastage, etc., and in still other cases rates have become obsolete from disuse.

Articles entitled to drawback so dropped from the schedule will be restored and new rates will be fixed, on application to the Secretary of the Treasury, under article 789, Customs Regulations, 1892.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

Agate ironware, manufactured by the Lalance & Grosjean Manufacturing Company, of Woodhaven, N. Y., from imported sheet iron or steel; allow under Synopsis 9780 and letter July 6, 1892, to collector, New York.

Almondine, manufactured by the Chapman & Smith Company, of Chicago, Ill., from imported albumen and shelled almonds and from sugar refined from imported raw sugar; allow under Synopsis 10450.

Almond paste, manufactured by Henry Heide, of New York City, from imported albumen and almonds and from sugar refined from imported raw sugar; allow under letter November 28, 1885, to collector, New York.

Almonds, sugar-coated. (See Sugar-coated almonds.)

Aluminum bearing. (See Magnolia antifriction metal, etc.)

Ammonia, liquid anhydrous. (See Liquid anhydrous ammonia.)

Ammonia, aqua. (See Aqua ammonia.)

Angora goatskins, prepared for use as "rugs" or "mats" by processes of dressing, tanning, and finishing; allow under Synopsis 15921.

Anhydrous ammonia, liquid. (See Liquid anhydrous ammonia.)

Antifriction metal, Magnolia. (See Magnolia antifriction metal, etc.)

Antipyrine pills. (See Pills.)

Aqua ammonia, manufactured from imported sulphate of ammonia; base allowance on a quantity of material used, to be determined by dividing the percentage of ammonia gas contained in the exported article by the percentage of such gas contained in the imported sulphate, and multiplying the quotient so found by the weight of the exported article as ascertained by a United States weigher. The gross weight, the tare, and the net weight shall be marked by the manufacturer or exporter on each package.

The drawback entry must show the gross and net weights of the exported article and the percentage of ammonia gas contained therein, and the manufacturer's declaration must show the quantity of the imported material used and the percentage of ammonia gas therein, as shown by the certificate of analysis accompanying the import invoice, which certificate, or a sworn copy thereof made by the importers, must be filed with the drawback entry referring to such importation.

Whenever ordered by the collector, samples shall be taken by the inspecting officer and transmitted to the appraiser for verification of the statements of the manufacturer and exporter.

Asphaltum coated steel pipes. (See Steel pipes galvanized, asphaltum and tar coated.)

Atomizers, toilet. (See Toilet atomizers.)

Ayer's cherry pictoral and sarsaparilla, manfactured by the J. C. Ayer Company, of Lowell, Mass., in part from imported alcohol; allow under letter May 28, 1896, to collector, Boston.

Bags, manufactured from imported burlaps or other cloth suitable for bags, and exported either empty or filled; base allowance on quantity of such imported cloth used, to be determined either by weight of the

finished bags and proper allowance for any additions of twine or other material used in process of manufacture, or by measurement of the quantity of cloth appearing in the exported bags.

Band saws and "blanks," manufactured by Joshua Oldham, of New York City, from imported steel plates; allow under Synopsis 15067.

Barbed wire fencing. (See Wire fencing.)

Bar iron, fish-plate bolts, fish plates, railroad spikes, and railway car forgings, manufactured from imported old iron rails or old scrap iron, and *Fish-plate bolts, railroad spikes, and railway car forgings,* manufactured from imported bar iron; allow under Synopsis 15284, as follows:

The quantity of imported material used in the manufacture of fish plates and bar iron shall be determined by adding to the net weight of the exported articles, when made from old iron rails, 17 per cent, and when made from old scrap iron 25 per cent of such weight.

The quantity of bar iron used in the manufacture of railroad spikes, fish-plate bolts with nuts fitted, and miscellaneous railway car forgings shall be determined by adding to the net weight of the exported articles percentages as shown below—railroad spikes, 3 per cent; fish-plate bolts with nuts fitted, 8 per cent; and miscellaneous railway car forgings, 5 per cent, the quantity of imported material used in the manufacture of such bar iron being determined in manner as hereinbefore directed.

The manufacturer's statement on the drawback entry must show separately the weight of each kind of article exported, and the kind and quantity of imported material used in the manufacture of the same; and the weight of the articles as declared in such entry shall be verified by the return of a United States weigher.

The percentages herein prescribed to be added to the net weight of the exported articles to determine the quantity of bar iron used in the manufacture shall apply to such manufactures from imported bar iron, as well as to those manufactured in this country from imported old iron rails or old scrap iron.

Barrel hoops. (See Petroleum barrels.)

Barrel rivets. (See Petroleum barrels.)

Barrels, petroleum. (See Petroleum barrels.)

Barry's Florida water, manufactured by Barclay & Co., of New York City, in part from imported alcohol; allow under Synopsis 17227.

Barry's pain relief, manufactured by Barclay & Co., of New York City, in part from imported alcohol; allow under Synopsis 17227.

Barry's tricopherous, manufactured by Barclay & Co., of New York City, in part from imported alcohol and castor oil; allow under Synopsis 16931 and letter June 23, 1896, to collector, New York.

Bars, cross. (See Cross bars.)

Bars, steel. (See Steel bars.)

Bath and wash tubs, manufactured by the J. L. Mott Iron Works, of New York City, from imported unglazed fire-clay tubs and domestic fittings and attachments; allow under letter January 14, 1891, to collector, New York.

Bedsteads, brass. (See Brass bedsteads.)

Beer, manufactured wholly or in part from imported materials; allow under letters November 28, 1888, and March 26, 1890, to collector, New York.

Before allowance of drawback the brewer of the beer must file with the collector of the port from which exportation is to be made a formula verified by the sworn declarations of both the proprietor and foreman of the brewery showing specifically the materials and the proportions thereof used in brewing the beer to be exported.

The manufacturer's declaration on each drawback entry must show, in addition to the usual averments, that the beer covered by such entry was manufactured from the materials used in proportions as set forth in the formula filed. For verification of manufacturer's declaration on formulas and export entries, samples shall be taken as ordered by the collector for analysis and report by a Government chemist.

The declared quantities of beer exported either in bottles, kegs, or casks shall be verified by reference to bottlers' certificates and other official records of quantity, filed with collectors of internal revenue.

Bicycles, manufactured by the Sterling Cycle Works, of Chicago, Ill., in part from imported steel tubing; allow under Synopsis 15647.

Bicycles and frames, manufactured by Geo. S. McDonald, of New York City, the bicycles being made in part from wheels, handles, frames, and parts of frames imported "in the rough," and the frames being made from parts of frames imported "in the rough" and domestic materials; allow under Synopsis 14430 and letter February 4, 1895, to collector, New York.

Billiard tables, manufactured by the Brunswick-Balke-Collender Company, of New York City, the "coverings of which are made wholly from imported billiard cloth; allow under Synopsis 15913.

Bitters, Ramsay's Trinidad aromatic. (See Ramsay's Trinidad aromatic bitters.)

Blanks, band-saw. (See Band-saw blanks.)

Blanks, tin-can. (See Tin boxes, cans, etc.)

Blasting caps and electric exploders, manufactured in part from imported fulminate of mercury; allow under Synopsis 13465; and on *electric exploders*, manufactured by the Aetna Powder Company, of Indiana in part from imported percussion caps or detonators; allow under Synopsis 13286.

Blast pipes. (See Locomotives.)

Blue vitriol. (See Sulphate of copper.)

Boilers, locomotive. (See Locomotive and steam boilers.)

Boilers, steam. (See Locomotive and steam boilers.)

Boiler tubes. (See Locomotive and steam boilers.)

Bolts, carriage. (See Carriage and tire bolts.)

Bolts, fish-plate. (See Bar iron, fish-plate bolts, etc.)

Bolts, tire. (See Carriage and tire bolts.)

Borine, manufactured by the Borine Medical Company, of New York City, in part from imported alcohol; allow under Synopsis 16788.

Boxes, tin. (See Tin boxes, cans, etc.)

Boxes, wooden. (See Wooden boxes.)

Box shooks, manufactured from imported lumber; base allowance on quantity of imported lumber used, to be determined by adding to the board measure of the shooks $9\frac{6}{10}$ per cent of such measure.

Brakes, vacuum. (See Railway cars.)

Brass bedsteads, manufactured by H. L. Judd & Co., of New York City, in part from imported brass tubing; allow under Synopsis 11474.

Brass boiler tubes. (See Locomotive and steam boilers.)

Buffers, locomotive coupling. (See Locomotives.)

Bullets, manufactured from imported lead, or from imported lead and tin or antimony; base allowance on quantity of imported materials used, to be determined by weight of the exported bullets, together with the declaration of the manufacturer showing quantities and proportions of materials used, which declaration shall be verified by an analysis and report of weight by a Government chemist, of samples taken as ordered by the collector.

Burnett's extracts of lemon, almond, and cochineal, and essence of Jamaica ginger, manufactured by the Joseph Burnett Company, of Boston, Mass., in part from imported alcohol; allow under Synopsis 16151.

Butter, refined. (See Refined butter.)

Cables, electric-lighting. (See Electric-lighting cables.)

Cables, wire. (See Wire rope.)

Cables, wire and hemp. (See Wire rope.)

Cake, oil. (See Linseed oil cake.)

Cameras, photographic. (See Photographic cameras.)

Candy. (See Confectionery.)

Cans, tin. (See Tin boxes, cans, etc.)

Caps, blasting. (See Blasting caps and electric exploders.)

Caps, tin. (See Petroleum cans and parts.)

Car bodies. (See Railway cars.)

Car brakes. (See Railway cars.)

Car drawbars. (See Railway cars.)

Car forgings. (See Bar iron, fish-plate bolts, etc.)

Car gas equipments. (See Railway cars.)

Carpet sweepers, manufactured by the Bissell Carpet Sweeping Company, of Grand Rapids, Mich., in part from imported tin plate; allow under Synopsis 13831.

Carriage and tire bolts, manufactured by Townsend, Wilson & Hubbard Bolt Company, and by A. M. Hayden, all of Philadelphia, Pa.; allow under letter of October 1, 1891, to collector, New York, and Synopsis 13471, respectively.

Carriage bolts. (See Carriage and tire bolts.)

Carriages and wagons, manufactured by J. B. Brewster & Co., of New York City, linings, trimmings, and cushion covers being made wholly from imported cloth; allow under Synopsis 12603.

Cars, horse. (See Railway cars.)

Cars, railway. (See Railway cars.)

Cartridges, "loaded" with bullets manufactured from imported lead, or from imported lead and tin or antimony; allow as on "Bullets," which see.

Cartridges, shot. (See Shot cartridges.)

Car ventilators. (See Railway cars.)

Car wheels. (See Locomotive and railway car wheels.)

Car windows. (See Railway cars.)

Cases, packing. (See Wooden boxes.)

Cases, petroleum. (See Wooden boxes.)

Castor oil and castor pomace, manufactured wholly from imported castor beans or seeds; allow duty paid on 20½ pounds of the imported beans or seeds used for each gallon of oil exported, and duty paid on 13 pounds of such beans or seed for each 100 pounds of pomace exported, quantities to be determined by gauge or weight, as ordered by the collector.

Ceiling. (See Dressed lumber.)

Celery rock and rye cordial or celery tonic, manufactured by the Cook & Bernheimer Company, of New York City, in part from imported alcohol; allow under letter September 18, 1895, to collector, New York.

Celery tonic. (See Celery rock and rye cordial, etc.)

Centers, locomotive and railway car wheel. (See Locomotive and railway car wheels.)

Chairs, manufactured by Hale & Co., of New York City, from domestic wood and imported chair cane; allow under Synopsis 11783; and

on those manufactured by B. Souto, of New York City, from parts imported "in the rough," allow under Synopsis 15045.

Channel bars and fastenings, manufactured from imported materials; allow as on portable railway sections.

Cherry pectoral, Ayer's. (See Ayer's cherry pectoral and sarsaparilla.)

China goatskins, prepared by process of cleaning, dyeing, and resewing imported tanned China goatskins; base allowance on number of skins used equal to number exported.

Chocolate, sweetened. (See Sweetened chocolate.)

Cigarettes, manufactured by the American Tobacco Company, of New York City, and by Cameron & Cameron, of Richmond, Va., wrapped wholly with imported cigarette paper; allow under Synopsis 11103 and letter August 28, 1891, respectively.

Cleaned rice, manufactured wholly from imported uncleaned rice; base allowance on quantity of the imported rice used, to be determined by adding to the weight of the exported article ascertained by a United States weigher, 10 per centum of such weight.

Clocks, manufactured by the Ansonia Clock Company, of New York City, in part from imported porcelain and onyx cases, porcelain and zinc dials, and imported glass; allow under Synopsis 16675; if manufactured by the Seth Thomas Clock Company, of Thomastown, Conn., in part from imported glass, allow under Synopsis 14113; and if manufactured by the E. Ingraham Clock Company, of Bristol, Conn., in part from imported glass, allow under Synopsis 14256 and letter January 4, 1894, to collector, New York.

Clock-spring material, manufactured by R. H. Wolff & Co., limited, of New York City, from imported steel-wire rods; allow under Synopsis 14796.

Clock springs, manufactured by R. H. Wolff & Co., limited, of New York City, from imported steel-wire rods; allow under Synopsis 14474.

Clothed iron flats (parts of carding machines), manufactured by E. A. Leigh & Co., of Boston, Mass., wholly from imported "flats, card clothing and clips;" allow under Synopsis 16068.

Clothing, waterproof. (See Waterproof clothing.)

Cloths, printed and finished. (See Printed and finished cloths.)

Cocoanut, desiccated. (See Desiccated cocoanut.)

Cod-liver oil, Scott's emulsion of. (See Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil.)

Cologne water. (See Toilet waters, etc.)

Colors, dry. (See Dry colors.)

Composition metal, manufactured by the Burnham Smelting and Refining Company, of Bridgeport, Conn., in part from imported old and scrap copper; allow under Synopsis 13280.

Compound, lard. (See Lard compound.)

Condensed milk, manufactured in part from imported refined sugar, or sugar refined from imported raw sugar; base allowance on quantity of such materials used, provided that no domestic sugar has been used in the manufacture of the article.

The entry under which the merchandise is to be inspected and laden must show the number and description of the cans contained in each shipping package, and the manufacturer's declaration on the drawback entry must show the weight of the condensed milk in each variety of can, and the kind and quantity or percentage of sugar used in the manufacture of the exported article, which declarations shall be verified by official weight and analysis of samples taken as ordered by the collector.

Where sugar refined from imported raw sugar is used, drawback shall be allowed as on the refined sugar if exported separately.

Confectionery, manufactured wholly or in part from imported refined sugar, or sugar refined from imported raw sugar; base allowance on quantity of such material used, provided that no domestic sugar has been used in the manufacture of the article.

The entry under which the merchandise is to be inspected and laden, must show separately the kinds and quantities of the varieties of confectionery contained in each shipping package; and the manufacturer's declaration on the drawback entry must show the kind and quantity or percentage of refined sugar used in each variety of confectionery exported. Declarations of manufacturers and exporters shall be verified by official analysis of samples taken as ordered by the collector, and by weights ascertained by a United States weigher.

Before liquidation of entries for drawback on confectionery, a sworn statement of the manufacturer, showing formula and processes of manufacture of each kind on which drawback is claimed, must be filed with the collector, and verified by official inspection of methods of manufacture and official analysis of samples.

The manufacturer's declaration on the drawback entry must show that the articles covered thereby were made as set forth in such statement.

Where the exported confectionery was made from sugar refined from imported raw sugar, drawback shall be allowed as on the refined sugar used, if exported as sugar.

Connecting rods, manufactured by the Abner Doble Company, of San Francisco, Cal., wholly from imported iron bars; allow under Synopsis 15944.

Copper boiler tubes. (See Locomotive and steam boilers.)

Copper plates for locomotives. (See Locomotives.)

Copper plates, perforated. (See Perforated copper plates.)

Copper, refined. (See Refined copper.)

Copper, sulphate of. (See Sulphate of copper.)

Cornets, manufactured in part from imported valves; base allowance on number and kind of such valves used, which must be described in the manufacturer's declaration on the drawback entry as they were described on the invoice under which they were imported.

Before lading for exportation the valves appearing in the cornets must be identified with the imported valves described in the manufacturer's declaration by expert official inspection.

Corrugated and galvanized iron roofing. (See Iron roofing.)

Corrugated and painted iron roofing. (See Iron roofing.)

Corsets, manufactured by Roth & Goldsmith, of South Norwalk, Conn., in part from imported materials; allow under Synopsis 11742.

Cotton gin saws, manufactured by J. F. Turner's Sons, of Sing Sing, N. Y., from imported steel plates; allow under letter January 3, 1891, to collector, New York; and on such saws manufactured by the Eagle Cotton Gin Company, of Bridgewater, Mass., from imported steel plates, allow under Synopsis 12402.

Coupling buffers. (See Locomotives.)

Crank pins. (See Locomotives.)

Creosoted lumber, manufactured by the Carolina Oil and Creosote Company, in part from imported dead oil of coal tar; allow under Synopsis 13283.

Cross bars, manufactured from imported material; allow as on portable railway sections.

Crystal fashion plates, manufactured by the Crystal Fashion Plate Company, of New York City, in part from imported sheet celluloid; allow under Synopsis 16924.

Crystallized tin plates, manufactured from imported tin plates; base allowance on quantity of material used equal to the quantity of the exported plates, to be determined by either weight or measurement and inspection of such exported articles.

Cups, tin. (See Tin boxes, cans, etc.)

Cuspidors, tin. (See Tin boxes, cans, etc.)

Decorated lamp shades, manufactured by Clark Brothers' Lamp, Brass, and Copper Company, of Trenton, N. J., from imported plain porcelain shades, and by Trenton Lamp Company, of Trenton, N. J., from imported plain glass shades; allow under Synopses 13479 and 14340, respectively.

Decorated tin plates, manufactured from plain tin plates; base allowance on quantity of the plain plates used equal to the quantity of such material in the exported plates, to be determined by weight or measurement and inspection of the finished plates, proper allowance being made for addition to such weight in process of manufacture.

Degreased sheepskins, manufactured by the United States and Canada Degreasing Company, of Brooklyn, N. Y., from imported skins; allow under Synopsis 16235.

Desiccated cocoanut, manufactured by L. Schepp & Co., of New York City, wholly from imported cocoanuts and refined granulated sugar, used in condition as imported, or refined from imported raw sugar; allow under Synopsis 16780.

Doors and moldings, manufactured from imported lumber; base allowance on quantity of lumber used, to be determined by "board measurement" of parts of doors and of finished moldings.

Drawbars, car. (See Railway cars.)

Dress binding, velveteen. (See Velveteen dress binding, etc.)

Dressed lumber, manufactured from imported rough lumber, if planed on two sides, or on one side and both edges; base allowance on quantity of rough lumber used, to be determined by "board measurement" of the exported dressed lumber.

Dress shields, manufactured by the I. B. Kleinert Rubber Company, of New York City, in part from imported cotton galloon binding and piece silk; allow under letter January 15, 1896, to collector, New York.

Drills, steel. (See Steel drills.)

Dry colors, manufactured by Pfeiffer & Lavanburg, of New York City, in part from imported quicksilver, orange mineral or red lead, and by the F. W. Devoe and C. T. Raynolds Company, of New York City, in part from imported quicksilver; allow under Synopses 11770 and 14010, respectively.

Dry plates, photographic. (See Photographic dry plates.)

Dyed silks. (See Silks, printed and dyed.)

Dynamite and other explosives, in the manufacture of which all the glycerin used was imported; base allowance on a quantity of glycerin so used, to be determined by allowing $46\frac{2}{10}$ pounds of the same for each 100 pounds of nitroglycerin contained in the exported articles.

The drawback entry must show the number and size of cartridges and other packages contained in each shipping case, the trade names or marks by which the several forms and grades of the explosives are designated, the quantity of each kind and grade, and the percentage of nitroglycerin contained in each grade, respectively.

The weights of the several kinds of uniform packages shown by the drawback entry shall be tested by a United States weigher when ordered by the collector, and on order of the collector, samples shall be taken

for analysis and verification of the statements contained in the entry as to the percentage of nitroglycerin contained in the several kinds and grades of the exported article.

The samples shall be taken by an officer specially designated by the collector for that purpose, who shall take the same under instructions from the Government chemist by whom such samples are to be analyzed, as to manner of taking the same and the quantities to be taken. Before the liquidation of any such drawback entry, there must be filed with the collector at the port of exportation, a sworn formula or statement by the proprietor and foreman of the factory where the explosives were made, showing the percentages of nitroglycerin used in the manufacture of the several brands or grades of explosives made in such factory for exportation, and no drawback shall be allowed on any excess over the quantity shown in the manufacturer's formula so filed, without special instructions from the Department.

When the glycerin used has been refined from imported crude glycerin, the quantity of crude glycerin so used shall be determined by adding to the allowance of $46\frac{2}{10}$ pounds of glycerin for each 100 pounds of nitroglycerin contained in the exported article, 22 per cent of such allowance.

Electric exploders. (See Blasting caps and electric exploders.)

Electric-lighting cables, manufactured by the Norwich Insulating Wire Company, of Brooklyn, N. Y., in part from imported lead; allow under Synopsis 11513.

Electric-light switches, manufactured by the Star Electric Company, of Philadelphia, Pa., in part from imported china ware; allow under Synopsis 12409.

Embossed leather, manufactured from imported plain leather; base allowance on a quantity of the imported material equal to the quantity of the exported article.

Embossed sheet iron. (See Painted and embossed sheet iron.)

Embossed tin plates, manufactured from imported tin plates, base allowance on a quantity of the material used, to be determined by either weight or measurement and inspection of the exported plates.

Embroidered silk handkerchiefs, manufactured from imported plain silk handkerchiefs, by embroidering thereon letters, monograms, or other ornamental designs; base allowance on number of plain handkerchiefs used equal to number of embroidered handkerchiefs exported.

The entry under which the merchandise is to be inspected and laden must show the number and size of each kind of embroidered handkerchief in each box or package and the number of such packages in each shipping case to be exported. The manufacturer's statement on the drawback entry must describe the plain handkerchiefs as they are described in the invoice under which they were imported.

When ordered by the collector, the inspecting officer shall take samples of the manufactured articles, to be submitted to the appraiser for verification of the manufacturer's statement as to the kind and quality of the imported plain handkerchiefs used.

Essence of Jamaica ginger, Burnett's. (See Burnett's extracts, etc.)

Exploders, electric. (See Blasting caps and electric exploders.)

Explosives, dynamite and other. (See Dynamite and other explosives.)

Extract of witchhazel, fluid. (See Fluid extract of witchhazel.)

Extracts, fluid. (See Fluid extracts.)

Extracts of lemon, almond, and cochineal, Burnett's. (See Burnett's extracts, etc.)

Eyeglasses. (See Lenses, spectacles, and eyeglasses.)

Fashion plates, crystal. (See Crystal fashion plates.)

Fellows' compound syrup of hypophosphites, manufactured by the Fellows Medical Manufacturing Company, of New York City, in part from imported glycerin and sugar; allow under Synopses 16741 and 17197.

Felt, hammer. (See Hammer felt.)

Fencing, barbed-wire. (See Wire fencing.)

Fencing, galvanized. (See Wire fencing.)

Fencing, wire. (See Wire fencing.)

Ferrotype plates, manufactured in part from imported taggers iron; base allowance on quantity of imported iron used appearing in the exported article.

The entry under which the plates are to be inspected and laden must show, separately, the number and dimensions of each variety of plate exported, and the manufacturer's declaration must show the number, dimensions, gauge, and net weight of the imported plates used.

When ordered by the collector, samples shall be taken by the inspecting officer and submitted to the appraiser, who shall report the gauge of the plate appearing in the finished article.

The superficial quantity of the exported ferrotype plates shall be determined by the count and measurement of such plates, as certified by the inspecting officer, and the weight of the imported taggers iron used shall be determined by ascertaining from the import entry the weight of a like superficial quantity of the material identified.

Filters. (See Pasteur's germ-proof filters.)

Finch gas equipments. (See Railway cars.)

Finished split leather, manufactured by J. C. Crane & Co., of Boston, Mass., from imported rough leather or dressing hides; allow under Synopsis 10610.

Fish nets, manufactured wholly from imported thread; base allowance on quantity of thread used, to be determined by adding to the net weight of the exported nets 2 per cent of such weight.

The entry under which the nets are to be inspected and laden must show the gross and net weight, the number of meshes from top to bottom, and the size of the meshes, and describe the thread used as it is described in the invoice under which it was imported. Declared weights shall be verified by a United States weigher.

Fish-plate bolts. (See Bar iron, fish-plate bolts, etc.)

Fish plates. (See Bar iron, fish-plate bolts, etc.)

Fish preserver, manufactured by Johnson & Shaw, of Boston, Mass., from imported boracic acid and domestic salt; allow under Synopsis 14207.

Flats, clothed iron. (See Clothed iron flats.)

Floor tiles, marble. (See Marble floor tiles, etc.)

Florida water. (See Toilet waters, etc.)

Florida water, Barry's. (See Barry's Florida water.)

Flour bags. (See Bags.)

Fluid extract of witchhazel, manufactured by W. Burton & Co., of New York City, in part from imported alcohol; allow under Synopsis 17211.

Fluid extracts, manufactured by Parke Davis & Co., of Detroit, Mich., in the manufacture of which no other than imported alcohol was used; allow under Synopsis 14977.

Forgings, railway car. (See Bar iron, fish-plate bolts, etc.)

Frames, bicycle. (See Bicycles and frames.)

Furs, imitation seal. (See Imitation seal furs.)

Galvanized fencing. (See Wire fencing.)

Galvanized-iron gutters. (See Iron roofing.)

Galvanized-iron roofing. (See Iron roofing.)

Galvanized-steel pipes. (See Steel pipes, galvanized or asphaltum and tar coated.)

Galvanized wire. (See Wire, round, plain, or galvanized.)

Gas equipments, Finch. (See Railway cars.)

Germ-proof filters. (See Pasteur's germ-proof filters.)

Glass, ornamental plate. (See Ornamental plate glass.)

Glasses, mirror. (See Mirror glasses.)

Glass signs, manufactured by Herrlein & Co., of New York City, from imported glass, by processes of embossing, gilding, and painting; allow under letter May 7, 1896, to collector, New York.

Gloves, leather. (See Leather gloves.)

Glue sizing, manufactured from glue imported in lumps; base allowance on quantity of material used equal to weight of exported article, to be ascertained by a United States weigher.

Glycerin, refined. (See Refined glycerin.)

Goatskins, China. (See China goatskins.)

Gold-dust washing powder, manufactured by the W. J. Wilcox Lard and Refining Company, of New York City, in part from "cotton seed oil foots" and imported soda ash; allow under Synopsis 15758.

Gold paint, manufactured by A. Sartorius & Co., of New York City, in part from imported bronze powder; allow under Synopsis 11482.

Grain bags. (See Bags.)

Gutters, galvanized-iron. (See Iron roofing.)

Hammer felt, manufactured by Alfred Dolge, of New York City, wholly from imported wools; allow under Synopses 7702 and 17232.

Hammers, piano. (See Piano hammers.)

Handkerchiefs, embroidered silk. (See Embroidered silk handerchiefs.)

Handles, tin. (See Petroleum cans and parts.)

Hay knives, manufactured by the Hiram Holt Company, of East Wilton, Me., in part from imported iron; allow under Synopsis 11793.

Hoops, barrel. (See Petroleum barrels.)

Horse cars. (See Railway cars.)

House-furnishing goods, tin. (See Tin boxes, cans, etc.)

Imitation seal furs, manufactured by the North American Electric, Seal Unhairing Company, of New York City, from imported, dressed, dyed, and sheared rabbit skins; allow under Synopsis 15084.

Insulator, micanite. (See Micanite insulator.)

Iron, bar. (See Bar iron, fish-plate bolts, etc.)

Iron roofing:

Corrugated and galvanized roofing, manufactured from imported sheet iron and spelter; base allowance on quantity of materials used. Manufacturer's declaration on the drawback entry must show gauge, size, and number of sheets of iron used; also the weight of the same and the quantity of spelter added in process of galvanizing. Such declarations shall be verified by expert official examination of samples, to be taken as ordered by the collector. Quantities of materials used shall be determined by reference to such verified statements and the weight of the exported article, as ascertained by a United States weigher.

Corrugated and painted roofing, manufactured from imported sheet iron and domestic paint; base allowance on quantity of such sheet iron used, to be determined by deducting from the weight of the exported article, as determined by a United States weigher, not less than 4 per cent of such weight. Samples shall be taken, as ordered by the collector, for expert official examination, to determine if deduction should be made in excess of 4 per cent.

Iron roofing—Continued.

Corrugated gutters, leaders, ridging, sheets, and tiles, manufactured by the Mosely Iron Bridge and Roof Company, of Jersey City, N. J., from imported galvanized-iron sheets; allow under letter September 2, 1893, to collector, New York.

Ironware, agate. (See Agate ironware.)

Jewelry, manufactured in part from imported precious stones, requiring expert examination for purposes of "inspection" and "identification," no general regulation can be prescribed.

On application to the Secretary of the Treasury, relative to inspection, custody; and lading of the articles to be exported, special instructions will be issued in each case.

Kettles, patent cooking. (See Patent cooking kettles.)

Key chains, nickel-plated. (See Nickel-plated key chains.)

Knives, hay. (See Hay knives.)

Labels. (See Signs, labels, and show cards.)

Lamp shades, decorated. (See Decorated lamp shades.)

Lanterns, tin. (See Tin boxes, cans, etc.)

Lard compound, manufactured from imported oleostearin and domestic cotton seed oil, or from imported oleostearin and domestic cotton seed oil and lard; base allowance on quantity of such oleostearin used, to be determined under the following instructions:

Before allowance of drawback, the exporter must file with the collector of customs at the port from which the exportation is to be made, a sworn statement made by the manufacturer, showing the place, processes, and conditions of manufacture, and mode of packing for export, and also the formula, showing the materials and the proportions thereof entering into the manufacture of the compound, which statement shall be verified by the collector.

The collector with whom such manufacturer's statement was first filed shall furnish certified copies thereof on request of collectors at other ports from which exportations are made.

The entry for inspection and lading must show, separately, marks, numbers, and gross and net weights of packages, or must be accompanied by a certified invoice giving such particulars. Weights must be marked on packages and verified by a United States weigher by test of packages designated by the collector.

The quantity or percentage of oleostearin in the exported article must be shown by the manufacturer's declaration on the drawback entry, which declaration must be verified by official expert analysis of samples taken by the inspecting officer as ordered by the collector.

Quantity of oleostearin which may be taken as basis of liquidation shall in no case exceed quantity shown by formula filed, manufacturer's declaration on entry, or that found by official analysis. Manufacturer's declaration on entry must show that the exported article was made in accordance with sworn formula filed with collector.

Leaded black plates. (See Tin and terne plates.)

Lead, pig. (See Pig lead.)

Leaders, iron. (See Iron roofing.)

Lead pipe, manufactured wholly from imported lead; base allowance on quantity of imported lead used, equal to weight of the exported article, to be ascertained by a United States weigher.

Lead, red. (See Litharge and red lead.)

Lead seals, manufactured wholly from imported lead; base allowance on quantity of imported lead used, equal to weight of exported articles, to be ascertained by a United States weigher.

Lead, sheet. (See Sheet lead.)

Lead, white. (See White lead.)

Lead wire, manufactured wholly from imported lead; base allowance on quantity of imported lead used, equal to weight of exported article, to be ascertained by a United States weigher.

Leather, embossed. (See Embossed leather.)

Leather gloves, manufactured by Foster, Paul & Co., of New York City, from partly made imported gloves and the manufacturers' patent domestic fasteners; allow under letter July 24, 1894, to collector, New York, and Synopsis 15915.

Leather, sole. (See Sole leather.)

Leather, split. (See Finished split leather.)

Lenses, spectacles and eyeglasses, manufactured by T. A. Wilson & Co., of Reading, Pa., from imported lenses; allow under letter March 4, 1891, to collector, Philadelphia.

Linen netting, manufactured by H. & G. W. Lord, of Boston, Mass., wholly from imported linen gilling twine; allow under Synopsis 12267.

Linoleum, manufactured on an imported burlap "foundation;" base allowance on quantity of burlaps so used, equal to surface measurement of the exported article.

Linseed oil and linseed oil cake, the oil being expressed from seed imported under the tariff act of August 28, 1894, and the oil cake being composed of the solid substance of such seed, the refuse matter in the seed and a small percentage of oil not recoverable, the parts of the seed and the refuse being separated by the processes of crushing, steaming, and pressing; base allowance on quantities and values of materials used in the manufacture of the respective products, to be ascertained under the following instructions:

The manufacturer's and exporter's declarations on the drawback entry shall show the cost of the seed used per bushel of 56 pounds, and the wholesale market values of the oil per gallon of 7½ pounds, and of the oil cake per ton of 2,000 pounds, at the place of manufacture at the time of exportation; which declared cost and values shall be verified by the collector with whom the entry is lodged.

Nineteen and ninety-one hundredths pounds (2.654 gallons) of oil and 35.87 pounds of oil cake being the ascertained average product of 1 bushel (56 pounds) seed, such quantities, together with the cost and values above specified, shall be used as indicated in the following proportions, for the purpose of fixing the rate of drawback on each kind of product.

First, from the declared and verified values of oil and cake products and from the known quantities above noted, find the values of such products from 56 pounds seed.

To find rate of drawback on oil, per gallon, say—

$$\left.\begin{array}{c}\text{Value of oil and}\\ \text{cake from 56}\\ \text{pounds seed.}\end{array}\right\} : \left\{\begin{array}{c}\text{Value of oil from}\\ \text{56 pounds seed.}\end{array}\right\} :: \left\{\begin{array}{c}\text{Value of 56}\\ \text{pounds seed.}\end{array}\right\} : \left\{\begin{array}{c}\text{Value of material}\\ \text{for oil in 56}\\ \text{pounds seed.}\end{array}\right.$$

and

$$\left.\begin{array}{c}\text{Value of 56}\\ \text{pounds seed.}\end{array}\right\} : \left\{\begin{array}{c}\text{Value of material}\\ \text{for oil in 56}\\ \text{pounds seed.}\end{array}\right\} :: \left\{\begin{array}{c}\text{Duty on 56 pounds}\\ \text{seed (20 cents).}\end{array}\right\} : \left\{\begin{array}{c}\text{Duty on material}\\ \text{for oil in 56}\\ \text{pounds seed.}\end{array}\right.$$

Then

$$\left.\begin{array}{c}\text{Duty on material for}\\ \text{oil in 56 pounds seed,}\\ \text{divided by 2.654.}\end{array}\right\} = \left\{\begin{array}{c}\text{Duty paid on material}\\ \text{for one gallon oil.}\end{array}\right\} = \left\{\begin{array}{c}\text{Rate of drawback}\\ \text{per gallon.}\end{array}\right.$$

To find rate of drawback on oil cake per 100 pounds, say—

Value of oil and cake from 56 pounds seed.	:	Value of cake from 56 pounds seed.	: :	Value of 56 pounds seed.	:	Value of material for cake in 56 pounds seed.

And

Value of 56 pounds seed.	:	Value of material for cake in 56 pounds seed.	: :	Duty on 56 pounds seed (20 cents).	:	Duty on material for cake in 56 pounds seed.

Then

35.87 pounds.	:	100 pounds.	: :	Duty on material for 35.87 pounds of oil cake.	:	Rate of drawback on 100 pounds of oil cake.

In case the dutiable quantity of imported seed used was ascertained on liquidation of the import entry, by deducting from the weight of the seed in condition as imported, an allowance for "draff" on account of dirt or other refuse matter therein, the rate of duty paid on such seed per bushel of 56 pounds may be determined by deducting from the tariff rate of 20 cents per bushel a percentage thereof corresponding to the percentage of weight allowance for draff; and the rates of allowance of drawback on the oil and oil cake products of such seed used without previous winnowing or cleaning may be found by substituting and using the duty rate found by such deduction (per bushel of 56 pounds) in place of the 20-cent duty rate used in the foregoing proportions and formulas.

Samples shall be taken as ordered by the collector, and quantities shall be ascertained by official weighing or gauging, as the case may require.

When such oil is weighed, the number of gallons shall be determined by allowing 7½ pounds of oil per gallon.

Liquid anhydrous ammonia, manufactured wholly from imported sulphate of ammonia; base allowance on quantity of such material used, to be determined by allowing 4 pounds of sulphate of ammonia for each pound of the exported article.

Litharge and red lead, manufactured from imported lead; base allowance on quantity of such material used. The entry under which the merchandise is to be inspected and laden must show, separately, the number and the gross and net weights of each of the various sizes or packages in which the articles are, respectively, packed for shipment; and the manufacturer's declaration on the drawback entry must show the quantities and percentages of metallic lead contained in the exported articles, which declaration shall be verified by the report of a United States weigher, and by analysis to be made by a Government chemist, of samples taken by the inspecting officer, as ordered by the collector.

Lithographic tin plates, manufactured by S. A. Illsley & Co., of Brooklyn, N. Y., from imported tin plates; allow under Synopsis 9782.

Locomotive and other steam boilers, manufactured wholly or in part from imported boiler plates, brass and copper boiler tubes, etc.; base allowance on quantities of imported materials used, under the following instructions:

The drawback entry under which the boilers are to be inspected and laden must show the kind and description of boiler, giving dimensions of the same; also the number, size, shape, and gauge of the various parts made from imported materials on which drawback of duties is claimed. Such entry must be accompanied by a draft or diagram of the boiler, illustrating the description given in the entry by showing the measure-

ments, number, and relative position of the different parts named in the entry, which description and measurements shall be verified by the inspecting officer.

The manufacturer's declaration shall show the quantity and kind of imported material used, describing the same by giving dimensions, gauge, and weight of plates and other parts in condition as imported, and indicating the parts of the completed boiler in which the same appear.

Such declaration shall also show, separately, the quantities and values of the different kinds of resultant scrap, and the value at the factory of the different kinds of imported material used in the manufacture.

In case it shall be found on liquidation of the drawback entry that the weights of the different materials identified are not separately shown in the entry under which the same were imported, reference may be had for verification of the manufacturer's statements to standard tables and rules for determining by measurement the weights of different kinds of boiler materials, which may be found in "Haswell's Engineers' and Mechanics' Pocket Book."

Locomotive and railway car wheels, manufactured wholly or in part from imported tires, centers, retaining bolts and retaining rings, and such imported wheels fitted and permanently attached to domestic axles; base allowance on quantity of imported materials used, under the following instructions:

The entry under which such wheels are to be inspected and laden must show, separately, the kinds of wheels, the dimensions of the same, and the dimensions and weights of the several parts on which drawback allowance must be made. The dimensions of tires given must include inside diameter, width on inside face, and thickness on "tread," and the given dimensions of centers must include outside diameter of rim, width of rim on face, and diameter and length of axle bore.

The entry must be accompanied by drawings of the wheels and parts, or refer to such drawings on file with the collector of the port from which exportation is to be made, illustrating the description given in such entry by showing the measurements of the wheels and parts, which description and measurements shall be verified by the inspecting officers. When practicable the weights given in the entry of the several parts of the wheels shall be verified by a United States weigher.

The manufacturer's declaration on the drawback entry must show, separately, the kinds, dimensions, and weights of the imported materials used in the manufacture of the wheels, describing the material for each part of the finished wheel as the same was described in the invoice under which it was imported and in the drawing accompanying such invoice or referred to therein. Such declarations shall also show, separately, the quantities and values of the different kinds of resultant scrap or "waste," and the values at the factory of the respective kinds of imported material from which such "waste" is produced.

In determining the weight of imported material which shall be made the basis of allowance of drawback on the finished article, the weight of the material in condition as imported shall be reduced by a number of pounds equal in value to the value of the "waste" resulting from manufacture, according to the values of material and waste shown in the manufacturer's declaration.

Locomotive coupling buffers. (See Locomotives.)

Locomotives, manufactured in part from imported materials; base

allowance on quantities of imported materials so used, under the following instructions:

Blast pipes, Copper plates, Coupling buffers, and Crank pins, in locomotives built by the Baldwin Locomotive Works, of Philadelphia, Pa., allow under Synopses 11168, 16878, and 11472, and letter July 15, 1896, to collector, New York, respectively.

Boilers. (See Locomotive and other steam boilers.)

Wheels. (See Locomotive and railway car wheels.)

Lubricating oils, manufactured wholly from imported rape-seed oil and the products of domestic petroleum; base allowance on quantity of the imported rape seed oil used, to be determined as follows:

The entry under which the merchandise is to be inspected and laden must show, separately, the number and kind of shipping packages, and the quantity and quality or kind of the manufactured article contained in each package.

In case the exported article is made under a standard formula the manufacturer must file with the collector, prior to the liquidation of the drawback entry, a sworn statement showing such formula, and the mode of manufacture and packing for shipment, and in all other cases the special formula of manufacture, together with a description of the mode of manufacture and packing, must accompany the drawback entry.

The drawback entry must show, separately, the quantity and quality or kind of the manufactured article contained in each package, and in the entire shipment; and the manufacturer's declaration on such entry must show the percentages and quantities of rape-seed oil appearing in each kind or quality, respectively.

Such declaration must further show, in addition to the usual averments, that the exported oils were manufactured and packed for shipment in manner as set forth in standard formulas and statements filed with the collector, referring thereto by date, or in special formulas and statements accompanying the drawback entry.

Samples shall be taken, as ordered by the collector, to be submitted to the appraiser for report of the percentage of rape-seed oil appearing therein.

In liquidating entries the quantity of rape-seed oil on which allowance of drawback may be based, shall be determined for each kind or quality of oil by use of the minimum quantity and percentage relating to each such kind or quality, respectively, as shown by the manufacturer's sworn formula and statement, the declaration on the drawback entry, or by the appraiser's report of percentages and a United States gauger's report of quantities.

Lumber, creosoted. (See Creosoted lumber.)

Lumber, dressed. (See Dressed lumber.)

Magnolia antifriction metal, and other antifriction metals known as *Aluminum bearing* and "*No. 1 metal,*" manufactured by the Magnolia Antifriction Metal Company, of New York City, from imported lead, tin, and antimony, and "*Mystic*" and "*Pyramid*" *metals,* from lead and antimony; allow under Synopses 12772, 14901, and letters March 22, 1894, and August 15, 1894, to collector, New York.

Maltine and cod-liver oil, Maltine with coca wine, and Plain maltine, manufactured by the Maltine Manufacturing Company, of New York City, in part from imported alcohol, glycerine, and cod-liver oil; allow under letter July 30, 1896, to collector, New York.

Malt, screened. (See Screened malt.)

Marble floor tiles, posts, risers, slabs, tombstones, and treads, manufactured from marble imported in blocks rough, or squared; base allowance on quantity of imported material used, equal to quantity determined by measurements of exported articles.

Mattress fabric, woven-wire. (See Wooven-wire mattress fabric.)

Metal, aluminum bearing. (See Magnolia antifriction metal, etc.)

Metal, composition. (See Composition metal.)

Metal, magnolia antifriction. (See Magnolia antifriction metal, etc.)

Metal, "Mystic," "No. 1," and "Pyramid." (See Magnolia antifriction metal, etc.)

Metal shingles, manufactured by Marchant & Co., Incorporated, of Philadelphia, Pa., from imported tin plates and black plates; allow under Synopsis 16161.

Metal, white. (See White metal.)

Micanite insulator, manufactured by the Mica Insulator Company, of Schenectady, N. Y., from shellac and imported mica; allow under Synopsis 14573.

Milk, condensed. (See Condensed milk.)

Mirror glasses, manufactured from imported plate glass by the processes of cutting, beveling, and polishing, either with or without the addition of "silver coating;" base allowance on quantity of material used, to be determined by count and measurement of the exported articles. The entry must show, separately, the number and dimensions of each size and variety of mirror glass exported.

Mixed paints, manufactured in part from imported linseed oil; base allowance on quantity of imported oil used, under the following instructions:

The manufacturer's declaration on the drawback entry must show, separately, the quantity of oil used in the manufacture of each kind and quality of paint. Samples shall be taken by the inspecting officer as ordered by the collector, and submitted to a Government chemist for analysis and determination of the percentages "by weight" of oil contained therein. The quantity of oil used shall be determined by reference to such chemist's reports, and weights of the exported articles returned by a United States weigher, which quantity shall be reduced to gallons on the basis of 7½ pounds for each gallon of oil.

Moldings. (See Doors and moldings.)

"Mystic" metal. (See Magnolia antifriction metal, etc.)

Nails, steel wire. (See Steel wire nails.)

Nets, fish. (See Fish nets.)

Netting, linen. (See Linen netting.)

Nickel-plated key chains, manufactured by the Lane Manufacturing Company, of Waterbury, Conn., from nickel and imported polished steel chains, by the process of nickel plating; allow under Synopsis 14343.

"No. 1" Metal. (See Magnolia antifriction metal, etc.)

Nozzles for petroleum cans, tin. (See Petroleum cans and parts.)

Nuts for bolts. (See Fish plate bolts, and Carriage and tire bolts.)

Oil cake, linseed. (See Linseed-oil cake.)

Oil, castor. (See Castor oil.)

Oil cloths, manufactured in part from imported burlaps or oilcloth foundations; base allowance on a quantity of such material used equal to the surface measurement of the exported article.

Oil, linseed. (See Linseed oil.)

Oil, lubricating. (See Lubricating oil.)

Ornamental plate glass, manufactured from imported plain plate glass by process of cutting or engraving ornamental designs on the same; base allowance on a quantity of the material used, to be determined by measurement of the exported articles.

Packing cases. (See Wooden boxes.)

Pails, tin. (See Tin boxes, cans, etc.)

Pain killer, Perry Davis'. (See Perry Davis' pain killer.)

Pain relief, Barry's. (See Barry's pain relief.)

Painted and embossed sheet iron, manufactured from imported plain sheet iron; base allowance on quantity of such iron used, to be determined by deducting from the weight of the exported article, as ascertained by a United States weigher, the weight of the paint on the finished sheets. The manufacturer's declaration on the drawback entry must show the quantity or percentage of paint adhering to the finished sheets, and such declaration shall be verified by expert official inspection of samples to be taken as ordered by the collector.

Painted iron roofing. (See Iron roofing.)

Painted tin shingles, manufactured by the Cortright Metal Roofing Company, of Philadelphia, Pa., from imported tin plates and domestic paint; allow under Synopsis 13642.

Paint, gold. (See Gold paint.)

Paints, mixed. (See Mixed paints.)

Pans, tin. (See Tin boxes, cans, etc.)

Paper wrappers, surface-coated. (See Surface-coated paper wrappers.)

Pasteur's germ-proof filters, manufactured by the Pasteur-Chamberland Filter Company, of Dayton, Ohio, in part from imported filtering tubes; allow under Synopsis 12087.

Patent cooking kettles, manufactured by A. W. Oberman, of Pittsburg, Pa., in part from imported enameled iron forms; allow under Synopsis 14337.

Patent metallic shingles, manufactured from imported tin plates or taggers iron; base allowance on quantity of imported material used equal to net weight of exported articles, as ascertained by a United States weigher.

Pearline, manufactured by James Pyle & Sons, of New York City, in part from imported soda ash and caustic soda; allow under Synopsis 12594.

Peas, split. (See Split peas.)

Pens, steel. (See Steel pens.)

Perforated copper plates, manufactured from imported copper plates; base allowance on quantity of material used, equal to weight of exported articles, ascertained by a United States weigher.

Perry Davis' pain killer, manufactured by Davis & Lawrence Company, of New York City, in part from imported alcohol; allow under letter January 10, 1896.

Petroleum barrels, manufactured in part from imported hoop steel or wire rods, if made by the Standard Oil Company, of New York, or the Atlantic Refining Company, of Philadelphia, Pa., allow for wire rods used under letter December 9, 1891, and Synopsis 12277, respectively; if made by the Tide Water Oil Company, of New York City, allow for hoop steel under Synopsis 13475.

Petroleum cans and parts:

Cans. (See Tin boxes, cans, etc.)

Caps, handles, nozzles, screw rings, and screw tops, manufactured wholly or in part from imported tin plates and attached to petroleum cans; base allowance on quantity of such material used, to be determined by adding to the quantity of tin plate appearing in such articles a quantity equal to that actually destroyed or converted into worthless scrap in process of manufacture. In case the resultant scrap is not worthless, the quantity to be added to cover such wastage in manufacture shall be reduced by a number of pounds equal in value to the value of such scrap. Values of such tin plate and scrap shall be

Petroleum cans and parts—Continued.
declared by manufacturers on requisition of collectors. No drawback shall be allowed on attachments made from scrap tin.

Solder, made wholly from imported tin and lead, when used by the Tide Water Oil Company and the Standard Oil Company, of New York, in soldering petroleum cans, allow under Synopses 14592 and 14798; and when used by the Atlantic Refining Company, of Philadelphia, Pa., allow under Synopsis 14273.

Petroleum cases. (See Wooden boxes.)

Phenacetine pills. (See Pills.)

Photographic cameras, manufactured by W. H. Lewis, of Greenpoint, N. Y., in part from imported Dallmeyer lenses; allow under Synopsis 11735.

Photographic dry plates, manufactured from imported glass plates and gelatine; base allowance on quantity of glass, to be determined by adding to the net weight of the exported plates, ascertained by a United States weigher, 15 per cent of such weight, and on the quantity of gelatine used, not in excess of three-eights of a grain for each square inch of the coated surface.

The manufacturer's declaration on the drawback entry must show the quantity of gelatine used, which declaration must be verified by tests made by a Government chemist, of samples taken as ordered by the collector.

Piano hammers, manufactured by Alfred Dolge, of New York City, in part from sheet felt made by him, wholly from imported wool; allow under Synopses 9586 and 17232.

Pickets, manufactured from imported lumber; base allowance on quantity of lumber used, equal to "board measure" of exported articles.

Pig lead, manufactured from imported lead ore; base allowance on quantities of pure lead contained in the exported article. Such quantity shall be determined by reference to the weight of the exported pig lead, ascertained by a United States weigher, and the percentage of pure lead therein, ascertained by a United States chemist's analysis of samples taken in each case by the lading officer.

The rate of allowance per pound of pure lead exported shall be determined by dividing the rate of duty paid on the imported ore by the per cent of pure lead found in such ore on importation.

On each entry of pig lead for drawback, under the provisions of section 22 of the act of August 28, 1894, the exporters shall be required to file, in addition to the usual declarations, a special declaration, verified by one general officer and the foreman of the smelting works producing such lead, setting forth specifically that the lead covered by the entry was produced wholly from imported ores, without any admixture of domestic ores containing lead.

Pills, manufactured by John Wyeth & Bro., of Philadelphia, Pa., in part from imported antipyrine, phenacetine, salol or sulphonal; allow under Synopses 13911 and 14041.

Pipe, lead. (See Lead pipe.)

Pipes, blast. (See Locomotives.)

Pipes, steel. (See Steel pipes, galvanized, etc.)

Planed rails. (See Dressed lumber.)

Plate glass, ornamental. (See Ornamental plate glass.)

Plates, ferrotype. (See Ferrotype plates.)

Plates, fish. (See Bar iron, fish-plate bolts, etc.)

Plates, perforated copper. (See Perforated copper plates.)

Plates, photographic, dry. (See Photographic dry plates.)

Plates, terne and tin. (See Tin and terne plates.)

Plug tobacco, manufactured in part from imported licorice paste; base allowance on quantity of such paste used, to be determined under the following instructions:

The entry under which the tobacco is laden must show, separately, the number and description of packages of each brand or quality laden, and the drawback entry must show, separately, the quantity of each kind and quality covered thereby and the quantity of licorice paste used in the manufacture of each. Before the liquidation of any such drawback entry, there must be filed with the collector at the port of exportation a sworn formula or statement of the proprietor and foreman of the factory where the tobacco was made, showing the percentages of licorice paste used in the manufacture of the several brands and grades of tobacco made in such factory for exportation.

Manufactured tobacco being exported under the supervision of the internal-revenue authorities, the weights reported by them shall be accepted by collectors of customs, and, on the request of the collector with whom a manufacturer's formula is filed, the internal-revenue officer in charge of the factory shall procure and transmit to such collector samples of the tobacco described in such formula, to be submitted to a Government chemist for analysis and verification of the percentages of licorice paste shown in the formula.

When ordered by the collector, the customs officer inspecting the tobacco shall take samples for use in verifying the manufacturer's statement on the drawback entry.

No drawback shall be allowed on any excess over the quantity shown in the manufacturer's formula submitted without special instructions of the Department.

Plumbers' traps, manufactured wholly from imported lead; base allowance on quantity of such lead used, equal to weight of exported articles, found by a United States weigher.

Plush, silk. (See Silk plush.)

Pomace, castor. (See Castor pomace.)

Portable railroad sections, manufactured wholly or in part from imported materials; base allowance on quantities of such materials used, equal to weight of exported parts made from such materials, to be determined by a United States weigher.

Posts, marble. (See Marble floor tiles, etc.)

"*Potash*," manufactured by Leon Hirsh & Sons, and William Archibald, of New York City, and by the Philadelphia Lye and Chemical Company, Limited, of Philadelphia, from imported caustic soda; allow under Synopses 13716, 15891, and 17039, respectively.

Preserver, fish. (See Fish preserver.)

Printed and finished cloths, manufactured by Gilmore & Haigh, of Somerville, Mass., from imported plain cotton cloth; allow under Synopsis 16696.

Printed silks. (See Silks, printed and dyed.)

"*Pyramid*" *metal.* (See Magnolia antifriction metal, etc.)

Rackarock. (See Solid ingredient of rackarock.)

Railroad sections, portable. (See Portable railroad sections.)

Railroad spikes. (See Bar iron, fish-plate bolts, etc.)

Rails, planed. (See Dressed lumber.)

Rails, steel. (See Steel rails.)

Railway car forgings. (See Bar iron, fish-plate bolts, etc.)

Railway cars:

Car bodies, manufactured by the Gilbert Car Manufacturing Company, of Troy, N. Y., in part from imported glass; allow under Synopsis 10695.

Cars, manufactured by the Harlan & Hollingsworth Company, of Wilmington, Del., in part from imported drawbars, gas equipments, glass for windows, vacuum brakes, and ventilators; allow under Synopsis 11955.

Horse cars, manufactured by the John Stephenson Company, Limited, of New York City, in part from imported glass; allow under Synopsis 11927.

Wheels, car. (See Locomotive and railway car wheels.)

Ramsay's Trinidad aromatic bitters, manufactured by Tyrer & Mullarkey, of New York City, in part from imported rum; allow under Synopsis 14569.

Red lead. (See Litharge and red lead.)

Refined butter, manufactured by Lestrade Brothers and John Scheel, both of New York City, in part from imported "grease butter;" allow under letter October 13, 1891, to collector, New York, and Synopsis 12590. On that manufactured by Bartram Brothers and Kurzman Brothers, of New York City, in part from imported "grease butter," allow under Synopsis 14578.

Refined copper, manufactured from copper ore, blister, scrap or matte; base allowance on quantity of fine copper in the imported material used, equal to the quantity of fine copper in the exported article, to be determined by reference to the weight of the exported article, ascertained by a Government weigher, and to the per cent of pure copper found therein by a Government chemist on analysis of samples to be taken in each case by the inspecting officer.

Refined glycerin, manufactured wholly from imported crude glycerin; base allowance on quantity of imported glycerin used, to be determined by adding to the net weight of the exported article, ascertained by a United States weigher, 22 per cent of such weight; provided that the exported glycerin, if colorless, shall be of a density not less than 1.25 specific gravity (29° Baumé), and, if tinted, not less than 1.26 specific gravity (30° Baumé), at 60° Fahrenheit.

Samples of the crude material and of the refined product must, in all cases, be submitted to a Government chemist for his report relative to the requisite conditions noted.

Refined sirup. (See Sugars and sirups, refined, and Sirup.)

Refined sugar. (See Sugars and sirups, refined.)

Retaining bolts and rings. (See Locomotive and railway car wheels.)

Reuter's syrup, manufactured by Barclay & Co., of New York City, in part from imported alcohol; allow under Synopsis 17227.

Rice, cleaned. (See Cleaned rice.)

Ridging, iron. (See Iron roofing.)

Risers, marble. (See Marble floor tiles, etc.)

Rivets, manufactured from imported iron or steel wire rods, or rivet rods; base allowance on quantity of material used, to be determined by adding to the weight of the exported rivets, as ascertained by a United States weigher, 3 per cent of such weight.

Rods, connecting. (See Connecting rods.)

Roofing, iron. (See Iron roofing.)

Roofing sheets and tiles. (See Iron roofing.)

Rope, wire, and wire and hemp. (See Wire rope.)

Round wire, plain or galvanized. (See Wire, round, plain or galvanized.

Rugs, Wilton. (See Wilton rugs.)

Rugs, Zanoni. (See Zanoni rugs and velvets.)

Salol pills. (See Pills.)

Sapolios. (See Soaps, soap powder, and sapolios.)

Sarsaparilla, Ayer's. (See Ayer's cherry pectoral and sarsaparilla.)

Saws and blanks, band. (See Band saws and blanks.)

Saws, cotton-gin. (See Cotton-gin saws.)

Saws, not specially provided for, manufactured wholly from imported materials; base allowance on a quantity of materials used, equal to net weight of exported articles, ascertained by a United States weigher.

Scott's Emulsion of Cod-Liver Oil, manufactured by Scott & Bowne, of New York City, in part from imported cod-liver oil, hypophosphites of lime and soda, and glycerin refined from imported crude glycerin; allow under Synopsis 14677, amended to allow 22 per cent for waste in refining crude glycerin.

Screened malt, manufactured wholly from imported barley; base allowance on quantity of such barley used, to be determined by allowing .905 of a bushel of barley weighing 48 pounds per bushel for each bushel of the exported malt weighing 34 pounds; but in no case shall allowance be based on a ratio of barley used, to the malt produced therefrom, in excess of that shown by the manufacturer's declaration on the drawback entry. Weight of exported article shall be ascertained by a United States weigher.

Screws, wood. (See Wood screws.)

Screw tops, tin. (See Petroleum cans and parts.)

Seal furs, imitation. (See Imitation seal furs.)

Seals, lead. (See Lead seals.)

Shades, decorated lamp. (See Decorated lamp shades.)

Sheepskins, degreased. (See Degreased sheepskins.)

Sheet iron, painted and embossed. (See Painted and embossed sheet iron.)

Sheet lead, manufactured wholly from imported lead; base allowance on quantity of imported lead used, equal to weight of exported article, ascertained by a United States weigher.

Sheets, roofing. (See Iron roofing.)

Shelving. (See Dressed lumber.)

Shields, dress. (See Dress shields.)

Shingles, metal (made by Marchant & Co.). (See Metal shingles, etc.)

Shingles, painted tin. (See Painted tin shingles.)

Shingles, patent metallic. (See Patent metallic shingles.)

Shirts, silk outing. (See Silk outing shirts.)

Shooks, box. (See Box shooks.)

Shot, manufactured wholly from imported lead and exported in bags or boxes; base allowance on quantity of such material used, equal to weight of exported article, ascertained by a United States weigher.

Shot cartridges, manufactured by the Union Metallic Cartridge Company, of Bridgeport, Conn., and loaded with shot made wholly from imported lead; allow under Synopsis 15928.

Show cards. (See Signs, labels, and show cards.)

Siding. (See Dressed lumber.)

Signs, glass. (See Glass signs.)

Signs, labels, and show cards, manufactured from imported tin plates or "black plates," by varied processes of shaping, painting, printing,

varnishing, enameling, and embossing; base allowance on quantity of imported plates used.

The entry under which the merchandise is to be inspected and laden must show, separately, the number, kind, size, and weight of articles, and must specify the articles in each package, or must be accompanied by a sworn invoice, separately describing the articles in each package.

Manufacturer's declaration on drawback entry must show number, size, gauge, and weight of imported plates used, and also the amount or per cent of increase of weight added to such plates by processes of manufacture. Samples shall be taken as ordered by the collector for expert official examination and verification of declared gauges and additions. Quantities of material used shall be determined by reference to such verifications and weight of exported articles ascertained by a United States weigher, provided that such quantities shall in no case exceed the weight of the plates "identified" as shown by the records of importation.

Silk handkerchiefs, embroidered. (See Embroidered silk handkerchiefs.)

Silk outing shirts, manufactured by Lewis Frank & Sons, of New York City, from imported silk shirtings; allow under Synopsis 12191.

Silk plush, manufactured by the Peerless Plush Manufacturing Company, of Paterson, N. J., the back being made of cotton and the face or "pile" being made wholly from imported "spun" silk; allow under Synopsis 15491.

Silks, printed and dyed:

Printed silks, manufactured from pongee silks, imported "in the grey;" base allowance on quantity of imported silk used, to be determined by reference to the report of the inspecting officer showing number of yards exported, and the manufacturer's declaration on the drawback entry showing percentage of increase of yardage consequent on the stretching of the imported fabric in process of printing and finishing. Samples shall be taken as ordered by the collector, to be submitted to the appraiser for verification of the manufacturer's declaration relative to kind and quality of imported silk used.

Dyed silks, manufactured from pongee silks, imported "in the white" or "in the grey," or from imported "Habutai" silks; base allowance on quantity of imported silks used, equal to the number of yards of the exported article, to be determined by the inspecting officer, who shall take samples as ordered by the collector, for use as in case of printed silks, which see.

Sirup, manufactured wholly from imported raw sugars. (See Sugars and sirups, refined.)

Sirup, manufactured wholly from molasses imported under the tariff of August 28, 1894, subject to duty at 2 cents per gallon; base allowance on quantity of material used, to be determined under the following rules:

The manufacturer's declaration on the drawback entry must show, in addition to the usual averments, the number of gallons of the molasses "boiled" and used in producing the sirup exported, the number of gallons and value per gallon of such sirup, and also the weight and the value per pound of the sugar product of such molasses.

The declared values of such sugar and sirup products must be their values, exclusive of packages, at the refinery at the time of shipment for exportation; and such values and declared quantities must be verified by the collector before use in finding the duty paid on the material used in the manufacture of the sirup.

The amount of duty paid on such material shall be determined by use of such verified quantities and values as shown in the following proportion:

As the total value of the sugar and sirup products of a given quantity of molasses is to the value of the sirup product of such molasses, so is the duty paid on the molasses (the material for both products) to the duty paid on the material for the sirup.

The duty paid on the material "used" being so found, the proper rate of drawback per gallon of the exported sirup shall be determined by dividing such amount of duty paid by the number of gallons of the sirup product; but in no case shall drawback be allowed on any excess over 43 gallons of sirup for each 100 gallons of molasses "boiled" in the manufacture of the sirup, unless such allowance be specially authorized by the Secretary of the Treasury.

The quantity of the exported sirup shall be ascertained by a United States gauger, and samples shall be taken as ordered by the collector, to be submitted to the appraiser for expert official inspection and report.

Sizing, glue. (See Glue sizing.)

Skins, China goat. (See China goatskins.)

Skins, dressed. (See Dressed skins.)

Slabs, marble. (See Marble floor tiles, etc.)

Soaps, soap powders, and sapolios, manufactured in part from imported caustic soda and soda ash; base allowance on quantities of such caustic soda or soda ash, or both, used in the manufacture of the exported articles; provided always that no domestic material of the kind on which drawback is claimed shall have been used in the manufacture of the exported articles.

Before allowance of drawback the exporter must file with the collector, at port of exportation, a sworn statement showing place, processes, and conditions of manufacture, and mode of packing the article for export, and showing also the ingredients of the article to be exported, and the proportions thereof, which statement shall be verified by the collector.

The collector with whom such verified statement is filed shall, on application of collectors of other ports from which exportations are made, furnish certified copies thereof for use at such other ports.

The entry under which the merchandise is to be inspected and laden must show, separately, the quantities of the different kinds of merchandise, the marks, numbers, and sizes of the packages containing the same, and the gross and net weights of each package, or must be accompanied by a sworn copy of the invoice under which such merchandise was sold or consigned, giving such particulars. Statements of weights shall be verified by a United States weigher, who shall test weights of packages designated by the collector.

The quantities of caustic soda and of soda ash used, and on which claim for drawback is based, must be shown by the manufacturer's declaration on the drawback entry, which shall be verified by official analysis of samples taken as ordered by the collector. Such declaration must also show that the exported articles were made in accordance with the sworn statement and formula filed with the collector. Quantities used in liquidation of entries shall, in no case, exceed minimum quantities shown by sworn formula, declared on entry, or found by official analysis and weight.

Soap powder. (See Soaps, soap powders, and sapolios.)

Solder for petroleum cans. (See Petroleum cans and parts.)

Sole leather, manufactured from imported hides; base allowance on number of hides used, to be determined by inspection and count of exported "sides" of leather.

Solid ingredient of rackarock, manufactured by the Rand Drill Company, of New York City, from imported chlorate of potash, packed in sacks or cartridges; allow under Synopsis 9330.

Sozodont, manufactured by Hall & Ruckel, of New York City, in part from imported alcohol; allow under Synopsis 16910.

Spectacles. (See Lenses, spectacles, and eyeglasses.)

Spikes, railroad. (See Bar iron, fish-plate bolts, etc.)

Splice bars. (See Fish plates.)

Split leather. (See Finished split leather.)

Split peas, manufactured wholly from imported peas; base allowance on a quantity of the peas used, to be determined by adding to the weight of the exported article ascertained by a United States weigher, 16 per cent of such weight.

Spokes, wooden. (See Wooden spokes.)

Spring material, clock. (See Clock-spring material.)

Springs, clock. (See Clock springs.)

Staples, wire. (See Wire fencing.)

Steam boilers. (See Locomotive and other steam boilers.)

Steel bars, manufactured by G. W. Pennington & Sons, of San Francisco, Cal., wholly from imported steel billets; allow under Synopsis 15943.

Steel drills, manufactured by the Standard Tool Company, of Cleveland, Ohio, wholly from imported tool steel; allow under Synopsis 12598.

Steel pens, manufactured by the Esterbrook Steel Pen Manufacturing Company, of Camden, N. J., from imported sheet steel; allow under Synopsis 13476.

Steel pipes, galvanized or asphaltum and tar coated, manufactured by Francis Smith & Co., of San Francisco, Cal., from imported steel sheets; allow under Synopsis 12477.

Steel rails, manufactured by the Maryland Steel Company, of Sparrow Point, Md., wholly from imported iron ore and spiegeleisen; allow under Synopsis 13934. When manufactured by the Bethlehem Iron Company, of South Bethlehem, Pa., wholly from imported iron ore, spiegeleisen, and ferro-manganese; allow under Synopsis 13937.

Steel-wire nails, manufactured from imported steel-wire rods; base allowance on quantity of material used, to be determined by adding to the weight of the exported nails, as ascertained by a United States weigher, 6½ per cent of such weight.

Sugar-coated almonds, manufactured by Ph. Wunderle, of Philadelphia, Pa., from imported shelled almonds; allow under Synopsis 14801.

Sugars and sirups, refined, made wholly from imported raw sugars; base allowance on quantities of material used in the manufacture of each, respectively, as indicated in the following schedules and specifications:

When the exported sugars are "hard refined," of standard test, commercially known as loaf, cut loaf, cube, granulated, crushed or powdered, and are made wholly from imported raw cane sugars, the amount of drawback shall be determined by allowing for each 100 pounds of the

exported article, the duties paid on the respective grades and quantities of material used, as indicated in the following schedule:

Test of raw sugar used.	Allowance for 100 pounds hard refined.
Degrees.	*Pounds.*
99	101.87
98	103.73
97	105.60
96	107.47
95	109.34
94	111.20
93	113.07
92	114.94
91	116.81
90	118.67
89	120.54
88	122.41
87	124.27
86	126.14
85	128.01
84	129.88
83	131.74
82	133.61
81	135.48
80	137.35
79	139.21
78	141.08
77	142.95
76	144.82
75	146.68

When the "hard refined" sugars hereinbefore described are made wholly from imported raw beet sugars, the duty paid on the material used for each pound of the exported article may be determined by dividing the duty paid on 1 pound of the material by the decimal denoting the "net analysis" of such material, and then deducting from the amount so found, as an equivalent of the value of the material for the sirup product, the percentage of that amount corresponding to the polariscope test of the raw sugar used, indicated in the following schedule:

Polariscope test of raw beet sugars used.	Percentages to be deducted to find duty paid on material for refined sugar.
"Firsts:"	
Degrees.	*Per cent.*
96	1.2
95	1.5
94	1.9
93	2.4
92	3
"Seconds:"	
92	3.7
91	4.5
90	5.4
89	6.4
88	7.5

When "soft refined" sugars, made wholly from imported raw sugars, are exported with benefit of drawback, the drawback entry must show the respective values of such soft sugars and of standard granulated

sugar on the same market; and the drawback per pound on the "soft refined" sugar shall be such part of the drawback per pound provided for "hard refined" sugar, made from the same kind and grade of material, as the value of such soft sugar is of the value of such granulated sugar.

The rate of drawback on the "soft refined" sugar may be fixed by use of the following proportion: As the value of 1 pound of standard granulated sugar is to the value of 1 pound of the "soft refined" sugar, so is the drawback provided for the pound of granulated sugar to the drawback allowable on the pound of "soft refined" sugar, made from like material.

The required values of the refined sugars declared on the drawback entry, shall be verified by reference to standard market quotations on date of shipment.

The amount of drawback which may be allowed on the exported sirup products of raw sugars, shall be determined by allowing for each gallon of the exported article, valued at 5 cents in condition as "thrown" from the "centrifugal," the duties paid on the respective grades and quantities of material used, as indicated in the following schedule:

Test of raw sugar used.	Allowance for one gallon of sirup.
Degrees.	*Pounds.*
99	1.36
98	1.37
97	1.39
96	1.40
95	1.41
94	1.43
93	1.44
92	1.46
91	1.48
90	1.49
89	1.51
88	1.53
87	1.55
86	1.56
85	1.58
84	1.60
83	1.62
82	1.64
81	1.66
80	1.68
79	1.70
78	1.72
77	1.74
76	1.77
75	1.79

The value of the sirup, in condition as thrown from the centrifugal, shall be declared by the manufacturer on the drawback entry, which declaration shall be verified by the collector; and if the declaration so verified shows a value per gallon above or below 5 cents, the allowance shall be determined by increasing or reducing the schedule allowance in proportion to the increase or reduction above or below the 5 cents per gallon above specified; but in no case shall the allowance be based on a value of sirup exceeding 8 cents per gallon, without special authority from the Department.

When imported raw cane and beet sugars are "blended" or mixed in the process of manufacturing refined sugars and sirups, the manufacturer's declaration must show, separately, the respective quantities of the different kinds and grades of the sugars so mixed. In liquidating entries covering portions of the products of such mixtures, drawback shall be based on proportionate quantities of material, corresponding to the quantities of the different kinds and grades of materials so mixed.

For a fraction of a degree of test of the raw sugar used in the manufacture of either refined sugar or sirup, the allowance of quantity of material shall be fixed by a proportionate division of the difference between the schedule allowances for the degrees next above and below such fraction.

The quantities of sugar and sirup exported shall be ascertained by United States weighers and gaugers, respectively; and samples shall be taken as ordered by the collector to be submitted to the appraiser, for report of polariscope test and such other expert inspection as may be requisite.

On requisition of collectors, appraising officers shall furnish polariscope tests, "net analyses," and other conditions of valuation of raw sugars, not found on the import invoice, for use in liquidation of drawback entries.

Sulphate of copper, manufactured from imported copper ore; base allowance on quantity of fine copper in the imported ore used, equal to the quantity of fine copper in the exported article.

The manufacturer's declaration on the drawback entry must show the quantity or percentage of fine copper contained in the exported article, which declaration shall be verified by expert official analysis of samples to be taken from each lot exported. The quantity of copper which may be taken as the basis of liquidation of the entry may be determined by reference to such verified percentage and the weight of the exported article, as ascertained by a United States weigher.

Sulphonal pills. (See Pills.)

Surface-coated paper wrappers, manufactured by Enoch Morgan's Sons' Company, of New York City, from imported surface-coated paper, and exported as coverings for sapolios; allow under letter March 21, 1891, to collector, New York.

Sweepers, carpet. (See Carpet sweepers.)

Sweetened chocolate, manufactured by D. Ghiradella & Son, of San Francisco, Cal., in part from imported refined sugar; allow under Synopsis 12388.

Switches, electric-light. (See Electric-light switches.)

Syrup, Reuter's. (*See Reuter's syrup.*)

Tables, billiard. (See Billiard tables.)

Tapestry goods, manufactured by Geo. Brooks & Son, of Philadelphia, Pa., in part from imported undyed spun silk, and linen and jute yarns; allow under Synopsis 16129.

Tar-coated steel pipes. (See Steel pipes, galvanized, or asphaltum and tar coated.)

Terneplates. (See Tin and terne plates.)

Tiles, marble. (See Marble floor tiles, etc.)

Tiles, roofing. (See Iron roofing.)

Tin and terne plates, manufactured from imported "black plates" by the application of a tin or terne coating; base allowance on quantity of imported plates used.

The entry under which the merchandise is to be inspected and laden

must show the number, brand, size, gauge, and weight of the finished plates in each package to be exported.

The manufacturer's declaration on the drawback entry must show the number, size, gauge, and weight of the imported black plates used in the manufacture of the exported tin or terne plates, and must also show the amount or percentage of increase in weight of the plates by reason of the addition of the tin or terne coating, which declaration, relative to gauge of black plates and increase of weight, shall be verified by expert official examination of samples to be taken as ordered by the collector.

The quantity of imported black plates used may be determined by deducting such verified weight of coating from the weight of the exported article ascertained by a United States weigher.

Tin boxes, cans, and "blanks" for cans, cups, cuspidors, lanterns, pails, pans, toilet sets, trays and all house-furnishing goods, and tinware, manufactured wholly or in part from imported tin or terne plates, and not otherwise specially provided for; base allowance on quantity of imported plates used, to be determined under the following instructions:

When five-gallon rectangular cans are made from a combination of two plates 14 by 19¼, with one plate 10 by 20 inches, the number of boxes of plates used shall be determined by allowing for each 100 cans exported, 1.664 boxes of 14 by 19¼ plates, 120 sheets per box, and .4432 of a box 10 by 20 plates, 225 sheets per box; and when cans of like size and form are made from a combination of two plates 14 by 18¾, with one plate 10 by 20 inches, the number of plates used shall be determined by allowing for each 100 cans exported, 1.6117 boxes 14 by 18¾ plates (52,460 square inches), 124 sheets per box, and .4432 of a box 10 by 20 plates (19,944 square inches), 225 sheets per box. The weight of plates used shall be determined by reference to number of boxes found as above and ascertained weight per box on importation.

The superficial quantity of tin or terne plates used in the manufacture of boxes or cans, other than the five-gallon cans above noted, or of other articles made from such plates, may be determined by measurement of the blanks or parts of which the box, can, or article is composed, and by the addition to surface quantity of the respective parts, to cover wastage in manufacture, of the following percentages:

	Per cent.
For rectangular blanks	3
For body pieces of frustum-shaped cans	7
For circular and oval blanks	15

The number of square inches of plate used being so found, the weight thereof may be determined by dividing such number of square inches by the number of square inches of plate in a box of the size identified by the manufacturer and multiplying the weight per box, on which duty was paid on importation, by the number of boxes so found.

In case blanks for cans, boxes, or other manufactures of tin or terne plate are in such form that the superficial quantity of plate therein can not be readily determined by measurement, such superficial quantity may be found by weighing a measurable section cut from such blank, and comparing its weight with the weight of the blank. When a sample of the scrap resulting from the cutting of such blank is furnished with the sample blanks required for the use of the collector, the amount of plate used in the manufacture of the articles or parts in which such blanks appear may be determined by adding to the blanks, to cover wastage in manufacture, a quantity of plate equal to that part of the scrap resulting from cutting such blanks, which is rendered worthless for the ordinary uses of tin or terne plate, provided that such

allowance shall in no case exceed 25 per cent of the weight of such blanks, except under special instruction from the Department.

Where articles are made from uncut plates, or rectangular blanks cut from plates from which the rough edges have not been trimmed in process of manufacture, no allowance shall be made for wastage.

In case samples of cans or boxes and blanks (when blanks do not so appear in the finished articles that they may be measured) are not furnished by the exporter, the quantity of the material used may be determined by adding 5 per cent to the surface measurement of the finished article to cover seams and wastage in manufacture.

When articles entitled to drawback on exportation, made wholly from imported tin or terne plates, and on which no allowance for wastage is to be made, are exported in such condition that their weight may be determined by a United States weigher at the time of exportation, such weight shall be accepted as the basis for the liquidation of the drawback entry.

The foregoing instructions will apply to articles made from tin or terne plate manufactured in the United States, from imported "black plates," and also to articles manufactured from imported black plates and subsequently tinned.

In case drawback is claimed on articles made from "black plates" so coated, the manufacturer's declaration on certificate of delivery (Form 128 C. R., 1892) or on the drawback entry, must show the particulars of manufacture, subject to verification as in case of exportation of tin and terne plates made from such "black plates," which see.

Samples of articles shall be taken as ordered by the collector, for use in verification of manufacturer's and exporter's declarations.

Tin can "blanks." (See Tin boxes, cans, etc.)

Tin cans. (See Tin boxes, cans, etc.)

Tin caps for petroleum cans. (See Petroleum cans and parts.)

Tin cuspidors. (See Tin boxes, cans, etc.)

Tin handles for petroleum cans. (See Petroleum cans and parts.)

Tin house-furnishing goods. (See Tin boxes, cans, etc.)

Tin lanterns. (See Tin boxes, cans, etc.)

Tinned or "terned" black plates. (See Tin or terne plates.)

Tinned wire, manufactured by the Washburn & Moen Manufacturing Company, of Worcester, Mass., and H. Lamb & Co., of Northampton, Mass., from imported steel or iron and tin; allow under letter February 18, 1889, to collector, New York, and Synopsis 11290.

Tin nozzles for petroleum cans. (See Petroleum cans and parts.)

Tin plates—

Crystallized. (See Crystallized tin plates.)

Decorated. (See Decorated tin plates.)

Embossed. (See Embossed tin plates.)

Lithographic. (See Lithographic tin plates.)

Tin screw rings for petroleum cans. (See Petroleum cans and parts.)

Tin screw tops for petroleum cans. (See Petroleum cans and parts.)

Tin shingles, painted. (See Painted tin shingles.)

Tin signs. (See Signs, labels, and show cards.)

Tinware. (See Tin boxes, cans, etc.)

Tire bolts. (See Carriage and tire bolts.)

Tires, locomotive and car wheel. (See Locomotive and railway car wheels.)

Tobacco, plug. (See Plug tobacco.)

Toilet atomizers, manufactured by Ellis & Golterman, of New York

City, in part from imported glass or china bottles and rubber bulbs; allow under letter July 2, 1895, to collector, New York.

Toilet sets, tin. (See Tin boxes, cans, etc.)

Toilet waters, Cologne, Florida, and other, manufactured wholly from essential oils or other perfumes and imported alcohol; base allowance on quantity of imported alcohol used.

The entry under which the merchandise is to be inspected and laden must show, separately, the number and description of each kind of shipping case, the number and size of bottles, and the mode of packing in each case, the average quantity contained in each size and variety of bottles, and the quantity of the exported articles contained in each case and in the entire shipment.

In case the exported article is made under a fixed formula, the manufacturer must file with the collector, prior to the liquidation of the drawback entry, a sworn statement showing such formula and the mode of manufacture and of packing for shipment; and in all other cases the special formula of manufacture, together with a description of the mode of manufacture and packing, must accompany the drawback entry.

The manufacturer's declaration on the drawback entry must show, separately, the quantity of the manufactured article contained in each style of package, and the percentage of alcohol appearing in such article. Such declaration must show, in addition to the usual averments, that the exported article was manufactured and packed for shipment in manner as set forth in the fixed formula and statement filed with the collector, referring thereto by date, or as in the special formula and statement accompanying the drawback entry.

Samples shall be taken as ordered by the collector, to be submitted to the appraiser for report of the percentage of alcohol contained in the exported article, and for verification and report of the quantity of such article in the sample bottles, when the merchandise is packed in bottles. When the merchandise is exported in gaugeable packages, the quantity shall be determined by a United States gauger.

In the liquidation of entries the quantity of alcohol on which allowance of drawback may be based shall be determined by use of the minimum quantity and percentage shown by either the manufacturer's sworn formula and statement, the declaration on the drawback entry, or the official finding of the quantity and test.

Tombstones, marble. (See Marble floor tiles, etc.)

Tops, tin screw. (See Petroleum cans and parts.)

Traps, plumber's. (See Plumber's traps.)

Trays, tin. (See Tin boxes, cans, etc.)

Treads, marble. (See Marble floor tiles etc.)

Tricopherous, Barry's. (See Barry's tricopherous.)

Tubs, bath and wash. (See Bath and wash tubs.)

Umbrellas, manufactured by Rose Bros. & Hartman, of Lancaster, Pa., wholly or in part from imported materials; allow under Synopsis 9983.

Vacuum brakes. (See Railway cars.)

Valves, cornet. (See Cornets.)

Varnish, manufactured wholly from imported alcohol and shellac; base allowance on quantity of such alcohol used, to be determined by official weight or measure of the exported article, and ascertainment of percentage of alcohol contained therein, from samples taken as ordered by the collector, and submitted to a Government chemist for analysis.

When the quantity of exported varnish is found by a United States gauger, the chemist shall report percentage of alcohol by volume, and

if quantity is found by a United States weigher, such percentage shall be reported by weight.

The quantity of alcohol found by reference to weigher's returns and chemist's reports of percentages by weight, may be reduced to gallons of absolute alcohol by dividing the number of pounds of such alcohol found by 6.62.

Manufacturer's declaration on drawback entry must show quantity or percentage by volume of alcohol in exported varnish.

Velveteen dress binding, manufactured by the Kursheedt Manufacturing Company, of New York City, in part from velveteen imported in the piece; allow under Synopsis 16596.

Velvets, Zanoni. (See Zanoni rugs and velvets.)

Ventilator, car. (See Railway cars.)

Vermillion colors, dry. (See Dry colors.)

Vitriol, blue. (See Sulphate of copper.)

Wagons. (See Carriages and wagons.)

Washing powder, gold dust. (See Gold dust washing powder.)

Washtubs. (See Bath and wash tubs.)

Watches, Waterbury. (See Waterbury watches.)

Waterbury watches, manufactured by the Waterbury Watch Company, of Waterbury, Conn., in part from imported balances, crystals, dials, hair springs, and sheet steel; allow under Synopsis 12265.

Water, Florida. (See Toilet waters, etc., and Barry's Florida water.)

Waterproof clothing, manufactured by A. J. Tower, of Boston, Mass., in part from imported linseed oil; allow under Synopsis 12051.

Wheels, locomotive and railway car. (See Locomotive and railway car wheels.)

White lead (dry or in oil), manufactured by the National Lead Company, of New York City, and the Chadwick Lead Works, of Boston, Mass., from imported pig lead or pig lead and oil; allow under Synopses 10692, 11782, and 15108.

White metal, manufactured by Holmes, Booth & Hayden, of Waterbury, Conn., in part from imported nickel; allow under Synopsis 11734.

Wilton rugs, manufactured by Harrison, Townsend & Co., of Norristown, Pa., in part from imported Botany worsted yarns; allow under Synopsis 16610.

Windows, railway car. (See Railway cars.)

Windsor ties, manufactured by Mendelsohn Bros., of New York City, wholly from "Habutai" and other Japanese silks imported in the piece; allow under Synopsis 16903.

Wire and hemp cable. (See Wire rope.)

Wire cables. (See Wire rope.)

Wire fencing (barbed), manufactured by the Consolidated Steel and Wire Company (Iowa Barbed Wire Department), of Allentown, Pa., from steel billets made by the Maryland Steel Company, of Sparrow Point, Md., from imported iron ore and ferro-manganese, and delivered to said Consolidated Steel and Wire Company between dates July, 1892, and December, 1893; allow under Synopsis 15057.

Wire fencing, composed of round wire, galvanized or ungalvanized, entitled to drawback when exported as wire; base allowance on quantity of such wire appearing in the exported fencing.

The manufacturer's declaration on the drawback entry must show, separately, the quantity and gauge of the wire appearing in the strands, barbs, and staples of the fencing, and give the particulars of the manufacture of such wire, as required in case of "Wire, round, plain or galvanized."

In liquidating entries for drawback on wire fencing, allowance for wastage of materials for the strands, barbs, and staples shall be made as on the different kinds and sizes of wire used, if exported separately.

The quantity of the exported fencing shall be determined by a United States weigher and samples shall be taken as ordered by the collector, for expert official verification of the declarations of the manufacturer and exporter as to sizes and relative quantities of wire used and percentages of spelter adhering thereto.

Wire, lead. (See Lead wire.)

Wire mattress fabric, woven. (See Woven-wire mattress fabric.)

Wire nails, steel. (See Steel wire nails.)

Wire, plain or galvanized. (See Wire, round, etc.)

Wire rope, manufactured from imported iron or steel wire, or from wire entitled to drawback under this schedule, as "Wire, round, plain or galvanized," such wire rope being made with or without a vegetable fiber core; base allowance on quantities of imported materials used.

The manufacturer's declaration on the drawback entry must show, separately, the weight, length, and diameter of each rope, the number of wires of each kind and size or gauge of which the rope is composed, with the weight of each such kind and size, the kind and weight of the fiber core, if any, and the weight or percentage of paint or other coating added to the rope in process of manufacture.

Where the wire used in the manufacture of the rope was made in the United States, the declaration of the manufacturer of the rope must further show the particulars of the manufacture of the wire used, required in the case of "Wire, round, plain or galvanized."

The declarations of manufacturer and exporter as to weight of the exported article shall be verified by a United States weigher, and such declarations concerning relative quantities of the different kinds and sizes of wire used, and of core, coating, etc., shall be verified by expert official inspection of the exported article, or of samples to be taken when practicable, as ordered by the collector.

Where the wire used in the manufacture of the rope is made from imported materials, the quantities of such materials used in the manufacture of the rope, on which drawback may be based, shall be determined by ascertaining the sum of the quantities used in the manufacture of the several kinds and sizes of the wire used, under provisions for "Wire, round, plain or galvanized."

Wire, round, plain or galvanized, manufactured wholly or in part from imported materials; base allowance on quantities of imported materials used, to be determined as indicated in the following schedules and specifications.

When such wire is made wholly from imported iron or steel blooms, billets, or bars, or from imported wire rods, the quantities of material used on which allowance of drawback may be based, may not exceed the quantity found by adding to the weight of the exported wire, to cover wastage in manufacture, the percentages of such weight indicated in the following schedule, unless a greater percentage of allowance shall have been specially authorized by the Secretary of the Treasury.

Gauge of wire.	Percentages to be added to weight of wire made from imported wire rods.	Percentages to be added to weight of wire made from imported blooms, billets, and bars.
No. 1 and coarser	1.1	3.9
No. 2 and coarser	1.1	3.9
No. 3 and coarser	1.1	3.9
No. 4 and coarser	1.1	3.9
No. 5 and coarser	1.1	3.9
No. 6 and coarser	1.2	4
No. 7 and coarser	1.2	4
No. 8 and coarser	1.2	4
No. 9 and coarser	1.2	4
No. 10 and coarser	1.2	4
No. 11 and coarser	1.4	4.2
No. 12 and coarser	1.7	4.5
No. 13 and coarser	1.9	4.7
No. 14 and coarser	2.2	5
No. 15 and coarser	2.4	5.2
No. 16 and coarser	2.6	5.4
No. 17 and coarser	2.9	5.7
No. 18 and coarser	3.1	5.9
No. 19 and coarser	3.4	6.2
No. 20 and coarser	3.6	6.4
No. 21 and coarser	3.8	6.6
No. 22 and coarser	4.1	6.9
No. 23 and coarser	4.3	7.1
No. 24 and coarser	4.6	7.4
No. 25 and coarser	4.8	7.6
No. 26 and coarser	5	7.8
No. 27 and coarser	5.3	8.1
No. 28 and coarser	5.5	8.3
No. 29 and coarser	5.8	8.6
No. 30 and coarser	6	8.9

When the exported wire is drawn from imported wire, allowance for wastage in drawing from size to size may be made for each such drawing, as indicated in the foregoing schedule, and to the weight of material so found there may be added eight-tenths of 1 per cent of such weight to cover waste incurred in the first annealing and pickling process.

When the exported wire is galvanized, the manufacturer's declaration on the drawback entry must show the quantity or percentage of spelter adhering to the different sizes or gauges of the wire, respectively, and in case the wire is coated wholly with imported spelter on which drawback is claimed, the declaration on the drawback entry must also show the quantity and value of the spelter necessarily "worked" and exhausted in the process of galvanizing, the quantities and values of the resultant "dross" and "skimmings," and the quantity of total waste of spelter incident to such process of galvanizing.

Samples of the exported wire shall be taken as ordered by the collector, for expert official verification of the declarations of the manufacturer and exporter relative to kind and size of wire and quantity or percentage of spelter adhering thereto.

In liquidating entries for drawback on galvanized wire, the quantity of iron or steel wire used in the production of such galvanized wire may be determined by deducting the verified weight of the spelter coating from the weight of the exported article, as determined by a United Staes weigher, and adding to the quantity so found 1 per cent of such quantity to cover wastage in galvanizing.

In case the wire is coated wholly with imported spelter on which drawback is claimed, the quantity of spelter used and on which allowance of drawback may be based may be determined by deducting from the quantity of spelter identified as having been "worked" and "exhausted," a quantity equal in value to the resultant "dross" and "skimmings" expressed in terms of the spelter in condition as

imported; provided that in no case shall the quantity of spelter taken as such basis of allowance exceed the quantity adhering to the wire by more than 46 per cent of such quantity, without special instructions from the Secretary of the Treasury.

Wire staples. (See Wire fencing.)

Wire, tinned. (See Tinned wire.)

Witchhazel, fluid extract of. (See Fluid extract of witchhazel.)

Wooden boxes or packing cases, manufactured from imported lumber; base allowance on quantity of such lumber, to be determined by adding to the "board measure" of the lumber in the boxes 9.6 per cent of such measure.

When petroleum cases, covering two 5-gallon tin cans each, are fastened with nails made from imported wire rods; allow under Synopsis 15290 or 16914.

Wooden spokes, manufactured from imported spoke bolts; base allowance on number of bolts used, equal to the number of the exported spokes.

Wood screws, manufactured from imported steel or iron; base allowance on quantity of imported material used, to be determined by adding to the weight of the exported article, ascertained by a United States weigher, 50 per cent of such weight.

Woven-wire mattress fabric, manufactured from wire made from imported materials; base allowance on a quantity of such material used, to be determined by adding to the weight, ascertained by a United States weigher, of the wire in the fabric the allowance for wastage provided for wire of like gauge and material.

Manufacturer's declaration on certificate of delivery (Form 128 C. R., 1892) or on drawback entry must show particulars of manufacture, as in case of "Wire, round, plain or galvanized," which see.

Zanoni rugs and velvets, manufactured by Harrison, Townsend & Co., of Norristown, Pa., in part from imported Botany worsted yarns; allow under Synopsis 16606.

O

1896.
Department Circular No. 121.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., July 20, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending July 4, 1896.

W. E. CURTIS,
Acting Secretary.

REPORT ON REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING JULY 4, 1896.

N. B.—*In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.*

No. of reappraisement.

12500.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from J. B. Vicini, Macoris, May 25/96.
Centrifugal sugar, entered, on basis of 94° test, at $.02347, advanced to $.02514 per lb. pkd., on basis of 96.45 test.

12493.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from J. Freeland Foot, Antigua, May 22/96.
Sugar, entered on basis of 87.50 test, at $.02227, reappraised at $.0221 per lb. pkd. on basis of 87.25 test.

12492.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from J. A. Somerville, St. Kitts, May 28/96.
Muscavado sugar, entered, on basis of 89°, at $.02278, advanced to $.02296 per lb. pkd. on basis of 90.85 test.

12502.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from S. L. Horsford & Co., Nevis, May 28/96.
Sugar entered, on basis of 89° test, at $.02235, reappraised at $.02112 per lb. pkd., on basis of 86.95 test.

12455.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Chas. Morrison & Co., Montego Bay, May 18/96.
Muscavado sugar, entered, on basis of 85° test, at £9/17/6, advanced to £11/5/3.065 per ton pkd., on basis of 89.85 test.

12480.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from J. Bueno & Co., Guantanamo, April 29/96.
Sugar entered, on basis of 89° test, at $.0247, reappraised at $.0214 per lb. pkd. on basis of 85.85 test.

12514..... ...*Mfs. Flax (flax lace etc.)*, from Ed. Pouxel, Paris, June 4/96.
No. 601 square size 46 x 46 in., entered at 8.25, advanced to 14.25 francs per piece.
No. 601 square size 20 x 60 in., entered at 5.50, advanced to 10.00 francs per piece.
No. 601 square size 18 x 46 in., entered at 4.15, advanced to 7.00 francs per piece.

12383.. .....
12400.....
Colored Cot. velvet &c., from Hithersay & Ramm, Manchester, May 15, May 7, 1896.

24 in. blk. twill Vts., 128, entered at 11⅞, advanced to 12⅜d. per yard.
23 in. blk. twill, Vts. 30, entered at 9½, advanced to 10⅛d. per yard.
22 in. blk. velvets, 50, entered at 5⅛d. per yard; no advance.
Picker cords MB, entered at 5⅜d. per yard; no advance.
23/24 in. ends, blk. velourita Vts., 29, entered at 9¼, advanced to 10⅛d. per yard.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Less $\frac{1}{37}$th.
Less 2½ per cent discount.
Add making up, boxing and cases.

12231.....
12102..... .....
Cotton lace curtains &c, from Otto G. Wolfers & Co., St. Gall, May 5, April 29/96.

12/4 3½ yds. tamb'd lace curtains No. 869, entered at 9.75, advanced to 10.50 francs per pair.
Less 5 per cent.
Add cases and boxes.

12515.....*Sulphate Ammonia*, from Peter R. McQuie & Son, Liverpool, May 28/96.

25 per cent grey color, entered at £8.2.1½ per ton pkd.; no advance.

12543.....*Wool knit wearing fabrics*, from Jacques Schusser, Radolfzell, May 13/96.

Tricot, 455, roth, entered at 5.35, advanced to 5.51 marks per kilo.
Tricot 640 roth, entered at 5.50, advanced to 5.70 marks per kilo.
Tricot, 885 a schwarz, entered at 5.20 marks per kilo; no advance.
Tricot 1074 schwarz, entered at 5.20 marks per kilo; no advance.
Tricot, 1078, entered at 4.95 marks per kilo; no advance.

3055 OP .....
Toledo..... .....
Scissors &c., from Rud Theis, Solingen, Dec. 13/95.

560 T 4½ in. scissors, entered at 4.80, advanced to 5.00 marks per dozen.
150 4½ in. scissors, entered at 2.50, advanced to 3.25 marks per dozen.
1766 4¼ in. scissors, entered at 5.00, advanced to 5.45 marks per dozen.
562 scissors, entered at 4.00, advanced to 4.25 marks per dozen.
150 4 in. scissors, entered at 2.40, advanced to 3.05 marks per dozen.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Add cases.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

2116 OP.....
783.....
Baltimore.....
&c.....
Sugar above No. 16 D. S., from Matthes & Burmuster, Amsterdam, April 25/96.

Dutch granulated sugar, entered at 16/– per cwt. less N. D. charges; advanced to 15/5 per cwt. packed.

3048 OP.....
781.....
Baltimore.....
Sugar above 16 D. S., from Snikerraffinadery, Java, Rosendaal, March 31/96.

Granulated sugar, entered at 14/5, advanced to 14/9½ per cwt. pkd.

10701.....
3060.....
Mf. silk & cotton, from F. Lafite & Co., Lyons, Dec. 23/95.

95 c/m ecru satin, 400 entered at 1.18, advanced to 1.35 francs per meter.
95 c/m Ecru satin, 398, entered at .98, advanced to 1.12 francs per meter.
95 c/m ecru satin 399, entered at 1.03, advanced to 1.21 francs per meter.

10701..... .....
3060.....
Mf. silk & cotton, etc.—Continued.

95 c/m ecru serge, 397, 401, entered at .67, advanced to .85 franc per meter.
95 c/m ecru serge, 396 entered at .62, advanced to .80 franc per meter.
92 c/m blk. serge, 395, entered at .81, advanced to 1.11 francs per meter.
Less discounts of 20 per cent and 1 per cent.
Add cases.

12109.....
3430.....
Mf. silk & cotton, from Bayard Aine & Fils, Lyons, April 29/96.

46 c/m corded satin, No. 18612/15, entered at .52, advanced to .62 franc per meter.
46 c/m citron & emeraude satin, entered at .84, advanced to .90 franc per meter.
Less 20 per cent discount.
Packing charges included in price.

12060..... .....
3437.....
Mf. silk & cotton, from Egidio & Pio Gavazzi, Milan, April 18, 1896.

Blk. union silk 92, entered at 1.60 lire per meter; no advance.
Blk. Union silk 92, entered at 1.50, advanced to 1.60 lire per meter.
Blk. Union silk 92, entered at 1.75, advanced to 1.80 lire per meter.
Blk. union silk 92, entered at 1.90, advanced to 2.00 lire per meter.
Blk. Union silk 92, entered at 1.50, 1.60, 2.00, 2.25 and 2.45 lire per meter; no advance.
Add cases. packing, labels, etc.

12074.....
3434.....
Mf. silk & cotton, from Mech. Seidenstoffweberei, Winterthur, April 21/96.

Satin 1/2 soie noir &c, 36 J, seal br., entered at 2.95, advanced to 3.24 francs per aune.
Less 20 per cent discount.
Add case and packing.

12309.....
3488.....
Mf. silk & cotton, from Besson Bertrand & Co., Lyons, May 4, 1896.

46 c/m Austria, entered at .50, advanced to .53 franc per meter.
60 c/m Satin, entered at .70, advanced to .80 franc per meter.
51 c/m Austria, entered at .52, advanced to .60 franc per meter.
Less 20 per cent discount.
Cases included in price.

12337.....
3489.....
12275.....
3487.....
11639.....
3373.....
Mf. silk, Mfs. silk & cotton, from Bompiat, Brasseur & Pelletier, Lyons, Mar. 16, Apr. 28, May 4, 1896.

75 c/m China, entered at .42, advanced to .46 franc per meter.
75 c/m Pongee, piece dyed entered at .80, advanced to .93 franc per meter.
60 c/m Polonaise, entered at .52, advanced to .62 franc per meter.
45 c/m Florentine, piece dyed entered at .42, advanced to .46 franc per meter.
Satin 46 c/m, piece dyed, entered at .63, advanced to .69 franc per meter.
45 c/m Pongee, piece dyed entered at .46, advanced to .53 franc per meter.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Less discounts of 20 per cent and 1 per cent.
Cases included in price.

12422.....
3474.....
Mirrors, from Ullmann & Engelmann, Fuerth, May 18/96.

Mirrors, 4915, entered at 13.00, advanced to 14.00 marks per gross.
Add cases.

3049 OP .....
782.....
Baltimore.....
} *Sugar above No. 16 D. S.*, from James Rougie & Co., Glasgow, Apr. 7/96.

Sugar entered at 11/7½ per cwt. pkd.; no advance.

Sugar entered at 11/4½ per cwt. pkd.; reappraised at 11/4 per cwt. pkd.

12264.....
3453.....
} *Wstd. Braid & Mf. Cot., N. E.*, from Lebach Bros., Elberfeld, April 29, 1896.

Mohair Santache braid, 2/72 yds., entered at 1.89, advanced to 2.07 marks per gross.

Coat hangers 7102, entered at 2.86, advanced to 3.14 marks per 1000 pieces.

Discount 7 per cent.

Packing charges included.

12284.....
3454.....
} *Mfs. Metal*, from Kirchner & Walter, Barmen, May 7/96.

Hooks & eyes, art. 213 1/2 /10 Japanned, entered at 1.35, advanced to 1.70 marks per great gross.

Hooks & eyes, art. 213 1/2 /10, adamantine, entered at 1.50, advanced to 1.80 marks per great gross.

Hooks & eyes, art. 213 1/2 /8, Japanned, entered at 1.25, advanced to 1.42 marks per great gross.

Hooks & eyes, art. 213 1/2 /8, Adamantine, entered at 1.35, advanced to 1.45 marks per great gross.

Discount 2 per cent.

Add cases.

11749.....
3325.....
11772.....
3346.....
11773.....
3326.....
} *Wool dress goods*, from Hopf & Merkel, Maylan, Feb. 20/96.

94 in. Henriettas, No. 17, entered at 1.0582, reappraised at .96 mark per meter.

88 in. Jacquard Ge, entered at .60, reappraised at .59 mark per meter.

94 in. Jacquard Ee, entered at .90, reappraised at .89 mark per meter.

114 in. Henrietta, H 20, entered at 1.404, reappraised at 1.36 marks per meter.

114 in. Henrietta H 21, entered at 1.469, reappraised at 1.42 marks per meter.

114 in. Henrietta H 22, entered at 1.533, reappraised at 1.48.

All advanced by disallowance of 8 per cent discount deducted on entry.

Similar goods, similar advances.

Add cases, tickets and putting up.

11429.....
3284.....
} *Wool dress goods*, from Alfred Munch, Gera, Feb. 6/96.

92/94 c/m all wool henriettas, 12, No. 44, entered at .74, reappraised at .72 mark per meter.

92/94 c/m all wool henrietta, 13 No. 48, entered at .80, reappraised at .78 mark per meter.

92/94 c/m all wool henrietta 14, No. 52, entered at .86, reappraised at .84 mark per meter.

92/94 c/m all wool henrietta 11, No. 40, entered at .68, reappraised at .66 mark per meter.

112/114 c/m all wool henriettas, 13, No. 48, entered at 1.00, reappraised at 1.00 mark per meter.

11429..... } *Wool dress goods, etc.*—Continued.
3284.....

104/106 c/m crepons, entered at 2.25, reappraised at 2.25 marks per meter.
All advanced by disallowance of 8 per cent discount deducted on entry.
Add cases and making up.

12263.....
3451.....
12312.....
3452..... } *Surface coated paper*, from Leonard Biermans, Turnhout, May 7/96.

Double cap marble paper, No, 235, 19 x 30, entered at 10/6. advanced to 11/4 per ream of 500 sheets.

Red flint, No. 8677, 8673, 20 x 24, entered at 4/10, advanced to 5/2 per ream of 500 sheets.

Green flint, No. 8651, 5294, 20 x 24, entered at 4/10, advanced to 5/2 per ream of 500 sheets.

Silk green flint, No. 1690, 24 x 30, entered at 7/11, advanced to 8/6 per ream of 500 sheets.

d. c. silk green flint, No. 5875, No. 21 x 24, entered at 9/9, advanced to 10/6 per ream of 500 sheets.

Similar goods. similar advances.

Less 5 per cent discount.

Less inland freight, cartage, etc.

O

RULES AND REGULATIONS FIXING SALARIES OF INSPECTORS OF STEAM VESSELS, UNDER ACT OF CONGRESS APPROVED MARCH 1, 1895, CONCERNING THE REGULATION OF STEAM VESSELS.

1895.
Department Circular No. 122.
Division of Appointments.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., July 24, 1896.

To Supervising and Local Inspectors of Steam Vessels:

Under the provisions of Section 4414 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, as amended by the act of Congress approved March 1, 1895, it is provided that the salaries of the local inspectors of steam vessels shall be regulated in proportion to the number of steamers inspected in each of the various districts, as follows:

In districts inspecting 100 steamers and less, to a salary of $1,200 per year each.

In districts inspecting over 100 and less than 150 steamers, to a salary of $1,500 per year each.

In districts inspecting 150 and less than 200 steamers, to a salary of $1,800 per year each.

In districts inspecting 200 and less than 300 steamers, to a salary of $2,000 per year each.

In districts inspecting 300 and less than 500 steamers, to a salary of $2,250 per year each.

In districts inspecting 500 steamers and upward, to a salary of $2,500 per year each.

The act further provides that the basis of salaries from the date of approval of the act, March 1, 1895, shall be on the report of inspections for the preceding year, and thereafter according to number of steamers reported inspected at the end of each fiscal year, which shall regulate the salaries for the following year, for each local board, as reported by the Supervising Inspector-General.

Therefore, in accordance with the report of that officer for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, the salaries of local inspectors of hulls and local inspectors of boilers from July 1, 1896, to June 30, 1897, inclusive, are hereby established, as follows:

For the districts of Evansville, Ind.; Louisville, Ky.; Memphis, Tenn.; Nashville, Tenn.; Cincinnati, Ohio; Gallipolis, Ohio; Wheeling, W. Va.; Burlington, Vt.; Bangor, Me.; Galveston, Tex.; and Apalachicola, Fla., at the rate of $1,200 per year for each local inspector.

For the districts of New Haven, Conn.; Savannah, Ga.; Charleston, S. C.; Dubuque, Iowa; Superior (Marquette, Mich.); Mobile, Ala.; Jacksonville, Fla.; and Oswego, N. Y., at therate of $1,500 per year for each local inspector.

For the districts of Portland, Oreg.; St. Louis, Mo.; Providence, R. I.; New London, Conn.; Portland, Me.; Detroit, Mich.; Pittsburg, Pa.; and Norfolk, Va., at the rate of $1,800 per year for each local inspector.

For the districts of San Francisco, Cal.; Puget Sound (Seattle, Wash.); Albany, N. Y.; Michigan (Grand Haven, Mich.); Port Huron, Mich.; Milwaukee, Wis.; Chicago, Ill.; and Duluth, Minn., at the rate of $2,000 per year for each local inspector.

For the districts of Philadelphia, Pa.; Boston, Mass.; Baltimore, Md.; Buffalo, N. Y.; New Orleans, La.; and Cleveland, Ohio., at the rate of $2,250 per year for each local inspector.

For the district of New York, N. Y., at the rate of $2,500 per year for each local inspector.

J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary.

UNITED STATES BONDS, PAPER CURRENCY, COIN, PRODUCTION OF PRECIOUS METALS, ETC.

1896.
Department Circular No. 123.

Division of Loans and Currency.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., July 1, 1896.

Mr. A. T. HUNTINGTON,
Chief Division Loans and Currency, Treasury Department.

SIR: In view of the great number of requests for information respecting United States bonds, the currency, coinage, production of the precious metals, and kindred subjects, and the impracticability of responding to each request separately, you are hereby directed to cause a circular of information to be prepared, which shall cover the questions most frequently asked.

The text of the circular should state, as briefly and clearly as possible without comment, the historical facts relating to the subjects in question, to be followed by tables reproducing, in compact form, the periodical and other official statements relating thereto, published by this Department. The necessary assistance in this work will be given by the Bureau officers of the Department.

Respectfully, yours,

J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary.

INFORMATION RESPECTING UNITED STATES BONDS, PAPER CURRENCY, COIN, PRODUCTION OF PRECIOUS METALS, ETC.

UNITED STATES BONDS.

The United States bonds now outstanding were issued either for the purpose of refunding other forms of national indebtedness, or to supply gold for the redemption of United States notes.

The refunding acts, so called, were approved July 14, 1870, and January 20, 1871. Under these acts about $1,400,000,000 of bonds were issued, of which $500,000,000 were 5 per cent ten-year bonds, redeemable after May 1, 1881; $185,000,000 were 4½ per cent fifteen-year bonds, redeemable after September 1, 1891, and the remainder were thirty-year 4 per cent bonds, redeemable after July 1, 1907.

The resumption act was approved January 14, 1875; it directed the Secretary of the Treasury to prepare and provide for the redemption of United States notes in coin, on and after January 1, 1879, and it authorized him to use the surplus revenues for that purpose, from time to time, and to sell and dispose of, at not less than par in coin, either of the descriptions of bonds described in the refunding acts above mentioned. In pursuance of this authority, $95,500,000 of the 4½ and 4 per cent bonds were sold for redemption purposes, and the proceeds ($96,000,000 in gold) were placed in the Treasury as a fund for such redemption. In time this fund became known as the "gold reserve," and in the bank act, approved July 12, 1882, in a section providing for the issue of gold certificates, the sum of $100,000,000 was prescribed by Congress as the limit to which the gold reserve might be reduced without affecting the issue of gold certificates.

The presentation of United States notes for redemption prior to 1893 was not great enough to reduce the reserve fund below $100,000,000; in April of that year, however, the minimum was reached, and the fund became so low that in February, 1894, an issue of bonds became necessary to enable the Government to restore the gold reserve and redeem the obligations of the United States. Accordingly, popular subscriptions were invited for an issue of $50,000,000 of ten-year 5 per cent

bonds, which were dated February 1, 1894, and realized to the Government $58,633,295 in gold. In November, 1894, another issue of $50,000,000 of the same class of bonds was necessary, the sum realized being $58,538,500. In February, 1895, the Government was again obliged to replenish the gold reserve, which it did by the purchase, under contract, of 3,500,000 ounces of gold coin, which were paid for with United States 4 per cent thirty-year bonds, amounting to $62,315,400. Another sale of $100,000,000 of 4 per cent thirty-year bonds was made through popular subscriptions, invited in January, 1896. The total amount of bonds thus issued since 1893 to protect the gold reserve was $262,315,400, and the total proceeds thereof, in gold coin, was $293,454,286.74.

The amount of United States bonds outstanding July 1, 1896, was as follows:

4½ per cent bonds continued at 2 per cent	$25,364,500
4 per cent bonds of 1907	559,636,850
5 per cent bonds of 1904	100,000,000
4 per cent bonds of 1925	162,315,400
Total	847,316,750

All these bonds were sold at not less than par for gold coin, or its equivalent; they are all redeemable in coin of the standard value of July 14, 1870, which was the date of the first of the refunding acts. The standard weights and fineness for coins at that date were the same as at present, the gold unit being a dollar of the standard weight of 25.8 grains and the silver unit being the silver dollar of the standard weight of 412½ grains. The interest on all these bonds is payable quarterly in coin of the same standard.

The Government has never issued any bonds payable, by their terms, either principal or interest, in gold coin or in silver coin. Before the war, the obligations of the Government contained no statement as to the kind of money in which they should be paid, and none of the war obligations contained any such provision, except the certificates of temporary loan and the 7-30 notes of 1864 and 1865, which were all payable, by their terms, in lawful money.

Copies of the regulations of this Department for the issue, exchange, transfer, and redemption of United States bonds may be had upon application to the Secretary of the Treasury.

COINS AND PAPER CURRENCY.

There are ten different kinds of money in circulation in the United States, namely, gold coins, standard silver dollars, subsidiary silver, gold certificates, silver certificates, Treasury notes issued under the act of July 14, 1890, United States notes (also called greenbacks and legal tenders), national-bank notes, and nickel and bronze coins. These forms of money are all available as circulation. While they do not all

possess the full legal-tender quality, each kind has such attributes as to give it currency. The status of each kind is as follows:

Gold coin is legal tender at its nominal or face value for all debts, public and private, when not below the standard weight and limit of tolerance prescribed by law; and when below such standard and limit of tolerance, it is legal tender in proportion to its weight.

Standard silver dollars are legal tender at their nominal or face value in payment of all debts, public and private, without regard to the amount, except where otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract.

Subsidiary silver is legal tender for amounts not exceeding $10 in any one payment.

Treasury notes of the act of July 14, 1890, are legal tender for all debts, public and private, except where otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract.

United States notes are legal tender for all debts, public and private, except duties on imports and interest on the public debt.

Gold certificates, silver certificates, and national-bank notes are *not* legal tender, but both classes of certificates are receivable for all public dues, while national-bank notes are receivable for all public dues, except duties on imports, and may be paid out by the Government for all salaries, and other debts and demands owing by the United States to individuals, corporations, and associations within the United States, except interest on the public debt, and in redemption of the national currency. All national banks are required by law to receive the notes of other national banks at par.

The minor coins of nickel and copper are legal tender to the extent of 25 cents.

GOLD COINS.

The coinage of legal-tender gold was authorized by the first coinage act passed by Congress, April 2, 1792.

The gold unit of value is the dollar which contains 25.8 grains of standard gold 900 fine. The amount of fine gold in the dollar is 23.22 grains, and the remainder of the weight is an alloy of copper. While the gold dollar is the unit and standard of value, the actual coinage of the $1 piece was discontinued under authority of the act of September 26, 1890. Gold is now coined in denominations of $2.50, $5, $10, and $20, called respectively quarter eagles, half eagles, eagles, and double eagles.

The total coinage of gold by the mints of the United States from 1792 to June 30, 1896, is $1,814,692,253, of which it is estimated that $567,931,823 is still in existence as coin in the United States, while the remainder, $1,246,760,430, has been exported or consumed in the arts. The gold bullion now in the United States amounts to $32,268,955.

The basis for the estimate of the amount of gold coin in the United States was established in 1873, when the amount in the vaults of the

national banks and in the Treasury was ascertained from reports to be $98,389,864. To this was added $20,000,000 as an estimate of the amount of gold in use on the Pacific Coast, and $10,000,000 as the amount held by all other banks, and by the people. The amount thus ascertained was $128,389,864, to which have been added from year to year the new coinage reported by the Director of the Mint, and the imports as shown by the custom-house reports; and from which have been deducted the exports and the amounts consumed in the arts. It will be seen that more than two-thirds of the gold coins struck at the mints of the United States have disappeared from circulation.

SILVER COINS.

The silver unit is the dollar which contains 412½ grains of standard silver 900 fine. The amount of fine silver in the dollar is 371¼ grains, and there are 41¼ grains of copper alloy. The standard silver dollar was first authorized by the act of April 2, 1792. Its weight was 416 grains 892.4 fine. It contained the same quantity of fine silver as the present dollar, whose weight and fineness were established by the act of January 18, 1837. The coinage of the standard silver dollar was discontinued by the act of February 12, 1873, and it was restored by the act of February 28, 1878. The total amount coined from 1792 to 1873 was $8,031,238, and the amount coined from 1878 to June 30, 1896, was $430,790,041. The coinage ratio between gold and silver under the act of 1792 was 15 to 1, but by the act of 1837 it was changed to 15.988 to 1 (commonly called 16 to 1). This is the present ratio.

Of the $430,790,041 standard silver dollars coined since February 1878, there were held in the Treasury June 30, 1896, $378,614,043, and the amount outside the Treasury was $52,175,998. Silver certificates to the amount of $342,619,504 have been issued against that amount of the standard silver dollars held in the Treasury. The commercial value of an ounce of fine silver June 30, 1896, was $0.6924, and the commercial value of the silver in the silver dollar on that date was 53.55 cents.

SUBSIDIARY SILVER.

The silver coins of smaller denominations than one dollar, authorized by the act of April 2, 1792, were half dollars, quarter dollars, dimes, and half dimes. They were the equivalent in value of the fractional parts of a dollar which they represented—that is, two half dollars were equal in weight to one silver dollar, and so on. These coins were full legal tender, when of standard weight, and those of less than full weight were legal tender at values proportional to their respective weights.

By the act of February 21, 1853, the weight of the fractional silver coins was reduced so that the half dollar weighed only 192 grains, and all the smaller denominations were reduced in proportion. Their legal tender quality was at the same time limited to $5, and they thus became subsidiary coins. The present subsidiary coins are half dollars, quarter

dollars, and dimes. Their weight is slightly different from that prescribed by the act of 1853; but the limit of their legal-tender quality has been raised to $10, and $86,096,860.40 have been coined since 1873.

The amount of full-weight fractional silver coined prior to 1853 was $76,734,964.50, and the amount of subsidiary silver coined since that year is $144,942,175.50.

There was a period, from 1862 to 1876, when there was no fractional silver coin in circulation in the United States except on the Pacific Coast. During this period the small change of the country consisted of fractional paper currency, which will be described in its place.

ISSUE OF STANDARD SILVER DOLLARS AND FRACTIONAL SILVER COIN.

Standard silver dollars are issued by the Treasurer and assistant treasurers in redemption of silver certificates and Treasury notes of 1890, and are sent by express, at the expense of the Government, in sums or multiples of $500, for silver certificates or Treasury notes of 1890 deposited with the Treasurer or any assistant treasurer.

Upon the deposit of an equivalent sum in United States currency or national-bank notes with the Treasurer or any assistant treasurer or national-bank depositary, fractional silver coin will be paid in any amount by the Treasurer or assistant treasurers in the cities where their several offices are, or will be sent by express, in sums of $200 or more, at the expense of the Government, or by registered mail, at the risk of the consignee, in packages of $50, registration free, from the most convenient Treasury office, to the order of the depositor. For this purpose drafts may be sent to the Treasurer or the assistant treasurer in New York, payable in their respective cities to the order of the officer to whom sent.

PAPER MONEY.

The first paper money ever issued by the Government of the United States was authorized by the acts of July 17 and August 5, 1861. The notes issued were called "demand notes," because they were payable on demand at certain designated subtreasuries. They were receivable for all public dues, and the Secretary was authorized to reissue them when received; but the time within which such reissues might be made was limited to December 31, 1862. The amount authorized by these acts was $50,000,000. An additional issue of $10,000,000 was authorized by the act of February 12, 1862, and there were reissues amounting to $30,000. The demand notes were paid in gold when presented for redemption and they were received for all public dues, and these two qualities prevented their depreciation. All other United States notes were depreciated in value from 1862 until the resumption of specie payments, as shown by the table hereinafter following. The act of February 25, 1862, provided for the substitution of United States notes in place of the demand notes, and they were, therefore, canceled when received. By July 1, 1863, all except $3,770,000

had been retired, and nearly three millions of this small remainder were canceled during the next fiscal year. These notes were not legal tender when first issued, but they were afterwards made so by the act of March 17, 1862.

UNITED STATES NOTES.

The principal issue of United States paper money was officially called United States notes. These were the well-known "greenbacks" or "legal tenders." The act of February 25, 1862, authorized the issue of $150,000,000, of which $50,000,000 were in lieu of an equal amount of demand notes, and could be issued only as the demand notes were canceled. A second issue of $150,000,000 was authorized by the act of July 11, 1862, of which, however, $50,000,000 was to be a temporary issue for the redemption of a debt known as the temporary loan. A third issue of $150,000,000 was authorized by the act of March 3, 1863. The total amount authorized, including the temporary issue, was $450,000,000, and the highest amount outstanding at any time was $449,338,902 on January 30, 1864. There are still outstanding $346,681,016.

The reduction from the original permanent issue of $400,000,000 to $346,681,016 was caused as follows: The act of April 12, 1866, provided that United States notes might be retired to the extent of $10,000,000 during the ensuing six months, and that thereafter they might be retired at the rate of not more than $4,000,000 per month. This authority remained in force until it was suspended by the act of February 4, 1868. The authorized amount of reduction during this period was about $70,000,000, but the actual reduction was only about $44,000,000. No change was made in the volume of United States notes outstanding until after the panic of 1873, when, in response to popular demand, the Government reissued $26,000,000 of the canceled notes.

This brought the amount oustanding to $382,000,000, and it so remained until the resumption act of January 14, 1875, provided for its reduction to $300,000,000. The process was, however, again stopped by the act of May 31, 1878, which required the notes to be reissued when redeemed. At that time the amount outstanding was $346,681,016, which is the present amount. The amount of United States notes redeemed from the fund raised for resumption purposes since January 1, 1879, to June 30, 1896, was $426,190,220; but the volume outstanding is undiminished because of the provisions of the act of May 31, 1878, which require the notes so redeemed to be paid out again and kept in circulation.

GOLD CERTIFICATES.

The act of March 3, 1863, authorized the Secretary of the Treasury to receive deposits of gold coin and bullion in sums not less than $20, and to issue certificates therefor in denominations not less than $20,

said certificates to be receivable for duties on imports. Under this act deposits of gold were received and certificates issued until January 1, 1879, when the practice was discontinued by order of the Secretary of the Treasury. The purpose of the order was to prevent the holders of United States notes from presenting them for redemption in gold, and redepositing the gold in exchange for gold certificates. No certificates were issued after January 1, 1879, until the passage of the bank act of July 12, 1882, which authorized and directed the Secretary of the Treasury to receive gold coin and bullion and issue certificates.

This act, however, provided that "the Secretary of the Treasury shall suspend the issue of gold certificates whenever the amount of gold coin and gold bullion in the Treasury, reserved for the redemption of United States notes, falls below one hundred millions of dollars." The highest amount of gold certificates outstanding at the close of any fiscal year was $157,542,979, on July 1, 1890, and the amount now outside the Treasury is $42,320,759. The act of July 12, 1882, made them receivable for customs, taxes, and all public dues.

SILVER CERTIFICATES.

The act of February 28, 1878, authorizing the issue of the standard silver dollar, provided that any holder of such dollars might deposit them in sums not less than $10 with the Treasurer or any assistant treasurer of the United States, and receive certificates therefor, in denominations not less than $10, said certificates to be receivable for customs, taxes, and all public dues. The act of August 4, 1886, authorized the issue of the smaller denominations of $1, $2, and $5. Silver certificates have practically taken the place in circulation of the standard silver dollars which they represent. The amount outside the Treasury July 1, 1896, was $331,259,509, while the amount of standard silver dollars outside the Treasury was only $52,175,998. Neither silver certificates nor silver dollars are redeemed in gold.

TREASURY NOTES, ACT OF JULY 14, 1890.

These notes were authorized by the act of July 14, 1890, commonly called the "Sherman Act." The Secretary of the Treasury was directed to purchase each month 4,500,000 ounces of fine silver at the market price, and to pay for the same with Treasury notes redeemable on demand in coin, and legal tender for all debts, public and private, except where otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract. It was provided in the act that when the notes should be redeemed or received for dues they might be reissued; but that no greater or less amount of such notes should be "outstanding at any time than the cost of the silver bullion and the standard silver dollars coined therefrom, then held in the Treasury, purchased by such notes."

The authority for the purchase of silver bullion under this act was repealed by the act of November 1, 1893, up to which date the

Government had purchased 168,674,682.53 fine ounces, at a cost of $155,931,002, for which Treasury notes were issued. The amount of silver bullion purchased under said act, and now held in the Treasury, is 131,838,199.46 fine ounces, which cost $118,903,909.23. When coined it will produce $170,457,470, of which $51,553,560.77 will be gain or seigniorage. The amount of Treasury notes redeemed in gold up to the close of the fiscal year 1896 was $80,073,325, and the amount redeemed in standard silver dollars was $26,247,722. Treasury notes redeemed in standard silver dollars are canceled and retired in accordance with the requirements of the act of 1890. Those redeemed in gold are reissued as required in the course of business.

Copies of the Treasury regulations governing the issue and redemption of currency can be procured by application to the Department.

FRACTIONAL CURRENCY.

When specie payments were suspended, about January 1, 1862, both gold and silver coins disappeared from circulation. The place of the subsidiary silver coins was for a time supplied by the use of tickets, duebills, and other forms of private obligations, which were issued by merchants, manufacturers, and others whose business required them to "make change." Congress soon interfered and authorized, first, the use of postage stamps for change; second, a modified form of postage stamp called postal currency, and finally fractional paper currency in denominations corresponding to the subsidiary silver coins. The highest amount authorized was $50,000,000. The highest amount outstanding at any time was $49,102,660.27, and the amount still outstanding, though not in use as money, is $15,267,122.47, of which $8,375,934 is officially estimated to have been destroyed.

REDEMPTION.

Gold coins and *standard silver dollars* being standard coins of the United States are not "redeemable."

Subsidiary coins and *minor coins* may be presented in sums or multiples of twenty dollars to the Treasurer of the United States or to an assistant treasurer for redemption or exchange into lawful money.

United States notes are redeemable in "coin," in sums not less than $50, by the assistant treasurers in New York and San Francisco.

Treasury notes of 1890 are redeemable in "coin," in sums not less than $50, by the Treasurer and all assistant treasurers of the United States.

National-bank notes are redeemable in lawful money of the United States by the Treasurer, but not by the assistant treasurers. They are also redeemable at the bank of issue. In order to provide for the redemption of its notes when presented, every national bank is required by law to keep on deposit with the Treasurer a sum equal to 5 per cent of its circulation.

Gold certificates being receipts for gold coin, are redeemable in such coin by the Treasurer and all assistant treasurers of the United States.

Silver certificates are receipts for standard silver dollars deposited, and are redeemable in such dollars only.

"*Coin*" *obligations* of the Government are redeemed in gold coin when gold is demanded, and in silver when silver is demanded.

Coinage executed at the mints of the United States during the six months ended June 30, 1896.

Denomination.	Pieces.	Value.
Double eagles	1,091,320	$21,826,400.00
Eagles	26,278	262,780.00
Half eagles	83,936	419,680.00
Quarter eagles	5,885	14,712.50
Total gold	1,207,419	22,523,572.50
Dollars	7,500,412	7,500,412.00
Half dollars	1,099,315	549,657.50
Quarter dollars	2,950,412	737,603.00
Dimes	690,412	69,041.20
Total silver	12,240,551	8,856,713.70
Five-cent nickels	4,790,212	239,510.60
One-cent bronze	22,657,572	226,575.72
Total minor	27,447,784	466,086.32
Total coinage	40,895,754	31,846,372.52

Coins of the United States.

GOLD.

Denomination.	Fine gold contained.	Alloy contained.*	Weight.
	Grains.	*Grains.*	*Grains.*
One dollar ($1)	23.22	2.58	25.80
Quarter eagle ($2.50)	58.05	6.45	64.50
Three dollars ($3)	69.66	7.74	77.40
Half eagle ($5)	116.10	12.90	129.00
Eagle ($10)	232.20	25.80	258.00
Double eagle ($20)	464.40	51.60	516.00

* The alloy neither adds to nor detracts from the value of the coin.

SILVER.

Denomination.	Fine silver contained.	Alloy contained.	Weight.
	Grains.	*Grains.*	*Grains.*
Standard dollar	371.25	41.25	412.50
Half dollar	173.61	19.29	192.90
Quarter dollar	86.805	9.645	96.45
Dime	34.722	3.858	38.58

Prior to the act of February 21, 1853, all silver coins were legal tender in all payments whatsoever. The act of February 21, 1853, reduced the weight of all silver coins of less denomination than the silver dollar about 7 per cent, to be coined on Government account only, and made them legal tender in payment of debts for all sums not exceeding $5.

Coins of the United States—Continued.

MINOR.

Denomination.	Fine copper contained.	Alloy contained.	Weight.
	Grains.	*Grains.*	*Grains.*
Five cents*	57.87	19.20	77.16
One cent†	45.60	2.40	48

* Seventy-five per cent copper, 25 per cent nickel.
† Ninety-five per cent copper, 5 per cent tin and zinc.

Troy weights are used, and while metric weights are by law assigned to the half and quarter dollar and dime, troy weights still continue to be employed, 15.432 grains being considered as the equivalent of a gram, agreeably to the act of July 28, 1866.

The weight of $1,000 in United States gold coin is 53.75 troy ounces, equivalent to 3.68 pounds avoirdupois. The weight of $1,000 in standard silver dollars is 859.375 troy ounces, equivalent to 58.92 pounds avoirdupois, and the weight of $1,000 in subsidiary silver is 803.75 troy ounces, equivalent to 55.11 pounds avoirdupois.

COINAGE OF THE UNITED STATES.

The following table exhibits the number of fine ounces and value of gold and silver coinage of the United States by calendar years, from 1873 to 1895:

Coinage of gold and silver by the mints of the United States, 1873–1895.

Calendar years.	Gold.		Silver.	
	Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Coining value.
1873	2,758,475	$57,022,748	3,112,891	$4,024,748
1874	1,705,441	35,254,630	5,299,421	6,851,777
1875	1,594,050	32,951,940	11,870,635	15,347,893
1876	2,253,281	46,579,453	18,951,777	24,503,308
1877	2,128,493	43,999,864	21,960,246	28,393,045
1878	2,408,400	49,786,052	22,057,548	28,518,850
1879	1,890,499	39,080,080	21,323,498	27,569,776
1880	3,014,163	62,308,279	21,201,232	27,411,694
1881	4,685,162	96,850,890	21,609,970	27,940,164
1882	3,187,317	65,887,685	21,635,469	27,973,132
1883	1,414,581	29,241,990	22,620,701	29,246,968
1884	1,160,601	23,991,756	22,069,935	28,534,866
1885	1,343,519	27,773,012	22,400,433	28,962,176
1886	1,400,240	28,945,542	24,817,064	32,086,709
1887	1,159,664	23,972,383	27,218,101	35,191,081
1888	1,518,046	31,380,808	25,543,242	33,025,606
1889	1,035,899	21,413,931	27,454,465	35,496,683
1890	990,100	20,467,182	30,320,999	39,202,903
1891	1,413,614	29,222,005	21,284,115	27,518,857
1892	1,682,832	34,787,223	9,777,084	12,641,078
1893	2,757,231	56,997,020	6,808,413	8,802,797
1894	3,848,045	79,546,160	7,115,896	9,200,351
1895	2,883,941	59,616,358	4,407,055	5,698,010
Total	48,233,594	997,076,991	420,860,190	544,142,477

Coinage of gold and silver since November 1, 1893, the date of the repeal of the purchasing clause of the act of July 14, 1890, to June 30, 1896.

November 1, 1893, to June 30, 1896.	Gold.	Silver dollars.	Subsidiary silver.
November and December, 1893	$20, 627, 917. 50	$227	$848, 533. 30
Calendar year 1894	79, 546, 160. 00	3, 093, 972	6, 106, 378. 85
Calendar year 1895	59, 616, 357. 50	862, 880	4, 855, 130. 25
January to June 30, 1896	22, 523, 572. 50	7, 500, 412	1, 356, 301. 70
Total	182, 314, 007. 50	11, 457, 491	13, 186, 344. 10

Coinage of silver coins, by acts and denominations, from 1792 to June 30, 1896.

Denomination.	1792 to 1853.	1853 to Feb. 12, 1873.	Feb. 12, 1873, to June 30, 1896.	Total silver.
Dollars	$2, 506, 890. 00	$5, 524, 348. 00	$430, 790, 041. 00	$438, 821, 279. 00
Trade dollars			35, 965, 924. 00	35, 965, 924. 00
Total dollars	2, 506, 890. 00	5, 524, 348. 00	466, 755, 965. 00	474, 787, 203. 00
Half dollars	66, 280, 640. 50	32, 666, 832. 50	33, 714, 835. 00	132, 662, 308. 00
Half dollars, Columbian			2, 501, 052. 50	2, 501, 052. 50
Quarter dollars	3, 994, 040. 50	17, 879, 790. 50	29, 292, 335. 75	51, 166, 166. 75
Quarter dollars, Columbian			10, 005. 75	10, 005. 75
Twenty-cent pieces			271, 000. 00	271, 000. 00
Dimes	3, 890, 230. 10	4, 908, 520. 00	20, 105, 550. 40	28, 904, 300. 50
Half dimes	1, 825, 126. 40	3, 055, 093. 00		4, 880, 219. 40
Three-cent pieces	744, 927. 00	537, 160. 20		1, 282, 087. 20
Total subsidiary	76, 734, 964. 50	59, 047, 396. 20	85, 894, 779. 40	221, 677, 140. 10
Total silver	79, 241, 854. 50	64, 571, 744. 20	552, 650, 744. 40	696, 464, 343. 10

Fractional silver coinage, 1792 to 1853	$76, 734, 964. 50
Subsidiary silver coinage, 1853 to February 12, 1873	59, 047, 396. 20
Subsidiary silver coinage, February 12, 1873, to June 30, 1896	85, 894, 779. 40
Total	221, 677, 140. 10

The following table exhibits the value of the pure silver in a silver dollar at prices of silver per ounce fine from $0.50 to $1.2929, or parity:

Price of silver per fine ounce.	Value of pure silver in a silver dollar.	Price of silver per fine ounce.	Value of pure silver in a silver dollar.	Price of silver per fine ounce.	Value of pure silver in a silver dollar.
$0.50	$0.387	$0.77	$0.596	$1.04	$0.804
.51	.394	.78	.603	1.05	.812
.52	.402	.79	.611	1.06	.820
.53	.410	.80	.619	1.07	.828
.54	.418	.81	.626	1.08	.835
.55	.425	.82	.634	1.09	.843
.56	.433	.83	.642	1.10	.851
.57	.441	.84	.650	1.11	.859
.58	.449	.85	.657	1.12	.866
.59	.456	.86	.665	1.13	.874
.60	.464	.87	.673	1.14	.882
.61	.472	.88	.681	1.15	.889
.62	.480	.89	.688	1.16	.897
.63	.487	.90	.696	1.17	.905
.64	.495	.91	.704	1.18	.913
.65	.503	.92	.712	1.19	.920
.66	.510	.93	.719	1.20	.928
.67	.518	.94	.727	1.21	.936
.68	.526	.95	.735	1.22	.944
.69	.534	.96	.742	1.23	.951
.70	.541	.97	.750	1.24	.959
.71	.549	.98	.758	1.25	.967
.72	.557	.99	.766	1.26	.975
.73	.565	1.00	.773	1.27	.982
.74	.572	1.01	.781	1.28	.990
.75	.580	1.02	.789	1.29	.998
.76	.588	1.03	.797	*1.2929	1.00

* Parity.

Bullion value of 371¼ grains of pure silver at the annual average price of silver each year from 1837 to 1895, inclusive.

Year.	Value.	Year.	Value.	Year.	Value.	Year.	Value.
1837	$1.009	1852	$1.025	1867	$1.027	1882	$0.878
1838	1.008	1853	1.042	1868	1.025	1883	.858
1839	1.023	1854	1.042	1869	1.024	1884	.861
1840	1.023	1855	1.039	1870	1.027	1885	.823
1841	1.018	1856	1.039	1871	1.025	1886	.769
1842	1.007	1857	1.046	1872	1.022	1887	.756
1843	1.003	1858	1.039	1873	1.004	1888	.727
1844	1.008	1859	1.052	1874	.988	1889	.723
1845	1.004	1860	1.045	1875	.964	1890	.809
1846	1.005	1861	1.031	1876	.894	1891	.764
1847	1.011	1862	1.041	1877	.929	1892	.673
1848	1.008	1863	1.040	1878	.891	1893	.603
1849	1.013	1864	1.040	1879	.868	1894	.491
1850	1.018	1865	1.035	1880	.886	1895	.505
1851	1.034	1866	1.036	1881	.880	1896 (6 months)	.528

Coinage value in gold of an ounce of fine silver at the ratios 1:15–1:33.

Ratio.	Value of an ounce of fine silver.	Ratio.	Value of an ounce of fine silver.	Ratio.	Value of an ounce of fine silver.
1 to 15	$1.3780	1 to 20½	$1.0083	1 to 27	$0.7656
1 to 15½	1.3336	1 to 21	.9843	1 to 27½	.7517
1 to 15.988 (United States ratio)	1.2929	1 to 21½	.9614	1 to 28	.7382
1 to 16	1.2919	1 to 22	.9396	1 to 28½	.7253
1 to 16½	1.2527	1 to 22½	.9187	1 to 29	.7109
1 to 17	1.2159	1 to 23	.8987	1 to 29½	.7007
1 to 17½	1.1811	1 to 23½	.8796	1 to 30	.6890
1 to 18	1.1483	1 to 24	.8613	1 to 30½	.6777
1 to 18½	1.1173	1 to 24½	.8437	1 to 31	.6668
1 to 19	1.0879	1 to 25	.8268	1 to 31½	.6562
1 to 19½	1.0600	1 to 25½	.8106	1 to 32	.6459
1 to 20	1.0335	1 to 26	.7950	1 to 32½	.6360
		1 to 26½	.7800	1 to 33	.6264

Highest, lowest, and average price of bar silver in London per ounce, British standard (.925), since 1833, and the equivalent in United States gold coin of an ounce 1,000 fine taken at the average price.

Calendar year.	Lowest quotation.	Highest quotation.	Average quotation.	Value of an ounce, fine, at average quotation.	Calendar year.	Lowest quotation.	Highest quotation.	Average quotation.	Value of an ounce, fine, at average quotation.
	d.	*d.*	*d.*	*Dollars.*		*d.*	*d.*	*d.*	*Dollars.*
1833	58¾	59⅞	59 3/16	1.207	1865	60⅛	61⅝	61 1/16	1.338
1834	59¾	60¾	59 15/16	1.313	1866	60⅝	62½	61⅛	1.339
1835	59½	60	59 11/16	1.308	1867	60⅝	61½	60 5/16	1.328
1836	59⅝	60⅝	60	1.315	1868	60⅛	61⅜	60½	1.326
1837	59	60⅝	59 5/16	1.305	1869	60	61	60 7/16	1.325
1838	59½	60⅛	59½	1.304	1870	60½	60¾	60 5/16	1.328
1839	60	60⅝	60⅜	1.323	1871	60 5/16	61	60½	1.326
1840	60⅛	60¾	60⅝	1.323	1872	59½	61⅛	60 7/16	1.322
1841	59¾	60⅝	60 1/16	1.316	1873	57⅞	59 15/16	59¼	1.298
1842	59½	60	59 7/16	1.303	1874	57¼	59½	58 5/16	1.278
1843	59	59⅝	59 3/16	1.297	1875	55½	57⅞	56⅞	1.246
1844	59½	59¾	59½	1.304	1876	46¾	58½	52¾	1.156
1845	58⅞	59⅞	59¼	1.298	1877	53½	58¾	54 13/16	1.201
1846	59	60⅛	59 5/16	1.300	1878	49½	55¼	52 5/16	1.152
1847	58⅞	60⅜	59 11/16	1.308	1879	48⅞	53¾	51¼	1.123
1848	58½	60	59½	1.304	1880	51⅝	52⅞	52¼	1.145
1849	59½	60	59¾	1.309	1881	50⅞	52⅞	51 15/16	1.138
1850	59½	61¼	61 1/16	1.316	1882	50	52⅜	51 13/16	1.136
1851	60	61⅝	61	1.337	1883	50	51 3/16	50⅝	1.110
1852	59⅞	61⅞	60⅛	1.326	1884	49½	51⅜	50¾	1.113
1853	60⅜	61⅞	61⅛	1.348	1885	46⅞	50	48 5/16	1.0645
1854	60⅞	61⅞	61⅛	1.348	1886	42	47	45⅝	0.9946
1855	60	61⅝	61 5/16	1.344	1887	43¼	47⅛	44⅝	0.97823
1856	60½	62¼	61 5/16	1.344	1888	41⅜	44 3/16	42⅞	0.93974
1857	61	62⅜	61¾	1.353	1889	42	44⅜	41 15/16	0.93512
1858	60¾	61⅞	61 5/16	1.344	1890	43⅜	54⅜	47¾	1.04633
1859	61¾	62¾	62 1/16	1.360	1891	43½	48¾	45 1/16	0.98782
1860	61¼	62⅜	61 11/16	1.352	1892	37⅞	43¾	39¾	0.87106
1861	60½	61¾	60 13/16	1.333	1893	30½	38¾	35 3/16	0.78031
1862	61	62⅛	61 7/16	1.346	1894	27	31¾	28⅞	0.63479
1863	61	61¾	61⅜	1.345	1895	27 3/16	31⅜	29 13/16	0.65406
1864	60⅝	62½	61⅜	1.345	1896 (6 months)	30½	31 15/16	31 3/16	0.68158

Commercial ratio of silver to gold each year since 1687.

[NOTE.—From 1687 to 1832 the ratios are taken from Dr. A. Soetbeer; from 1833 to 1878 from Pixley and Abell's tables, and from 1879 to 1894 from daily cablegrams from London to the Bureau of the Mint.]

Year.	Ratio.	Year.	Ratio.	Year.	Ratio.	Year.	Ratio.	Year.	Ratio.	Year.	Ratio.
1687	14.94	1723	15.20	1759	14.15	1795	15.55	1831	15.72	1867	15.57
1688	14.94	1724	15.11	1760	14.14	1796	15.65	1832	15.73	1868	15.59
1689	15.02	1725	15.11	1761	14.54	1797	15.41	1833	15.93	1869	15.60
1690	15.02	1726	15.15	1762	15.27	1798	15.59	1834	15.73	1870	15.57
1691	14.98	1727	15.24	1763	14.99	1799	15.74	1835	15.80	1871	15.57
1692	14.92	1728	15.11	1764	14.70	1800	15.68	1836	15.72	1872	15.63
1693	14.83	1729	14.92	1765	14.83	1801	15.46	1837	15.83	1873	15.92
1694	14.87	1730	14.81	1766	14.80	1802	15.26	1838	15.85	1874	16.17
1695	15.02	1731	14.94	1767	14.85	1803	15.41	1839	15.62	1875	16.59
1696	15.00	1732	15.09	1768	14.80	1804	15.41	1840	15.62	1876	17.88
1697	15.20	1733	15.18	1769	14.72	1805	15.79	1841	15.70	1877	17.22
1698	15.07	1734	15.39	1770	14.62	1806	15.52	1842	15.87	1878	17.94
1699	14.94	1735	15.41	1771	14.66	1807	15.43	1843	15.93	1879	18.40
1700	14.81	1736	15.18	1772	14.52	1808	16.08	1844	15.85	1880	18.05
1701	15.07	1737	15.02	1773	14.62	1809	15.96	1845	15.92	1881	18.16
1702	15.52	1738	14.91	1774	14.62	1810	15.77	1846	15.90	1882	18.19
1703	15.17	1739	14.91	1775	14.72	1811	15.53	1847	15.80	1883	18.64
1704	15.22	1740	14.94	1776	14.55	1812	16.11	1848	15.85	1884	18.57
1705	15.11	1741	14.92	1777	14.54	1813	16.25	1849	15.78	1885	19.41
1706	15.27	1742	14.85	1778	14.68	1814	15.04	1850	15.70	1886	20.78
1707	15.44	1743	14.85	1779	14.80	1815	15.26	1851	15.46	1887	21.13
1708	15.41	1744	14.87	1780	14.72	1816	15.28	1852	15.59	1888	21.99
1709	15.31	1745	14.98	1781	14.78	1817	15.11	1853	15.33	1889	22.10
1710	15.22	1746	15.13	1782	14.42	1818	15.35	1854	15.33	1890	19.76
1711	15.29	1747	15.26	1783	14.48	1819	15.33	1855	15.38	1891	20.92
1712	15.31	1748	15.11	1784	14.70	1820	15.62	1856	15.38	1892	23.72
1713	15.24	1749	14.80	1785	14.92	1821	15.95	1857	15.27	1893	26.49
1714	15.13	1750	14.55	1786	14.96	1822	15.80	1858	15.38	1894	32.56
1715	15.11	1751	14.39	1787	14.92	1823	15.84	1859	15.19	1895	31.60
1716	15.09	1752	14.54	1788	14.65	1824	15.82	1860	15.29	1896 (6 months)	30.32
1717	15.13	1753	14.54	1789	14.75	1825	15.70	1861	15.50		
1718	15.11	1754	14.48	1790	15.04	1826	15.76	1862	15.35		
1719	15.09	1755	14.68	1791	15.05	1827	15.74	1863	15.37		
1720	15.04	1756	14.94	1792	15.17	1828	15.78	1864	15.37		
1721	15.05	1757	14.87	1793	15.00	1829	15.78	1865	15.44		
1722	15.17	1758	14.85	1794	15.37	1830	15.82	1866	15.43		

Amount, cost, and average price paid each year and bullion value of a silver dollar coined from bullion purchased under the act of February 28, 1878.

Fiscal year.	Fine ounces.	Cost.	Average price per fine ounce.	Bullion value of a silver dollar.
1878	10,809,350.58	$13,023,268.96	$1.2048	$0.8318
1879	19,248,086.00	21,593,642.99	1.1218	.8876
1880	22,057,862.54	25,235,081.53	1.1440	.8848
1881	19,709,227.11	22,827,874.75	1.1328	.8761
1882	21,190,200.87	24,054,480.47	1.1351	.8779
1883	22,889,241.24	25,577,827.58	1.1174	.8642
1884	21,922,951.52	24,378,383.91	1.1120	.8600
1885	21,791,171.61	23,747,460.25	1.0897	.8428
1886	22,690,652.94	23,448,960.01	1.0334	.7992
1887	26,490,008.04	25,988,620.46	.9810	.7587
1888	25,386,125.32	24,237,553.20	.9547	.7384
1889	26,468,861.03	24,717,853.81	.9338	.7222
1890	27,820,900.05	26,899,326.33	.9668	.7477
1891	2,797,379.52	3,049,426.46	1.0901	.8431
Total	291,272,018.56	308,279,260.71	1.0583	.8185

Amount, cost, average price, and bullion value of the silver dollar of silver purchased under the act of July 14, 1890.

Fiscal year.	Fine ounces.	Cost.	Average price per fine ounce.	Bullion value of a silver dollar.
1891	48,393,113.05	$50,577,498.44	$1.0451	$0.8083
1892	54,355,748.10	51,106,607.96	.9402	.7271
1893	54,008,162.60	45,531,374.53	.8430	.6520
1894	11,917,658.78	8,715,521.32	.7313	.5656
Total	168,674,682.53	155,931,002.25	.9244	.7150

Highest, lowest, and average value of a United States silver dollar, measured by the market price of silver, and the quantity of silver purchasable with a dollar at the average London price of silver, each year since 1873.

Calendar year.	Bullion value of a silver dollar.			Grains of pure silver at average price purchasable with a United States silver dollar.*
	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	
1873	$1.016	$0.981	$1.004	369.77
1874	1.008	.970	.988	375.76
1875	.977	.941	.964	385.11
1876	.991	.792	.894	415.27
1877	.987	.902	.929	399.62
1878	.936	.839	.891	416.66
1879	.911	.828	.868	427.70
1880	.896	.875	.886	419.49
1881	.896	.862	.881	421.87
1882	.887	.847	.878	422.83
1883	.868	.847	.858	432.69
1884	.871	.839	.861	431.18
1885	.847	.794	.823	451.09
1886	.797	.712	.769	482.77
1887	.799	.733	.758	489.78
1888	.755	.706	.727	510.66
1889	.752	.746	.724	512.93
1890	.926	.740	.810	458.83
1891	.827	.738	.764	485.76
1892	.742	.642	.674	550.79
1893	.655	.513	.604	615.10
1894	.538	.457	.491	756.04
1895	.532	.461	.505	733.87
1896 (six months)	.539	.517	.528	704.03

* 371.25 grains of pure silver are contained in a silver dollar.

Coinage of gold and silver of the mints of the world for the calendar years 1873–1894.

Calendar year.	Gold.		Silver.	
	Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Coining value.
1873	12,462,890	$257,630,802	101,741,421	$131,544,464
1874	6,568,279	136,778,887	79,610,876	102,931,232
1875	9,480,892	195,987,428	92,747,118	119,915,467
1876	10,309,645	213,119,278	97,899,525	126,577,164
1877	9,753,196	201,616,466	88,449,766	114,359,832
1878	9,113,202	188,386,611	124,671,870	161,191,913
1879	4,390,167	90,762,811	81,124,556	104,888,313
1880	7,242,951	149,725,081	85,442,074	84,611,974
1881	7,111,864	147,015,275	83,539,051	108,010,086
1882	4,822,951	99,697,170	85,685,996	110,785,934
1883	5,071,882	104,845,114	84,541,904	109,306,705
1884	4,810,061	99,432,795	74,120,127	95,832,084
1885	4,632,273	95,757,582	98,044,475	126,764,574
1886	4,578,310	94,642,070	96,566,844	124,854,101
1887	6,018,510	124,992,455	126,388,602	163,411,397
1888	6,522,346	134,828,855	104,354,000	134,922,844
1889	8,170,611	168,901,519	107,788,256	139,362,595
1890	7,219,725	149,244,965	117,789,228	152,293,144
1891	5,782,463	119,534,122	106,962,049	138,294,367
1892	8,343,387	172,473,124	120,282,947	155,517,347
1893	11,243,342	232,420,617	106,697,783	137,952,690
1894	11,025,680	227,921,032	87,472,523	113,095,788
Total	164,702,527	3,404,703,469	2,131,920,919	2,756,423,015

The following table shows the production of the precious metals in the world for the calendar years 1873–1895:

Production of gold and silver in the world for the calendar years 1873–1895.

Year.	Gold.		Silver.		
	Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Commercial value.	Coining value.
1873	4,653,675	$96,200,000	63,267,187	$82,120,800	$81,800,000
1874	4,390,031	90,750,000	55,300,781	70,674,400	71,500,000
1875	4,716,563	97,500,000	62,261,719	77,578,100	80,500,000
1876	5,016,488	103,700,000	67,753,125	78,322,600	87,600,000
1877	5,512,196	113,947,200	62,679,916	75,278,600	81,040,700
1878	5,761,114	119,092,800	73,385,451	84,540,000	94,882,200
1879	5,262,174	108,778,800	74,383,495	83,532,700	96,172,600
1880	5,148,880	106,436,800	74,795,273	85,640,000	96,705,000
1881	4,983,742	103,023,100	79,020,872	89,925,700	102,168,400
1882	4,934,086	101,996,600	86,472,091	98,232,300	111,802,300
1883	4,614,588	95,392,000	89,175,023	98,984,300	115,297,000
1884	4,921,169	101,729,600	81,567,801	90,785,000	105,461,400
1885	5,245,572	108,435,000	91,609,959	97,518,800	118,445,200
1886	5,135,679	106,163,900	93,297,290	92,793,500	120,626,800
1887	5,116,861	105,774,900	96,123,586	94,031,000	124,281,000
1888	5,330,775	110,196,900	108,827,606	102,185,900	140,706,400
1889	5,973,790	123,489,200	120,213,611	112,414,100	155,427,700
1890	5,749,306	118,848,700	126,095,062	131,937,000	163,032,000
1891	6,320,194	130,650,000	137,170,919	135,500,200	177,352,300
1892	7,102,180	146,815,100	153,151,762	133,404,400	198,014,400
1893	7,608,787	157,287,600	166,092,047	129,551,800	214,745,300
1894	8,737,788	180,626,100	167,752,561	106,522,900	216,892,200
1895*	9,820,125	203,000,000	174,796,875	114,327,600	226,000,000
Total	132,055,763	2,729,834,900	2,305,194,012	2,265,802,300	2,980,452,900

*Estimated.

The silver product is given at its commercial value, reckoned at the average market price of silver each year, as well as its coining value in United States dollars.

Product of gold and silver from mines in the United States, 1873–1895.

Calendar year.	Gold.		Silver.		
	Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Commercial value.	Coining value.
1873	1,741,500	$36,000,000	27,650,000	$35,890,000	$35,750,000
1874	1,620,663	33,500,000	28,849,000	36,869,000	37,300,000
1875	1,615,725	33,400,000	24,518,000	30,549,000	31,700,000
1876	1,930,162	39,900,000	30,009,000	34,690,000	38,800,000
1877	2,268,788	46,900,000	30,783,000	36,970,000	39,800,000
1878	2,476,800	51,200,000	34,960,000	40,270,000	45,200,000
1879	1,881,787	38,900,000	31,550,000	35,430,000	40,800,000
1880	1,741,500	36,000,000	30,320,000	34,720,000	39,200,000
1881	1,678,012	34,700,000	33,260,000	37,850,000	43,000,000
1882	1,572,187	32,500,000	36,200,000	41,120,000	46,800,000
1883	1,451,250	30,000,000	35,730,000	39,660,000	46,200,000
1884	1,489,950	30,800,000	37,800,000	42,070,000	48,800,000
1885	1,538,325	31,800,000	39,910,000	42,500,000	51,600,000
1886	1,693,125	35,000,000	39,440,000	39,230,000	51,000,000
1887	1,596,375	33,000,000	41,200,000	40,410,000	53,350,000
1888	1,604,841	33,175,000	45,780,000	43,020,000	59,195,000
1889	1,587,000	32,800,000	50,000,000	46,750,000	64,646,000
1890	1,588,880	32,845,000	54,500,000	57,225,000	70,465,000
1891	1,604,840	33,175,000	58,330,000	57,630,000	75,417,000
1892	1,596,375	33,000,000	63,500,000	55,563,000	82,101,000
1893	1,739,323	35,955,000	60,000,000	46,800,000	77,576,000
1894	1,910,813	39,500,000	49,500,000	31,422,000	64,000,000
1895	2,254,760	46,610,000	55,727,000	36,445,000	72,051,000
Total	40,183,481	830,660,000	939,576,000	943,083,000	1,214,751,000

Product of gold and silver in the United States from 1792 to 1844, and annually since.

[The estimate for 1792-1873 is by R. W. Raymond, Commissioner, and since by Director of the Mint.]

Year.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.
April 2, 1792–July 31, 1834	$14,000,000	Insignificant.	$14,000,000
July 31, 1834–December 31, 1844	7,500,000	$250,000	7,750,000
1845	1,008,327	50,000	1,058,327
1846	1,139,357	50,000	1,189,357
1847	889,085	50,000	939,085
1848	10,000,000	50,000	10,050,000
1849	40,000,000	50,000	40,050,000
1850	50,000,000	50,000	50,050,000
1851	55,000,000	50,000	55,050,000
1852	60,000,000	50,000	60,050,000
1853	65,000,000	50,000	65,050,000
1854	60,000,000	50,000	60,050,000
1855	55,000,000	50,000	55,050,000
1856	55,000,000	50,000	55,050,000
1857	55,000,000	50,000	55,050,000
1858	50,000,000	500,000	50,500,000
1859	50,000,000	100,000	50,100,000
1860	46,000,000	150,000	46,150,000
1861	43,000,000	2,000,000	45,000,000
1862	39,200,000	4,500,000	43,700,000
1863	40,000,000	8,500,000	48,500,000
1864	46,100,000	11,000,000	57,100,000
1865	53,225,000	11,250,000	64,475,000
1866	53,500,000	10,000,000	63,500,000
1867	51,725,000	13,500,000	65,225,000
1868	48,000,000	12,000,000	60,000,000
1869	49,500,000	12,000,000	61,500,000
1870	50,000,000	16,000,000	66,000,000
1871	43,500,000	23,000,000	66,500,000
1872	36,000,000	28,750,000	64,750,000
1873	36,000,000	35,750,000	71,750,000
1874	33,500,000	37,300,000	70,800,000
1875	33,400,000	31,700,000	65,100,000
1876	39,900,000	38,800,000	78,700,000
1877	46,900,000	39,800,000	86,700,000
1878	51,200,000	45,200,000	96,400,000
1879	38,900,000	40,800,000	79,700,000
1880	36,000,000	39,200,000	75,200,000
1881	34,700,000	43,000,000	77,700,000
1882	32,500,000	46,800,000	79,300,000
1883	30,000,000	46,200,000	76,200,000
1884	30,800,000	48,800,000	79,600,000
1885	31,800,000	51,600,000	83,400,000
1886	35,000,000	51,000,000	86,000,000
1887	33,000,000	53,350,000	86,350,000
1888	33,175,000	59,195,000	92,370,000
1889	32,800,000	64,646,000	97,446,000
1890	32,845,000	70,465,000	103,310,000
1891	33,175,000	75,417,000	108,592,000
1892	33,000,000	82,101,000	115,101,000
1893	35,955,000	77,576,000	113,531,000
1894	39,500,000	64,000,000	103,500,000
1895	46,610,000	72,051,000	118,661,000
Total	2,059,946,769	1,368,901,000	3,428,847,769

Monetary systems and approximate stocks of money in the aggre

	Countries.	Monetary system.	Ratio between gold and full legal-tender silver.	Ratio between gold and limited-tender silver.	Population.	Stock of gold.
1	United States (*a*)	Gold and silver	1 to 15.98	1 to 14.95	71,390,000	$600,100,000
2	United Kingdom	Gold		1 to 14.28	38,900,000	*b* 580,000,000
3	France	Gold and silver.	1 to 15½	1 to 14.38	38,300,000	*b* 850,000,000
4	Germany	Gold		1 to 13.957	51,200,000	*b* 625,000,000
5	Belgium	Gold and silver.	1 to 15½	1 to 14.38	6,300,000	*b* 55,000,000
6	Italy	do	1 to 15½	1 to 14.38	30,700,000	*c* 98,200,000
7	Switzerland	do	1 to 15½	1 to 14.38	3,000,000	*c* 14,900,000
8	Greece	do	1 to 15½	1 to 14.38	2,200,000	*b* 500,000
9	Spain	do	1 to 15½	1 to 14.38	17,500,000	*b* 40,000,000
10	Portugal	Gold		1 to 14.08	5,100,000	*b* 38,000,000
11	Roumania	Gold and silver.			5,800,000	*c* 38,600,000
12	Servia	do			2,300,000	*c* 3,000,000
13	Austria-Hungary	Gold		1 to 13.69	43,500,000	*b* 140,000,000
14	Netherlands	Gold and silver.	1 to 15⅝	1 to 15	4,700,000	*c* 29,200,000
15	Norway	Gold		1 to 14.88	2,000,000	*b* 7,500,000
16	Sweden	do		1 to 14.88	4,800,000	*c* 8,000,000
17	Denmark	do		1 to 14.88	2,300,000	*c* 14,500,000
18	Russia	Silver	1 to 15½	1 to 12.90	126,000,000	*b* 480,000,000
19	Turkey	Gold and silver.	1 to 15⅞	1 to 15⅞	22,000,000	*b* 50,000,000
20	Australia	Gold		1 to 14.28	4,700,000	*b* 115,000,000
21	Egypt	do		1 to 15.68	6,800,000	*b* 120,000,000
22	Mexico	Silver	1 to 16½		12,100,000	*b* 5,000,000
23	Central American States	do	1 to 15½		5,600,000	*b* 500,000
24	South American States	do. *e*	1 to 15½		36,000,000	*b* 40,000,000
25	Japan	Gold and silver.	1 to 16.18		41,100,000	*c* 80,000,000
26	India	do	1 to 15		296,000,000	
27	China	Silver			360,000,000	
28	Straits Settlements	do			3,800,000	
29	Canada	Gold		1 to 14.28	4,800,000	*b* 14,000,000
30	Cuba	Gold and silver.	1 to 15½		1,800,000	*b* 18,000,000
31	Haiti	do	1 to 15½		1,000,000	*b* 3,000,000
32	Bulgaria	do	1 to 15½	1 to 14.36	4,300,000	*b* 800,000
	Total					4,068,800,000

a July 1, 1896; all other countries, January 1, 1895.
b Estimate, Bureau of the Mint.
c Information furnished through United States representatives.

gate and per capita in the principal countries of the world.

Stock of silver.			Uncovered paper.	Per capita.				
Full tender.	Limited tender.	Total.		Gold.	Silver.	Paper.	Total.	
$549,800,000	$75,800,000	$625,600,000	$383,300,000	$8.41	$8.77	$5.37	$22.55	1
.....	*b* 115,000,000	115,000,000	*c* 113,400,000	14.91	2.96	2.91	20.78	2
b 430,000,000	*c* 57,900,000	487,900,000	*c* 32,100,000	22.19	12.94	.84	35.77	3
b 105,000,000	*b* 110,000,000	215,000,000	*c* 60,400,000	12.21	4.20	1.18	17.59	4
b 48,000,000	*b* 6,900,000	54,900,000	*c* 65,400,000	8.73	8.71	10.38	27.82	5
b c 21,400,000	*b c* 20,000,000	41,400,000	*c* 191,800,000	3.20	1.35	6.24	10.79	6
b 10,000,000	5,000,000	15,000,000	.....	4.97	5.00	.....	9.97	7
b 500,000	*b* 1,000,000	1,500,000	*c* 22,400,000	.23	.68	10.18	11.00	8
b 126,000,000	*b* 40,000,000	166,000,000	*c* 83,700,000	2.28	9.49	4.78	16.55	9
.....	*b* 24,800,000	24,800,000	*c* 55,100,000	7.45	4.86	10.80	23.11	10
.....	*c* 10,600,000	10,600,000	*c* 11,700,000	6.65	1.83	2.02	10.50	11
.....	*c* 1,900,000	1,900,000	*b* 3,800,000	1.30	.83	1.65	3.78	12
b 80,000,000	*b* 40,000,000	120,000,000	*c* 204,300,000	3.22	2.76	4.69	10.67	13
c 53,000,000	*c* 3,200,000	56,200,000	*c* 28,600,000	6.21	11.96	6.08	24.25	14
.....	*b* 2,000,000	2,000,000	*c* 3,800,000	3.75	1.00	1.90	6.65	15
.....	*c* 4,800,000	4,800,000	*c* 2,100,000	1.66	1.00	.43	3.10	16
.....	*c* 5,400,000	5,400,000	*c* 5,400,000	6.30	2.35	2.35	11.00	17
.....	*b* 48,000,000	48,000,000	*c* 539,000,000	3.80	.38	4.28	8.46	18
b 30,000,000	*d* 10,000,000	40,000,000	.....	2.27	1.82	.....	4.09	19
.....	*b* 7,000,000	7,000,000	.....	24.47	1.49	.....	25.96	20
.....	*b* 15,000,000	15,000,000	.....	17.65	2.20	.....	19.85	21
b 55,000,000	.....	55,000,000	*b* 2,000,000	.41	4.54	.....	4.95	22
c 12,000,000	.....	12,000,000	*c* 8,000,000	.09	2.14	1.43	3.66	23
b 30,000,000	.....	30,000,000	*b* 550,000,000	1.11	.83	15.28	17.22	24
c 68,000,000	*c* 16,300,000	84,300,000	.....	1.95	2.05	.....	4.00	25
b 950,000,000	.....	950,000,000	*b* 37,000,000	.....	3.21	.12	3.33	26
b 750,000,000	.....	750,000,000	.....	.....	2.08	.....	2.08	27
b 115,000,000	.....	115,000,000	.....	.....	3.26	.....	3.26	28
.....	*b* 5,000,000	5,000,000	*b* 29,000,000	2.92	1.04	6.04	10.00	29
b 1,500,000	.....	1,500,000	.....	10.00	.83	.....	10.83	30
b 2,100,000	*b* 800,000	2,900,000	*c* 4,200,000	3.00	2.90	4.20	10.10	31
b 3,400,000	3,400,000	6,800,000	.....	.18	1.58	.....	1.76	32
3,440,700,000	629,800,000	4,070,500,000	2,436,500,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	

d Haupt.
e Except Venezuela and Chile.

World's production of gold and silver

[Fine ounce of gold, $20.671834+; fine ounce of silver,

	Countries.	1892.			
		GOLD.		SILVER.	
		Oz., fine.	*Dollars.*	*Oz., fine.*	*Dollars.*
1	United States	1,598,375	33,000,000	63,499,992	82,101,000
2	Australasia	1,652,442	34,159,000	13,439,018	17,375,700
3	Mexico	54,025	1,120,200	39,504,867	51,077,000
	European countries:				
4	Russia	1,200,000	24,806,200	465,377	601,700
5	Germany	100,987	2,087,600	6,818,316	8,815,600
6	Austria-Hungary	72,659	1,502,000	1,770,553	2,289,200
7	Sweden	2,830	58,500	1,702	2,200
8	Norway	.....	.....	144,478	186,800
9	Italy	4,421	91,400	1,281,045	1,656,300
10	Spain	.....	.....	[1]1,487,630	1,923,400
11	Greece	.....	.....	[6]65,123	84,200
12	Turkey	[6]339	7,000	[6]203,569	263,200
13	France	6,274	129,700	2,979,745	3,852,600
14	Great Britain	2,477	51,200	169,383	219,000
15	Dominion of Canada	[1]43,905	907,600	[1]345,495	446,700
	South American countries:				
16	Argentine Republic	[3]3,967	82,000	[4]479,531	620,000
17	Colombia	[4]167,958	3,472,000	[4]1,313,761	1,698,600
18	Bolivia	3,241	[1]67,000	10,715,358	13,654,200
19	Ecuador	[6]2,515	52,000	[6]7,734	10,000
20	Chile	29,209	603,800	3,240,007	4,189,100
21	Brazil	107,368	2,219,500	.....	.....
22	Venezuela	38,995	806,100	.....	.....
23	Guiana (British)	116,047	2,398,900	.....	.....
24	Guiana (Dutch)	[1]34,530	713,800	.....	.....
25	Guiana (French)	[4]48,288	998,200	.....	.....
26	Peru	[4]3,531	73,000	1,904,744	2,462,700
27	Uruguay	[1]6,850	141,600	.....	.....
28	Central American States	[4]7,909	163,500	1,546,875	[2]2,000,000
29	Japan	[7]24,754	511,700	[7]1,767,459	2,285,200
30	China	407,608	[1]8,426,000	.....	.....
31	Africa	1,172,223	24,232,000	.....	.....
32	India (British)	160,523	3,318,300	.....	.....
33	Korea	29,330	606,300	.....	.....
	Total	7,102,180	146,815,100	153,151,762	198,014,400

[1] Estimate of the Bureau of the Mint.
[2] Estimated the same as officially communicated for 1887.
[3] Estimated the same as officially communicated for 1890.
[4] Estimated the same as officially communicated for 1891.
[5] Estimated the same as officially communicated for 1892.

for calendar years 1892, 1893, and 1894.

$1.292929+, coining rate in United States silver dollars.]

1893.				1894.				
GOLD.		SILVER.		GOLD.		SILVER.		
Oz., fine.	*Dollars.*	*Oz., fine.*	*Dollars.*	*Oz., fine.*	*Dollars.*	*Oz., fine.*	*Dollars.*	
1,739,323	35,955,000	59,999,936	77,575,700	1,910,813	39,500,000	49,500,000	64,000,000	1
1,726,436	35,688,600	20,501,508	26,507,000	2,020,179	41,760,800	18,073,455	23,367,700	2
63,144	1,305,300	44,362,519	57,357,600	217,688	[1]4,500,000	47,038,381	60,817,300	3
1,345,222	27,808,200	325,230	420,500	1,167,453	24,133,400	275,808	356,600	4
72,509	1,498,900	6,373,202	8,240,100	103,571	2,141,000	6,810,272	8,805,100	5
81,502	1,675,400	2,897,219	3,745,900	87,423	1,807,200	2,684,524	3,470,900	6
2,999	62,000	143,705	185,800	3,024	62,500	92,194	119,200	7
.....	.....	[6]144,478	186,800	.....	.....	151,207	195,500	8
5,660	117,000	928,512	1,200,500	[6]5,660	117,000	[6]928,512	1,200,500	9
.....	.....	2,013,258	2,603,000	.....	.....	2,044,505	2,643,400	10
.....	.....	65,123	84,200	.....	.....	1,139,041	1,472,700	11
339	7,000	203,569	263,200	387	8,000	48,727	63,000	12
8,964	185,300	3,152,609	4,076,100	[6]8,964	185,300	[6]3,152,609	4,076,100	13
2,046	42,300	253,455	327,700	3,183	65,800	255,002	329,700	14
[1]44,853	927,200	[1]248,583	321,400	50,411	1,042,100	847,687	1,096,000	15
6,782	140,200	708,005	915,400	4,596	95,000	1,200,066	1,551,600	16
139,939	2,892,800	1,687,950	2,182,400	[6]139,939	2,892,800	[6]1,687,950	2,182,400	17
3,241	[1]67,000	13,631,449	17,624,500	3,241	[1]67,000	21,999,966	28,444,400	18
2,515	52,000	7,734	10,000	3,309	68,400	[6]7,734	10,000	19
22,466	464,400	3,128,769	4,045,200	22,466	[6]464,400	2,850,503	3,685,500	20
107,368	2,219,500	.....	.....	107,368	2,219,500	.....	.....	21
[5]38,995	806,100	.....	.....	41,196	851,600	.....	.....	22
124,198	2,567,400	.....	.....	111,751	2,310,100	.....	.....	23
[1]34,240	707,800	.....	.....	[1]31,482	650,800	.....	.....	24
[4]48,288	998,200	.....	.....	64,500	1,329,200	.....	.....	25
[4]3,531	73,000	[5]1,904,744	2,462,700	3,599	74,400	3,460,978	4,474,800	26
[1]6,850	141,600	.....	.....	[1]6,850	141,600	.....	.....	27
[4]7,909	163,500	1,546,875	[2]2,000,000	22,760	470,500	1,546,875	[2]2,000,000	28
[8]23,414	484,000	[8]1,863,675	2,409,600	[8]23,694	489,800	[9]1,956,565	2,529,700	29
333,444	[1]6,892,900	.....	.....	413,937	[1]8,556,800	.....	.....	30
1,400,142	28,943,500	.....	.....	1,948,109	40,271,000	.....	.....	31
184,483	3,813,600	.....	.....	187,835	3,882,900	.....	.....	32
28,440	587,900	.....	.....	22,600	467,200	.....	.....	33
7,608,242	157,287,600	166,092,047	214,745,300	8,737,788	180,626,100	167,752,561	216,892,200	

[6]Estimated the same as officially communicated for 1893.
[7]Product of Imperial mines, 1892; private mines, 1890.
[8]Product of Imperial mines, 1893; private mines, 1891.
[9]Product of Imperial mines, 1894; private mines, 1892.

Production of gold and silver in the

[From 1493 to 1885 is from a table of averages for certain periods compiled by Dr. Adolph Soetbeer.

Period.	Gold.			
	Annual average for period.		Total for period.	
	Ounces, fine.	Value.	Ounces, fine.	Value.
1493–1520	180,470	$3,855,000	5,221,160	$107,931,000
1521–1544	230,194	4,759,000	5,524,656	114,205,000
1545–1560	273,506	5,656,000	4,377,544	90,492,000
1561–1580	219,908	4,546,000	4,398,120	90,917,000
1581–1600	237,267	4,905,000	4,745,340	98,095,000
1601–1620	273,918	5,662,000	5,478,300	113,248,000
1621–1640	266,845	5,516,000	5,336,900	110,324,000
1641–1660	281,955	5,828,000	5,639,110	116,571,000
1661–1680	297,709	6,154,000	5,954,180	123,084,000
1681–1700	346,095	7,154,000	6,921,895	143,088,000
1701–1720	412,163	8,520,000	8,243,260	170,403,000
1721–1740	613,422	12,681,000	12,268,440	253,611,000
1741–1760	791,211	16,356,000	15,824,230	327,116,000
1761–1780	665,666	13,761,000	13,313,315	275,211,000
1781–1800	571,948	11,823,000	11,438,970	236,464,000
1801–1810	571,563	11,815,000	5,715,627	118,152,000
1811–1820	367,957	7,606,000	3,679,568	76,063,000
1821–1830	457,044	9,448,000	4,570,444	94,479,000
1831–1840	652,291	13,484,000	6,522,913	134,841,000
1841–1850	1,760,502	36,393,000	17,605,018	363,928,000
1851–1855	6,410,324	132,513,000	32,051,621	662,566,000
1856–1860	6,486,262	134,083,000	32,431,312	670,415,000
1861–1865	5,949,582	122,989,000	29,747,913	614,944,000
1866–1870	6,270,086	129,614,000	31,350,430	648,071,000
1871–1875	5,591,014	115,577,000	27,955,068	577,883,000
1876–1880	5,543,110	114,586,000	27,715,550	572,931,000
1881–1885	4,794,755	99,116,000	23,973,773	495,582,000
1886	5,135,679	106,163,900	5,135,679	106,163,900
1887	5,116,861	105,774,900	5,116,861	105,774,900
1888	5,330,775	110,196,900	5,330,775	110,196,900
1889	5,973,790	123,489,200	5,973,790	123,489,200
1890	5,749,306	118,848,700	5,749,306	118,848,700
1891	6,320,194	130,650,000	6,320,194	130,650,000
1892	7,102,180	146,815,100	7,102,180	146,815,100
1893	7,608,787	157,287,600	7,608,787	157,287,600
1894	8,737,788	180,626,100	8,737,787	180,626,100
1895*	9,820,125	203,000,000	9,820,125	203,000,000
Total	.....	.....	424,900,202	8,783,467,400

* Estimated.

world since the discovery of America.

For the yeare 1886 to 1895 the production is the annual estimate of the Bureau of the Mint.]

Silver.				Percentage of production.			
Annual average for period.		Total for period.		By weight.		By value.	
Ounces, fine.	Coining value	Ounces, fine.	Coining value.	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.
1,511,050	$1,954,000	42,309,400	$54,703,000	11	89	66.4	33.6
2,899,930	3,749,000	69,598,320	89,986,000	7.4	92.6	55.9	44.1
10,017,940	12,952,000	160,287,040	207,240,000	2.7	97.3	30.4	69.6
9,628,925	12,450,000	192,578,500	248,990,000	2.2	97.8	26.7	73.3
13,467,635	17,413,000	269,352,700	348,254,000	1.7	98.3	22	78
13,596,235	17,579,000	271,924,700	351,579,000	2	98	24.4	75.6
12,654,240	16,361,000	253,084,800	327,221,000	2.1	97.9	25.2	74.8
11,776,545	15,226,000	235,530,900	304,525,000	2.3	97.7	27.7	72.3
10,834,550	14,008,000	216,691,000	280,166,000	2.7	97.3	30.5	69.5
10,992,085	14,212,000	219,841,700	284,240,000	3.1	96.9	33.5	66.5
11,432,540	14,781,000	228,650,800	295,629,000	3.5	96.5	36.6	63.4
13,863,080	17,924,000	277,261,600	358,480,000	4.2	95.8	41.4	58.6
17,140,612	22,162,000	342,812,235	443,232,000	4.4	95.6	42.5	57.5
20,985,501	27,133,000	419,711,820	542,658,000	3.1	96.9	33.7	66.3
28,261,779	36,540,000	565,235,580	730,810,000	2	98	24.4	75.6
28,746,922	37,168,000	287,469,225	371,677,000	1.9	98.1	24.1	75.9
17,385,755	22,479,000	173,857,555	224,786,000	2.1	97.9	25.3	74.7
14,807,904	19,144,000	148,070,040	191,444,000	3	97	33	67
19,175,867	24,793,000	191,758,675	247,930,000	3.3	96.7	35.2	64.8
25,090,342	32,440,000	250,903,422	324,400,000	6.6	93.4	52.9	47.1
28,488,597	36,824,000	142,442,986	184,169,000	18.4	81.6	78.3	21.7
29,095,428	37,618,000	145,477,142	188,092,000	18.2	81.8	78.1	21.9
35,401,972	45,772,000	177,009,862	228,861,000	14.4	85.6	72.9	27.1
43,051,583	55,663,000	215,257,914	278,313,000	12.7	87.3	70	30
63,317,014	81,864,000	316,585,069	409,322,000	8.1	91.9	58.5	41.5
78,775,602	101,851,000	393,878,009	509,256,000	6.6	93.4	53	47
92,003,944	118,955,000	460,019,722	594,773,000	5	95	45.5	54.5
93,297,290	120,626,800	93,297,290	120,626,800	5.2	94.8	46.8	53.2
96,123,586	124,281,000	96,123,586	124,281,000	5	95	45.9	54.1
108,827,606	140,706,400	108,827,606	140,706,400	4.6	95.4	43.9	56.1
120,213,611	155,427,700	120,213,611	155,427,700	4.7	95.3	44.3	55.7
126,095,062	163,032,000	126,095,062	163,032,000	4.3	95.7	42.1	57.9
137,170,919	177,352,300	137,170,919	177,352,300	4.4	95.6	42.4	57.6
153,151,762	198,014,400	153,151,762	198,014,400	4.4	95.6	42.5	57.5
166,092,047	214,745,300	166,092,047	214,745,300	4.4	95.6	42.4	57.6
167,752,561	216,892,200	167,752,561	216,892,200	4.9	95.1	45.6	54.4
174,796,875	226,000,000	174,796,875	226,000,000	5.3	94.7	47.3	52.7
.....	.....	8,011,122,035	10,357,814,100	5	95	45.9	54.1

Coinage of nations.

Countries.	1892.		1893.		1894.	
	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.
United States	$34,787,223	$12,641,078	$56,997,020	$8,802,797	$79,540,160	$9,200,351
Mexico	275,203	26,782,721	493,167	28,005,396	554,107	29,481,033
Great Britain	67,682,503	3,790,673	45,094,210	5,296,728	27,633,807	4,002,657
Australasia	30,784,262		32,059,354		35,203,048	
India [1]		52,258,747		39,544,591		2,288,504
France	871,225		9,832,068		1,897,395	772,000
Germany	8,803,874	1,237,864	26,280,188	2,093,713	37,433,154	1,067,945
Russia [2]	555,909	2,920,484	2,315,493	2,499,874	2,315,481	233,861
Finland						41,365
Austria-Hungary	14,038,714	[3] 5,315,069	[4] 55,867,730	[4] 18,468,664	[4] 40,305,456	[4] 10,742,232
Italy	130,105	22,997	159,086			
Spain	9,381,062	8,917,860		3,290,591		3,946,225
Japan	1,319,525	12,307,062	1,306,070	12,300,705	1,576,440	24,131,363
Portugal		3,075,840		1,412,640		478,440
Netherlands	245	1,567,800		562,800	70,897	160,800
Norway		120,600		134,000		120,660
Sweden		78,996		26,171	165,239	46,443
Denmark		242,207				121,593
Switzerland	386,000		386,000		465,516	579,000
Turkey	140,672	883,464	736,989	874,628	84,403	450,018
Egypt		649,555	622,818	537,114		
Abyssinia						30,759
Persia			136,320	255,600		
Hongkong		1,100,000		1,500,000		2,100,000
China		3,500,000		4,249,960		6,000,000
Indo-China		57,900		939,906		1,532,087
Tunis	3,231,905	471,131	134,004	347	232	347
Canada		298,000		160,000		144,518
Newfoundland						58,000
Costa Rica		138,091		155,000		12,517
Haiti						718,753
Bolivia		1,435,543		1,569,229		
Peru		2,614,948		2,167,393		4,360,153
Colombia		2,378,272		34,530		8,252
Ecuador		60,000				83,308
Venezuela				193,000		193,000
Chile				481,405		121,779
Uruguay				1,000,110		
Guatemala				100,000		3,561,988
British Honduras						50,000
British West Indies						9,733
German East Africa		364,814		45,348		93,097
German New Guinea						47,608
South African Republic	24,697	49,519				
Straits Settlements				194,000		306,000
Congo State						96,500
Morocco		858,808		557,750		327,337
Bulgaria		2,509,198			579,097	2,316,224
Roumania						579,000
Ceylon		236,850		473,700		142,110
Siam		6,631,256				2,338,288
Korea				25,000		
Total	172,473,124	155,517,347	232,420,517	137,952,690	227,921,032	113,095,788

[1] Rupee calculated at coining rate, $0.4737. [2] Silver ruble calculated at coining rate, $0.7718. [3] Silver florin calculated at coining rate, $0.482. [4] Florin calculated at coining rate, $0.4052, under the coinage act of August 2, 1892.

SUMMARY OF MONETARY EVENTS SINCE 1786.

1786.—Establishment of the double standard in the United States with a ratio of 1 to 15.25; that is, on the basis of 123.134 grains of fine gold for the half eagle, or $5 piece, and 375.64 grains of fine silver for the dollar, without any actual coinage.

1792.—Adoption of the ratio of 1 to 15 and establishment of a mint with free and gratuitous coinage in the United States; the silver dollar equal to 371¼ grains fine, the eagle to 247½ grains fine.

1803.—Establishment of the double standard in France on the basis of the ratio of 1 to 15½, notwithstanding the fact that the market ratio was then about 1 to 15.

1810.—Introduction of the silver standard in Russia on the basis of the ruble of 17.99 grams of fine silver, followed in 1871 by the coinage of imperials, or gold pieces of 5 rubles, of 5.998 grams; therefore, with a ratio of 1 to 15. This ratio was changed by the increase of the imperial to 5 rubles 15 copecks, and later to 1 to 15.45.

1815.—Great depreciation of paper money in England, reaching 26½ per cent in May. Course of gold, £5 6s., and of silver, 71½d. per ounce standard. In December the loss was only 6 per cent; gold at this period was quoted at £4 3s., and silver at 64d.

1816.—Abolition of the double standard in England, which had had as its basis the ratio of 1 to 15.21, and adoption of the gold standard on the basis of the pound sterling at 7.322 grams fine in weight.

Coinage of divisional money at the rate of 66d. per ounce. Extreme prices, £4 2s. for gold and 64d. for silver; in January, £3 18s. 6d., and 59¼d. in December.

1816.—Substitution for the ratio of 1 to 15.5 in Holland, established by a rather confused coinage, of the ratio of 1 to 15⅞.

1819.—Abolition of forced currency in England. Price of gold, £3 17s. 10½d., and of silver, 62d.* per ounce in October, against £4 1s. 6d. and 67d. in February.

1832.—Introduction of the monetary system of France in Belgium, with a decree providing for the coinage of pieces of 20 and 40 francs, which, however, were not stamped. Silver, 59¾d.

1834.—Substitution of the ratio of 1 to 16 for that of 1 to 15 in the United States by reducing the weight of the eagle, ten-dollar gold piece, from 270 grains to 258 grains.

In 1837 the fineness of the United States gold coins was raised from .899225 to 900, and the silver coins from .8924 to .900, giving a ratio of 1 to 15.988 and fixing the standard weight of the silver dollar at 412½ grains. Silver .59-15/16d.

1835.—Introduction of the company rupee, a piece of silver weighing 165 grains fine, in India in place of the sicca rupee. Creation of a trade coin—the mohur, or piece of 15 rupees—containing 165 grains of fine gold. Silver, 59 11/16d.

* The price of silver given hereafter represents the average rate per ounce standard—that is, the mean between the highest price and the lowest price quoted during the year.

1844.—Introduction of the double standard in Turkey, with the ratio of 1 to 15.10. Silver, $59\frac{1}{2}$d.

1847.—Abolition of the double standard in Holland by the introduction of the silver standard on the basis of a 1-florin piece 0.945 grams fine, the coinage of which had already been decreed in 1839. Silver, $59\frac{11}{16}$d.

1847.—Discovery of the gold mines of California.

1848.—Coinage in Belgium of pieces of 10 and 25 francs in gold, a shade too light. These pieces were demonetized and withdrawn from circulation in 1884. Silver, $59\frac{1}{2}$d.

1848.—Replacing the ratio of 1 to 16 in Spain, which had been in force since 1786, by that of 1 to 15.77.

1850.—Introduction of the French monetary system in Switzerland without any actual coinage of gold pieces. Silver, $60\frac{1}{16}$d.

1851.—Discovery of the gold mines of Australia.

1853.—Lowering of the weight of silver pieces of less value than $1 to the extent of 7 per cent in the United States, and limitation of their legal-tender power to $5. Silver, $61\frac{1}{2}$d.

1853.—Maximum of the production of gold reached in California, when it amounted to $65,000,000.

1854.—Introduction of the gold standard in Portugal on the basis of the crown of 16.257 grams fine. Before this period the country had the silver standard, with a rather large circulation of gold coins stamped on the basis of 1 to $15\frac{1}{2}$ in 1835 and 1 to $16\frac{1}{2}$ in 1847. Silver, $61\frac{1}{2}$d.

1854.—Modification of the ratio of 1 to 15.77 in Spain by raising it to 1 to 15.48, and by lowering the piaster from 23.49 grams to 23.36 grams fine.

1854.—Introduction of the silver standard, as it existed in the mother country, in Java, in place of the ideal Javanese money, and coinage of colonial silver pieces.

1857.—Conclusion of a monetary treaty between Austria and the German States, in accordance with which 1 pound of fine silver (one-half a kilogram) was stamped into 30 thalers or $52\frac{1}{2}$ florins of south Germany, or 45 Austrian florins, resulting in 1 thaler equaling $1\frac{3}{4}$ German florins or $1\frac{1}{2}$ Austrian florins. Silver, $61\frac{3}{4}$d.

1861.—Law decreeing the coinage of gold pieces of 10 and 20 francs exactly equal to French coins of the same denomination in Belgium. Silver, $61\frac{3}{4}$d.

1862.—Adoption of the French monetary system by Italy. Silver, $61\frac{7}{16}$d.

1865.—Formation of the Latin Union between France, Belgium, Switzerland, and Italy on the basis of a ratio of 1 to $15\frac{1}{2}$. Silver, $61\frac{1}{16}$d.

1868.—Adoption of the French monetary system by Roumania, with the exclusion of the 5-franc silver piece, which was, however, stamped in 1881 and 1883. Silver, $60\frac{1}{2}$d.

1868.—Admission of Greece into the Latin Union. The definite and universal introduction of the French monetary system into the country was effected only in 1883.

1868.—Adoption of the French monetary system, with the peseta or franc as the unit, by Spain. The coinage of gold alphonses d'or of 25 pesetas was made only in 1876.

1871.—Replacing of the silver standard in Germany by the gold standard. Coinage in 1873 of gold pieces of 5, 10, and 20 mark pieces, the latter weighing 7.168 grams fine. Silver, 60½d.

1871.—Establishment of the double standard in Japan with the ratio of 1 to 16.17 by the coinage of the gold yen of 1.667 grams and of the silver yen of 26.956 grams, both with a fineness of 0.900.

1873.—Increase of the intrinsic value of the divisional coins of the United States. Replacing of the double standard by the gold standard. Reduction of the cost of coinage of gold to one-fifth per cent, the total abolition of which charge was decreed in 1875. Creation of a trade dollar of 420 grains with a fineness of 0.900. Silver, 59¼d.

1873.—Suspension of the coinage of 5-franc pieces in Belgium.

1873.—Limitation of the coinage of 5-francs on individual account in France.

1873.—Suspension of the coinage of silver in Holland.

1873.—Formation of the Scandinavian Monetary Union. Replacing of the silver standard in Denmark, Sweden, and Norway by that of gold on the basis of the krone. Coinage of pieces of 10 and 20 kroner, the latter weighing 8.961 grams, with a fineness of 0.900.

1874.—Introduction of the system of contingents for the coinage of 5-franc silver pieces in the Latin Union. Silver, $58\frac{5}{16}$d.

1875.—Suspension of the coinage of silver on individual account in Italy. Silver, 56⅞d.

1875.—Suspension of the coinage of silver on account of the Dutch colonies.

1875.—Introduction of the double standard in Holland on the basis of the ratio of 1 to 15.62 by the creation of a gold piece of 10 florins, weighing 5.048 grams fine, with the maintenance of the suspension of the coinage of silver.

1876.—Great fluctuations in the price of silver, which declined to 46¾d., representing the ratio of 1 to 20.172, in July. Recovery, in December, to 58½d. Average price, 52¾d.

1877.—Coinage of 5-franc silver pieces by Spain continued later, notwithstanding the decline of silver in the market. Silver, 54¾d.

1877.—Replacing of the double standard in Finland by that of gold on the basis of the mark or franc.

1878.—Act of United States Congress providing for the purchase, from time to time, of silver bullion, at the market price thereof, of not less than $2,000,000 worth per month as a minimum, nor more than $4,000,000 worth per month as a maximum, and its coinage as fast as purchased into silver dollars of 412½ grains. The coinage of silver on private account prohibited. Silver, $52\frac{9}{16}$d.

1878.—Meeting of the first international monetary conference in Paris. Prolongation of the Latin Union to January 1, 1886.

1879.—Suspension of the sales of silver by Germany. Silver, $51\frac{1}{4}$d.

1881.—Second international monetary conference in Paris. Silver, $51\frac{11}{16}$d.

1885.—Introduction of the double standard in Egypt. Silver, $48\frac{3}{8}$d.

1885.—Prolongation of the Latin Union to January 1, 1891.

1886.—Great decline in the price of silver, which fell in August to 42d., representing a ratio of 1 to 22.5, and recovery, in December, to 46d. Modification of the coinage of gold and silver pieces in Russia. Silver, $45\frac{3}{8}$d.

1887.—Retirement of the trade dollars by the Government of the United States in March. Demonetization of the Spanish piasters, known as Ferdinand Carolus, whose reimbursement at the rate of 5 pesetas ended on March 11. New decline of silver in March to 44d., representing the ratio of 1 to 21.43. Silver, $44\frac{5}{8}$d.

1890.—United States—Repeal of the act of February 28, 1878, commonly known as Bland-Allison law, and substitution of authority for purchase of 4,500,000 fine ounces of silver each month to be paid for by issue of Treasury notes payable in coin. (Act of July 14, 1890.) Demonetization of 25,000,000 lei in pieces of 5 lei in Roumania in consequence of the introduction of the gold standard by the law of October 27. Silver, $47\frac{11}{16}$d.

1891.—Introduction of the French monetary system in Tunis on the basis of the gold standard. Coinage of national gold coins and billon. Silver, $45\frac{1}{16}$d.

1892.—Replacing of the silver standard in Austria-Hungary by that of gold by the law of August 2. Coinage of pieces of 20 crowns, containing 6.098 grams fine. The crown equals one-half florin. Meeting of the third international monetary conference at Brussels. Production of gold reaches its maximum, varying between 675,000,000 and 734,000,000 francs. Silver, $39\frac{13}{16}$d.

1893.—Suspension of the coinage of silver in British India and of French trade dollars on individual account. Panic in the silver market in July in London, when the price fell below 30d., representing the ratio of 1 to 31.43. Repeal of the purchasing clause of the act of July 14, 1890, by the Congress of the United States.

1895.—Adoption of the gold standard by Chile.

1895.—Russia decides to coin 100,000,000 gold rubles in 1896.

MONETARY SYSTEM OF THE UNITED STATES.

In 1786 the Congress of the Confederation chose as the monetary unit of the United States the dollar of 375.64 grains of pure silver. This unit had its origin in the Spanish piaster or milled dollar, which constituted the basis of the metallic circulation of the English colonies in America. It was never coined, there being at that time no mint in the United States.

The act of April 2, 1792, established the first monetary system of the United States. The bases of the system were: The gold dollar or unit, containing 24.75 grains of pure gold, and stamped in pieces of $10, $5, and $2½, denominated, respectively, eagles, half eagles, and quarter eagles; the silver dollar or unit, containing 371.25 grains of pure silver. A mint was established. The coinage was unlimited and there was no mint charge. The ratio of gold to silver in coinage was 1:15. Both gold and silver were legal tender. The standard was double.

The act of 1792 undervalued gold, which was therefore exported. The act of June 28, 1834, was passed to remedy this, by changing the mint ratio between the metals to 1:16.002. This latter act fixed the weight of the gold dollar at 25.8 grains, but lowered the fineness from 0.916⅔ to 0.899225. The fine weight of the gold dollar was thus reduced to 23.2 grains. The act of 1834 undervalued silver as that of 1792 had undervalued gold, and silver was attracted to Europe by the more favorable ratio of 1:15½. The act of January 18, 1837, was passed to make the fineness of the gold and silver coins uniform. The legal weight of the gold dollar was fixed at 25.8 grains, and its fine weight at 23.22 grains. The fineness was, therefore, changed by this act to 0.900 and the ratio to 1:15.988+.

Silver continued to be exported. The act of February 21, 1853, reduced the weight of the silver coins of a denomination less than $1, which the acts of 1792 and 1837 had made exactly proportional to the weight of the silver dollar, and provided that they should be legal tender to the amount of only $5. Under the acts of 1792 and 1837 they had been full legal tender. By the act of 1853 the legal weight of the half dollar was reduced to 192 grains and that of the other fractions of the dollar in proportion. The coinage of the fractional parts of the dollar was reserved to the Government.

The act of February 12, 1873, provided that the unit of value of the United States should be the gold dollar of the standard weight of 25.8 grains, and that there should be coined besides the following gold coins: A quarter eagle, or 2½-dollar piece; a 3-dollar piece; a half eagle, or 5-dollar piece; an eagle, or 10-dollar piece, and a double eagle, or 20-dollar piece, all of a standard weight proportional to that of the dollar piece. These coins were made legal tender in all payments at their nominal value when not below the standard weight and limit of tolerance provided in the act for the single piece, and when reduced in weight they should be legal tender at a valuation in proportion to their actual weight. The silver coins provided for by the act were a trade dollar, a half dollar, or 50-cent piece, a quarter dollar, and a 10-cent piece; the weight of the trade dollar to be 420 grains Troy; the half dollar 12½ grams; the quarter dollar and the dime, respectively, one-half and one-fifth of the weight of the half dollar. These silver coins were made legal tender at their nominal value for any amount not exceeding $5 in any one payment. The charge for converting standard gold bullion into coin was fixed at one-fifth of 1 per cent. Owners

of silver bullion were allowed to deposit it at any mint of the United States to be formed into bars or into trade dollars, and no deposit of silver for other coinage was to be received.

Section II of the joint resolution of July 22, 1876, recited that the trade dollar should not thereafter be legal tender, and that the Secretary of the Treasury should be authorized to limit the coinage of the same to an amount sufficient to meet the export demand for it. The act of March 3, 1887, retired the ~~standard silver~~ trade dollar and prohibited its coinage. That of September 26, 1890, discontinued the coinage of the 1-dollar and 3-dollar gold pieces.

The act of February 28, 1878, directed the coinage of silver dollars of the weight of 412½ grains troy, of standard silver, as provided in the act of January 18, 1837, and that such coins, with all standard silver dollars theretofore coined, should be legal tender at their nominal value for all debts and dues, public and private, except where otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract.

The Secretary of the Treasury was authorized and directed by the first section of the act to purchase from time to time silver bullion at the market price thereof, not less than $2,000,000 worth nor more than $4,000,000 worth per month, and to cause the same to be coined monthly, as fast as purchased, into such dollars. A subsequent act, that of July 14, 1890, enacted that the Secretary of the Treasury should purchase silver bullion to the aggregate amount of 4,500,000 ounces, or so much thereof as might be offered, each month, at the market price thereof, not exceeding $1 for 371.25 grains of pure silver, and to issue in payment thereof Treasury notes of the United States, such notes to be redeemable by the Government, on demand, in coin, and to be legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private, except where otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract. The act directed the Secretary of the Treasury to coin each month 2,000,000 ounces of the silver bullion purchased under the provisions of the act into standard silver dollars until the 1st day of July, 1891, and thereafter as much as might be necessary, to provide for the redemption of the Treasury notes issued under the act. The purchasing clause of the act of July 14, 1890, was repealed by the act of November 1, 1893.

The act of June 9, 1879, made the subsidiary silver coins of the United States legal tender to the amount of $10. The minor coins are legal tender to the amount of 25 cents.

COINS OF THE UNITED STATES, AUTHORITY FOR COINING, AND CHANGES IN WEIGHT AND FINENESS AND AMOUNT COINED.

GOLD COINS.

DOUBLE EAGLE.

Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1849.
Weight, 516 grains; fineness, .900.
Total amount coined to June 30, 1896, $1,277,693,220.

EAGLE.

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.
Weight, 270 grains; fineness, .916⅔.
Weight changed, act of June 28, 1834, to 258 grains.
Fineness changed, act of June 28, 1834, to .899,225.
Fineness changed, act of January 18, 1837, to .900.
Total amount coined to June 30, 1896, $266,538,270.

HALF EAGLE.

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.
Weight, 135 grains; fineness, .916⅔.
Weight changed, act of June 28, 1834, to 129 grains.
Fineness changed, act of June 28, 1834, to .899,225.
Fineness changed, act of January 18, 1837, to .900.
Total amount coined to June 30, 1896, $220,631,035.

QUARTER EAGLE.

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.
Weight, 67.5 grains; fineness, .916⅔.
Weight changed, act of June 28, 1834, to 64.5 grains.
Fineness changed, act of June 28, 1834, to .899,225.
Fineness changed, act of January 18, 1837, to .900.
Total amount coined to June 30, 1896, $28,711,015.

THREE-DOLLAR PIECE.

Authorized to be coined, act of February 21, 1853.
Weight, 77.4 grains; fineness, .900.
Total amount coined to September 26, 1890, $1,619,376.
Coinage discontinued, act of September 26, 1890.

ONE DOLLAR.

Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1849.
Weight, 25.8 grains; fineness, .900.
Total amount coined to September 26, 1890, $19,499,337.
Coinage discontinued, act of September 26, 1890.

SILVER COINS.

DOLLAR.

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.
Weight, 416 grains; fineness, .892,4.
Weight changed, act of January 18, 1837, to 412½ grains.
Fineness changed, act of January 18, 1837, to .900.
Coinage discontinued, act of February 12, 1873.
Total amount coined to February 12, 1873, $8,031,238.
Coinage reauthorized, act of February 28, 1878.
Amount coined from March 1, 1878, to June 30, 1896, $430,790,041.
Total amount coined to June 30, 1896, $438,821,279.

TRADE DOLLAR.

Authorized to be coined, act of February 12, 1873.
Weight, 420 grains; fineness, .900.
Coinage limited to export demand, joint resolution July 22, 1876.
Coinage discontinued, act of March 3, 1887.
Total amount coined, $35,965,924.

HALF DOLLAR.

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.
Weight, 208 grains; fineness, .892,4.
Weight changed, act of January 18, 1837, to 206¼ grains.
Fineness changed, act of January 18, 1837, to .900.
Weight changed, act of February 21, 1853, to 192 grains.
Weight changed, act of February 12, 1873, to 12½ grams, or 192.9 grains.
Total amount coined to June 30, 1896, $132,662,308.00.

COLUMBIAN HALF DOLLAR.

Authorized to be coined, act of August 5, 1892.
Weight, 192.9 grains; fineness, .900.
Total amount coined, $2,501,052.50.

QUARTER DOLLAR.

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.
Weight, 104 grains; fineness, .892,4.
Weight changed, act of January 18, 1837, to 103⅛ grains.
Fineness changed, act of January 18, 1837, to .900.
Weight changed, act of February 21, 1853, to 96 grains.
Weight changed, act of February 12, 1873, to 6¼ grams, or 96.45 grains.
Total amount coined to June 30, 1896, $51,166,166.75.

COLUMBIAN QUARTER DOLLAR.

Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1893.
Weight, 96.45 grains; fineness, .900.
Total amount coined, $10,005.75.

TWENTY-CENT PIECE.

Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1875.
Weight, 5 grams, or 77.16 grains; fineness, .900.
Coinage discontinued, act of May 2, 1878.
Total amount coined, $271,000.

DIME.

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.
Weight, 41.6 grains; fineness, .892,4.
Weight changed, act of January 18, 1837, to 41¼ grains.
Fineness changed, act of January 18, 1837, to .900.

Weight changed, act of February 21, 1853, to 38.4 grains.

Weight changed, act of February 12, 1873, to $2\frac{1}{2}$ grams, or 38.58 grains.

Total amount coined to June 30, 1896, $28,904,300.50.

HALF DIME.

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.

Weight, 20.8 grains; fineness, .892,4.

Weight changed, act of January 18, 1837, to $20\frac{5}{8}$ grains.

Fineness changed, act of January 18, 1837, to .900.

Weight changed, act of February 21, 1853, to 19.2 grains.

Coinage discontinued, act of February 12, 1873.

Total amount coined, $4,880,219.40.

THREE-CENT PIECE.

Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1851.

Weight, $12\frac{3}{8}$ grains; fineness, .750.

Weight changed, act of March 3, 1853, to 11.52 grains.

Fineness changed, act of March 3, 1853, to .900.

Coinage discontinued, act of February 12, 1873.

Total amount coined, $1,282,087.20.

MINOR COINS.

FIVE CENT (NICKEL).

Authorized to be coined, act of May 16, 1866.

Weight, 77.16 grains; composed of 75 per cent copper and 25 per cent nickel.

Total amount coined to June 30, 1896, $14,292,235.30.

THREE CENT (NICKEL).

Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1865.

Weight, 30 grains; composed of 75 per cent copper and 25 per cent nickel.

Coinage discontinued, act of September 26, 1890.

Total amount coined, $941,349.48.

TWO CENT (BRONZE).

Authorized to be coined, act of April 22, 1864.

Weight, 96 grains; composed of 95 per cent copper and 5 per cent tin and zinc.

Coinage discontinued, act of February 12, 1873.

Total amount coined, $912,020.

CENT (COPPER).

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.

Weight, 264 grains.

Weight changed, act of January 14, 1793, to 208 grains.

Weight changed by proclamation of the President, January 26, 1796, in conformity with act of March 3, 1795, to 168 grains.

Coinage discontinued, act of February 21, 1857.

Total amount coined, $1,562,887.44.

CENT (NICKEL).

Authorized to be coined, act of February 21, 1857.

Weight, 72 grains; composed of 88 per cent copper and 12 per cent nickel.

Coinage discontinued, act of April 22, 1864.

Total amount coined, $2,007,720.

CENT (BRONZE).

Coinage authorized, act of April 22, 1864.

Weight, 48 grains; composed of 95 per cent copper and 5 per cent tin and zinc.

Total amount coined to June 30, 1896, $8,073,910.34.

HALF CENT (COPPER).

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.

Weight, 132 grains.

Weight changed, act of January 14, 1793, 104 grains.

Weight changed by proclamation of the President, January 26, 1796, in conformity with act of March 3, 1795, to 84 grains.

Coinage discontinued, act of February 21, 1857.

Total amount coined, $39,926.11.

TOTAL COINAGES.

Gold	$1,814,692,253.00
Silver	696,464,343.10
Minor	27,830,048.67
Grand total	2,538,986,644.77

Coinage of the mints of the United States from their organization, 1792, to December 31, 1895.

Denomination.	Pieces.	Value.
GOLD.		
Double eagles	62, 793, 341	$1, 255, 866, 820. 00
Eagles	26, 627, 549	266, 275, 490. 00
Half eagles	44, 042, 271	220, 211, 355. 00
Three-dollar pieces (coinage discontinued under act of September 26, 1890)	539, 792	1, 619, 376. 00
Quarter eagles	11, 478, 521	28, 696, 302. 50
Dollars (coinage discontinued under act of September 26, 1890)	19, 499, 337	19, 499, 337. 00
Total gold	164, 980, 811	1, 792, 168, 680. 50
SILVER.		
Dollars (coinage discontinued, act of February 12, 1873, and resumed under act of February 28, 1878)	431, 320, 867	431, 320, 867. 00
Trade dollars	35, 965, 924	35, 965, 924. 00
Half dollars	264, 225, 301	132, 112, 650. 50
Half dollars, Columbian souvenir	5, 002, 105	2, 501, 052. 50
Quarter dollars	201, 714, 255	50, 428, 563. 75
Quarter dollars, Columbian souvenir	40, 023	10, 005. 75
Twenty-cent pieces (coinage discontinued, act of May 2, 1878)	1, 355, 000	271, 000. 00
Dimes	288, 352, 593	28, 835, 259. 30
Half dimes (coinage discontinued, act February 12, 1873)	97, 604, 388	4, 880, 219. 40
Three-cent pieces (coinage discontinued, act February 12, 1873)	42, 736, 240	1, 282, 087. 20
Total silver	1, 368, 316, 696	687, 607, 629. 40
MINOR.		
Five-cent pieces, nickel	281, 054, 494	14, 052, 724. 70
Three-cent pieces, nickel (coinage discontinued, act September 26, 1890)	31, 378, 316	941, 349. 48
Two-cent pieces, bronze (coinage discontinued, act February 12, 1873)	45, 601, 000	912, 020. 00
One-cent pieces, copper (coinage discontinued, act February 21, 1857)	156, 288, 744	1, 562, 887. 44
One-cent pieces, nickel (coinage discontinued, act April 22, 1864)	200, 772, 000	2, 007, 720. 00
One-cent pieces, bronze	784, 733, 442	7, 847, 334. 42
Half-cent pieces, copper (coinage discontinued, act February 21, 1857)	7, 985, 222	39, 926. 11
Total minor	1, 507, 813, 218	27, 363, 962. 35
Total coinage	3, 041, 110, 725	2, 507, 140, 272. 25

[1] Silver-dollar coinage under act of—

April 2, 1792		$8, 031, 238
February 28, 1878	$378, 166, 793	
July 14, 1890	40, 044, 364	
March 3, 1891	5, 078, 472	
		423, 289, 629
Total		431, 320, 867

Coinage of the mints of the United States

Calendar years.	GOLD COINAGE.					
	Double eagles.	Eagles.	Half eagles.	Three dollars.	Quarter eagles.	Dollars.
1793–1795		$27,950	$43,535			
1796		60,800	10,905		$165.00	
1797		91,770	32,030		4,390.00	
1798		79,740	124,335		1,535.00	
1799		174,830	37,255		1,200.00	
1800		259,650	68,110			
1801		202,540	130,030			
1802		150,900	205,880		6,530.00	
1803		89,790	107,530		1,057.50	
1804		97,950	152,375		8,317.50	
1805			165,915		4,452.50	
1806			320,465		4,040.00	
1807			420,405		17,030.00	
1808			277,890		6,775.00	
1809			169,375			
1810			501,435			
1811			497,905			
1812			290,435			
1813			477,140			
1814			77,270			
1815			3,175			
1816						
1817						
1818			242,940			
1819			258,615			
1820			1,319,030			
1821			173,205		16,120.00	
1822			88,980			
1823			72,425			
1824			86,700		6,500.00	
1825			145,300		11,085.00	
1826			90,345		1,900.00	
1827			124,565		7,000.00	
1828			140,145			
1829			287,210		8,507.50	
1830			631,755		11,350.00	
1831			702,970		11,300.00	
1832			787,435		11,000.00	
1833			968,150		10,400.00	
1834			3,660,845		293,425.00	
1835			1,857,670		328,505.00	
1836			2,765,735		1,369,965.00	
1837			1,035,605		112,700.00	
1838		72,000	1,600,420		137,345.00	
1839		382,480	802,745		191,622.50	
1840		473,380	1,048,530		153,572.50	
1841		656,310	380,945		54,602.50	
1842		1,089,070	655,330		85,007.50	
1843		2,506,240	4,275,425		1,327,132.50	
1844		1,250,610	4,087,715		89,345.00	
1845		736,530	2,743,640		276,277.50	
1846		1,018,750	2,736,155		279,272.50	
1847		14,337,580	5,382,685		482,060.00	

from their organization, by calendar years.

SILVER COINAGE.							
Trade dollars.	Dollars.	Half dollars.	Quarter dollars.	Twenty cents.	Dimes.	Half dimes.	Three cents.
.....	$204,791	$161,572.00	.....	.....	.....	$4,320.80	.....
.....	72,920	.....	$1,473.50	.....	$2,213.50	511.50	.....
.....	7,776	1,959.00	63.00	.....	2,526.10	2,226.35	.....
.....	327,536	.....	.....	.....	2,755.00	.....	.....
.....	423,515	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	220,920	.....	.....	.....	2,176.00	1,200.00	.....
.....	54,454	15,144.50	.....	.....	3,464.00	1,695.50	.....
.....	41,650	14,945.00	.....	.....	1,097.50	650.50	.....
.....	66,064	15,857.50	.....	.....	3,304.00	1,892.50	.....
.....	19,570	78,259.50	1,684.50	.....	826.50	.....	.....
.....	321	105,861.00	30,348.50	.....	12,078.00	780.00	.....
.....	.....	419,788.00	51,531.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	525,788.00	55,160.75	.....	16,500.00	.....	.....
.....	.....	684,300.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	702,905.00	.....	.....	4,471.00	.....	.....
.....	.....	638,138.00	.....	.....	635.50	.....	.....
.....	.....	601,822.00	.....	.....	6,518.00	.....	.....
.....	.....	814,029.50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	620,951.50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	519,537.50	.....	.....	42,150.00	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	17,308.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	23,575.00	5,000.75	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	607,783.50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	980,161.00	90,293.50	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	1,104,000.00	36,000.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	375,561.00	31,861.00	.....	94,258.70	.....	.....
.....	.....	652,898.50	54,212.75	.....	118,651.20	.....	.....
.....	.....	779,786.50	16,020.00	.....	10,000.00	.....	.....
.....	.....	847,100.00	4,450.00	.....	44,000.00	.....	.....
.....	.....	1,752,477.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	1,471,583.00	42,000.00	.....	51,000.00	.....	.....
.....	.....	2,002,090.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	2,746,700.00	1,000.00	.....	121,500.00	.....	.....
.....	.....	1,537,600.00	25,500.00	.....	12,500.00	.....	.....
.....	.....	1,856,078.00	.....	.....	77,000.00	61,500.00	.....
.....	.....	2,332,400.00	.....	.....	51,000.00	62,000.00	.....
.....	.....	2,936,830.00	99,500.00	.....	77,135.00	62,135.00	.....
.....	.....	2,398,500.00	80,000.00	.....	52,250.00	48,250.00	.....
.....	.....	2,603,000.00	39,000.00	.....	48,500.00	68,500.00	.....
.....	.....	3,206,002.00	71,500.00	.....	63,500.00	74,000.00	.....
.....	.....	2,676,003.00	488,000.00	.....	141,000.00	138,000.00	.....
.....	1,000	3,273,100.00	118,000.00	.....	119,000.00	95,000.00	.....
.....	.....	1,814,910.00	63,100.00	.....	104,200.00	113,800.00	.....
.....	.....	1,773,000.00	208,000.00	.....	230,493.40	112,750.00	.....
.....	300	1,748,768.00	122,786.50	.....	229,638.70	108,285.00	.....
.....	61,005	1,145,054.00	153,331.75	.....	253,358.00	113,954.25	.....
.....	173,000	355,500.00	143,000.00	.....	363,000.00	98,250.00	.....
.....	184,618	1,484,882.00	214,250.00	.....	390,750.00	58,250.00	.....
.....	165,100	3,056,000.00	403,400.00	.....	152,000.00	58,250.00	.....
.....	20,000	1,885,500.00	290,300.00	.....	7,250.00	32,500.00	.....
.....	24,500	1,341,500.00	230,500.00	.....	198,500.00	78,200.00	.....
.....	169,600	2,257,000.00	127,500.00	.....	3,130.00	1,350.00	.....
.....	140,750	1,870,000.00	275,500.00	.....	24,500.00	63,700.00	.....

Coinage of the mints of the United States from

Calendar years.	GOLD COINAGE.					
	Double eagles.	Eagles.	Half eagles.	Three dollars.	Quarter eagles.	Dollars.
1848	.....	$1,813,340	$1,863,560	.....	$98,612.50	.....
1849	.....	6,775,180	1,184,645	.....	111,147.50	$936,788
1850	$26,225,220	3,489,510	860,160	.....	895,547.50	511,301
1851	48,048,100	4,393,280	2,651,955	.....	3,867,337.50	3,658,820
1852	44,860,520	2,811,060	3,689,635	.....	3,283,827.50	2,201,145
1853	26,646,520	2,522,530	2,305,095	.....	3,519,615.00	4,384,149
1854	18,052,340	2,305,760	1,513,235	$491,214	1,896,397.50	1,657,016
1855	25,046,820	1,487,010	1,257,090	171,465	600,700.00	824,883
1856	30,437,560	1,429,900	1,806,665	181,530	1,213,117.50	1,788,986
1857	28,797,500	481,060	1,292,970	104,673	796,235.00	801,602
1858	21,873,480	343,210	439,770	6,399	144,082.50	131,472
1859	13,782,840	253,930	361,235	46,914	142,220.00	103,431
1860	22,584,400	278,830	352,385	42,465	164,360.00	51,234
1861	74,989,060	1,287,330	3,332,130	18,216	3,241,295.00	527,499
1862	18,926,120	234,950	69,825	17,355	300,882.50	1,326,865
1863	22,187,200	112,480	97,360	15,117	27,075.00	6,250
1864	19,958,900	60,800	40,540	8,040	7,185.00	5,950
1865	27,874,000	207,050	144,535	3,495	62,302.50	3,725
1866	30,820,500	237,800	253,200	12,090	105,175.00	7,180
1867	23,436,300	121,400	179,600	7,950	78,125.00	5,250
1868	18,722,000	241,550	288,625	14,625	94,062.50	10,525
1869	17,238,100	82,850	163,925	7,575	84,612.50	5,925
1870	22,819,480	164,430	143,550	10,605	51,387.50	9,335
1871	20,456,740	254,650	245,000	3,890	68,375.00	3,930
1872	21,230,600	244,500	275,350	6,090	52,575.00	3,530
1873	55,456,700	173,680	754,605	75	512,562.50	125,125
1874	33,917,700	799,270	203,530	125,460	9,850.00	198,820
1875	32,737,820	78,350	105,240	60	30,050.00	420
1876	46,336,920	104,280	61,820	135	23,052.50	3,245
1877	43,504,700	211,430	182,660	4,464	92,630.00	3,920
1878	45,916,500	1,031,440	1,427,470	246,972	1,160,650.00	3,020
1879	28,889,260	6,120,320	3,727,155	9,090	331,225.00	3,030
1880	17,749,120	21,715,160	22,831,765	3,108	7,490.00	1,636
1881	14,585,200	48,796,250	33,458,430	1,650	1,700.00	7,660
1882	23,295,400	24,740,640	17,831,885	4,620	10,100.00	5,040
1883	24,980,040	2,595,400	1,647,930	2,820	4,900.00	10,840
1884	19,944,200	2,110,800	1,922,250	3,318	4,982.50	6,206
1885	13,875,560	4,815,270	9,065,030	2,730	2,217.50	12,205
1886	22,120	10,621,600	18,232,160	3,426	10,220.00	6,016
1887	5,662,420	8,706,800	9,560,435	18,480	15,705.00	8,543
1888	21,717,320	8,030,310	1,560,980	15,873	40,245.00	16,080
1889	16,995,120	4,298,850	37,825	7,287	44,120.00	30,729
1890	19,399,080	755,430	290,640	.....	22,032.50	.....
1891	25,891,340	1,956,000	1,347,065	.....	27,600.00	.....
1892	19,238,760	9,817,400	5,724,700	.....	6,362.50	.....
1893	27,178,320	20,132,450	9,610,985	.....	75,265.00	.....
1894	48,350,800	26,032,780	5,152,275	.....	10,305.00	.....
1895	45,163,120	7,148,260	7,289,680	.....	15,297.50	.....
Total	1,255,866,820	266,275,490	220,211,355	1,619,376	28,696,302.50	19,499,337

their organization, by calendar years—Continued.

SILVER COINAGE.							
Trade dollars.	Dollars.	Half dollars.	Quarter dollars.	Twenty cents.	Dimes.	Half dimes.	Three cents.
.....	$15,000	$1,880,000.00	$36,500.00	.....	$45,150.00	$63,400.00	.....
.....	62,600	1,781,000.00	85,000.00	.....	113,900.00	72,450.00	.....
.....	47,500	1,341,500.00	150,700.00	.....	244,150.00	82,250.00	.....
.....	1,300	301,375.00	62,000.00	.....	142,650.00	82,050.00	$185,022.00
.....	1,100	110,565.00	68,265.00	.....	196,550.00	63,025.00	559,905.00
.....	46,110	2,430,354.00	4,146,555.00	.....	1,327,301.00	785,251.00	342,000.00
.....	33,140	4,111,000.00	3,466,000.00	.....	624,000.00	365,000.00	20,130.00
.....	26,000	2,288,725.00	857,350.00	.....	207,500.00	117,500.00	4,170.00
.....	63,500	1,903,500.00	2,129,500.00	.....	703,000.00	299,000.00	43,740.00
.....	94,000	1,482,000.00	2,726,500.00	.....	712,000.00	433,000.00	31,260.00
.....	.....	5,998,000.00	2,002,250.00	.....	189,000.00	258,000.00	48,120.00
.....	636,500	2,074,000.00	421,000.00	.....	97,000.00	45,000.00	10,950.00
.....	733,930	1,032,850.00	312,350.00	.....	78,700.00	92,950.00	8,610.00
.....	78,500	2,078,950.00	1,237,650.00	.....	209,650.00	164,050.00	14,940.00
.....	12,090	802,175.00	249,887.50	.....	102,830.00	74,627.50	10,906.50
.....	27,660	709,830.00	48,015.00	.....	17,196.00	5,923.00	643.80
.....	31,170	518,785.00	28,517.50	.....	26,907.00	4,523.50	14.10
.....	47,000	593,450.00	25,075.00	.....	18,550.00	6,675.00	255.00
.....	49,625	899,812.50	11,381.25	.....	14,372.50	5,536.25	681.75
.....	60,325	810,162.50	17,156.25	.....	14,662.50	6,431.25	138.75
.....	182,700	769,100.00	31,500.00	.....	72,625.00	18,295.00	123.00
.....	424,300	725,950.00	23,150.00	.....	70,660.00	21,930.00	153.00
.....	445,462	829,758.50	23,935.00	.....	52,150.00	26,830.00	120.00
.....	1,117,136	1,741,655.00	53,255.50	.....	109,371.00	82,493.00	127.80
.....	1,118,600	866,775.00	68,762.50	.....	261,045.00	189,247.50	58.50
$1,225,000	296,600	1,593,780.00	414,190.50	.....	443,329.10	51,830.00	18.00
4,910,000	.....	1,405,650.00	215,975.00	.....	319,151.70	.....	.....
6,279,600	.....	5,117,750.00	1,278,375.00	$265,598	2,406,570.00	.....	.....
6,192,150	.....	7,451,575.00	7,839,287.50	5,180	3,015,115.00	.....	.....
13,092,710	.....	7,540,255.00	6,024,927.50	102	1,735,051.00	.....	.....
4,259,900	22,495,550	726,200.00	849,200.00	120	187,880.00	.....	.....
1,541	27,560,100	2,950.00	3,675.00	.....	1,510.00	.....	.....
1,987	27,397,355	4,877.50	3,738.75	.....	3,735.50	.....	.....
960	27,927,975	5,487.50	3,243.75	.....	2,497.50	.....	.....
1,097	27,574,100	2,750.00	4,075.00	.....	391,110.00	.....	.....
979	28,470,039	4,519.50	3,859.75	.....	767,571.20	.....	.....
.....	28,136,875	2,637.50	2,218.75	.....	393,134.90	.....	.....
.....	28,697,767	3,065.00	3,632.50	.....	257,711.70	.....	.....
.....	31,423,886	2,943.00	1,471.50	.....	658,409.40	.....	.....
.....	33,611,710	2,855.00	2,677.50	.....	1,573,838.90	.....	.....
.....	31,990,833	6,416.50	306,708.25	.....	721,548.70	.....	.....
.....	34,651,811	6,355.50	3,177.75	.....	835,338.90	.....	.....
.....	38,043,004	6,295.00	20,147.50	.....	1,133,461.70	.....	.....
.....	23,562,735	100,300.00	1,551,150.00	.....	2,304,671.60	.....	.....
.....	6,333,245	*1,652,136.50	2,960,331.00	.....	1,695,365.50	.....	.....
.....	1,455,792	†4,003,948.50	‡2,583,837.50	.....	759,219.30	.....	.....
.....	3,093,972	3,567,831.00	2,233,448.25	.....	205,009.60	.....	.....
.....	862,890	2,354,652.00	2,255,390.25	.....	225,089.00	.....	.....
35,965,924	431,320,867	134,613,703.00	50,438,569.50	271,000	28,835,259.30	4,880,219.40	1,282,087.20

* Includes $475,000 in Columbian coins. † Includes $2,026,052.50 in Columbian coins.
‡ Includes $10,005.75 in Columbian coins.

Coinage of the mints of the United States from

Calendar years.	MINOR COINAGE.		
	Five cents.	Three cents.	Two cents.
1793–1795			
1796			
1797			
1798			
1799			
1800			
1801			
1802			
1803			
1804			
1805			
1806			
1807			
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1841			
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1843			
1844			
1845			
1846			
1847			

their organization, by calendar years—Continued.

MINOR COINAGE.		TOTAL COINAGE.			
Cents.	Half cents.	Gold.	Silver.	Minor.	Total.
$10,660.33	$712.67	$71,485.00	$370,683.80	$11,373.00	$453,541.80
9,747.60	577.40	77,960.00	77,118.50	10,324.40	165,402.90
8,975.10	535.24	128,190.00	14,550.45	9,510.34	152,250.79
9,797.00	.....	205,610.00	330,291.00	9,797.00	545,698.00
9,045.85	60.83	213,285.00	423,515.00	9,106.68	645,906.68
28,221.75	1,057.65	317,760.00	224,296.00	29,279.40	571,335.40
13,628.37	.....	422,570.00	74,758.00	13,628.37	510,956.37
34,351.00	71.83	423,310.00	58,343.00	34,422.83	516,075.83
24,713.53	489.50	258,377.50	87,118.00	25,203.03	370,698.53
7,568.38	5,276.56	258,642.50	100,340.50	12,844.94	371,827.94
9,411.16	4,072.32	170,367.50	149,388.50	13,483.48	333,239.48
3,480.00	1,780.00	324,505.00	471,319.00	5,260.00	801,084.00
7,272.21	2,380.00	437,495.00	597,448.75	9,652.21	1,044,595.96
11,090.00	2,000.00	284,665.00	684,300.00	13,090.00	982,055.00
2,228.67	5,772.86	169,375.00	707,376.00	8,001.53	884,752.53
14,585.00	1,075.00	501,435.00	638,773.50	15,660.00	1,155,868.50
2,180.25	315.70	497,905.00	608,340.00	2,495.95	1,108,740.95
10,755.00	.....	260,435.00	814,029.50	10,755.00	1,115,219.50
4,180.00	.....	477,140.00	620,951.50	4,180.00	1,102,271.50
3,578.30	.....	77,270.00	561,687.50	3,578.30	642,535.80
.....	.....	3,175.00	17,308.00	.....	20,483.00
28,209.82	.....	.....	28,575.75	28,209.82	56,785.57
39,484.00	.....	.....	607,783.50	39,484.00	647,267.50
31,670.00	.....	242,940.00	1,070,454.50	31,670.00	1,345,064.50
26,710.00	.....	258,615.00	1,140,000.00	26,710.00	1,425,325.00
44,075.50	.....	1,319,030.00	501,680.70	44,075.50	1,864,786.20
3,890.00	.....	189,325.00	825,762.45	3,890.00	1,018,977.45
20,723.39	.....	88,980.00	805,806.50	20,723.39	915,509.89
.....	.....	72,425.00	895,550.00	.....	967,975.00
12,620.00	.....	93,200.00	1,752,477.00	12,620.00	1,858,297.00
14,611.00	315.00	156,385.00	1,564,583.00	14,926.00	1,735,894.00
15,174.25	1,170.00	92,245.00	2,002,090.00	16,344.25	2,110,679.25
23,577.32	.....	131,565.00	2,869,200.00	23,577.32	3,024,342.32
22,606.24	3,030.00	140,145.00	1,575,600.00	25,635.24	1,741,381.24
14,145.00	2,435.00	295,717.50	1,994,578.00	16,580.00	2,306,875.50
17,115.00	.....	643,105.00	2,495,400.00	17,115.00	3,155,620.00
33,592.60	11.00	714,270.00	3,175,600.00	33,603.60	3,923,473.60
23,620.00	.....	798,435.00	2,579,000.00	23,620.00	3,401,055.00
27,390.00	770.00	978,550.00	2,759,000.00	28,160.00	3,765,710.00
18,551.00	600.00	3,954,270.00	3,415,002.00	19,151.00	7,388,423.00
38,784.00	705.00	2,186,175.00	3,443,003.00	39,489.00	5,668,667.00
21,110.00	1,990.00	4,135,700.00	3,606,100.00	23,100.00	7,764,900.00
55,583.00	.....	1,148,305.00	2,096,010.00	55,583.00	3,299,898.00
63,702.00	.....	1,809,765.00	2,333,243.40	63,702.00	4,206,710.40
31,286.61	.....	1,376,847.50	2,209,778.20	31,286.61	3,617,912.31
24,627.00	.....	1,675,482.50	1,726,703.00	24,627.00	3,426,812.50
15,973.67	.....	1,091,857.50	1,132,750.00	15,973.67	2,240,581.17
23,833.90	.....	1,829,407.50	2,332,750.00	23,833.90	4,185,991.40
24,233.20	.....	8,108,797.50	3,834,750.00	24,283.20	11,967,830.70
23,987.52	.....	5,427,670.00	2,235,550.00	23,987.52	7,687,207.52
38,948.04	.....	3,756,447.50	1,873,200.00	38,948.04	5,668,595.54
41,208.00	.....	4,034,177.50	2,558,580.00	41,208.00	6,633,965.50
61,836.69	.....	20,202,325.00	2,374,450.00	61,836.69	22,638,611.69

Coinage of the mints of the United States

Calendar years.	MINOR COINAGE.		
	Five cents.	Three cents.	Two cents.
1848			
1849			
1850			
1851			
1852			
1853			
1854			
1855			
1856			
1857			
1858			
1859			
1860			
1861			
1862			
1863			
1864			$398,950.00
1865		$341,460.00	272,800.00
1866	$737,125.00	144,030.00	63,540.00
1867	1,545,475.00	117,450.00	58,775.00
1868	1,440,850.00	97,560.00	56,075.00
1869	810,750.00	48,120.00	30,930.00
1870	240,300.00	40,050.00	17,225.00
1871	28,050.00	18,120.00	14,425.00
1872	301,800.00	25,860.00	1,300.00
1873	227,500.00	35,190.00	
1874	176,900.00	23,700.00	
1875	104,850.00	6,840.00	
1876	126,500.00	4,860.00	
1877			
1878	117.50	70.50	
1879	1,455.00	1,236.00	
1880	997.75	748.65	
1881	3,618.75	32,417.25	
1882	573,830.00	759.00	
1883	1,148,471.05	318.27	
1884	563,697.10	169.26	
1885	73,824.50	143.70	
1886	166,514.50	128.70	
1887	763,182.60	238.83	
1888	536,024.15	1,232.49	
1889	794,068.05	646.83	
1890	812,963.60		
1891	841,717.50		
1892	584,982.10		
1893	668,569.75		
1894	270,656.60		
1895	498,994.20		
Total	14,052,724.70	941,349.48	912,020.00

from their organization, by calendar years—Continued.

MINOR COINAGE.		TOTAL COINAGE.			
Cents.	Half cents.	Gold.	Silver.	Minor.	Total.
$64,157.99	.....	$3,775,512.50	$2,040,050.00	$64,157.99	$5,879,720.49
41,785.00	$199.32	9,007,761.50	2,114,950.00	41,984.32	11,164,695.82
44,268.44	199.06	31,981,738.50	1,866,100.00	44,467.50	33,892,306.00
98,897.07	738.36	62,614,492.50	774,397.00	99,635.43	63,488,524.93
50,630.94	.....	56,846,187.50	999,410.00	50,630.94	57,896,228.44
66,411.31	648.47	39,377,909.00	9,077,571.00	67,059.78	48,522,539.78
42,361.56	276.79	25,915,962.50	8,619,270.00	42,638.35	34,577,870.85
15,748.29	232.50	29,387,968.00	3,501,245.00	16,030.79	32,905,243.79
26,904.63	202.15	36,857,768.50	5,142,240.00	27,106.78	42,027,115.28
177,834.56	175.90	32,214,040.00	5,478,760.00	178,010.46	37,870,810.46
246,000.00	.....	22,938,413.50	8,495,370.00	246,000.00	31,679,783.50
364,000.00	.....	14,780,570.00	3,284,450.00	364,000.00	18,429,020.00
205,660.00	.....	23,473,654.00	2,259,390.00	205,660.00	25,938,704.60
101,000.00	.....	83,395,530.00	3,783,740.00	101,000.00	87,280,270.00
280,750.00	.....	20,875,997.50	1,252,516.50	280,750.00	22,409,264.00
498,400.00	.....	22,445,482.00	809,267.80	498,400.00	23,753,149.80
529,737.14	.....	20,081,415.00	609,917.10	926,687.14	21,618,019.24
354,292.86	.....	28,295,107.50	691,005.00	968,552.86	29,954,665.36
98,265.00	.....	31,435,945.00	982,409.25	1,042,960.00	33,461,314.25
98,210.00	.....	23,828,625.00	908,876.25	1,819,910.00	26,557,411.25
102,665.00	.....	19,371,387.50	1,074,313.00	1,697,150.00	22,142,880.50
64,200.00	.....	17,582,987.50	1,266,143.00	963,000.00	19,812,130.50
52,750.00	.....	23,198,787.50	1,378,255.50	350,325.00	24,927,368.00
39,295.00	.....	21,032,685.00	3,104,038.30	99,800.00	24,236,613.30
40,420.00	.....	21,812,645.00	2,504,488.50	369,380.00	24,686,513.50
116,765.00	.....	57,022,747.50	4,024,747.60	379,455.00	61,426,950.10
141,875.00	.....	35,254,630.00	6,851,776.70	342,475.00	42,448,881.70
135,280.00	.....	32,951,940.00	15,347,893.00	246,970.00	48,546,803.00
79,440.00	.....	46,579,452.50	24,503,307.50	210,800.00	71,293,560.00
8,525.00	.....	43,999,864.00	28,393,045.50	8,525.00	72,401,434.50
57,998.50	.....	49,786,052.00	28,518,850.00	58,186.50	78,363,088.50
162,312.00	.....	39,080,080.00	27,569,776.00	165,003.00	66,814,859.00
389,649.55	.....	62,308,279.00	27,411,693.75	391,395.95	90,111,368.70
392,115.75	.....	96,850,890.00	27,940,163.75	428,151.75	125,219,205.50
385,811.00	.....	65,887,685.00	27,973,132.00	960,400.00	94,821,217.00
455,981.09	.....	29,241,990.00	29,246,968.45	1,604,770.41	60,093,728.86
232,617.42	.....	23,991,756.50	28,534,866.15	796,483.78	53,323,106.43
117,653.84	.....	27,773,012.50	28,962,176.20	191,622.04	56,926,810.74
176,542.90	.....	28,945,542.00	32,086,709.90	343,186.10	61,375,438.00
452,264.83	.....	23,972,383.00	35,191,081.40	1,215,686.26	60,379,150.66
374,944.14	.....	31,380,808.00	33,025,606.45	912,200.78	65,318,615.23
488,693.61	.....	21,413,931.00	35,496,683.15	1,283,408.49	58,194,022.64
571,828.54	.....	20,467,182.50	39,202,908.20	1,384,792.14	61,054,882.84
470,723.50	.....	29,222,005.00	27,518,856.60	1,312,441.00	58,053,302.60
376,498.32	.....	34,787,222.50	12,641,078.00	981,480.42	48,389,780.92
466,421.95	.....	56,997,020.00	8,802,797.30	1,134,931.70	66,934,749.00
167,521.32	.....	79,546,160.00	9,200,350.85	438,177.92	89,184,688.77
383,436.36	.....	59,616,357.50	5,698,010.25	882,430.56	66,196,781.31
11,417,941.06	39,926.11	1,792,168,680.50	687,607,629.40	27,363,962.35	2,507,140,272.25

Premium on gold, and gold value of United States legal tender notes from 1862 to January 1, 1879.

Year.	Average currency value of gold each calendar year during suspension of specie payments, Jan. 1, 1862, to Jan. 1, 1879.	Average gold value of U. S. notes each calendar year during suspension of specie payments, Jan. 1, 1862, to Jan. 1, 1879.
1862	113.3	88.3
1863	145.2	68.9
1864	203.3	49.2
1865	157.3	63.6
1866	149.9	71
1867	138.2	72.4
1868	139.7	71.6
1869	133	75.2
1870	114.9	87
1871	111.7	89.5
1872	112.4	89
1873	113.8	87.9
1874	111.2	89.9
1875	114.9	87
1876	111.5	89.8
1877	104.8	95.4
1878	100.8	99.2

The total redemptions of notes in gold and the exports of that metal during each fiscal year since the resumption of specie payments have been as follows:

Fiscal year.	United States notes.	Treasury notes of 1890.	Total.	Exports of gold.
1879	$7,976,698		$7,976,698	$4,587,614
1880	3,780,638		3,780,638	3,639,025
1881	271,750		271,750	2,565,132
1882	40,000		40,000	32,587,880
1883	75,000		75,000	11,600,888
1884	590,000		590,000	41,081,957
1885	2,222,000		2,222,000	8,477,892
1886	6,863,699		6,863,699	42,952,191
1887	4,224,073		4,224,073	9,701,187
1888	692,596		692,596	18,376,234
1889	730,143		730,143	59,952,285
1890	732,386		732,386	17,274,491
1891	5,986,070		5,986,070	86,362,654
1892	5,352,243	$3,773,600	9,125,843	60,195,327
1893	55,319,125	46,781,220	102,100,345	108,630,844
1894	68,242,408	16,599,742	84,842,150	76,978,061
1895	109,783,800	7,570,398	117,354,198	66,131,183
1896	153,307,591	5,348,365	158,655,956	112,309,186
Total	426,199,220	80,073,325	506,263,545	753,453,981

Statement of the specie and bank-note circulation of the United States in the years specified from 1800 to 1859, with amount of circulation per capita.

Year.	Number of banks and branches.	Estimated bank notes outstanding.	Estimated specie in United States.	Total money in United States.	Specie in Treasury.	Money in circulation.	Population.	Per capita.
1800	.....	$10,500,000	$17,500,000	$28,000,000	a$1,500,000	$26,500,000	5,308,483	$4.99
1810	.....	28,000,000	30,000,000	58,000,000	a3,000,000	55,000,000	7,239,881	7.60
1820	.....	44,800,000	24,300,000	69,100,000	a2,000,000	67,100,000	9,633,822	6.96
1830	.....	61,000,000	32,100,000	93,100,000	5,755,705	87,344,295	12,866,020	6.69
1831	.....	77,000,000	32,100,000	109,100,000	6,014,540	93,085,460	13,221,000	7.04
1832	.....	91,500,000	30,400,000	121,900,000	4,502,914	117,397,086	13,500,000	8.64
1833	.....	91,500,000	30,650,000	122,150,000	2,011,778	120,138,222	13,974,000	8.60
1834	506	94,829,570	41,000,000	135,829,570	11,792,905	124,136,665	14,373,000	8.64
1835	704	103,692,495	51,000,000	154,692,495	8,892,858	145,799,637	14,786,000	9.86
1836	713	140,301,038	65,000,000	205,301,038	a5,000,000	200,301,038	15,213,000	13.17
1837	788	149,185,890	73,000,000	222,185,890	a5,000,000	217,185,890	15,655,000	13.87
1838	829	116,138,910	87,500,000	203,638,910	a5,000,000	198,638,910	16,112,000	12.33
1839	840	135,170,995	87,000,000	222,170,995	2,466,962	219,704,033	16,584,000	13.26
1840	901	106,968,572	83,000,000	189,968,572	3,663,084	186,305,488	17,069,453	10.91
1841	784	107,290,214	80,000,000	187,290,214	987,345	186,302,869	17,591,000	10.59
1842	692	83,734,011	80,000,000	163,734,011	230,484	163,503,527	18,132,000	9.02
1843	691	58,563,608	90,000,000	148,563,608	1,449,472	147,114,136	18,694,000	7.87
1844	696	75,167,646	100,000,000	175,167,646	7,857,380	167,310,266	19,276,000	8.68
1845	707	89,608,711	96,000,000	185,608,711	7,658,306	177,950,405	19,878,000	8.95
1846	707	105,552,427	97,000,000	202,552,427	9,126,439	193,425,988	20,500,000	9.43
1847	715	105,519,766	120,000,000	225,519,766	1,701,251	223,818,515	21,143,000	10.59
1848	751	128,506,091	112,000,000	240,506,091	8,101,353	232,404,738	21,805,000	10.66
1849	782	114,743,415	120,000,000	234,743,415	2,184,964	232,558,451	22,489,000	10.34
1850	824	131,366,526	154,000,000	285,366,526	6,604,544	278,761,982	23,191,876	12.02
1851	879	155,165,251	186,000,000	341,165,251	10,911,646	330,253,605	23,995,000	13.76
1852	.....	171,673,000	204,000,000	375,673,000	14,632,136	361,040,864	24,802,000	14.63
1853	.....	188,181,000	236,000,000	424,181,000	21,942,893	402,238,107	25,615,000	15.80
1854	1,208	204,689,207	241,000,000	445,689,207	20,137,967	425,551,240	26,433,000	16.10
1855	1,307	186,952,223	250,000,000	436,952,223	18,931,976	418,020,247	27,256,000	15.34
1856	1,398	195,747,950	250,000,000	445,747,950	19,901,325	425,846,625	28,083,000	15.16
1857	1,416	214,778,822	260,000,000	474,778,822	17,710,114	457,068,708	28,916,000	15.81
1858	1,422	155,208,344	260,000,000	415,208,344	6,398,316	408,810,028	29,753,000	13.78
1859	1,476	193,306,818	250,000,000	443,306,818	4,339,276	438,967,542	30,596,000	14.35

a Specie in Treasury estimated.

Statement of the coin and paper circulation of the United States from 1860 to 1896, inclusive, with amount of circulation per capita.

Year.	Coin in United States, including bullion in Treasury.	Paper money in United States.	Total money.	Coin, bullion, and paper money in Treasury.	Circulation.	Population.	Money in United States per capita.	Circulation per capita.
1860..	$235,000,000	$207,102,477	$442,102,477	$0,605,225	$435,407,252	31,443,321	$14.06	$13.85
1861..	250,000,000	202,005,767	452,005,767	3,600,000	448,405,767	32,064,000	14.09	13.98
1862..	25,000,000	333,452,079	358,452,079	23,754,335	334,697,744	32,704,000	10.96	10.23
1863..	25,000,000	649,867,283	674,867,283	79,473,245	595,394,038	33,305,000	20.23	17.84
1864..	25,000,000	680,588,067	705,588,067	35,946,589	669,641,478	34,046,000	20.72	19.67
1865..	25,000,000	745,129,755	770,129,755	55,426,760	714,702,995	34,748,000	22.16	20.57
1866..	25,000,000	729,327,254	754,327,254	80,839,010	673,488,244	35,469,000	21.27	18.99
1867..	25,000,000	703,200,612	728,200,612	66,208,543	661,992,069	36,211,000	20.11	18.28
1868..	25,000,000	691,553,578	716,553,578	36,449,917	680,103,661	36,973,000	19.38	18.39
1869..	25,000,000	690,351,180	715,351,180	50,898,289	664,452,891	37,750,000	18.95	17.60
1870..	25,000,000	697,808,461	722,808,461	47,655,667	675,212,794	38,558,371	18.73	17.50
1871..	25,000,000	716,812,174	741,812,174	25,923,109	715,889,005	39,555,000	18.75	18.10
1872..	25,000,000	737,721,565	762,721,565	24,412,016	738,309,549	40,596,000	18.79	18.19
1873..	25,000,000	749,445,610	774,445,610	22,503,801	751,831,809	41,677,000	18.58	18.04
1874..	25,000,000	781,024,781	806,024,781	29,941,750	776,083,031	42,796,000	18.83	18.13
1875..	25,000,000	773,273,509	798,273,509	44,171,562	754,101,947	43,951,000	18.16	17.16
1876..	52,418,734	738,264,550	790,683,284	63,073,896	727,609,388	45,137,000	17.52	16.12
1877..	65,837,506	697,216,341	763,053,847	40,738,964	722,314,883	46,353,000	16.46	15.58
1878..	102,047,907	689,205,669	791,253,576	62,120,942	729,132,634	47,598,000	16.62	15.32
1879..	357,268,178	694,253,363	1,051,521,541	232,889,748	818,631,793	48,866,000	21.52	16.75
1880..	494,363,884	711,565,313	1,205,929,197	232,546,969	973,382,228	50,155,783	24.04	19.41
1881..	647,868,682	758,673,141	1,406,541,823	292,303,704	1,114,238,119	51,316,000	27.41	21.71
1882..	793,974,839	776,556,880	1,480,531,719	306,241,300	1,174,290,419	52,495,000	28.20	22.37
1883..	769,740,048	873,749,768	1,643,489,816	413,164,120	1,230,305,696	53,693,000	30.60	22.91
1884..	801,068,939	904,385,250	1,705,454,189	461,528,220	1,243,925,969	54,911,000	31.06	22.65
1885..	872,175,823	945,482,513	1,817,658,336	525,089,721	1,292,568,615	56,148,000	32.37	23.02
1886..	903,027,304	965,532,390	1,868,559,694	555,859,169	1,252,700,525	57,404,000	31.50	21.82
1887..	1,007,513,901	892,928,771	1,900,442,672	582,903,529	1,317,539,143	58,680,000	32.39	22.45
1888..	1,092,391,690	970,564,259	2,062,955,949	690,735,079	1,372,170,870	59,974,000	34.39	22.88
1889..	1,100,612,434	974,738,277	2,075,350,711	694,989,062	1,380,361,649	61,289,000	33.86	22.52
1890..	1,152,471,638	991,754,521	2,144,226,159	714,974,889	1,429,251,270	62,622,250	34.24	22.82
1891..	1,163,185,054	1,032,039,021	2,195,224,075	697,783,368	1,497,440,707	63,975,000	34.31	23.41
1892..	1,242,854,331	1,139,745,170	2,372,599,501	771,252,314	1,601,347,187	65,520,000	36.21	24.44
1893..	1,213,413,584	1,109,986,808	2,323,402,392	726,701,147	1,596,701,245	66,946,000	34.70	23.85
1894..	1,251,513,158	1,168,891,623	2,420,434,781	759,626,073	1,660,808,708	68,397,000	35.39	24.28
1895..	1,260,987,506	1,137,619,914	2,398,607,420	796,638,947	1,601,968,473	69,878,000	34.33	22.93
1896..	1,225,618,792	1,120,012,536	2,345,631,328	839,000,302	1,506,631,026	71,390,000	32.86	21.10

NOTE 1.—Specie payments were suspended from January 1, 1862 to January 1, 1879. During the greater part of that period gold and silver coins were not in circulation except on the Pacific Coast, where, it is estimated, the specie circulation was generally about $25,000,000. This estimated amount is the only coin included in the above statement from 1862 to 1875, inclusive.

NOTE 2.—In 1876 subsidiary silver again came into use, and is included in this statement, beginning with that year.

NOTE 3.—The coinage of standard silver dollars began in 1878 under the act of February 28, 1878.

NOTE 4.—Specie payments were resumed January 1, 1879, and all gold and silver coins, as well as gold and silver bullion in the Treasury, are included in this statement from and after that date.

NOTE 5.—This table represents the circulation of the United States as shown by the revised statements of the Treasury Department for June 30 of each of the years specified.

NATIONAL-BANK CURRENCY.

AUTHORIZING ACTS.

The issue of circulating notes by national banking associations was first authorized by an act entitled "An act to provide a national currency secured by a pledge of United States stocks, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved February 25, 1863, which act was repealed by an act entitled "An act to provide a national currency secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3, 1864. The act approved June 3, 1864, with subsequent amendments thereof, was embodied in the Revised Statutes of the United States in 1873. The law as embodied in the Revised Statutes has been amended from time to time, and is now contained in what is known as the National-Bank Act, with amendments thereof.

SECURITY.

Under the provisions of existing law a national bank is required to deposit interest-bearing bonds of the United States with the United States Treasurer as security for its circulating notes in the following minimum amounts:

(1) Banks with a capital not exceeding $150,000 must deposit bonds, par value, to an amount not less than one-fourth of their capital stock.

(2) Banks with a capital exceeding $150,000 must deposit bonds to the amount of at least $50,000, par value.

The maximum amount of bonds, at their par value, which may be deposited by a national bank must not exceed the amount of the bank's capital stock.

The proportion of circulating notes issued against bonds deposited as security therefor is 90 per cent of the par value of said bonds, or of the market value of said bonds if the bonds are below par.

PROFITS ON CIRCULATION.

Figures given on page 355, volume 1, Comptroller's Report for 1895, show that in 1895 a bank would make from one-half to 1 per cent per annum more by investing in 2 and 4 per cent bonds and taking out circulation than by investing the same amount at 6 per cent per annum. Wherever the current rate of interest is above 7 per cent it is, therefore, unprofitable to a bank to take out circulation.

OWNERSHIP OF STOCK.

An official investigation made by the Comptroller in 1895 shows that on October 31, 1895, the stock of 3,715 national banks, with a capital of $664,136,915, was owned by 285,190 shareholders.

PROFITS ON CAPITAL INVESTED.

On page 428, volume 1, Comptroller's Report for 1895, is a table showing annual profits made by national banks for twenty-six years, based upon sworn reports made by the banks. The annual average percentage of profit for this period was 8 per cent, while the profit for the year 1895 was but 5 per cent.

SUPERVISION.

Every national bank is required by law to make to the Comptroller not less than five sworn reports every year, showing in detail its resources and liabilities, and it is required to publish same in a local newspaper; also, to make a sworn report of every dividend declared, which also shows gross earnings, losses, expenses, and net profits.

The affairs of every bank are also examined about twice a year by an examiner who verifies its assets and audits its accounts, and the examiner is empowered by law to examine every officer and employee of the bank under oath, if necessary to find out its true condition.

CAPITAL BASED ON POPULATION.

A national bank may be organized by not less than five shareholders anywhere in the United States, subject to the following-mentioned requirements as to capital and population:

(1) With not less than $50,000 capital in any place having 6,000 inhabitants or less.

(2) With not less than $100,000 capital in any city having over 6,000 but not more than 50,000 inhabitants.

(3) With not less than $200,000 capital in any city having over 50,000 inhabitants.

Kinds of money received on account of customs by assistant treasurers of the United States.

Period.	National-bank notes.	United States notes.	Treasury notes of 1890.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Gold coin.	Standard dollars.	Subsidiary silver.	Minor coin.	Totals.
From July 1, 1893, to December 31, 1893	$89,710	$19,608,310	$6,605,775	$1,412,292	$20,367,989	$20,500,330	$1,117,228	$37,157	$137	$69,738,928
From January 1, 1894, to June 30, 1894	120,913	10,416,707	6,754,082	238,820	37,687,492	5,734,606	937,541	29,195	417	61,920,163
From July 1, 1894, to December 31, 1894	52,960	25,780,912	10,446,838	138,900	28,582,356	3,681,378	869,418	18,657	380	69,571,800
From January 1, 1895, to June 30, 1895	45,823	40,131,915	4,147,710	46,420	33,998,461	3,071,671	1,046,133	27,683	784	82,516,606
From July 1, 1895, to December 31, 1895	36,380	48,754,234	2,550,497	125,640	27,446,735	3,332,792	849,203	27,950	498	83,223,929
From January 1, 1896, to June 30, 1896	30,450	34,281,477	2,282,443	40,300	36,015,423	2,898,867	1,083,376	26,882	439	76,554,687
Total	376,266	178,973,555	32,788,251	2,002,372	184,098,456	39,220,134	6,002,906	161,524	2,655	443,026,113

Kinds of money received on account of internal revenue by assistant treasurers of the United States.

Period.	National-bank notes.	United States notes.	Treasury notes of 1890.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Gold coin.	Standard dollars.	Subsidiary silver.	Minor coin.	Totals.
From July 1, 1893, to December 31, 1893	$322,061	$693,301	$189,760	$37,650	$520,131	$371,799	$56,494	$14,435	$91	$2,205,722
From January 1, 1894, to June 30, 1894	112,434	176,729	62,073	3,190	411,849	166,702	31,603	9,965	203	968,748
From July 1, 1894, to December 31, 1894	207,419	502,501	170,237	3,180	402,892	335,527	13,821	6,962	133	1,642,672
From January 1, 1895, to June 30, 1895	91,208	104,887	79,301	860	422,626	114,390	43,063	5,323	746	862,404
From July 1, 1895, to December 31, 1895	92,009	172,332	181,238	2,050	575,493	140,878	72,459	5,595	1,070	1,243,124
From January 1, 1896, to June 30, 1896	80,125	92,640	157,653	626	466,102	136,603	8,987	475	77	943,282
Total	905,256	1,736,390	840,262	47,550	2,799,093	1,265,899	226,427	42,755	2,320	7,865,952

Kinds of money received on account of miscellaneous by assistant treasurers of the United States.

Period.	National-bank notes.	United States notes.	Treasury notes of 1890.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Gold coin.	Standard dollars.	Subsidiary silver.	Minor coin.	Totals.
From July 1, 1893, to December 31, 1893	$618,843	$2,562,097	$1,394,681	$111,130	$2,708,904	$1,962,467	$41,516	$7,821	$126	$9,405,585
From January 1, 1894, to June 30, 1894	454,485	4,723,704	3,438,010	238,098	2,517,618	1,247,567	233,203	8,365	511	12,861,561
From July 1, 1894, to December 31, 1894	148,634	2,047,790	1,226,015	4,980	1,228,609	186,931	4,821	2,563	299	4,849,733
From January 1, 1895, to June 30, 1895	175,858	1,463,850	132,273	7,697	1,916,148	320,312	15,390	4,229	532	4,036,289
From July 1, 1895, to December 31, 1895	256,632	1,218,445	249,436	19,690	2,808,190	565,052	26,119	3,746	408	5,147,718
From January 1, 1896, to June 30, 1896	175,007	904,788	175,061	8,430	2,210,260	131,919	27,655	4,035	456	3,637,611
Total	1,829,459	12,920,674	6,615,476	390,025	13,387,720	4,413,348	348,704	30,759	2,332	39,938,497

RECAPITULATION.

Receipts on account of customs	$376,266	$178,973,555	$32,788,251	$2,002,372	$184,098,456	$39,220,134	$6,002,900	$161,524	$2,655	$443,626,113
Receipts on account of internal revenue	905,256	1,736,390	840,262	47,550	2,799,093	1,265,899	226,427	42,755	2,320	7,865,952
Receipts on account of miscellaneous	1,829,459	12,920,674	6,615,476	390,025	13,387,720	4,413,348	348,704	30,759	2,332	39,938,497
Aggregate	3,110,981	193,630,619	40,243,989	2,439,947	200,285,269	44,899,381	6,578,031	235,038	7,307	491,430,562

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[REVISED EDITION.]

UNITED STATES BONDS, PAPER CURRENCY, COIN, PRODUCTION OF PRECIOUS METALS, ETC.

1896.
Department Circular No. 123.

Division of Loans and Currency.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., July 1, 1896.

Mr. A. T. HUNTINGTON,

Chief Division Loans and Currency, Treasury Department.

SIR: In view of the great number of requests for information respecting United States bonds, the currency, coinage, production of the precious metals, and kindred subjects, and the impracticability of responding to each request separately, you are hereby directed to cause a circular of information to be prepared, which shall cover the questions most frequently asked.

The text of the circular should state, as briefly and clearly as possible, without comment, the historical facts relating to the subjects in question, to be followed by tables reproducing, in compact form, the periodical and other official statements relating thereto, published by this Department. The necessary assistance in this work will be given by the Bureau officers of the Department.

Respectfully, yours,

J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary.

INFORMATION RESPECTING UNITED STATES BONDS, PAPER CURRENCY, COIN, PRODUCTION OF PRECIOUS METALS, ETC.

UNITED STATES BONDS.

The United States bonds now outstanding were issued either for the purpose of refunding other forms of national indebtedness, or to supply gold for the redemption of United States notes.

The refunding acts, so called, were approved July 14, 1870, and January 20, 1871. Under these acts about $1,400,000,000 of bonds were issued, of which $500,000,000 were 5 per cent ten-year bonds, redeemable after May 1, 1881; $185,000,000 were 4½ per cent fifteen-year bonds, redeemable after September 1, 1891, and the remainder were thirty-year 4 per cent bonds, redeemable after July 1, 1907.

The resumption act was approved January 14, 1875; it directed the Secretary of the Treasury to prepare and provide for the redemption of United States notes in coin, on and after January 1, 1879, and it authorized him to use the surplus revenues for that purpose, from time to time, and to sell and dispose of, at not less than par in coin, either of the descriptions of bonds described in the refunding acts above mentioned. In pursuance of this authority, $95,500,000 of the 4½ and 4 per cent bonds were sold for redemption purposes, and the proceeds ($96,000,000 in gold) were placed in the Treasury as a fund for such redemption. In time this fund became known as the "gold reserve," and in the bank act, approved July 12, 1882, in a section providing for the issue of gold certificates, the sum of $100,000,000 was prescribed by Congress as the limit to which the gold reserve might be reduced without affecting the issue of gold certificates.

The presentation of United States notes for redemption prior to 1893 was not great enough to reduce the reserve fund below $100,000,000; in April of that year, however, the minimum was reached, and the fund became so low that in February, 1894, an issue of bonds became necessary to enable the Government to restore the gold reserve and redeem the obligations of the United States. Accordingly, popular subscriptions were invited for an issue of $50,000,000 of ten-year 5 per cent

bonds, which were dated February 1, 1894, and realized to the Government $58,633,295 in gold. In November, 1894, another issue of $50,000,000 of the same class of bonds was necessary, the sum realized being $58,538,500. In February, 1895, the Government was again obliged to replenish the gold reserve, which it did by the purchase, under contract, of 3,500,000 ounces of gold coin, which were paid for with United States 4 per cent thirty-year bonds, amounting to $62,315,400. Another sale of $100,000,000 of 4 per cent thirty-year bonds was made through popular subscriptions, invited in January, 1896. The total amount of bonds thus issued since 1893 to protect the gold reserve was $262,315,400, and the total proceeds thereof, in gold coin, was $293,454,286.74.

The amount of United States bonds outstanding July 1, 1896, was as follows:

4½ per cent bonds continued at 2 per cent	$25,364,500
4 per cent bonds of 1907	559,636,850
5 per cent bonds of 1904	100,000,000
4 per cent bonds of 1925	162,315,400
Total	847,316,750

All these bonds were sold at not less than par for gold coin, or its equivalent; they are all redeemable in coin of the standard value of July 14, 1870, which was the date of the first of the refunding acts. The standard weights and fineness for coins at that date were the same as at present, the gold unit being a dollar of the standard weight of 25.8 grains and the silver unit being the silver dollar of the standard weight of 412½ grains. The interest on all these bonds is payable quarterly in coin of the same standard.

The Government has never issued any bonds payable, by their terms, either principal or interest, in gold coin or in silver coin. Before the war, the obligations of the Government contained no statement as to the kind of money in which they should be paid, and none of the war obligations contained any such provision, except the certificates of temporary loan and the 7-30 notes of 1864 and 1865, which were all payable, by their terms, in lawful money.

Copies of the regulations of this Department for the issue, exchange, transfer, and redemption of United States bonds may be had upon application to the Secretary of the Treasury.

COINS AND PAPER CURRENCY.

There are ten different kinds of money in circulation in the United States, namely, gold coins, standard silver dollars, subsidiary silver, gold certificates, silver certificates, Treasury notes issued under the act of July 14, 1890, United States notes (also called greenbacks and legal tenders), national-bank notes, and nickel and bronze coins. These forms of money are all available as circulation. While they do not all

possess the full legal-tender quality, each kind has such attributes as to give it currency. The status of each kind is as follows:

Gold coin is legal tender at its nominal or face value for all debts, public and private, when not below the standard weight and limit of tolerance prescribed by law; and when below such standard and limit of tolerance, it is legal tender in proportion to its weight.

Standard silver dollars are legal tender at their nominal or face value in payment of all debts, public and private, without regard to the amount, except where otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract.

Subsidiary silver is legal tender for amounts not exceeding $10 in any one payment.

Treasury notes of the act of July 14, 1890, are legal tender for all debts, public and private, except where otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract.

United States notes are legal tender for all debts, public and private, except duties on imports and interest on the public debt.

Gold certificates, silver certificates, and national-bank notes are *not* legal tender, but both classes of certificates are receivable for all public dues, while national-bank notes are receivable for all public dues, except duties on imports, and may be paid out by the Government for all salaries, and other debts and demands owing by the United States to individuals, corporations, and associations within the United States, except interest on the public debt, and in redemption of the national currency. All national banks are required by law to receive the notes of other national banks at par.

The minor coins of nickel and copper are legal tender to the extent of 25 cents.

GOLD COINS.

The coinage of legal-tender gold was authorized by the first coinage act passed by Congress, April 2, 1792.

The gold unit of value is the dollar which contains 25.8 grains of standard gold 900 fine. The amount of fine gold in the dollar is 23.22 grains, and the remainder of the weight is an alloy of copper. While the gold dollar is the unit and standard of value, the actual coinage of the $1 piece was discontinued under authority of the act of September 26, 1890. Gold is now coined in denominations of $2.50, $5, $10, and $20, called respectively quarter eagles, half eagles, eagles, and double eagles.

The total coinage of gold by the mints of the United States from 1792 to June 30, 1896, is $1,814,692,253, of which it is estimated that $567,931,823 is still in existence as coin in the United States, while the remainder, $1,246,760,430, has been exported or consumed in the arts. The gold bullion now in the United States amounts to $32,268,955.

The basis for the estimate of the amount of gold coin in the United States was established in 1873, when the amount in the vaults of the

national banks and in the Treasury was ascertained from reports to be $98,389,864. To this was added $20,000,000 as an estimate of the amount of gold in use on the Pacific Coast, and $10,000,000 as the amount held by all other banks, and by the people. The amount thus ascertained was $128,389,864, to which have been added from year to year the new coinage reported by the Director of the Mint, and the imports as shown by the custom-house reports; and from which have been deducted the exports and the amounts consumed in the arts. It will be seen that more than two-thirds of the gold coins struck at the mints of the United States have disappeared from circulation.

SILVER COINS.

The silver unit is the dollar which contains 412½ grains of standard silver 900 fine. The amount of fine silver in the dollar is 371¼ grains, and there are 41¼ grains of copper alloy. The standard silver dollar was first authorized by the act of April 2, 1792. Its weight was 416 grains 892.4 fine. It contained the same quantity of fine silver as the present dollar, whose weight and fineness were established by the act of January 18, 1837. The coinage of the standard silver dollar was discontinued by the act of February 12, 1873, and it was restored by the act of February 28, 1878. The total amount coined from 1792 to 1873 was $8,031,238, and the amount coined from 1878 to June 30, 1896, was $430,790,041. The coinage ratio between gold and silver under the act of 1792 was 15 to 1, but by the acts of 1834 and 1837 it was changed first to 16.002 to 1 and finally to 15.988 to 1 (commonly called 16 to 1). This is the present ratio.

Of the $430,790,041 standard silver dollars coined since February 1878, there were held in the Treasury June 30, 1896, $378,614,043, and the amount outside the Treasury was $52,175,998. Silver certificates to the amount of $342,619,504 have been issued against that amount of the standard silver dollars held in the Treasury. The commercial value of an ounce of fine silver June 30, 1896, was $0.6924, and the commercial value of the silver in the silver dollar on that date was 53.55 cents.

SUBSIDIARY SILVER.

The silver coins of smaller denominations than one dollar, authorized by the act of April 2, 1792, were half dollars, quarter dollars, dimes, and half dimes. They were the equivalent in value of the fractional parts of a dollar which they represented—that is, two half dollars were equal in weight to one silver dollar, and so on. These coins were full legal tender, when of standard weight, and those of less than full weight were legal tender at values proportional to their respective weights.

By the act of February 21, 1853, the weight of the fractional silver coins was reduced so that the half dollar weighed only 192 grains, and all the smaller denominations were reduced in proportion. Their legal tender quality was at the same time limited to $5, and they thus became sub-

sidiary coins. The present subsidiary coins are half dollars, quarter dollars, and dimes. Their weight is slightly different from that prescribed by the act of 1853; but the limit of their legal-tender quality has been raised to $10, and $86,096,860.40 have been coined since 1873.

The amount of full-weight fractional silver coined prior to 1853 was $76,734,964.50, and the amount of subsidiary silver coined since that year is $144,942,175.50.

There was a period, from 1862 to 1876, when there was no fractional silver coin in circulation in the United States except on the Pacific Coast. During this period the small change of the country consisted of fractional paper currency, which will be described in its place.

ISSUE OF STANDARD SILVER DOLLARS AND FRACTIONAL SILVER COIN.

Standard silver dollars are issued by the Treasurer and assistant treasurers in redemption of silver certificates and Treasury notes of 1890, and are sent by express, at the expense of the Government, in sums or multiples of $500, for silver certificates or Treasury notes of 1890 deposited with the Treasurer or any assistant treasurer.

Upon the deposit of an equivalent sum in United States currency or national-bank notes with the Treasurer or any assistant treasurer or national-bank depositary, fractional silver coin will be paid in any amount by the Treasurer or assistant treasurers in the cities where their several offices are, or will be sent by express, in sums of $200 or more, at the expense of the Government, or by registered mail, at the risk of the consignee, in packages of $50, registration free, from the most convenient Treasury office, to the order of the depositor. For this purpose drafts may be sent to the Treasurer or the assistant treasurer in New York, payable in their respective cities to the order of the officer to whom sent.

PAPER MONEY.

The first paper money ever issued by the Government of the United States was authorized by the acts of July 17 and August 5, 1861. The notes issued were called "demand notes," because they were payable on demand at certain designated subtreasuries. They were receivable for all public dues, and the Secretary was authorized to reissue them when received; but the time within which such reissues might be made was limited to December 31, 1862. The amount authorized by these acts was $50,000,000. An additional issue of $10,000,000 was authorized by the act of February 12, 1862, and there were reissues amounting to $30,000. The demand notes were paid in gold when presented for redemption and they were received for all public dues, and these two qualities prevented their depreciation. All other United States notes were depreciated in value from 1862 until the resumption of specie payments, as shown by the table hereinafter following. The act of February 25, 1862, provided for the substitution of United States notes in place of the demand notes, and they were,

therefore, canceled when received. By July 1, 1863, all except $3,770,000 had been retired, and nearly three millions of this small remainder were canceled during the next fiscal year. These notes were not legal tender when first issued, but they were afterwards made so by the act of March 17, 1862.

UNITED STATES NOTES.

The principal issue of United States paper money was officially called United States notes. These were the well-known "greenbacks" or "legal tenders." The act of February 25, 1862, authorized the issue of $150,000,000, of which $50,000,000 were in lieu of an equal amount of demand notes, and could be issued only as the demand notes were canceled. A second issue of $150,000,000 was authorized by the act of July 11, 1862, of which, however, $50,000,000 was to be a temporary issue for the redemption of a debt known as the temporary loan. A third issue of $150,000,000 was authorized by the act of March 3, 1863. The total amount authorized, including the temporary issue, was $450,000,000, and the highest amount outstanding at any time was $449,338,902 on January 30, 1864. There are still outstanding $346,681,016.

The reduction from the original permanent issue of $400,000,000 to $346,681,016 was caused as follows: The act of April 12, 1866, provided that United States notes might be retired to the extent of $10,000,000 during the ensuing six months, and that thereafter they might be retired at the rate of not more than $4,000,000 per month. This authority remained in force until it was suspended by the act of February 4, 1868. The authorized amount of reduction during this period was about $70,000,000, but the actual reduction was only about $44,000,000. No change was made in the volume of United States notes outstanding until after the panic of 1873, when, in response to popular demand, the Government reissued $26,000,000 of the canceled notes.

This brought the amount oustanding to $382,000,000, and it so remained until the resumption act of January 14, 1875, provided for its reduction to $300,000,000. The process was, however, again stopped by the act of May 31, 1878, which required the notes to be reissued when redeemed. At that time the amount outstanding was $346,681,016, which is the present amount. The amount of United States notes redeemed from the fund raised for resumption purposes since January 1, 1879, to June 30, 1896, was $426,190,220; but the volume outstanding is undiminished because of the provisions of the act of May 31, 1878, which require the notes so redeemed to be paid out again and kept in circulation.

GOLD CERTIFICATES.

The act of March 3, 1863, authorized the Secretary of the Treasury to receive deposits of gold coin and bullion in sums not less than $20, and to issue certificates therefor in denominations not less than $20,

said certificates to be receivable for duties on imports. Under this act deposits of gold were received and certificates issued until January 1, 1879, when the practice was discontinued by order of the Secretary of the Treasury. The purpose of the order was to prevent the holders of United States notes from presenting them for redemption in gold, and redepositing the gold in exchange for gold certificates. No certificates were issued after January 1, 1879, until the passage of the bank act of July 12, 1882, which authorized and directed the Secretary of the Treasury to receive gold coin and bullion and issue certificates.

This act, however, provided that "the Secretary of the Treasury shall suspend the issue of gold certificates whenever the amount of gold coin and gold bullion in the Treasury, reserved for the redemption of United States notes, falls below one hundred millions of dollars." The highest amount of gold certificates outstanding at the close of any fiscal year was $157,542,979, on July 1, 1890, and the amount now outside the Treasury is $42,320,759. The act of July 12, 1882, made them receivable for customs, taxes, and all public dues.

SILVER CERTIFICATES.

The act of February 28, 1878, authorizing the issue of the standard silver dollar, provided that any holder of such dollars might deposit them in sums not less than $10 with the Treasurer or any assistant treasurer of the United States, and receive certificates therefor, in denominations not less than $10, said certificates to be receivable for customs, taxes, and all public dues. The act of August 4, 1886, authorized the issue of the smaller denominations of $1, $2, and $5. Silver certificates have practically taken the place in circulation of the standard silver dollars which they represent. The amount outside the Treasury July 1, 1896, was $331,259,509, while the amount of standard silver dollars outside the Treasury was only $52,175,998. Neither silver certificates nor silver dollars are redeemed in gold.

TREASURY NOTES, ACT OF JULY 14, 1890.*

These notes were authorized by the act of July 14, 1890, commonly called the "Sherman Act." The Secretary of the Treasury was directed to purchase each month 4,500,000 ounces of fine silver at the market price, and to pay for the same with Treasury notes redeemable on demand in coin, and legal tender for all debts, public and private, except where otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract. It was provided in the act that when the notes should be redeemed or received for dues they might be reissued; but that no greater or less amount of such notes should be "outstanding at any time than the cost of the silver bullion and the standard silver dollars coined therefrom, then held in the Treasury, purchased by such notes."

The authority for the purchase of silver bullion under this act was repealed by the act of November 1, 1893, up to which date the

* See sections 1, 2, and 3 of the Sherman act on page 57.

Government had purchased 168,674,682.53 fine ounces, at a cost of $155,931,002, for which Treasury notes were issued. The amount of silver bullion purchased under said act, and now held in the Treasury, is 131,838,199.46 fine ounces, which cost $118,903,909.23. When coined it will produce $170,457,470, of which $51,553,560.77 will be gain or seigniorage. The amount of Treasury notes redeemed in gold up to the close of the fiscal year 1896 was $80,073,325, and the amount redeemed in standard silver dollars was $26,247,722. Treasury notes redeemed in standard silver dollars are canceled and retired in accordance with the requirements of the act of 1890. Those redeemed in gold are reissued as required in the course of business.

Copies of the Treasury regulations governing the issue and redemption of currency can be procured by application to the Department.

FRACTIONAL CURRENCY.

When specie payments were suspended, about January 1, 1862, both gold and silver coins disappeared from circulation. The place of the subsidiary silver coins was for a time supplied by the use of tickets, duebills, and other forms of private obligations, which were issued by merchants, manufacturers, and others whose business required them to "make change." Congress soon interfered and authorized, first, the use of postage stamps for change; second, a modified form of postage stamp called postal currency, and finally fractional paper currency in denominations corresponding to the subsidiary silver coins. The highest amount authorized was $50,000,000. The highest amount outstanding at any time was $49,102,660.27, and the amount still outstanding, though not in use as money, is $15,267,122.47, of which $8,375,934 is officially estimated to have been destroyed.

REDEMPTION.

Gold coins and *standard silver dollars* being standard coins of the United States are not "redeemable."

Subsidiary coins and *minor coins* may be presented in sums or multiples of twenty dollars to the Treasurer of the United States or to an assistant treasurer for redemption or exchange into lawful money.

United States notes are redeemable in "coin," in sums not less than $50, by the assistant treasurers in New York and San Francisco.

Treasury notes of 1890 are redeemable in "coin," in sums not less than $50, by the Treasurer and all assistant treasurers of the United States.

National-bank notes are redeemable in lawful money of the United States by the Treasurer, but not by the assistant treasurers. They are also redeemable at the bank of issue. In order to provide for the redemption of its notes when presented, every national bank is required by law to keep on deposit with the Treasurer a sum equal to 5 per cent of its circulation.

Gold certificates being receipts for gold coin, are redeemable in such coin by the Treasurer and all assistant treasurers of the United States.

Silver certificates are receipts for standard silver dollars deposited, and are redeemable in such dollars only.

"*Coin*" *obligations* of the Government are redeemed in gold coin when gold is demanded, and in silver when silver is demanded.

DENOMINATIONS, WEIGHT AND FINENESS OF THE COINS OF THE UNITED STATES.

GOLD.

Denomination.	Fine gold contained.	Alloy contained.*	Weight.
	Grains.	*Grains.*	*Grains.*
One dollar ($1)	23.22	2.58	25.80
Quarter eagle ($2.50)	58.05	6.45	64.50
Three dollars ($3)	69.66	7.74	77.40
Half eagle ($5)	116.10	12.90	129.00
Eagle ($10)	232.20	25.80	258.00
Double eagle ($20)	464.40	51.60	516.00

* The alloy neither adds to nor detracts from the value of the coin.

SILVER.

Denomination.	Fine silver contained.	Alloy contained.	Weight.
	Grains.	*Grains.*	*Grains.*
Standard dollar	371.25	41.25	412.50
Half dollar	173.61	19.29	192.90
Quarter dollar	86.805	9.645	96.45
Dime	34.722	3.858	38.58

Prior to the act of February 21, 1853, all silver coins were legal tender in all payments whatsoever. The act of February 21, 1853, reduced the weight of all silver coins of less denomination than the silver dollar about 7 per cent, to be coined on Government account only, and made them legal tender in payment of debts for all sums not exceeding $5.

MINOR.

Denomination.	Fine copper contained.	Alloy contained.	Weight.
	Grains.	*Grains.*	*Grains.*
Five cents*	57.87	19.29	77.16
One cent†	45.60	2.40	48

* Seventy-five per cent copper, 25 per cent nickel.
† Ninety-five per cent copper, 5 per cent tin and zinc.

Troy weights are used, and while metric weights are by law assigned to the half and quarter dollar and dime, troy weights still continue to be employed, 15.432 grains being considered as the equivalent of a gram, agreeably to the act of July 28, 1866.

The weight of $1,000 in United States gold coin is 53.75 troy ounces,

equivalent to 3.68 pounds avoirdupois. The weight of $1,000 in standard silver dollars is 859.375 troy ounces, equivalent to 58.92 pounds avoirdupois, and the weight of $1,000 in subsidiary silver is 803.75 troy ounces, equivalent to 55.11 pounds avoirdupois.

COINAGE OF THE UNITED STATES.

The following table exhibits the number of fine ounces and value of gold and silver coinage of the United States by calendar years, from 1873 to 1895:

Coinage of gold and silver by the mints of the United States, 1873–1895.

Calendar years.	Gold.		Silver.	
	Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Coining value.
1873	2,758,475	$57,022,748	3,112,891	$4,024,748
1874	1,705,441	35,254,630	5,299,421	6,851,777
1875	1,594,050	32,951,940	11,870,635	15,347,893
1876	2,253,281	46,579,453	18,951,777	24,503,308
1877	2,128,493	43,999,864	21,960,246	28,393,045
1878	2,408,400	49,786,052	22,057,548	28,518,850
1879	1,890,499	39,080,980	21,323,498	27,569,776
1880	3,014,163	62,308,279	21,201,232	27,411,694
1881	4,685,162	96,850,890	21,609,979	27,940,164
1882	3,187,317	65,887,685	21,635,463	27,973,132
1883	1,414,581	29,241,990	22,620,701	29,246,968
1884	1,160,601	23,991,756	22,069,935	28,534,866
1885	1,343,519	27,773,012	22,400,433	28,962,176
1886	1,400,240	28,945,542	24,817,064	32,086,709
1887	1,159,664	23,972,383	27,218,101	35,191,081
1888	1,518,046	31,380,808	25,543,242	33,025,606
1889	1,035,899	21,413,931	27,454,465	35,496,683
1890	990,100	20,467,182	30,320,999	39,202,908
1891	1,413,614	29,222,005	21,284,115	27,518,857
1892	1,682,832	34,787,223	9,777,084	12,641,078
1893	2,757,231	56,997,020	6,308,413	8,802,797
1894	3,848,045	79,546,160	7,115,896	9,200,351
1895	2,883,941	59,616,358	4,497,055	5,698,010
Total	48,233,594	997,076,991	420,860,190	544,142,477

Coinage of gold and silver since November 1, 1893, the date of the repeal of the purchasing clause of the act of July 14, 1890, to June 30, 1896.

November 1, 1893, to June 30, 1896.	Gold.	Silver dollars.	Subsidiary silver.
November and December, 1893	$20,627,917.50	$227	$848,533.30
Calendar year 1894	79,546,160.00	3,093,972	6,106,378.85
Calendar year 1895	59,616,357.50	862,880	4,835,130.25
January to June 30, 1896	22,523,572.50	7,500,412	1,356,301.70
Total	182,314,007.60	11,457,491	13,186,344.10

Coinage of silver coins, by acts and denominations, from 1792 to June 30, 1896.

Denomination.	1792 to 1853.	1853 to Feb. 12, 1873.	Feb. 12, 1873, to June 30, 1896.	Total silver.
Dollars	$2,506,890.00	$5,524,348.00	$430,790,041.00	$438,821,279.00
Trade dollars			35,965,924.00	35,965,924.00
Total dollars	2,506,890.00	5,524,348.00	466,755,965.00	474,787,203.00
Half dollars	66,280,640.50	32,666,832.50	33,714,835.00	132,662,308.00
Half dollars, Columbian			2,501,052.50	2,501,052.50
Quarter dollars	3,994,040.50	17,879,790.50	29,292,335.75	51,166,166.75
Quarter dollars, Columbian			10,005.75	10,005.75
Twenty-cent pieces			271,000.00	271,000.00
Dimes	3,890,230.10	4,908,520.00	20,105,550.40	28,904,300.50
Half dimes	1,825,126.40	3,055,093.00		4,880,219.40
Three-cent pieces	744,927.00	537,160.20		1,282,087.20
Total subsidiary	76,734,964.50	59,047,396.20	85,894,779.40	221,677,140.10
Total silver	79,241,854.50	64,571,744.20	552,650,744.40	696,464,343.10

Fractional silver coinage, 1792 to 1853	$76,734,964.50
Subsidiary silver coinage, 1853 to February 12, 1873	59,047,396.20
Subsidiary silver coinage, February 12, 1873, to June 30, 1896	85,894,779.40
Total	221,677,140.10

Coinage executed at the mints of the United States during the eight months from January 1 to September 1, 1896.

Denomination.	Pieces.	Value.
Double eagles	1,386,230	$27,724,600.00
Eagles	55,278	552,780.00
Half eagles	92,936	464,680.00
Quarter eagles	5,885	14,712.60
Total gold	1,540,329	28,756,772.50
Standard dollars	11,212,412	11,212,412.00
Half dollars	1,219,315	609,657.50
Quarter dollars	2,950,412	737,603.00
Dimes	750,412	75,041.20
Total silver	16,132,551	12,634,713.70
Five-cent nickels	5,972,212	298,610.60
One-cent bronze	25,569,572	255,695.72
Total minor	31,541,784	554,306.32
Total coinage	49,214,664	41,945,792.52

The following table exhibits the value of the pure silver in a silver dollar at prices of silver per ounce fine from $0.50 to $1.2929, or parity:

Price of silver per fine ounce.	Value of pure silver in a silver dollar.	Price of silver per fine ounce.	Value of pure silver in a silver dollar.	Price of silver per fine ounce.	Value of pure silver in a silver dollar.
$0.50	$0.387	$0.77	$0.596	$1.04	$0.804
.51	.394	.78	.603	1.05	.812
.52	.402	.79	.611	1.06	.820
.53	.410	.80	.619	1.07	.828
.54	.418	.81	.626	1.08	.835
.55	.425	.82	.634	1.09	.843
.56	.433	.83	.642	1.10	.851
.57	.441	.84	.650	1.11	.850
.58	.449	.85	.657	1.12	.866
.59	.456	.86	.665	1.13	.874
.60	.464	.87	.673	1.14	.882
.61	.472	.88	.681	1.15	.889
.62	.480	.89	.688	1.16	.897
.63	.487	.90	.696	1.17	.905
.64	.495	.91	.704	1.18	.913
.65	.503	.92	.712	1.19	.920
.66	.510	.93	.719	1.20	.928
.67	.518	.94	.727	1.21	.936
.68	.526	.95	.735	1.22	944
.69	.534	.96	.742	1.23	.951
.70	.541	.97	.750	1.24	.959
.71	.549	.98	.758	1.25	.967
.72	.557	.99	.766	1.26	.975
.73	.565	1.00	.773	1.27	.982
.74	.572	1.01	.781	1.28	.990
.75	.580	1.02	.789	1.29	.998
.76	.588	1.03	.797	*1.2929	1.00

* Parity.

Bullion value of 371¼ grains of pure silver at the annual average price of silver each year from 1837 to 1895, inclusive.

Year.	Value.	Year.	Value.	Year.	Value.	Year.	Value.
1837	$1.009	1852	$1.025	1867	$1.027	1882	$0.878
1838	1.008	1853	1.042	1868	1.025	1883	.858
1839	1.023	1854	1.042	1869	1.024	1884	.861
1840	1.023	1855	1.039	1870	1.027	1885	.823
1841	1.018	1856	1.039	1871	1.025	1886	.769
1842	1.007	1857	1.046	1872	1.022	1887	.756
1843	1.003	1858	1.039	1873	1.004	1888	.727
1844	1.008	1859	1.052	1874	.988	1889	.723
1845	1.004	1860	1.045	1875	.964	1890	.809
1846	1.005	1861	1.031	1876	.894	1891	.764
1847	1.011	1862	1.041	1877	.929	1892	.673
1848	1.008	1863	1.040	1878	.891	1893	.603
1849	1.013	1864	1.040	1879	.868	1894	.491
1850	1.018	1865	1.035	1880	.886	1895	.505
1851	1.034	1866	1.036	1881	.880	1896 (6 months)	.528

Coinage value in gold of an ounce of fine silver at the ratios 1:15–1:33.

Ratio.	Value of an ounce of fine silver.	Ratio.	Value of an ounce of fine silver.	Ratio.	Value of an ounce of fine silver.
1 to 15	$1.3780	1 to 20⅓	$1.0083	1 to 27	$0.7656
1 to 15½	1.3336	1 to 21	.9843	1 to 27½	.7517
1 to 15.988 (United States ratio)	1.2929	1 to 21⅓	.9614	1 to 28	.7382
1 to 16	1.2919	1 to 22	.9396	1 to 28½	7253
1 to 16½	1.2527	1 to 22½	.9187	1 to 29	.7109
1 to 17	1.2159	1 to 23	.8987	1 to 29½	.7007
1 to 17½	1.1811	1 to 23⅓	.8796	1 to 30	.6890
1 to 18	1.1483	1 to 24	.8613	1 to 30½	.6777
1 to 18½	1.1173	1 to 24½	.8437	1 to 31	.6668
1 to 19	1.0879	1 to 25	.8268	1 to 31½	.6562
1 to 19½	1.0600	1 to 25½	.8106	1 to 32	.6459
1 to 20	1.0335	1 to 26	.7950	1 to 32½	.6360
		1 to 26½	.7800	1 to 33	.6264

Highest, lowest, and average price of bar silver in London per ounce, British standard (.925), since 1833, and the equivalent in United States gold coin of an ounce 1,000 fine taken at the average price.

Calendar year.	Lowest quotation.	Highest quotation.	Average quotation.	Value of an ounce, fine, at average quotation.	Calendar year.	Lowest quotation.	Highest quotation.	Average quotation.	Value of an ounce, fine, at average quotation.
	d.	*d.*	*d.*	*Dollars.*		*d.*	*d.*	*d.*	*Dollars.*
1833	58¾	59⅞	59 3/16	1.297	1865	60⅛	61⅝	61 1/16	1.338
1834	59¾	60¾	59 15/16	1.313	1866	60⅜	62¼	61⅛	1.339
1835	59½	60	59 11/16	1.308	1867	60⅜	61¼	60 9/16	1.328
1836	59⅝	60⅝	60	1.315	1868	60⅛	61⅛	60½	1.326
1837	59	60⅝	59 9/16	1.305	1869	60	61	60 7/16	1.325
1838	59½	60½	59½	1.304	1870	60¼	60¾	60 9/16	1.328
1839	60	60⅝	60⅜	1.323	1871	60 3/16	61	60½	1.326
1840	60⅛	60¾	60⅜	1.323	1872	59¼	61⅛	60 5/16	1.322
1841	59¾	60⅜	60 1/16	1.316	1873	57⅞	59 15/16	59¼	1.298
1842	59¼	60	59 7/16	1.303	1874	57½	59½	58 9/16	1.278
1843	59	59⅝	59 3/16	1.297	1875	55½	57⅝	56⅞	1.246
1844	59¼	59¾	59½	1.304	1876	46¾	58½	52¾	1.156
1845	58⅞	59⅞	59¼	1.298	1877	53¼	58¼	54 13/16	1.201
1846	59	60⅛	59 5/16	1.300	1878	49½	55¼	52 9/16	1.152
1847	58⅞	60⅜	59 11/16	1.308	1879	48⅞	53¾	51¼	1.123
1848	58½	60	59½	1.304	1880	51⅜	52⅞	52¼	1.145
1849	59½	60	59¾	1.309	1881	50⅞	52⅞	51 15/16	1.138
1850	59½	61½	61 1/16	1.316	1882	50	52⅜	51 13/16	1.136
1851	60	61⅝	61	1.337	1883	50	51 3/16	50⅝	1.110
1852	59⅞	61⅞	60½	1.326	1884	49½	51⅜	50¾	1.113
1853	60⅜	61⅞	61½	1.348	1885	46⅞	50	48 9/16	1.0645
1854	60⅞	61⅞	61½	1.348	1886	42	47	45⅜	0.9946
1855	60	61⅝	61 5/16	1.344	1887	43¼	47½	44⅜	0.97823
1856	60½	62¼	61 5/16	1.344	1888	41⅜	44 9/16	42⅞	0.93974
1857	61	62⅜	61¾	1.353	1889	42	44⅝	41 15/16	0.93512
1858	60¾	61⅞	61 5/16	1.344	1890	43⅜	54⅝	47¾	1.04633
1859	61¾	62¾	62 1/16	1.360	1891	43½	48¾	45 1/16	0.98782
1860	61¼	62⅜	61 11/16	1.352	1892	37⅞	43¾	39¾	0.87106
1861	60⅛	61⅜	60 13/16	1.333	1893	30½	38¾	35 7/16	0.78031
1862	61	62½	61 7/16	1.346	1894	27	31¾	28⅞	0.63479
1863	61	61¾	61⅜	1.345	1895	27 3/16	31⅜	29 13/16	0.65406
1864	60⅝	62½	61⅜	1.345	1896 (6 months)	30½	31 15/16	31 3/16	0.68158

Commercial ratio of silver to gold each year since 1687.

[NOTE.—From 1687 to 1832 the ratios are taken from Dr. A. Soetbeer; from 1833 to 1878 from Pixley and Abell's tables, and from 1879 to 1894 from daily cablegrams from London to the Bureau of the Mint.]

Year.	Ratio.	Year.	Ratio.	Year.	Ratio.	Year.	Ratio.	Year.	Ratio.	Year.	Ratio.
1687....	14.94	1723...	15.20	1759...	14.15	1795...	15.55	1831...	15.72	1867...	15.57
1688....	14.94	1724...	15.11	1760...	14.14	1796...	15.65	1832...	15.73	1868...	15.59
1689....	15.02	1725...	15.11	1761...	14.54	1797...	15.41	1833...	15.93	1869...	15.60
1690....	15.02	1726...	15.15	1762...	15.27	1798...	15.59	1834...	15.73	1870...	15.57
1691....	14.98	1727...	15.24	1763...	14.99	1799...	15.74	1835...	15.80	1871...	15.57
1692....	14.92	1728...	15.11	1764...	14.70	1800...	15.68	1836...	15.72	1872...	15.63
1693....	14.83	1729...	14.92	1765...	14.83	1801...	15.46	1837...	15.83	1873...	15.92
1694....	14.87	1730...	14.81	1766...	14.80	1802 ..	15.26	1838...	15.85	1874...	16.17
1695....	15.02	1731...	14.94	1767...	14.85	1803...	15.41	1839...	15.62	1875...	16.59
1696....	15.00	1732...	15.09	1768...	14.80	1804...	15.41	1840...	15.62	1876...	17.88
1697....	15.20	1733...	15.18	1769...	14.72	1805...	15.79	1841...	15.70	1877...	17.22
1698....	15.07	1734...	15.39	1770...	14.62	1806...	15.52	1842...	15.87	1878...	17.94
1699....	14.94	1735...	15.41	1771...	14.66	1807...	15.43	1843...	15.93	1879...	18.40
1700....	14.81	1736...	15.18	1772...	14.52	1808...	16.08	1844...	15.85	1880...	18.05
1701....	15.07	1737...	15.02	1773...	14.62	1809...	15.96	1845...	15.92	1881...	18.16
1702....	15.52	1738...	14.91	1774...	14.62	1810...	15.77	1846...	15.90	1882...	18.19
1703....	15.17	1739...	14.91	1775...	14.72	1811...	15.53	1847...	15.80	1883...	18.64
1704....	15.22	1740...	14.94	1776...	14.55	1812...	16.11	1848...	15.85	1884...	18.57
1705....	15.11	1741...	14.92	1777...	14.54	1813...	16.25	1849...	15.78	1885...	19.41
1706....	15.27	1742...	14.85	1778...	14.68	1814...	15.04	1850...	15.70	1886...	20.78
1707....	15.44	1743...	14.85	1779...	14.80	1815...	15.26	1851...	15.46	1887...	21.13
1708....	15.41	1744...	14.87	1780...	14.72	1816...	15.28	1852...	15.59	1888...	21.99
1709....	15.31	1745...	14.98	1781...	14.78	1817...	15.11	1853...	15.33	1889...	22.10
1710....	15.22	1746...	15.13	1782...	14.42	1818...	15.35	1854...	15.33	1890...	19.76
1711....	15.29	1747...	15.26	1783...	14.48	1819...	15.33	1855...	15.38	1891...	20.92
1712....	15.31	1748...	15.11	1784...	14.70	1820...	15.62	1856...	15.38	1892...	23.72
1713....	15.24	1749...	14.80	1785...	14.92	1821...	15.95	1857...	15.27	1893...	26.49
1714....	15.13	1750...	14.55	1786...	14.96	1822...	15.80	1858...	15.38	1894...	32.56
1715....	15.11	1751...	14.39	1787...	14.92	1823...	15.84	1859...	15.19	1895...	31.60
1716....	15.09	1752...	14.54	1788...	14.65	1824...	15.82	1860...	15.29	1896 (6 months)	30.32
1717....	15.13	1753...	14.54	1789...	14.75	1825...	15.70	1861...	15.50		
1718....	15.11	1754...	14.48	1790...	15.04	1826...	15.76	1862...	15.35		
1719....	15.09	1755...	14.68	1791...	15.05	1827...	15.74	1863...	15.37		
1720....	15.04	1756...	14.94	1792...	15.17	1828...	15.78	1864...	15.37		
1721....	15.05	1757...	14.87	1793...	15.00	1829...	15.78	1865...	15.44		
1722....	15.17	1758...	14.85	1794...	15.37	1830...	15.82	1866...	15.43		

Amount, cost, and average price paid each year and bullion value of a silver dollar coined from bullion purchased under the act of February 28, 1878.

Fiscal year.	Fine ounces.	Cost.	Average price per fine ounce.	Bullion value of a silver dollar.
1878	10,809,350.58	$13,023,268.96	$1.2048	$0.9318
1879	19,248,086.09	21,593,642.90	1.1218	.8676
1880	22,057,862.64	25,235,081.53	1.1440	.8848
1881	19,709,227.11	22,327,874.75	1.1328	.8761
1882	21,190,200.87	24,054,480.47	1.1351	.8779
1883	22,889,241.24	25,577,327.58	1.1174	.8642
1884	21,922,951.52	24,378,383.91	1.1120	.8600
1885	21,791,171.61	23,747,460.25	1.0807	.8428
1886	22,690,652.94	23,448,960.01	1.0334	.7992
1887	26,490,008.04	25,988,620.46	.9810	.7587
1888	25,380,125.32	24,237,553.20	.9547	.7384
1889	26,468,861.03	24,717,853.81	.9338	.7222
1890	27,820,900.05	26,899,326.33	.9668	.7477
1891	2,797,379.52	3,049,426.46	1.0901	.8431
Total	291,272,018.56	308,279,260.71	1.0583	.8185

Amount, cost, average price, and bullion value of the silver dollar of silver purchased under the act of July 14, 1890.

Fiscal year.	Fine ounces.	Cost.	Average price per fine ounce.	Bullion value of a silver dollar.
1891	48,393,113.05	$50,577,498.44	$1.0451	$0.8083
1892	54,355,748.10	51,106,607.96	.9402	.7271
1893	54,008,162.60	45,531,374.53	.8430	.6520
1894	11,917,658.78	8,715,521.32	.7313	.5656
Total	168,674,682.53	155,931,002.25	.9244	.7150

Highest, lowest, and average value of a United States silver dollar, measured by the market price of silver, and the quantity of silver purchasable with a dollar at the average London price of silver, each year since 1873.

Calendar year.	Bullion value of a silver dollar.			Grains of pure silver at average price purchasable with a United States silver dollar.*
	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	
1873	$1.016	$0.981	$1.004	369.77
1874	1.008	.970	.988	375.76
1875	.977	.941	.964	385.11
1876	.991	.792	.894	415.27
1877	.987	.902	.929	399.62
1878	.936	.839	.891	416.66
1879	.911	.828	.868	427.70
1880	.896	.875	.886	419.49
1881	.896	.862	.881	421.87
1882	.887	.847	.878	422.83
1883	.868	.847	.858	432.69
1884	.871	.839	.861	431.18
1885	.847	.794	.823	451.09
1886	.797	.712	.769	482.77
1887	.799	.733	.758	489.78
1888	.755	.706	.727	510.66
1889	.752	.746	.724	512.93
1890	.926	.740	.810	458.83
1891	.827	.738	.764	485.76
1892	.742	.642	.674	550.79
1893	.655	.513	.604	615.10
1894	.538	.457	.491	756.04
1895	.532	.461	.505	733.87
1896 (six months)	.539	.517	.528	704.03

* 371.25 grains of pure silver are contained in a silver dollar.

Coinage of gold and silver of the mints of the world for the calendar years 1873–1894.

Calendar year.	Gold.		Silver.	
	Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Coining value.
1873	12,402,890	$257,630,802	101,741,421	$131,544,464
1874	6,568,279	135,778,387	79,610,875	102,031,232
1875	9,480,832	195,987,428	92,747,118	119,916,467
1876	10,309,645	213,110,278	97,899,525	126,577,164
1877	9,753,196	201,616,466	88,449,796	114,359,332
1878	9,113,292	188,386,011	124,671,870	161,191,913
1879	4,390,107	90,752,811	81,124,555	104,888,313
1880	7,242,951	149,725,081	65,442,074	84,611,974
1881	7,111,864	147,015,275	83,539,051	108,010,086
1882	4,822,851	99,697,170	85,085,996	110,785,934
1883	5,071,882	104,845,114	84,541,904	109,300,765
1884	4,810,001	99,432,795	74,120,127	95,832,084
1885	4,632,273	95,767,582	98,044,475	126,704,574
1886	4,573,310	94,642,070	96,566,844	124,854,101
1887	6,046,510	124,992,465	126,388,502	163,411,397
1888	6,522,346	134,828,855	104,354,000	134,922,344
1889	8,170,511	168,901,519	107,788,256	139,362,595
1890	7,219,725	149,244,955	117,789,228	152,293,144
1891	5,782,463	119,534,122	106,962,049	138,294,367
1892	8,343,387	172,473,124	120,282,947	155,517,347
1893	11,243,342	232,420,517	106,697,783	137,952,690
1894	11,025,680	227,921,032	87,472,523	113,095,788
Total	164,702,527	3,404,703,469	2,131,920,919	2,756,423,015

NOTE.—This table includes recoinages. The amount of recoinage of gold coins in the United States during the above period is $45,354,422 and of silver coins $36,615,971.14. It is not practicable to state the recoinage of other nations, as the reports received do not state it separately. The recoinage of gold in the United States is much smaller, in proportion to our total coinage of gold, than in most foreign countries, because in the United States coin is represented in circulation principally by paper money.

The following table shows the production of the precious metals in the world for the calendar years 1873–1895:

Production of gold and silver in the world for the calendar years 1873–1895.

Year.	Gold.		Silver.		
	Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Commercial value.	Coining value.
1873	4,653,675	$96,200,000	63,267,187	$82,120,800	$81,800,000
1874	4,390,031	90,750,000	55,300,781	70,674,400	71,500,000
1875	4,716,563	97,500,000	62,261,719	77,578,100	80,500,000
1876	5,016,488	103,700,000	67,753,125	78,322,600	87,600,000
1877	5,512,196	113,947,200	62,679,916	75,278,600	81,040,700
1878	5,761,114	119,092,800	73,385,451	84,540,000	94,882,200
1879	5,262,174	108,778,800	74,383,495	83,532,700	96,172,600
1880	5,148,880	106,436,800	74,795,273	85,640,600	96,705,000
1881	4,983,742	103,023,100	79,020,872	89,925,700	102,168,400
1882	4,934,086	101,996,600	86,472,091	98,232,300	111,802,300
1883	4,614,588	95,392,000	89,175,023	98,984,300	115,297,000
1884	4,921,169	101,729,000	81,567,801	90,785,000	105,461,400
1885	5,245,572	108,435,600	91,609,959	97,518,800	118,445,200
1886	5,135,679	106,163,900	93,297,290	92,793,500	120,626,800
1887	5,116,861	105,774,900	96,123,586	94,031,000	124,281,000
1888	5,330,775	110,196,900	108,827,606	102,185,000	140,706,400
1889	5,973,790	123,489,200	120,213,611	112,414,100	155,427,700
1890	5,749,306	118,848,700	126,095,062	131,937,000	163,032,000
1891	6,320,194	130,650,000	137,170,919	135,500,200	177,352,300
1892	7,102,180	146,815,100	153,151,762	133,404,400	198,014,400
1893	7,608,787	157,287,600	166,092,047	129,551,800	214,745,300
1894	8,737,788	180,626,100	167,752,561	106,522,000	216,892,200
1895*	9,820,125	203,000,000	174,796,875	114,327,600	226,000,000
Total	132,055,763	2,729,834,900	2,305,194,012	2,265,802,300	2,980,452,900

*Estimated.

The silver product is given at its commercial value, reckoned at the average market price of silver each year, as well as its coining value in United States dollars.

Product of gold and silver from mines in the United States, 1873–1895.

Calendar year.	Gold.		Silver.		
	Fine ounces.	Value.	Fine ounces.	Commercial value.	Coining value.
1873	1,741,500	$36,000,000	27,650,000	$35,890,000	$35,750,000
1874	1,620,563	33,500,000	28,849,000	36,869,000	37,300,000
1875	1,615,725	33,400,000	24,518,000	30,549,000	31,700,000
1876	1,930,162	39,900,000	30,009,000	34,690,000	38,800,000
1877	2,268,788	46,900,000	30,783,000	36,970,000	39,800,000
1878	2,476,800	51,200,000	34,960,000	40,270,000	45,200,000
1879	1,881,787	38,900,000	31,550,000	35,430,000	40,800,000
1880	1,741,500	36,000,000	30,320,000	34,720,000	39,200,000
1881	1,678,612	34,700,000	33,260,000	37,850,000	43,000,000
1882	1,572,187	32,500,000	36,200,000	41,120,000	46,800,000
1883	1,451,250	30,000,000	35,730,000	39,060,000	46,200,000
1884	1,489,950	30,800,000	37,800,000	42,070,000	48,800,000
1885	1,538,325	31,800,000	30,910,000	42,500,000	51,600,000
1886	1,693,125	35,000,000	39,440,000	39,230,000	51,000,000
1887	1,596,375	33,000,000	41,200,000	40,410,000	53,350,000
1888	1,604,841	33,175,000	45,780,000	43,020,000	59,195,000
1889	1,587,000	32,800,000	50,000,000	46,750,000	64,646,000
1890	1,588,880	32,845,000	54,500,000	57,225,000	70,405,000
1891	1,604,840	33,175,000	58,330,000	57,630,000	75,417,000
1892	1,596,375	33,000,000	63,500,000	55,563,000	82,101,000
1893	1,739,323	35,955,000	60,000,000	46,800,000	77,576,000
1894	1,910,813	39,500,000	49,500,000	31,422,000	64,000,000
1895	2,254,760	46,610,000	55,727,000	36,445,000	72,051,000
Total	40,183,481	830,660,000	939,576,000	943,083,000	1,214,751,000

Product of gold and silver in the United States from 1792 to 1844, and annually since.

[The estimate for 1792–1873 is by R. W. Raymond, Commissioner, and since by Director of the Mint.]

Year.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.
April 2, 1792–July 31, 1834	$14,000,000	Insignificant.	$14,000,000
July 31, 1834–December 31, 1844	7,500,000	$250,000	7,750,000
1845	1,008,327	50,000	1,058,327
1846	1,139,357	50,000	1,189,357
1847	889,085	50,000	939,085
1848	10,000,000	50,000	10,050,000
1849	40,000,000	50,000	40,050,000
1850	50,000,000	50,000	50,050,000
1851	55,000,000	50,000	55,050,000
1852	60,000,000	50,000	60,050,000
1853	65,000,000	50,000	65,050,000
1854	60,000,000	50,000	60,050,000
1855	55,000,000	50,000	55,050,000
1856	55 000,000	50,000	55,050,000
1857	55,000,000	50,000	55,050,000
1858	50,000,000	500,000	50,500,000
1859	50,000,000	100,000	50,100,000
1860	46,000,000	150,000	46,150,000
1861	43,000,000	2,000,000	45,000,000
1862	39,200,000	4,500,000	43,700,000
1863	40,000,000	8,500,000	48,500,000
1864	46,100,000	11,000,000	57,100,000
1865	53,225,000	11,250,000	64,475,000
1866	53,500,000	10,000,000	63,500,000
1867	51,725,000	13,500,000	65,225,000
1868	48,000,000	12,000,000	60,000,000
1869	49,500,000	12,000,000	61,500,000
1870	50,000,000	16,000,000	66,000,000
1871	43,500,000	23,000,000	66,500,000
1872	36,000,000	28,750,000	64,750,000
1873	36,000,000	35,750,000	71,750,000
1874	33,500,000	37,300,000	70,800,000
1875	33,400,000	31,700,000	65,100,000
1876	39,900,000	38,800,000	78,700,000
1877	46,900,000	39,800,000	86,700,000
1878	51,200,000	45,200,000	96,400,000
1879	38,900,000	40,800,000	79,700,000
1880	36,000,000	39,200,000	75,200,000
1881	34,700,000	43,000,000	77,700,000
1882	32,500,000	46,800,000	79,300,000
1883	30,000,000	46,200,000	76,200,000
1884	30,800,000	48,800,000	79,600,000
1885	31,800,000	51,600,000	83,400,000
1886	35,000,000	51,000,000	86,000,000
1887	33,000,000	53,350,000	86,350,000
1888	33,175,000	59,195,000	92,370,000
1889	32,800,000	64,646,000	97,446,000
1890	32,845,000	70,465,000	103,310,000
1891	33,175,000	75,417,000	108,592,000
1892	33,000,000	82,101,000	115,101,000
1893	35,955,000	77,576,000	113,531,000
1894	39,500,000	64,000,000	103,500,000
1895	46,610,000	72,051,000	118,661,000
Total	2,059,946,769	1,368,901,000	3,428,847,769

Monetary systems and approximate stocks of money in the aggre

	Countries.	Monetary system.	Ratio between gold and full legal-tender silver.	Ratio between gold and limited-tender silver.	Population.	Stock of gold.
1	United States (*a*)	Gold and silver	1 to 15.98	1 to 14.95	71,300,000	$600,100,000
2	United Kingdom	Gold		1 to 14.28	38,900,000	*b* 580,000,000
3	France	Gold and silver	1 to 15½	1 to 14.38	38,300,000	*b* 850,000,000
4	Germany	Gold		1 to 13.957	51,200,000	*b* 625,000,000
5	Belgium	Gold and silver	1 to 15½	1 to 14.38	6,300,000	*b* 55,000,000
6	Italy	do	1 to 15½	1 to 14.38	30,700,000	*c* 98,200,000
7	Switzerland	do	1 to 15½	1 to 14.38	3,000,000	*c* 14,900,000
8	Greece	do	1 to 15½	1 to 14.38	2,200,000	*b* 500,000
9	Spain	do	1 to 15½	1 to 14.38	17,500,000	*b* 40,000,000
10	Portugal	Gold		1 to 14.08	5,100,000	*b* 38,000,000
11	Roumania	Gold and silver			5,800,000	*c* 38,600,000
12	Servia	do			2,300,000	*c* 3,000,000
13	Austria-Hungary	Gold		1 to 13.09	43,500,000	*b* 140,000,000
14	Netherlands	Gold and silver	1 to 15⅝	1 to 15	4,700,000	*c* 29,200,000
15	Norway	Gold		1 to 14.88	2,000,000	*b* 7,500,000
16	Sweden	do		1 to 14.88	4,800,000	*c* 8,000,000
17	Denmark	do		1 to 14.88	2,300,000	*c* 14,500,000
18	Russia	Silver	1 to 15½	1 to 12.90	126,000,000	*b* 480,000,000
19	Turkey	Gold and silver	1 to 15⅞	1 to 15⅞	22,000,000	*b* 50,000,000
20	Australia	Gold		1 to 14.28	4,700,000	*b* 115,000,000
21	Egypt	do		1 to 15.68	6,800,000	*b* 120,000,000
22	Mexico	Silver	1 to 16½		12,100,000	*b* 5,000,000
23	Central American States	do	1 to 15½		5,600,000	*b* 500,000
24	South American States	do. *e*	1 to 15½		36,000,000	*b* 40,000,000
25	Japan	Gold and silver	1 to 16.18		41,100,000	*c* 80,000,000
26	India	do	1 to 15		296,000,000	
27	China	Silver			300,000,000	
28	Straits Settlements	do			3,800,000	
29	Canada	Gold		1 to 14.28	4,800,000	*b* 14,000,000
30	Cuba	Gold and silver	1 to 15½		1,800,000	*b* 18,000,000
31	Haiti	do	1 to 15½		1,000,000	*b* 3,000,000
32	Bulgaria	do	1 to 15½	1 to 14.38	4,300,000	*b* 800,000
	Total					4,068,800,000

a July 1, 1896; all other countries, January 1, 1895.
b Estimate, Bureau of the Mint.
c Information furnished through United States representatives.

gate and per capita in the principal countries of the world.

Stock of silver.			Uncovered paper.	Per capita.				
Full tender.	Limited tender.	Total.		Gold.	Silver.	Paper.	Total.	
$549,800,000	$75,800,000	$625,600,000	$383,300,000	$8.41	$8.77	$5.37	$22.55	1
.....	*b* 115,000,000	115,000,000	*c* 113,400,000	14.91	2.96	2.91	20.78	2
b 430,000,000	*c* 57,900,000	487,900,000	*c* 32,100,000	22.19	12.94	.84	35.77	3
b 105,000,000	*b* 110,000,000	215,000,000	*c* 60,400,000	12.21	4.20	1.18	17.59	4
b 48,000,000	*b* 6,900,000	54,900,000	*c* 65,400,000	8.73	8.71	10.38	27.82	5
b c 21,400,000	*b c* 20,000,000	41,400,000	*c* 191,800,000	3.20	1.35	6.24	10.79	6
b 10,000,000	5,000,000	15,000,000	.....	4.97	5.00	.....	9.97	7
b 500,000	*b* 1,000,000	1,500,000	*c* 22,400,000	.23	.68	10.18	11.09	8
b 126,000,000	*b* 40,000,000	166,000,000	*c* 83,700,000	2.28	9.49	4.78	16.55	9
.....	*b* 24,800,000	24,800,000	*c* 55,100,000	7.45	4.86	10.80	23.11	10
.....	*c* 10,600,000	10,600,000	*c* 11,700,000	6.65	1.83	2.02	10.50	11
.....	*c* 1,900,000	1,900,000	*b* 3,800,000	1.30	.83	1.65	3.78	12
b 80,000,000	*b* 40,000,000	120,000,000	*c* 204,300,000	3.22	2.76	4.69	10.67	13
c 53,000,000	*c* 3,200,000	56,200,000	*c* 28,600,000	6.21	11.96	6.08	24.25	14
.....	*b* 2,000,000	2,000,000	*c* 3,800,000	3.75	1.00	1.90	6.65	15
.....	*c* 4,800,000	4,800,000	*c* 2,100,000	1.66	1.00	.43	3.10	16
.....	*c* 5,400,000	5,400,000	*c* 5,400,000	6.30	2.35	2.35	11.00	17
.....	*b* 48,000,000	48,000,000	*c* 539,000,000	3.80	.38	4.28	8.46	18
b 30,000,000	*d* 10,000,000	40,000,000	.....	2.27	1.82	.....	4.09	19
.....	*b* 7,000,000	7,000,000	.....	24.47	1.49	.....	25.96	20
.....	*b* 15,000,000	15,000,000	.....	17.65	2.20	.....	19.85	21
b 55,000,000	.....	55,000,000	*b* 2,000,000	.41	4.54	.....	4.95	22
c 12,000,000	.....	12,000,000	*c* 8,000,000	.09	2.14	1.43	3.66	23
b 30,000,000	.....	30,000,000	*b* 550,000,000	1.11	.83	15.28	17.22	24
c 68,000,000	*c* 16,300,000	84,300,000	.....	1.95	2.05	.....	4.00	25
b 950,000,000	.....	950,000,000	*b* 37,000,000	.....	3.21	.12	3.33	26
b 750,000,000	.....	750,000,000	.....	.....	2.08	.....	2.08	27
b 115,000,000	.....	115,000,000	.....	.....	30.26	.....	30.26	28
.....	*b* 5,000,000	5,000,000	*b* 29,000,000	2.92	1.04	6.04	10.00	29
b 1,500,000	.....	1,500,000	.....	10.00	.83	.....	10.83	30
b 2,100,000	*b* 800,000	2,900,000	*e* 4,200,000	3.00	2.90	4.20	10.10	31
b 3,400,000	3,400,000	6,800,000	.....	.18	1.58	.....	1.76	32
3,440,700,000	629,800,000	4,070,500,000	2,436,500,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	

d Haupt.
e Except Veneznela and Chile.

NOTE.—The full tender silver in the United States includes the silver bullion in the Treasury for which Treasury notes (act of July 14, 1890) have been issued.

World's production of gold and silver

[Fine ounce of gold, $20.671834+; fine ounce of silver,

	Countries.	1892.			
		GOLD.		SILVER.	
		Oz., fine.	*Dollars.*	*Oz., fine.*	*Dollars.*
1	United States	1,596,375	33,000,000	63,499,992	82,101,000
2	Australasia	1,652,442	34,159,000	13,439,018	17,375,700
3	Mexico	54,625	1,129,200	39,504,867	51,077,000
	European countries:				
4	Russia	1,200,000	24,806,200	465,377	601,700
5	Germany	100,987	2,087,600	6,818,316	8,815,600
6	Austria-Hungary	72,659	1,502,000	1,770,653	2,289,200
7	Sweden	2,830	58,500	1,702	2,200
8	Norway	.....	.....	144,478	186,800
9	Italy	4,421	91,400	1,281,045	1,656,300
10	Spain	.....	.....	[1] 1,487,030	1,923,400
11	Greece	.....	.....	[5] 65,123	84,200
12	Turkey	[6] 339	7,000	[6] 203,569	263,200
13	France	6,274	129,700	2,979,745	3,852,600
14	Great Britain	2,477	51,200	169,383	219,000
15	Dominion of Canada	[1] 43,905	907,600	[1] 345,495	446,700
	South American countries:				
16	Argentine Republic	[3] 3,967	82,000	[4] 479,531	620,000
17	Colombia	[4] 167,958	3,472,000	[4] 1,313,761	1,698,600
18	Bolivia	3,241	[1] 67,000	10,715,358	13,854,200
19	Ecuador	[6] 2,515	52,000	[6] 7,734	10,000
20	Chile	29,209	603,800	3,240,007	4,189,100
21	Brazil	107,368	2,219,500	.....	.....
22	Venezuela	38,995	806,100	.....	.....
23	Guiana (British)	116,047	2,398,900	.....	.....
24	Guiana (Dutch)	[1] 34,530	713,800	.....	.....
25	Guiana (French)	[4] 48,288	998,200	.....	.....
26	Peru	[4] 3,531	73,000	1,904,744	2,462,700
27	Uruguay	[1] 6,850	141,600	.....	.....
28	Central American States	[5] 7,909	163,500	1,546,875	[2] 2,000,000
29	Japan	[7] 24,754	511,700	[7] 1,767,459	2,285,200
30	China	407,608	[1] 8,426,000	.....	.....
31	Africa	1,172,223	24,232,000	.....	.....
32	India (British)	160,523	3,318,300	.....	.....
33	Korea	29,330	606,300	.....	.....
	Total	7,102,180	146,815,100	153,151,762	198,014,400

[1] Estimate of the Bureau of the Mint.
[2] Estimated the same as officially communicated for 1887.
[3] Estimated the same as officially communicated for 1890.
[4] Estimated the same as officially communicated for 1891.
[5] Estimated the same as officially communicated for 1892.

for calendar years 1892, 1893, and 1894.

$1.292929+, coining rate in United States silver dollars.]

1893.				1894.				
GOLD.		SILVER.		GOLD.		SILVER.		
Oz., fine.	*Dollars.*	*Oz., fine.*	*Dollars.*	*Oz., fine.*	*Dollars.*	*Oz., fine.*	*Dollars.*	
1,739,323	35,955,000	59,999,936	77,575,700	1,910,813	39,500,000	49,500,000	64,000,000	1
1,726,436	35,688,600	20,501,508	26,507,000	2,020,179	41,760,800	18,073,455	23,367,700	2
63,144	1,305,300	44,362,519	57,357,600	217,688	[1]4,500,000	47,038,381	60,817,300	3
1,345,222	27,808,200	325,230	420,500	1,167,453	24,133,400	275,808	356,600	4
72,509	1,498,900	6,373,202	8,240,100	103,571	2,141,000	6,810,272	8,805,100	5
81,502	1,675,400	2,897,219	3,745,900	87,423	1,807,200	2,684,524	3,470,900	6
2,999	62,000	143,705	185,800	3,024	62,500	92,194	119,200	7
.....	.....	[5]144,478	186,800	.....	.....	151,207	195,600	8
5,660	117,000	928,512	1,200,500	[6]5,660	117,000	[6]928,512	1,200,500	9
.....	.....	2,013,258	2,603,000	.....	.....	2,044,505	2,643,400	10
.....	.....	65,123	84,200	.....	.....	1,139,041	1,472,700	11
339	7,000	203,569	263,200	387	8,000	48,727	63,000	12
8,964	185,300	3,152,609	4,076,100	[6]8,964	185,300	[6]3,152,609	4,076,100	13
2,046	42,300	253,455	327,700	3,183	65,800	255,002	329,700	14
[1]44,853	927,200	[1]248,583	321,400	50,411	1,042,100	847,687	1,096,000	15
6,782	140,200	708,005	915,400	4,596	95,000	1,200,066	1,551,600	16
139,939	2,892,800	1,687,950	2,182,400	[6]139,939	2,892,800	[6]1,687,950	2,182,400	17
3,241	[1]67,000	13,631,449	17,624,500	3,241	[1]67,000	21,999,966	28,444,400	18
2,515	52,000	7,734	10,000	3,309	68,400	[6]7,734	10,000	19
22,466	464,400	3,128,769	4,045,200	22,466	[6]464,400	2,850,503	3,685,500	20
107,368	2,219,500	.....	.....	107,368	2,219,500	.....	.....	21
[5]38,995	806,100	.....	.....	41,196	851,600	.....	.....	22
124,198	2,567,400	.....	.....	111,751	2,310,100	.....	.....	23
[1]34,240	707,800	.....	.....	[1]31,482	650,800	.....	.....	24
[4]48,288	998,200	.....	.....	64,300	1,329,200	.....	.....	25
[4]3,531	73,000	[6]1,904,744	2,462,700	3,599	74,400	3,460,978	4,474,800	26
[1]6,850	141,600	.....	.....	[1]6,850	141,600	.....	.....	27
[4]7,909	163,500	1,546,875	[2]2,000,000	22,760	470,500	1,546,875	[2]2,000,000	28
[8]23,414	484,000	[8]1,863,675	2,409,600	[9]23,694	489,800	[9]1,956,565	2,529,700	29
333,444	[1]6,892,900	.....	.....	413,937	[1]8,556,800	.....	.....	30
1,400,142	28,943,500	.....	.....	1,948,109	40,271,000	.....	.....	31
184,483	3,813,600	.....	.....	187,835	3,882,900	.....	.....	32
28,440	587,900	.....	.....	22,600	467,200	.....	.....	33
7,608,242	157,287,600	166,092,047	214,745,300	8,737,788	180,626,100	167,752,561	216,892,200	

[6]Estimated the same as officially communicated for 1893.
[7]Product of Imperial mines, 1892; private mines, 1890.
[8]Product of Imperial mines, 1893; private mines, 1891.
[9]Product of Imperial mines, 1894; private mines, 1892.

Production of gold and silver in the

[From 1493 to 1885 is from a table of averages for certain periods compiled by Dr. Adolph Soetbeer.

Period.	Gold.			
	Annual average for period.		Total for period.	
	Ounces, fine.	Value.	Ounces, fine.	Value.
1493–1520	186, 470	$3, 855, 000	5, 221, 160	$107, 931, 000
1521–1544	230, 194	4, 759, 000	5, 524, 656	114, 205, 000
1545–1560	273, 596	5, 658, 000	4, 377, 544	90, 492, 000
1561–1580	219, 906	4, 548, 000	4, 398, 120	90, 917, 000
1581–1600	237, 267	4, 905, 000	4, 745, 340	98, 095, 000
1601–1620	273, 918	5, 662, 000	5, 478, 360	113, 248, 000
1621–1640	266, 845	5, 516, 000	5, 336, 900	110, 324, 000
1641–1660	281, 955	5, 828, 000	5, 639, 110	116, 571, 000
1661–1680	297, 709	6, 154, 000	5, 954, 180	123, 084, 000
1681–1700	346, 095	7, 154, 000	6, 921, 895	143, 088, 000
1701–1720	412, 163	8, 620, 000	8, 243, 260	170, 403, 000
1721–1740	613, 422	12, 681, 000	12, 268, 440	253, 611, 000
1741–1760	791, 211	16, 356, 000	15, 824, 230	327, 116, 000
1761–1780	665, 666	13, 761, 000	13, 313, 315	275, 211, 000
1781–1800	571, 948	11, 823, 000	11, 438, 970	236, 464, 000
1801–1810	571, 563	11, 815, 000	5, 715, 627	118, 152, 000
1811–1820	367, 957	7, 606, 000	3, 679, 568	76, 063, 000
1821–1830	457, 044	9, 448, 000	4, 570, 444	94, 479, 000
1831–1840	652, 291	13, 484, 000	6, 522, 913	134, 841, 000
1841–1850	1, 760, 502	36, 393, 000	17, 605, 018	363, 928, 000
1851–1855	6, 410, 324	132, 513, 000	32, 051, 621	662, 566, 000
1856–1860	6, 486, 262	134, 083, 000	32, 431, 312	670, 415, 000
1861–1865	5, 949, 582	122, 989, 000	29, 747, 913	614, 944, 000
1866–1870	6, 270, 086	129, 614, 000	31, 350, 430	648, 071, 000
1871–1875	5, 591, 014	115, 577, 000	27, 955, 068	577, 883, 000
1876–1880	5, 543, 110	114, 586, 000	27, 715, 550	572, 931, 000
1881–1885	4, 794, 755	99, 116, 000	23, 973, 773	495, 582, 000
1886	5, 135, 679	106, 163, 900	5, 135, 679	106, 163, 900
1887	5, 116, 861	105, 774, 900	5, 116, 861	105, 774, 900
1888	5, 330, 775	110, 196, 900	5, 330, 775	110, 196, 900
1889	5, 973, 790	123, 489, 200	5, 973, 790	123, 489, 200
1890	5, 749, 306	118, 848, 700	5, 749, 306	118, 848, 700
1891	6, 320, 194	130, 650, 000	6, 320, 194	130, 650, 000
1892	7, 102, 180	146, 815, 100	7, 102, 180	146, 815, 100
1893	7, 608 787	157, 287, 600	7, 608, 787	157, 287, 600
1894	8, 737 788	180, 626, 100	8, 737, 787	180, 626, 100
1895*	9, 820, 125	203, 000, 000	9, 820, 125	203, 000, 000
Total	.....	.....	424, 900, 202	8, 783, 467, 400

* Estimated.

world since the discovery of America.

For the years 1886 to 1895 the production is the annual estimate of the Bureau of the Mint.]

Silver.				Percentage of production.			
Annual average for period.		Total for period.		By weight.		By value.	
Ounces, fine.	Coining value	Ounces, fine.	Coining value.	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.
1,511,050	$1,954,000	42,309,400	$54,703,000	11	89	66.4	33.6
2,899,930	3,749,000	69,598,320	89,986,000	7.4	92.6	55.9	44.1
10,017,940	12,952,000	160,287,040	207,240,000	2.7	97.3	30.4	69.6
9,628,925	12,450,000	192,578,500	248,990,000	2.2	97.8	26.7	73.3
13,467,635	17,413,000	269,352,700	348,254,000	1.7	98.3	22	78
13,596,235	17,579,000	271,924,700	351,579,000	2	98	24.4	75.6
12,654,240	16,361,000	253,084,800	327,221,000	2.1	97.9	25.2	74.8
11,776,545	15,226,000	235,530,900	304,525,000	2.3	97.7	27.7	72.3
10,834,550	14,008,000	216,691,000	280,166,000	2.7	97.3	30.5	69.5
10,992,085	14,212,000	219,841,700	284,240,000	3.1	96.9	33.5	66.5
11,432,540	14,781,000	228,650,800	295,629,000	3.5	96.5	36.6	63.4
13,863,080	17,924,000	277,261,600	358,480,000	4.2	95.8	41.4	58.6
17,140,612	22,162,000	342,812,235	443,232,000	4.4	95.6	42.5	57.5
20,985,591	27,133,000	419,711,820	542,658,000	3.1	96.9	33.7	66.3
28,261,779	36,540,000	565,235,580	730,810,000	2	98	24.4	75.6
28,746,922	37,168,000	287,469,225	371,677,000	1.9	98.1	24.1	75.9
17,385,755	22,479,000	173,857,555	224,786,000	2.1	97.9	25.3	74.7
14,807,004	19,144,000	148,070,040	191,444,000	3	97	33	67
19,175,867	24,793,000	191,758,675	247,930,000	3.3	96.7	35.2	64.8
25,090,342	32,440,000	250,903,422	324,400,000	6.6	93.4	52.9	47.1
28,488,597	36,824,000	142,442,986	184,169,000	18.4	81.6	78.3	21.7
29,095,428	37,618,000	145,477,142	188,092,000	18.2	81.8	78.1	21.9
35,401,972	45,772,000	177,009,862	228,861,000	14.4	85.6	72.9	27.1
43,051,583	55,663,000	215,257,914	278,313,000	12.7	87.3	70	30
63,317,014	81,864,000	316,585,069	409,322,000	8.1	91.9	58.5	41.5
78,775,602	101,851,000	393,878,009	509,256,000	6.6	93.4	53	47
92,003,944	118,955,000	460,019,722	594,773,000	5	95	45.5	54.5
93,297,290	120,626,800	93,297,290	120,626,800	5.2	94.8	46.8	53.2
96,123,586	124,281,000	96,123,586	124,281,000	5	95	45.9	54.1
108,827,606	140,706,400	108,827,606	140,706,400	4.6	95.4	43.9	56.1
120,213,611	155,427,700	120,213,611	155,427 700	4.7	95.3	44.3	55.7
126,095,062	163,032,000	126,095,062	163,032,000	4.3	95.7	42.1	57.9
137,170,919	177,352,300	137,170,919	177,352,300	4.4	95.6	42.4	57.6
153,151,762	198,014,400	153,151,762	198,014,400	4.4	95.6	42.5	57.5
166,092,047	214,745,300	166,092,047	214,745,300	4.4	95.6	42.4	57.6
167,752,561	216,892,200	167,752,561	216,802,200	4.9	95.1	45.6	54.4
174,796,875	226,000,000	174,796,875	226,000,000	5.3	94.7	47.3	52.7
.....	.....	8,011,122,035	10,357,814,100	5	95	45.9	54.1

Coinage of nations.

Countries.	1892.		1893.		1894.	
	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.
United States	$34,787,223	$12,641,078	$56,997,020	$8,802,797	$70,546,160	$9,200,351
Mexico	275,203	26,782,721	493,167	28,005,396	554,107	29,481,033
Great Britain	67,682,503	3,790,673	45,094,210	5,290,728	27,633,807	4,002,057
Australasia	30,784,202	.....	32,059,354	.....	35,203,648	.....
India [1]	.....	52,258,747	.....	30,544,591	.....	2,288,504
France	871,225	.....	9,832,068	.....	1,897,395	772,000
Germany	8,863,874	1,237,854	26,280,188	2,093,713	37,433,154	1,067,945
Russia [2]	555,909	2,920,484	2,315,403	2,499,874	2,315,481	233,861
Finland	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	41,365
Austria-Hungary	14,038,714	[3] 5,315,080	[4] 55,867,730	[4] 18,468,064	[4] 40,395,456	[4] 10,742,232
Italy	130,105	22,997	159,086	.....	.....	.....
Spain	9,381,062	8,917,860	.....	3,290,591	.....	3,946,225
Japan	1,319,525	12,307,062	1,305,070	12,300,705	1,576,440	24,131,363
Portugal	.....	3,075,840	.....	1,412,640	.....	478,440
Netherlands	245	1,507,800	.....	562,800	70,897	160,800
Norway	.....	120,600	.....	134,000	.....	120,600
Sweden	.....	78,996	.....	26,171	165,239	46,443
Denmark	.....	242,207	.....	.....	.....	121,593
Switzerland	386,000	.....	386,000	.....	465,516	579,000
Turkey	140,672	883,464	736,989	874,628	84,403	450,018
Egypt	.....	649,555	622,818	537,114	.....	.....
Abyssinia	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	30,759
Persia	.....	.....	136,320	255,600	.....	.....
Hongkong	.....	1,100,000	.....	1,500,000	.....	2,100,000
China	.....	3,500,000	.....	4,249,960	.....	6,000,000
Indo-China	.....	57,900	.....	939,906	.....	1,532,087
Tunis	3,231,905	471,131	134,004	347	232	347
Canada	.....	298,000	.....	160,000	.....	144,518
Newfoundland	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	58,000
Costa Rica	.....	138,091	.....	155,000	.....	12,517
Haiti	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	718,753
Bolivia	.....	1,435,543	.....	1,569,229	.....	.....
Peru	.....	2,614,948	.....	2,167,393	.....	4,360,153
Colombia	.....	2,378,272	.....	34,530	.....	8,252
Ecuador	.....	60,000	.....	.....	.....	83,308
Venezuela	.....	.....	.....	193,000	.....	193,000
Chile	.....	.....	.....	481,405	.....	121,779
Uruguay	.....	.....	.....	1,000,110	.....	.....
Guatemala	.....	.....	.....	100,000	.....	3,561,988
British Honduras	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	50,000
British West Indies	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9,733
German East Africa	.....	364,814	.....	45,348	.....	93,097
German New Guinea	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	47,608
South African Republic	24,697	49,519	.....	.....	.....	.....
Straits Settlements	.....	.....	.....	194,000	.....	306,000
Congo State	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	96,500
Morocco	.....	858,808	.....	557,750	.....	327,337
Bulgaria	.....	2,509,198	.....	.....	579,097	2,316,224
Roumania	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	579,000
Ceylon	.....	236,850	.....	473,700	.....	142,110
Siam	.....	6,631,256	.....	.....	.....	2,338,288
Korea	.....	.....	.....	25,000	.....	.....
Total	172,473,124	155,517,347	232,420,517	137,952,690	227,921,032	113,095,788

[1] Rupee calculated at coining rate, $0.4737. [2] Silver ruble calculated at coining rate, $0.7718. [3] Silver florin calculated at coining rate, $0.482. [4] Florin calculated at coining rate, $0.4052, under the coinage act of August 2, 1892.

SUMMARY OF MONETARY EVENTS SINCE 1786.

1786.—Establishment of the double standard in the United States with a ratio of 1 to 15.25; that is, on the basis of 123.134 grains of fine gold for the half eagle, or $5 piece, and 375.64 grains of fine silver for the dollar, without any actual coinage.

1792.—Adoption of the ratio of 1 to 15 and establishment of a mint with free and gratuitous coinage in the United States; the silver dollar equal to 371¼ grains fine, the eagle to 247½ grains fine.

1803.—Establishment of the double standard in France on the basis of the ratio of 1 to 15½, notwithstanding the fact that the market ratio was then about 1 to 15.

1810.—Introduction of the silver standard in Russia on the basis of the ruble of 17.99 grams of fine silver, followed in 1871 by the coinage of imperials, or gold pieces of 5 rubles, of 5.998 grams; therefore, with a ratio of 1 to 15. This ratio was changed by the increase of the imperial to 5 rubles 15 copecks, and later to 1 to 15.45.

1815.—Great depreciation of paper money in England, reaching 26½ per cent in May. Course of gold, £5 6s., and of silver, 71½d. per ounce standard. In December the loss was only 6 per cent; gold at this period was quoted at £4 3s., and silver at 64d.

1816.—Abolition of the double standard in England, which had had as its basis the ratio of 1 to 15.21, and adoption of the gold standard on the basis of the pound sterling at 7.322 grams fine in weight.

Coinage of divisional money at the rate of 66d. per ounce. Extreme prices, £4 2s. for gold and 64d. for silver; in January, £3 18s. 6d., and 59½d. in December.

1816.—Substitution for the ratio of 1 to 15.5 in Holland, established by a rather confused coinage, of the ratio of 1 to 15⅞.

1819.—Abolition of forced currency in England. Price of gold, £3 17s. 10½d., and of silver, 62d.* per ounce in October, against £4 1s. 6d. and 67d. in February.

1832.—Introduction of the monetary system of France in Belgium, with a decree providing for the coinage of pieces of 20 and 40 francs, which, however, were not stamped. Silver, 59¾d.

1834.—Substitution of the ratio of 1 to 16 for that of 1 to 15 in the United States by reducing the weight of the eagle, ten-dollar gold piece, from 270 grains to 258 grains.

In 1837 the fineness of the United States gold coins was raised from .899225 to 900, and the silver coins from .8924 to .900, giving a ratio of 1 to 15.988 and fixing the standard weight of the silver dollar at 412½ grains. Silver .59-15/16d.

1835.—Introduction of the company rupee, a piece of silver weighing 165 grains fine, in India in place of the sicca rupee. Creation of a trade coin—the mohur, or piece of 15 rupees—containing 165 grains of fine gold. Silver, 59$\frac{11}{16}$d.

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*The price of silver given hereafter represents the average rate per ounce standard—that is, the mean between the highest price and the lowest price quoted during the year.

1844.—Introduction of the double standard in Turkey, with the ratio of 1 to 15.10. Silver, $59\frac{1}{2}$d.

1847.—Abolition of the double standard in Holland by the introduction of the silver standard on the basis of a 1-florin piece 0.945 grams fine, the coinage of which had already been decreed in 1839. Silver, $59\frac{11}{16}$d.

1847.—Discovery of the gold mines of California.

1848. Coinage in Belgium of pieces of 10 and 25 francs in gold, a shade too light. These pieces were demonetized and withdrawn from circulation in 1884. Silver, $59\frac{1}{2}$d.

1848.—Replacing the ratio of 1 to 16 in Spain, which had been in force since 1786, by that of 1 to 15.77.

1850.—Introduction of the French monetary system in Switzerland without any actual coinage of gold pieces. Silver, $60\frac{1}{16}$d.

1851.—Discovery of the gold mines of Australia.

1853.—Lowering of the weight of silver pieces of less value than $1 to the extent of 7 per cent in the United States, and limitation of their legal-tender power to $5. Silver, $61\frac{1}{2}$d.

1853.—Maximum of the production of gold reached in California, when it amounted to $65,000,000.

1854.—Introduction of the gold standard in Portugal on the basis of the crown of 16.257 grams fine. Before this period the country had the silver standard, with a rather large circulation of gold coins stamped on the basis of 1 to $15\frac{1}{2}$ in 1835 and 1 to $16\frac{1}{2}$ in 1847. Silver, $61\frac{1}{2}$d.

1854.—Modification of the ratio of 1 to 15.77 in Spain by raising it to 1 to 15.48, and by lowering the piaster from 23.49 grams to 23.36 grams fine.

1854.—Introduction of the silver standard, as it existed in the mother country, in Java, in place of the ideal Javanese money, and coinage of colonial silver pieces.

1857.—Conclusion of a monetary treaty between Austria and the German States, in accordance with which 1 pound of fine silver (one-half a kilogram) was stamped into 30 thalers or $52\frac{1}{2}$ florins of south Germany, or 45 Austrian florins, resulting in 1 thaler equaling $1\frac{3}{4}$ German florins or $1\frac{1}{2}$ Austrian florins. Silver, $61\frac{3}{4}$d.

1861.—Law decreeing the coinage of gold pieces of 10 and 20 francs exactly equal to French coins of the same denomination in Belgium. Silver, $61\frac{3}{4}$d.

1862.—Adoption of the French monetary system by Italy. Silver, $61\frac{7}{16}$d.

1865.—Formation of the Latin Union between France, Belgium, Switzerland, and Italy on the basis of a ratio of 1 to $15\frac{1}{2}$. Silver, $61\frac{1}{16}$d.

1868.—Adoption of the French monetary system by Roumania, with the exclusion of the 5-franc silver piece, which was, however, stamped in 1881 and 1883. Silver, $60\frac{1}{2}$d.

1868.—Admission of Greece into the Latin Union. The definite and universal introduction of the French monetary system into the country was effected only in 1883.

1868.—Adoption of the French monetary system, with the peseta or franc as the unit, by Spain. The coinage of gold alphonses d'or of 25 pesetas was made only in 1876.

1871.—Replacing of the silver standard in Germany by the gold standard. Coinage in 1873 of gold pieces of 5, 10, and 20 mark pieces, the latter weighing 7.168 grams fine. Silver, 60½d.

1871.—Establishment of the double standard in Japan with the ratio of 1 to 16.17 by the coinage of the gold yen of 1.667 grams and of the silver yen of 26.956 grams, both with a fineness of 0.900.

1873.—Increase of the intrinsic value of the subsidiary coins of the United States. Replacing of the double standard by the gold standard. Reduction of the cost of coinage of gold to one-fifth per cent, the total abolition of which charge was decreed in 1875. Creation of a trade dollar of 420 grains with a fineness of 0.900. Silver, 59¼d.

1873.—Suspension of the coinage of 5-franc pieces in Belgium.

1873.—Limitation of the coinage of 5-francs on individual account in France.

1873.—Suspension of the coinage of silver in Holland.

1873.—Formation of the Scandinavian Monetary Union. Replacing of the silver standard in Denmark, Sweden, and Norway by that of gold on the basis of the krone. Coinage of pieces of 10 and 20 kroner, the latter weighing 8.961 grams, with a fineness of 0.900.

1874.—Introduction of the system of contingents for the coinage of 5-franc silver pieces in the Latin Union. Silver, 58$\frac{5}{16}$d.

1875.—Suspension of the coinage of silver on individual account in Italy. Silver, 56⅞d.

1875.—Suspension of the coinage of silver on account of the Dutch colonies.

1875.—Introduction of the double standard in Holland on the basis of the ratio of 1 to 15.62 by the creation of a gold piece of 10 florins, weighing 5.048 grams fine, with the maintenance of the suspension of the coinage of silver.

1876.—Great fluctuations in the price of silver, which declined to 46¾d., representing the ratio of 1 to 20.172, in July. Recovery, in December, to 58½d. Average price, 52¾d.

1877.—Coinage of 5-franc silver pieces by Spain continued later, notwithstanding the decline of silver in the market. Silver, 54¾d.

1877.—Replacing of the double standard in Finland by that of gold on the basis of the mark or franc.

1878.—Act of United States Congress providing for the purchase, from time to time, of silver bullion, at the market price thereof, of not less than $2,000,000 worth per month as a minimum, nor more than $4,000,000 worth per month as a maximum, and its coinage as fast as purchased into silver dollars of 412½ grains. The coinage of silver on private account prohibited. Silver, 52$\frac{9}{16}$d.

1878.—Meeting of the first international monetary conference in Paris. Prolongation of the Latin Union to January 1, 1886.

1879.—Suspension of the sales of silver by Germany. Silver, $51\frac{1}{4}$d.

1881.—Second international monetary conference in Paris. Silver, $51\frac{11}{16}$d.

1885.—Introduction of the double standard in Egypt. Silver, $48\frac{3}{8}$d.

1885.—Prolongation of the Latin Union to January 1, 1891.

1886.—Great decline in the price of silver, which fell in August to 42d., representing a ratio of 1 to 22.5, and recovery, in December, to 46d. Modification of the coinage of gold and silver pieces in Russia. Silver, $45\frac{3}{8}$d.

1887.—Retirement of the trade dollars by the Government of the United States in February. Demonetization of the Spanish piasters, known as Ferdinand Carolus, whose reimbursement at the rate of 5 pesetas ended on March 11. New decline of silver in March to 44d., representing the ratio of 1 to 21.43. Silver, $44\frac{5}{8}$d.

1890.—United States—Repeal of the act of February 28, 1878, commonly known as Bland-Allison law, and substitution of authority for purchase of 4,500,000 fine ounces of silver each month to be paid for by issue of Treasury notes payable in coin. (Act of July 14, 1890.) Demonetization of 25,000,000 lei in pieces of 5 lei in Roumania in consequence of the introduction of the gold standard by the law of October 27. Silver, $47\frac{11}{16}$d.

1891.—Introduction of the French monetary system in Tunis on the basis of the gold standard. Coinage of national gold coins and billon. Silver, $45\frac{1}{16}$d.

1892.—Replacing of the silver standard in Austria-Hungary by that of gold by the law of August 2. Coinage of pieces of 20 crowns, containing 6.098 grams fine. The crown equals one-half florin. Meeting of the third international monetary conference at Brussels Production of gold reaches its maximum, varying between 675,000,000 and 734,000,000 francs. Silver, $39\frac{13}{16}$d.

1893.—Suspension of the coinage of silver in British India and of French trade dollars on individual account. Panic in the silver market in July in London, when the price fell below 30d., representing the ratio of 1 to 31.43. Repeal of the purchasing clause of the act of July 14, 1890, by the Congress of the United States.

1895.—Adoption of the gold standard by Chile.

1895.—Russia decides to coin 100,000,000 gold rubles in 1896.

MONETARY SYSTEM OF THE UNITED STATES.

In 1786 the Congress of the Confederation chose as the monetary unit of the United States the dollar of 375.64 grains of pure silver. This unit had its origin in the Spanish piaster or milled dollar, which constituted the basis of the metallic circulation of the English colonies in America. It was never coined, there being at that time no mint in the United States.

The act of April 2, 1792, established the first monetary system of the United States. The bases of the system were: The gold dollar or unit, containing 24.75 grains of pure gold, and stamped in pieces of $10, $5, and $2½, denominated, respectively, eagles, half eagles, and quarter eagles; the silver dollar or unit, containing 371.25 grains of pure silver. A mint was established. The coinage was unlimited and there was no mint charge. The ratio of gold to silver in coinage was 1:15. Both gold and silver were legal tender. The standard was double.

The act of 1792 undervalued gold, which was therefore exported. The act of June 28, 1834, was passed to remedy this, by changing the mint ratio between the metals to 1:16.002. This latter act fixed the weight of the gold dollar at 25.8 grains, but lowered the fineness from 0.916⅔ to 0.899225. The fine weight of the gold dollar was thus reduced to 23.2 grains. The act of 1834 undervalued silver as that of 1792 had undervalued gold, and silver was attracted to Europe by the more favorable ratio of 1:15½. The act of January 18, 1837, was passed to make the fineness of the gold and silver coins uniform. The legal weight of the gold dollar was fixed at 25.8 grains, and its fine weight at 23.22 grains. The fineness was, therefore, changed by this act to 0.900 and the ratio to 1:15.988+.

Silver continued to be exported. The act of February 21, 1853, reduced the weight of the silver coins of a denomination less than $1, which the acts of 1792 and 1837 had made exactly proportional to the weight of the silver dollar, and provided that they should be legal tender to the amount of only $5. Under the acts of 1792 and 1837 they had been full legal tender. By the act of 1853 the legal weight of the half dollar was reduced to 192 grains and that of the other fractions of the dollar in proportion. The coinage of the fractional parts of the dollar was reserved to the Government.

The act of February 12, 1873, provided that the unit of value of the United States should be the gold dollar of the standard weight of 25.8 grains, and that there should be coined besides the following gold coins: A quarter eagle, or 2½-dollar piece; a 3-dollar piece; a half eagle, or 5-dollar piece; an eagle, or 10-dollar piece, and a double eagle, or 20-dollar piece, all of a standard weight proportional to that of the dollar piece. These coins were made legal tender in all payments at their nominal value when not below the standard weight and limit of tolerance provided in the act for the single piece, and when reduced in weight they should be legal tender at a valuation in proportion to their actual weight. The silver coins provided for by the act were a trade dollar, a half dollar, or 50-cent piece, a quarter dollar, and a 10-cent piece; the weight of the trade dollar to be 420 grains Troy; the half dollar 12½ grams; the quarter dollar and the dime, respectively, one-half and one-fifth of the weight of the half dollar. These silver coins were made legal tender at their nominal value for any amount not exceeding $5 in any one payment. The charge for converting standard gold bullion into coin was fixed at one-fifth of 1 per cent. Owners

of silver bullion were allowed to deposit it at any mint of the United States to be formed into bars or into trade dollars, and no deposit of silver for other coinage was to be received.

Section II of the joint resolution of July 22, 1876, recited that the trade dollar should not thereafter be legal tender, and that the Secretary of the Treasury should be authorized to limit the coinage of the same to an amount sufficient to meet the export demand for it. The act of February 19, 1887, retired the trade dollar and prohibited its coinage. That of September 26, 1890, discontinued the coinage of the 1-dollar and 3-dollar gold pieces.

The act of February 28, 1878, directed the coinage of silver dollars of the weight of 412½ grains troy, of standard silver, as provided in the act of January 18, 1837, and that such coins, with all standard silver dollars theretofore coined, should be legal tender at their nominal value for all debts and dues, public and private, except where otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract.

The Secretary of the Treasury was authorized and directed by the first section of the act to purchase from time to time silver bullion at the market price thereof, not less than $2,000,000 worth nor more than $4,000,000 worth per month, and to cause the same to be coined monthly, as fast as purchased, into such dollars. A subsequent act, that of July 14, 1890, enacted that the Secretary of the Treasury should purchase silver bullion to the aggregate amount of 4,500,000 ounces, or so much thereof as might be offered, each month, at the market price thereof, not exceeding $1 for 371.25 grains of pure silver, and to issue in payment thereof Treasury notes of the United States, such notes to be redeemable by the Government, on demand, in coin, and to be legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private, except where otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract. The act directed the Secretary of the Treasury to coin each month 2,000,000 ounces of the silver bullion purchased under the provisions of the act into standard silver dollars until the 1st day of July, 1891, and thereafter as much as might be necessary, to provide for the redemption of the Treasury notes issued under the act. The purchasing clause of the act of July 14, 1890, was repealed by the act of November 1, 1893.

The act of June 9, 1879, made the subsidiary silver coins of the United States legal tender to the amount of $10. The minor coins are legal tender to the amount of 25 cents.

COINS OF THE UNITED STATES, AUTHORITY FOR COINING, AND CHANGES IN WEIGHT AND FINENESS AND AMOUNT COINED.

GOLD COINS.

DOUBLE EAGLE.

Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1849.
Weight, 516 grains; fineness, .900.
Total amount coined to June 30, 1896, $1,277,693,220.

EAGLE.

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.
Weight, 270 grains; fineness, .916⅔.
Weight changed, act of June 28, 1834, to 258 grains
Fineness changed, act of June 28, 1834, to .899,225.
Fineness changed, act of January 18, 1837, to .900.
Total amount coined to June 30, 1896, $266,538,270.

HALF EAGLE.

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.
Weight, 135 grains; fineness, .916⅔.
Weight changed, act of June 28, 1834, to 129 grains.
Fineness changed, act of June 28, 1834, to .899,225.
Fineness changed, act of January 18, 1837, to .900.
Total amount coined to June 30, 1896, $220,631,035.

QUARTER EAGLE.

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.
Weight, 67.5 grains; fineness, .916⅔.
Weight changed, act of June 28, 1834, to 64.5 grains.
Fineness changed, act of June 28, 1834, to .899,225.
Fineness changed, act of January 18, 1837, to .900.
Total amount coined to June 30, 1896, $28,711,015.

THREE-DOLLAR PIECE.

Authorized to be coined, act of February 21, 1853.
Weight, 77.4 grains; fineness, .900.
Total amount coined to September 26, 1890, $1,619,376.
Coinage discontinued, act of September 26, 1890.

ONE DOLLAR.

Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1849.
Weight, 25.8 grains; fineness, .900.
Total amount coined to September 26, 1890, $19,499,337.
Coinage discontinued, act of September 26, 1890.

SILVER COINS.

DOLLAR.

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.
Weight, 416 grains; fineness, .892,4.
Weight changed, act of January 18, 1837, to 412½ grains.
Fineness changed, act of January 18, 1837, to .900.
Coinage discontinued, act of February 12, 1873.
Total amount coined to February 12, 1873, $8,031,238.
Coinage reauthorized, act of February 28, 1878.
Amount coined from March 1, 1878, to June 30, 1896, $430,790,041.
Total amount coined to June 30, 1896, $438,821,279.

TRADE DOLLAR.

Authorized to be coined, act of February 12, 1873.
Weight, 420 grains; fineness, .900.
Coinage limited to export demand, joint resolution July 22, 1876.
Coinage discontinued, act of February 19, 1887.
Total amount coined, $35,965,924.

HALF DOLLAR.

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.
Weight, 208 grains; fineness, .892,4.
Weight changed, act of January 18, 1837, to 206¼ grains.
Fineness changed, act of January 18, 1837, to .900.
Weight changed, act of February 21, 1853, to 192 grains.
Weight changed, act of February 12, 1873, to 12½ grams, or 192.9 grains.
Total amount coined to June 30, 1896, $132,662,308.00.

COLUMBIAN HALF DOLLAR.

Authorized to be coined, act of August 5, 1892.
Weight, 192.9 grains; fineness, .900.
Total amount coined, $2,501,052.50.

QUARTER DOLLAR.

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.
Weight, 104 grains; fineness, .892,4.
Weight changed, act of January 18, 1837, to 103⅛ grains.
Fineness changed, act of January 18, 1837, to .900.
Weight changed, act of February 21, 1853, to 96 grains.
Weight changed, act of February 12, 1873, to 6¼ grams, or 96.45 grains.
Total amount coined to June 30, 1896, $51,166,166.75.

COLUMBIAN QUARTER DOLLAR.

Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1893.
Weight, 96.45 grains; fineness, .900.
Total amount coined, $10,005.75.

TWENTY-CENT PIECE.

Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1875.
Weight, 5 grams, or 77.16 grains; fineness, .900.
Coinage discontinued, act of May 2, 1878.
Total amount coined, $271,000.

DIME.

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.
Weight, 41.6 grains; fineness, .892,4.
Weight changed, act of January 18, 1837, to 41¼ grains.
Fineness changed, act of January 18, 1837, to .900.

Weight changed, act of February 21, 1853, to 38.4 grains.

Weight changed, act of February 12, 1873, to $2\frac{1}{2}$ grams, or 38.58 grains.

Total amount coined to June 30, 1896, $28,904,300.50.

HALF DIME.

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.

Weight, 20.8 grains; fineness, .892,4.

Weight changed, act of January 18, 1837, to $20\frac{5}{8}$ grains.

Fineness changed, act of January 18, 1837, to .900.

Weight changed, act of February 21, 1853, to 19.2 grains.

Coinage discontinued, act of February 12, 1873.

Total amount coined, $4,880,219.40.

THREE-CENT PIECE.

Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1851.

Weight, $12\frac{3}{8}$ grains; fineness, .750.

Weight changed, act of March 3, 1853, to 11.52 grains.

Fineness changed, act of March 3, 1853, to .900.

Coinage discontinued, act of February 12, 1873.

Total amount coined, $1,282,087.20.

MINOR COINS.

FIVE CENT (NICKEL).

Authorized to be coined, act of May 16, 1866.

Weight, 77.16 grains; composed of 75 per cent copper and 25 per cent nickel.

Total amount coined to June 30, 1896, $14,292,235.30.

THREE CENT (NICKEL).

Authorized to be coined, act of March 3, 1865.

Weight, 30 grains; composed of 75 per cent copper and 25 per cent nickel.

Coinage discontinued, act of September 26, 1890.

Total amount coined, $941,349.48.

TWO CENT (BRONZE).

Authorized to be coined, act of April 22, 1864.

Weight, 96 grains; composed of 95 per cent copper and 5 per cent tin and zinc.

Coinage discontinued, act of February 12, 1873.

Total amount coined, $912,020.

CENT (COPPER).

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.

Weight, 264 grains.

Weight changed, act of January 14, 1793, to 208 grains.

Weight changed by proclamation of the President, January 26, 1796, in conformity with act of March 3, 1795, to 168 grains.

Coinage discontinued, act of February 21, 1857.

Total amount coined, $1,562,887.44.

CENT (NICKEL).

Authorized to be coined, act of February 21, 1857.

Weight, 72 grains; composed of 88 per cent copper and 12 per cent nickel.

Coinage discontinued, act of April 22, 1864.

Total amount coined, $2,007,720.

CENT (BRONZE).

Coinage authorized, act of April 22, 1864.

Weight, 48 grains; composed of 95 per cent copper and 5 per cent tin and zinc.

Total amount coined to June 30, 1896, $8,073,910.34.

HALF CENT (COPPER).

Authorized to be coined, act of April 2, 1792.

Weight, 132 grains.

Weight changed, act of January 14, 1793, 104 grains.

Weight changed by proclamation of the President, January 26, 1796, in conformity with act of March 3, 1795, to 84 grains.

Coinage discontinued, act of February 21, 1857.

Total amount coined, $39,926.11.

TOTAL COINAGES.

Gold	$1,814,692,253.00
Silver	696,464,343.10
Minor	27,830,048.67
Grand total	2,538,986,644.77

Coinage of the mints of the United States from their organization, 1792, to December 31, 1895.

Denomination.	Pieces.	Value.
GOLD.		
Double eagles	62,793,341	$1,255,866,820.00
Eagles	26,627,649	266,275,490.00
Half eagles	44,042,271	220,211,355.00
Three-dollar pieces (coinage discontinued under act of September 26, 1890)	539,792	1,619,376.00
Quarter eagles	11,478,521	28,696,302.50
Dollars (coinage discontinued under act of September 26, 1890)	19,499,337	19,499,337.00
Total gold	164,980,811	1,792,168,680.50
SILVER.		
Dollars (coinage discontinued, act of February 12, 1873, and resumed under act of February 28, 1878)	431,320,867	431,320,867.00
Trade dollars	35,965,924	35,965,924.00
Half dollars	264,225,301	132,112,650.50
Half dollars, Columbian souvenir	5,002,105	2,501,052.50
Quarter dollars	201,714,255	50,428,563.75
Quarter dollars, Columbian souvenir	40,023	10,005.75
Twenty-cent pieces (coinage discontinued, act of May 2, 1878)	1,355,000	271,000.00
Dimes	288,352,593	28,835,259.30
Half dimes (coinage discontinued, act February 12, 1873)	97,604,388	4,880,219.40
Three-cent pieces (coinage discontinued, act February 12, 1873)	42,736,240	1,282,087.20
Total silver	1,368,316,696	687,607,629.40
MINOR.		
Five-cent pieces, nickel	281,054,494	14,052,724.70
Three-cent pieces, nickel (coinage discontinued, act September 26, 1890)	31,378,316	941,349.48
Two-cent pieces, bronze (coinage discontinued, act February 12, 1873)	45,601,000	912,020.00
One-cent pieces, copper (coinage discontinued, act February 21, 1857)	156,288,744	1,562,887.44
One-cent pieces, nickel (coinage discontinued, act April 22, 1864)	200,772,000	2,007,720.00
One-cent pieces, bronze	784,733,442	7,847,334.42
Half-cent pieces, copper (coinage discontinued, act February 21, 1857)	7,985,222	39,926.11
Total minor	1,507,813,218	27,363,962.35
Total coinage	3,041,110,725	2,507,140,272.25

[1] Silver-dollar coinage under act of—

April 2, 1792		$8,031,238
February 28, 1878	$378,166,793	
July 14, 1890	40,044,364	
March 3, 1891	5,078,472	
		423,289,629
Total		431,320,867

Calendar years.	GOLD COINAGE.					
	Double eagles.	Eagles.	Half eagles.	Three dollars.	Quarter eagles.	Dollars.
1793–1795		$27,850	$43,535			
1796		60,800	16,895		$165.00	
1797		91,770	32,030		4,890.00	
1798		79,740	124,335		1,535.00	
1799		174,830	37,255		1,200.00	
1800		259,650	58,110			
1801		292,540	130,030			
1802		150,900	265,880		6,530.00	
1803		89,790	167,580		1,057.50	
1804		97,950	152,375		8,317.50	
1805			165,915		4,462.50	
1806			320,465		4,040.00	
1807			420,465		17,030.00	
1808			277,890		6,775.00	
1809			168,375			
1810			501,435			
1811			497,905			
1812			290,135			
1813			477,140			
1814			77,270			
1815			3,175			
1816						
1817						
1818			242,940			
1819			258,615			
1820			1,319,030			
1821			173,205		16,120.00	
1822			88,980			
1823			72,425			
1824			86,700		6,500.00	
1825			145,300		11,085.00	
1826			90,345		1,900.00	
1827			124,565		7,000.00	
1828			140,145			
1829			287,210		8,507.50	
1830			631,755		11,350.00	
1831			702,970		11,300.00	
1832			787,435		11,000.00	
1833			968,150		10,400.00	
1834			3,660,845		293,425.00	
1835			1,857,670		328,505.00	
1836			2,765,735		1,369,965.00	
1837			1,035,605		112,700.00	
1838		72,000	1,600,420		137,345.00	
1839		382,480	802,745		191,622.50	
1840		473,380	1,048,530		153,572.50	
1841		656,310	380,945		54,602.50	
1842		1,089,070	655,330		85,007.50	
1843		2,506,240	4,275,425		1,327,132.50	
1844		1,250,610	4,087,715		89,345.00	
1845		736,530	2,743,640		276,277.50	
1846		1,018,750	2,736,155		279,272.50	
1847		14,337,580	5,382,685		482,080.00	

from their organization, by calendar years.

SILVER COINAGE.							
Trade dollars.	Dollars.	Half dollars.	Quarter dollars.	Twenty cents.	Dimes.	Half dimes.	Three cents.
.....	$204,791	$161,572.00	.....	.....	.....	$4,320.80	.....
.....	72,920	.....	$1,473.50	.....	$2,213.50	511.50	.....
.....	7,776	1,959.00	63.00	.....	2,526.10	2,226.35	.....
.....	327,536	.....	.....	.....	2,755.00	.....	.....
.....	423,515	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	220,920	.....	.....	.....	2,176.00	1,200.00	.....
.....	54,454	15,144.50	.....	.....	3,464.00	1,695.50	.....
.....	41,650	14,945.00	.....	.....	1,097.50	650.50	.....
.....	66,064	15,857.50	.....	.....	3,304.00	1,892.50	.....
.....	19,570	78,259.50	1,684.50	.....	826.50	.....	.....
.....	321	105,861.00	30,343.50	.....	12,078.00	780.00	.....
.....	.....	419,788.00	51,531.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	525,788.00	55,160.75	.....	16,500.00	.....	.....
.....	.....	684,300.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	702,905.00	.....	.....	4,471.00	.....	.....
.....	.....	638,138.00	.....	.....	635.50	.....	.....
.....	.....	601,822.00	.....	.....	6,518.00	.....	.....
.....	.....	814,029.50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	620,951.50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	519,537.50	.....	.....	42,150.00	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	17,308.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	23,575.00	5,000.75	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	607,783.50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	980,161.00	90,293.50	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	1,104,000.00	36,000.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	375,561.00	31,861.00	.....	94,258.70	.....	.....
.....	.....	652,898.50	54,212.75	.....	118,651.20	.....	.....
.....	.....	779,786.50	16,020.00	.....	10,000.00	.....	.....
.....	.....	847,100.00	4,450.00	.....	44,000.00	.....	.....
.....	.....	1,752,477.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	1,471,583.00	42,000.00	.....	51,000.00	.....	.....
.....	.....	2,002,090.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	2,746,700.00	1,000.00	.....	121,500.00	.....	.....
.....	.....	1,537,600.00	25,500.00	.....	12,500.00	.....	.....
.....	.....	1,856,078.00	.....	.....	77,000.00	61,500.00	.....
.....	.....	2,382,400.00	.....	.....	51,000.00	62,000.00	.....
.....	.....	2,936,830.00	99,500.00	.....	77,135.00	62,135.00	.....
.....	.....	2,398,500.00	80,000.00	.....	52,250.00	48,250.00	.....
.....	.....	2,603,000.00	39,000.00	.....	48,500.00	68,500.00	.....
.....	.....	3,206,002.00	71,500.00	.....	63,500.00	74,000.00	.....
.....	.....	2,676,003.00	488,000.00	.....	141,000.00	138,000.00	.....
.....	1,000	3,273,100.00	118,000.00	.....	118,000.00	95,000.00	.....
.....	.....	1,814,910.00	63,100.00	.....	104,200.00	113,800.00	.....
.....	.....	1,773,000.00	208,000.00	.....	239,493.40	112,750.00	.....
.....	300	1,748,768.00	122,786.50	.....	229,638.70	108,285.00	.....
.....	61,005	1,145,054.00	153,331.75	.....	253,358.00	113,954.25	.....
.....	173,000	355,500.00	143,000.00	.....	363,000.00	98,250.00	.....
.....	184,618	1,484,882.00	214,250.00	.....	390,750.00	58,250.00	.....
.....	165,100	3,056,000.00	403,400.00	.....	152,000.00	58,250.00	.....
.....	20,000	1,885,500.00	290,300.00	.....	7,250.00	32,500.00	.....
.....	24,500	1,341,500.00	230,500.00	.....	198,500.00	78,200.00	.....
.....	169,600	2,257,000.00	127,500.00	.....	3,130.00	1,350.00	.....
.....	140,760	1,870,000.00	275,600.00	.....	24,500.00	63,700.00	.....

Coinage of the mints of the United States from

Calendar years.	GOLD COINAGE.					
	Double eaglea.	Eagles.	Half eaglea.	Three dollara.	Quarter eaglea.	Dollara.
1848	.....	$1,813,340	$1,883,560	.....	$98,612.50	.....
1849	.....	6,775,180	1,184,045	.....	111,147.50	$936,789
1850	$28,225,220	3,489,510	660,160	.....	895,547.50	611,301
1851	48,043,100	4,893,280	2,651,956	.....	3,867,337.50	3,658,820
1852	44,860,520	2,811,060	3,689,635	.....	3,283,827.50	2,201,145
1853	26,646,520	2,522,530	2,305,095	.....	3,519,615.00	4,384,149
1854	18,052,340	2,605,760	1,513,235	$491,214	1,896,397.50	1,657,018
1855	25,046,820	1,487,010	1,257,090	171,465	600,700.00	824,883
1856	30,437,560	1,429,900	1,806,685	181,530	1,213,117.50	1,788,906
1857	28,797,500	481,060	1,232,970	104,073	796,235.00	801,602
1858	21,873,480	343,210	439,770	8,399	144,082.50	131,472
1859	15,782,840	253,930	361,235	46,914	142,220.00	193,431
1860	22,584,400	278,830	352,365	42,465	184,360.00	51,234
1861	74,989,060	1,287,330	3,332,130	18,216	3,241,295.00	527,499
1862	18,926,120	234,950	69,825	17,365	300,882.50	1,326,865
1863	22,187,200	112,480	97,360	15,117	27,075.00	8,250
1864	19,958,900	60,800	40,540	8,040	7,185.00	5,950
1865	27,874,000	207,050	144,535	3,495	62,302.50	3,725
1866	30,820,500	237,800	253,200	12,090	105,175.00	7,180
1867	23,436,300	121,400	179,600	7,950	78,125.00	5,250
1868	18,722,000	241,550	288,625	14,625	94,062.50	10,525
1869	17,238,100	82,850	163,925	7,575	84,612.50	5,925
1870	22,819,480	164,430	143,550	10,605	51,387.50	9,335
1871	20,456,740	254,650	245,000	3,990	68,375.00	3,930
1872	21,230,600	244,500	275,350	6,090	52,575.00	3,530
1873	55,456,700	173,680	754,605	75	512,562.50	125,125
1874	33,917,700	799,270	203,530	125,460	9,850.00	198,820
1875	32,737,820	78,350	105,240	60	30,050.00	420
1876	46,386,920	104,280	61,820	135	23,052.50	3,245
1877	43,504,700	211,490	182,660	4,464	92,630.00	3,920
1878	45,916,500	1,031,440	1,427,470	246,972	1,160,650.00	3,020
1879	28,889,260	6,120,320	3,727,155	9,090	331,225.00	3,030
1880	17,749,120	21,715,160	22,831,765	3,108	7,490.00	1,636
1881	14,585,200	48,796,250	33,458,430	1,650	1,700.00	7,660
1882	23,295,400	24,740,640	17,831,885	4,620	10,100.00	5,040
1883	24,980,040	2,595,400	1,647,990	2,820	4,900.00	10,840
1884	19,944,200	2,110,800	1,922,250	3,318	4,982.50	6,206
1885	13,875,560	4,815,270	9,065,030	2,730	2,217.50	12,205
1886	22,120	10,621,600	18,282,160	3,426	10,220.00	6,016
1887	5,662,420	8,706,800	9,560,435	18,480	15,705.00	8,543
1888	21,717,320	8,030,310	1,560,980	15,873	40,245.00	16,080
1889	16,995,120	4,298,850	37,825	7,287	44,120.00	30,729
1890	19,399,080	755,430	290,640	.....	22,032.50	.....
1891	25,891,340	1,956,000	1,347,065	.....	27,600.00	.....
1892	19,238,760	9,817,400	5,724,700	.....	6,362.50	.....
1893	27,178,320	20,132,450	9,610,985	.....	75,265.00	.....
1894	48,350,800	26,032,780	5,152,275	.....	10,305.00	.....
1895	45,163,120	7,148,260	7,289,680	.....	15,297.50	.....
Total	1,255,866,820	266,275,490	220,211,355	1,619,376	28,696,302.50	19,499,337

their organization, by calendar years—Continued.

SILVER COINAGE.							
Trade dollars.	Dollars.	Half dollars.	Quarter dollars.	Twenty cents.	Dimes.	Half dimes.	Three cents.
.....	$15,000	$1,880,000.00	$36,500.00	.....	$45,150.00	$63,400.00	.....
.....	62,600	1,781,000.00	85,000.00	.....	113,900.00	72,450.00	.....
.....	47,500	1,341,500.00	150,700.00	.....	244,150.00	82,250.00	.....
.....	1,300	301,375.00	62,000.00	.....	142,650.00	82,050.00	$185,022.00
.....	1,100	110,565.00	68,265.00	.....	196,550.00	63,025.00	559,905.00
.....	46,110	2,430,354.00	4,146,555.00	.....	1,327,301.00	785,251.00	342,000.00
.....	33,140	4,111,000.00	3,466,000.00	.....	624,000.00	365,000.00	20,130.00
.....	26,000	2,288,725.00	857,350.00	.....	207,500.00	117,500.00	4,170.00
.....	63,500	1,903,500.00	2,129,500.00	.....	703,000.00	299,000.00	43,740.00
.....	94,000	1,482,000.00	2,726,500.00	.....	712,000.00	433,000.00	31,260.00
.....	.....	5,998,000.00	2,002,250.00	.....	189,000.00	258,000.00	48,120.00
.....	636,500	2,074,000.00	421,000.00	.....	97,000.00	45,000.00	10,950.00
.....	733,930	1,032,850.00	312,350.00	.....	78,700.00	92,950.00	8,610.00
.....	78,500	2,078,950.00	1,237,650.00	.....	209,650.00	164,050.00	14,940.00
.....	12,090	802,175.00	249,887.50	.....	102,830.00	74,627.50	10,906.50
.....	27,660	709,830.00	48,015.00	.....	17,196.00	5,923.00	643.80
.....	31,170	518,785.00	28,517.50	.....	26,907.00	4,523.50	14.10
.....	47,000	593,450.00	25,075.00	.....	18,550.00	6,675.00	255.00
.....	49,625	899,812.50	11,381.25	.....	14,372.50	6,536.25	681.75
.....	60,325	810,162.50	17,156.25	.....	14,662.50	6,431.25	138.75
.....	182,700	769,100.00	31,500.00	.....	72,625.00	18,295.00	123.00
.....	424,300	725,950.00	23,150.00	.....	70,660.00	21,930.00	153.00
.....	445,462	829,758.50	23,935.00	.....	52,150.00	26,830.00	120.00
.....	1,117,136	1,741,655.00	53,255.50	.....	109,371.00	82,493.00	127.80
.....	1,118,600	866,775.00	68,762.50	.....	261,045.00	189,247.50	58.50
$1,225,000	296,600	1,593,780.00	414,190.50	.....	443,329.10	51,830.00	18.00
4,910,000	.....	1,406,650.00	215,975.00	.....	319,151.70	.....	.....
6,279,600	.....	5,117,750.00	1,278,375.00	$265,598	2,406,570.00	.....	.....
6,192,150	.....	7,451,575.00	7,839,287.50	5,180	3,015,115.00	.....	.....
13,092,710	.....	7,540,255.00	6,024,927.50	102	1,735,051.00	.....	.....
4,259,900	22,495,550	726,200.00	849,200.00	120	187,880.00	.....	.....
1,541	27,560,100	2,950.00	3,675.00	.....	1,510.00	.....	.....
1,987	27,397,355	4,877.50	3,738.75	.....	3,735.50	.....	.....
960	27,927,975	5,487.50	3,243.75	.....	2,497.50	.....	.....
1,097	27,574,100	2,750.00	4,075.00	.....	391,110.00	.....	.....
979	28,470,039	4,519.50	3,859.75	.....	767,571.20	.....	.....
.....	28,136,875	2,637.50	2,218.75	.....	393,134.90	.....	.....
.....	28,697,767	3,065.00	3,632.50	.....	257,711.70	.....	.....
.....	31,423,886	2,943.00	1,471.50	.....	658,409.40	.....	.....
.....	33,611,710	2,855.00	2,677.50	.....	1,573,838.90	.....	.....
.....	31,990,833	6,416.50	306,708.25	.....	721,648.70	.....	.....
.....	34,651,811	6,355.50	3,177.75	.....	835,338.90	.....	.....
.....	38,043,004	6,295.00	20,147.50	.....	1,133,461.70	.....	.....
.....	23,562,735	100,300.00	1,551,150.00	.....	2,304,671.60	.....	.....
.....	6,333,245	*1,652,136.50	2,960,331.00	.....	1,695,365.50	.....	.....
.....	1,455,792	†4,003,948.50	‡2,583,837.50	.....	759,219.30	.....	.....
.....	3,093,972	3,667,831.00	2,233,448.25	.....	205,099.60	.....	.....
.....	862,880	2,354,652.00	2,255,390.25	.....	225,088.00	.....	.....
35,965,924	431,320,867	134,613,703.00	50,438,569.50	271,000	28,835,259.30	4,880,219.40	1,282,087.20

* Includee $475,000 in Columbian coine. † Includes $2,026,052.50 in Columbian coine.
‡ Includes $10,005.75 in Columbian coins.

Coinage of the mints of the United States from

Calendar years.	MINOR COINAGE.		
	Five cents.	Three cents.	Two cents.
1793–1795			
1796			
1797			
1798			
1799			
1800			
1801			
1802			
1803			
1804			
1805			
1806			
1807			
1808			
1809			
1810			
1811			
1812			
1813			
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1832			
1833			
1834			
1835			
1836			
1837			
1838			
1839			
1840			
1841			
1842			
1843			
1844			
1845			
1846			
1847			

their organization, by calendar years—Continued.

MINOR COINAGE.		TOTAL COINAGE.			
Cents.	Half cents.	Gold.	Silver.	Minor.	Total.
$10,660.33	$712.67	$71,485.00	$370,683.80	$11,373.00	$453,541.80
9,747.00	577.40	77,960.00	77,118.50	10,324.40	165,402.90
8,975.10	535.24	128,190.00	14,550.45	9,510.34	152,250.79
9,797.00	.....	205,610.00	330,291.00	9,797.00	545,698.00
9,045.85	60.83	213,285.00	423,515.00	9,106.68	645,906.68
28,221.75	1,057.65	317,760.00	224,296.00	29,279.40	571,335.40
13,628.37	.....	422,570.00	74,758.00	13,628.37	510,956.37
34,351.00	71.83	423,310.00	58,943.00	34,422.83	516,075.83
24,713.53	489.50	258,377.50	87,118.00	25,203.03	370,698.53
7,568.38	5,276.56	258,642.50	100,340.50	12,844.94	371,827.94
9,411.16	4,072.32	170,367.50	149,388.50	13,483.48	333,239.48
3,480.00	1,780.00	324,505.00	471,319.00	5,260.00	801,084.00
7,272.21	2,380.00	437,495.00	597,448.75	9,652.21	1,044,595.96
11,090.00	2,000.00	284,665.00	684,300.00	13,090.00	982,055.00
2,228.67	5,772.86	169,375.00	707,376.00	8,001.53	884,752.53
14,585.00	1,075.00	501,435.00	638,773.50	15,660.00	1,155,868.50
2,180.25	315.70	497,905.00	608,340.00	2,495.95	1,108,740.95
10,755.00	.....	290,435.00	814,029.50	10,755.00	1,115,219.50
4,180.00	.....	477,140.00	620,951.50	4,180.00	1,102,271.50
3,578.30	.....	77,270.00	561,687.50	3,578.30	642,535.80
.....	.....	3,175.00	17,308.00	.....	20,483.00
28,209.82	.....	.....	28,575.75	28,209.82	56,785.57
39,484.00	.....	.....	607,783.50	39,484.00	647,267.50
31,670.00	.....	242,940.00	1,070,454.50	31,670.00	1,345,064.50
26,710.00	.....	258,615.00	1,140,000.00	26,710.00	1,425,325.00
44,075.50	.....	1,319,030.00	501,680.70	44,075.50	1,864,786.20
3,890.00	.....	189,325.00	825,762.45	3,890.00	1,018,977.45
20,723.39	.....	88,980.00	805,806.50	20,723.39	915,509.89
.....	.....	72,425.00	895,550.00	.....	967,975.00
12,620.00	.....	93,200.00	1,752,477.00	12,620.00	1,858,297.00
14,611.00	315.00	156,385.00	1,564,583.00	14,926.00	1,735,894.00
15,174.25	1,170.00	92,245.00	2,002,090.00	16,344.25	2,110,679.25
23,677.32	.....	131,565.00	2,869,200.00	23,577.32	3,024,342.32
22,606.24	3,030.00	140,145.00	1,575,600.00	25,635.24	1,741,381.24
14,145.00	2,435.00	295,717.50	1,994,578.00	16,580.00	2,306,875.50
17,115.00	.....	643,105.00	2,495,400.00	17,115.00	3,155,620.00
33,592.60	11.00	714,270.00	3,175,600.00	33,603.60	3,923,473.60
23,620.00	.....	798,435.00	2,579,000.00	23,620.00	3,401,055.00
27,390.00	770.00	978,550.00	2,759,000.00	28,160.00	3,765,710.00
18,551.00	600.00	3,954,270.00	3,415,002.00	19,151.00	7,388,423.00
38,784.00	705.00	2,186,175.00	3,443,003.00	39,489.00	5,668,667.00
21,110.00	1,990.00	4,135,700.00	3,606,100.00	23,100.00	7,764,900.00
55,583.00	.....	1,143,305.00	2,096,010.00	55,583.00	3,299,898.00
63,702.00	.....	1,809,765.00	2,333,243.40	63,702.00	4,206,710.40
31,286.61	.....	1,376,847.50	2,209,778.20	31,286.61	3,617,912.31
24,627.00	.....	1,675,482.50	1,726,703.00	24,627.00	3,426,812.50
15,973.67	.....	1,091,857.50	1,132,750.00	15,973.67	2,240,581.17
23,833.90	.....	1,829,407.50	2,332,750.00	23,833.90	4,185,991.40
24,283.20	.....	8,108,797.50	3,834,750.00	24,283.20	11,967,830.70
23,987.52	.....	5,427,670.00	2,235,550.00	23,987.52	7,687,207.52
38,948.04	.....	3,756,447.50	1,873,200.00	38,948.04	5,668,595.54
41,208.00	.....	4,034,177.50	2,558,580.00	41,208.00	6,633,965.50
61,836.69	.....	20,202,325.00	2,374,450.00	61,836.69	22,638,611.69

Calendar years.	MINOR COINAGE.		
	Five cents.	Three cents.	Two cents.
1848			
1849			
1850			
1851			
1852			
1853			
1854			
1855			
1856			
1857			
1858			
1859			
1860			
1861			
1862			
1863			
1864			$396, 950. 00
1865		$341, 460. 00	272, 800. 00
1866	$737, 125. 00	144, 030. 00	63, 540. 00
1867	1, 545, 475. 00	117, 450. 00	58, 775. 00
1868	1, 440, 850. 00	97, 560. 00	56, 075. 00
1869	819, 750. 00	48, 120. 00	30, 930. 00
1870	240, 300. 00	40, 050. 00	17, 225. 00
1871	28, 050. 00	18, 120. 00	14, 425. 00
1872	301, 800. 00	25, 860. 00	1, 300. 00
1873	227, 500. 00	35, 190. 00	
1874	176, 900. 00	23, 700. 00	
1875	104, 850. 00	6, 840. 00	
1876	126, 500. 00	4, 860. 00	
1877			
1878	117. 50	70. 50	
1879	1, 455. 00	1, 236. 00	
1880	997. 75	748. 65	
1881	3, 618. 75	32, 417. 25	
1882	573, 830. 00	759. 60	
1883	1, 148, 471. 05	318. 27	
1884	563, 697. 10	169. 26	
1885	73, 824. 50	143. 70	
1886	166, 514. 50	128. 70	
1887	763, 182. 60	238. 83	
1888	536, 024. 15	1, 232. 49	
1889	794, 068. 05	646. 83	
1890	812, 963. 60		
1891	841, 717. 50		
1892	584, 982. 10		
1893	668, 509. 75		
1894	270, 658. 60		
1895	498, 994. 20		
Total	14, 052, 724. 70	941, 349. 48	912, 020. 00

from their organization, by calendar years—Continued.

MINOR COINAGE.		TOTAL COINAGE.			
Cents.	Half cents.	Gold.	Silver.	Minor.	Total.
$64, 157. 99	.....	$3, 775, 512. 50	$2, 040, 050. 00	$64, 157. 99	$5, 879, 720. 49
41, 785. 00	$199. 32	9, 007, 761. 50	2, 114, 950. 00	41, 984. 32	11, 164, 695. 82
44, 268. 44	199. 06	31, 981, 738. 50	1, 866, 100. 00	44, 467. 50	33, 892, 306. 00
98, 897. 07	738. 36	62, 614, 492. 50	774, 397. 00	99, 635. 43	63, 488, 524. 93
50, 630. 94	.....	56, 846, 187. 50	999, 410. 00	50, 630. 94	57, 896, 228. 44
66, 411. 31	648. 47	39, 377, 903. 00	9, 077, 571. 00	67, 059. 78	48, 522, 539. 78
42, 361. 56	276. 79	25, 915, 962. 50	8, 619, 270. 00	42, 638. 35	34, 577, 870. 85
15, 748. 29	282. 50	29, 387, 968. 00	3, 501, 245. 00	16, 030. 79	32, 905, 243. 79
26, 904. 63	202. 15	36, 857, 768. 50	5, 142, 240. 00	27, 106. 78	42, 027, 115. 28
177, 834. 56	175. 90	32, 214, 040. 00	5, 478, 760. 00	178, 010. 46	37, 870, 810. 46
246, 000. 00	.....	22, 938, 413. 50	8, 495, 370. 00	246, 000. 00	31, 679, 783. 50
364, 000. 00	.....	14, 780, 570. 00	3, 284, 450. 00	364, 000. 00	18, 429, 020. 00
205, 660. 00	.....	23, 473, 654. 00	2, 259, 390. 00	205, 660. 00	25, 938, 704. 00
101, 000. 00	.....	83, 395, 530. 00	3, 783, 740. 00	101, 000. 00	87, 280, 270. 00
280, 750. 00	.....	20, 875, 997. 50	1, 252, 516. 50	280, 750. 00	22, 409, 264. 00
498, 400. 00	.....	22, 445, 482. 00	809, 267. 80	498, 400. 00	23, 753, 149. 80
529, 737. 14	.....	20, 081, 415. 00	609, 917. 10	926, 687. 14	21, 618, 019. 24
354, 292. 86	.....	28, 295, 107. 50	691, 005. 00	968, 552. 86	29, 954, 665. 36
98, 265. 00	.....	31, 435, 945. 00	982, 409. 25	1, 042, 960. 00	33, 461, 314. 25
98, 210. 00	.....	23, 828, 625. 00	908, 876. 25	1, 819, 910. 00	26, 557, 411. 25
102, 665. 00	.....	19, 371, 387. 50	1, 074, 343. 00	1, 697, 150. 00	22, 142, 880. 50
64, 200. 00	.....	17, 582, 987. 50	1, 266, 143. 00	963, 000. 00	19, 812, 130. 50
52, 750. 00	.....	23, 198, 787. 50	1, 378, 255. 50	350, 325. 00	24, 927, 368. 00
39, 295. 00	.....	21, 032, 685. 00	3, 104, 038. 30	99, 890. 00	24, 236, 613. 30
40, 420. 00	.....	21, 812, 645. 00	2, 504, 488. 50	369, 380. 00	24, 686, 513. 50
116, 765. 00	.....	57, 022, 747. 50	4, 024, 747. 60	379, 455. 00	61, 426, 950. 10
141, 875. 00	.....	35, 254, 630. 00	6, 851, 776. 70	342, 475. 00	42, 448, 881. 70
135, 280. 00	.....	32, 951, 940. 00	15, 347, 893. 00	246, 970. 00	48, 546, 803. 00
79, 440. 00	.....	46, 579, 452. 50	24, 503, 307. 50	210, 800. 00	71, 293, 560. 00
8, 525. 00	.....	43, 999, 864. 00	28, 393, 045. 50	8, 525. 00	72, 401, 434. 50
57, 998. 50	.....	49, 786, 052. 00	28, 518, 850. 00	58, 186. 50	78, 363, 088. 50
162, 312. 00	.....	39, 080, 080. 00	27, 569, 776. 00	165, 003. 00	66, 814, 859. 00
389, 649. 55	.....	62, 308, 279. 00	27, 411, 693. 75	391, 395. 95	90, 111, 368. 70
392, 115. 75	.....	96, 850, 890. 00	27, 940, 163. 75	428, 151. 75	125, 219, 205. 50
385, 811. 00	.....	65, 887, 685. 00	27, 973, 132. 00	960, 400. 00	94, 821, 217. 00
455, 981. 09	.....	29, 241, 990. 00	29, 246, 968. 45	1, 604, 770. 41	60, 093, 728. 86
232, 617. 42	.....	23, 991, 756. 50	28, 534, 866. 15	796, 483. 78	53, 323, 106. 43
117, 653. 84	.....	27, 773, 012. 50	28, 962, 176. 20	191, 622. 04	56, 926, 810. 74
176, 542. 90	.....	28, 945, 542. 00	32, 086, 709. 90	343, 186. 10	61, 375, 438. 00
452, 264. 83	.....	23, 972, 383. 00	35, 191, 981. 40	1, 215, 686. 26	60, 379, 150. 66
374, 944. 14	.....	31, 380, 808. 00	33, 025, 606. 45	912, 200. 78	65, 318, 615. 23
488, 693. 61	.....	21, 413, 931. 00	35, 496, 683. 15	1, 283, 408. 49	58, 194, 022. 64
571, 828. 54	.....	20, 467, 182. 50	39, 202, 908. 20	1, 384, 792. 14	61, 054, 832. 84
470, 723. 50	.....	29, 222, 005. 00	27, 518, 856. 60	1, 312, 441. 00	58, 053, 302. 60
376, 498. 32	.....	34, 787, 222. 50	12, 641, 078. 00	981, 480. 42	48, 389, 780. 92
466, 421. 95	.....	56, 997, 020. 00	8, 802, 797. 30	1, 134, 931. 70	66, 934, 749. 00
167, 521. 32	.....	79, 546, 160. 00	9, 200, 350. 85	438, 177. 92	89, 184, 688. 77
383, 436. 36	.....	59, 616, 357. 50	5, 698, 010. 25	882, 430. 56	66, 196, 781. 31
11, 417, 941. 06	39, 926. 11	1, 792, 168, 680. 50	687, 607, 629. 40	27, 363, 962. 35	2, 507, 140, 272. 25

Premium on gold, and gold value of United States legal tender notes from 1862 to January 1, 1879.

Year.	Average currency value of gold each calendar year during suspension of specie payments, Jan. 1, 1862, to Jan. 1, 1879.	Average gold value of U. S. notes each calendar year during suspension of specie payments, Jan. 1, 1862, to Jan. 1, 1879.
1862	113.3	88.8
1863	145.2	68.9
1864	203.3	49.2
1865	167.3	63.6
1866	140.9	71
1867	138.2	72.4
1868	139.7	71.6
1869	133	75.2
1870	114.9	87
1871	111.7	89.5
1872	112.4	89
1873	113.8	87.9
1874	111.2	89.9
1875	114.9	87
1876	111.6	89.8
1877	104.8	95.4
1878	100.8	99.2

The total redemptions of notes in gold and the exports of that metal during each fiscal year since the resumption of specie payments have been as follows:

Fiscal year.	United States notes.	Treasury notes of 1890.	Total.	Exports of gold.
1879	$7,976,698		$7,976,698	$4,587,614
1880	3,780,638		3,780,638	3,639,025
1881	271,750		271,750	2,565,132
1882	40,000		40,000	32,587,830
1883	75,000		75,000	11,600,888
1884	590,000		590,000	41,081,957
1885	2,222,000		2,222,000	8,477,892
1886	6,863,699		6,863,699	42,952,191
1887	4,224,073		4,224,073	9,701,187
1888	692,596		692,596	13,376,334
1889	730,143		730,143	59,952,285
1890	732,386		732,386	17,274,401
1891	5,986,070		5,986,070	86,362,654
1892	5,352,243	$3,773,600	9,125,843	50,195,327
1893	55,319,125	46,781,220	102,100,345	108,680,844
1894	68,242,408	16,599,742	84,842,150	78,978,061
1895	109,783,800	7,570,398	117,354,198	66,131,183
1896	153,307,591	5,348,365	158,655,956	112,309,186
Total	426,190,220	80,073,325	506,263,545	753,453,981

Statement of the specie and bank-note circulation of the United States in the years specified from 1800 to 1859, with amount of circulation per capita.

Year.	Number of banks and branches.	Estimated bank notes outstanding.	Estimated specie in United States.	Total money in United States.	Specie in Treasury.	Money in circulation.	Population.	Per capita.
1800	.....	$10,500,000	$17,500,000	$28,000,000	a$1,500,000	$26,500,000	5,308,483	$4.99
1810	.....	28,000,000	30,000,000	58,000,000	a3,000,000	55,000,000	7,239,881	7.60
1820	.....	44,800,000	24,300,000	69,100,000	a2,000,000	67,100,000	9,633,822	6.96
1830	.....	61,000,000	32,100,000	93,100,000	5,755,705	87,344,295	12,866,020	6.69
1831	.....	77,000,000	32,100,000	109,100,000	6,014,540	93,085,460	13,221,000	7.04
1832	.....	91,500,000	30,400,000	121,900,000	4,502,914	117,397,086	13,590,000	8.64
1833	.....	91,500,000	30,650,000	122,150,000	2,011,778	120,138,222	13,974,000	8.60
1834	506	94,839,570	41,000,000	135,839,570	11,702,905	124,136,665	14,373,000	8.64
1835	704	103,692,495	51,000,000	154,692,495	8,892,858	145,799,637	14,786,000	9.86
1836	713	140,301,038	65,000,000	205,301,038	a5,000,000	200,301,038	15,213,000	13.17
1837	788	149,185,890	73,000,000	222,185,890	a5,000,000	217,185,890	15,655,000	13.87
1838	829	116,138,910	87,500,000	203,638,910	a5,000,000	198,638,910	16,112,000	12.33
1839	840	135,170,995	87,000,000	222,170,995	2,466,962	219,704,033	16,584,000	13.26
1840	901	106,968,572	83,000,000	189,968,572	3,663,084	186,305,488	17,069,453	10.91
1841	784	107,290,214	80,000,000	187,290,214	987,345	186,302,869	17,591,000	10.59
1842	692	83,734,011	80,000,000	163,734,011	230,484	163,503,527	18,132,000	9.02
1843	691	58,563,608	90,000,000	148,563,608	1,449,472	147,114,136	18,694,000	7.87
1844	696	75,167,646	100,000,000	175,167,646	7,857,380	167,310,266	19,276,000	8.68
1845	707	89,608,711	96,000,000	185,608,711	7,658,306	177,950,405	19,878,000	8.95
1846	707	105,552,427	97,000,000	202,552,427	9,126,439	193,425,988	20,500,000	9.43
1847	715	105,519,766	120,000,000	225,519,766	1,701,251	223,818,515	21,143,000	10.59
1848	751	128,506,091	112,000,000	240,506,091	8,101,353	232,404,738	21,805,000	10.66
1849	782	114,743,415	120,000,000	234,743,415	2,184,964	232,558,451	22,489,000	10.34
1850	824	131,366,526	154,000,000	285,366,526	6,604,544	278,761,982	23,191,876	12.02
1851	879	155,165,251	186,000,000	341,165,251	10,911,646	330,253,605	23,995,000	13.76
1852	.....	171,673,000	204,000,000	375,673,000	14,632,136	361,040,864	24,802,000	14.63
1853	.....	188,181,000	236,000,000	424,181,000	21,942,893	402,238,107	25,615,000	15.80
1854	1,208	204,689,207	241,000,000	445,689,207	20,137,967	425,551,240	26,433,000	16.10
1855	1,307	186,952,223	250,000,000	436,952,223	18,931,976	418,020,247	27,256,000	15.34
1856	1,398	195,747,950	250,000,000	445,747,950	19,901,325	425,846,625	28,083,000	15.16
1857	1,416	214,778,822	260,000,000	474,778,822	17,710,114	457,068,708	28,916,000	15.81
1858	1,422	155,208,344	260,000,000	415,208,344	6,398,316	408,810,028	29,753,000	13.78
1859	1,476	193,306,818	250,000,000	443,306,818	4,339,276	438,967,542	30,596,000	14.35

a Specie in Treasury estimated.

Statement of the coin and paper circulation of the United States from 1860 to 1896, inclusive, with amount of circulation per capita.

Year.	Coin in United States, including bullion in Treasury.	Paper money in United States.	Total money.	Coin, bullion, and paper money in Treasury.	Circulation.	Population.	Money in United States per capita.	Circulation per capita.
1860..	$235,000,000	$207,102,477	$442,102,477	$6,695,225	$435,407,252	31,443,321	$14.06	$13.86
1861..	250,000,000	202,005,767	452,005,767	3,600,000	448,405,767	32,064,000	14.09	13.98
1862..	25,000,000	333,452,079	358,452,079	23,754,335	334,697,744	32,704,000	10.96	10.23
1863..	25,000,000	649,867,283	674,867,283	79,473,245	595,394,038	33,365,000	20.23	17.84
1864..	25,000,000	680,588,067	705,588,067	35,946,589	669,641,478	34,046,000	20.72	19.67
1865..	25,000,000	745,129,755	770,129,755	55,426,760	714,702,995	34,748,000	22.16	20.57
1866..	25,000,000	729,327,254	754,327,254	80,839,010	673,488,244	35,409,000	21.27	18.99
1867..	25,000,000	703,200,612	728,200,612	66,208,543	661,992,069	36,211,000	20.11	18.28
1868..	25,000,000	691,553,578	716,553,578	36,449,917	680,103,661	36,973,000	19.38	18.39
1869..	25,000,000	690,351,180	715,351,180	50,898,239	664,452,891	37,756,000	18.95	17.60
1870..	25,000,000	697,808,461	722,808,461	47,655,567	675,212,794	38,558,371	18.73	17.50
1871..	25,000,000	716,812,174	741,812,174	25,923,169	715,889,005	39,555,000	18.75	18.10
1872..	25,000,000	737,721,565	762,721,565	24,412,016	738,309,549	40,596,000	18.70	18.19
1873..	25,000,000	740,445,610	774,445,610	22,563,801	751,881,809	41,677,000	18.58	18.04
1874..	25,000,000	781,024,781	806,024,781	20,941,750	776,083,031	42,796,000	18.83	18.13
1875..	25,000,000	773,273,509	798,273,509	44,171,562	754,101,947	43,951,000	18.16	17.16
1876..	52,418,794	738,264,550	790,683,284	63,073,398	727,609,388	45,137,000	17.52	16.12
1877..	65,837,506	697,216,341	763,053,847	40,738,964	722,314,883	46,353,000	16.46	15.58
1878..	102,047,907	689,205,669	791,253,576	62,120,942	729,132,634	47,598,000	16.62	15.32
1879..	357,268,178	694,253,363	1,051,521,541	232,889,748	818,631,793	48,866,000	21.52	16.75
1880..	494,363,884	711,565,313	1,205,929,197	232,546,969	973,382,228	50,155,783	24.04	19.41
1881..	647,868,682	758,673,141	1,406,541,823	292,303,704	1,114,238,119	51,816,000	27.41	21.71
1882..	703,974,639	776,556,880	1,480,531,719	306,241,300	1,174,290,419	52,495,000	28.20	22.37
1883..	759,749,048	873,749,768	1,643,489,816	413,184,120	1,230,305,696	53,693,000	30.60	22.91
1884..	801,068,939	904,385,250	1,705,454,189	461,528,220	1,243,925,969	54,911,000	31.06	22.65
1885..	872,175,823	945,482,513	1,817,658,336	525,089,721	1,292,568,615	56,148,000	32.37	23.02
1886..	903,027,304	905,532,390	1,808,559,694	555,859,169	1,252,700,525	57,404,000	31.50	21.82
1887..	1,007,513,901	892,928,771	1,900,442,672	582,903,529	1,317,539,143	58,680,000	32.39	22.45
1888..	1,092,391,690	970,564,259	2,062,955,949	690,785,079	1,372,170,870	59,974,000	34.39	22.88
1889..	1,100,012,434	974,738,277	2,075,350,711	694,989,062	1,380,361,649	61,289,000	33.86	22.52
1890..	1,152,471,638	991,754,521	2,144,226,159	714,974,889	1,429,251,270	62,622,250	34.24	22.82
1891..	1,163,185,054	1,032,039,021	2,195,224,075	697,733,368	1,497,440,707	63,975,000	34.31	23.41
1892..	1,232,854,331	1,139,745,170	2,372,599,501	771,253,314	1,601,347,187	65,520,000	36.21	24.44
1893..	1,213,413,584	1,109,988,808	2,323,402,392	726,701,147	1,596,701,245	66,946,000	34.70	23.85
1894..	1,251,543,158	1,168,891,623	2,420,434,781	759,626,073	1,660,808,708	68,397,000	35.39	24.28
1895..	1,260,987,506	1,137,619,914	2,398,607,420	796,638,947	1,601,968,473	69,878,000	34.33	22.93
1896..	1,225,618,702	1,120,012,536	2,345,631,328	839,000,302	1,506,631,026	71,390,000	32.86	21.10

NOTE 1.—Specie payments were suspended from January 1, 1862 to January 1, 1879. During the greater part of that period gold and silver coins were not in circulation except on the Pacific Coast, where, it is estimated, the specie circulation was generally about $25,000,000. This estimated amount is the only coin included in the above statement from 1862 to 1875, inclusive.

NOTE 2.—In 1876 subsidiary silver again came into use, and is included in this statement, beginning with that year.

NOTE 3.—The coinage of standard silver dollars began in 1878 under the act of February 28, 1878.

NOTE 4.—Specie payments were resumed January 1, 1879, and all gold and silver coins, as well as gold and silver bullion in the Treasury, are included in this statement from and after that date.

NOTE 5.—This table represents the circulation of the United States as shown by the revised statements of the Treasury Department for June 30 of each of the years specified.

The amount of gold coin and gold bullion remaining in the Treasury at the end of each fiscal year since 1879 and included in the above column of coin bullion, etc., was as follows:

1879	$135,236,475	1888	$314,704,822
1880	126,145,427	1889	303,581,937
1881	163,171,661	1890	321,304,106
1882	148,506,390	1891	239,263,689
1883	198,078,568	1892	255,706,511
1884	204,876,594	1893	189,162,022
1885	247,028,625	1894	131,316,471
1886	232,554,886	1895	158,618,062
1887	277,979,654	1896	144,715,615

NATIONAL-BANK CURRENCY.

AUTHORIZING ACTS.

The issue of circulating notes by national banking associations was first authorized by an act entitled "An act to provide a national currency secured by a pledge of United States stocks, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved February 25, 1863, which act was repealed by an act entitled "An act to provide a national currency secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3, 1864. The act approved June 3, 1864, with subsequent amendments thereof, was embodied in the Revised Statutes of the United States in 1873. The law as embodied in the Revised Statutes has been amended from time to time, and is now contained in what is known as the National-Bank Act, with amendments thereof.

SECURITY.

Under the provisions of existing law a national bank is required to deposit interest-bearing bonds of the United States with the United States Treasurer as security for its circulating notes in the following minimum amounts:

(1) Banks with a capital not exceeding $150,000 must deposit bonds, par value, to an amount not less than one-fourth of their capital stock.

(2) Banks with a capital exceeding $150,000 must deposit bonds to the amount of at least $50,000, par value.

The maximum amount of bonds, at their par value, which may be deposited by a national bank must not exceed the amount of the bank's capital stock.

The proportion of circulating notes issued against bonds deposited as security therefor is 90 per cent of the par value of said bonds, or of the market value of said bonds if the bonds are below par.

PROFITS ON CIRCULATION.

Figures given on page 355, volume 1, Comptroller's Report for 1895, show that in 1895 a bank would make from one-half to 1 per cent per annum more by investing in 2 and 4 per cent bonds and taking out circulation than by investing the same amount at 6 per cent per annum. Wherever the current rate of interest is above 7 per cent it is, therefore, unprofitable to a bank to take out circulation.

OWNERSHIP OF STOCK.

An official investigation made by the Comptroller in 1895 shows that on October 31, 1895, the stock of 3,715 national banks, with a capital of $664,136,915, was owned by 285,190 shareholders.

PROFITS ON CAPITAL INVESTED.

On page 428, volume 1, Comptroller's Report for 1895, is a table showing annual profits made by national banks for twenty-six years, based upon sworn reports made by the banks. The annual average percentage of profit for this period was 8 per cent, while the profit for the year 1895 was but 5 per cent.

SUPERVISION.

Every national bank is required by law to make to the Comptroller not less than five sworn reports every year, showing in detail its resources and liabilities, and it is required to publish same in a local newspaper; also, to make a sworn report of every dividend declared, which also shows gross earnings, losses, expenses, and net profits.

The affairs of every bank are also examined about twice a year by an examiner who verifies its assets and audits its accounts, and the examiner is empowered by law to examine every officer and employee of the bank under oath, if necessary to find out its true condition.

CAPITAL BASED ON POPULATION.

A national bank may be organized by not less than five shareholders anywhere in the United States, subject to the following-mentioned requirements as to capital and population:

(1) With not less than $50,000 capital in any place having 6,000 inhabitants or less.

(2) With not less than $100,000 capital in any city having over 6,000 but not more than 50,000 inhabitants.

(3) With not less than $200,000 capital in any city having over 50,000 inhabitants.

AMOUNT OF NATIONAL-BANK CIRCULATION.

The aggregate capital of national banks October 31, 1895, was $664,136,915. Under the law the banks were entitled to issue circulation to the amount of $597,720,000. The actual amount of circulation outstanding on that date was $213,887,630, including $23,706,669, notes of banks which have failed, gone into liquidation, or have reduced their circulation.

Kinds of money received on account of customs by assistant treasurers of the United States.

Period.	National-bank notes.	United States notes.	Treasury notes of 1890.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Gold coin.	Standard dollars.	Subsidiary silver.	Minor coin.	Totals.
From July 1, 1893, to December 31, 1893	$89, 710	$19, 608, 310	$6, 605, 775	$1, 412, 292	$20, 367, 989	$20, 500, 330	$1, 117, 228	$37, 157	$137	$69, 738, 928
From January 1, 1894, to June 30, 1894	120, 913	10, 416, 707	6, 754, 982	238, 820	37, 687, 492	5, 734, 096	937, 541	29, 195	417	61, 920, 163
From July 1, 1894, to December 31, 1894	52, 960	25, 780, 912	10, 446, 838	138, 900	28, 582, 356	3, 681, 378	869, 410	18, 657	380	69, 571, 800
From January 1, 1895, to June 30, 1895	45, 823	40, 131, 915	4, 147, 716	46, 420	33, 998, 461	3, 071, 671	1, 046, 133	27, 683	784	82, 516, 606
From July 1, 1895, to December 31, 1895	36, 380	48, 754, 234	2, 550, 497	125, 640	27, 446, 735	3, 332, 792	949, 203	27, 950	498	83, 223, 929
From January 1, 1896, to June 30, 1896	30, 480	34, 281, 477	2, 282, 443	40, 300	36, 015, 423	2, 899, 867	1, 083, 376	20, 882	439	76, 654, 687
Total	376, 266	178, 973, 555	32, 788, 251	2, 002, 372	184, 098, 456	39, 220, 134	6, 002, 900	161, 524	2, 655	443, 626, 113

Kinds of money received on account of internal revenue by assistant treasurers of the United States.

Period.	National-bank notes.	United States notes.	Treasury notes of 1890.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Gold coin.	Standard dollars.	Subsidiary silver.	Minor coin.	Totals.
From July 1, 1893, to December 31, 1893	$322, 061	$693, 301	$189, 760	$37, 650	$520, 131	$371, 799	$56, 494	$14, 435	$91	$2, 205, 722
From January 1, 1894, to June 30, 1894	112, 434	170, 729	62, 073	3, 190	411, 849	166, 702	31, 603	9, 965	203	968, 748
From July 1, 1894, to December 31, 1894	207, 419	502, 501	170, 237	3, 180	402, 892	335, 527	13, 821	6, 962	133	1, 642, 672
From January 1, 1895, to June 30, 1895	91, 208	104, 887	79, 301	860	422, 626	114, 390	43, 063	5, 323	746	862, 404
From July 1, 1895, to December 31, 1895	92, 009	172, 332	181, 238	2, 050	575, 493	140, 878	72, 459	5, 595	1, 070	1, 243, 124
From January 1, 1896, to June 30, 1896	80, 125	92, 640	157, 653	620	466, 102	136, 603	8, 987	475	77	943, 282
Total	905, 256	1, 736, 390	840, 262	47, 550	2, 790, 093	1, 265, 899	226, 427	42, 755	2, 320	7, 865, 952

Kinds of money received on account of miscellaneous by assistant treasurers of the United States.

Period.	National-bank notes.	United States notes.	Treasury notes of 1890.	Gold certificates.	Silver certificates.	Gold coin.	Standard dollars.	Subsidiary silver.	Minor coin.	Totals.
From July 1, 1893, to December 31, 1893	$618,843	$2,562,097	$1,394,681	$111,130	$2,706,904	$1,962,467	$41,516	$7,821	$126	$9,405,585
From January 1, 1894, to June 30, 1894	454,485	4,723,704	3,438,010	238,098	2,517,618	1,247,567	233,203	8,365	511	12,861,561
From July 1, 1894, to December 31, 1894	148,634	2,047,790	1,226,015	4,980	1,228,600	186,031	4,821	2,563	299	4,849,733
From January 1, 1895, to June 30, 1895	175,858	1,463,850	132,273	7,697	1,916,148	320,312	15,390	4,229	532	4,036,289
From July 1, 1895, to December 31, 1895	256,632	1,218,445	249,436	19,690	2,808,190	565,052	26,119	3,746	408	5,147,718
From January 1, 1896, to June 30, 1896	175,007	904,788	175,061	8,430	2,210,260	131,919	27,655	4,035	456	3,637,611
Total	1,829,459	12,920,674	6,615,476	390,025	13,387,720	4,413,348	348,704	30,759	2,332	39,938,497

RECAPITULATION.

Receipts on account of customs	$376,266	$178,973,555	$32,788,251	$2,002,372	$184,098,456	$39,220,134	$6,002,900	$161,524	$2,655	$443,626,113
Receipts on account of internal revenue	905,256	1,736,390	840,262	47,550	2,799,093	1,265,899	226,427	42,755	2,320	7,865,952
Receipts on account of miscellaneous	1,829,459	12,920,674	6,615,476	390,025	13,387,720	4,413,348	348,704	30,759	2,332	39,938,497
Aggregate	3,110,981	193,630,619	40,243,989	2,439,947	200,285,269	44,899,381	6,578,031	235,038	7,307	491,430,562

NOTE.—This statement shows only the revenues deposited in *subtreasuries*. There is no means of ascertaining the kinds of money in which the remaining revenues were paid, as no account is kept by national bank depositaries of the kind of funds deposited with them by collectors of internal revenue and other United States officers.

AN ACT DIRECTING THE PURCHASE OF SILVER BULLION AND THE ISSUE OF TREASURY NOTES THEREON, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

[PUBLIC—No. 214. 1890.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby directed to purchase, from time to time, silver bullion to the aggregate amount of four million five hundred thousand ounces, or so much thereof as may be offered in each month, at the market price thereof, not exceeding one dollar for three hundred and seventy-one and twenty-five hundredths grains of pure silver, and to issue in payment for such purchases of silver bullion Treasury notes of the United States to be prepared by the Secretary of the Treasury, in such form and of such denominations, not less than one dollar nor more than one thousand dollars, as he may prescribe, and a sum sufficient to carry into effect the provisions of this act is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

SEC. 2. That the Treasury notes issued in accordance with the provisions of this act shall be redeemable on demand, in coin, at the Treasury of the United States, or at the office of any assistant treasurer of the United States, and when so redeemed may be reissued; but no greater or less amount of such notes shall be outstanding at any time than the cost of the silver bullion and the standard silver dollars coined therefrom, then held in the Treasury purchased by such notes; and such Treasury notes shall be a legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private, except where otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract, and shall be receivable for customs, taxes, and all public dues, and when so received may be reissued; and such notes, when held by any national banking association, may be counted as a part of its lawful reserve. That upon demand of the holder of any of the Treasury notes herein provided for the Secretary of the Treasury shall, under such regulations as he may prescribe, redeem such notes in gold or silver coin, at his discretion, it being the established policy of the United States to maintain the two metals on a parity with each other upon the present legal ratio, or such ratio as may be provided by law.

SEC. 3. That the Secretary of the Treasnry shall each month coin two million ounces of the silver bullion purchased nuder the provisions of this act into standard silver dollars until the first day of July eighteen hundred and ninety-one, and after that time he shall coin of the silver

bullion purchased under the provisions of this act as much as may be necessary to provide for the redemption of the Treasury notes herein provided for, and any gain or seigniorage arising from such coinage shall be accounted for and paid into the Treasury.

* * * * * * *

Approved, July 14, 1890.

MEANING OF 16 TO 1.

The phrase "16 to 1," as applied to coinage, means that the mint value of sixteen ounces of silver shall be equal to the mint value of one ounce of gold; that is, that sixteen ounces of silver shall be coinable into as many standard silver dollars as one ounce of gold is coinable into standard gold dollars.

STANDARD BULLION.

Standard bullion contains 900 parts of pure gold or pure silver and 100 parts of copper alloy.

The coining value of an ounce of pure gold is $20.67183, and the coining value of an ounce of standard gold is $18.60465.

The coining value in standard silver dollars of an ounce of pure silver is $1.2929, and the coining value of an ounce of standard silver is $1.1636.

WHAT IS SEIGNIORAGE.

This term, as used in the United States, means the profit arising from the coinage of bullion. The Government does not purchase gold bullion, but coins it on private account. There is no profit from the coinage of gold bullion, the face value of gold coins being the same as their bullion value; but, at the present ratio of 16 to 1, the face value of the silver dollar is greater than its bullion value; therefore, when silver bullion is purchased and coined into dollars there is a profit arising from such coinage, the amount of which depends upon the price paid for the bullion. For example, there are 371¼ grains of pure silver in a dollar, and there are 480 grains of pure silver in a fine ounce. The coinage value of a fine ounce is therefore $1.2929—. If the fine ounce can be purchased for 70 cents, the profit of its coinage (the seigniorage) is $0.5929—, and the profit on the 371¼ grains of pure silver in the single dollar is $0.4586—, which is the difference between the actual cost of the bullion in the dollar and the nominal value of the coin.

The silver purchased by the Government is carried on the books of the Treasury at its actual cost, and the seigniorage is declared on the coinage of each month and paid into the Treasury.

COINAGE OF GOLD.

In the United States there is free and unlimited coinage of gold; that is, standard gold bullion may be deposited at the mints in any

amount, to be coined for the benefit of the depositor, without charge for coinage; but when other than standard bullion is received for coinage a charge is made for parting, or for refining, or for copper alloy, as the case may be. Refining is the elimination from the bullion of all base metals. Parting is the separation of any silver which may be contained in the bullion. The charges for these operations vary according to the actual expenses. When copper is added for alloy a charge of 2 cents per ounce is made for the amount actually added. The depositor receives in gold coin the full value of the gold in his bullion, less such charges as are indicated above.

The mints may lawfully refuse to receive gold bullion of less value than one hundred dollars, or when it is too base for coinage; but in practice deposits of gold bullion are accepted without regard to amounts, and rejected only when too base for coinage.

COINAGE OF SILVER.

Under existing law in the United States subsidiary silver and standard silver dollars are coined only on Government account. They are coined from bullion purchased by the Government and the profits of such coinage belong to the Government. There is at present no authority for the purchase of bullion for the coinage of standard silver dollars, but, if necessary, sufficient bullion may be purchased to maintain the stock of subsidiary silver.

The Government is still coining standard silver dollars from the bullion purchased under the act of July 14, 1890. The amount of bullion on hand November 1, 1893, when the purchasing clause of that act was repealed, was 140,699,852.67 fine ounces, costing $126,758,280, the coining value of which was $181,914,961. Between November 1, 1893, and September 1, 1896, there were coined from this bullion 15,169,491 standard silver dollars, of which $10,410,528 represent the cost of the bullion coined and are held in the Treasury for the redemption of Treasury notes of 1890, while the remainder, $4,758,433, constitute the gain or seigniorage, and, being the property of the United States, have been paid into the Treasury to be used like other available funds.

The seigniorage is an addition to the volume of money in the country, while the silver dollars representing the cost of the bullion are not, since they are only paid out in redemption of the Treasury notes of 1890, whereupon the latter are canceled and retired, as prescribed by the act of July 14, 1890.

For other particulars respecting silver dollars and subsidiary silver see pages 8, 9, and 11 and the coinage tables herein contained.

TRADE DOLLARS.

The trade dollar of 420 grains troy was authorized by the act of February 12, 1873. It was intended for circulation in oriental countries

as a substitute for the Mexican dollar, which it slightly exceeded in weight; but by the terms of the authorizing act it was made legal tender in the United States in sums not exceeding $5.

This legal-tender quality was withdrawn by the joint resolution approved July 22, 1876, and the coinage was limited to such amount as the Secretary of the Treasury should consider sufficient to meet the export demand. The act of February 19, 1887, provided for the retirement of the trade dollar and its recoinage into standard silver dollars or subsidiary silver. For six months after the passage of the act it could be exchanged at the Treasury or any subtreasury, dollar for dollar, for standard silver dollars or subsidiary coin.

The total number of trade dollars coined was 35,965,924. The number redeemed under the act of 1887 was 7,689,036, and from the bullion resulting from the melting of these dollars there were coined in subsidiary silver $2,668,674.30, and into standard silver dollars $5,078,472. Since the expiration of the period of redemption above mentioned, trade dollars have been purchased as bullion when presented at the mints.

FREE AND UNLIMITED COINAGE OF SILVER.

This term, as used at present in the discussion of the coinage question, means the right of any person to deposit standard silver bullion in any amount at the mints of the United States and have it coined at the expense of the Government, such depositor to receive in return for his bullion silver coins containing in the aggregate the same weight of fine silver as brought to the mint.

Any coinage under a future law would depend upon the terms of that law. (See "Coinage of gold.")

UNLIMITED COINAGE.

Coinage may be unlimited, without being entirely free. It would be unlimited if any owner of bullion had the right to deposit it at the mint and have it converted into coins without any restrictions as to the amount.

FOREIGN COINS NOT LEGAL TENDER.

Section 3584 of the Revised Statutes of the United States provides that no foreign coins shall be a legal tender in the United States.

WORLD'S STOCK OF GOLD AND SILVER COIN IN 1873 AND 1895.

The stock of gold and silver in the world in 1873 and 1895 is estimated to have been as follows:

	1873.	1895.
Gold	$3,045,000,000	$4,200,000,000
Silver	1,817,000,000	4,100,000,000

SUSPENSION OF THE COINAGE OF SILVER DOLLARS FROM 1806 TO 1836.

No silver dollars were coined by the mints of the United States from 1804 until 1835, their coinage having been suspended by order of President Jefferson in the following letter, addressed by James Madison, then Secretary of State, to the Director of the Mint at Philadelphia:

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, *May 1, 1806.*

SIR: In consequence of a representation from the director of the Bank of the United States that considerable purchases have been made of dollars coined at the mint for the purpose of exporting them, and as it is probable further purchases and exportations will be made, the President directs that all the silver to be coined at the mint shall be of small denominations, so that the value of the largest pieces shall not exceed half a dollar.

I am, etc.,

JAMES MADISON.

ROBERT PATTERSON, Esq.,
Director of the Mint.

MEMORANDA FROM THE RECORDS OF THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
Washington, D. C., September 1, 1896.

During the fiscal year 1888—ended June 30, 1888—the revenues of the Government were $111,341,273 in excess of its expenditures.

During the fiscal year 1889—ended June 30, 1889—the revenues were $87,761,080 in excess of the expenditures.

During the fiscal year 1890—ended June 30, 1890—the revenues were $85,040,271 in excess of the expenditures.

The so-called McKinley tariff act took effect on the 6th day of October, 1890, and during the fiscal year 1891—ended June 30, 1891—the revenues were $26,838,541 in excess of the expenditures.

During the fiscal year 1892—ended June 30, 1892—the revenues were $9,914,453 in excess of the expenditures.

During the fiscal year 1893—ended June 30, 1893—the revenues were $2,341,674 in excess of the expenditures.

During the fiscal year 1894—ended June 30, 1894—the expenditures exceeded the revenues to the amount of $69,803,260.58, notwithstanding the fact that the expenditures of the Government were $15,952,674 less than in the preceding year. The McKinley bill was in force during the whole of the fiscal year 1894.

The so-called Wilson tariff act took effect on the 28th day of August, 1894, and the revenues for the fiscal year 1895—ended June 30, 1895—were $42,805,223.18 less than the expenditures; and during the fiscal year 1896—ended June 30, 1896—the revenues were $25,203,245.70 less than the expenditures.

Receipts from customs and total receipts from all sources under McKinley Act.

	Customs.	All sources.
Twelve months ending September 30, 1891	$196, 794, 357. 89	$371, 932, 536. 81
Twelve months ending September 30, 1892	185, 838, 859. 19	364, 847, 501. 72
Twelve months ending September 30, 1893	189, 182, 905. 46	365, 534, 609. 55
Eleven months ending August 31, 1894	112, 590, 930. 77	292, 078, 342. 91

Receipts from customs and total receipts from all sources under Wilson Act.

	Customs.	All sources.
Twelve months ending August 31, 1895	$161, 201, 169. 35	$295, 061, 022. 16
Twelve months ending August 31, 1896	154, 218, 813. 94	321, 726, 319. 37

CONDITION OF THE TREASURY MARCH 1, 1889, AND MARCH 1, 1893.

On the 1st day of March, 1889, the beginning of President Harrison's Administration, the available funds in the Treasury, exclusive of the $100,000,000 gold reserve, were as follows:

Agency account	$64, 502, 445. 02
Net balance in Treasury	165, 846, 471. 10
Total	230, 348, 916. 12

On the 1st day of March, 1893, the beginning of the present Administration, the available funds in the Treasury, exclusive of the $100,000,000 gold reserve, were as follows:

Agency account	$38, 365, 832. 90
Net balance in Treasury	24, 084, 742. 28
Total	62, 450, 575. 18

In addition to the ordinary revenues received during President Harrison's Administration, there was covered into the Treasury $54,207,975.75, which had been held in trust under the law as a fund for the redemption of national-bank notes. This proceeding was authorized by the act of July 14, 1890, commonly known as the Sherman Act.

PUBLIC DEBT PAID BY THE TWO ADMINISTRATIONS.

From the 1st day of March, 1885, the beginning of Mr. Cleveland's first Administration, to March 1, 1889, the public debt was reduced $341,448,449.20; and from March 1, 1889, the beginning of Mr. Harrison's Administration, to March 1, 1893, the reduction of the public debt was $236,527,666.10.

The amount of free gold in the Treasury on the 7th day of March, 1893, when the present Secretary took charge of the Department, was $100,982,410.

Values of imports and exports of merchandise under the McKinley tariff act.

	Imports.	Exports, domestic and foreign.
October 1, 1890, to September 30, 1891	$824, 716, 842	$923, 362, 015
October 1, 1891, to September 30, 1892	837, 280, 798	998, 226, 775
October 1, 1892, to September 30, 1893	830, 150, 318	876, 332, 434
October 1, 1893, to August 31, 1894 *a*	603, 865, 896	790, 706, 509

a Eleven months.

Values of imports and exports of merchandise under the Wilson tariff act.

September 1, 1894, to August 31, 1895	$759, 108, 416	$806, 670, 050
September 1, 1895, to July 31, 1896	687, 695, 637	837, 802, 519

Excess of exports of merchandise alone and of merchandise and silver under McKinley Act.

	Merchandise.	Merchandise and silver.
October 1, 1890, to September 30, 1891	$98, 645, 173	$103, 537, 310
October 1, 1891, to September 30, 1892	160, 945, 977	175, 091, 707
October 1, 1892, to September 30, 1893	46, 182, 116	68, 672, 811
October 1, 1893, to August 31, 1894	186, 840, 613	219, 546, 927

Excess of exports of merchandise alone and of merchandise and silver under Wilson Act.

September 1, 1894, to August 31, 1895	$47, 561, 634	$86, 960, 538
September 1, 1895, to July 31, 1896	150, 106, 882	194, 435, 730

Annual average excess of exports of merchandise alone.

Under McKinley Act of 1890	$123, 153, 470
Under Wilson Act of 1894	98, 834, 258

Annual average excess of exports of merchandise and silver.

Under McKinley Act of 1890	$141, 712, 189
Under Wilson Act of 1894	140, 698, 134

SALES OF GOLD.

During the period of the suspension of specie payments—January 1, 1862, to January 1, 1879—the customs revenues of the Government were collected in gold. A sufficient amount of this gold was reserved to meet that portion of the interest on the public debt which was payable in coin, and the remainder was sold from time to time for currency at the market price by the several assistant treasurers of the United States, under instructions from the Secretary of the Treasury. The currency so obtained, with the currency collected from internal revenue and from other sources, was used to defray the ordinary expenses of the Government. The surplus, if any, was applied, as far as it would go, to the redemption of lawful-money obligations as they fell due, and after their maturity to the purchase of bonds at the market price.

The total amount of gold sold was $526,506,273.81, and the currency received therefor amounted to $633,334,089.67.

The average premium obtained was 20.3 per cent.

THE WAR DEBT.

According to the statement of the public debt published October 31, 1865, the interest-bearing debt of the United States was as follows:

Debt bearing interest in coin.

Authorizing acts.	Character of issue.	Amount outstanding.
Authorized before the war	6 per cent bonds	$37,754,591.80
Do	5 per cent bonds	27,022,000.00
July 17 and August 5, 1861	6 per cent bonds	189,331,400.00
February 25, 1862	do	514,780,500.00
June 30, 1864	do	100,000,000.00
March 3, 1865	do	44,479,100.00
March 3, 1864	5 per cent bonds	172,770,100.00
March 3, 1863	6 per cent bonds	75,000,000.00
Aggregate of debt bearing coin interest.		1,161,137,691.00

Debt bearing interest in lawful money.

Authorizing acts.	Character of issue.	Amount outstanding.
July 11, 1862	4 per cent temporary loan	$612,727.98
Do	5 per cent temporary loan	31,309,710.65
Do	6 per cent temporary loan	67,185,306.83
March 1, 1862	6 per cent certificates of indebtedness	55,905,000.00
March 3, 1863	5 per cent 1 and 2 year notes	32,536,901.00
March 3, 1863, and June 30, 1864	6 per cent 3-year compound-interest notes.	173,012,141.00
June 30, 1864	7-30 notes (3-year)	234,400,000.00
March 3, 1865	7-30 notes (3-year)	595,600,000.00
Aggregate of debt bearing lawful-money interest.		1,190,561,787.46

All of the war debt authorized after January 1, 1862, was sold at not less than par for United States notes.

The debt bearing interest in lawful money (United States notes) was redeemed in currency or converted into 5-20 bonds authorized by the act of March 3, 1865. These transactions were completed by May 1, 1869. The Government then began using the surplus revenues in the purchase of its bonds at the market price in currency. The average price paid in May, 1869, was 115.84, which was equivalent to 82.72 in gold, or a discount of 17.28. These purchases were continued until September, 1873. The total amount purchased was $323,253,800; the net cost in currency was $362,981,483.79 and the net cost in gold was $307,702,207.64. The average price in currency was 112.27 and the average price in gold was 95.19.

REFUNDING.

The refunding act of July 14, 1870, authorized the sale, at not less than par in coin, of 5 per cent ten-year bonds, 4½ per cent fifteen-year bonds, and 4 per cent thirty-year bonds, the proceeds to be applied to the redemption of the war debt. The refunding operations under this act began in 1871 and continued until the summer of 1879. At first the sales were confined to the 5 per cent bonds. In 1876, when the credit of the United States had sufficiently improved, the 4½ per cent bonds were offered for sale, and in 1877 they were withdrawn and the 4 percents of 1907 substituted. All these classes of bonds were sold at not less than par for gold or its equivalent, and the proceeds were used in redeeming, in gold, an equal amount of the bonds representing the war debt.

The classes of bonds sold for refunding and the bonds redeemed with the proceeds are shown in the following tables:

Five per cent loan of 1881	$500,000,000
Four and one-half per cent loan of 1891	185,000,000
Four per cent loan of 1907	710,345,950
Total	1,395,345,950

BONDS REDEEMED.

Six per cent five-twenties of 1862	$401,143,750
Six per cent five-twenties of March, 1864	1,327,100
Six per cent five-twenties of June, 1864	59,185,450
Six per cent five-twenties of 1865	160,144,500
Six per cent consols of 1865	211,337,050
Six per cent consols of 1867	316,423,800
Six per cent consols of 1868	37,677,050
Five per cent loan of 1858	14,217,000
Five per cent ten-forties of 1864	193,890,250
Total	1,395,345,950

A considerable amount of 5 per cent bonds (about sixty-five millions) was exchanged at the beginning of the refunding operations, bond for

bond, for 6 percents. These exchanges are included in the above tables.

The annual saving of interest to the Government by the refunding operations was $19,900,846.50.

The greater part of the war debt was sold for currency. Bonds amounting to $1,395,345,950 were redeemed in gold, and the gold with which they were redeemed was obtained from the purchasers of other bonds bearing lower rates of interest.

The refunding operations included all the bonds which up to 1879 had become redeemable. As the remaining war debt matured it was either continued at a lower rate of interest or redeemed in gold. The continued bonds were also redeemed from time to time, as the surplus revenues permitted, until no bonds remained outstanding except those authorized by the refunding acts. These last-mentioned bonds and all the bonds now outstanding are payable in "coin."

The foregoing statement does not include the bonds, payable in lawful money, which were issued in aid of Pacific railroads.

O

GOVERNMENT RATES FOR TELEGRAPHING.

1896.
Department Circular No. 124.
Division of S., P., and B.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.

Washington, D. C., July 25, 1896.

The following communication from the Postmaster-General, prescribing rates to be paid by the Government for telegraphing for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1897, is hereby published for the information of officers of the Treasury Department and others whom it may concern. Officers of this Department are specially informed that no charge in excess of these rates will be allowed by the accounting officers.

The Department and office should be designated upon all official telegrams sent.

W. E. CURTIS,
Acting Secretary.

RATES OF PAY FOR COMMUNICATIONS BY TELEGRAPH.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
Washington, D. C., June 26, 1896.

ORDER NO. 407.

Pursuant to the authority vested in the Postmaster-General by the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to aid in the construction of telegraph lines, and to secure to the Government the use of the same for postal, military, and other purposes," approved July 24, 1866, and by the Revised Statutes of the United States, Title LXV, I hereby fix the rates at which such communications as the said statutes prescribe (not including those passing over circuits established by the Chief of the Weather Bureau, Department of Agriculture) shall be sent during the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1896, and terminating June 30, 1897, by the several companies within the effect of said statutes, as follows:

For day messages containing not more than twenty (20) words, exclusive of place from and date, twenty (20) cents, not exceeding one thousand (1,000) miles, and one cent for each additional word. One quarter of this rate to be added for each five hundred (500) miles, or fraction thereof, but no rate on a message of twenty (20) words to be more than forty (40) cents, nor on an additional word more than two (2) cents. The rate between all points in any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia shall be twenty (20) cents for twenty (20) words, and one cent for each additional word.

In cases where the price of a message, determined as herein provided, shall include a fraction of a cent, such fraction, if less than one half, is to be disregarded; if one half or more, it is to be counted as one cent.

For night messages not exceeding twenty (20) words, exclusive of place from and date, fifteen (15) cents for any distance within two thousand (2,000) miles, and for greater distances twenty-five (25) cents; in each case one cent for each additional word.

Instead of computing the actual distances of transmission, the distance for payment shall in all cases

be taken absolutely to be the number of miles between the capital of the State or Territory, or from the city of Washington, if from within the District of Columbia, from within which (whatever the place) the message is sent, and the capital of the State or Territory, or the city of Washington, if within the District of Columbia, within which (whatever the place) the message is received, as shown in the accompanying table, wherein such distances are given as computed upon the shortest practicable route between such capitals, and which is to be taken as part of this order.

But it is provided that if, on the 1st day of July, 1896, or at any time during the ensuing year, any such company shall charge the public for a message of ten words or less, exclusive of the date, address, and signature, a less rate than is herein fixed for twenty words, exclusive of place from and date, the rates here prescribed shall, as to such company, thenceforth during the year be reduced to the rates so charged to the public.

The statutes provide that telegrams between the several Departments of the Government and their officers and agents, in their transmission over the lines of any such company, shall have priority over all other business. All officers of the United States sending such telegrams should indorse thereon the words "Official Business," and should report to the Postmaster-General any failure to transmit them in such priority, and any charge made in excess of the rates above prescribed.

Each company will be allowed to charge for messages received from another line at the same rate as if received from the Government direct, at the point of transfer for transmission over its own line.

WM. L. WILSON,
Postmaster-General.

Telegraph companies which have accepted the conditions of the act of July 24, 1866, and which are subject to the provisions of the order of the Postmaster-General fixing Government rates.

The following is a list of telegraph companies that have filed acceptance of the provisions of the act of July 24, 1866, up to the present date:

1. The American Submarine Telegraph Company of New York, N.Y. Received and filed July 24, 1866.
2. The National Telegraph Company of New York, N. Y. Received and filed July 30, 1866.
3. The Globe Insulated Lines Telegraph Company of New York, N. Y. Received and filed July 31, 1866.
4. International Telegraph Company of Portland, Me. Received and filed October 6, 1866.
5. The Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company of New York, N.Y. Received and filed March 19, 1867.
6. The Franco-American Land and Ocean Telegraph Company of New York, N. Y. Received and filed April 6, 1867.
7. The Globe Telegraph Company of New York. Received and filed May 30, 1867.
8. Mississippi Valley National Telegraph Company of St. Louis, Mo. Received and filed June 4, 1867.
9. Western Union Telegraph Company of New York. Received and filed June 8, 1867.
10. Northwestern Telegraph Company of Kenosha, Wis. Received and filed July 30, 1867.
11. Great Western Telegraph Company of New York. Received and filed January 17, 1868.
12. The Franklin Telegraph Company of Boston, Mass. Received and filed April 17, 1868.
13. The Insulated Lines Telegraph Company of Boston, Mass. Received and filed April 13, 1868.
14. Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph Company of Pittsburg, Pa. Received and filed July 22, 1868.
15. The Atlantic and Pacific States Telegraph Company of Sacramento, Cal. Received and filed September 7, 1868.
16. The Eastern Telegraph Company of Philadelphia, Pa. Received and filed October 5, 1868.
17. The Delaware River Telegraph Company of Philadelphia, Pa. Received and filed October 23, 1868.

18. Cape May and Shore Telegraph Company of New York City. Received and filed April 2, 1869.
19. Peninsula Telegraph Company of New York City. Received and filed May 9, 1869.
20. Ocean Telegraph Company of Boston, Mass. Received and filed July 15, 1869.
21. The American Cable Company of New York. Received and filed April 15, 1870.
22. Southern and Atlantic Telegraph Company of Philadelphia, Pa. Received and filed July 22, 1870.
23. International Ocean Telegraph Company of New York City. Received and filed January 20, 1871.
24. Missouri River Telegraph Company of Sioux City, Iowa. Received and filed May 3, 1871.
25. The Marine and Inland Telegraph Company of New Jersey, 715 Locust street, Philadelphia, Pa. Received and filed November 27, 1872.
26. Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company of Missouri. Executive Office, 145 Broadway, New York City. Received and filed May 8, 1877.
27. New Jersey and New England Telegraph Company. Received and filed November 21, 1878. Address A. L. Worthington, No. 10 Green street, Trenton, N. J.
28. The American Rapid Telegraph Company, 41 Wall street, New York. Received and filed April 12, 1879. Special rates received and filed April 1, 1881.
29. Central Union Telegraph Company, 145 Broadway, New York. Received and filed May 9, 1879.
30. New York Land and Ocean Telegraph Company. Received and filed May 10, 1879.
31. Deseret Telegraph Company, Salt Lake City, Utah. Received and filed May 19, 1879.
32. American Union Telegraph Company of New York, 145 Broadway, New York. Received and filed July 1, 1879.
33. The American Union Telegraph Company of Missouri, Chas. S. Greeley, President, St. Louis, Mo. Received and filed July 9, 1879.
34. Wabash Railway Company, Cyrus W. Field, President, New York. Received and filed July 11, 1879.
35. The American Union Telegraph Company of New Jersey, D. H. Bates, President, Jersey City, N. J. Received and filed July 17, 1879.
36. The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company of Maryland, John W. Garrett, President, Baltimore, Md. Received and filed July 18, 1879.
37. The American Union Telegraph Company of Baltimore City, Md. Received and filed July 31, 1879.
38. The Deer Lodge Telegraph Company of Butte City, Mont. Received and filed August 30, 1879.
39. The American Union Telegraph Company of Pennsylvania, D. H. Bates, President. Philadelphia. Received and filed September 4, 1879.
40. The American Union Telegraph Company of Indiana, La Fayette, Ind. Received and filed Sept. 12, 1879.
41. The Cheyenne and Black Hills Telegraph Company, W. H. Hibbard, Superintendent, Cheyenne, Wyo. Received and filed November 7, 1879.
42. The American Union Telegraph Company of Ohio, Frank B. Swayne, President, Toledo, Ohio. Received and filed November 8, 1879.
43. The American Union Telegraph Company of Louisiana, Ed. Leloup, Secretary, New Orleans, La. Received and filed March 1, 1880.
44. Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company of Ohio, Geo. Hoadley, President, Cincinnati, Ohio. Received and filed September 3, 1880.
45. The Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific Railway Company of St. Louis, Mo., Solon Humphreys, President, No. 80 Broadway, New York. Received and filed September 13, 1880.
46. Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company of Illinois, C. H. Hudson, President, No. 81 South Clark street, Chicago, Ill. Received and filed September 23, 1880.

47. Frontier Telegraph Company of Texas, G. O. Appleby, President, Lampasas, Texas. Received and filed October 25, 1880.
48. Bankers and Merchants' Telegraph Company of New Jersey, J. Heron Crosman, President, No. 58 Broadway, New York, N. Y. Received and filed April 21, 1881.
49. Bankers and Merchants' Telegraph Company of New York, Wm. W. Maris, President, No. 58 Broadway, New York, N. Y. Received and filed June 8, 1881.
50. Mutual Union Telegraph Company of Illinois, Carroll Sprigg, Secretary, Chicago, Ill. Received and filed October 24, 1881.
51. Mutual Union Telegraph Company of Missouri, Carroll Sprigg, Secretary, Chicago, Ill. Received and filed November 14, 1881.
52. New Jersey Mutual Telegraph Company, Jno. H. Walker, Secretary, Newark, N. J. Received and filed November 17, 1881.
53. Bankers and Merchant's Telegraph Company, Wm. W. Maris President, 58 Broadway, New York. Received and filed December 8, 1881.
54. The Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company, Welty McCullogh, Secretary, Pittsburg, Pa. Received and filed March 6, 1882.
55. East Tennessee Telephone Company, D. I. Carson, Secretary, New York. Received and filed May 31, 1882.
56. Southern Telegraph Company, James F. Cox, President, 48 Exchange Place, New York. Received and filed August 4, 1882.
57. Postal Telegraph Company, A. W. Beard, President, 2 Wall street, New York. Received and filed August 31, 1882.
58. Bankers and Merchants' Telegraph Company of Baltimore City, J. G. Case, Secretary, 58 Broadway, New York. Received and filed December 14, 1882.
59. Mutual Union Telegraph Company of New York, John G. Moore, President, New York, N. Y. Received and filed March 5, 1883.
60. The Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company in Pennsylvania, J. B. Washington, Secretary, Pittsburg, Pa. Received and filed March 17, 1883.
61. The Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company of Indiana, Geo. P. Frick, President; Dan'l T. Downey, Secretary, Baltimore, Md. Received and filed July 17, 1883.
62. The Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company of the State of New York, Geo. P. Frick, President; Edward R. Golliday, Secretary, Baltimore, Md. Received and filed July 17, 1883.
63. The Northern and Southern Telegraph Company, corner State and Bridge streets, New York City, John F. Davis, President; Wm. H. Harfield, Secretary. Received and filed September 28, 1883.
64. Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company of New Jersey, Geo. P. Frick, President; Edward R. Golliday, Secretary, Trenton, N. J. Received and filed November 7, 1883.
65. National Telegraph Company of New York, Calvin S. Brice, President, New York, N. Y.; F. E. Worcester, Secretary. Received and filed January 31, 1884.
66. Philadelphia and Seaboard Telegraph Company of New Jersey, Milton Cowperthwaite, Secretary, Camden, N. J. Received and filed February 23, 1884.
67. Providence and Pascoag Telegraph Company of Rhode Island, D. H. Bates, President, New York; F. Jessen, Secretary. Received and filed July 10, 1884.
68. Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company of Missouri, Geo P. Frick, President, Baltimore, Md. Received and filed July 18, 1884.
69. Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company of Louisiana, D. H. Bates, President, Baltimore, Md. Received and filed July 25, 1884.

70. The New England Telegraph Company, F. A. McKeone, President, New York. Received and filed July 26, 1884.
71. The Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company of Texas, D. H. Bates, President, New York. Received and filed August 13, 1884.
72. The New England Telegraph Company of Massachusetts, Dan. S. Robeson, New York, Vice-President. Received and filed September 5, 1884.
73. The Chesapeake and Ohio Telegraph Lines, C. W. Smith, General Manager, Richmond, Va. Received and filed September 29, 1884.
74. The Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company of Massachusetts, D. H. Bates, President, Boston, Mass. Received and filed December 15, 1884.
75. The Postal Telegraph and Cable Company, Henry Rosener, 2d Vice-President, New York. Received and filed January 29, 1885.
76. The Pacific Telegraph Company, Geo. H. Myers, Secretary, Kansas City, Mo. Received and filed July 27, 1885.
77. The Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company of Baltimore County, Maryland, D. H. Bates, President, Baltimore, Md. Received and filed February 20, 1886.
78. Postal Telegraph Cable Company, Jas. H. Withington, President, New York. Received and filed April 6, 1886.
79. The North American Telegraph Company, W. H. Eustis, Secretary, Minneapolis, Minn. Received and filed April 22, 1886.
80. The San Juan Telegraph Company, W. E. Block, Secretary, Ouray, Colo. Received and filed June 9, 1886.
81. Pacific Postal Telegraph-Cable Company, Henry Rosener, President, New York, N. Y. Received and filed July 20, 1886.
82. The Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company of Pennsylvania, R. Duryea, Secretary, Baltimore, Md. Received and filed September 11, 1886.
83. The Manhattan Railway Company, D. W. McWilliams, Secretary, New York, N. Y. Received and filed October 6, 1886.
84. The Pacific Mutual Telegraph Company, George M. Myers, Secretary, Rosedale, Kans. Received and filed February 24, 1887.
85. The Empire and Bay State Telegraph Company, Henry Macdona, Secretary, New York, N. Y. Received and filed July 12, 1887.
86. The Spokane Falls and Wardner Telephone-Telegraph Lines, W. S. Norman, Owner, Spokane, Wash. Received and filed August 17, 1887.
87. The Rocky Mountain Telegraph Company, W. M. Cairns, General Manager, Butte, Mont. Received and filed August 18, 1887.
88. The Central Arizona Telegraph Company, L. H. Wilson, President, Prescott, Ariz. Received and filed October 6, 1887.
89. W. S. Norman's U. S. Military Telegraph Line. Between Fort Cœur d'Alene and Spokane Falls. W. S. Norman, Spokane, Wash. Received and filed October 13, 1887.
90. The Wyoming Inland Telegraph Company, F. B. Proctor, Secretary, Buffalo, Wyo. Received and filed October 19, 1887.
91. The Chicago Postal Telegraph Company, Marcus Pollasky, President, Chicago, Ill. Received and filed January 3, 1888.
92. The Western Union Telegraph Company of Baltimore City, Richard J. Bloxham, President, Baltimore, Md. Received and filed January 7, 1889.

93. The Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company, D. I. Carson, Secretary, 195 Broadway, New York, N. Y. Received and filed February 18, 1889.
94. The Washington and Idaho Telegraph Company, E. B. Spencer, Secretary, Spokane, Wash. Received and filed May 11, 1889.
95. The Continental Telegraph Company, E. L. Martin, President, Kansas City, Mo. Received and filed May 27, 1889.
96. The Maryland Central Railway Company, C. F. Kerchner, Secretary, Baltimore, Md. Received and filed September 6, 1889.
97. The Edison Mutual Telegraph Company, Titus Sheared, President, Van Wert, Ohio. Received and filed November 11, 1889.
98. The Atlantic Postal Telegraph Cable Company, A. B. Chandler, President, 1 Broadway, New York, N. Y. Received and filed August 2, 1890.
99. The New York Submarine Cable and Telegraph Company, S. F. Austin, Secretary, Brooklyn, N. Y. Received and filed September 2, 1892.
100. New England Printing Telegraph Company, Charles O. Billings, President, Boston, Mass. Received and filed December 5, 1892.
101. Rocky Mountain Bell Telephone Company, Geo. Y. Wallace, President, Salt Lake City, Utah. Received and filed June 12, 1893.
102. Oregon Telegraph and Telephone Company, W. B. King, President, Portland, Oreg. Received and filed September 1, 1893.
103. Cie Française du Telegraphe de Paris à New York, M. LeFaivre, President. Received and filed October 11, 1893.
104. U. S. Postal Printing Telegraph Company, J. W. Rogers, President, Washington, D. C. Received and filed December 21, 1894.
105. The Board of Trade Telegraph Company, A. B. Chandler, President, New York, N. Y. Received and filed April 2, 1895.
106. The Electric News and Money Transfer Company, Allan Macdonell, President, Jersey City, N. J. Received and filed, July 16, 1895.
107. The Western Telephone and Telegraph Company, Geo. W. Beers, President, Lima, Ohio. Received and filed November 25, 1895.
108. The Standard Telegraph and Telephone Company, James S. Clarkson, President, New York, N. Y. Received and filed January 4, 1896.
109. The New England Printing Telegraph Company of Massachusetts, J. R. Clark, Secretary, Boston, Mass. Received and filed February 12, 1896.
110. The Postal Telegraph Cable Company of Texas, Geo. B. Perham, Secretary and Treasurer, Lowell, Mass. Received and filed, May 18, 1896.
111. The Postal Telegraph Cable Company of Arkansas, James Thorpe, Acting Secretary and Treasurer, Lowell, Mass. Received and filed May 28, 1896.
112. The Postal Telegraph Cable Company of Texas, George B. Perham, Secretary and Treasurer, Lowell, Mass. Received and filed May 28, 1896.
113. The Postal Telegraph Cable Company of Louisiana, J. H. McLeary, President, New Orleans, La. Received and filed June 11, 1896.

SCHEDULE OF RATES FOR GOVERNMENT TELEGRAMS

ON AND AFTER JULY 1, 1896.

Number of Words.	Rate for Twenty Words and Multiples of Twenty, and for Words Additional to Twenty or any Multiple Thereof.						
	Day Messages.					Night Messages.	
	1,000 Miles.	1,500 Miles.	2,000 Miles.	2,500 Miles.	3,000 Miles or More.	2,000 Miles.	Over 2,000 Miles.
20	$0.20	$0.25	$0.30	$0.35	$0.40	$0.15	$0.25
40	.40	.50	.60	.70	.80	.35	.45
60	.60	.75	.90	1.05	1.20	.55	65
80	.80	1.00	1.20	1.40	1.60	.75	.85
100	1.00	1.25	1.50	1.75	2.00	.95	1.05
200	2.00	2.50	3.00	3.50	4.00	1.95	2.05
300	3.00	3.75	4.50	5.25	6.00	2.95	3.05
400	4.00	5.00	6.00	7.00	8.00	3.95	4.05
500	5.00	6.25	7.50	8.75	10.00	4.95	5.05
1	.01	.01	.02	.02	.02	.01	.01
2	.02	.03	.03	.04	.04	.02	.02
3	.03	.04	.05	.05	.06	.03	.03
4	.04	.05	.06	.07	.08	.04	.04
5	.05	.06	.08	.09	.10	.05	.05
6	.06	.08	.09	.11	.12	.06	.06
7	.07	.09	.11	.12	.14	.07	.07
8	.08	.10	.12	.14	.16	.08	.08
9	.09	.11	.14	.16	.18	.09	.09
10	.10	.13	.15	.18	.20	.10	.10
11	.11	.14	.17	.19	.22	.11	.11
12	.12	.15	.18	.21	.24	.12	.12
13	.13	.16	.20	.23	.26	.13	.13
14	.14	.18	.21	.25	.28	.14	.14
15	.15	.19	.23	.26	.30	.15	.15
16	.16	.20	.24	.28	.32	.16	.16
17	.17	.21	.26	.30	.34	.17	.17
18	.18	.23	.27	.32	.36	.18	.18
19	.19	.24	.29	.33	.38	.19	.19

	Newport, R. I.	Olympia, Wash.	Phœnix, Ariz.	Pierre, S. Dak.	Raleigh, N. C.	Richmond, Va.	Sacramento, Cal.	[illegible]	[illegible] reg.	[illegible]y, Utah.	[illegible]
Washington, D. C.											
Albany, N. Y.											
Annapolis, Md.											
Atlanta, Ga.											
Augusta, Me.											
Austin, Tex.											
Baton Rouge, La.											
Bismarck, N. Dak.											
Boise, Idaho											
Boston, Mass.											
Carson City, Nev.											
Charleston, W. Va.											
Cheyenne, Wyo.											
Columbia, S. C.											
Columbus, Ohio											
Concord, N. H.											
Denver, Colo.											
Des Moines, Iowa											
Dover, Del.											
Frankfort, Ky.											
Guthrie, Okla.											
Harrisburg, Pa.											
Hartford, Conn.											
Helena, Mont.											
Indianapolis, Ind.											
Jackson, Miss.											
Jefferson City, Mo.											
Lansing, Mich.											
Lincoln, Nebr.											
Little Rock, Ark.											
Madison, Wis.											
Montgomery, Ala.											
Montpelier, Vt.											
Nashville, Tenn.											
Newport, R. I.	0										
Olympia, Wash.	3,326	0									
Phœnix, Ariz.	2,980	1,695	0								
Pierre, S. Dak.	1,821	1,906	2,019	0							
Raleigh, N. C.	714	3,211	2,335	1,655	0						

TABLE OF DISTANCES—BY CAPITALS.

	Washington, D. C.	Albany, N. Y.	Annapolis, Md.	Atlanta, Ga.	Augusta, Me.	Austin, Tex.	Baton Rouge, La.	Bismarck, N. Dak.	Boise, Idaho.	Boston, Mass.	Carson City, Nev.	Charleston, W. Va.	Cheyenne, Wyo.	Columbia, S. C.	Columbus, Ohio.	Concord, N. H.	Denver, Colo.	Des Moines, Iowa.	Dover, Del.	Frankfort, Ky.	Guthrie, Okla.	Harrisburg, Pa.	Hartford, Conn.	Helena, Mont.	Indianapolis, Ind.	Jackson, Miss.	Jefferson City, Mo.	Lansing, Mich.	Lincoln, Nebr.	Little Rock, Ark.	Madison, Wis.	Montgomery, Ala.	Montpelier, Vt.	Nashville, Tenn.	Newport, R. I.	Olympia, Wash.	Phœnix, Ariz.	Pierre, S. Dak.	Raleigh, N. C.	Richmond, Va.	Sacramento, Cal.	St. Paul, Minn.	Salem, Oreg.	Salt Lake City, Utah.	Santa Fe, N. Mex.	Springfield, Ill.	Tallequah, Ind. T.	Tallahassee, Fla.	Topeka, Kans.	Trenton, N. J.
Washington, D. C.	0																																																	
Albany, N. Y.	373	0																																																
Annapolis, Md.	42	350	0																																															
Atlanta, Ga.	649	1,022	691	0																																														
Augusta, Me.	615	341	601	1,264	0																																													
Austin, Tex.	1,556	1,796	1,598	972	2,137	0																																												
Baton Rouge, La.	1,179	1,552	1,221	584	1,794	522	0																																											
Bismarck, N. Dak.	1,610	1,640	1,652	1,570	1,779	1,475	1,605	0																																										
Boise, Idaho	2,600	2,646	2,642	2,377	2,987	1,907	2,179	1,284	0																																									
Boston, Mass.	444	198	430	1,093	171	2,000	1,623	1,758	2,841	0																																								
Carson City, Nev.	2,898	2,941	2,940	2,675	3,285	2,129	2,401	1,774	1,018	3,139	0																																							
Charleston, W. Va.	386	759	428	567	1,001	1,300	1,005	1,311	2,271	830	2,569	0																																						
Cheyenne, Wyo.	1,763	1,899	1,805	1,540	2,150	1,103	1,375	1,109	837	2,001	1,135	1,431	0																																					
Columbia, S. C.	490	863	532	238	1,105	1,200	812	1,630	2,592	931	2,890	575	1,755	0																																				
Columbus, Ohio	487	617	529	596	958	1,228	963	1,152	2,113	812	2,411	175	1,276	750	0																																			
Concord, N. H.	491	203	477	1,140	176	1,996	1,670	1,689	2,816	71	3,111	877	2,069	981	817	0																																			
Denver, Colo.	1,748	1,862	1,790	1,505	2,203	996	1,268	1,162	941	2,057	1,242	1,468	107	1,743	1,286	2,062	0																																			
Des Moines, Iowa	1,113	1,160	1,155	930	1,501	920	1,017	678	1,498	1,355	1,796	781	661	1,133	626	1,360	714	0																																		
Dover, Del.	138	311	124	787	551	1,604	1,317	1,686	2,685	383	2,983	521	1,848	628	572	429	1,858	1,198	0																																	
Frankfort, Ky.	604	816	646	423	1,157	1,082	798	1,197	2,099	1,011	2,397	218	1,262	525	213	1,016	1,237	610	712	0																																
Guthrie, Okla.	1,466	1,575	1,508	1,042	1,916	435	707	1,070	1,608	1,770	1,831	1,117	771	1,280	993	1,775	664	515	1,565	903	0																														
Harrisburg, Pa.	125	327	111	771	569	1,670	1,304	1,556	2,555	398	2,853	511	1,718	615	442	445	1,728	1,068	130	655	1,435	0																													
Hartford, Conn.	341	128	327	990	288	1,897	1,520	1,768	2,771	117	3,072	747	1,967	831	737	164	1,990	1,288	279	945	1,703	295	0																												
Helena, Mont.	2,295	2,325	2,337	2,255	2,464	1,978	2,250	685	599	2,143	1,089	1,996	908	2,375	1,837	2,372	1,015	1,363	2,371	1,882	1,679	2,241	2,453	0																										
Indianapolis, Ind.	643	763	685	560	1,104	1,033	810	1,022	1,956	958	2,254	315	1,119	668	181	963	1,105	469	753	175	812	623	891	1,707	0																										
Jackson, Miss.	1,011	1,384	1,053	427	1,626	545	168	1,450	2,147	1,455	2,369	837	1,343	655	795	1,592	1,236	849	1,149	630	675	1,136	1,352	2,145	642	0																									
Jefferson City, Mo.	1,019	1,128	1,061	731	1,469	783	810	912	1,680	1,323	1,978	670	843	949	546	1,328	798	301	1,148	456	447	988	1,256	1,600	365	642	0																								
Lansing, Mich.	661	616	703	773	957	1,287	1,064	1,058	2,061	811	2,362	400	1,227	870	231	816	1,280	578	737	390	1,028	607	714	1,743	251	896	597	0																							
Lincoln, Nebr.	1,285	1,344	1,327	1,054	1,685	885	1,015	648	1,292	1,539	1,590	957	455	1,269	798	1,544	508	200	1,370	776	436	1,210	1,472	1,333	612	860	312	762	0																						
Little Rock, Ark.	1,064	1,291	1,106	553	1,632	505	363	1,273	1,928	1,486	2,182	795	1,001	791	709	1,491	984	677	1,202	577	504	1,151	1,405	1,958	528	261	470	782	683	0																					
Madison, Wis.	940	940	952	870	1,281	1,187	984	700	1,801	1,135	2,102	611	967	990	452	1,140	1,020	314	986	497	826	856	1,068	1,385	322	816	451	358	506	703	0																				
Montgomery, Ala.	824	1,197	866	175	1,439	797	409	1,585	2,354	1,268	2,652	684	1,517	403	697	1,315	1,431	922	962	524	927	919	1,165	2,270	600	252	715	834	996	482	885	0																			
Montpelier, Vt.	555	201	541	1,204	232	1,994	1,734	1,556	2,844	203	3,142	911	2,097	1,045	815	132	2,060	1,358	193	1,014	1,773	509	214	2,241	961	1,566	1,326	811	1,542	1,489	1,138	1,379	0																		
Nashville, Tenn.	770	1,019	812	289	1,360	870	586	1,281	2,088	1,214	2,386	469	1,251	527	416	1,219	1,226	611	908	251	851	858	1,111	1,966	296	418	445	530	765	365	581	304	1,217	0																	
Newport, R. I.	415	237	401	1,064	239	1,971	1,594	1,826	2,883	68	3,181	801	2,046	905	811	139	2,099	1,397	353	1,019	1,894	369	120	2,511	992	1,426	1,357	853	1,581	1,479	1,177	1,239	271	1,185	0																
Olympia, Wash.	3,110	3,140	3,152	2,966	3,279	2,496	2,768	1,500	627	3,258	954	2,811	1,426	3,181	2,652	3,187	1,533	2,087	3,186	2,688	2,197	3,056	3,268	815	2,522	2,736	2,269	2,558	1,881	2,517	2,200	2,943	3,056	2,677	3,326	0															
Phœnix, Ariz.	2,472	2,699	2,514	1,913	3,040	1,136	1,518	2,213	1,962	2,894	1,077	2,203	1,158	2,411	2,117	2,899	1,051	1,660	2,610	1,985	1,245	2,559	2,813	2,033	1,933	1,486	1,645	2,173	1,559	1,408	1,973	1,738	2,897	1,773	2,980	1,695	0														
Pierre, S. Dak.	1,354	1,584	1,596	1,415	1,861	1,281	1,411	406	1,690	1,779	2,050	1,255	945	1,639	1,096	1,772	968	484	1,639	1,124	872	1,500	1,712	1,091	953	1,256	718	1,002	451	1,079	614	1,392	1,782	1,126	1,821	1,906	2,019	0													
Raleigh, N. C.	299	672	341	422	914	1,415	1,006	1,711	2,671	713	2,969	409	1,831	236	575	790	1,842	1,181	437	618	1,417	421	640	2,396	715	819	1,096	809	1,357	960	1,011	597	851	666	711	3,211	2,335	1,655	0													
Richmond, Va.	116	489	158	550	731	1,522	1,134	1,680	2,640	560	2,938	369	1,803	391	511	607	1,837	1,153	251	587	1,486	211	457	2,365	681	962	1,039	777	1,326	1,015	980	725	671	721	531	3,180	2,423	1,624	183	0												
Sacramento, Cal.	3,022	3,068	3,064	2,734	3,409	1,957	2,339	1,898	1,142	3,263	186	2,693	1,259	2,952	2,535	3,268	1,366	1,920	3,107	2,521	1,955	2,977	3,196	1,213	2,378	2,307	2,102	2,486	1,714	2,229	2,226	2,559	3,266	2,510	3,305	801	891	2,174	3,093	3,062	0											
St. Paul, Minn.	1,172	1,202	1,214	1,132	1,456	1,217	1,260	438	1,722	1,397	2,022	873	887	1,252	714	1,358	940	297	1,248	759	812	1,118	1,330	1,123	581	1,092	591	620	426	920	262	1,147	1,400	843	1,139	1,938	1,991	411	1,273	1,242	2,146	0										
Salem, Oreg.	3,104	3,131	3,146	2,896	3,273	2,426	2,698	1,494	557	3,252	780	2,790	1,356	3,111	2,632	3,181	1,463	2,017	3,180	2,618	2,127	3,050	3,262	809	2,475	2,666	2,199	2,552	1,811	2,147	2,194	2,873	3,050	2,607	3,320	171	1,521	1,900	3,190	3,159	630	1,832	0								
Salt Lake City, Utah	2,315	2,361	2,357	2,092	2,702	1,472	1,744	1,191	435	2,556	657	1,986	552	2,307	1,828	2,561	659	1,213	2,400	1,814	1,171	2,270	2,489	506	1,671	1,712	1,390	1,779	1,007	1,194	1,549	1,964	2,559	1,803	2,598	1,021	1,527	1,467	2,386	2,355	781	1,639	954	0							
Santa Fe, N. Mex.	2,006	2,125	2,048	1,669	2,466	1,002	1,274	1,588	1,337	2,320	1,559	1,698	533	1,907	1,511	2,325	426	1,035	2,116	1,171	812	1,986	2,253	1,108	1,363	1,242	1,028	1,548	931	1,132	1,318	1,494	2,323	1,463	2,355	1,926	661	1,391	2,081	2,057	1,249	1,366	1,856	902	0						
Springfield, Ill.	835	954	877	641	1,295	948	751	956	1,775	1,149	2,073	597	938	811	573	1,154	914	289	945	351	629	815	1,082	1,641	192	583	195	406	462	443	260	656	1,152	352	1,181	2,364	1,796	773	907	876	2,197	718	2,291	1,490	1,171	0					
Tahlequah, Ind. T.	1,319	1,446	1,361	808	1,787	496	618	1,050	1,715	1,611	1,969	988	878	1,046	861	1,646	771	495	1,436	771	313	1,306	1,574	1,786	683	516	358	920	422	255	762	737	1,611	620	1,675	2,504	1,355	873	1,215	1,270	2,062	732	2,211	1,281	919	540	0				
Tallahassee, Fla.	872	1,245	914	310	1,487	978	539	1,834	2,603	1,316	2,901	877	1,766	431	906	1,363	1,683	1,171	1,010	733	1,176	997	1,213	2,519	849	501	964	1,083	1,245	731	1,131	249	1,427	553	1,287	3,192	1,987	1,641	615	756	2,808	1,396	3,122	2,213	1,743	905	986	0			
Topeka, Kans.	1,204	1,323	1,246	933	1,664	710	881	788	1,456	1,518	1,751	886	619	1,165	742	1,523	572	233	1,314	672	282	1,181	1,451	1,473	561	726	226	716	161	471	546	862	1,521	661	1,553	2,045	1,427	591	1,282	1,255	1,878	650	1,975	1,161	892	369	272	1,111	0		
Trenton, N. J.	169	204	155	818	446	1,725	1,348	1,694	2,693	275	2,991	555	1,856	659	580	322	1,863	1,206	108	773	1,573	138	172	2,379	761	1,180	1,126	745	1,378	1,233	994	993	386	939	216	3,191	2,611	1,638	468	285	3,115	1,756	3,188	2,408	2,121	953	1,444	1,011	1,322	0	

1896.
Department Circular No. 125.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., July 25, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending July 11, 1896.

W. E. CURTIS,
Acting Secretary.

REPORT ON REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING JULY 11, 1896.

N. B.—In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.

No. of Reappraisement.

12587.....*Mf. silk & cotton*, from Rich'd Scheidges & Co., Crefeld, June 11/96.

24 J Jacquard necktie silk, damaged, 9789/16 &c., entered at 3.20, advanced to 3.40 marks per meter.

Further advanced by disallowance of 50 per cent discount.

24 J Jacquard necktie silk, damaged, 8540/1, 2, 3 &c., entered at 3.40, reappraised at 3.40 marks per meter.

24 J Jacquard necktie silk, damaged, 8361/1, 2, 3, entered at 3.50, reappraised at 3.40 marks per meter.

6½/46 J de Joinvilles Jacquard, damaged, 8554/7, 9, entered at 13.00, advanced to 15.00 marks per dozen.

Further advanced by disallowance of 30 per cent discount.

24 J Jacquard necktie silk, 8480/3 &c, entered at 3.50, advanced to 3.75 marks per dozen.

6½/46 J de Joinvilles Jacquard, entered at 13.00, advanced to 15.00 marks per dozen.

Add packing, boxes and labels.

Less freight.

12374.....*Mf. silk & cotton*, from Heer & Co., Thalweil, April 28/96.

60 c/m Satin creme, entered at .73, advanced to .77 franc per aune.

46 c/m Satin creme, entered at .88 franc per aune; no advance.

60 c/m ecru serge raw silk, entered at 1.03, advanced to 1.13 francs per aune.

95 c/m ecru serge raw silk, entered at .81, advanced to .89 franc per aune.

92 c/m Blk. diagonals, entered at 1.08, advanced to 1.15 francs per aune.

Similar goods, similar advances.

Less ½ per cent for measure.

Less 19 per cent and 1 per cent discount.

Add cases.

3187 OP ..... } *Wool cloth,* from Wallace & Co., Bradford, June 5/96.
Baltimore..... }
55/56 blk. wstd. cloakings, No. 910, entered at 3/6, advanced to 3/9 per yard.
Less $\frac{1}{37}$th.
Less 5 per cent discount.
Add cases.

12528.. .....*Col'd cotton corduroy & velvet,* from Hithersay & Ramm, Manchester, May 22/96.
22 in blk. velvet, No. 27, entered at 14d. per yd.; no advance.
19 in. blk. velvet, No. 33, entered at 9½d. per yd: no advance.
23 in. twill velvet, No. 31, entered at 13½d. per yd.; no advance.
24 in. blk. twill, No. 32, entered at 15, advanced to 16d. per yd.
Less $\frac{1}{37}$th.
Less 2½ per cent discount.
Add cases, making up, and boxes.

12475.....*Wool dress goods,* from Th. Michau & Co., Roubaix, June 1, 1896.
Col'd serge, No. 29, 35 in., entered at .64 franc per meter; no advance.
Discount 5 per cent.
Add case and packing.

12526.....*Mf. goat hair & cot. mf. wool & cot., &c.,* from J. Phillipp & Co., Bradford, May 14, 1896.
48/50 Astrachan, No. 8022 blk., entered at 3/10, advanced to 5/– per yd.
48/50 Astrachan, No. 8028 blk., entered at 5/5, advanced to 6/6 per yard.
48/50 Astrachan, No. 8024, entered at 4/4, advanced to 5/6 per yard.
52/54 cot. & wool knitted fab., No. 18160, entered at 2/–, advanced to 2/3 per yard.
54 fancies, No. 17573 & 5/6, entered at 1/10, advanced to 2/2 per yard.
52/54 fancy curl, No. 17807, entered at 2/8, advanced to 3/– per yard.
Discount 3¾ per cent.
Add making up and packing.

12070.....*Mf. goat hair and cotton,* from Henry Walker & Sons, Mirfield, April 8/96.
No. 356 blk. astrachan, entered at 3/3 per yard; no advance.
No. 354 blk. astrachan, entered at 3/– per yard; no advance.
Less $\frac{1}{37}$th.
Less 2½ per cent discount.
Add cases.

12535.....*Mf. wool & cotton,* from John Helliwell & Sons, Gildersome, May 23/96.
70 M. Blue Union, entered at 1/–, advanced to 1/1 per yd.
Less carriage and consul fee.
Packing included in price.

12111.....*Olives,* from Diego Gomez, Seville, April 1, 1896.
100/110, entered at 43 pesetas per fanega; no advance.

12373..... } *Macaroni,* from Naples and Castellammare, May 4/96, etc.
&c. }
120 invoices re-appraised..... }
1st quality, loose, packed, entered at various prices; advanced to 43.00 lire per 100 kilos, or 4.75 lire per box of 11 kilos.
1st quality, in lb. packages, entered at various prices, advanced to 48.00 lire per 100 kilos, or 5.28 lire per box of 11 kilos.
2nd quality, loose, packed, entered at various prices, advanced to 40.00 lire per 100 kilos, or 4.40 lire per box of 11 kilos.
2nd quality in lb. packages, entered at various prices, advanced to 45.00 lire per 100 kilos, or 5.00 lire per box of 11 kilos.

12434.....*Pineapples*, from A. E. Lightbaum, Nassau, May 25/96.
Pineapples, entered at $1.00, advanced to $1.44 per crate.
Add crates at 20 cents each.

12608.....*Glue*, from Chemischen Fabriken fur Leim Dunger Zimmermann, Ludwigshafen, May 12/96.
Leim, entered at 48.00, advanced to 52.00 marks per 100 kilos.
Discount 1½ per cent.
Less N. D. charges.
Add sacks.

12533..... .....*Mf. flax*, from Jas. Thompson & Sons, Belfast, May 22/96.
4/4 light linen P, loom 6, entered at 6½d., advanced to 7d. per yard.
4/4 light linen P loom 7, entered at 7¼, advanced to 7¾d. per yard.
4/4 light linen P, loom 8, entered at 8d., advanced to 8¾d. per yard.
4/4 light linen H, loom 7, entered at 7½d., advanced to 8¼d. per yd.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Discount 2½ per cent.
Add cases &c.

12541.....*Cotton shoe laces*, from E. Rud Hummel, Barmen, June 2/96.
36 in. russet and brown, admiral 48, entered at 1.38, advanced to 1.52 marks per gross.
45 in. tan, russet and brown, Pandora, entered at 2.45, reappraised at 2.38 marks per gross.
54 in. brown Metropol, entered at 2.36, advanced to 2.59 marks per gross.
43 in. tan cosmopol, entered at 1.70, advanced to 1.78 marks per gross.
43 in. russet and brown Termopol, entered at 1.44, advanced to 1.50 marks per gross.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Deduct 3 per cent from appraised value.
Add cartoons, cases, boxes, labels, etc.

12396.....*Tamb'd cot. shams &c.*, from M. H. Pulaski & Co., St. Gall, May 21/96.
No. 6902, 32 x 32 Samples Bonnas covers, entered at 15.10, advanced to 16.50 francs per dozen.
No. 6913, 32 x 32 samples Bonnas covers, entered at 12.75, advanced to 14.00 francs per dozen.
No. 6897, 32 x 32 samples Bonnas covers, entered at 11.25, advanced to 12.25 francs per dozen.
No. 7040, 32 x 32 samples Bonnas covers, entered at 19.50, advanced to 20.18 francs per dozen.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Add cases and packing.

3163 OP..... } *Sugar above No. 16 D. S.*, from J. C. Cramikon, Magdeburg, May 11/96.
Phila..... }
Sugar entered at 13.506, advanced to 13.75 marks per 50 kilos pkd.

3159 OP..... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Baring Bros. & Co., Ltd., Alexandria, April 21/96.
Phila..... }
Sugar entered at 13/6, advanced to 13/11 per cwt. pkd., on basis of 98° test.

3158 OP ..... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from A. J. Alcaidi, Arroya, Apr. 24/96/.
Phila..... }
Sugar entered, on basis of 89° test, at 3.60, advanced to 3.77 P. R. currency, per 100 lbs. pkd.

3101 OP..... } *Sugar above No. 16 D. S.*, from McAdam, Hogarth & Co., Greenock April 9/96.
Phila..... }
Gran sugar, entered at 13/9 less $\frac{5}{8}$ per cent per cwt., advanced to 13/8¾ per cwt. pkd.

3036 OP..... } *Sugar above No. 16 D. S.*, from Jas. Rougie, Glasgow, Mch. 30/96.
Phila..... }
Sugar entered at 11/7, advanced to 11/10½ per cwt. pkd.

12596..... ...*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from ———, St. Johns, May 30/96
Molasses sugar, entered, on basis of 89° test, at .031, advanced to .0328 per lb. pkd., P. R. currency, on basis of 89.02 test.

12442.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from S. L. Horsford, St. Kitts, May 14/96.
Sugar entered, on basis of 89°, at $.02324, advanced to $.02373 per lb. pkd. on basis of 88.25 test.

12441.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from J. Freeland Foote, Antigua, May 11/96.
Sugar entered, on basis of 84° test, at $.02157, advanced to $.02361 per lb. pkd. on basis of 88.05 test.

12531.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Solme & Punge, Stettin, April 22/96.
Beetroot sugar, entered, on basis of 88° analysis, at 11/10½, advanced to 12/8.405 per cwt./ pkd., on basis of 88.776 analysis.

12530..... .....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Z. Czarnikow, Danzig, April 29/96.
Beetroot sugar, entered on basis of 75° analysis at 9/9¼, advanced to 11/4½ per cwt. pkd. on basis of 82.67 analysis.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

12292..... }
3484..... } *Silk veiling and mf. silk*, from R. D. Warburg & Co., Lyons, May 6, 1896.
12339..... }
3485..... . }
33 c/m Grenadine uui, entered at .16, advanced to .20 franc per meter.
Less 2 per cent discount.
110 c/m Mousseline chiffon, entered at 1.15, advanced to 1.40 francs per meter.
42 c/m Mousseline chiffon, entered at .48, advanced to .70 franc per meter.
Less discounts of 16 per cent and 2 per cent.
Add cases and packing.

12221..... } *Mf. silk*, from Baumann, Streuli & Co., Zurich, May 7, 1896.
3501..... ..... }
51 c/m Taffetas blc., entered at 1.90, advanced to 2.10 francs per aune.
Less 20 per cent discount.
Case and packing included in price.

11373..... } *Mf. Silk & Cotton*, from Gindre & Co., Lyons, Feb. 23/96.
3307..... }
48 c/m Satin, entered at 1.05, advanced to 1.15 francs per meter.
47 c/m Satin, entered at 1.10, advanced to 1.20 francs per meter.
60 c/m Satin, entered at .88, advanced to .96 franc per meter.
60 c/m Satin, entered at 1.10, advanced to 1.20 francs per meter.
Less discounts of 20 per cent and 1 per cent.
Add emballage.

11999..... } *Mf. Silk*, from Chr. Spazin, Herzog & Co., Lyons, Apr. 23/96.
3412..... }
Damas Ecru Tumelle 112 c/m, entered at 2.75, advanced to 4.25 francs per meter.
Discount 20 per cent.
Packing included in price.

11862.....
3428.....
11933.....
3429.....
} *Mf. Goat Hair & Cotton*, from Ludwig Lehmann, Berlin, March 18, April 8, 1896.

Nos. 109, 127 c/m, entered at 2.90, advanced to 3.15 marks per meter.
Nos. 156, 158, 127 c/m, entered at 4.50, advanced to 4.90 marks per meter.
No. 105, entered at 4.60, advanced to 5.50 marks per meter.
No. 147, entered at 3.30, advanced 3.50 marks per meter.
Add cases.

2606 OP.....
664.....
Boston .....
2591 OP.....
666.....
Phila. &c.....
} *Soap*, from Lever Bros, Ltd., Liverpool, Oct. 30/95, Oct. 22/95.

Sunlight Laundry soap in tinfoil, entered at 13/–, advanced to 14/3 per case.

12447.....
3493.....
} *Wool dress goods*, from Muller & Hartmann, Meerane, May 27/96.

94/95 c/m Wlls. Bwlls-Sda, 1740 entered at .93, advanced to 1.10 marks per meter.
94/95 c/m Wlls. Bwlls-Sds. 1714, 1715, 1718, entered at 1.15, advanced to 1.35 marks per meter.
94/95 c/m Wlls. Bwlls Sda., 1719, entered at 1.10, advanced to 1.25 marks per meter.
113/114 c/m Wlls, Sda., entered at 1.74, advanced to 2.00 marks per meter.
108/109 c/m Wlls. & Bwlls., 6051, entered at 1.39, advanced to 1.55 marks per meter.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Add cases and packing.

12471.....
3495 .....
} *Wool dress goods*, from Louis Cordonnier Freres, Roubaix, May 28/96.

All wool 110 K, No. 11367, 43″, entered at 1.21, advanced to 1.35 francs per meter.
Discount 12 per cent.

11958.....
3360.....
} *Razors*, from W. & S. Butcher, Sheffield, Apr. 23/96.

Razors in cases, No. 304, entered at 10/–, advanced to 11/8 per dozen.
Razors in cases, No. 305, entered at 10/–, advanced to 12/6 per dozen.
Discount 5 per cent.
Add cases.

11742.....
3329.....
11745.....
3332.....
} *Wool dress goods*, from Alfred Munch, Gera, Feb. 15/96.

92/94 all wool henriettas, Qual. 52, entered at .86, reappraised at .84 marks per meter.
92/94 all wool henriettas, Qual. 40, entered at .68, reappraised at .66 marks per meter.
112/114 all wool henriettas, Qual. 56, entered at 1.12 marks per meter;
112/114 all wool henriettas, Qual .40, entered at .88 marks per meter;
All advanced by disallowance of 8 per cent discount deducted on entry.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Add making up and cases.

12372.....
3505.....
} *Mf. silk & cotton*, from Wm. Schroeder & Co., Crefeld, May 18/96.

36 in. Rad. Noir, entered at 1.40, advanced to 1.50 marks per meter.
36 in. Rad Noir, entered at 1.30, advanced to 1.43 marks per meter.
36 in. Rad. Noir, entered at 1.00, advanced to 1.10 marks per meter.
36 in. Rad. Noir, entered at 1.10, advanced to 1.20 marks per meter.
27 Satin Noir, entered at 1.10, advanced to 1.20 marks per meter.
Add cases, packing, labels and wrappers.

12108..... } *Mf. silk & cotton*, from J. & P. Michaw & Co., Lyons, April 30, 1896.
3476..... }

No. 1992 Bragance, 60 c/m, entered at .77, advanced to 1.00 franc per meter.
No. 2083 Bragance, 46 c/m, entered at .64, advanced to .75 franc per meter.
No. 2079 Serge, 120 c/m, entered at 1.16, advanced to 1.32 francs per meter.
Discount 16 per cent and 2 per cent.
Packing included.

12270..... } *Cotton yarn*, from Wm. Clapperton & Co., Oldham, April 29/96
3477..... }

120 9 Harness yarn, entered at 3/4, advanced to 4/– per lb.
150 9 Harness yarn, entered at 5/–, advanced to 6/– per lb.
125 9 Polished, entered at 3/6, advanced to 4/6 per lb.
135 9 Polished, entered at 3/11, advanced to 5/– per lb.
Add cases.

10356..... }
3054..... } *Cotton lace curtains*, from T. I. Birkin & Co., Nottingham, Nov. 16, Nov. 2, 1895.
10024..... .....
2847..... }

3033 Ecru, 3½, entered at 5/–, advanced to 5/6 per pair.
3035 Ecru, 3½, entered at 5/–, advanced to 5/6 per pair.
3042 Ecru, 3½, entered at 2/7½, advanced to 3/3 per pair.
2983 white, 3½, entered at 3/9, advanced to 4/10 per pair.
2908 White, 3½, entered at 4/8, advanced to 5/6 per pair.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Less 2½ per cent discount.
Add cases.
Less carriage.

12357..... } *Mf. silk*, from Bretthal & Co., Crefeld, May 20/96.
3504..... }

60 c/m XXII, entered at 2/10, advanced to 2.25 marks per meter.
Add packing, labels and wrappers.

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[illegible]

DUTIES OF CLASSIFIED AND UNCLASSIFIED EMPLOYEES.

1896.
Department Circular No. 126.
Division of Appointments.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., July 27, 1896.

To Principal Officers in and under the Treasury Department:

You are hereby ordered not to permit employees under your control and direction, who under the law are not in the classified service, to perform the duties of offices or places which are in the classified service, and not to permit employees under your control and direction, who are in the classified service, to perform the duties of offices or places which are not in the classified service.

A violation of these instructions will result in the abolishment of offices not in the classified service.

J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary.

REGULAR ACCOUNT FOR FEES, MILEAGE, SUBSISTENCE, OR OTHER ALLOWANCES TO INCLUDE ALL CLAIMS FOR PERIOD COVERED BY IT.

1896.
Department Circular No. 127.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY,

Washington, D. C., July 30, 1896.

All officers or employees of the Government whose compensation is derived from fees, allowances, or in anywise other than by a fixed salary, or who are entitled to receive, as appertaining to their respective offices or positions, any emoluments or perquisites, as mileage, subsistence, or other allowances, and who are required by law, or regulation of the accounting officers or of the heads of their respective departments or establishments, to render their accounts quarterly or at other definitely fixed periods, must comply strictly with the law or regulation in order to have their claims or accounts for such compensation or allowances adjusted by the accounting officers of the Treasury. All items constituting claims by these officers or employees for compensation or other emoluments or perquisites accruing to them during the period for which they are to present their account must be presented in the account for the period in question, and hereafter the accounting officers will not entertain any supplemental accounts for compensation or emoluments or perquisites of such officers or employees for the same periods covered by any accounts previously rendered.

Provided, however, That this regulation may be waived by the Comptroller of the Treasury in any particular case upon the special request of the Auditor having jurisdiction of any account where manifest justice requires such action in order to correct clerical or other inadvertent omissions by the officer or employee presenting the account; *provided, further*, that no such supplemental account shall be entertained for a period earlier than one year from the filing of said supplemental account with the department or establishment in cases where an administrative examination of such account is required, or with the proper accounting officer of the Treasury in cases where there is no such administrative examination.

R. B. BOWLER,
Comptroller.

APPROVED:
J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary.

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Department,

[illegible] OF THE TREASURY,

[illegible] 15, July 50

[illegible] Government whose compensation is fixed by law [illegible]

[illegible] who are entitled to receive or disposing of [illegible]

[illegible] or perquisites, in tolerge, emoluments or other allowances [illegible]

[illegible] accounting officers or other heads of offices [illegible]

[illegible] immediately or at other the [illegible] periods [illegible]

[illegible] in order to have their claims or accounts [illegible]

[illegible] accounting officers of the Treasury. All items [illegible]

[illegible] or other emoluments or perquisites according to their [illegible]

[illegible] to present their accounts must be presented in the account for the [illegible]

[illegible] accounting officers will substitute an supplemental accounts for [illegible]

[illegible] of such officers or employees for the [illegible] periods covered by [illegible]

[illegible] this regulation may be waived by the Comptroller of the Treasury [illegible]

[illegible] request of the Auditor having jurisdiction [illegible] account where [illegible]

[illegible] in order to correct clerical or other [illegible] by the [illegible]

[illegible] provided further, that no such [illegible] account shall be [illegible]

[illegible] year from the filing of said [illegible] with the department [illegible]

[illegible] administrative examination of [illegible] is required or with [illegible]

[illegible] the Treasury in cases where there is no such administrative examination [illegible]

R. R. ROBILLER,

[illegible]

1896.
Department Circular No. 128.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., July 30, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending July 18, 1896.

W. E. CURTIS,
Acting Secretary.

REPORT ON REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING JULY 18, 1896.

N. B.—***In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.***

No. of Reappraisement.

12462.....*Brushes*, from Csaka Sugio Kivaisha, Hioga, Apr. 29/96.
No. 1057 toothbrushes, entered at 5.60, advanced to 6.30 yen per gross.
No. 4088 toothbrushes, entered at 7.50, advanced to 9.25 yen per gross.
No. 1040 toothbrushes, entered at 2.70, advanced to 3.25 yen per gross.
No. 4023 toothbrushes, entered at 8.70, advanced to 10.20 yen per gross.
No. 4013 mouthbrushes, entered at 7.90, advanced to 9.65 yen per gross.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Add cases, cartoons, putting up, etc.

12658.....*Spun silk*, from Goldschmidt, Hahlo & Co., Manchester, June 26/96.
2/20 G. Tussah, lot 876, entered at 3/2½, per lb.; no advance.

12670.....*Spun silk*, from Thos. Watson & Sons, Rochdale, June 25/96.
2/20 s Tussah silk, warps 634 qual. 1265, entered at 3/5 per lb.; no advance.
Discount 2½ per cent.

12649.....*Chemical salt*, from E. Schering, Berlin, June 9/96.
Permanganate of potash, small cryst., entered at 120.00, advanced to 125.00 marks per 100 kilos, pkd.

12589.....*Mf. wool & cotton*, from A. & S. Henry & Co., Ltd., Huddersfield, June 10/96.
54 in. blk. union melton, No. 6, entered at 1/–, advanced to 1/0.30 per yd.
34 in. blue union melton, No. 9, entered at 1/2⅝, advanced to 1/2.75 per yd.
34 in. blk. union melton, No. 8, entered at 11.5d., advanced to 11.78d. per yd.
Less $\frac{1}{37}$th.
Less 5 per cent discount.
Add making up, packing and cases.

12613.....*Matches*, from L. Byl. Campen, Grammont, June 11/96.

Paraffine matches, Red Star, entered at 53.00 francs per case; no advance.

Discount 3 per cent.

12570.....*Mf. goat hair & cotton*, from Ludwig Lehmann, Berlin, May 26/96.

127 c/m half wool astrachan, No. 147, entered at 3.30, advanced to 3.50 marks per meter.

127 c/m half wool astrachan, No. 143, entered at 5.80, advanced to 6.00 marks per meter.

127 c/m half wool astrachan, No. 195, entered at 2.75, advanced to 3.00 marks per meter.

127 c/m half wool astrachan, No. 156, entered at 4.60, advanced to 5.00 marks per meter.

127 c/m half wool astrachan, No. 158, entered at 4.60, advanced to 5.00 marks per meter.

Add cases.

12484, 12485..... } *Glazed tiles*, from Kiefe Bros., Paris, May 23/96, etc.
12486..... }

Tiles 6 x 3 Ivory inferior, entered at 3.40, advanced to 3.70 francs per 100.

6 x 6 Ivory inferior, entered at 6.75, advanced to 7.40 francs per 100 tiles.

3026 OP ..... } *Olives*, from Manuel Perez, Seville, Mch. 4/96.
Phila..... }

Reina 80/90, entered at 70 pesetas per fanega; no advance.

Reina, 100/110, entered at 50 pesetas per fanega; no advance.

Reina, 140/150, entered at 22.50 pesetas per fanega; no advance.

Reina 150/160, entered at 19 pesetas per fanega; no advance.

3081 OP ..... }
3137 OP ..... } *Mfs. silk*, from Joh. Gobl & Son, Wien, April 18/96.
Phila.. ..... }

Armure, entered at .69, advanced to .75 florin per meter.

Mosaik, entered at .76, advanced to .83 florin per meter.

Mylord, entered at 1.14, advanced to 1.25 florins per meter.

Amazone cashamire, entered at 1.28, advanced to 1.40 florins per meter.

Figured satin, entered at 1.25, advanced to 1.37 florins per meter.

Brocat H, entered at 1.61, advanced to 1.77 florins per meter.

Similar goods, similar advances.

Add packing.

3202 OP ..... } *Mfs. silk*, from J. Forest & Co., Lyons, June 17/96.
Phila..... }

60/61 c/m faille soie & cot. (piece dyed), entered at 1.32, advanced to 1.45 francs per meter.

Discounts 20 per cent and 2 per cent.

Add case and packing.

3196 OP .....*Gingerale*, from W. A. Ross & Sons, Ltd., Belfast, June 19/96.

Half pints, entered at 10d per dozen, plus corks, labels, wires and tops, advanced to 2/7½ per dozen packed.

12635.....*Smokers' Articles*, from Tsui Cheong Loong, Hong Kong, May 12/96.

Smoke pipes, entered at 3.60, advanced to 6.00 Mexican currency per total of six pieces.

2994 OP ..... } *Baskets*, from Wo Sing, Yokohama, Feb. 10/96.
San Fran..... }

Bamboo baskets, 22 in., entered at 1.53, advanced to 1.70 yen per set.
Bamboo baskets, 18 in., entered at .90, advanced to 1.10 yen per set.
Bamboo baskets, 20 in., entered at 1.10, advanced to 1.45 yen per set.
Add packing, bags &c.

2992 OP ..... } *Baskets*, from B. Roth, Yokohama, Feb. 11/96.
San Fran..... }

Baskets, 23 in., entered at 1.70, advanced to 2.10 yen per set.
Baskets, 18 in., entered at .90, advanced to 1.10 yen per set.
Baskets, 20 in., entered at 1.35, advanced to 1.45 yen per set.
Add packages and cases.

2982 OP ..... } *Baskets*, from Ito Satoni & Co., Yokohama, Feb. 10/96.
San Fran..... }

Kori bamboo, No. 654, 24 in., entered at 1.60, advanced to 2.10 yen per set.
Bamboo kori No. 651, 18 in., entered at .90, advanced to 1.10 yen per set.
Kori bamboo, No. 635, 27 in., entered at 2.00, advanced to 2.30 yen per set.
Kori bamboo, No. 653, 20 in., entered at 1.10, advanced to 1.45 yen per set.
Add packing, boxes &c.

3066 OP..... } *Mf. grass*, from Wang Fook & Co., Yokohama, Feb. 11/96.
San Fran..... }

Bamboo baskets, 20 in:, entered at .90, advanced to 1.45 yen per set.
Bamboo baskets, 18 in., entered at .55, advanced to 1.10 yen per set.
Bamboo baskets, 22 in., entered at 1.10, advanced to 1.70 yen per set.
Add packing charges.

12386..... } *Cotton collars*, from Rich'd Horstmann, Berlin, May 8/96.
12467..... ..... }

Wartburg collars, 14½ to 16½, entered at 2.55, advanced to 2.85 marks per dozen.
Windsor collars, 14½ to 16½, entered at 2.55, advanced to 2.90 per dozen.
Winona collars, 14½ to 16½, entered at 2.70, advanced to 3.00 marks per dozen.
Wanneta collars, 14½ to 16½, entered at 2.60, advanced to 2.85 marks per dozen.
Waldorf collars, entered at 2.70, advanced to 3.00 marks per dozen.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Add case, packing, wrapping and boxes.

12520.....*Manf. of silk*, from A. Widmer, Zurich, June 3/96.

Faille 51 c/m, entered at 1.60, advanced to 1.75 francs per meter.
Taffetas, 58 c/m, entered at 1.70, advanced to 1.85 francs per meter.
Taffetas, 51 c/m, entered at 1.70, advanced to 1.85 francs per meter.
Less 20 per cent discount.
Case and packing included in price.

12521.....*Mf. metal & cotton, and silk & cotton*, from Jas. Morton, Lyons, June 4, 1896.

52 c/m Cachemirienne Lamee, cotton, entered at 2.20 francs per meter; no advance.
Ottoman blanc, cot. shot. pce./dyed, entered at 1.90, advanced to 2.00 francs per meter.
Velours Mecannique noir, tramé cotton, entered at 5.25, advanced to 5.75 francs per meter.
Velours mecanique noir, tramé coton, entered at 7.75 francs per meter; no advance.
Discounts 20 per cent and 1 per cent.
Add case and packing.

2831 OP..... } *Sugar above No. 16 D. S.*, from China Sugar Refining Co., Ltd.,
San Fran ..... }

Refined GDF sugar, entered at 7.04½, advanced to 7.31 Mexican currency per picul pkd.

3060 OP..... } *Sugar above No. 16 D. S.*, from The Taikoo Sugar Ref. Co., Hong Kong, Sep. 26/95.
San Fran..... }

Sugar entered at 6.12¾, advanced to 6.615 Mexican currency per picul pkd.

3130 OP..... } *Sugar above No. 16 D. S.*, from The Taikoo Sug. Ref. Co., Ltd., Hong Kong, March 4/96.
San Fran..... }

Sugar entered at 7.78, advanced to 8.15 Mexican currency per picul pkd.

12632.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from D. K. Parker, St. Vincent, May 23/96.

Sugar entered, on basis of 86° test, at $.021, advanced to $.021425 per lb. pkd. on basis of 86° test.

12677.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from ——— Nevis, May 15/96.

Sugar, entered on basis of 89° test, at $.022277, advanced to $.02345, basis of 87.80 test, packed.

Sugar, entered on basis of 89° test, at 2.35 per 100 lbs., advanced to $.0242 per lb. pkd. on basis of 89° test.

12618.....*Sugar, not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Thos. D. Foote, Antigua, May 11/96.

Sugar, entered on basis of 85½° test, at $.022213, advanced to $.02364 per lb. pkd., on basis of 88.10 test.

Sugar, entered, on basis of 90° test, at $.024013, reappraised at $.02355 on basis of 87.95 test.

12617..... .*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from E. A. Horsford & Co., St. Kitts, May 14/96.

Muscavado sugar, entered, on basis of 89° test, at $.023469, advanced to $.0246 per lb. pkd. on basis of 90.30 test.

Muscavado sugar, entered on basis of 89° test, at $.023669, advanced to $.02435 per lb. pkd. on basis of 89.50 test.

11921.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from J. Bueno & Co., St. Iago, April 11/96.

Sugar entered, on basis of 89° test, at $.02469, advanced to $.02613 Sp. gold per lb. pkd. basis of 91.02 test

12627.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Joseph Mearer, Falmouth, May 21/96.

Sugar entered, on basis of 89° test, at £11/2/7, advanced to £10/8/0 per ton pkd. on basis of 90.20 test.

3142 OP ..... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Rausohoff & Wessler, Magdeburg, &c, April 11/96.
Phila..... }

Sugar entered, on basis of 75° test, at 5.755 florins per 50 kilos, advanced to 11/6.2 per cwt. pkd., on basis of 83.80 test.

Sugar entered, on basis of 75° analysis, at 9.82 marks per 50 kilos, advanced to 11/5 per cwt. pkd, on basis of 83° analysis.

Sugar entered, on basis of 70° analysis, at 9.815 marks per 50 kilos; advanced to 11/2.75 per cwt. pkd., on basis of 81.50 analysis.

Sugar entered, on basis of 75° analysis, at 9.82 marks per 50 kilos, advanced to 11/0.8 per cwt. pkd., on basis of 80.20 analysis.

Sugar entered, on basis of 76.889 analysis, at 10.20 marks, advanced to 10/5.45 per cwt. pkd., on basis of 75.30 analysis.

Sugar entered, on basis of 75° test, at 9.81 marks, advanced to 10/9.65 per cwt. pkd, on basis of 78.10 test.

3155 OP..... Phila..... ... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from W. T. Drake & Co., Magdeburg April 20/96.

Sugar entered at 10.25 marks per 50 kilos, less N. D. charges, 1¼ per cent discount, plus bags, advanced to 11.15 marks per 50 kilos pkd. net, on basis of 79.20 test.

Sugar entered at 10.625 marks per 50 kilos, less N. D. charges, 1¼ per cent discount, plus bags, advanced to 12.78 per 50 kilos pkd. net, on basis of 88.40 test.

3156 OP..... Phila..... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from C. Czarnikow, Dunkirk, April 18/96.

Sugar entered, on basis of 88°, at 13/- and 12/4.5, advanced to 13/4.4 per cwt. pkd. on basis of 93.60 test.

Sugar entered, on basis of 75° test, at 10/9, 10/4.25 and 10/7.5, advanced to 12/2.75 per cwt. pkd. on basis of 88.50 test.

N. D. charges and 1½ per cent discount deducted on entry.

3164 OP..... Phila..... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from ——— Magdeburg, April 24/96.

Entered, on basis of 89.305 analysis, at 12.45 marks per cwt., advanced to 12/7 sterling per cwt. pkd., on basis of 88.20 analysis.

3168 OP..... Phila..... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from C. Czarnikow, Magdeburg, April 27/96.

Beetroot sugar entered, on basis of 75° analysis, at 9.91 marks per 50 kilos, advanced to 11/2.45 sterling per cwt. pkd., on basis of 80.30 analysis.

3169 OP..... Phila..... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Rausohoff & Wissler, Hamburg, April 25/96.

Sugar entered, on basis of 75° test, at 9.91, advanced to 11.08 marks per 50 kilos pkd., on basis of 78.70 test.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

3097 OP..... 777..... Boston..... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Fraser, Eaton & Co., Sourabaya, Oct. 8/95; Nov. 6/95.

Sugar entered, on basis of 96° test, at 7.05 florins per cwt., advanced to $.022 per lb., pkd., on basis of 96.64 test.

12504..... 3520..... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from T. Du Baularz, St. Lucia, May 13/96.

Sugar entered, on basis of 96° test, at $.02882, advanced to $.02906 per lb. pkd., on basis of 96.51 test.

12474... ..... 3528..... } *Mf. silk & cotton*, from L. Permezel & Co., Lyons, March 26, 1896.

Serge blanc, 60 c/m, 59 a, entered at .72, advanced to .80 franc per meter.
Serge blanc, 60 c/m, 53, entered at .62, advanced to .68 franc per meter.
Serge col., 92 c/m, entered at 1.12, advanced to 1.40 francs per meter.
Discount 20 per cent.
Further advanced by disallowance of 3 per cent tare deducted on entry.
Add case and packing.

12382..... 3524..... } *Mf. silk & cotton*, from Hofammann & Vollenweicher, Zurich, May 19, 1896.

36 in blk. rhadams, entered at 1.75 and 1.60, advanced to 1.90 francs per aune.
27 in. blk. serge, entered at 1.55 and 1.40, advanced to 1.85 francs per aune.
20½ in. striped satin de Chine, entered at 1.60, advanced to 1.75 francs per aune.
Less 20 per cent discount.
Cases included in price.

12072..... } *Mf. silk & cotton*, from F. Lafute & Co., Lyons, April 18, 1896.
3481..... }

92 c/m blk. diagonal, No. 395, entered at 1.00, advanced to 1.10 francs per meter.
92 c/m ecru diagonal, No. 397, entered at .805, advanced to .87 franc per meter.
95 c/m ecru serge, No. 396, entered at .725, advanced to .79 franc per meter.
Discounts 20 per cent and 1 per cent.
Cases and packing included in price.

12059..... ..... } *Electrotype plates*, from The Werner Co., Berlin, Mch. 28/96.
3491..... }

Original, entered at .12, advanced to .21 mark per sq. c/m.
Galvano, entered at .025, advanced to .05 mark per sq. c/m.
Chromotypie, entered at .03, advanced to .06 mark per sq. c/m.
Galvanos, entered at .02, advanced to .0289 mark per sq. c/m.
Add cases at 2.75.

2749 OP..... }
776..... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from W. N. Corrni, Sr., Arrago, Nov. 16/95.
Phila..... }

Muscavado sugar, entered at 2.93, advanced to 3.00 P. R. currency per 100 lbs. pkd., basis of 88.30 test.

3044 OP..... }
790..... }
3058 OP..... }
787..... } *Mf. of silk*, from Meckel & Co., Elberfeld, Mch. 26/96 &c.
&c..... }
Phila..... }

80 c/m H silk reps, S 00, entered at 1.52, advanced to 1.55 marks per meter.
80 c/m H silk reps. S 1½, entered at 1.75, advanced to 1.80 marks per meter.
30 J H silk reps. S 3, entered at 2.05, advanced to 2.10 marks per meter.
36 J, Serge blk. O ½, entered at .90, advanced to 1.15 marks per meter.
36 J Satin blk., 3, entered at 1.42, advanced to 1.65 marks per meter.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Cases, packing, paper, rolls, tickets, etc. included in price.

12448..... } *Furniture of wood*, from Joseph Hofmann, Bielitz, April 25/96.
3521 ..... }

chairs, entered at 1.20, advanced to 1.30 florins each.
Add packing.

9780..... } *Silk galloon*, from Geist, Hahne & Co., Barmen, Sep. 24/95.
2555..... }

Art. 4558 edgings, entered at 4.00, advanced to 5.50 marks per gross.
Less N. D. charges.

12395..... } *Col'd cot. velvet*, from Mechanische Weberie Zu Linden, Hannover, May 15/96.
3532.. ..... }

Tudschwartz velvets, D 9, 19½, entered at .54, advanced to .59 mark per meter.
Tudschwarz velvets, D 17, 21½, entered at .64, advanced to .69 mark per meter.
Farl Taunust, P 236, 23½, entered at 1.30, advanced to 1.40 marks per meter.
Farl velvets, DD 144, 22½, entered at .94, advanced to 1.04 marks per meter.
Tudschwarz Horhfl Taunust, P 30, entered at 1.25, advanced to 1.30 marks per meter.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Add cases and packing.
Less 1¼ per cent discount.

12473.....
3518..... .....} *Mf. flax*, from Henry Matier & Co., Ltd., Belfast, May 13/96.

72″ cream Damask (linen) 1866, entered at 14d., advanced to 15d. per yard.
23/42 Hemd. Huck towels, 324, entered at 5/–, advanced to 6/– per dozen.
Less 3½ per cent discount.
Add boxes, packing and charges.

12472..... .....
3519.....} *Mfs. flax*, from Robt. Hoare, Belfast, May 16/96.

54 in. cream damask union, 60 D, entered at 5¾, advanced to 6¼d. per yd.
60 in. cream damask union, 1200 C, entered at 7d. advanced to 7¾d. per yd.
60 in. cream damask linen, 45 B, entered at 8¾, advanced to 9½d. per yd.
72 in. cream damask linen, 1866, entered at 14d., advanced to 15d. per yd.
Less 3½ per cent discount.
Add boxes and packing.

11722.....
3328.....
11746.....
3333.....
&c.....} *Wool dress goods*, from Alfred Muench, Gera, Jan. 25/96, &c.

92/94 c/m all wool henrietta, No. 40, entered at .68, reappraised at .66 mark per meter;
92/94 c/m all wool henrietta, No. 44, entered at .74, reappraised at .72 mark per meter;
112/114 c/m all wool henrietta, No. 40, entered at .88, reappraised at .88 mark per meter;
112/114 c/m all wool henrietta, No. 44, entered at .94, reappraised at .94 mark per meter;
104/106 c/m crepons, entered at 2.25, reappraised at 2.25 marks per meter;
All advanced by disallowance of 8 per cent deducted on entry.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Add cases, making up and packing.

12269.....
3507.....
12268.....
3509..... .....} *Mf. cot. N. S. P. F.*, from Krautheimer, Fuerth, Apr. 25/96, &c.

Art. 46 woven initials, entered at .25, advanced to .26 mark per gross.
Art. 80, woven initials, entered at .12, advanced to .16 mark per gross.
Art. 10, woven initials, entered at .14, advanced to .17½ mark per gross.
Art. 14, woven initials, entered at .12, advanced to .16 mark per gross.
Add inland carriage, packing, etc.

12392.....
3513 .....
12391.....
3514..... . .....} *Cotton yarn*, from ———, Manchester, May 15, 22/96.

2 fold gassed usual Grant reel, RIV, No. 100, entered at 20½d., advanced to 24d. per lb.
No. 120, entered at 2/2⅜d., advanced to 2/5⅞d. per lb.
Add packing.

12485.....
3496.....} *Manufactures of metal* (*capsules*), from Betts & Co., Bordeaux, May 18/96.

Gold bt. Star, entered at 7.00 francs per 1000; no advance.
Plain, blue tip Mewell, entered at 3.50 francs per 1000; no advance.
Less 1½ per cent discount.
Cases included in price.

O

1896.
Department Circular No. 129.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.

Washington, D. C., August 4, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending July 25, 1896.

W. E. CURTIS,
Acting Secretary.

REPORT ON REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING JULY 25, 1896.

N. B.—*In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.*

No. of Reappraisement.

12563.....*Chemical compound*, from John Sander, London, May 30/96.
Chemical perfumery compound, entered at £30/0/0 per lb.; no advance.
Less 5 per cent discount.
Case included in price.

12634..... .....*Mf. flax*, from C. G. Reiz, Neukirch, May 30/96.
Pillow cases, 22/36, 1300, entered at 10.00 marks per dozen; no advance.
Less 2 per cent discount.
Case and packing included in price.

12657.....*Mf. cot, N. E.*, from Aglaser, Nachf., Leipzig, June 15/96.
130/275 Victoria allover 3 sides cordes, entered at 5.00 marks per meter; no advance.
Discount 2½ per cent.
Add case and packing.

12667.....
12666.....
12664.....
} *Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Ehlers Friedheim & Co., Macoris, June 16/96.

Sugar entered, on basis of 94° test, at $.02194, advanced to $.02335 per lb. pkd., on basis of 95.50 test, $.02273 per lb. pkd. on basis of 94.50 test, and $.02341 per lb. pkd. on basis of 95.60 test.

Sugar entered, on basis of 87° test, at $.01778, advanced to $.01575 per lb. pkd., basis of 82.70 test, and $.0202 per lb. pkd., basis of 89.40 test.

12696.....
12695.....
} *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from C. Tennant Sons & Co., Trinidad, June 18/96.

Muscavado sugar, entered on basis of 92° test, at $.02258, advanced to $.023 per lb. pkd., basis of 93.80 test.

Muscavado sugar, entered on basis of 93° test at $.02324 reappraised at $.0232 per lb. pkd., basis of 94.70 test.

12674.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Jos. Shearer, Falmouth, June 16/96.

Sugar, entered on basis of 87° test at £9/4/2, advanced to £10/4/8½ on basis of 89.73 test, and £10/0/7½, on basis of 88.66 test, per ton pkd.

12586..... .....*Col'd cotton velvet*, from Elson & Neill, Manchester, June 3/96.

24″ blk. velvet, No. 500, entered at 10d. per yd.; no advance.

24″ blk. velvet No. 600, entered at 11⅜d. per yd.; no advance.

24″ blk. velvet No. 700, entered at 14d. per yd.; no advance.

26½ golden olive and light green velvt'ns K & L, entered at 2/3¼ per yd.; no advance.

Less $\frac{1}{37}$th.

Add preparing.

Discount 2½ per cent.

Add cases &c.

12522.....*Col'd cotton velvets*, from Ed. Wihl & Co., Manchester, June 2/96.

16½/17 in. Picker velvets, 7054, entered at 3⅜d. per yd.; no advance.

Less $\frac{1}{37}$th; 5 per cent discount.

Add cases, making up and packing.

12401..... } *Firecrackers*, from Meng Kee, Canton, Jan. 3, Feb. 20/96.
12402..... }

64/40 long stem fire crackers, entered at .58, advanced to .59 Mexican currency per box.

40/40 cannon crackers, entered at .74, advanced to .76 Mexican currency per box.

80/20 cannon crackers, entered at .73, advanced to .76 Mexican currency per box.

20/20 cannon crackers, entered at 1.10, advanced to 1.15 Mexican currency per box.

20/20 cannon crackers, entered at 1.70, advanced to 1.80 Mexican currency per box.

Similar goods, similar advances.

Further advanced by disallowance of 2 per cent discount deducted on entry.

Less export duty and boat and coolie hire.

Boxes, paper, labels, etc., included in price.

12646.....*Flax Hdkfs. & flax & cot. hdkfs.*, from McCrum, Watson & Mercer, Ltd., Belfast, June 18/96.

Ladies 13 Init. H. S. Linen 420, entered at 1/2¾, advanced to 1/7¾ per dozen.

Ladies 13 H. S. Linen 426, entered at 1/5½, advanced to 1/11½ per dozen.

Ladies 15 x 15 H. S. Linen, 526, entered at 1/7, advanced to 2/1½ per dozen.

Ladies 15 x 15 H. S. Linen 548, entered at 4/1, advanced to 5/– per dozen.

Ladies 18 x 18 H. S. linen 842, entered at 3/10, advanced to 6/1 per dozen.

20 x 20 Ladies H. S. linen, 142, entered at 4/5, advanced to 8/3 per dozen.

Similar goods, similar advances.

Less 2½ per cent discount.

Add cases.

Making up and boxes included in price.

12750.....*Flax lace bed sets and flax lace tidies*, from Celini Mayer, Paris, July 2/96.

Garniture Grenadine, 180x230, No. 32148, entered at 24. advanced to 32. francs each.

Garniture Grenadine 220x230, No. 32148, entered at 28., advanced to 36. francs each.

Garniture Renaiss, No. 32153, entered at 63., advanced to 66. francs each.

Oreillers jaune, No. 3124, entered at 6.40, advanced to 7.60 francs each.

Voile, 18x18, No. 3032, entered at .30, advanced to .40 franc each.

Voile, 30x30, entered at .60, advanced to .70 franc each.

Similar goods, similar advances.

Packing, papers, cartoons, etc., included in price.

12714.....*Dolls & toys*, from William Dressel, Sonneberg, June 10/96.

Kid dolls 46/622, entered at 30.60 marks per dozen;
Kid dolls 509, entered at 4.65 marks per dozen;
Kid dolls, 618, entered at 20.25 marks per dozen;
Kid dolls, 581, entered at 8.25 marks per dozen;
Kid dolls, 621, entered at 27.30 marks per dozen;
All advanced by disallowance of 5 per cent discount deducted on entry.
Add packing and cases.

12733.....*Smokers' Articles, bone dice, etc.*, from Sun Kwong Hop, Hong Kong, May 6/96.

Bamboo pipes, entered at 1.50, advanced to 3.00 Mexican currency per total of 30 pieces.
Olive nut pipes, entered at 1.20, advanced to 4.00 Mexican currency, per total of 20 pieces.
Bone dice, entered at 1.50, advanced to 3.00 Mexican currency per total of 60 sets.

12711.....*Surface coated paper*, from Leonard Biermans, Turnhout, June 25/96.

Red flint, No. 7952, 24 x 20, entered at 4/10, advanced to 5/2 per ream of 500 sheets.
Silk green flint, No. 7989, 20 x 24, entered at 4/10, advanced to 5/2 per ream of 500 sheets.
Maroon flint No. 7959, 24 x 33, entered at 8/8, advanced to 9/4 per ream of 500 sheets.
Less 5 per cent discount.
Less freight and cartage.
Packing included in price.

12560.....*Col'd cotton corduroy*, from Chamberlin, Donner & Co., Manchester, June 11/96.

27 in. tan and blk. cords, 842 B, entered at 10½, advanced to 11½d. per yd.
27 in. racine A & B and tan A & 1, entered at 9½, advanced to 10¼d. per yd.
Less $\frac{1}{37}$th.
Less 2¼ per cent discount.
Add making up, case &c.

3233 OP ..... } *Salt sacks*, from J. Hickson, Liverpool, July 1/96.
Balt..... }

Empty sacks, entered at $2\frac{29}{32}$, advanced to 3½d. per sack.

12703.....*Col'd cot. velvet*, from L. Frankfurt Wwe., Crefeld, June 26/96.

Cotton velvet Qual. 22 a, entered at .90 mark per meter; no advance.
Discount 4 per cent.
Packing, cases, cartons, labels, etc., included in price.

12713..... } *Cotton lace curtains & cotton netting*, from B. Walker & Co., Ltd., Nottingham, July 1/96
12690..... } and June 26/96.

Et. 1920 curtains, 43 in., 3 yds., entered at 1/–, advanced to 1/1 per pair.
Wt. 1922 curtains, 60 in., 3½ yds., entered at 2/3½, advanced to 2/6¼ per pair.
Wt. 3900 curtains, 60 in., 3½ yds., entered 5/–, advanced to 5/3 per yd.
Ivory 338 cotton Hambg. net, 50 in., entered at 3¼, advanced to 3½ per yd.
Ivory 1910 curtains, 56 in., 3½ yds., entered at 2/3½, advanced to 2/5 per pair.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Add cases.
Discount 2½ per cent.
Less inland carriage.

12628.. ..... } *Books*, from Henry Frowde, London, June 16, 12/96.
12629..... }

Parallel Bibles thin Moro., 0150 X, entered at 14/6 each; no advance.
Rev. Bibles, min. 800 P. G., 066, entered at 3/6 each; no advance.
Rev. Bibles, min. Moro, 070, entered at 6/6 each; no advance.
Ox. min Shakespeare, 6 vols. cloth, 1, entered at 7/1, advanced to 9/– each.
Scott Ox. min., 5 vol. cloth, entered at 6/10, advanced to 8/– each.
Ox min. Wordsworth, 5 vols. cloth, 31, entered at 6/10, advanced to 8/– each.
My counsellor, cloth, entered at 1/10 each; no advance.
Similar goods, similar treatment.
Add cases and card boxes.

12490.....*Chinese Mdse. silk & wool*, from Tung Ou Tai, Hong Kong, Mch. 23/96.

Reeled pongee trousers, entered at 1.50, advanced to 1.70 Mexican silver per pair.
Reeled shirts, entered at 2.75, advanced to 3.00 Mexican silver per piece.
Silk trousers, entered at 1.20, advanced to 1.35 Mexican silver per pair.
Silk shirts, entered at 1.85, advanced to 2.00 Mexican silver per piece.
Soft saw sing coat, entered at 4.50, advanced to 5.50 Mexican silver per piece.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Packing charges included in price.

12647.....*Polished plate glass silvered and beveled*, from The Plate Glass Co. Atlas Works, Amsterdam, June 12/96.

Cast plate glass silv'd bev'd, a 5 B 12 Peach 40 x 18, and 30 x 24, entered at 4.50, advanced to 5.375 florins each.

12727.....*Steel billets*, from Alrutz & Co., Stockholm, June 15/96.

Swedish steel billets, $2\frac{7}{8}$ round, entered at 140 kronor per 1000 kilos; no advance.

12721.....*Cot. wg. apparel & wool shawls*, from A. Bonnem, Halle, June 29/96.

Ladies skirts, No. 801, entered at 6.75, advanced to 7.40 marks per dozen.
Ladies skirts, No. 803, entered at 7.90, advanced to 8.65 marks per dozen.
Ladies skirts, No. 803 dark, entered at 8.90, advanced to 9.75 marks per dozen.
Wool shawls, 250, entered at 7.40, advanced to 8.10 marks per dozen.
Add cases and cartons.

3050 OP ..... } *Parchment paper*, from De Broux & Co., Noirtratte, Mar. 18/96.
Boston..... }

Papier parchemin, entered at .788, advanced to .8585 franc per kilo pkd.

3197 OP ..... } *Blk. wstd. coatings & fancy wstds.*, from Wallace & Co., Bradford, Feb. 7/96.
Balt..... }

55/56 blk. wstd. coating, 394, entered at 2/3, advanced to 2/4 per yd.
Fancy wstd. 55/56, 370/1, 7, 9 & 388, entered at 3/8, advanced to 3/10½ per yd.
Less $\frac{1}{37}$th.
Less 5 per cent discount.
Add cases.

12693.....*Opal glassware*, from Robert Kuppert, Almhutte, June 1/96.

Ring top Dounchunna 10″, entered at 2.735, advanced to 2.83 marks per dozen pkd.
Discount 2 per cent.
Rabbatt 1½ per cent.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

11947..... } *Mf. metal*, from Betts & Co., Bordeaux, April 11/96.
3367..... .....

11½ x 20 op. white top mark blue & red tomato, entered at 12.50, advanced to 14.50 marks per 1000.

Discount 1½ per cent.

11790..... } *Furniture of wood*, from M. de Groot, Rotterdam, Mar. 21/96.
3350.....

Mahogany & marquetine chest of 4 drawers, entered at 31.50, advanced to 44.00 florins each.

Mahogany & marquetine bureau, entered at 51.00, advanced to 62.00 florins each.

Mahogany & marquetine console table, entered at 20.00 advanced to 37.00 florins each.

Fronts of chairs, entered at 12.00, advanced to 12.50 florins each.

Card table, entered at 14.00, advanced to 20.50 florins.

Arm chairs, entered at 12.00, advanced to 18.75 florins each.

Similar goods, similar advances.

Add cases, crates and packing.

12532..... } *Wool dress goods, & mf. wool*, from Gebr. Schulze, Greiz, May 19/96.
3535.....

Art. 4066, 130, col., entered at 1.07, advanced to 1.20 marks per meter.

Art. 4067, 130 col., entered at 1.15, advanced to 1.25 marks per meter.

Art. 4071, 130, col., entered at 1.16, advanced to 1.26 marks per meter.

Art. 4067 Blk., 130, entered at 1.09, advanced to 1.20 marks per meter.

Art. 4066, 130, blk., entered at 1.02, advanced to 1.12 marks per meter.

Mil. coating, 140, entered at 2.24, advanced to 2.50 marks per meter.

Art. 4070, 130 black, entered at 1.04, advanced to 1.15 marks per meter.

Art. 4070, 130 col., entered at 1.09, advanced to 1.20 marks per meter.

Packing charges and cases included in price.

Similar goods, similar advances.

o

CHANGES IN CATALOGUE OF CUSTOMS BOOKS AND BLANKS.

1896.
Department Circular No. 130.
Division of S., P., and B.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., August 10, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following changes should be made in the edition of the Catalogue of Customs Books and Blanks (No. 995) published July 28, 1891:

Page 9.

107. Strike out and substitute 2018.
233. Insert (after 222): "Estimate."
108. Strike out and substitute 2019 and 2019½.

Page 10.

171. Strike out "public property" and substitute "furniture and fixtures."
178. Make 178 A, and change title to: "Certified statement of excess of duty exacted."
204. Insert (after 178 A): "Report of catch of Fur Seals."
95. Strike out, also "weighing, etc."
96½. Insert (after 94 and 96): "Abstract of moneys received for night service of inspectors."
153½. Insert (after 153): "Report of services performed for American vessels which are chargeable to the United States."
156. Insert (after 155): "Report of Accounts sent to the Treasury Department."

Page 11.

449. Strike out.
233. Strike out.

Page 12.

435½. Strike out.
435¾. Change title to: "Statement of merchandise previously reported, received during the month, disposed of by entry, etc., and remaining on hand."

After 435¾ insert:

To the Director of the Mint.

MONTHLY.

315. "Statement of imports of gold and silver."
316. "Statement of imports of base bullion and silver ore and their metallic contents."
317. "Statement of exports of foreign gold and silver."
318. "Statement of exports of domestic gold and silver."

301, 302. Insert (after 200): "Statements of passengers arrived and departed."

178 B. Insert (before 201): "Certified statement for refund of erroneous or excessive exactions other than of import duties."

289–291. Strike out.

301, 302. Strike out.

Page 13.

115. Strike out.

Page 16.

37. Strike out: "Book, quarto, 3 quires."

57. Strike out: "Book, ½ double cap, 3 quires."

77. Strike out: "Book, quarto, 3 quires."

Page 17.

95. Strike out.

96. Strike out: "and night services," and change size of blank to 7 x 8.

96½. Insert: "Abstract of moneys received for night service of inspectors" (16 x 10).

105. Strike out: "Book, quarto, 3 quires."

107, 108. Strike out.

112. Strike out: "Book, quarto, 3 quires."

115. Strike out: Application for "Vouchers for expenses on account of repair and preservation of public buildings" should be made upon the Supervising Architect.

Page 18.

125. Strike out: "Book, quarto, 3 quires."

135. Strike out: "Book, quarto, 4 quires."

140. Strike out: "Book, quarto, 3 quires."

153. Change title to: "Detailed report of official services performed under Act of June 10, 1890 (Dept. Cirs. Nos. 93 and 95 of 1890), which are chargeable to the United States."

153½. Insert: "Detailed report of official services performed for American vessels under Act of June 19, 1886 (Dept. Cir. No. 84 of 1886), which are chargeable to the United States." Book, cap, 2 quires, and blank 14 x 18.

Page 19.

156. Insert (after 155): "Report of accounts sent to the Treasury Department" (10 x 8).

171 A, 171 D, and 171 E. Strike out "Public property" and substitute "Furniture and fixtures."

Page 20.

204. Insert (after 203): "Report of catch of fur seals" (14 x 8).

236. If stricken out *restore*.

Page 21.

273 A, 273 B, 273 C, 275 A, 275 B, 276 A, and 276 B. Strike out "General."

Page 22.

276 C, 284, 285 A, and 285 B. Strike out "General."

285½ A. Insert: "Statement of exports of domestic merchandise" (28 x 8).

288 A, 288 B, 289 A, and 289 B. Strike out.

288 A. Insert: "Statement of American vessels entered from and cleared for foreign countries" (16 x 10).

288 B. Insert: "Statement of American vessels entered from and cleared for foreign countries" (8 x 10).

Page 23.

290 A, 290 B, 291 A, and 291 B. Strike out.
290 A. Insert: "Statement of foreign vessels entered from and cleared for foreign countries" (17 x 14).
290 B. Insert: "Statement of foreign vessels entered from and cleared for foreign countries" (8 x 14).

After 296 insert:

STATEMENTS TO THE BUREAU OF NAVIGATION.

Page 24.

After 311 insert:

STATEMENTS TO DIRECTOR OF THE MINT.

315. "Statement of imports of gold and silver" (8 x 14).
316. "Statement of imports of base bullion and silver ore and their metallic contents" (8 x 10).
317. "Statement of exports of foreign gold and silver" (8 x 10).
318. "Statement of exports of domestic gold and silver" (8 x 14).

326. Insert (after 325): "Statement of vessels readmeasured in part to ascertain deductions for net tonnage under act of March 2, 1895" (10 x 16).

Page 27.

418. Strike out "adjacent foreign countries" and substitute "Canada."
419 A. Strike out.
419 B. Strike out "B."

Page 29.

435½. Strike out.
435½ A. Insert: "Record of unclaimed merchandise, 150 leaves" (9 x 11).
435½ B. Insert: "Record of unclaimed merchandise, 100 leaves" (9 x 11).
435½ C. Insert: "Record of unclaimed merchandise, 50 leaves" (9 x 11).
435¾. Strike out old title and substitute: "Statement of unclaimed merchandise previously reported, received during the month, disposed of by entry, etc., and remaining on hand" (9 x 23).
449. Strike out.

Page 32.

515 A and 515 B. Strike out: "Foreign vessels" and substitute "vessels engaged in the foreign trade."
516 A and 516 B. Strike out: "Coastwise vessels" and substitute "vessels engaged in the coastwise trade."

Page 33.

533. Change title to "Oaths on registry," and "cap" to "demy."
534. Change to 534 A.
534 B. Insert: "Certificate of registry" (Book, demy, 50 leaves).
537. Strike out "Bond and."
539. Strike out "Bond" and substitute "Oaths."
540. Strike out "Bond" and substitute "Oaths."

Page 34.

565. Insert (after 564): "Admeasurement appendix to outstanding document" (10 x 8).
580. Insert (before 581): "Correct extract from invoice" (5 x 8).

Page 35.

607. Strike out title and substitute: "Application, under oath, to enter goods without certified invoice" (when a pro forma invoice is made (14 x 8).

608. Strike out title and substitute: "Application, under oath, to enter goods without certified invoice; order for appraisement, appraiser's report, and informal entry" (14 x 8).

Page 36.

613. Insert: "Certificate showing right to free entry of articles delivered to institutions" (5 x 8).

Page 37.

635. Strike out "books" and substitute "printed matter."

Page 38.

676. Strike out.

Page 40.

745. Strike out.

Page 42.

793. Strike out.

Page 43.

795. Insert: "Notice that bond has been executed for exportation of playing cards; order to deliver to customs officers, and receipt of inspector of customs," B^3 Internal Revenue (10 x 8).

796. Insert: "Clearance certificate of playing cards exported," B^4 Internal Revenue (18 x 8).

Page 49.

948. Insert: U. S. Cartman's Receipt—Book, with stub, 4 x 8, 50 leaves.

Page 50.

983½. Strike out.

984. Strike out.

987½. Make "Daily."

Page 54.

After 1950 insert:

FORMS USED BY BOTH REVENUE CUTTER SERVICE AND CUSTOMS OFFICERS.

2018. Voucher for services (10 x 8).

2019 A. Voucher for supplies (14 x 8).

2019 B. Voucher for supplies (10 x 8).

2019½. Voucher for repairs (10 x 8).

Officers will make the corrections indicated above in each copy of the catalogue (including the index) in use in their respective offices, and use such corrected catalogues in making requisitions until otherwise directed.

Officers should also see that their catalogues contain the changes enumerated in Department Circulars No. 97 of 1893 and No. 119 of 1894, copies of which will be furnished upon application.

S. WIKE,
Assistant Secretary.

FREE ENTRIES FOR CONSUMPTION OF MERCHANDISE INTENDED FOR IMMEDIATE EXPORTATION.

1896.
Department Circular No. 131.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., August 11, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs on the Northern Frontier:

In order to facilitate the transit and exportation of small packages sent from contiguous foreign territory through the United States for immediate exportation, it is hereby directed that whenever the contents of such packages consist of merchandise which is not subject to duty under the laws of the United States, entry for consumption may be made at the port of arrival, without the exaction of consular certificate, but a bond will be taken in double the value of the goods, conditioned upon the production within three months of satisfactory evidence of the exportation of the goods.

S. WIKE,
Assistant Secretary.

DUTIES OF CLASSIFIED AND UNCLASSIFIED EMPLOYEES.

1896.
Department Circular No. 132.
Division of Appointments.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.

Washington, D. C., August 19, 1896.

To Principal Officers in and under the Treasury Department:

Department Circular No. 126, July 27, 1896, is amended so as to read as follows:

You are hereby directed not to permit employees under your control and direction who under the law are not in the classified service to perform the duties of offices or places which are in the classified service, nor to permit employees under your control and direction who are in the classified service to perform the duties of offices or places which are not in the classified service, except in addition to, but not in lieu of, their regular duties.

Provided, however, that persons who prior to May 6, 1896, were not included in the classified service, but prior to that date, and also on June 13, 1896, were regularly assigned to work of the same grade as that performed by classified employees, may be continued upon such work.

If these instructions are not rigidly observed, it may become necessary to discontinue all offices not in the classified service.

Respectfully, yours,

W. E. CURTIS,
Acting Secretary.

RONDOUT, IN THE DISTRICT OF NEW YORK, DESIGNATED AS A POINT FOR DISCHARGE OF BULKY CARGOES UNDER SECTION 29 OF ACT OF JUNE 26, 1884.

1896.
Department Circular No. 133.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., August 21, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

Under the authority conferred by Section 29 of the Shipping Act of June 26, 1884, I hereby designate Rondout, in the collection district of New York, as a place to which vessels, arriving at the port of entry in that district laden with coal, salt, railroad iron, and other like articles in bulk, may proceed, under the superintendence of customs officers, at the expense of the parties interested, for the purpose of unlading cargoes of the character before mentioned.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

1896.
Department Circular No. 134.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., September 2, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending August 1, 1896.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

REPORT ON REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING AUGUST 1, 1896.

N. B.—In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.

No. of Reappraisement.

12756.....*Flax lace curtains*, from Stern Brothers, Paris, July 2, 1896.
No 3675 Lace curtains, 3m. 25, entered at 12.00 francs per pair; no advance.
Discounts 5 per cent and 1 per cent.
Add cases and packing.
Cartoons and boxes included in price.

12724..... } *Mf. cotton*, from Alex. McAllister, Manchester, June 25, 1896.
12452..... }
$1\frac{3}{4}$ in. 36 yd. reels cols. Majestic, entered at 6/9, advanced to 7/– per gross.
$1\frac{1}{16}$ in. 36 yd. reels cols. Majestic, entered at 4/6, advanced to 4/8 per gross.
$1\frac{1}{16}$ in. 4 yd. bolts cols. Majestic, entered at 4/4 per gross; no advance.
$1\frac{3}{4}$ in. 4 yd. bolts cols. Majestic, entered at 6/7, advanced to 7/– per gross.
Add cases.

12726..... .... *Wool dress goods*, from Peter & Baumgaertel, Neeraue, June 20/96.
95 c/m art. K 202, cot., wool & silk, entered at 1.425, advanced to 1.485 marks per meter.
Add cases and making up.

12598.....*Mf. silk & cotton, etc.*, from H. G. Grote, Barmen, June 11/96.
4/33 art. 426, entered at 11.80, advanced to 14.00 marks per gross.
4/33, art. 968, entered at 6.65, advanced to 8.00 marks per gross.
4/33, art. 968, entered at 8.25, advanced to 9.05 marks per gross.
4/33 art. 442, entered at 18.30, advanced to 21.00 marks per gross.
Reduction 33/36th.
Coathangers, art. 2781, entered at 4.00, advanced to 5.50 marks per 1000.
Case and packing included in price.

12735..... *Wool dress goods*, from Eiserhardt & Schroter, Greiz, June 25/96.
95/96 black R'wolle, art. 3229, 1509, 826, Famalia bl. art. 835, entered at 1.16, advanced to 1.25 marks per meter.
Add case and packing.

12705..... *Mf. wood, etc.*, from Sun Kwong Hop, Hong Kong, May 14/96.
Flowered jars, entered at 8.90, advanced to 9.00 Mexicau currency per total.

12742..... *Cot. knit shirts & drawers*, from Societe Generale de Bonneterie, Troyes, June 29, 1896.
Chemisettes, Nos. 185, 185½, sizes 28 to 40, entered at from 11.50 to 17.50 francs each, discount 8 per cent and 8 per cent; advanced by disallowance of second discount.
Add cases.

12678..... *Mf. silk & cotton*, from ———, Ronsdorf, June 13/96.
Holland coathangers, entered at 3.20 marks per 1000; no advance.
Royal coathangers, entered at 4.25 marks per 1000; no advance.
Imperial Brand No. 800 coathangers, entered at 4.25 marks per 1000; no advance.
Discounts 3 per cent & 2 per cent.
Case and packing included in price.

12755..... *Wool dress goods*, from C. G. Weber & Feustel, Greiz, June 26/96.
Schwarz, Art. 1248/08491, 108 c/m, entered at 2.09, advanced to 2.25 marks per meter.
103 c/m schwarz Art. 1234, entered at 1.66, advanced to 1.75 marks per meter.
108 c/m, Art. 1237/10672, entered at .92, advanced to 1.00 mark per meter.
106 c/m schwarz epingle 7106, entered at 1.22, advanced to 1.32 marks per meter.
106 c/m, Sebastopol 8146, entered at 1.45, advanced to 1.55 marks per meter.
Add packing and cases.

12736..... *Sweetmeats, etc.*, from Kwong Yuen Wing, Hong Kong, May 19, 1896.
Sweet ginger, entered at 1.50, advanced to 4.375 Mexican currency per case pkd.

12737..... *Mf. wool & cotton*, from Ferdinand Heilborn & Co., Bradford, July 1, 1896.
54 in. blue 195/17, entered at 2/5 per yd.; no advance.
360/2 fancy, 54 in., entered at 2/6 per yd.; no advance.
360/6 Fancy, 54 in., entered at 2/6 per yd.; no advance.
360/2 Fancy 54 in., entered at 2/7 per yd.; no advance.
342/1 &c, mixed 53 in., entered at 3/3 per yd.; no advance.
Less $\frac{1}{37}$th.
Add making up and packing.
Discount 5 per cent.

12758.....
12760.....
12801..... } *Silk handkerchiefs*, from Kaitsu Gomei Kwaisha, Tokio, April 25/96.

E 2113, 2103, 21/1 1/4 H. S. hkfs., entered at 2.63, advanced to 2.78 silver yen per dozen.
E 2306, 23/1 1/2 H. S. hdkfs., entered at 3.18, advanced to 3.48 silver yen per dozen.
D 2106 21/1 1/2 H. S. hdkfs., entered at 2.99, advanced to 3.14 silver yen per dozen.
D 1853, 18 1/2/1 1/4 H. S. hdkfs., entered at 2.28, advanced to 2.43 silver yen per dozen.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Add cases and packing.

12688..... .....*Col'd cot velvet*, from Jas. W. Ross & Co., Manchester, June 26/96.

22 in. blk. velvet, No. 711, entered at 7d. per yard; advanced by disallowance of deduction of 2½ per cent commission, added on invoice, but deducted on entry.

Less $\frac{1}{37}$th; less 5 per cent discount.

Add making up, boxes and cases.

12388.....*Wool dress goods*, from Burgess, Petel & Co., Roubaix, March 13, 1896.

44/45 in. all wool blk. serge royale, entered at 1.035 advanced to 1.13 francs per meter.

44/45 in. all wool blk. cashmere No. 75, entered at 1.35, advanced to 1.48 francs per meter.

44/45 in. all wool cashmere No. 715, entered at 1.28, advanced to 1.40 francs per meter.

49/50 in. col'd serge, No. 525, entered at 1.14, advanced to 1.22 francs per meter.

Discount 5 per cent.

Add case and packing.

12781.....*Mf. metal*, from B. Emaillee, Paris, July 8/96.

Agrafes, entered at 15 and 27 francs each;

Cuiller entered at 8, 6 and 14 francs each;

All advanced by reduction of discount from 10 per cent to 2 per cent.

12592.....*Brushes*, from Osaka Seigio Kwaisha, Hioga, May 5/96

3023 tooth brush, entered at 5.10, advanced to 5.55 silver yen per gross.

B37 tooth brush, entered at 3.45, advanced to 3.75 silver yen per gross.

B69 tooth brush, entered at 2.40, advanced to 2.60 silver yen per gross.

3012 tooth brush, entered at 4.75, advanced to 5.55 silver yen per gross.

291 Nail brush, entered at 12.00, advanced to 16.51 silver yen per gross.

1040 hair brush, entered at 1.95, advanced to 2.46 silver yen per dozen.

Similar goods, similar advances.

Add cases, cartoons, putting up etc.

12774.....*Mfs. metal and mfs. glass*, from Schaffer & Budenberg & Emil Gundelach, Magdeburg, June 20/96.

Steam gauge dials &c., entered at 1313.50 marks per total; advanced by disallowance of 8 per cent commission deducted on entry.

Add cases.

12806.....*Cod Liver Oil*, from Peder Devold, Aalesund, July 3/96.

Finest 1896 Medicinal nonfreezing Lofoten Cod Liver Oil, entered at 141.80 krono per bbl.; no advance.

3111 OP..... } *Fruit pressed in sugar*, from Thos. J. Lipton, London, April 1, 1896.
Chicago..... }

Marmalade, entered at 2/7½, advanced to 3/– per dozen jars.

Add cases.

3253 OP.....
3254 OP.....
&c .....
Chicago..... } *Steel tubes*, from Robt. Grove & P. Williams, Birmingham, June 24/96, etc.

Steel tubes, entered at £114/12/10, discounts 70 per cent and 5 per cent; advanced by disallowance of second discount.

Add cases.

3173 OP.....
3215 OP.....
Chicago..... } *Cotton laces*, from Keife Freres, Calais, May 27/96; Caudrez, May 5/96.

No. 1204, 12 x 33 white cotton vals, entered at .05¾ franc per meter; no advance.
No. 1206, 12 x 33, white cotton vals, entered at .085 franc per meter; no advance.
No. 1207, 24 x 33, white cotton vals, entered at .12 franc per meter; no advance.
No. 1210, 27 x 33 Butter cotton vals., entered at .20 franc per meter; no advance.
Discounts 5 per cent and 2 per cent.
Similar goods, no advance.

3177 OP.....
Chicago..... } *Fishballs*, from P. Furst Hermstische Fiskeraren, Stavanger, May 9, 1896.

Fishballs, entered at .54, advanced to .55 Kronor per can.
Fishballs, entered at .40, advanced to .42 kronor per can.
Fishballs, entered at .30, advanced to .32 kronor per can.

2940 OP.....
2744 OP.....
St. Louis..... } *Enameled Iron Ware*, from Herman Wupperman, Piemeberg, Feb. 13/96, Nov. 21/95.

Ironware entered at discounts of 60 per cent, 5 per cent, 2½ per cent, 2 per cent and 10 per cent; advanced by disallowance of last discount.
Packing included in price.

3228 OP.....
Boston..... } *Sugar above No. 16 D. S.*, from R. Crooks & Co., Liverpool, June 9, 1896.

Standard Granulated, entered at 14/9, advanced to 15/- per cwt.
Fourths, entered at 11/9, advanced to 12/- per cwt.

3214 OP.....
Chicago..... } *Sugar above No. 16 D. S.*, from McAdam, Hogarth & Co., Greenock, May 23, 1896.

A. S. R. Dutch Granulated, entered at £14/15/-, advanced to £14/15/9.5 per ton pkd.
Less 5/6 per cent discount.

12787.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from ———, Prague, May 19/96.

Sugar entered, on basis of 88° test at 11/4.5, advanced to 11/7.25 per cwt. pkd., basis of 89.50 test.

12553.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Beattie & Co., Media Lema, April 11/96.

Centrifugal sugar entered, on basis of 96° test at 3.10 Sp. gold per 100 lbs.; advanced to .03216 per lb. pkd. Sp. gold on basis of 97.20 test.
Molasses sugar entered, on basis of 89° test, at 2.55 Sp. gold per 100 lbs., advanced to .02611 per lb. pkd., Sp. gold, basis of 90.90 test.

12826.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from ——— Magdeburg, June 20, 1896.

Beetroot sugar entered, basis of 88°, at 10/0.356, advanced to 10/4.175 per cwt. pkd., basis of 89.45 test.

12566.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from L. C. Shirley, Falmouth, May 16, 1896.

Muscavado sugar entered, basis of 89° test, at £11/10/0, reappraised at £11/9/8.325 per ton pkd. basis of 91.40 test, and £11/9/4.825 per ton pkd. basis of 91.30 test.

12567.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Ehlers, Friedheim & Co., Macoris, April 17/96.

Centrifugal sugar entered, basis of 94° test, at $.02588, advanced to $.027278 per lb. pkd., basis of 96.25 test.

12698.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Bartram Bros., St. Croix, May 30/96.

Centrifugal sugar, entered on basis of 95° test at $.0241, advanced to $.02545 per lb. pkd., basis of 96° test.
Molasses sugar entered, basis 88° test, at $.0186, advanced to $.01885 per lb. pkd., basis of 87° test.
Muscovado sugar, entered on basis of 88° test at $.0193, advanced to $.02079 per lb pkd., basis of 87.22 test.

12765.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from A. S. Lacelles & Co., Green Island, June 30/96.
Muscovado sugar, entered on basis of 89° at £9/5/0, reappraised at £7/15/10/5 per ton of 2240 lbs. pkd., basis of 83.85 test.

12700..... .....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from ———, St. Johns, May 30/96.
Molasses sugar entered, on basis of 89° test, at .03097, advanced to .033575 per lb. pkd. P. R. currency, basis of 90.55 test.

12697.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Beattie & Co., Manzanillo, June 6, 1896.
Centrifugal sugar entered, basis of 96° test, at .027, advanced to .02802 Sp. gold per lb. pkd., basis of 97.10 test.

12701.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Jacoby & Co., Danzig, May 10/96.
Beetroot sugar entered, basis of 75°, at 10/5.25, advanced to 11/1.4 per cwt. pkd. basis of 81.60 test.

12702.....*Refined sugar above No. 16 D. S.*, from Matthes & Baumeester, Amsterdam, June 15/96.
Dutch granulated, entered at 13/6, advanced to 13/7.5 per cwt. pkd.

3167 OP ..... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Hidalgo & Co., Havana, May 29/96.
New Orleans... }
Sugar entered at $2.80 per 100 lbs., less N. D. charges; reappraised at $.02465 per lb. pkd., basis of 92.85 test.

12609..... .....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Hidalgo & Co., Havana, June 6/96.
Sugar entered, basis of 94° test, at $.02444, advanced to $.02512 per lb. pkd., basis of 94.85 test.

12556.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Solomon Ashenheim & Co., Kingston, June 3/96.
Sugar entered on basis of 86° test at .01955, advanced to .02256 per lb. pkd., basis of 89.50 test.
Sugar entered on basis of 89° test at .02143, advanced to .02334 per lb. pkd., basis of 92°.

12844..... .....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Rausohoff & Weissler, Hamburg, June 23/96.
Beetroot sugar entered on basis of 88° test at 9/2.5, advanced to 9/11.175 per cwt pkd., basis of 90.45 test.

12789.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Anthony Charley, Savanna-la-Mar June 30/96.
Muscovado sugar entered on basis of 89° test at £8/8/0, advanced to £9/14/6.975 per ton pkd., basis of 92° test.
Add bags to entered value.

12790.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Schmidt & Fischer, Trinidad, June 22/96.
Centrifugal sugar entered at .02655, advanced to .02632 Sp. gold. per lb. pkd. basis of 95.85 test.
Molasses sugar entered at .01967, advanced to .01974 Sp. gold per lb. pkd., basis of 87.65 test.

12783.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from W. H. Field, Montserrat, May 23/96.
Muscovado sugar entered on basis of 87° test at .02107, advanced to .023671 per lb. pkd., basis of 90.19 test.

12782.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from J. F. Foote, Antigua, May 22/96.
Muscovado sugar entered on basis of 88° test at .02259, reappraised at .02174 per lb. pkd., basis of 86.50 test.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

12298.....
3441.....
12297.....
3440.....
&c.....
} *Cotton Hdkfs. in the piece*, from Stavert Zigomala & Co., Manchester, April 131, 896, etc.

40 in. 66 x 68 threads, printing, entered at 6s. 6d., advanced to 7s. ½d. per 125 yds.
40 in. 66 x 68 threads, grey cloth, entered at 12s. 3d., advanced to 13s. 3d. per piece.
39 in. 84 x 92 threads, printing, entered at ½d., advanced to $\frac{13}{24}$d. per yd.
39 in. 84 x 92 threads, grey cloth, entered at 13s. 3d., advanced to 14s. 4d. per piece.
42 in. 74 x 76 threads, printing, entered at 6s. 6d., advanced to 7s. ½d. per 125 yds.
42 in. 74 x 76 threads, grey cloth, entered at 12s., advanced to 13s. per piece.
41½ in. 80 x 80 threads, printing, entered at 6s. 6d., advanced to 7s. ½d. per 125 yds.
41½ in. 80 x 80 threads grey cloth, entered at 12s. 6d., advanced to 13s. 6½d. per piece
Discount 2½ per cent.
Add cases and packing.

12506.....
3546.....
} *Colors in tubes*, from A. Lacroix, Paris, May 27, 1896.

Couleurs vitrifiables, entered at 4263 francs per total, discount 40 per cent; advanced to discount 36 per cent.
Couleurs vitrifiables, (gold colors) entered at 1904.80 francs per total, discount 33½ per cent; advanced to discount 32 per cent.
Add cases and packing.

12513.....
3545.....
12457.....
3539.....
etc.....
} *Surface coated paper*, from Leonard Biermans, Turnhout, June 4, 1896, etc.

Green enameled No. 1351, 20 x 24, entered at 13s. 6d., advanced to 14s. 6d. per ream of 500 sheets.
Red flint No. 7954, 20 x 24, entered at 4s. 10d., advanced to 5s. 2d., per ream of 500 sheets.
Pearl Flint No. 1374, 20 x 26, entered at 8s. 8d., advanced to 9s. 4d. per ream of 500 sheets.
White enameled No. 1326, 20 x 25, entered at 13s. 6d., advanced to 14s. 6d. per ream of 500 sheets.
Steel blue flint No. 8715, 20 x 25, entered at 11s. 6d., advanced to 12s. 5d. per ream of 500 sheets.
Discount 5 per cent.
Less inland freight and shipping charges.
Cases and packing included in price.
Similar goods, similar advances.

11480.....
3353 .....
} *Chemical salt*, from Franz Jakhel, Prague, Feb. 29, 1896.

Chlorbaryum crystal, entered at 4.10, advanced to 5.45 florins per 100 kilos.
Add casks and packing.

12599.....
3540.....
} *Mf. metal & rubber*, from W. E. Peck & Co., London, May 22, 1896.

No. 300 steel hair curlers, entered 1s. 6d., discount 40 per cent; advanced to 1s. 6d. discount 20 per cent.

12517.....
3536.....
12554.....
3533 .....
} *Mf. guttapercha*, from Loenitz & Rohlfs, Altona-Ottensen, June 3, 1896.

G. p. paper, entered at 4.95, advanced to 5.25 marks per kilo.
Discounts 1 per cent and 5 per cent.
Cases and packing included in price.

12307.....
3529.....
} *Mf. flax &c*, from James McCorry, Belfast, May 20, 1896.

42 in. linen, 1300, entered at 7¼d. per yd.; no advance.
46 in. linen 1300, entered at 8d. per yard; no advance.
Less 2½ per cent discount.
Add cases.

12494..... .....
3526.....
} *Wool hats*, from Straw & Co., Ltd., Delph, May 27, 1896.

R 18 G. N. 2½ wgt. size 8. 15, entered at 4s. 8d., less 5 per cent; advanced to 4s. 8d., less 2½ per cent.
R 13 G. N. 2½ wgt. size 8. 15, entered at 4s. 8d., less 5 per cent; advanced to 4s. 8d., less 2½ per cent.
Black A. H. 2½ wgt. size 8. 15, entered at 3s. 11d., less 5 per cent; advanced to 3s. 11d., less 2½ per cent.
Add bales, packing, etc.

11963.....
3402.....
} *Wool dress goods*, from Max Stern, Greiz, Feb. 19, 1896.

Black cash. henrietta, 13/14, 45/46, entered at .87, advanced to 1.04 marks per meter.
Black cash. henrietta, 14/15, 45/46, entered at .92, advanced to 1.10 marks per meter.
Black cash. henrietta, 15/16, 45/46, entered at .97, advanced to 1.16 marks per meter.
Black cash. henrietta, 16/17, 45/46, entered at 1.03, advanced to 1.22 marks per meter.
Black cash. henrietta, 18/19, 45/46, entered at 1.15, advanced to 1.34 marks per meter.
Tickets included in price.
Add case.

12519.....
3530.....
} *Mf. silk*, from Bompiat Brasseur & Pettelier, Lyons, May 11, 1896.

Pongee 45 c/m (dyed in piece) entered at .46, advanced to .53 franc per meter.
Pongee 75 c/m, entered at .80, advanced to .93 franc per meter.
Pongee 92 c/m (dyed in piece), entered at 1.10, advanced to 1.20 francs per meter.
Less discounts of 20 per cent and 1 per cent.
Cases &c included in price.

11649.....
3324..... .....
} *Mf. silk* from C. Girard, Lyons, Mar. 25, 1896.

Pongee Japonais ecru 36 in, entered at from .85 to 1.05, advanced to 1.30 francs per meter.
Pongee Japonais 27 in., entered at from .70 to .80, advanced to 1.00 franc per meter.
Pongee Japonais 22 in., entered at from .75 to .80, advanced to .95 franc per meter.
Pongee Japonais, 20 in., entered at from .65 to .80, advanced to .85 franc per meter.
Similar goods similar advances.
Less 2 per cent discount.
Add teinture, appret., manufacturer's profit 8 per cent, chemises and cases.

3115 OP.....
786.....
Chicago.....
} *Gelatine*, from Gebruder Kopff, Wurtemburg, Mar. 3, 1896.

White gelatine No. 28 in silver labels, entered at 1.35, advanced to 1.50 marks per kilo.

Add cases.

3024 OP.....
784.....
Chicago.....
} *Wool shawls*, from M. H. Neustadt & Co., Prague, Sep. 17, 1895.

White & black wool shawls, entered at 6.985, advanced to 7.60 Au. florins per dozen.

White & black wool shawls, entered at 11.99, advanced to 13.10 Au. florins per dozen.

Add case.

12470.....
3494.....
} *Mf. wool & cot.*, from David & Co., Berlin, May 15, 1896.

Art. 728, entered at 4.30, advanced to 4.50 marks per meter.

Discount 6 per cent.

Add packing.

12047.....
3597.....
} *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from S. Tavara, St. Kitts, April 8, 1896.

Sugar entered, on basis of 89° test, at $2.33 per 100 lbs., advanced to $.02601 per lb. pkd., basis of 92.30, and reappraised at $.02276 per lb. pkd. basis of 85.60.

Sugar entered, on basis of 87° test at 2.21 per 100 lbs. pkd., advanced to $.02269 per lb. pkd., basis of 85.15.

Sugar entered, on basis of 90° test, at $2.39 per 100 lbs. pkd., advanced to $.02432 per lb. pkd. basis of 87.80.

11822.....
3413.....
} *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Boxwell, Williams & Co., Pernambuco, Feb. 17, 1896.

Sugar entered, on basis of 85° at 9s. 5.3d., advanced to 10s. 2.7d. per cwt. pkd., basis of 85.47 test.

12012.....
3406.....
} *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Johnston Pater & Co., Pernambuco, Jan. 29, 1896.

Muscavado sugar entered, on basis of 87° test, at 9s. 2½d., advanced to 9s. 7.35d. per cwt. pkd., basis of 86°.

11604.....
3405.....
11602.....
3397.....
&c.....
} *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Boxwell, Williams & Co., Pernambuco, Feb. 17, 1896.

Sugar entered, on basis of 87°, at 9s. 10d., advanced to 11s. per cwt. pkd., basis of 86.44; 10s. 8.5d. per cwt. pkd., basis of 85.55, and 10s. 10.746d. per cwt. pkd., basis of 85.86 test.

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1896.
Department Circular No. 135.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., September 3, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending August 8, 1896.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

REPORT ON REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING AUGUST 8, 1896.

N. B.—***In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.***

No. of Reappraisement.

12854.....*Precious stones uncut*, from B. H. Dairs, London, July 15, 1896.
Brilliants, entered at £6/0/0, advanced to £6/10/– per Karat.
Mele, entered at £5/0/0, advanced to £5/5/– per karat.
Melange, entered at £5/5/0, advanced to £5/10/– per karat.
Mele entered at £4/12/6, advanced to £5/0/– per karat.
Melange, entered at £4/15/0, advanced to £5/0/– per karat.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Discount 4 per cent.

12691.....*Tamb'd cotton shams*, from M. H. Pulaski & Co., St. Gall, June 25/96.
6897/25, 506, 32 x 32 in., entered at 11.20, advanced to 12.20 francs per dozen.
6899/25, 507, 32 x 32 in., entered at 13.40, advanced to 14.40 francs per dozen.
6901/25, 503, 32 x 32 in., entered at 8.90, advanced to 10.00 francs per dozen.
6906/26, 32 x 32 in., entered at 11.50, advanced to 12.50 francs per dozen.
18573/25, 20 x 36, entered at 7.85, advanced to 8.35 francs per dozen.
18580/25, 20 x 20, entered at 7.45, advanced to 7.95 francs per dozen.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Add boxes and cases.

12873.....*Cotton lace curtains, etc.*, from B. Walker & Co., Lenton, July 17/96.
No. 1735 Wt. curtains, 3½ yds., 50 in., entered at 3/6, advanced to 3/9 per pair.
No. 336 Ivory Hmbg. net, 50 in., entered at 3¼, advanced to 3½d. per yd.
1750 Et. curtains, 3½ yds., 54 in., entered at 2/2, advanced to 2/6 per pair.

12873.....*Cotton lace curtains, etc.*—Continued.

1781 Ivory t. curtains, 3½ yds., 48 in., entered at 2/3, advanced to 2/4 per pair.

6202 Ecru bed sets, entered at 5/9, advanced to 6/3 per set.

Similar goods, similar advances.

Less 2½ per cent discount.

Add cases.

Less inland carriage.

Boxes, tickets, etc., included in price.

12871.. .....*Jet ornaments, slides not pins as mfs. metal*, from Gustav Feigl, Gablonz, June 30/96.

Pins, No. 9720, entered at .85, advanced to 1.19 florins per gross.

Pins, 9721, entered at 1.12, advanced to 1.67 florins per gross.

Pins, 9722, entered at 1.62, advanced to 1.83 florins per gross.

Pins, 9723, entered at 2.61, advanced to 3.10 florins per gross.

Similar goods, similar advances.

Add packing, and cases.

Discount 2 per cent.

12815.....*Wool wearing apparel*, from Peter Johnson, Manchester, July 10, 1896.

Samples of Men's tweed caps, entered at £3/2/4 per total, less sample discount of 25 per cent; advanced by reduction of discount to 5 per cent.

Add packing case.

12687.....*Printed china*, from J. B. Weimann, Bremen, June 10/96.

Porcelain stoppers, entered at 9.45, advanced to 10.30 marks per 1000.

12837..... *Woolen yarn*, from Franz Entress, Stuttgart, June 27/96.

No. 20 knitting yarn, entered at 3.50 marks per kilo, less 5 per cent discount; no advance.

12880.....*Macaroni*, from Francesco Paolo dello Toji & Figli, Gragnano, June 30/96.

2nd quality, entered at 4.30, advanced to 4.40 lire per box pkd.

12779.....*Dec. E. ware*, from Kwong Lun Tai, Hongkong, Jan. 8/96.

Earthen bottles entered at .08, advanced to .085 Mexican currency per piece.

Packing included in price.

12846.....*Mf. silk, etc.*, from Jno. H. Brag, Yokohama, June 25/96.

36″ white habutai silk, entered at 5.90, advanced to 6.20 silver yen per 100 momme.

Add packing, boxes, etc.

12808.....
12810.. .....
12869.....
} *Cod Liver Oil*, from Peder Devold, Aalesund, July 3/96, Bergen, June 27/96.

Finest 1896 non-freezing medicinal Lavateu Cod Liver Oil, entered at 141.80 kronor per bbl.; no advance.

Add bbls.

12832..... .....*Agl. seeds, n. o. p. f.*, from David Sachs, Quedlinburg, June 30/96.

Spinach savoy leaved, entered at 13/6, advanced to 14/– per cwt.

Add bags at 1/3.

12797.....*Gelatine*, from Gebr. Kopff, Coppingen, June 13/96.

Gelatine weiss in gold E. L., entered at 185.00, advanced to 200.50 marks per 100 kilos.

Gelatine weiss in gold E. L., entered at 195.00, advanced to 210.15 marks per 100 kilos.

Add cases at 2.50.

12856..... *Wool dress goods*, from Bousses & Co., Paris, July 9/96.
Boucle 43″ coul. No. 8217, 110 c/m, entered at 2.25 less 6 per cent discount; advanced by disallowance of deduction of inland freight.
Add cases and packing.
Rolling & papering included in price.

3182 OP..... } *Fish in cans*, from Maconochie Bros., London, June 3/96.
Phila..... }
Kippered herring, entered at 1/11 and Findon haddock entered at 3/2 per dozen cans; advanced by addition of inland carriage, deducted on entry.
Add tins, labels, wrappers and cases.

3188 OP..... } *Linen thread*, from Robt. Stewart & Sons, Lisburn, June 8/96.
Boston ..... }
Red star grey 1 lb. balls pap'd, 3 cord and 5 cord entered at 22/–, advanced to 24/– per dozen.
Discount 25 per cent.
Add cases.
Further advanced by disallowance of reduction of F. O. B. charges deducted on entry.

3208 OP ..... } *Mf. metal*, from Geo. Warren, Liverpool, June 15/96.
Boston ..... }
Krushite, entered at £17/10/0 per total; no advance.

3217 OP ..... } *Iron sand*, from Geo. Rose, Aberdeem, June 17/96.
Boston ..... }
Iron sand entered at £5/17/6, advanced to £6/10/0 per ton.
Add bags at 1/–.

3218 OP ..... } *Iron sand*, from Jas. G. Rearson, Liverpool, June 18/96.
Boston ..... }
Iron sand No. 3 entered at £7/0/0 per ton pkd.; no advance.

3231 OP ..... } *Dressed furs*, from C. M. Lampton & Co., London, June 19/96.
Boston ..... }
Fur seal in the salt, entered at from 53/7 to 75/– per skin; advanced by disallowance of 2½ per cent commission deducted on entry.
Less 2½ per cent discount.
Add lot money, brokerage, dressing, etc., cases and packing.

3252 OP ..... } *Cotton damask covers*, from Erskine, Beveredge & Co., Ltd., Dunfermline, June 29/96.
Boston ..... }
Covers entered at various prices; advanced by disallowance of deduction of 10½ per cent discount and inland carriage deducted on entry.
Add packing charges and consul fee, etc.

12811..... *Mf. flax*, from Henry Matier & Co., Ltd., Belfast, June 24/96.
62″ Cream damask, No. 3150 Linen, entered at 9½, advanced to 10½d. per yd.
72″ Cream damask, No. 3525 Linen, entered at 10¾, advanced to 11¾d. per yard.
24 x 42 Hemd. Huck towels, 730 Union, entered at 4/–, advanced to 4/4 per dozen.
68″ blchd. damask, 720 Linen, entered at 1/4½, advanced to 1/6 per yard.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Discount 3½ per cent.
Add boxes and packing.

3194 OP.....
3185 OP.....
3220 OP.....
&c .....
Phila.....
Manufactures of silk, from John Gobl & Sons, Wien, June 6, May 23, 1896, etc.

Armure, entered at .69, advanced to .75 florin per meter.
Mosaik, entered at .76, advanced to .84 florin per meter.
Amazone, entered at .84, advanced to .92 florin per meter.
Mylord, entered at 1.14, advanced to 1.25 florins per meter.
Ripps, entered at 1.15, advanced to 1.26 florins per meter.
Figured satin, entered at 1.25, advanced to 1.36 florins per meter.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Add case and packing.

12751..... .....
12814.....
Mf. silk, from Jas. Morton, Lyons, July 1, 9, 1896.

3216/3400 Pongee, 44 c/m, entered at .50, advanced to .53 franc per meter.
3401/30 Pongee, 76 c/m, entered at .81, advanced to .88 franc per meter.
50 c/m Taffetaline, 100/27, pce. dyed, cut edge, entered at .95, advanced to 1.00 franc per meter.
60 c/m Ottoman blanc, 9759 &c, pce. dyed, cot. shot, entered at 1.65, advanced to 1.75 franc per meter.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Less discounts of 20 per cent and 1 per cent.
Less tare.
Add case and packing.

12734.....*Mf. silk & cotton*, from Schiffer-Hamers, Viersen, Feb. 8/96.

36 in. Rhadams, 26 blk., entered at 1.025, advanced to 1.10 marks per meter.
36 in. Rhadams, 32 blk., entered at 1.10, advanced to 1.20 marks per meter.
36 in. Rhadams, 34 blk., entered at 1.15, advanced to 1.25 marks per meter.
36 in. Rhadams, 40 blk., entered at 1.30, advanced to 1.40 marks per meter.
Add packing, cases and labels.

12741.....
12740..... .....
Mf. silk & cotton, from Arnz & Schmactenberg, Crefeld, June 26, 1896.

60 c/m Germania, 750 serge blk., entered at .4125, advanced to .45 mark per yd.
120 c/m Germania, 750 serge blk., entered at .825, advanced to .90 mark per yd.
110 c/m Satin de Chine, I serge blk., entered at 1.36, advanced to 1.49 marks per yd.
Discount 5 per cent.

3106 OP.....
Boston .....
Sugar above No. 16 D. S., from R. Crooks & Co., Liverpool, April 18/96.

Fourths, entered at 13/–, advanced to 13/1½ per cwt. pkd.
Discount 2½ per cent.

3190 OP.....
Phila .....
Sugar not above No. 16 D. S., from T. A. Haylez, Havana, June 3/96.

Sugar entered on basis of 92° at .025 per lb. less freight and N. D. charges; advanced to .0233 per lb. pkd., basis of 92° test.
Sugar entered on basis of 86° test at .01 31/32 per lb. less freight and N. D. charges, advanced to .02025 per lb. pkd., basis of 88.60 test.
Packages included in entered price.

12237.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Robt. Crooks & Co., Liverpool, May 2/96.
Fifths, entered at 10/9, advanced to 11/– per cwt. pkd.
Less 2½ per cent discount.

12791..... ....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from ——— Falmouth, June 18/96.
Sugar entered on basis of 85° test at £8/0/0, advanced to £10/0/10, per ton pkd., basis of 92.90 test; £9/14/8 per ton pkd., basis of 90.75 test; £9/9/7 per ton pkd., basis of 88.95 test; £9/15/9.5 per ton pkd., basis of 91.15 test; £8/13/10, per ton pkd., basis of 86.25 test; and reappraised at £7/10/3 per ton pkd., basis of 82.65 test.

12802.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from B. Fereccio, Macoris, June 15/96.
Centrifugal sugar entered on basis of 92° test at .01977, advanced to .02264 per lb. pkd., basis of 94.36 test, and .02217 per lb. pkd., basis of 93.75 test.
Molasses sugar entered on basis of 83° test at .01357, advanced to .01841 per lb. pkd., basis of 89.35 test.

12868.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from J. V. Drake & Co., Hamburg, May 27/96.
Beetroot sugar entered on basis of 75° analysis at 9/0 1/4, advanced to 10/1.205 per cwt. of 112 lbs. pkd., basis of 80.47 analysis.

12842.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from A. Bryan & Co., Hamburg, June 23/96.
Beetroot sugar entered on basis of 88° analysis at 9/2.5, advanced to 9/8.36 per cwt. pkd., basis of 89.24 analysis.

12731.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from C. C. Czarnikow, Antwerp, May 9/96.
Beetroot sugar entered on basis of 75° analysis at 9/7.89, advanced to 9/11.66 per cwt. pkd., basis of 73.44 analysis.

12830.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from ——— St. Domingo, June 24/96.
1st centrifugal sugar entered on basis of 95° test at .02187, reappraised at .02131 per lb. pkd., basis of 95.10 test.

12813.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Pedemonte & Co., Cardenas, June 13/96.
Centrifugal sugar entered on basis of 96° test at .02387, advanced to .02434 per lb. pkd., basis of 93.085 test.
Sugar entered on basis of 89° test at .01825, advanced to .019135 per lb. pkd., basis of 86.275 test.

12850..... ....*Refined sugar above No. 16 D. S.*, from T. V. Drake & Co., Magdeburg, June 2/96.
Russian crystal, entered at 12.23, reappraised at 12.20 marks per 50 kilos pkd.

REAPPRAISEMENT BY BOARDS.

2943 OP.....
749..... .....
2977 OP.....
750..... .....
} *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Robt. Crooks & Co., Liverpool, Feb. 8, Mar. 3/96.
Sugar entered at 10/–, advanced to 10/4 per cwt. pkd.
Sugar entered at 11/–, advanced to 11/4 per cwt, pkd.
Less 2½ per cent discount.

12720.....
3576... ....
} *Col'd cotton velvet*, from Jas. Johnson, Manchester, July 3, 1896.
1025 Brown 1 & 2 and black, entered at 11½, advanced to 12d per yard.
Dk. drab 2, white, cream, mode 1 & 2, and tan 1, 1025, entered at 10¾, advanced to 11¼d. per yard.
1025 grey 1, entered at 10½, advanced to 11d. per yard.
1025 Navy, entered at 13, advanced to 13½d. per yard.
Add cases.
Less $\frac{1}{87}$th.

12694..... } *Wool dress goods*, from Carl Gunther & Co., Greiz, June 16, 1896.
3564..... ..... }

98/100 c/m cot. & wool, 468 & 837, entered at .85, advanced to .95 mark per meter.
103/105 weft Jacqd. 435 blk., entered at 1.20, advanced to 1.35 marks per meter.
98/100 weft Jacqd. 478 blk., entered at 1.17, advanced to 1.30 marks per meter.
Add making up, cases and packing.

12711..... } *Surface-coated paper*, from Leonard Biermans, Turnhout, June 25/96.
3574.... .... }

Redflint No. 7952, silk green flint No. 7989, 24 x 20 entered at 4/10, advanced to 5/2 per ream of 500 sheets.
Maroon flint No. 7957, 24 x 33 entered at 8/8, advanced to 9/4 per ream of 500 sheets.
Discount 5 per cent.
Less inland freight and cartage.
Packing charges included in price.

12560..... } *Col'd cotton corduroy*, from Chamberlin, Donner & Co., Manchester, June 11/96.
3573..... ..... }

Tan and black cords, 842 B, entered at 10½d. per yard; no advance.
Racine & tan cords 842 A, B, entered at 9½d. per yard; no advance.
Less $\frac{1}{37}$th.
Less 2½ per cent discount.
Add making up, case &c.

11539..... ....
3560.....
12115..... .....
3559..... } *Macaroni*, from Alfonso di Nola, Gragnano, Feb. 1, Mar. 18, 1896.

Macaroni entered at 41.40 and 41.66, advanced to 43.00 lire per 100 kilos.

11567..... } *Macaroni*, from P. Guida, Sorrento, Feb. 25/96.
3562..... }

Macaroni entered at 35.00, advanced to 40.00 lire per 100 kilos.

12456..... } *Sweetmeats*, from Scheele & Co., Canton, Nov. 30/95.
3516..... ..... }

Ginger entered at 2.95, advanced to 3.20 Mex. currency per case.
Ginger entered at 3.40, advanced to 3.60 Mex. currency per case.
Ginger entered at 3.00, advanced to 3.20 Mexican currency per case.
Ginger entered at 5.25, Mexican currency per case; no advance.
Ginger entered at 5.70, advanced to 5.80 Mexican currency per case.
Less 2 per cent discount.
Less export duty.
Boxes, jars, Lekin tax, rattans included in price.

12469..... } *Cotton hdkfs. & cot. hdkfs. in the piece*, from P. Goldschmidt, Manchester, April 29/96.
3563 ..... }

17 x 17½ wht. lawn hdkfs., entered at 6/4⅛, advanced to 6/11 per piece.
Bleaching entered at 5/16d. per yd.; no advance.
20 x 20 wht. lawn hdkfs., entered at 14/6, advanced to 15/10 per piece.
Bleaching entered at 5/16d. per yd.; no advance.
47 in. printed border hdkfs., entered at 19/3, advanced to 21/– per piece.
Printing entered at 1d. per yd.; no advance.
45 in. printed border hdkfs., entered at 17/6, advanced to 19/2 per piece.
Printing entered at 7/8d. per yd.; no advance.
Discount 2½ per cent.
Add cases.

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INFORMATION RESPECTING NATIONAL BANKS, STATE BANKS, SAVINGS BANKS, LOAN AND TRUST COMPANIES, AND PRIVATE BANKS OF THE UNITED STATES.

1896.
Department Circular No. 136.

Comptroller of the Currency.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE

COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,

Washington, D. C., September 10, 1896.

The requests for information relative to the national banking system and banking in general having exhausted the supply of reports of the Comptroller of the Currency for recent years, it has been found necessary, in order to supply a still further demand, to embody in the accompanying circular such extracts from former reports as will, in a limited space, furnish the data and information desired.

JAMES H. ECKELS,
Comptroller of the Currency.

APPROVED:

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

Aggregate Resources and Liabilities of the National

1863.

Resources.	JANUARY.	APRIL.	JULY.	OCTOBER 5.
				66 banks.
Loans and discounts				$5,466,088.33
U. S. bonds and securities				6,662,600.00
Other items				106,009.12
Due from nat'l and other b'ks				2,625,597.05
Real estate, furniture, etc				177,565.69
Current expenses				53,808.92
Premiums paid				2,503.69
Checks and other cash items				492,138.58
Bills of nat'l and other banks				764,725.00
Specie and other lawful mon'y				1,446,607.62
Total				18,797,644.00

1864.

Resources.	JANUARY 4.	APRIL 4.	JULY 4.	OCTOBER 3.
	139 banks.	307 banks.	467 banks.	508 banks.
Loans and discounts	$10,666,095.60	$31,593,943.45	$70,746,513.33	$93,238,657.92
U. S. bonds and securities	15,112,250.00	41,175,150.00	92,530,500.00	108,064,400.00
Other items	74,571.48	432,059.95	842,017.73	1,434,739.76
Due from national banks		4,699,479.56	15,935,730.13	19,965,720.47
Due from other b'ks and b'krs	*4,786,124.58	8,537,908.94	17,337,558.66	14,051,396.31
Real estate, furniture, etc	381,144.09	755,698.41	1,694,049.46	2,202,318.20
Current expenses	118,854.43	352,720.77	502,341.31	1,021,569.02
Checks and other cash items	577,507.92	2,651,916.96	5,057,122.90	7,640,169.14
Bills of nat'l and other banks	895,521.00	1,660,000.00	5,344,172.00	4,687,727.00
Specie and other lawful mon'y	5,018,622.57	22,961,411.64	42,283,798.23	44,801,497.48
Total	37,630,691.58	114,820,287.66	252,273,803.75	297,108,195.30

1865.

Resources.	JANUARY 2.	APRIL 3.	JULY 3.	OCTOBER 2.
	638 banks.	907 banks.	1,294 banks.	1,513 banks.
Loans and discounts	$166,448,718.00	$252,404,208.07	$362,442,743.08	$487,170,138.29
U. S. bonds and securities	176,578,750.00	277,619,900.00	391,744,850.00	427,731,300.00
Other items	3,294,883.27	4,275,769.51	12,569,120.38	19,048,513.15
Due from national banks	30,820,175.44	40,963,243.47	76,977,539.59	89,978,980.55
Due from other b'ks and b'krs	19,836,072.83	22,554,636.57	26,078,028.01	17,393,232.25
Real estate, furniture, etc	4,083,226.12	6,525,118.80	11,331,257.28	14,703,281.77
Current expenses	1,053,725.34	2,298,025.65	2,338,775.56	4,539,525.11
Premiums paid	1,323,023.56	1,823,291.84	2,243,210.31	2,585,501.06
Checks and other cash items	17,837,496.77	29,681,394.13	41,314,904.50	72,309,854.44
Bills of nat'l and other banks	14,275,153.00	13,710,370.00	21,651,826.00	16,247,241.00
Specie	4,481,937.68	6,659,660.47	9,437,060.40	18,072,012.59
Legal tenders and fract'l cur'y	72,535,504.67	112,990,320.59	168,426,166.55	189,983,496.28
Total	512,568,666.68	771,514,939.10	1,126,455,481.66	1,359,768,074.49

* Including amount due from national banks.

BANKS FROM OCTOBER, 1863, TO JULY, 1896.

1863.

Liabilities.	JANUARY.	APRIL.	JULY.	OCTOBER 5.
				66 banks.
Capital stock				$7,188,393.00
Undivided profits				128,030.06
Individual and other deposits				8,497,681.84
Due to nat'l and other banks*				981,178.59
Other items				2,360.51
Total				16,797,644.00

1864.

Liabilities.	JANUARY 4.	APRIL 4.	JULY 4.	OCTOBER 3.
	139 banks.	307 banks.	467 banks.	508 banks.
Capital stock	$14,740,522.00	$42,204,474.00	$75,213,945.00	$86,782,802.00
Surplus fund			1,129,910.22	2,010,286.10
Undivided profits	432,827.81	1,625,656.87	3,034,330.11	5,982,392.22
Nat'l-bank notes outstanding	30,155.00	9,797,975.00	25,825,665.00	45,260,504.00
Individual and other deposits	19,450,492.53	51,274,914.01	119,414,239.03	122,166,536.40
Due to nat'l and other banks*	2,153,779.38	6,814,930.40	27,382,006.37	34,862,384.81
Other items	822,914.86	3,102,337.38	213,708.02	43,289.77
Total	37,630,691.58	114,820,287.66	252,273,803.75	297,108,195.30

1865.

Liabilities.	JANUARY 2.	APRIL 3.	JULY 3.	OCTOBER 2.
	638 banks.	907 banks.	1,294 banks.	1,513 banks.
Capital stock	$135,618,874.00	$215,326,023.00	$325,834,558.00	$393,157,206.00
Surplus fund	8,663,311.22	17,318,942.65	31,303,565.64	38,713,380.72
Undivided profits	12,283,812.65	17,809,307.14	26,159,408.17	32,350,278.19
Nat'l-bank notes outstanding	66,769,375.00	98,896,488.00	131,452,158.00	171,321,903.00
Individual and other deposits	183,479,636.98	262,961,473.13	398,357,559.59	500,910,873.22
United States deposits	37,764,729.77	57,630,141.01	58,032,720.67	48,170,381.31
Due to national banks	30,619,175.57	41,301,631.16	78,261,045.64	90,044,837.08
Due to other b'ks and b'kers*	37,164,130.62	59,692,581.64	79,591,594.93	84,155,161.27
Other items	265,620.87	578,951.37	462,871.02	944,053.70
Total	512,568,666.68	771,514,939.10	1,126,455,481.66	1,359,768,074.49

* Including State-bank circulation outstanding.

Aggregate Resources and Liabilities of the National

1866.

Resources.	JANUARY 1.	APRIL 2.	JULY 2.	OCTOBER 1.
	1,582 banks.	1,612 banks.	1,634 banks.	1,644 banks.
Loans and discounts	$500,650,109.19	$528,080,626.70	$550,553,094.17	$303,314,704.83
U.S.b'ds dep'd to secure circ'n	298,376,850.00	315,850,300.00	326,483,350.00	331,843,200.00
Other U.S. b'ds and securities	142,003,500.00	125,625,750.00	121,152,950.00	94,974,050.00
Oth'r stocks, b'ds, and mortg's	17,483,753.18	17,379,738.92	17,665,911.46	15,887,490.06
Due from national banks	93,254,551.02	87,564,329.71	96,096,482.66	107,650,174.18
Due from other b'ks and b'k'rs	14,058,229.87	13,682,845.12	13,982,613.23	16,211,117.16
Real estate, furniture, etc	15,436,296.16	15,895,564.46	16,780,923.62	17,134,002.58
Current expenses	3,193,717.78	4,927,599.79	3,032,716.27	5,311,253.35
Preminme paid	2,423,918.02	2,233,516.31	2,398,372.26	2,493,773.47
Checks and other cash items	89,837,684.50	105,490,619.36	96,077,134.53	103,684,249.21
Bills of nat'l and other banks	20,406,442.00	18,279,816.00	17,866,742.00	17,437,779.00
Specie	19,205,018.75	17,529,778.42	12,629,376.30	9,226,831.82
Legal tenders and fract'l cur'y	187,846,548.82	189,867,852.52	201,425,041.63	205,793,573.76
Total	1,404,776,619.29	1,442,407,737.31	1,476,395,208.13	1,526,992,804.42

1867.

Resources.	JANUARY 7.	APRIL 1.	JULY 1.	OCTOBER 7.
	1,648 banks.	1,642 banks.	1,636 banks.	1,642 banks.
Loans and discounts	$608,771,799.61	$597,643,286.53	$588,450,396.12	$609,675,214.61
U.S.b'ds dep'd to secure circ'n	339,570,700.00	338,863,650.00	337,684,250.00	338,640,150.00
U.S.b'ds dep'd to sec're dep'ts	36,185,950.00	38,465,800.00	38,368,950.00	37,862,100.00
U.S.b'ds and sec'ties on hand	52,949,300.00	48,639,400.00	45,633,700.00	42,460,800.00
Oth'r stocks, b'ds, and mortg's	15,078,737.45	20,194,875.21	21,452,615.43	21,507,881.42
Due from national banks	92,552,206.29	94,121,186.21	92,308,911.87	95,217,610.14
Due from other b'ks and b'k'rs	12,996,157.49	10,737,392.90	9,663,322.82	8,389,226.47
Real estate, furniture, etc	18,925,315.51	19,625,393.81	19,800,905.86	20,639,703.23
Current expenses	2,822,675.18	5,693,784.17	3,249,153.31	5,297,494.13
Premiums paid	2,860,398.85	3,411,325.56	3,338,600.37	2,764,136.35
Checks and other cash items	101,430,220.18	87,951,405.13	128,312,177.79	134,603,231.51
Bills of national banks	19,263,718.00	12,873,785.00	16,138,769.00	11,841,104.00
Bills of other banks	1,176,142.00	825,748.00	531,267.00	333,209.00
Specie	19,726,043.20	11,444,529.15	11,128,672.98	12,798,044.40
Legal tenders and fract'l cur'y	104,872,371.64	92,861,254.17	102,534,613.46	100,550,849.91
Compound-interest notes	82,047,250.00	84,085,790.00	75,488,220.00	56,888,250.00
Total	1,511,222,985.40	1,465,451,105.84	1,494,084,526.01	1,499,469,060.17

1868.

Resources.	JANUARY 6.	APRIL 6.	JULY 6.	OCTOBER 5.
	1,642 banks.	1,643 banks.	1,640 banks.	1,643 banks.
Loans and discounts	$616,603,479.89	$628,029,347.65	$655,729,546.42	$657,668,847.83
U.S.b'ds dep'd to secure circ'n	339,064,200.00	339,686,650.00	339,569,100.00	340,487,050.00
U.S.b'ds dep'd to sec're dep'ts	37,315,750.00	37,446,000.00	37,853,150.00	37,350,150.00
U.S.b'ds and sec'ties on hand	44,164,500.00	45,958,550.00	43,068,350.00	36,817,600.00
Oth'r stocks, b'ds, and mortg's	19,365,864.77	19,874,384.33	20,007,327.42	20,693,406.40
Due from national banks	99,311,446.60	95,900,606.35	114,434,097.93	102,278,547.77
Due from other b'ks and b'k'rs	8,480,199.74	7,074,297.44	8,642,456.72	7,848,822.24
Real estate, furniture, etc	21,125,665.68	22,082,570.25	22,699,829.70	22,747,875.18
Current expenses	2,986,893.86	5,428,460.25	2,938,519.04	5,278,911.22
Preminme paid	2,464,536.96	2,660,106.09	2,432,074.37	1,819,815.50
Checks and other cash items	109,390,266.37	114,993,036.23	124,076,097.71	143,241,394.99
Bills of national banks	16,655,572.00	12,573,514.00	13,210,179.00	11,842,974.00
Bills of other banks	261,269.00	196,106.00	342,550.00	222,668.00
Fractional currency	1,927,876.78	1,825,640.16	1,863,358.91	2,262,791.97
Specie	20,981,601.45	18,373,943.22	20,755,919.04	13,003,713.39
Legal-tender notes	114,306,491.00	84,390,219.00	100,166,100.00	92,453,475.00
Compound-interest notes	39,997,030.00	38,917,490.00	19,473,420.00	4,513,730.00
Three per cent certificates	8,245,000.00	24,255,000.00	44,905,000.00	59,030,000.00
Total	1,502,647,644.10	1,499,668,920.97	1,572,167,076.26	1,559,621,773.49

BANKS FROM OCTOBER, 1863, TO JULY, 1896—Continued.

1866.

Liabilities.	JANUARY 1.	APRIL 2.	JULY 2.	OCTOBER 1.
	1,582 banks.	1,612 banks.	1,634 banks.	1,644 banks.
Capital stock	$403,357,346.00	$409,273,534.00	$414,270,493.00	$415,472,360.00
Surplus fund	43,000,370.78	44,687,810.54	50,151,991.77	53,359,277.64
Undivided profits	28,972,493.70	30,964,422.73	29,286,175.45	32,593,486.69
Nat'l-bank notes outstanding	213,239,530.00	248,886,282.00	267,798,678.00	280,253,818.00
State-b'k notes outstanding	45,449,155.00	33,800,865.00	19,996,163.00	9,748,025.00
Individual deposits	522,507,829.27	534,734,950.33	533,338,174.25	564,616,777.64
U. S. deposits	29,747,236.15	29,150,729.82	36,038,185.03	30,420,819.80
Dep'ts of U. S. disb'ng officers			3,066,892.22	2,979,955.77
Due to national banks	94,709,074.15	89,067,501.54	96,496,726.42	110,531,957.31
Due to other b'ks and bankers	23,793,584.24	21,841,641.35	25,951,728.99	26,986,317.57
Total	1,404,776,619.29	1,442,407,737.31	1,476,395,208.13	1,526,962,804.42

1867.

Liabilities.	JANUARY 7.	APRIL 1.	JULY 1.	OCTOBER 7.
	1,648 banks.	1,642 banks.	1,636 banks.	1,642 banks.
Capital stock	$420,229,739.00	$419,399,484.00	$418,558,148.00	$420,073,415.00
Surplus fund	59,992,874.57	60,206,013.58	63,232,811.12	66,695,587.01
Undivided profits	26,961,382.60	31,131,034.39	30,656,222.84	33,751,446.21
Nat'l-bank notes outstanding	291,436,749.00	292,738,572.00	291,769,553.00	293,887,941.00
State-b'k notes outstanding	6,961,499.00	5,460,312.00	4,484,112.00	4,092,153.00
Individual deposits	558,699,768.06	512,046,182.47	539,599,076.10	540,797,837.51
U. S. deposits	27,284,876.93	27,473,005.66	29,838,391.53	23,062,119.92
Dep'ts of U. S. disb'ng officers	2,477,509.48	2,650,981.39	3,474,192.74	4,352,379.43
Due to national banks	92,761,998.43	91,156,890.89	89,821,751.60	93,111,240.89
Due to other b'ks and bankers	24,416,588.33	23,138,629.46	22,659,267.08	19,644,940.20
Total	1,511,222,985.40	1,465,451,105.84	1,494,084,526.01	1,499,469,060.17

1868.

Liabilities.	JANUARY 6.	APRIL 6.	JULY 6.	OCTOBER 5.
	1,642 banks.	1,643 banks.	1,640 banks.	1,643 banks.
Capital stock	$420,260,790.00	$420,676,210.00	$420,105,011.00	$420,634,511.00
Surplus fund	70,586,125.70	72,349,119.60	75,840,118.94	77,995,761.40
Undivided profits	31,399,877.57	32,861,597.08	33,543,223.35	36,095,883.98
Nat'l-bank notes outstanding	294,377,390.00	295,336,044.00	294,908,264.00	295,769,489.00
State-b'k notes outstanding	3,792,013.00	3,310,177.00	3,163,771.00	2,906,352.00
Individual deposits	534,704,709.00	532,011,480.36	575,842,070.12	580,940,820.85
U. S. deposits	24,305,638.02	22,750,342.77	24,603,676.96	17,572,250.64
Dep'ts of U. S. disb'ng officers	3,208,783.03	4,976,682.31	3,499,389.99	4,570,478.16
Due to national banks	98,144,669.61	94,073,631.25	113,306,346.34	99,414,397.28
Due to other b'ks and bankers	21,867,648.17	21,323,636.60	27,355,204.56	23,729,829.18
Total	1,502,647,644.10	1,499,668,920.97	1,572,167,076.26	1,559,621,773.49

Aggregate Resources and Liabilities of the National

1869.

Resources.	JANUARY 4.	APRIL 17.	JUNE 12.	OCTORER 9.
	1,628 banks.	1,620 banks.	1,619 banks.	1,617 banks.
Loans and discounts	$644,945,039.53	$682,084,818.47	$688,347,755.81	$682,883,106.97
U. S. bonds to secure circ'l'n.	338,530,950.00	338,379,250.00	338,699,750.00	339,480,100.00
U. S. bonds to secure deposits	34,538,350.00	29,721,350.00	27,625,350.00	18,704,000.00
U. S. b'ds and sec'ties on hand	35,010,600.00	30,226,550.00	27,476,650.00	25,903,950.00
Other st'ks, b'ds, and mort'g's	20,127,732.90	20,074,435.69	20,777,560.53	22,250,697.14
Due from redeeming agents.	65,727,070.80	57,554,382.55	62,912,636.82	56,669,562.84
Due from other national b'nks	30,067,316.84	30,520,527.89	35,556,504.53	35,393,563.47
Due from State b'ks and b'k'rs	7,715,719.34	8,075,595.60	9,140,019.24	8,790,418.57
Real estate, furniture, etc.	23,289,838.28	23,798,188.13	24,859,271.17	25,160,188.95
Current expenses	3,265,990.81	5,641,195.01	5,820,577.87	5,846,382.98
Premiums paid	1,654,352.70	1,716,210.13	1,809,070.01	2,092,364.85
Checks and other cash items.	142,605,984.92	154,137,191.23	161,614,852.66	108,809,817.37
Bills of other national banks.	14,684,700.00	11,725,239.00	11,524,447.00	10,776,023.00
Fractional currency	2,280,471.00	2,088,545.18	1,804,855.53	2,090,727.38
Specie	29,626,750.26	9,944,532.15	18,455,090.48	23,002,405.83
Legal-tender notes	88,239,300.00	80,875,161.00	80,934,119.00	83,719,295.00
Three per cent certificates	52,075,000.00	51,190,000.00	49,815,000.00	45,845,000.00
Total	1,540,394,266.50	1,517,753,107.03	1,564,174,410.85	1,497,228,604.33

1870.

Resources.	JANUARY 22.	MARCH 24.	June 9.	OCTORER 8.	DECEMBER 23.
	1,616 banks.	1,615 banks.	1,612 banks.	1,615 banks.	1,648 banks.
Loans and discounts	$688,875,203.70	$710,848,609.39	$719,341,186.06	$715,928,079.81	$725,515,538.49
Bonds for circulation	339,950,750.00	339,251,350.00	338,845,200.00	340,857,450.00	344,104,200.00
Bonds for deposits	17,592,000.00	16,102,000.00	15,704,000.00	15,381,500.00	15,189,500.00
U. S. bonds on hand	24,677,100.00	27,292,150.00	28,276,600.00	22,323,800.00	23,893,300.00
Other stocks and b'ds	21,082,412.00	20,524,294.55	23,300,681.87	23,614,721.25	22,686,358.59
Due from red'g ag'nts	71,641,486.05	73,435,117.98	74,635,405.61	66,275,668.92	64,805,062.88
Due from nat'l banks	31,994,609.26	29,510,688.11	36,128,750.60	33,948,805.65	37,478,166.49
Due from State b'ks	9,319,500.54	10,238,219.85	10,430,781.32	9,202,496.71	9,824,144.18
Real estate, etc	26,002,713.01	26,330,701.24	26,593,357.00	27,470,746.97	28,021,637.44
Current expenses	3,469,588.00	6,683,189.54	6,324,955.47	5,871,750.02	6,905,073.32
Premiums paid	2,439,591.41	2,680,832.39	3,076,456.74	2,491,222.11	3,251,648.72
Cash items	111,624,822.00	11,267,703.12	11,497,534.13	12,536,613.57	13,229,403.34
Clear'g-house exch'gs	.....	75,317,992.22	83,936,515.64	79,089,688.39	76,208,707.00
National-bank notes	15,840,669.00	14,226,817.00	16,342,582.00	12,512,927.00	17,001,846.00
Fractional currency	2,476,966.75	2,285,490.02	2,184,714.39	2,078,178.05	2,150,523.89
Specie	43,345,383.72	37,006,543.44	31,099,437.78	18,460,011.47	26,307,251.59
Legal-tender notes	87,708,502.00	82,485,978.00	94,573,751.00	79,524,577.00	80,580,745.00
Three per cent cert'fs	43,820,000.00	43,570,000.00	43,465,000.00	43,345,000.00	41,845,000.00
Total	1,546,261,357.44	1,529,147,735.85	1,565,756,909.67	1,510,713,230.92	1,538,998,105.93

1871.

Resources.	MARCH 18.	APRIL 29.	JUNE 10.	OCTORER 2.	DECEMBER 16.
	1,688 banks.	1,707 banks.	1,723 banks.	1,767 banks.	1,790 banks.
Loans and discounts	$767,858,490.59	$779,321,828.11	$789,416,568.13	$831,552,210.00	$818,996,311.74
Bonds for circulation	351,556,700.00	354,427,200.00	357,388,950.00	364,475,800.00	366,840,200.00
Bonds for deposits	15,231,500.00	15,236,500.00	15,250,500.00	28,087,500.00	23,155,150.00
U. S. bonds on hand	23,911,350.00	22,487,950.00	24,200,300.00	17,753,650.00	17,675,500.00
Other stocks and b'ds	22,763,869.20	22,414,659.05	23,132,871.05	24,517,050.35	23,061,184.20
Due from red'g ag'nts	83,809,188.92	85,061,016.31	92,369,246.71	86,878,698.84	77,985,600.53
Due from nat'l banks	30,201,119.99	38,332,679.74	39,636,579.35	43,525,362.05	43,313,344.78
Due from State b'ks.	10,271,605.34	11,473,174.71	11,853,308.60	12,772,669.33	13,066,301.40
Real estate, etc	28,805,814.79	29,242,762.79	29,637,999.30	30,089,783.85	30,070,330.57
Current expenses	6,694,014.17	6,764,159.73	6,295,099.46	6,153,370.29	7,330,424.12
Premiums paid	3,939,995.20	4,414,755.40	5,026,385.97	5,500,890.17	5,956,073.74
Cash items	11,642,644.74	12,749,289.84	13,101,497.95	14,058,268.86	13,784,424.76
Clear'g-house exch'gs	100,693,917.54	130,855,698.15	102,091,311.75	101,165,854.52	114,538,539.93
National-bank notes	13,137,006.00	16,632,323.00	19,101,389.00	14,197,653.00	13,085,904.00
Fractional currency	2,103,298.16	2,135,763.09	2,160,713.22	2,095,485.79	2,061,600.89
Specie	25,769,166.64	22,732,027.02	19,924,055.16	13,252,998.17	20,595,299.56
Legal-tender notes	91,072,349.00	106,219,126.00	122,137,660.00	109,414,735.00	93,942,797.00
Three per cent cert'fs	37,570,000.00	33,935,000.00	30,690,000.00	25,075,000.00	21,400,000.00
Total	1,627,032,030.28	1,694,440,912.94	1,703,415,335.65	1,730,566,899.72	1,715,861,897.22

BANKS FROM OCTOBER, 1863, TO JULY, 1896—Continued.

1869.

Liabilities.	JANUARY 4.	APRIL 17.	JUNE 12.	OCTOBER 9.
	1,628 banks.	1,620 banks.	1,619 banks.	1,617 banks.
Capital stock	$419,040,931.00	$420,818,721.00	$422,659,269.00	$426,399,151.00
Surplus fund	81,169,936.52	82,653,989.19	82,218,576.47	86,165,334.32
Undivided profits	35,318,273.71	37,489,314.82	43,812,898.70	40,687,300.92
Nat'l-bank notes outstanding	294,476,702.00	292,457,098.00	292,753,286.00	293,593,645.00
State-bank notes outstanding	2,734,669.00	2,615,387.00	2,558,874.00	2,454,697.00
Individual deposits	568,530,934.11	547,922,174.91	574,307,382.77	511,400,196.63
U. S. deposits	13,211,850.19	10,114,328.32	10,301,907.71	7,112,646.67
Dep'ts U.S. disburs'g officers	3,472,884.90	3,665,131.61	2,454,048.99	4,516,648.12
Due to national banks	95,453,139.33	92,662,648.49	100,933,910.03	95,067,892.83
Due to State banks and b'k'rs	26,984,945.74	23,018,610.62	28,046,771.30	23,849,371.62
Notes and bills rediscounted		2,464,849.81	2,392,205.61	3,839,357.10
Bills payable		1,870,913.26	1,735,289.07	2,140,363.12
Total	1,540,394,266.50	1,517,753,167.03	1,564,174,410.65	1,497,226,604.33

1870.

Liabilities.	JANUARY 22.	MARCH 24.	JUNE 9.	OCTOBER 8.	DECEMBER 28.
	1,615 banks.	1,615 banks.	1,612 banks.	1,615 banks.	1,648 banks.
Capital stock	$426,074,954.00	$427,504,247.00	$427,235,701.00	$430,399,301.00	$435,356,004.00
Surplus fund	90,174,281.14	90,229,954.59	91,689,834.12	94,061,438.95	94,705,740.34
Undivided profits	34,300,430.80	43,109,471.62	42,861,712.59	38,608,618.91	46,056,428.55
Nat'l-bank circulat'n	292,838,935.00	292,509,149.00	291,183,614.00	291,798,640.00	296,205,446.00
State-bank circulat'n	2,351,993.00	2,279,469.00	2,222,793.00	2,138,548.00	2,091,799.00
Dividends unpaid	2,299,296.27	1,483,416.15	1,517,595.18	2,462,591.31	2,242,556.49
Individual deposits	546,236,881.57	516,058,085.26	542,261,563.18	501,407,586.90	507,368,618.67
U.S. deposits	6,750,139.19	6,424,421.25	10,677,873.92	6,807,978.49	6,074,407.90
Dep's U.S. dis. officers	2,592,001.21	4,778,225.93	2,592,967.54	4,550,142.68	4,155,304.25
Due to nation'l banks	108,351,300.33	109,667,715.95	115,456,491.84	100,348,292.45	106,090,414.53
Due to State banks	28,004,849.14	29,767,575.21	33,012,162.78	29,693,910.80	29,200,587.29
Notes rediscounted	3,842,542.30	2,462,647.49	2,741,843.53	3,843,577.67	4,612,131.08
Bills payable	1,543,753.49	2,873,357.40	2,302,756.99	4,592,609.76	4,838,667.83
Total	1,546,261,357.44	1,529,147,735.85	1,565,756,909.67	1,510,713,236.92	1,538,998,105.93

1871.

Liabilities.	MARCH 18.	APRIL 29.	JUNE 10.	OCTOBER 2.	DECEMBER 16.
	1,688 banks.	1,707 banks.	1,723 banks.	1,767 banks.	1,790 banks.
Capital stock	$444,232,771.00	$446,925,493.00	$450,330,841.00	$458,255,696.00	$460,225,866.00
Surplus funds	96,862,081.66	97,620,099.28	98,322,203.80	101,112,671.91	101,573,153.62
Undivided profits	43,883,857.64	44,776,030.71	45,535,227.79	42,008,714.38	48,630,925.81
Nat'l-bank circulat'n	301,713,460.09	306,131,393.00	307,793,880.00	315,519,117.00	318,265,481.00
State-bank circulat'n	2,035,800.00	1,982,580.00	1,968,058.00	1,921,056.00	1,886,538.00
Dividends unpaid	1,263,767.70	2,235,248.46	1,408,628.25	4,540,194.61	1,393,427.98
Individual deposits	561,190,830.41	611,025,174.10	602,110,758.16	600,868,486.55	596,586,487.54
U.S. deposits	6,314,957.81	6,521,572.92	6,265,187.94	20,511,935.93	14,829,525.65
Dep's U.S. dis. officers	4,813,016.66	3,757,873.84	4,893,907.25	5,393,558.89	5,399,108.34
Due to nation'l banks	118,904,865.84	128,037,469.17	135,167,847.69	131,730,713.04	118,657,614.16
Due to State banks	37,311,519.13	36,113,290.67	41,219,802.96	40,211,971.67	38,116,950.67
Notes rediscounted	3,256,896.42	3,573,723.02	3,120,039.09	3,964,552.57	4,922,455.78
Bills payable	5,248,206.01	5,740,964.77	5,278,973.72	4,528,191.12	5,374,362.67
Total	1,627,032,030.28	1,694,440,912.94	1,703,415,335.65	1,730,566,899.72	1,715,861,897.22

Aggregate Resources and Liabilities of the National

1872.

Resources.	FEBRUARY 27.	APRIL 19.	JUNE 10.	OCTOBER 3.	DECEMBER 27.
	1,814 banks.	1,843 banks.	1,853 banks.	1,919 banks.	1,940 banks.
Loans and discounts.	$839, 605, 077. 91	$844, 902, 253. 49	$871, 531, 448. 67	$877, 197, 923. 47	$885, 053, 449. 62
Bonds for circulation	370, 824, 700. 00	374, 428, 450. 00	377, 029, 700. 00	382, 046, 400. 00	384, 458, 500. 00
Bonds for deposits ..	15, 876, 000. 00	15, 169, 000. 00	15, 409, 950. 00	15, 479, 750. 00	16, 304, 750. 00
U. S. bonds on hand .	21, 323, 150. 00	19, 202, 100. 00	16 458, 250. 00	12, 142, 550. 00	10, 306, 100. 00
Other stocks and b'ds	22, 838, 358. 80	21, 538, 914. 66	22, 270, 610. 47	23, 533, 151. 73	23, 160, 557. 29
Due from red'g ag'nts	89, 548, 329. 03	82, 120, 017. 24	91, 564, 269. 53	80, 717, 071. 30	86, 401, 453. 44
Due from nat'l banks	38, 282, 905. 86	38, 697, 502. 81	39, 468, 323. 39	34, 486, 503. 87	42, 707, 613. 54
Due from State banks	12, 269, 822. 68	12, 299, 716. 94	13, 014, 265. 26	12, 976, 878. 01	12, 008, 843. 54
Real estate, etc.....	30, 637, 676. 75	30, 809, 274. 98	31, 123, 843. 21	32, 276, 498. 17	33, 014, 796. 83
Current expenses ...	6, 265, 655. 13	7, 026, 641. 23	6, 716, 794. 90	6, 316, 428. 79	8, 454, 803. 97
Premiums paid.....	6, 368, 821. 86	6, 544, 279. 29	6, 616, 174. 75	6, 546, 848. 52	7, 037, 847. 86
Cash items	12, 143, 403. 12	12, 461, 171. 40	13, 458, 753. 80	14, 916, 784. 34	13, 036, 723. 85
Clear'g-house exch'ge	93, 154, 319. 74	114, 195, 366. 36	88, 592, 800. 16	110, 086, 315. 37	90, 145, 482. 72
National-bank notes.	15, 552, 087. 00	18, 492, 832. 00	16, 253, 500. 00	15, 787, 298. 00	18, 070, 322. 00
Fractional currency.	2, 278, 143. 24	2, 143, 249. 29	2, 069, 464. 12	2, 151, 747. 88	2, 270, 576. 32
Specie.....	25, 507, 825. 32	24, 433, 898. 46	24, 256, 644. 14	10, 229, 755. 79	19, 047, 336. 45
Legal-tender notes..	97, 865, 400. 00	105, 732, 455. 00	122, 994, 417. 00	105, 121, 104. 00	102, 922, 369. 00
U. S. cert'sof deposit	.....	.....	.....	6, 710, 000. 00	12, 650, 000. 00
Three per cent cert'fs	18, 980, 000. 00	15, 365, 000. 00	12, 005, 000. 00	7, 140, 000. 00	4, 185, 000. 00
Total.....	1,719,415,657. 34	1,743,652,213. 55	1,770,837,269. 40	1,755,857,098. 24	1,773,556,532. 43

1873.

Resources.	FEBRUARY 28.	APRIL 25.	JUNE 13.	SEPTEMBER 12.	DECEMBER 26.
	1,947 banks.	1,962 banks.	1,968 banks.	1,976 banks.	1,976 banks.
Loans and discounts.	$913, 265, 189. 67	$912, 664, 267. 31	$925, 557, 682. 42	$944, 220, 116. 34	$856, 816, 555. 65
Bonds for circulation	384, 675, 050. 00	386, 753, 800. 00	388, 080, 300. 00	388, 330, 400. 00	389, 384, 400. 00
Bonds for deposits...	15, 035, 000. 00	16, 235, 000. 00	15, 935, 000. 00	14, 805, 000. 00	14, 815, 200. 00
U. S. bonds on hand .	10, 436, 950. 00	9, 613, 550. 00	9, 789, 400. 00	8, 824, 850. 00	8, 630, 850. 00
Other stocks and b'ds	22, 063, 306. 26	22, 449, 146. 04	22, 912, 415. 63	23, 709, 034. 53	24, 358, 125. 06
Due from red'g ag'nts	95, 773, 077. 10	88, 815, 557. 80	97, 143, 326. 94	96, 134, 120. 66	73, 632, 046. 87
Due from nat'l banks	39, 483, 700. 09	38, 671, 088. 63	43, 328, 792. 20	41, 413, 080. 06	46, 404, 757. 97
Due from State banks	13, 595, 679. 17	12, 883, 353. 37	14, 073, 287. 77	12, 622, 873. 41	11, 185, 253. 08
Real estate, etc.....	34, 023, 657. 77	34, 216, 873. 07	34, 820, 562. 77	34, 661, 823. 21	35, 556, 746. 48
Current expenses ...	6, 977, 831. 35	7, 416, 045. 87	7, 154, 211. 69	6, 985, 436. 99	8, 678, 270. 39
Premiums paid.....	7, 205, 259. 67	7, 559, 987. 57	7, 890, 962. 14	7, 752, 843. 87	7, 987, 107. 14
Cash items.....	11, 761, 711. 50	11, 425, 209. 00	13, 036, 482. 58	11, 433, 913, 22	12, 321, 972. 80
Clear'g-house exch'ge	131, 383, 860. 95	94, 132, 125. 24	91, 918, 526. 59	88, 926, 003. 53	62, 881, 342. 16
National-bank notes.	15, 998, 779. 00	19, 310, 202. 60	20, 394, 772. 00	16, 103, 842. 60	21, 403, 179. 00
Fractional currency.	2, 289, 650. 21	2, 198, 973. 37	2, 197, 559. 84	2, 302, 775. 26	2, 237, 454. 03
Specie.....	17, 777, 673. 53	16, 866, 808. 74	27, 950, 086. 72	19, 868, 460. 45	26, 907, 037. 58
Legal-tender notes..	97, 141, 909. 00	100, 605, 287. 00	106, 381, 491. 00	92, 522, 663. 00	108, 719, 506. 00
U. S. cert's of deposit	18, 460, 000. 00	18, 370, 000. 00	22, 365, 000. 00	26, 610, 000. 00	24, 010, 000. 00
Three per cent cert'fs	1, 865, 000. 00	710, 000. 00	305, 000. 00	.....	.....
Total.....	1,839,152,715. 21	1,800,303,280. 11	1,851,234,860. 38	1,830,627,845. 53	1,729,380,303. 61

1874.

Resources.	FEBRUARY 27.	MAY 1.	JUNE 26.	OCTOBER 2.	DECEMBER 31.
	1,975 banks.	1,978 banks.	1,983 banks.	2,004 banks.	2,027 banks.
Loans and discounts.	$897, 859, 600. 46	$923, 347, 030. 79	$926, 195, 671. 76	$954, 394, 791. 59	$955, 862, 580. 51
Bonds for circulation	389, 614, 700. 00	389, 249, 100. 00	390, 281, 700. 00	383, 254, 800. 00	382, 976, 200. 00
Bonds for deposits ..	14, 600, 200. 00	14, 890, 200. 00	14, 890, 200. 00	14, 691, 700. 00	14, 714, 000. 00
U. S. bonds on hand ..	11, 043, 400. 00	10, 152, 600. 00	10, 456, 900. 00	13, 313, 550. 00	15, 290, 300. 00
Other stocks and b'ds	25, 305, 736. 24	25, 460, 466. 20	27, 010, 727. 48	27, 807, 826. 92	28, 313, 473. 12
Due from res've ag'ts	101, 502, 861. 58	94, 017, 603. 31	97, 871, 517. 66	83, 885, 126. 94	80, 488, 831. 45
Due from nat'l banks	36, 624, 001. 39	41, 291, 015. 24	45, 770, 715. 59	39, 695, 369. 47	48, 160, 842. 62
Due from State banks	11, 496, 711. 47	12, 374, 391. 28	12, 469, 592. 33	11, 196, 611. 73	11, 655, 573. 07
Real estate, etc	36, 043, 741. 50	36, 708, 666. 39	37, 270, 876. 51	38, 112, 926. 52	39, 190, 683. 04
Current expenses ...	6, 998, 875. 75	7, 547, 203. 05	7, 556, 125. 26	7, 658, 738. 82	5, 510, 566. 47
Premiums paid.....	8, 741, 028. 77	8, 686, 370. 84	8, 563, 262. 27	8, 376, 659. 07	8, 626, 112. 16
Cash items.....	10, 269, 955. 50	11, 949, 020. 71	10, 496, 257. 66	12, 296, 416. 77	14, 065, 517. 53
Clear'g-house exch'ge	63, 768, 110. 19	94, 877, 796. 52	63, 896, 271. 31	97, 383, 687. 11	112, 995, 317. 55
National-bank notes.	20, 663, 251. 00	20, 673, 452. 00	23, 527, 991. 00	18, 450, 013. 00	22, 532, 336. 00
Fractional currency.	2, 309, 919. 73	2, 187, 186. 69	2, 283, 898. 92	2, 224, 943. 12	2, 322, 668. 74
Specie.....	33, 365, 863. 58	32, 569, 969. 26	22, 326, 207. 27	21, 240, 945. 23	22, 436, 761. 04
Legal-tender notes..	102, 717, 563. 00	101, 692, 930. 00	103, 108, 350. 00	80, 021, 946. 00	82, 604, 791. 00
U. S. cert's of deposit	37, 235, 000. 00	40, 135, 000. 00	47, 780, 000. 00	42, 825, 000. 00	33, 670, 000. 00
Dep. with U. S. Treas.	.....	.....	91, 250. 66	20, 349, 950. 15	21, 043, 684. 36
Total.....	1,808,500,529. 16	1,867,862,796. 28	1,851,840,913. 64	1,877,180,942. 44	1,902,409,638. 48

BANKS FROM OCTOBER, 1863, TO JULY, 1896—Continued.

1872.

Liabilities.	FEBRUARY 27.	APRIL 19.	JUNE 10.	OCTOBER 3.	DECEMBER 27.
	1,814 banks.	1,843 banks.	1,853 banks.	1,919 banks.	1,940 banks.
Capital stock	$464, 981, 744. 00	$467, 924, 318. 00	$470, 543, 301. 00	$479, 629, 174. 00	$482, 606, 252. 00
Surplus fund	103, 787, 082. 62	104, 312, 525. 81	105, 181, 943. 28	110, 257, 516. 45	111, 410, 248. 98
Undivided profits	43, 310, 344. 46	46, 428, 590. 90	50, 234, 298. 32	46, 623, 784. 50	56, 762, 411. 89
Nat'l bank circulat'n	321, 634, 675. 00	325, 305, 752. 00	327, 092, 752. 00	333, 495, 027. 00	336, 289, 285. 00
State bank circulat'n	1, 830, 563. 00	1, 763, 885. 00	1, 700, 935. 00	1, 567, 143. 00	1, 511, 396. 00
Dividends unpaid	1, 451, 746. 29	1, 561, 914. 45	1, 454, 044. 06	3, 149, 749. 61	1, 356, 934. 48
Individual deposits	593, 645, 666. 16	620, 775, 265. 78	618, 801, 619. 49	613, 290, 671. 45	598, 114, 679. 26
U. S. deposits	7, 114, 893. 47	6, 355, 722. 95	6, 993, 014. 77	7, 853, 772. 41	7, 863, 894. 93
Dep's U. S. dis. officers	5, 024, 699. 44	3, 416, 371. 16	5, 463, 953. 48	4, 563, 833. 79	5, 136, 597. 74
Due to national banks	128, 627, 494. 44	120, 755, 565. 86	132, 804, 924. 02	110, 047, 347. 67	124, 218, 392. 83
Due to State banks	39, 025, 165. 44	35, 905, 127. 84	39, 878, 826. 42	33, 789, 083. 82	34, 794, 963. 37
Notes rediscounted	3, 818, 686. 91	4, 225, 622. 04	4, 745, 178. 22	5, 549, 431. 88	6, 545, 059. 78
Bills payable	6, 062, 896. 91	5, 821, 551. 76	5, 942, 479. 34	6, 040, 562. 66	6, 946, 416. 17
Total	1,719,415,657. 34	1,743,652,213. 55	1,770,837,269. 40	1,755,857,098. 24	1,773,556,532. 43

1873.

Liabilities.	FEBRUARY 28.	APRIL 25.	JUNE 13.	SEPTEMBER 12.	DECEMBER 26.
	1,947 banks.	1,962 banks.	1,968 banks.	1,976 banks.	1,976 banks.
Capital stock	$484, 551, 811. 00	$487, 891, 251. 00	$490, 109, 801. 00	$491, 072, 616. 00	$490, 266, 611. 00
Surplus fund	114, 681, 048. 73	115, 805, 574. 57	116, 847, 454. 62	120, 314, 499. 20	120, 961, 267. 91
Undivided profits	48, 578, 045. 28	52, 415, 348. 46	55, 306, 154. 69	54, 515, 131. 76	58, 375, 169. 43
Nat'l-bank circulat'n	336, 292, 459. 00	338, 163, 864. 00	338, 788, 594. 00	339, 081, 799. 00	341, 320, 256. 00
State-bank circulat'n	1, 368, 271. 00	1, 280, 208. 00	1, 224, 470. 00	1, 188, 853. 00	1, 130, 585. 00
Dividends unpaid	1, 465, 993. 60	1, 462, 336. 77	1, 400, 491. 90	1, 402, 547. 89	1, 269, 474. 74
Individual deposits	656, 187, 551. 61	616, 848, 358. 25	641, 121, 775. 27	622, 685, 563. 29	540, 510, 602. 78
U. S. deposits	7, 044, 848. 34	7, 889, 957. 73	8, 691, 001. 95	7, 829, 327. 73	7, 680, 375. 26
Dep's U. S. dis. officers	5, 835, 696. 60	4, 425, 750. 14	6, 416, 275. 10	8, 098, 560. 13	4, 705, 593. 36
Due to national banks	134, 231, 842. 95	126, 631, 926. 24	137, 856, 985. 67	133, 672, 732. 94	114, 996, 666. 54
Due to State banks	38, 124, 803. 85	35, 036, 433. 18	40, 741, 788. 47	39, 298, 148. 14	36, 598, 076. 29
Notes rediscounted	5, 117, 810. 50	5, 403, 043. 38	5, 515, 900. 67	5, 987, 512. 36	3, 811, 487. 89
Bills payable	5, 672, 532. 75	7, 059, 128. 39	7, 215, 157. 04	5, 480, 554. 09	7, 754, 137. 41
Total	1,839,152,715. 21	1,800,363,280. 11	1,851,234,860. 38	1,830,627,845. 53	1,729,380,303. 16

1874.

Liabilities.	FEBRUARY 27.	MAY 1.	JUNE 26.	OCTOBER 2.	DECEMBER 31.
	1,975 banks.	1,978 banks.	1,983 banks.	2,004 banks.	2,027 banks.
Capital stock	$490, 859, 101. 00	$490, 077, 001. 00	$491, 003, 711. 00	$493, 765, 121. 00	$495, 802, 481. 00
Surplus fund	123, 497, 347. 20	125, 561, 081. 23	126, 239, 308. 41	128, 958, 106. 84	130, 485, 641. 37
Undivided profits	50, 236, 919. 88	54, 331, 713. 13	58, 332. 965. 71	51, 484, 437. 32	51, 477, 629. 33
Nat'l-bank circulat'n	339, 602, 955. 00	340, 267, 649. 00	338, 538, 743. 00	333, 225, 298. 00	331, 193, 159. 00
State-bank circulat'n	1, 078, 968. 00	1, 049, 286. 00	1, 009, 021. 00	964, 567. 00	860, 417. 00
Dividends unpaid	1, 291, 055. 63	2, 259, 129. 91	1, 242, 474. 81	3, 516, 276. 99	6, 088, 845. 01
Individual deposits	595, 350, 334. 90	649, 286, 298. 95	622, 863, 154. 44	669, 068, 995. 88	682, 846, 607. 45
U. S. deposits	7, 276, 959. 87	7, 994, 422. 27	7, 322, 830. 85	7, 302, 153. 58	7, 492, 307. 78
Dep's U. S. dis. officers	5, 034, 624. 46	3, 297, 689. 24	3, 238, 639. 20	3, 927, 828. 27	3, 579, 722. 94
Due to national banks	138, 435, 388. 39	135, 640, 418. 24	143, 033, 322. 25	125, 102, 049. 93	129, 188, 671. 42
Due to State banks	48, 112, 223. 40	48, 683, 924. 34	50, 227, 426. 18	50, 718, 007. 87	51, 629, 602. 36
Notes rediscounted	3, 448, 828. 92	4, 581, 420. 38	4, 436, 256. 22	4, 197, 372. 25	6, 365, 652. 97
Bills payable	4, 275, 002. 51	4, 772, 662. 59	4, 352, 560. 57	4, 950, 727. 51	5, 398, 900. 83
Total	1,808,500,529. 16	1,867,802,796. 28	1,851,840,913. 64	1,877,180,942. 44	1,902,409,638. 46

Aggregate Resources and Liabilities of the National

1875.

Resources.	MARCH 1.	MAY 1.	JUNE 30.	OCTOBER 1.	DECEMBER 17.
	2,029 banks.	2,046 banks.	2,070 banks.	2,088 banks.	2,086 banks.
Loans and discounts	$956,485,939.36	$971,835,298.74	$972,926,532.14	$984,691,434.40	$962,571,807.70
Bonds for circulation	380,682,650.00	378,026,900.00	375,127,900.00	370,321,700.00	363,618,100.00
Bonds for deposits	14,492,200.00	14,372,200.00	14,147,200.00	14,097,200.00	13,981,500.00
U. S. bonds on hand	18,062,150.00	14,297,650.00	12,753,000.00	13,989,950.00	16,009,550.00
Other stocks and b'ds	28,268,841.69	29,102,197.10	32,010,316.18	33,505,045.15	31,657,960.52
Due from res've ag'ts	89,991,175.34	80,620,878.75	89,738,903.73	85,701,259.82	81,462,682.27
Due from nat'l banks	44,720,394.11	46,079,597.57	48,513,388.86	47,028,763.13	44,831,891.48
Due from State banks	12,724,243.97	12,694,086.39	11,625,647.15	11,963,768.90	11,895,551.08
Real estate, etc	39,430,952.12	40,312,285.99	40,969,020.49	42,360,647.65	41,883,811.94
Current expenses	7,790,581.86	7,706,700.42	4,992,044.34	7,841,213.06	9,218,455.47
Premiums paid	9,006,880.92	8,434,453.14	8,742,393.83	8,070,091.18	9,442,801.54
Cash items	11,734,762.42	13,122,145.88	12,433,100.43	12,758,872.03	11,238,725.72
Clear'g-house exch'gs	81,127,790.39	116,970,819.05	88,924,025.93	75,142,863.45	67,886,967.04
Bills of other banks	18,909,397.00	19,504,640.00	24,261,961.00	18,528,837.00	17,166,190.00
Fractional currency	3,008,592.12	2,702,326.44	2,620,504.26	2,595,631.78	2,901,023.10
Specie	16,667,106.17	10,620,361.64	18,959,582.30	8,050,329.73	17,070,905.90
Legal-tender notes	78,508,170.00	84,015,928.00	87,492,895.00	76,458,734.00	70,725,077.00
U.S. cert's of deposit	37,200,000.00	38,615,000.00	47,310,000.00	48,810,000.00	31,005,000.00
Due from U. S. Treas.	21,007,919.76	21,454,422.29	19,640,785.52	19,686,960.30	19,202,256.68
Total	1,869,819,753.22	1,900,847,801.40	1,913,239,201.16	1,882,209,307.62	1,823,469,752.44

1876.

	MARCH 10.	MAY 12.	JUNE 30.	OCTOBER 2.	DECEMBER 22.
	2,091 banks.	2,089 banks.	2,091 banks	2,089 banks.	2,082 banks.
Loans and discounts	$950,205,555.62	$939,895,085.34	$933,686,530.45	$931,304,714.06	$929,066,408.42
Bonds for circulation	354,547,750.00	344,537,350.00	339,141,750.00	337,170,400.00	336,705,300.00
Bonds for deposits	14,216,500.00	14,128,000.00	14,328,000.00	14,698,000.00	14,757,000.00
U. S. bonds on hand	25,910,650.00	26,577,000.00	30,842,300.00	33,142,150.00	31,937,950.00
Other stocks and b'ds	30,425,430.43	30,905,195.82	32,482,805.75	34,445,157.18	31,565,914.50
Due from res've ag'ts	99,068,360.35	86,769,083.97	87,989,900.90	87,326,950.48	83,789,174.65
Due from nat'l banks	42,341,542.67	44,328,609.46	47,417,029.03	47,525,089.98	44,011,664.97
Due from State banks	11,180,562.15	11,262,193.96	10,980,507.95	12,061,283.08	12,415,841.97
Real estate, etc	41,937,617.25	42,183,958.78	42,722,415.27	43,121,942.01	43,498,445.49
Current expenses	8,296,207.85	6,820,573.35	5,025,549.38	6,987,644.46	9,818,422.33
Premiums paid	10,946,713.15	10,414,347.28	10,621,634.03	10,715,251.16	10,811,300.66
Cash items	9,517,868.86	9,693,186.37	11,724,592.67	12,043,139.68	10,658,709.26
Clear'g-house exch'gs	58,863,182.43	58,806,632.63	75,328,878.84	87,870,817.06	68,027,016.40
Bills of other banks	18,536,502.00	20,347,964.00	20,398,422.00	15,910,315.00	17,521,663.00
Fractional currency	3,215,594.30	2,771,886.26	1,987,897.44	1,417,203.66	1,146,741.94
Specie	29,077,345.85	21,714,594.36	25,218,469.92	21,360,767.42	32,999,647.89
Legal-tender notes	76,708,446.00	79,858,661.00	90,836,876.00	84,250,847.00	66,221,400.00
U. S. cert'e of deposit	30,805,000.00	27,380,000.00	27,955,000.00	26,770,000.00	26,095,000.00
Due from U. S. Treas.	18,479,112.79	16,911,680.20	17,063,407.65	16,743,695.40	16,359,491.73
Total	1,834,369,941.70	1,793,306,002.78	1,825,760,967.28	1,827,265,367.61	1,787,407,093.76

1877.

	JANUARY 20.	APRIL 14.	JUNE 22.	OCTOBER 1.	DECEMBER 28.
	2,083 banks.	2,073 banks.	2,078 banks.	2,080 banks.	2,074 banks.
Loans and discounts	$920,561,018.65	$911,946,833.88	$901,731,416.03	$891,920,593.54	$881,856,744.87
Bonds for circulation	337,590,700.00	339,658,100.00	337,754,100.00	336,810,950.00	343,869,550.00
Bonds for deposits	14,782,000.00	15,084,000.00	14,971,000.00	14,903,000.00	13,538,000.00
U. S. bonds on hand	31,988,650.00	32,964,250.00	32,344,050.00	30,088,700.00	28,479,800.00
Other stocks and b'ds	31,819,930.20	32,554,594.44	35,653,755.29	34,435,995.21	32,169,491.03
Due from res've ag'ts	88,698,308.85	84,942,718.41	82,132,099.96	73,284,123.12	75,960,087.27
Due from nat'l banks	44,844,016.88	42,027,778.81	44,567,303.63	45,217,246.82	44,123,924.97
Due from State banks	13,680,990.81	11,911,437.36	11,246,349.79	11,415,761.60	11,479,945.65
Real estate, etc	43,704,335.47	44,736,549.09	44,818,722.07	45,229,983.25	45,511,932.25
Current expenses	4,131,516.48	7,842,296.86	7,910,864.84	6,915,792.50	8,958,903.60
Premiums paid	10,991,714.50	10,494,505.12	10,320,674.34	9,219,174.62	8,841,939.09
Cash items	10,295,404.19	10,410,623.87	10,099,988.46	11,674,587.50	10,265,059.49
Clear'g-house exch'gs	81,117,889.04	85,159,422.74	57,861,481.13	74,525,215.89	64,664,415.01
Bills of other banks	18,418,727.00	17,942,693.00	20,182,948.00	15,531,467.00	20,312,692.00
Fractional currency	1,238,228.08	1,114,820.09	1,055,123.61	900,805.47	778,084.78
Specie	49,709,267.55	27,070,037.78	21,335,996.06	22,658,820.31	32,907,750.70
Legal-tender notes	72,689,710.00	72,351,573.00	78,004,336.00	66,920,684.00	70,568,248.00
U.S. cert'e of deposit	25,470,000.00	32,100,000.00	44,430,000.00	32,410,000.00	26,515,000.00
Due from U. S. Treas.	16,441,509.98	16,291,040.84	17,932,574.60	16,021,753.01	16,493,577.08
Total	1,818,174,517.68	1,796,603,275.29	1,774,352,833.81	1,741,084,663.84	1,737,295,145.79

BANKS FROM OCTOBER, 1863, TO JULY, 1896—Continued.

1875.

Liabilities.	MARCH 1.	MAY 1.	JUNE 30.	OCTOBER 1.	DECEMBER 17.
	2,029 banks.	2,046 banks.	2,076 banks.	2,088 banks.	2,086 banks.
Capital stock	$496,272,901.00	$498,717,143.00	$501,568,563.50	$504,829,769.00	$505,485,865.00
Surplus fund	131,249,079.47	131,604,608.66	133,169,094.79	134,356,076.41	133,085,422.30
Undivided profits	51,650,243.62	55,907,619.95	52,160,104.68	52,964,953.50	59,204,957.81
Nat'l bank circulat'n	324,525,349.00	323,321,230.00	318,148,406.00	318,350,379.00	314,979,451.00
State bank circulat'n	824,876.00	815,229.00	786,844.00	772,348.00	752,722.00
Dividends unpaid	1,601,255.48	2,501,742.39	6,105,519.34	4,008,534.90	1,353,396.80
Individual deposits	647,735,879.69	695,347,677.70	686,478,630.48	664,579,619.39	618,517,245.74
U. S. deposits	7,971,932.75	6,797,972.00	6,714,328.70	6,507,531.59	6,652,556.67
Dep's U.S. dis. officers	5,330,414.16	2,766,387.41	3,459,061.80	4,271,195.19	4,232,550.87
Due to national banks	137,735,121.44	127,280,034.02	138,914,828.39	129,810,681.60	119,843,665.44
Due to State banks	55,294,663.84	53,037,582.89	55,714,055.18	49,918,530.95	47,048,174.56
Notes rediscounted	4,841,600.20	5,671,031.44	4,261,464.45	5,254,453.66	5,257,160.61
Bills payable	4,786,436.57	6,079,632.94	5,758,299.85	6,590,234.43	7,056,583.64
Total	1,869,819,753.22	1,909,847,891.40	1,913,239,201.16	1,882,209,307.62	1,823,469,752.44

1876.

	MARCH 13.	MAY 12.	JUNE 30.	OCTOBER 2.	DECEMBER 22.
	2,091 banks.	2,089 banks.	2,091 banks.	2,089 banks.	2,082 banks.
Capital stock	$504,818,666.00	$500,982,006.00	$500,393,796.00	$499,802,232.00	$497,482,016.00
Surplus fund	133,001,739.50	131,795,199.94	131,897,197.21	132,202,232.00	131,390,664.67
Undivided profits	51,177,031.26	49,039,278.75	46,609,341.51	46,445,215.59	52,327,715.08
Nat'l bank circulat'n	307,476,155.00	300,252,085.00	294,444,678.00	291,544,020.00	292,011,575.00
State bank circulat'n	714,539.00	667,060.00	658,938.00	628,847.00	608,548.00
Dividends unpaid	1,405,829.06	2,325,523.51	6,116,679.30	3,848,705.64	1,286,540.28
Individual deposits	620,674,211.05	612,355,096.59	641,432,886.08	651,385,210.19	619,350,223.06
U. S. deposits	6,606,394.90	8,493,878.18	7,667,722.97	7,256,801.42	6,727,155.14
Dep's U.S. dis. officers	4,313,915.45	2,505,273.30	3,392,939.48	3,746,781.58	4,749,615.39
Due to national banks	139,407,880.06	127,880,045.04	131,702,164.87	131,535,969.04	122,351,818.09
Due to State banks	54,002,131.54	46,706,969.52	51,403,995.59	48,250,111.63	48,685,392.14
Notes rediscounted	4,631,882.57	4,653,460.08	3,867,622.24	4,464,407.31	4,553,158.76
Bills payable	6,049,566.31	5,050,126.87	6,173,006.03	6,154,784.21	5,882,672.15
Total	1,834,369,941.70	1,793,306,002.78	1,825,760,967.28	1,827,265,367.61	1,787,407,093.76

1877.

	JANUARY 20.	APRIL 14.	JUNE 22.	OCTOBER 1.	DECEMBER 28.
	2,083 banks.	2,073 banks.	2,078 banks.	2,080 banks.	2,074 banks.
Capital stock	$493,634,611.00	$489,684,645.00	$481,044,771.00	$479,467,771.00	$477,128,771.00
Surplus fund	130,224,169.02	127,793,320.52	124,714,072.93	122,776,121.24	121,618,455.32
Undivided profits	37,456,530.32	45,609,418.27	50,508,351.70	44,572,678.72	51,530,910.18
Nat'l bank circulat'n	292,851,351.00	294,710,313.00	290,002,057.00	291,874,236.00	299,240,475.00
State bank circulat'n	581,242.00	535,968.00	521,611.00	481,738.00	470,540.00
Dividends unpaid	2,448,909.70	1,853,974.79	1,398,101.52	3,623,703.43	1,404,178.34
Individual deposits	659,891,969.76	641,772,528.08	636,267,529.20	616,403,987.12	604,512,514.52
U. S. deposits	7,234,696.96	7,584,267.72	7,187,431.67	7,972,714.75	6,529,031.09
Dep's U.S. dis. officers	3,108,316.55	3,076,878.70	3,710,167.20	2,376,983.02	3,780,759.43
Due to national banks	130,293,566.36	125,422,444.43	121,443,601.23	115,028,954.38	115,773,660.58
Due to State banks	49,965,770.27	48,604,820.09	48,352,583.90	46,577,439.88	44,807,958.79
Notes rediscounted	4,000,063.82	3,985,459.75	2,953,128.58	3,791,219.47	4,654,784.51
Bills payable	6,483,320.92	5,969,241.94	6,249,426.88	6,137,116.83	5,843,107.03
Total	1,818,174,517.68	1,796,603,275.29	1,774,352,833.81	1,741,084,663.84	1,737,295,145.79

Aggregate Resources and Liabilities of the National

1878.

Resources.	MARCH 15.	MAY 1.	JUNE 29.	OCTOBER 1.	DECEMBER 6.
	2,063 banks.	2,059 banks.	2,056 banks.	2,053 banks.	2,055 banks.
Loans and discounts.	$854,750,708.87	$847,820,392.49	$835,078,133.13	$833,988,450.59	$826,017,451.87
Bonds for circulation	343,871,350.00	345,256,350.00	347,332,100.00	347,556,650.00	347,812,300.00
Bonds for deposits..	13,329,000.00	19,536,000.00	28,371,000.00	47,936,850.00	49,110,800.00
U. S. bonds on hand..	34,881,600.00	38,615,700.00	40,479,900.00	46,785,600.00	44,265,850.00
Other stocks and b'de	34,674,307.21	34,697,320.53	36,604,996.24	38,459,534.82	35,810,810.47
Due from res've ag'ts	86,016,990.78	71,831,219.27	78,875,055.92	85,083,418.51	81,739,137.00
Due from nat'l banks	39,692,105.87	40,545,522.72	41,897,858.89	41,492,918.75	43,144,220.68
Due from State banks	11,683,050.17	12,413,579.10	12,232,316.30	12,314,698.11	12,259,856.09
Real estate, etc.....	45,792,363.73	45,901,536.93	46,153,409.35	46,702,476.26	46,728,147.36
Current expenses ...	7,786,572.42	7,239,365.78	4,718,618.66	6,272,566.73	7,008,128.83
Premiums paid	7,806,252.00	7,574,255.95	7,335,454.49	7,134,735.68	6,978,768.71
Cash items	10,107,583.76	10,989,440.78	11,525,376.07	10,982,432.89	9,985,004.21
Clear'g-house exch'gs	66,498,985.23	95,525,134.28	87,498,287.82	82,372,537.58	61,993,260.11
Bills of other banks..	16,250,589.00	18,363,335.00	17,063,576.00	16,929,721.00	19,302,281.00
Fractional currency.	697,398.86	661,044.69	610,084.25	515,661.04	496,864.34
Specie	54,729,558.02	46,023,756.06	29,251,469.77	30,688,606.59	34,355,250.36
Legal-tender notes ..	64,034,972.00	67,245,975.00	71,643,402.00	64,428,600.00	64,672,762.00
U. S. cert'af deposit.	20,605,000.00	20,995,000.00	36,905,000.00	32,990,000.00	32,520,000.00
Due from U. S. Treas.	16,257,608.98	16,364,000.47	16,798,867.62	16,543,674.36	17,940,918.34
Total.....	1,729,405,956.90	1,741,898,959.05	1,750,464,706.51	1,767,279,133.21	1,742,826,837.37

1879.

	JANUARY 1.	APRIL 4.	JUNE 14.	OCTOBER 2.	DECEMBER 12.
	2,051 banks.	2,048 banks.	2,048 banks.	2,048 banks.	2,052 banks.
Loans and discounts.	$823,906,765.68	$814,653,422.69	$835,875,012.36	$878,503,097.45	$933,543,661.93
Bonds for circulation	347,118,300.00	348,487,700.00	352,208,000.00	357,313,300.00	364,272,700.00
Bonds for deposits..	66,507,350.00	309,348,450.00	257,038,200.00	18,204,650.00	14,788,800.00
U. S. bonds on hand .	44,257,250.00	54,601,750.00	62,180,300.00	52,942,100.00	40,677,500.00
Other stocks and b'ds	35,569,400.93	36,747,129.40	37,617,015.13	39,671,916.50	38,836,369.80
Due from res've ag'ts	77,925,068.68	74,003,830.40	93,443,463.95	107,023,546.81	102,742,452.54
Due from nat'l banks	44,101,948.46	39,143,388.90	48,192,531.93	46,692,994.78	55,352,459.82
Due from State banks	11,892,540.26	10,535,252.99	11,256,520.45	13,630,772.63	14,425,072.00
Real estate, etc	47,091,964.70	47,461,614.54	47,796,103.26	47,817,168.36	47,992,332.99
Current expenses ...	4,033,024.67	6,693,668.43	6,913,430.46	6,111,256.56	7,474,082.10
Premiums paid	6,366,048.85	6,609,390.80	5,674,497.80	4,332,419.63	4,150,836.17
Cash items.....	13,564,550.25	10,011,294.64	10,209,982.43	11,306,132.48	10,377,272.77
Clear'g-house exch'gs	100,035,237.82	63,712,445.55	83,152,359.49	12,964,964.25	112,172,677.95
Bills of other banks.	19,535,588.00	17,068,505.00	16,685,484.00	16,707,550.00	16,406,218.00
Fractional currency.	475,538.50	467,177.47	446,217.26	396,065.06	374,227.02
Specie.....	41,499,757.32	41,148,563.41	42,333,257.44	42,173,731.23	79,013,041.59
Legal-tender notes..	70,561,233.00	64,461,231.00	67,059,152.00	69,196,696.00	54,715,096.00
U. S. cert'of deposit.	28,915,000.00	21,885,000.00	25,180,000.00	26,770,000.00	10,860,000.00
Due from U. S. Treas.	17,175,435.13	17,029,121.31	16,620,986.20	17,029,065.45	17,054,816.40
Total.....	1,800,592,002.25	1,984,068,936.53	2,019,884,549.16	1,868,787,428.19	1,925,229,617.08

1880.

	FEBRUARY 21.	APRIL 23.	JUNE 11.	OCTOBER 1.	DECEMBER 31.
	2,061 banks.	2,075 banks.	2,076 banks.	2,090 banks.	2,095 banks.
Loans and discounts.	$974,295,360.70	$992,970,823.10	$994,712,646.41	$1,040,977,267.53	$1,071,356,141.79
Bonds for circulation	361,901,700.00	361,274,650.00	359,512,050.00	357,789,350.00	358,042,550.00
Bonds for deposits..	14,917,000.00	14,722,000.00	14,727,000.00	14,827,000.00	14,726,500.00
U. S. bonds on hand.	36,798,600.00	29,509,600.00	28,605,800.00	28,793,400.00	25,016,400.00
Other stocks and b'ds	41,223,583.33	42,494,927.73	44,947,345.75	48,863,150.22	48,628,372.77
Due from res've ag'ts	117,791,386.81	103,964,220.84	115,935,668.27	134,562,778.70	126,155,014.40
Due from nat'l banks	53,230,034.03	54,493,465.09	56,578,444.69	63,023,796.84	69,079,326.15
Due from State banks	14,501,152.51	13,293,775.94	13,861,582.77	15,881,197.74	17,111,241.03
Real estate, etc	47,845,915.77	47,808,207.09	47,979,244.53	48,045,832.54	47,784,461.47
Current expenses ...	6,404,743.54	7,007,404.19	6,778,829.19	6,380,182.01	4,442,440.02
Premiums paid.....	3,908,059.27	3,791,703.33	3,702,354.50	3,488,470.11	3,288,602.63
Cash items.....	10,320,274.51	9,857,645.34	9,960,179.32	12,729,002.19	14,713,923.02
Clear'g-house exch'gs	166,736,402.64	99,357,056.41	122,390,409.45	121,095,249.72	229,733,904.59
Bills of other banks.	15,369,257.00	21,064,504.00	21,908,193.00	18,210,943.00	21,549,367.00
Fractional currency.	397,187.23	395,747.67	387,226.13	367,171.73	389,921.75
Specie.....	89,442,051.75	86,429,732.21	99,506,505.26	109,346,509.49	107,172,900.92
Legal-tender notes..	55,229,408.00	61,048,941.00	64,470,717.00	56,640,458.00	59,216,934.00
U. S. cert'eof deposit.	10,760,000.00	7,890,000.00	12,510,000.00	7,655,000.00	6,150,000.00
Due from U. S. Treas.	16,994,381.37	17,226,060.01	16,999,083.78	17,103,866.00	17,125,822.37
Total.....	2,038,066,498.46	1,974,600,472.95	2,035,493,280.15	2,105,786,025.82	2,241,683,829.91

BANKS FROM OCTOBER, 1863, TO JULY, 1896—Continued.

1878.

Liabilities.	MARCH 15.	MAY 1.	JUNE 29.	OCTOBER 1.	DECEMBER 6.
	2,063 banks.	2,059 banks.	2,056 banks.	2,053 banks.	2,055 banks.
Capital stock	$473,952,541.00	$471,971,027.00	$470,393,366.00	$466,147,436.00	$464,874,996.00
Surplus fund	120,870,290.10	119,231,126.13	118,178,530.75	116,897,779.98	116,402,118.84
Undivided profits	45,040,851.85	43,938,961.98	40,482,522.64	40,936,213.58	44,040,171.84
Nat'l bank circulat'n	300,926,284.00	301,884,704.00	299,621,059.00	301,888,092.00	303,324,733.00
State bank circulat'n	439,339.00	426,504.00	417,808.00	413,913.00	400,715.00
Dividends unpaid	1,207,472.68	1,930,669.58	5,466,350.52	3,118,389.91	1,473,784.86
Individual deposits	602,882,585.17	625,479,771.12	621,632,160.06	620,236,176.82	598,805,775.56
U. S. deposits	7,243,253.29	13,811,474.14	22,686,619.67	41,654,812.08	40,269,825.72
Dep's U.S.dis.officers	3,004,064.90	2,392,281.61	2,903,531.99	3,342,794.73	3,451,436.56
Due to national banks	123,239,448.50	109,720,396.70	117,845,495.88	122,496,513.92	120,261,774.54
Due to State banks	43,979,239.39	44,006,551.05	43,360,527.86	42,636,703.42	41,767,755.07
Notes rediscounted	2,465,360.79	2,834,012.00	2,453,839.77	3,007,324.85	3,228,132.93
Bills payable	4,215,196.23	4,270,879.74	5,022,894.37	4,502,982.92	4,525,617.45
Total	1,729,465,956.90	1,741,898,959.05	1,750,464,706.51	1,767,279,133.21	1,742,826,837.37

1879.

	JANUARY 1.	APRIL 4.	JUNE 14.	OCTOBER 2.	DECEMBER 12.
	2,051 banks.	2,048 banks.	2,048 banks.	2,048 banks.	2,052 banks.
Capital stock	$462,031,396.00	$455,611,362.00	$455,244,415.00	$454,067,365.00	$454,498,515.00
Surplus fund	116,200,863.52	114,823,316.49	114,321,375.87	114,786,528.10	115,429,031.93
Undivided profits	36,836,269.21	40,812,777.69	45,802,845.82	41,300,941.40	47,573,820.75
Nat'l bank circulat'n	303,506,470.00	304,467,139.00	307,328,695.00	313,786,342.00	321,949,154.00
State bank circulat'n	388,368.00	352,452.00	339,927.00	325,954.00	322,502.00
Dividends unpaid	5,816,348.82	2,158,516.79	1,309,059.13	2,658,337.46	1,305,480.45
Individual deposits	643,337,745.26	598,822,694.02	648,934,141.42	719,737,568.89	755,459,966.01
U. S. deposits	59,701,222.90	303,463,505.69	248,421,340.25	11,018,862.74	6,923,323.97
Dep's U.S.dis.officers	3,556,801.25	2,689,189.44	3,682,320.67	3,469,600.02	3,893,217.43
Due to national banks	118,311,635.60	110,481,176.38	137,360,091.60	149,200,257.16	152,484,079.44
Due to State banks	44,035,787.56	43,709,770.14	50,403,064.54	52,022,453.99	59,232,391.93
Notes rediscounted	2,926,434.95	2,224,491.91	2,226,396.39	2,205,015.54	2,116,484.47
Bills payable	3,942,659.18	4,452,544.48	4,510,876.47	4,208,201.89	4,041,649.70
Total	1,800,592,002.25	1,984,068,936.53	2,019,884,549.16	1,868,787,428.19	1,925,229,617.08

1880.

	FEBRUARY 21.	APRIL 23.	JUNE 11.	OCTOBER 1.	DECEMBER 31.
	2,061 banks.	2,075 banks.	2,076 banks.	2,090 banks.	2,095 banks.
Capital stock	$454,548,585.00	$456,097,935.00	$455,909,565.00	$457,553,985.00	$458,540,085.00
Surplus fund	117,044,043.03	117,299,350.09	118,102,014.11	120,518,583.43	121,824,629.03
Undivided profits	42,863,804.95	48,226,087.61	50,443,635.45	46,139,690.24	47,946,741.64
Nat'l bank circulat'n	320,303,874.00	320,759,472.00	318,088,562.00	317,350,036.00	317,484,496.00
State bank circulat'n	303,452.00	299,790.00	290,738.00	271,045.00	258,499.00
Dividends unpaid	1,365,001.91	1,542,447.98	1,330,179.85	3,452,504.17	6,198,238.38
Individual deposits	848,926,599.86	791,555,059.63	833,701,034.20	873,537,637.07	1,006,452,852.82
U. S. deposits	7,856,791.97	7,925,988.37	7,680,905.47	7,548,538.67	7,898,100.94
Dep's U.S.dis.officers	3,069,880.74	3,220,606.64	3,026,757.34	3,344,386.62	3,489,501.01
Due to national banks	170,245,061.08	157,209,759.14	171,462,131.23	192,124,705.10	192,413,295.78
Due to State banks	65,439,334.51	63,317,107.96	67,938,795.35	75,735,677.06	71,185,817.08
Notes rediscounted	1,918,788.88	2,616,900.55	2,258,544.72	3,178,232.50	3,354,697.18
Bills payable	4,181,280.55	4,529,967.98	5,260,417.43	5,031,604.96	4,636,876.05
Total	2,038,666,498.46	1,974,600,472.95	2,035,493,280.15	2,105,786,625.82	2,241,683,829.91

Aggregate Resources and Liabilities of the National

1881.

Resources.	MARCH 11.	MAY 6.	JUNE 30.	OCTOBER 1.	DECEMBER 31.
	2,094 banks.	2,102 banks.	2,115 banks.	2,132 banks.	2,164 banks.
Loans and discounts.	$1,073,786,749.70	$1,093,649,382.18	$1,144,988,949.45	$1,173,796,083.09	$1,109,177,557.16
Bonds for circulation	339,811,950.00	352,653,500.00	358,287,500.00	363,385,500.00	368,735,700.00
Bonds for deposits ..	14,851,500.00	15,240,000.00	15,205,000.00	15,540,000.00	15,715,000.00
U. S. bonds on hand .	46,626,150.00	44,116,500.00	48,584,950.00	40,806,750.00	31,884,000.00
Other stocks and b'ds	49,545,154.62	52,908,123.98	58,049,292.63	61,952,402.95	62,663,218.93
Due from res've ag'ts	120,820,691.09	128,017,627.03	156,258,037.05	132,968,183.12	123,530,465.75
Due from nat'l banks	62,295,517.34	63,176,225.67	75,703,599.78	78,505,446.17	77,633,902.77
Due from State banks	17,032,261.64	16,938,734.56	18,850,775.34	19,306,820.62	17,644,704.62
Real estate, etc	47,525,790.02	47,791,348.36	47,834,060.20	47,329,111.10	47,445,050.46
Current expenses ...	7,810,930.83	6,096,109.78	4,235,911.19	6,731,936.48	4,647,101.04
Premiums paid.....	8,530,516.71	4,024,763.60	4,115,080.01	4,138,485.71	3,891,728.72
Cash items	10,144,682.87	11,826,603.16	13,534,227.31	14,831,379.30	17,337,964.78
Clear'g-house exch'gs	147,701,543.96	190,633,658.01	143,930,246.84	189,222,255.05	217,214,827.10
Bills of other banks .	17,733,032.00	25,120,933.00	21,631,932.00	17,732,712.00	24,190,534.00
Fractional currency.	380,566.83	386,950.21	372,140.23	373,945.96	366,361.52
Specie	105,150,195.24	122,628,562.08	128,638,927.50	114,334,736.12	113,080,639.60
Legal-tender notes ..	52,156,439.00	62,516,296.00	58,728,713.00	53,158,441.00	60,104,387.00
U. S. cert's of deposit	6,120,000.00	8,045,000.00	9,540,000.00	6,740,000.00	7,930,000.00
Due from U. S. Treas.	17,015,269.83	18,456,600.14	17,251,868.22	17,472,595.96	18,097,923.40
Total.....	2,140,110,944.78	2,270,226,817.76	2,325,832,700.75	2,358,387,391.59	2,381,890,866.85

1882.

Resources.	MARCH 11.	MAY 19.	JULY 1.	OCTOBER 3.	DECEMBER 30.
	2,187 banks.	2,224 banks.	2,239 banks.	2,269 banks.	2,308 banks.
Loans and discounts.	$1,182,661,609.53	$1,189,094,830.35	$1,208,932,655.92	$1,243,203,210.08	$1,230,458,213.97
Bonds for circulation	367,333,700.00	360,153,800.00	355,789,550.00	357,631,750.00	357,047,650.00
Bonds for deposits ..	16,093,000.00	15,920,000.00	15,920,000.00	16,111,000.00	16,344,000.00
U. S. bonds on hand .	28,523,450.00	29,662,700.00	27,242,550.00	21,314,750.00	15,492,150.00
Other stocks and b'ds	64,430,686.18	65,274,999.32	66,691,399.56	66,168,916.64	66,998,620.36
Due from res've ag'ts	117,452,719.75	124,189,945.23	118,455,012.38	113,277,227.87	122,066,106.75
Due from nat'l banks	68,301,645.12	66,883,512.75	75,366,970.74	68,516,841.06	76,073,227.76
Due from State banks	15,921,432.07	16,890,174.92	16,344,683.66	17,105,468.44	18,405,748.49
Real estate, etc.....	47,073,247.45	46,956,574.28	46,425,351.40	46,537,066.41	46,993,408.41
Current expenses ...	8,494,036.21	6,774,571.86	3,030,464.69	7,238,270.17	5,130,505.53
Premiums paid.....	3,762,382.59	5,062,314.52	5,494,224.35	6,515,155.03	6,472,585.82
Cash items	13,308,120.70	12,295,256.96	20,166,327.35	14,784,025.21	16,281,315.67
Clear'g-house exch'gs	162,088,077.94	107,270,094.71	159,114,220.08	208,366,540.08	155,951,194.81
Bills of other banks .	19,440,089.00	25,226,186.00	21,405,758.00	20,689,425.00	25,344,775.00
Fractional currency.	389,508.07	390,236.36	373,725.83	396,367.64	401,314.70
Specie.....	109,984,111.04	112,415,806.73	111,694,262.54	102,857,778.27	106,427,159.40
Legal-tender notes ..	56,633,572.00	65,969,522.00	64,019,518.00	64,313,517.00	68,478,421.00
U. S. cert's of deposit	9,445,000.00	10,395,000.00	11,045,000.00	8,645,000.00	8,475,000.00
Due from U. S. Treas.	17,720,701.07	17,099,385.14	16,830,407.40	17,161,367.94	17,954,069.42
Total.....	2,309,057,088.72	2,277,924,911.13	2,344,342,686.90	2,399,833,676.84	2,360,793,467.09

1883.

Resources.	MARCH 13.	MAY 1.	JUNE 22.	OCTOBER 2.	DECEMBER 31.
	2,343 banks.	2,375 banks.	2,417 banks.	2,501 banks.	2,529 banks.
Loans and discounts.	$1,249,114,879.43	$1,262,339,981.87	$1,285,591,902.19	$1,309,244,781.64	$1,307,491,250.34
Bonds for circulation	354,746,500.00	354,480,250.00	354,002,900.00	351,412,850.00	345,595,800.00
Bonds for deposits ..	16,799,000.00	16,949,000.00	17,116,000.00	17,081,000.00	16,846,000.00
U. S. bonds on hand .	17,850,100.00	15,870,600.00	16,978,150.00	13,533,050.00	13,151,250.00
Other stocks and b'ds	68,428,685.67	68,340,590.79	68,552,073.03	71,114,031.11	71,509,421.62
Due from res've ag't's	121,024,154.60	109,306,823.23	126,646,954.62	124,918,728.71	126,999,606.92
Due from nat'l banks	67,263,503.86	68,477,918.02	66,164,638.21	65,714,229.44	77,902,786.07
Due from State banks	16,993,341.72	19,382,129.33	19,451,498.16	18,266,275.05	19,402,047.12
Real estate, etc.....	47,063,305.68	47,155,909.80	47,502,163.52	48,337,665.02	49,540,760.35
Current expenses ...	8,949,615.28	7,754,958.86	8,829,278.26	8,808,327.30	4,878,318.44
Premiums paid.....	7,420,939.84	7,798,445.04	8,079,726.01	8,064,073.60	8,647,252.98
Cash items	11,360,731.07	15,461,050.16	11,109,701.18	13,581,049.94	17,491,804.43
Clear'g-house exch'gs	107,790,065.17	145,930,998.18	90,792,075.08	96,353,211.76	134,545,273.98
Bills of other banks .	19,739,526.00	22,655,833.00	26,279,856.00	22,675,447.00	28,809,699.00
Fractional currency.	431,931.15	446,318.94	456,447.36	443,951.12	427,754.35
Specie.....	97,962,366.34	103,607,266.32	115,354,394.62	107,817,983.53	114,276,158.04
Legal-tender notes ..	60,848,068.00	68,256,468.00	73,832,458.00	70,672,997.00	80,559,796.00
U. S. cert's of deposit	8,405,000.00	8,420,000.00	10,685,000.00	9,970,000.00	10,840,000.00
Due from U. S. Treas.	16,726,451.30	17,497,694.31	17,407,906.20	16,586,712.60	16,865,938.85
Total.....	2,298,918,165.11	2,360,192,235.85	2,364,833,122.44	2,372,656,364.82	2,445,880,017.49

BANKS FROM OCTOBER, 1863, TO JULY, 1896—Continued.

1881.

Liabilities.	MARCH 11.	MAY 6.	JUNE 30.	OCTOBER 1.	DECEMBER 31.
	2,094 banks.	2,102 banks.	2,115 banks.	2,132 banks.	2,164 banks.
Capital stock	$458,254,935.00	$459,039,205.00	$460,227,835.00	$463,821,985.00	$465,859,835.00
Surplus fund	122,470,996.73	124,405,926.91	126,679,517.97	128,140,617.75	129,867,493.92
Undivided profits	54,072,225.49	54,906,090.47	54,684,137.16	56,372,190.92	54,221,816.10
Nat'l-bank circulat'n	298,590,802.00	309,737,193.00	312,223,352.00	320,200,069.00	325,018,161.00
State-bank circulat'n	252,765.00	252,647.00	242,967.00	244,399.00	241,701.00
Dividends unpaid	1,402,118.43	2,617,134.37	5,871,595.59	3,836,445.84	6,372,737.13
Individual deposits	933,392,430.75	1,027,040,514.10	1,031,731,043.42	1,070,997,431.71	1,102,679,153.71
U. S. deposits	7,381,149.25	9,504,081.25	8,971,826.73	8,476,689.74	8,796,678.73
Dep's U.S. dis. officers	3,839,324.77	3,371,512.48	3,272,610.45	3,631,803.41	3,595,726.83
Due to nat'l banks	181,677,285.37	191,250,091.90	223,503,034.19	205,862,045.80	197,252,326.01
Due to State banks	71,579,477.47	80,700,506.06	91,035,599.65	89,047,471.00	79,380,429.38
Notes rediscounted	2,616,203.05	2,908,370.45	2,220,053.02	3,091,165.30	4,122,472.79
Bills payable	4,581,231.47	4,493,544.77	5,169,128.57	4,664,077.12	4,482,325.25
Total	2,140,110,944.78	2,270,226,817.76	2,325,832,700.75	2,358,387,391.59	2,381,890,866.85

1882.

Liabilities.	MARCH 11.	MAY 19.	JULY 1.	OCTOBER 3.	DECEMBER 30.
	2,187 banks.	2,224 banks.	2,239 banks.	2,269 banks.	2,308 banks.
Capital stock	$469,390,232.00	$473,819,124.00	$477,184,390.00	$483,104,213.00	$484,883,492.00
Surplus fund	130,924,139.66	129,233,358.24	131,079,251.16	131,977,450.77	135,930,969.31
Undivided profits	60,475,764.98	62,345,199.19	53,128,817.73	61,180,310.53	55,343,816.94
Nat'l-bank circulat'n	323,651,577.00	315,671,236.00	308,921,898.00	314,721,215.00	315,230,925.00
State-bank circulat'n	241,527.00	241,319.00	235,173.00	221,177.00	207,273.00
Dividends unpaid	1,418,119.12	1,950,554.88	6,634,372.20	3,153,836.30	6,805,057.82
Individual deposits	1,036,595,098.20	1,001,681,693.74	1,066,707,248.75	1,122,472,682.46	1,066,901,719.85
U. S. deposits	8,853,242.16	9,741,133.36	9,817,224.44	8,817,411.21	9,622,303.56
Dep's U.S. dis. officers	3,372,363.96	3,493,252.88	2,867,385.63	3,627,846.72	3,786,262.20
Due to nat'l banks	187,433,824.90	192,067,865.26	194,868,025.46	180,075,749.77	194,491,260.60
Due to State banks	78,359,675.85	78,911,787.20	84,066,023.66	79,885,652.22	77,031,165.82
Notes rediscounted	3,912,992.38	3,754,044.38	4,195,210.99	5,747,614.68	6,703,164.45
Bills payable	4,428,531.51	5,008,343.00	5,637,665.88	4,848,517.18	3,856,056.54
Total	2,309,057,088.72	2,277,924,911.13	2,344,342,686.90	2,399,833,676.84	2,360,793,467.09

1883.

Liabilities.	MARCH 13.	MAY 1.	JUNE 22.	OCTOBER 2.	DECEMBER 31.
	2,343 banks.	2,375 banks.	2,417 banks.	2,501 banks.	2,529 banks.
Capital stock	$490,456,932.00	$493,963,069.00	$500,298,312.00	$509,699,787.00	$511,837,575.00
Surplus fund	136,922,884.44	137,775,004.39	138,331,902.06	141,991,789.18	144,800,252.13
Undivided profits	59,340,913.64	60,739,878.85	68,354,157.15	61,560,652.04	58,787,945.91
Nat'l-bank circulat'n	312,778,053.00	313,549,993.00	311,963,302.00	310,517,857.00	304,994,131.00
State-bank circulat'n	206,779.00	198,162.00	189,253.00	184,357.00	181,121.00
Dividends unpaid	1,389,092.26	2,849,629.87	1,454,232.01	3,229,226.31	7,082,682.28
Individual deposits	1,004,111,490.55	1,067,962,238.35	1,043,137,763.11	1,049,437,700.57	1,106,453,008.23
U. S. deposits	9,613,873.33	11,624,894.57	10,130,757.88	10,183,196.85	10,026,777.79
Dep's U.S. dis. officers	3,787,225.31	3,618,114.79	3,743,326.56	3,980,259.28	3,768,862.04
Due to nat'l banks	191,296,859.14	180,445,876.92	194,150,676.43	186,828,676.27	200,807,280.00
Due to State banks	80,251,968.26	78,544,128.82	84,744,666.35	83,602,073.01	84,776,421.66
Notes rediscounted	5,101,458.69	5,557,183.69	5,197,514.12	7,387,537.40	8,248,562.67
Bills payable	3,660,724.79	3,364,061.60	3,137,259.77	4,053,252.81	4,106,297.73
Total	2,298,918,165.11	2,360,192,235.85	2,364,833,122.44	2,372,656,364.82	2,445,880,917.49

Aggregate Resources and Liabilities of the National

1884.

Resources.	MARCH 7.	APRIL 24.	JUNE 20.	SEPTEMBER 30.	DECEMBER 20.
	2,563 banks.	2,589 banks.	2,625 banks.	2,661 banks.	2,664 banks.
Loans and discounts.	$1,321,548,289.62	$1,338,433,230.54	$1,269,862,985.96	$1,245,294,093.37	$1,234,202,226.44
Bonds for circulation	339,816,150,00	337,342,900.00	334,846,350.00	327,456,000.00	317,586,050.00
Bonds for deposits..	16,850,000.00	17,136,000.00	17,000,000.00	10,840,000.00	16,740,000.00
U. S. bonds on hand.	18,672,250.00	15,660,400.00	14,143,000.00	13,679,000.00	12,305,900.00
Other stocks and b'ds	73,155,984.60	78,424,815.97	72,572,306.93	71,363,477.46	73,449,352.07
Due from ree've ag't's	138,705,012.74	122,491,957.98	95,247,152.62	111,993,019.65	121,161,976.80
Due from nat'l banks	64,638,322.58	68,031,209.90	64,891,070.13	6,335,544.57	69,459,824.45
Due from State banks	17,937,976.35	18,145,827.81	16,306,500.91	15,833,982.96	18,320,912.01
Real estate, etc.....	49,418,805.02	49,607,126.87	50,149,083.90	49,900,836.91	49,889,930.06
Current expenses ...	7,813,880.56	8,054,296.82	8,866,558.09	6,913,508.85	9,070,996.14
Premiums paid.....	9,742,601.42	9,826,386.76	10,605,343.49	11,632,031.68	11,923,447.15
Cash items.....	11,383,792.57	11,237,975.71	11,382,292.69	13,103,098.55	11,924,152.89
Cl'g-house loan cert's	.....	.....	10,335,000.00	1,600,000.00	1,870,000.00
Clear'g-house exc'ges.	68,403,373.30	83,531,472.58	69,498,913.13	66,257,118.15	75,195,955.05
Bills of other banks.	23,485,124.00	26,525,120.00	23,386,695.00	23,256,854.00	22,377,905.00
Fractional currency.	491,067.76	489,802.51	473,046.66	469,023.89	456,778.26
Specie.....	122,080,127.33	114,744,707.09	109,661,682.11	128,600,474.73	139,747,079.53
Legal-tender notes ..	75,847,095.00	77,712,628.00	76,917,212.00	77,044,659.00	76,369,555.00
U. S. cert's of deposit	14,045,000.00	11,890,000.00	9,870,000.00	14,200,000.00	19,040,000.00
Due from U. S. Treas.	16,465,785.66	17,468,976.58	17,022,999.34	17,739,900.28	15,442,300.52
Total.....	2,300,500,638.51	2,396,813,834.92	2,282,598,742.86	2,279,493,880.07	2,207,143,474.27

1885.

Resources.	MARCH 10.	MAY 6.	JULY 1.	OCTOBER 1.	DECEMBER 24.
	2,671 banks.	2,678 banks.	2,689 banks.	2,714 banks.	2,732 banks.
Loans and discounts.	$1,232,327,453.60	$1,241,450,640.79	$1,257,655,547.92	$1,306,143,990.48	$1,343,517,559.98
Bonds for circulation	313,106,200.00	312,168,500.00	310,102,200.00	307,657,050.00	304,776,750.00
Bonds for deposit ...	16,815,000.00	16,740,000.00	17,607,000.00	17,457,000.00	18,012,000.00
U. S. bonds on hand.	14,607,650.00	14,769,250.00	14,588,800.00	14,329,400.00	12,665,750.00
Other stocks and b'ds	75,152,919.35	75,019,208.99	77,240,159.42	77,495,230.25	77,533,841.38
Due from res've ag'ts	136,462,273.26	130,903,103.77	132,733,904.34	138,378,515.15	139,239,444.80
Due from nat'l banks	66,442,054.87	67,866,656.57	77,220,972.29	78,967,697.86	79,452,300.67
Due from State banks	17,522,822.65	17,348,832.11	17,180,008.46	17,987,891.44	18,553,846.46
Real estate, etc.....	49,699,501.42	49,886,378.87	50,729,896.08	51,293,801.16	51,963,062.01
Current expenses...	7,877,320.27	7,096,268.06	3,533,759.49	6,853,392.72	9,416,971.01
Premiums paid.....	12,330,437.60	12,356,982.70	12,690,663.41	12,511,333.41	11,802,199.86
Cash items.....	11,228,856.82	11,276,626.48	17,214,373.52	14,347,579.53	12,810,187.64
Cl'g-house loan cert'e	1,530,000.00	1,430,000.00	1,380,000.00	1,110,000.00	630,000.00
Clear'g-house exc'ge.	59,085,781.99	72,259,129.39	113,158,675.32	84,926,730.76	92,351,206.77
Bills of other banks.	22,013,314.00	26,217,171.00	23,465,388.00	23,062,765.00	23,178,052.00
Fractional currency.	519,529.96	513,200.12	489,927.18	477,055.17	415,982.54
Trade dollars	.....	.....	.....	1,605,763.09	1,670,961.77
Specie.....	167,115,873.67	177,433,119.30	177,612,492.02	174,872,572.54	165,354,352.37
Legal-tender notes ..	71,017,322.00	77,336,009.00	79,701,352.00	69,738,119.00	67,585,466.00
U. S. cert's of deposit	22,760,000.00	19,135,000.00	22,920,000.00	18,800,000.00	11,765,000.00
Due from U. S. Treas.	15,079,935.80	15,473,270.84	14,617,897.02	14,897,114.24	14,981,021.79
Total.....	2,312,744,247.35	2,346,682,452.99	2,421,852,016.47	2,432,913,002.38	2,457,675,256.13

1886.

Resources.	MARCH 1.	JUNE 3.	AUGUST 27.	OCTOBER 7.	DECEMBER 28.
	2,768 banks.	2,809 banks.	2,849 banks.	2,852 banks.	2,875 banks.
Loans and discounts.	$1,367,705,252.80	$1,398,552,099.71	$1,421,547,199.22	$1,450,957,054.93	$1,470,157,681.13
Bonds for circulation	286,661,400.00	279,414,400.00	270,315,850.00	258,498,950.00	228,384,350.00
Bonds for deposit ...	18,637,000.00	18,810,000.00	19,984,900.00	20,105,900.00	21,040,900.00
U. S. bonds on hand.	16,580,050.00	12,535,550.00	14,368,950.00	12,326,500.00	10,576,200.00
Other stocks and b'ds	80,227,388.98	83,347,119.93	82,439,901.64	81,825,266.40	81,431,000.66
Due from res've ag'ts	142,805,686.91	133,027,136.53	143,715,221.45	140,764,579.01	142,117,979.28
Due from nat'l banks	76,893,579.67	77,632,198.47	78,091,411.58	80,526,941.15	88,271,197.66
Due from State banks	18,834,235.88	17,720,924.26	18,387,215.76	20,140,256.27	21,465,427.08
Real estate, etc.....	52,262,718.07	53,117,564.42	53,834,583.58	54,090,070.94	54,763,530.37
Current expenses ...	7,705,850.57	8,684,672.33	5,837,175.21	7,438,741.12	10,283,007.79
Premiums paid.....	12,237,689.15	13,298,269.23	13,641,463.72	14,303,529.55	15,160,621.67
Cash items	15,135,538.48	12,181,455.80	10,408,981.58	13,277,169.64	13,218,973.44
Cl'g-house loan cert's	505,000.00	205,000.00	85,000.00	.....	.....
Clear'g-house exc'ge.	99,923,656.84	76,140,330.60	62,474,605.90	95,536,941.15	70,525,126.92
Bills of other banks..	20,503,303.00	25,129,938.00	21,602,661.00	22,734,085.00	26,132,330.00
Fractional currency.	470,175.18	452,331.34	451,308.89	434,220.93	447,833.09
Trade dollars.....	1,681,530.65	1,713,384.35	1,857,041.56	1,889,794.55	1,827,304.20
Specie.....	171,615,910.39	157,459,870.49	149,000,492.10	156,387,696.00	166,983,556.01
Legal-tender notes..	67,014,886.00	79,656,788.00	64,039,751.00	62,812,322.00	67,739,828.00
U. S. cert's of deposit	12,430,000.00	11,850,000.00	8,115,000.00	5,855,000.00	6,195,000.00
5% fund with Treas.	12,953,248.20	12,198,526.43	11,868,912.52	11,358,014.97	10,056,128.39
Due from U. S. Treas.	1,513,019.67	1,416,892.00	1,599,303.36	2,592,042.94	975,376.96
Total.....	2,494,337,129.44	2,474,544,481.89	2,453,666,930.07	2,513,854,751.17	2,507,753,912.95

BANKS FROM OCTOBER, 1863, TO JULY, 1896—Continued.

1884.

Liabilities.	MARCH 7.	APRIL 24.	JUNE 20.	SEPTEMBER 30.	DECEMBER 20.
	2,563 banks.	2,589 banks.	2,625 banks.	2,664 banks.	2,664 banks.
Capital stock	$515,725,005.00	$518,471,844.00	$522,515,996.00	$524,271,345.00	$524,089,065.00
Surplus fund	145,741,679.90	146,047,958.07	145,763,416.17	147,055,037.85	146,867,119.06
Undivided profits	63,044,861.56	67,450,459.00	70,597,487.21	63,234,237.62	70,711,369.95
Nat'l-bank circulat'n	298,791,610.00	297,506,243.00	295,175,334.00	289,775,123.00	280,197,043.00
State-bank circulat'n	180,589.00	180,576.00	179,666.00	179,653.00	174,645.00
Dividends unpaid	1,422,901.91	1,415,889.58	1,384,686.71	3,686,160.33	1,331,421.54
Individual deposits	1,046,056,167.90	1,060,778,388.06	979,020,349.63	975,243,795.14	987,649,055.68
U. S. deposits	9,956,875.24	11,233,495.77	10,530,759.44	10,367,909.92	10,655,803.72
Dep's U.S.dis.officers	3,856,461.66	3,588,980.50	3,664,326.13	3,703,804.34	3,749,969.85
Due to national banks	207,461,179.63	192,868,942.31	155,785,354.44	173,979,149.80	187,296,348.30
Due to State banks	88,406,363.89	86,778,138.85	70,480,617.11	72,408,206.85	72,572,384.43
Notes rediscounted	6,234,202.32	7,299,284.58	11,343,505.55	11,008,595.07	8,433,724.67
Bills payable	2,968,740.50	3,193,635.20	4,262,244.57	4,580,862.15	3,415,624.07
Cl'g-house loan cert's	.....	.....	11,895,000.00	.....	.....
Total	2,390,500,638.51	2,396,813,834.92	2,282,598,742.96	2,279,493,880.07	2,297,143,474.27

1885.

Liabilities.	MARCH 10.	MAY 6.	JULY 1.	OCTOBER 1.	DECEMBER 24.
	2,671 banks.	2,678 banks.	2,689 banks.	2,714 banks.	2,732 banks.
Capital stock	$524,255,151.00	$525,195,577.00	$526,273,602.00	$527,524,410.00	$529,360,725.00
Surplus fund	145,907,800.02	145,103,776.01	146,523,799.94	146,624,642.06	150,155,549.52
Undivided profits	60,296,452.56	60,184,358.12	52,220,946.61	59,335,519.11	69,229,645.82
Nat'l-bank circulat'n	274,054,157.00	273,703,047.00	269,147,690.00	268,869,597.00	267,430,337.00
State-bank circulat'n	162,581.00	144,498.00	144,489.00	136,898.00	133,932.00
Dividends unpaid	1,301,937.73	2,577,236.08	6,414,263.98	3,508,325.38	1,360,977.27
Individual deposits	996,501,647.40	1,035,802,188.56	1,106,376,516.80	1,102,372,450.35	1,111,429,914.98
U. S. deposits	11,006,919.47	11,690,707.52	10,995,974.68	11,552,621.98	12,058,768.36
Dep's U.S.dis. officers	3,039,646.40	3,330,522.70	3,027,218.92	2,714,399.37	3,005,783.11
Due to national banks	205,877,203.09	199,081,104.40	203,932,800.05	213,534,905.08	216,564,533.96
Due to State banks	82,190,567.43	81,966,092.25	88,847,454.78	86,115,061.25	85,060,162.27
Notes rediscounted	6,299,722.15	5,736,012.02	5,864,000.85	8,432,792.64	9,932,828.24
Bills payable	1,850,462.10	2,167,333.33	2,074,259.73	2,191,380.16	1,951,598.60
Total	2,312,744,247.35	2,346,682,452.99	2,421,852,016.47	2,432,913,002.38	2,457,675,256.13

1886.

Liabilities.	MARCH 1.	JUNE 3.	AUGUST 27.	OCTOBER 7.	DECEMBER 28.
	2,768 banks.	2,809 banks.	2,849 banks.	2,852 banks.	2,875 banks.
Capital stock	$533,360,615.00	$539,109,291.72	$545,522,598.00	$548,240,730.00	$550,698,675.00
Surplus fund	152,872,349.01	153,642,934.86	157,003,875.60	157,249,190.87	159,573,479.21
Undivided profits	59,376,381.80	67,662,886.02	62,211,565.63	66,503,494.72	79,298,286.13
Nat'l-bank circulat'n	256,972,158.00	244,893,097.00	238,273,685.00	228,072,610.00	202,078,287.00
State-bank circulat'n	133,931.00	132,470.00	128,336.00	125,002.00	115,352.00
Dividends unpaid	1,534,905.58	1,526,776.66	1,863,303.62	2,227,810.59	1,590,345.06
Individual deposits	1,152,660,492.06	1,146,246,911.43	1,113,459,187.35	1,172,968,308.64	1,169,716,413.13
U. S. deposits	12,414,566.52	13,670,721.76	14,295,927.74	13,842,023.69	13,705,700.73
Dep's U.S.dis.officers	3,019,018.72	2,798,864.55	2,884,365.62	2,721,276.77	4,276,257.85
Due to national banks	219,778,171.80	204,405,273.11	218,327,437.33	218,395,950.54	223,842,279.46
Due to State banks	92,663,570.46	90,591,102.81	90,366,354.90	90,246,483.31	91,254,533.23
Notes rediscounted	8,376,095.20	8,718,911.71	7,948,698.27	10,594,176.56	9,159,345.79
Bills payable	1,174,874.29	1,145,240.26	1,381,095.01	2,067,693.48	2,444,958.36
Total	2,494,337,129.44	2,474,544,481.89	2,453,666,930.07	2,513,854,751.17	2,507,753,912.95

Aggregate Resources and Liabilities of the National

1887.

Resources.	MARCH 4.	MAY 13.	AUGUST 1.	OCTOBER 5.	DECEMBER 7.
	2,900 banks.	2,955 banks.	3,014 banks.	3,049 banks.	3,070 banks.
Loans and discounts	$1,515,534,674.67	$1,560,291,810.73	$1,560,371,741.05	$1,587,549,133.76	$1,583,941,484.96
Bonds for circulation	211,537,150.00	200,452,300.00	189,932,050.00	189,083,100.00	188,431,900.00
Bonds for deposits	22,976,900.00	24,090,500.00	26,402,000.00	27,757,000.00	42,208,000.00
U. S. bonds on hand	9,721,450.00	8,157,250.00	7,808,000.00	6,914,850.00	8,988,550.00
Other stocks and b'ds	87,441,034.86	88,031,124.15	88,374,837.99	88,831,009.96	90,775,413.31
Due from res've ag'ts	163,101,181.37	148,067,874.43	140,270,155.75	140,873,587.98	132,959,765.34
Due from nat'l banks	86,460,829.09	105,576,841.99	299,487,767.80	93,302,413.94	98,227,065.80
Due from State banks	21,725,805.99	22,746,190.43	30,952,187.86	22,103,677.18	21,995,356.41
Real estate, etc.	55,128,600.78	55,720,098.76	56,954,622.58	57,968,159.71	58,825,108.16
Current expenses	8,064,292.40	7,781,151.97	5,158,040.86	8,253,890.72	10,600,817.35
Premiums paid	15,537,721.22	16,800,431.83	17,353,130.17	17,288,771.35	18,797,205.79
Cash items	13,308,520.04	13,065,663.79	16,014,979.02	14,691,373.38	13,326,455.77
Clear'g-house exch'gs	89,239,194.50	86,829,363.73	128,211,628.48	88,775,457.99	85,097,380.41
Bills of other banks	22,235,206.00	25,188,137.00	22,962,737.00	21,937,884.00	23,447,294.00
Fractional currency	577,878.03	556,166.75	564,266.72	540,594.50	554,906.55
Trade dollars	1,803,661.40	184,203.08	63,671.97	509.25	328.00
Specie	171,678,906.15	167,315,665.62	165,104,210.28	165,085,454.38	159,240,043.48
Legal-tender notes	66,228,158.00	79,595,088.00	74,477,342.00	73,751,255.00	75,361,975.00
U. S. cert's of deposit	7,645,000.00	8,025,000.00	7,810,000.00	6,190,000.00	6,165,000.00
5% fund with Treas.	9,230,755.33	8,810,585.35	8,341,988.77	8,310,442.35	8,168,503.20
Due from U. S. Treas.	1,856,195.13	1,113,554.81	660,818.42	985,410.14	1,068,117.43
Total	2,581,143,115.05	2,629,314,022.42	2,637,276,167.72	2,620,193,475.59	2,624,188,330.55

1888.

Resources.	FEBRUARY 14.	APRIL 30.	JUNE 30.	OCTOBER 4.	DECEMBER 12.
	3,077 banks.	3,098 banks.	3,120 banks.	3,140 banks.	3,150 banks.
Loans and discounts	$1,584,170,370.51	$1,606,397,023.95	$1,628,124,564.83	$1,634,180,624.27	$1,676,554,863.67
Bonds for circulation	181,845,450.00	181,042,950.00	177,543,900.00	171,867,200.00	162,820,650.00
Bonds for deposits	56,863,000.00	56,643,000.00	55,788,000.00	54,208,000.00	48,949,000.00
U. S. bonds on hand	6,450,500.00	7,639,350.00	7,830,150.00	6,507,050.00	6,374,400.00
Other stocks and b'ds	94,153,688.97	95,296,917.07	96,265,812.31	99,752,403.73	102,276,898.17
Due from res've ag'ts	155,341,240.86	146,477,902.83	158,133,598.31	170,458,593.83	156,587,199.27
Due from nat'l banks	92,980,682.48	95,519,102.26	101,689,774.90	99,821,000.57	107,175,402.59
Due from State banks	21,880,069.60	22,709,703.01	22,714,258.27	23,767,260.53	24,217,165.51
Real estate, etc.	59,366,247.85	60,111,356.86	61,101,833.19	62,634,701.74	63,436,066.74
Current expenses	6,531,237.71	9,843,637.81	5,685,313.21	8,498,758.28	11,342,192.45
Premiums paid	19,779,498.56	19,501,481.06	18,903,434.54	17,615,898.02	16,681,256.56
Cash items	12,255,978.69	14,644,675.77	16,855,801.15	15,071,024.30	14,140,858.12
Clear'g-house exch'gs	73,418,037.29	117,270,706.86	74,229,763.69	102,439,751.67	91,765,292.99
Bills of other banks	23,145,206.00	24,434,212.00	21,343,405.00	21,600,818.00	21,728,238.00
Fractional currency	683,148.93	662,722.27	632,602.42	684,268.41	628,387.42
Trade dollars	437.59	351.15	371.76	419.05	763.56
Specie	173,830,614.62	172,074,011.19	181,292,276.76	178,097,816.64	172,734,273.50
Legal-tender notes	82,317,670.00	83,574,210.00	81,995,643.00	81,099,461.00	82,555,060.00
U. S. cert's of deposit	10,120,000.00	9,330,000.00	12,315,000.00	8,955,000.00	9,220,000.00
5% fund with Treas.	7,993,189.22	7,887,950.36	7,765,837.16	7,555,401.72	7,141,434.41
Due from U. S. Treas.	1,240,035.56	1,361,033.74	1,236,675.66	935,799.31	1,246,391.04
Total	2,664,366,304.44	2,732,423,198.19	2,731,448,016.16	2,815,751,341.07	2,777,575,799.00

1889.

Resources.	FERRUARY 26.	MAY 13.	JULY 12.	SEPTEMBER 30.	DECEMBER 11.
	3,170 banks.	3,206 banks.	3,239 banks.	3,290 banks.	3,326 banks.
Loans and discounts	$1,704,067,489.39	$1,739,651,934.67	$1,779,054,527.66	$1,817,257,703.17	$1,811,686,891.57
Bonds for circulation	156,728,200.00	149,520,850.00	147,502,200.00	146,471,700.00	143,434,700.00
Bonds for deposit	46,384,000.00	44,882,000.00	44,832,000.00	44,063,000.00	41,681,000.00
U. S. bonds on hand	6,395,000.00	6,690,800.00	6,810,100.00	4,438,200.00	3,740,350.00
Other stocks and b'ds	102,215,066.01	103,030,575.31	106,712,474.80	109,313,635.01	111,344,480.32
Due from res've ag'ts	192,702,196.35	187,372,265.47	192,590,073.67	189,136,281.01	164,839,765.16
Due from nat'l banks	101,327,319.18	107,091,577.44	108,999,878.96	117,869,749.37	118,206,354.91
Due from State banks	24,651,712.33	26,924,218.24	25,956,516.98	28,417,511.26	28,143,681.33
Real estate, etc.	66,248,183.93	66,855,303.68	67,377,183.12	69,377,173.73	70,694,191.37
Current expenses	7,418,190.08	8,984,846.65	3,760,961.17	8,525,924.84	11,902,368.22
Premiums paid	16,729,244.88	17,058,275.44	17,126,726.31	16,613,917.93	15,847,602.85
Cash items	12,676,652.11	15,049,325.16	14,350,765.37	17,059,786.57	15,134,700.19
Clear'g-house exch'gs	84,111,547.63	101,452,588.54	101,552,063.67	136,783,162.26	103,719,453.43
Bills of other banks	22,411,826.00	25,732,720.00	24,761,487.00	20,875,528.00	20,388,807.00
Fractional currency	717,823.63	698,369.91	719,273.63	682,034.93	720,462.37
Specie	182,284,803.00	185,176,450.86	175,903,868.93	164,326,448.84	171,089,458.10
Legal-tender notes	88,624,860.00	97,838,385.00	97,456,832.00	86,752,093.00	84,490,894.00
U. S. cert's of deposit	13,785,000.00	13,355,000.00	14,890,000.00	12,945,000.00	9,045,000.00
5% fund with Treas.	6,860,148.44	6,565,205.97	6,457,820.66	6,405,058.18	6,276,659.40
Due from U. S. Treas.	1,066,950.97	1,001,795.11	1,161,617.26	976,737.31	1,239,867.01
Total	2,837,406,213.93	2,904,922,517.45	2,937,976,379.24	2,998,290,645.91	2,933,676,687.23

BANKS FROM OCTOBER, 1863, TO JULY, 1896—Continued.

1887.

Liabilities.	MARCH 4.	MAY 13.	AUGUST 1.	OCTOBER 5.	DECEMBER 7.
	2,909 banks.	2,955 banks.	3,014 banks.	3,049 banks.	3,070 banks.
Capital stock	$555,351,765.00	$565,629,068.45	$571,648,811.00	$578,462,765.00	$580,733,094.42
Surplus fund	164,337,132.72	167,411,521.03	172,348,398.99	173,913,440.97	175,246,408.26
Undivided profits	67,248,949.16	70,153,368.11	62,294,634.02	71,451,167.02	79,899,218.06
Nat'l-bank circulat'n	186,231,498.00	176,771,539.00	166,625,658.00	167,283,343.00	164,904,094.00
State-bank circulat'n	106,100.00	98,716.00	98,697.00	98,693.00	98,676.50
Dividends unpaid	1,441,628.17	1,977,314.40	2,239,929.46	2,495,127.83	1,343,963.98
Individual deposits	1,224,925,698.26	1,266,570,537.67	1,285,076,978.58	1,249,477,126.95	1,235,757,941.59
U. S. deposits	15,233,909.94	17,556,485.93	19,186,712.77	20,392,284.03	38,416,276.87
Dep's U.S.dis.officers	4,277,187.61	3,779,735.14	4,074,903.63	4,831,666.14	4,515,024.05
Due to nat'l banks	249,337,482.40	244,575,545.12	235,966,622.46	227,491,984.15	223,088,927.85
Due to State banks	103,012,552.48	102,089,438.63	103,603,598.14	102,094,025.68	98,809,344.66
Notes rediscounted	7,556,837.10	10,132,799.64	11,125,236.08	17,312,806.39	16,268,247.74
Bills payable	2,082,374.21	2,567,953.30	2,985,987.60	4,888,439.43	5,105,112.57
Total	2,581,143,115.05	2,629,314,022.42	2,637,276,167.72	2,620,193,475.59	2,624,186,330.55

1888.

Liabilities.	FEBRUARY 14.	APRIL 30.	JUNE 30.	OCTOBER 4.	DECEMBER 12.
	3,077 banks.	3,098 banks.	3,120 banks.	3,140 banks.	3,150 banks.
Capital stock	$582,194,263.75	$585,449,487.75	$588,384,018.25	$592,621,656.04	$593,848,247.29
Surplus fund	179,533,475.38	180,053,507.27	183,106,435.70	185,520,564.68	187,292,469.97
Undivided profits	66,606,930.87	78,196,768.91	70,296,173.67	77,434,426.23	88,302,639.01
Nat'l-bank circulat'n	159,750,193.50	158,897,572.00	155,313,353.50	151,702,809.50	143,549,296.50
State-bank circulat'n	98,652.50	94,878.50	82,372.50	82,354.50	82,354.50
Dividends unpaid	1,534,314.51	1,766,496.41	7,381,894.42	2,378,275.70	1,267,930.19
Individual deposits	1,251,957,844.42	1,309,731,015.16	1,292,342,471.28	1,350,320,861.11	1,331,265,617.08
U. S. deposits	55,193,899.19	54,691,454.69	54,679,643.93	52,140,562.97	46,707,010.38
Dep's U.S.dis.officers	4,255,362.02	4,783,093.63	3,690,652.65	3,993,900.51	4,415,008.41
Due to nat'l banks	241,038,499.93	237,056,940.91	248,248,440.03	260,697,968.60	252,291,134.80
Due to State banks	105,539,405.53	104,502,668.21	109,871,372.41	114,936,397.15	108,001,606.46
Notes rediscounted	12,866,722.85	12,724,238.71	13,096,119.55	17,305,750.61	14,844,303.00
Bills payable	3,796,739.99	4,469,076.04	4,955,068.27	6,615,813.47	5,707,581.41
Total	2,664,366,304.44	2,732,423,198.19	2,731,448,016.16	2,815,751,341.07	2,777,575,799.00

1889.

Liabilities.	FEBRUARY 26	MAY 13.	JULY 12.	SEPTEMBER 30.	DECEMBER 11.
	3,170 banks.	3,206 banks.	3,239 banks.	3,290 banks.	3,326 banks.
Capital stock	$596,569,330.70	$599,472,742.88	$605,851,640.50	$612,584,095.00	$617,840,164.67
Surplus fund	192,458,759.90	193,746,169.52	196,911,605.90	197,394,760.55	198,508,794.14
Undivided profits	76,901,041.65	83,956,827.81	72,532,956.94	84,866,869.13	97,050,091.86
Nat'l-bank circulat'n	137,216,136.50	131,128,137.00	128,867,425.00	128,450,600.00	126,039,541.30
State-bank circulat'n	82,347.50	81,899.50	81,008.50	80,410.50	81,006.50
Dividends unpaid	1,338,706.37	2,007,667.72	3,517,596.07	3,600,054.96	1,289,651.13
Individual deposits	1,354,973,535.80	1,422,042,136.92	1,442,137,979.08	1,475,467,560.37	1,436,402,685.65
U. S. deposits	43,554,480.27	42,965,811.22	43,247,864.17	41,588,613.71	39,224,588.51
Dep's U.S.dis.officers	4,544,501.55	4,136,285.33	3,451,189.34	4,936,644.66	4,672,950.14
Due to nat'l banks	289,753,579.16	286,204,670.64	295,841,107.17	293,015,192.86	267,159,449.09
Due to State banks	127,751,135.48	124,755,971.73	131,383,466.80	132,327,094.47	123,713,409.48
Notes rediscounted	9,249,531.33	10,340,502.04	10,133,196.24	16,782,511.36	15,723,378.11
Bills payable	3,013,127.72	4,083,695.14	4,019,334.53	7,196,238.34	5,970,976.65
Total	2,837,406,213.93	2,904,922,517.45	2,937,976,370.24	2,998,290,645.91	2,933,676,687.23

Aggregate Resources and Liabilities of the National

1890.

Resources.	FEBRUARY 28.	MAY 17.	JULY 18.	OCTOBER 2.	DECEMBER 19.
	3,383 banks.	3,438 banks.	3,484 banks.	3,540 banks.	3,573 banks.
Loans and discounts	$1,844,978,433.06	$1,904,167,351.00	$1,933,509,332.89	$1,986,058,320.13	$1,932,393,206.08
Bonds for circulation	142,531,500.00	143,700,900.00	144,624,750.00	139,969,050.00	130,688,150.00
Bonds for deposits	31,620,000.00	29,893,000.00	29,663,000.00	28,386,500.00	27,856,500.00
U. S. bonds on hand	5,870,550.00	5,591,800.00	5,624,350.00	2,297,500.00	2,075,600.00
Other stocks and b'ds	116,848,501.23	117,051,244.07	116,469,536.45	115,528,951.02	116,609,301.40
Due from res've ag'ts	188,064,131.93	183,206,306.36	185,821,768.04	189,451,786.49	160,220,682.79
Due from nat'l banks	114,379,065.00	113,600,039.35	112,207,068.35	118,289,612.46	111,573,147.08
Due from State banks	28,800,812.21	28,345,930.67	27,311,955.07	28,485,223.32	28,434,832.79
Real estate, etc	72,568,754.91	74,311,949.93	75,657,886.82	76,835,316.02	78,060,490.13
Current expenses	9,038,138.73	9,910,955.10	4,257,508.27	9,099,402.20	13,434,642.44
Premiums paid	14,735,693.95	14,450,752.21	14,316,075.03	14,248,488.10	14,568,760.03
Cash items	15,187,240.17	15,443,751.65	13,875,200.34	17,201,819.17	15,057,481.84
Clear'g-house exch'gs	112,613,768.35	68,428,149.94	88,237,944.43	106,767,176.06	88,818,299.11
C'l'g-house loan cert's	.....	.....	.....	.....	13,395,249.00
Bills of other banks	21,318,480.00	19,813,670.00	21,184,428.00	18,492,392.00	18,832,221.00
Fractional currency	807,162.57	746,199.91	793,546.45	766,846.68	755,021.82
Specie	181,546,137.80	178,165,494.43	178,604,063.56	195,908,858.84	190,063,006.20
Legal-tender notes	86,551,602.00	88,088,992.00	92,480,469.00	80,604,731.00	82,177,126.00
U. S. cert's of deposit	8,830,000.00	8,135,000.00	9,825,000.00	6,155,000.00	5,760,000.00
5% fund with Treas	6,191,888.87	6,301,510.51	6,305,121.98	6,123,597.88	6,069,110.84
Due from U. S. Treas.	855,119.70	867,223.14	1,001,631.02	816,323.48	1,093,947.04
Total	3,003,334,970.28	3,010,216,220.33	3,061,770,825.70	3,141,487,494.85	3,046,938,825.59

1891.

Resources.	FEBRUARY 26.	MAY 4.	JULY 9.	SEPTEMBER 25.	DECEMBER 2.
	3,601 banks.	3,633 banks.	3,652 banks.	3,677 banks.	3,692 banks.
Loans and discounts	$1,927,654,559.80	$1,969,846,379.67	$1,963,704,948.07	$2,005,463,205.93	$2,001,032,625.05
Bonds for circulation	140,183,450.00	140,498,400.00	142,586,400.00	150,035,600.00	153,838,200.00
Bonds for deposits	27,904,500.00	27,954,500.00	25,150,500.00	20,432,500.00	19,186,500.00
U. S. bonds on hand	3,466,250.00	3,768,850.00	4,963,650.00	4,439,450.00	4,279,750.00
Other stocks and b'ds	121,099,034.50	122,593,707.66	122,347,244.98	125,179,075.40	128,440,959.39
Due from res've ag'ts	182,645,602.94	180,004,721.63	175,591,085.51	193,990,323.44	196,319,537.81
Due from nat'l banks	110,850,874.53	112,500,098.73	114,471,803.70	115,196,682.26	124,827,315.25
Due from State banks	27,955,862.77	28,172,653.23	27,742,727.54	29,471,896.95	32,425,379.39
Real estate, etc	79,096,556.48	80,874,918.58	81,919,491.00	83,270,122.08	84,049,386.90
Current expenses	8,396,041.93	11,405,934.04	4,624,889.19	9,879,231.42	13,279,136.79
Premiums paid	14,491,627.05	14,960,592.48	14,351,727.16	14,705,700.70	14,695,279.96
Cash items	13,349,234.66	17,602,457.69	16,078,092.99	13,272,545.10	17,939,023.04
Clear'g-house exch'gs	77,828,113.56	126,447,384.31	80,305,873.21	122,039,882.10	108,243,483.92
Cl'g-house loan cert's	810,000.00	120,000.00	.....	.....	.....
Bills of other banks	19,076,085.00	20,456,257.00	21,418,977.00	19,991,167.00	20,225,104.00
Fractional currency	864,742.88	830,198.62	863,181.74	867,462.37	837,175.54
Specie	201,240,362.82	194,939,411.31	190,769,537.46	183,515,075.91	207,898,034.75
Legal-tender notes	89,400,399.00	96,375,249.00	100,399,811.00	97,615,608.00	93,854,354.00
U. S. cert's of deposit	11,655,000.00	11,515,000.00	18,845,000.00	15,720,000.00	8,765,000.00
5% fund with Treas	6,133,544.12	6,158,960.87	6,129,840.09	6,536,931.51	6,682,280.10
Due from U. S. Treas.	1,100,310.17	729,226.35	1,155,473.06	1,457,307.85	1,047,684.18
Total	3,065,002,152.30	3,167,494,901.17	3,113,415,253.79	3,213,080,271.02	3,237,866,210.07

1892.

Resources.	MARCH 1.	MAY 17.	JULY 12.	SEPTEMBER 30.	DECEMBER 9.
	3,711 banks.	3,734 banks.	3,759 banks.	3,773 banks.	3,784 banks.
Loans and discounts	$2,058,925,167.12	$2,108,360,340.54	$2,127,757,191.30	$2,171,041,088.11	$2,166,615,720.28
Bonds for circulation	158,109,300.00	160,634,550.00	161,939,800.00	163,275,300.00	166,449,250.00
Bonds for deposits	17,416,500.00	16,386,000.00	15,447,000.00	15,282,000.00	15,321,000.00
U. S. bonds on hand	4,638,190.00	5,412,000.00	4,854,600.00	4,882,250.00	4,146,600.00
Other stocks and b'ds	138,055,947.09	144,058,062.77	151,125,823.17	154,535,514.54	153,648,180.71
Due from res've ag'ts	256,750,998.13	250,249,071.26	252,473,640.18	236,434,330.89	204,948,159.79
Due from nat'l banks	131,258,888.45	130,124,510.01	137,125,158.05	140,516,358.09	142,623,106.36
Due from State banks	32,171,053.96	32,006,102.99	33,497,034.87	32,572,735.51	34,403,231.75
Real estate, etc	85,126,961.74	86,562,679.31	86,678,315.56	87,861,911.86	88,221,052.25
Current expenses	10,340,571.29	11,574,071.41	4,567,100.02	10,317,125.23	14,204,970.25
Premiums paid	14,405,799.74	14,396,888.43	13,997,560.54	14,029,616.43	13,913,289.71
Cash items	17,644,105.99	15,036,575.86	16,849,439.46	17,705,961.31	16,755,332.09
Clear'g-house exch'gs	129,515,655.34	99,954,483.17	90,364,300.19	105,522,711.81	110,522,668.49
Bills of other banks	19,765,178.00	22,014,231.00	21,325,840.00	19,557,474.00	20,488,781.00
Fractional currency	924,866.86	924,375.50	939,382.87	934,648.37	893,909.82
Specie	230,147,968.28	239,044,108.15	229,320,480.41	209,116,378.69	209,895,260.76
Legal-tender notes	99,445,735.00	107,981,402.00	113,915,016.00	104,267,945.00	102,276,335.00
U. S. cert's of deposit	24,080,000.00	26,495,000.00	23,115,000.00	13,995,000.00	6,470,000.00
5% fund with Treas	6,898,132.04	6,960,517.09	7,092,591.94	7,139,564.69	7,282,413.90
Due from U. S. Treas.	1,051,339.53	926,158.95	1,409,312.15	1,106,987.93	1,268,405.03
Total	3,436,672,358.56	3,479,035,128.44	3,493,794,586.71	3,510,094,897.46	3,480,349,667.19

BANKS FROM OCTOBER, 1863, TO JULY, 1896—Continued.

1890.

Liabilities.	FEBRUARY 28.	MAY 17.	JULY 18.	OCTOBER 2.	DECEMBER 19.
	3,383 banks.	3,438 banks.	3,484 banks.	3,540 banks.	3,573 banks.
Capital stock	$626,598,200.00	$635,055,276.09	$642,073,676.00	$650,447,235.00	$657,877,225.00
Surplus fund	204,433,604.19	207,136,196.13	212,614,861.01	213,563,895.78	214,965,633.67
Undivided profits	85,753,976.34	94,049,477.44	79,854,737.58	97,006,635.74	111,772,985.42
Nat'l-bank circulat'n	123,862,282.00	125,791,940.00	126,323,889.00	122,928,084.50	123,038,785.50
State-bank circulat'n	81,003.50	77,352.50	77,335.50	77,333.50	77,328.50
Dividends unpaid	1,612,499.50	1,766,523.94	2,844,708.73	2,876,836.34	1,167,262.71
Individual deposits	1,479,986,027.48	1,480,474,472.32	1,521,745,665.23	1,564,845,174.67	1,485,095,855.70
U. S. deposits	28,194,911.44	27,047,519.80	27,025,610.38	25,118,559.39	24,922,263.36
Dep's U.S.dis.officers	4,277,638.17	3,672,054.34	3,552,392.28	4,229,511.42	4,456,472.43
Due to nat'l banks	297,098,933.41	281,994,358.12	288,296,836.21	285,081,259.25	253,082,126.32
Due to State banks	137,067,285.29	132,465,337.41	135,305,641.11	141,350,726.21	121,438,255.50
Notes rediscounted	10,371,343.29	13,419,992.95	15,027,632.53	23,660,329.51	25,598,405.72
Bills payable	3,997,265.67	7,265,719.29	7,028,049.14	10,301,913.54	11,501,225.76
Cl'g-house loan cert's	.....	.....	.....	.....	11,945,000.00
Total	3,003,334,970.28	3,010,216,220.33	3,061,770,825.70	3,141,487,494.85	3,046,938,825.59

1891.

Liabilities.	FEBRUARY 26.	MAY 4.	JULY 9.	SEPTEMBER 25.	DECEMBER 2.
	3,601 banks.	3,633 banks.	3,652 banks.	3,677 banks.	3,692 banks.
Capital stock	$662,518,459.15	$667,787,406.15	$672,903,597.45	$677,426,870.25	$677,356,927.00
Surplus fund	220,515,678.70	222,491,983.46	227,199,041.46	227,576,485.91	228,221,530.31
Undivided profits	95,972,506.90	101,502,654.66	87,448,472.14	103,284,673.73	108,116,263.56
Nat'l-bank circulat'n	123,112,529.00	123,447,633.00	123,915,643.00	131,323,301.50	134,792,873.25
State-bank circulat'n	76,700.50	74,117.50	74,138.50	74,118.50	74,118.50
Dividends unpaid	1,338,745.25	2,104,185.98	4,645,261.29	1,453,735.58	1,503,539.60
Individual deposits	1,483,450,033.17	1,575,506,699.18	1,535,058,568.73	1,588,318,081.37	1,602,052,766.59
U. S. deposits	24,923,462.24	24,411,606.10	21,523,185.64	15,700,672.40	14,478,542.91
Dep's U.S.dis.officers	4,323,333.50	4,781,045.75	4,387,991.08	4,566,660.33	3,955,227.37
Due to nat'l banks	280,514,008.37	277,560,322.78	279,744,474.60	288,576,703.96	292,480,956.07
Due to State banks	142,324,866.94	142,455,768.77	137,727,372.05	142,018,670.06	149,334,721.20
Notes rediscounted	17,330,630.55	16,604,735.21	19,719,695.08	21,981,952.56	16,325,642.89
Bills payable	7,456,781.57	8,482,342.63	8,067,812.86	10,778,944.87	7,994,514.30
Other liabilities	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,178,586.43
Cl'g-house loan cert's	1,144,416.46	285,000.00	.....	.....	.....
Total	3,065,002,152.30	3,167,494,901.17	3,113,415,253.79	3,213,080,271.02	3,237,866,210.07

1892.

Liabilities.	MARCH 1.	MAY 17.	JULY 12.	SEPTEMBER 30.	DECEMBER 9.
	3,711 banks.	3,734 banks.	3,759 banks.	3,773 banks.	3,784 banks.
Capital stock	$679,970,110.00	$682,232,158.00	$684,678,203.25	$686,573,015.00	$689,698,017.50
Surplus fund	234,069,984.34	235,192,004.95	238,239,970.94	238,871,424.84	239,931,932.08
Undivided profits	96,574,522.85	103,376,029.20	88,227,388.88	101,652,754.66	114,603,884.52
Nat'l-bank circulat'n	137,627,107.25	140,052,343.50	141,061,523.00	143,423,298.00	145,669,499.00
State-bank circulat'n	75,097.50	71,597.50	75,076.50	75,076.50	74,176.50
Dividends unpaid	1,470,937.98	1,657,310.34	3,904,292.83	3,888,865.78	1,308,137.97
Individual deposits	1,702,249,957.68	1,743,787,545.10	1,753,339,679.26	1,765,422,983.68	1,764,456,177.11
U. S. deposits	12,757,046.94	11,911,030.77	10,823,973.08	9,828,144.24	9,673,349.92
Dep's U.S.dis.officers	3,806,323.51	3,625,107.19	3,356,091.88	4,044,734.04	4,034,240.37
Due to nat'l banks	372,985,405.11	361,593,119.06	367,143,324.53	352,046,184.05	323,339,449.03
Due to State banks	181,688,074.58	181,538,222.87	188,683,254.94	178,697,018.34	160,778,117.18
Notes rediscounted	8,517,205.36	9,090,080.27	9,181,650.14	17,132,487.71	15,775,618.63
Bills payable	3,876,404.20	3,816,163.49	4,581,163.01	6,549,163.65	9,318,249.82
Other liabilities	1,013,181.26	1,092,506.20	498,983.87	1,979,746.97	1,688,817.56
Total	3,436,672,358.56	3,479,035,128.44	3,493,794,586.71	3,510,094,897.46	3,480,349,667.19

Aggregate Resources and Liabilities of the National

1893.

Resources.	March 6.	May 4.	July 12.	October 3.	December 10.
	3,806 banks.	3,830 banks.	3,807 banks.	3,781 banks.	3,787 banks.
Loans and discounts	$2,159,614,092.48	$2,101,401,858.59	$2,920,483,671.94	$1,843,634,167.51	$1,871,574,769.95
Bonds for circulation	170,996,550.00	172,412,550.00	179,588,650.00	206,463,850.00	204,809,350.00
Bonds for deposits	15,351,900.00	15,201,000.00	15,256,900.00	14,319,000.00	14,438,900.00
U. S. bonds on hand	4,372,600.00	3,519,550.00	3,078,050.00	2,760,950.00	3,949,000.00
Other stocks and b'ds	153,420,770.68	150,747,862.86	149,600,701.61	148,569,950.46	159,749,363.92
Due from res've ag'ts	202,612,051.30	174,312,119.44	159,852,677.33	158,499,644.28	212,630,636.30
Due from nat'l banks	124,384,884.35	121,673,794.24	111,956,506.81	94,740,914.97	108,265,460.75
Due from State banks	30,126,300.21	32,681,708.94	27,211,234.32	24,229,106.82	28,682,998.64
Real estate, etc.	89,710,408.54	90,033,775.48	89,383,276.28	89,151,776.08	92,322,060.53
Current expenses	10,992,932.80	11,746,470.23	4,892,772.48	11,071,996.65	.....
Premiums paid	13,270,691.10	12,935,077.74	11,923,904.69	13,981,867.44	13,986,470.18
Cash items	18,755,016.52	17,546,973.93	16,707,680.01	15,359,764.56	13,519,016.51
Clear'g-house exch's	125,142,839.74	114,977,271.98	107,765,890.44	106,181,394.59	71,943,165.75
Bills of other banks	18,248,706.00	20,085,688.00	20,135,054.00	22,402,611.00	21,497,840.00
Fractional currency	945,532.50	952,810.90	952,032.48	1,026,813.90	988,602.57
Specie	208,341,816.42	297,222,141.81	186,761,173.31	224,703,880.07	251,253,648.43
Legal-tender notes	99,935,774.00	193,511,163.00	95,833,677.00	114,709,352.00	131,626,750.00
U. S. cert's of deposit	14,675,000.00	12,130,000.00	8,660,000.00	7,020,000.00	31,235,000.00
5% fund with Treas.	7,401,830.74	7,467,989.77	7,600,604.72	8,977,414.18	8,876,042.25
Due from U. S. Treas.	1,322,444.80	1,556,891.28	1,019,074.42	1,262,749.85	2,029,141.92
Total	3,459,721,235.78	3,432,176,697.25	3,213,261,731.94	3,109,563,284.86	3,242,315,326.70

1894.

Resources.	February 28.	May 4.	July 18.	October 2.	December 19.
	3,777 banks.	3,774 banks.	3,770 banks.	3,755 banks.	3,737 banks.
Loans and discounts	$1,872,402,605.96	$1,926,686,824.98	$1,944,441,315.10	$2,007,122,191.30	$1,991,913,123.45
Bonds for circulation	200,808,850.00	200,469,250.00	201,335,150.00	199,642,500.00	195,735,950.00
Bonds for deposits	14,445,000.00	14,720,000.00	14,926,000.00	15,226,000.00	15,051,000.00
U. S. bonds on hand	17,250,150.00	14,805,200.00	12,875,100.00	10,662,200.00	20,766,350.00
Premiums on bonds	15,606,786.13	15,133,458.23	14,930,896.78	14,624,279.03	16,130,000.69
Other stocks, etc.	174,305,552.50	185,324,549.67	191,137,435.69	193,300,072.44	197,328,354.09
Real estate, etc.	94,289,433.56	95,977,811.80	96,807,490.74	97,892,136.84	98,659,780.47
Due from nat'l banks	112,672,823.41	119,303,798.52	111,775,552.18	122,479,007.98	124,798,322.39
Due from State banks	27,335,317.15	29,628,495.01	27,063,816.38	27,973,911.86	30,962,557.31
Due from res've ag'ts	246,891,926.63	257,854,100.32	258,089,227.51	248,849,697.59	234,331,340.54
Cash items	12,633,797.31	12,549,614.34	11,665,939.23	15,576,975.25	13,051,055.46
Clear'g-house exch's	76,299,653.62	76,002,955.47	66,511,835.77	88,524,952.17	80,889,202.23
Bills of other banks	19,866,010.00	20,754,988.00	19,650,333.00	18,580,577.00	18,522,596.00
Fractional currency	1,061,927.79	1,014,037.51	1,041,630.44	952,932.95	885,072.59
Specie	256,166,585.34	259,941,923.51	250,670,652.33	237,250,654.50	218,041,222.75
Legal-tender notes	142,768,676.00	146,131,292.00	138,216,318.00	120,544,028.00	119,513,472.00
U. S. cert's of deposit	35,045,000.00	46,030,000.00	50,045,000.00	45,100,000.00	37,090,000.00
5% fund with Treas.	8,751,434.40	8,713,498.44	8,791,946.90	8,723,223.16	8,542,386.94
Due from U. S. Treas	2,132,772.09	2,301,489.28	1,920,783.31	897,645.20	1,289,077.14
Total	3,324,734,901.89	3,433,342,378.08	3,422,096,423.33	3,473,922,055.27	3,423,474,873.11

1895.

Resources.	March 5.	May 7.	July 11.	September 28.
	3,728 banks.	3,711 banks.	3,715 banks.	3,712 banks.
Loans and discounts	$1,965,375,368.94	$1,989,411,201.90	$2,016,639,535.53	$2,059,408,492.27
Bonds for circulation	195,787,200.00	203,648,150.00	206,227,150.00	208,682,765.00
Bonds for deposits	26,495,350.00	28,615,550.00	15,878,000.00	15,328,000.00
U. S. bonds on hand	25,115,540.00	17,734,200.00	14,465,400.00	10,790,350.00
Premiums on U. S. bonds	16,511,917.36	17,451,432.71	16,440,418.57	16,469,199.73
Other stocks, bonds, etc.	196,927,758.03	193,841,727.63	194,160,466.61	195,028,085.35
Real estate, etc.	101,269,482.19	102,014,592.36	102,939,146.09	103,771,876.79
Due from national banks	114,702,531.22	117,720,533.90	127,329,742.98	123,521,087.26
Due from State banks	29,273,688.00	30,248,093.98	31,089,231.72	30,830,482.60
Due from reserve agents	222,467,685.14	218,799,491.90	235,308,761.15	222,287,251.45
Cash items	12,424,519.77	12,557,949.30	13,598,841.41	13,056,424.53
Clearing-house exchanges	77,343,972.17	83,833,118.99	82,868,297.07	57,505,787.60
Bills of other banks	18,436,845.00	19,247,043.00	19,402,179.00	15,537,100.00
Fractional currency	1,002,373.00	1,007,766.10	1,023,441.43	936,484.44
Specie	220,931,641.56	218,640,599.80	214,427,194.43	196,237,311.17
Legal-tender notes	113,281,622.90	118,529,158.00	123,185,172.00	93,946,685.00
U. S. certificates of deposit	31,055,000.00	26,930,000.00	45,330,000.00	49,920,000.00
5% fund with U. S. Treas	8,527,580.65	8,748,239.53	9,094,947.82	9,085,605.98
Due from U. S. Treasurer	1,030,461.66	1,017,852.64	1,146,381.47	1,285,534.36
Total	3,378,520,536.75	3,419,002,491.24	3,470,553,307.28	3,423,029,943.63

BANKS FROM OCTOBER, 1863, TO JULY, 1896—Continued.

1893.

Liabilities.	MARCH 6.	MAY 4.	JULY 12.	OCTOBER 3.	DECEMBER 19.
	3,806 banks.	3,830 banks.	3,807 banks.	3,781 banks.	3,787 banks.
Capital stock	$688,642,876.00	$688,701,200.00	$685,786,718.56	$678,540,338.93	$681,812,960.00
Surplus fund	245,478,362.77	246,139,133.32	249,138,300.30	246,750,781.32	246,739,602.09
Undivided profits	103,067,550.15	106,966,733.57	93,944,649.73	103,474,662.87	*100,288,668.05
Nat'l-bank circulat'n	149,124,818.00	151,694,110.00	155,070,821.50	182,959,725.90	179,973,150.50
State-bank circulat'n	75,075.50	75,075.50	75,072.50	75,069.50	75,059.50
Dividends unpaid	1,350,392.19	2,579,556.38	3,879,673.50	2,874,697.59	1,217,903.99
Individual deposits	1,751,439,374.14	1,749,930,817.51	1,556,761,230.17	1,451,124,330.55	1,539,399,795.23
U. S. deposits	9,813,762.17	9,657,243.49	10,379,842.66	10,546,135.51	10,391,466.00
Dep's U.S.dis.officers	3,927,760.44	4,293,739.93	3,321,271.84	3,776,438.21	3,469,398.77
Due to nat'l banks	304,785,336.62	275,127,229.28	238,913,573.51	226,423,979.06	298,805,834.56
Due to State banks	166,901,054.78	153,500,923.94	125,979,422.16	122,891,098.21	151,313,715.25
Notes rediscounted	14,021,596.43	18,953,306.98	29,940,438.56	21,066,737.01	11,465,546.18
Bills payable	18,180,228.71	21,506,247.53	31,381,451.27	27,426,937.54	14,388,362.94
Other liabilities	2,913,647.88	3,051,379.82	28,689,265.68	31,632,352.16	2,973,863.64
Total	3,459,721,235.78	3,432,176,697.25	3,213,261,731.94	3,109,563,284.36	3,242,315,326.70

1894.

Liabilities.	FEBRUARY 28.	MAY 4.	JULY 18.	OCTOBER 2.	DECEMBER 19.
	3,777 banks.	3,774 banks.	3,770 banks.	3,755 banks.	3,737 banks.
Capital stock	$678,536,910.00	$675,868,815.00	$671,091,165.00	$668,861,847.00	$666,271,045.00
Surplus fund	246,594,715.96	246,314,185.63	245,727,673.71	245,197,517.60	244,937,179.48
Undivided profits	86,874,385.87	89,394,262.20	84,569,294.46	88,923,564.50	*95,887,436.80
Nat'l bank circulat'n	174,436,269.10	172,626,013.50	171,714,552.50	172,331,978.00	169,337,071.00
State bank circulat'n	71,483.50	71,480.50	66,290.50	66,290.50	66,290.50
Due to nat'l banks	343,143,745.59	359,539,488.04	352,002,081.10	343,602,316.63	334,619,221.24
Due to State banks	173,942,000.98	182,937,307.10	181,791,906.23	183,167,779.62	180,345,566.56
Dividends unpaid	1,536,354.03	2,332,506.97	2,586,504.77	2,576,245.95	1,130,390.38
Individual deposits	1,586,800,444.50	1,670,958,769.07	1,677,801,200.85	1,728,418,819.12	1,695,489,346.08
U. S. deposits	9,925,967.44	10,538,365.64	11,029,017.29	10,024,909.62	10,151,402.66
Dep's U.S.dis.officers	3,643,346.71	3,317,341.85	3,099,504.08	3,716,537.80	3,865,339.58
Notes rediscounted	7,729,558.98	7,995,541.10	8,195,566.99	11,453,427.95	7,682,509.06
Bills payable	9,234,205.50	9,224,464.78	9,999,098.81	12,552,277.78	11,471,551.05
Other liabilities	2,265,513.73	2,313,836.70	2,422,567.04	2,938,543.20	2,220,523.72
Total	3,324,734,901.80	3,433,342,378.08	3,422,096,423.33	3,473,922,055.27	3,423,474,873.11

1895.

Liabilities.	MARCH 5.	MAY 7.	JULY 11.	SEPTEMBER 28.
	3,728 banks.	3,711 banks.	3,715 banks.	3,712 banks.
Capital stock	$662,100,100.00	$659,146,756.00	$658,224,179.65	$657,135,498.65
Surplus fund	246,180,065.97	246,740,237.34	247,782,176.23	246,448.426.38
Undivided profits	83,920,338.80	86,571,194.99	81,221,960.54	*90,439,924.48
National-bank circulation	169,755,091.50	175,653,500.50	178,815,801.00	182,481,610.50
State-bank circulation	66,173.50	66,144.50	66,133.50	66,133.50
Due to national banks	314,430,137.22	313,314,314.80	336,225,956.52	320,228,677.38
Due to State banks	180,970,705.84	180,360,713.93	190,447,130.70	174,708,672.88
Dividends unpaid	1,287,568.67	2,387,221.94	3,030,371.57	1,670,927.89
Individual deposits	1,667,843,286.28	1,690,961,299.03	1,736,022,006.83	1,701,653,521.38
U. S. deposits	24,563,195.79	23,501,952.80	10,075,924.97	9,114,372.65
Dep'ts U. S. disburs'g officers	3,491,787.60	3,745,923.09	3,091,408.55	4,426,966.48
Notes rediscounted	6,853,317.73	8,944,917.94	9,697,555.94	13,396,107.85
Bills payable	13,645,026.23	13,603,610.99	12,250,671.25	17,813,360.01
Other liabilities	3,413,741.62	5,004,703.39	3,602,030.03	4,045,143.70
Total	3,378,520,536.75	3,410,002,491.24	3,479,553,307.28	3,423,629,343.63

*Less expenses and taxes paid.

AGGREGATE RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES OF THE NATIONAL BANKS FROM OCTOBER, 1863, TO JULY, 1896. CONCLUDED. 1895–1896.

	Dec. 13, 1895.	Feb. 28, 1896.	May 7, 1896.	July 14, 1896.
	3,706 banks.	3,699 banks.	3,694 banks.	3,689 banks.
RESOURCES.				
Loans and discounts	$2,020,961,792.53	$1,951,344,781.51	$1,970,038,833.06	$1,959,166,368.99
Overdrafts	20,637,345.04	14,880,855.25	12,787,531.23	12,475,642.66
United States bonds to secure circulation	210,473,500.00	215,037,100.00	225,017,500.00	227,213,650.00
United States bonds to secure United States deposits	15,358,000.00	34,922,000.00	25,573,000.00	15,828,500.00
United States bonds on hand	8,055,900.00	13,210,400.00	12,491,420.00	12,835,655.00
Premiums on United States bonds	10,098,340.04	18,548,677.87	18,875,424.94	17,576,015.44
Stocks, securities, etc.	193,383,321.52	192,036,933.71	190,938,097.11	190,202,918.13
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures	78,697,728.91	78,927,684.22	77,975,409.98	78,227,360.23
Other real estate and mortgages owned	25,574,482.13	26,315,910.05	27,009,127.98	27,221,722.40
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	131,007,238.03	114,676,360.32	114,073,966.82	116,328,082.38
Due from State banks and bankers	33,341,027.38	29,432,178.87	28,285,698.29	28,388,424.79
Due from approved reserve agents	203,002,116.01	183,344,601.12	195,752,733.58	204,384,106.92
Checks and other cash items	12,933,318.30	12,275,771.88	12,295,435.30	13,601,452.70
Exchanges for clearing house	86,557,507.77	89,996,450.95	85,503,719.81	76,926,122.93
Bills of other national banks	17,114,290.00	16,878,271.00	19,183,691.00	17,444,746.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	925,289.14	1,019,409.50	986,263.57	999,427.31
Total specie	206,712,416.23	196,017,459.41	202,373,446.22	203,835,449.11
Legal-tender notes	99,209,423.00	112,597,513.00	118,971,652.00	113,213,290.00
United States certificates of deposit	31,440,000.00	28,735,000.00	28,035,000.00	27,165,000.00
5 per cent redemption fund with Treasurer	9,194,625.78	9,231,153.24	9,775,478.73	9,922,944.49
Due from United States Treasurer	1,744,071.85	1,719,586.58	1,635,392.62	1,677,206.43
Total	3,423,534,328.26	3,347,844,198.58	3,377,638,822.24	3,353,797,075.97
LIABILITIES.				
Capital stock paid in	656,956,245.00	653,994,915.00	652,089,780.97	651,144,855.00
Surplus fund	246,177,563.53	247,178,188.87	247,546,057.10	284,368,423.63
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	94,501,758.19	87,041,526.42	89,378,085.39	83,483,268.76
National-bank notes outstanding	185,151,344.00	187,217,372.50	197,382,364.50	199,214,049.50
State-bank notes outstanding	63,504.50	61,071.50	60,383.50	60,393.50
Due to other national banks	302,721,578.57	285,976,811.90	285,314,203.16	291,990,811.77
Due to State banks and bankers	167,393,670.19	162,394,344.71	157,980,455.20	162,311,142.23
Dividends unpaid	1,091,869.14	1,233,515.47	2,069,104.01	2,333,357.12
Individual deposits	1,720,550,241.03	1,648,092,868.88	1,687,629,515.37	1,668,413,507.62
United States deposits	9,699,120.46	29,876,217.36	21,015,358.71	12,556,148.50
Deposits of United States disbursing officers	4,059,468.83	3,910,629.72	3,416,397.99	2,848,176.20
Notes and bills rediscounted	11,359,771.49	11,465,835.06	11,563,851.93	11,846,960.72
Bills payable	20,492,304.21	20,104,667.81	17,137,274.80	15,920,902.16
Liabilities other than those above stated	3,405,889.12	9,296,233.33	5,055,979.61	2,805,138.26
Total	3,423,534,328.26	3,347,844,198.58	3,377,638,822.24	3,353,797,075.97

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF THE RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES OF STATE BANKS FROM 1873 TO 1895.

	1873.a	1874.	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.
	——— banks.	——— banks.	551 banks.	633 banks.	592 banks.	475 banks.
RESOURCES.	*Millions.*	*Millions.*	*Millions.*	*Millions.*	*Millions.*	*Millions.*
Loans on real estate, Loans on other collateral, Loans, other	119.3	154.4	176.3	179.0	266.6	169.4
Overdrafts	.2	.2	.4	.3	.5	.3
United States bonds	1.5	2.0	.3	.9	.9	2.1
State, etc., bonds, Railroad bonds, etc., Bank stocks, Other bonds, etc.	9.6	16.4	23.7	19.4	23.2	19.4
Due from banks	12.6	19.0	19.9	23.1	25.2	25.1
Real estate, etc	3.3	5.4	9.0	8.6	12.6	11.1
Expenses	.9	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.2	.9
Cash items	19.0	10.4	8.6	9.1	9.8	7.3
Specie	3.0	2.0	1.2	1.9	2.3	3.0
Legal tenders	8.4	25.1	26.7	27.6	34.4	28.5
Other resources	1.1	1.2	4.8	6.8	6.6	10.8
Total	178.9	237.4	272.3	278.3	383.3	277.9
LIABILITIES.						
Capital stock	42.7	59.3	69.0	80.4	110.9	95.2
Surplus	2.1	2.9	6.8	7.0	5.7	8.0
Undivided profits	10.0	12.4	9.0	10.5	18.3	11.7
State-bank notes	.2	.2	.2	.4	.4	.4
Dividends unpaid	.....	.3	.1	.4	.3	.3
Deposits	110.8	137.6	165.9	157.9	226.7	142.8
Due to banks	8.8	14.2	10.5	13.3	9.4	10.3
Other liabilities	4.3	10.5	10.8	8.4	11.6	9.2
Total	178.9	237.4	272.3	278.3	383.3	277.9

	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.
	616 banks.	620 banks.	652 banks.	672 banks.	754 banks.	817 banks.
RESOURCES.	*Millions.*	*Millions.*	*Millions.*	*Millions.*	*Millions.*	*Millions.*
Loans on real estate, Loans on other collateral, Loans, other	191.4	206.8	250.8	272.5	322.4	331.0
Overdrafts	.4	.5	1.3	1.2	1.4	1.3
United States bonds	7.7	7.1	12.0	8.7	5.3	2.3
State, etc., bonds, Railroad bonds, etc., Bank stocks, Other bonds, etc.	21.9	17.1	24.9	19.8	22.1	31.5
Due from banks	22.2	36.2	46.7	49.9	58.7	48.8
Real estate, etc	14.3	14.2	13.9	13.0	13.6	15.1
Expenses	.8	.9	1.0	1.0	.9	1.0
Cash items	8.8	11.2	16.9	18.5	35.1	28.2
Specie	2.0	6.2	17.1	17.2	17.4	25.4
Legal tenders	37.1	48.8	23.8	24.6	25.3	28.8
Other resources	9.2	5.9	10.6	12.4	9.9	7.7
Total	315.8	354.9	419.0	438.8	512.1	521.1
LIABILITIES.						
Capital stock	104.1	90.8	92.9	91.8	102.5	110.0
Surplus	16.7	18.8	21.0	23.1	25.8	31.5
Undivided profits	5.7	6.7	7.9	8.9	11.3	12.7
State-bank notes	.4	.3	.3	.3	.2	.2
Dividends unpaid	.5	.5	.6	.5	.4	.5
Deposits	167.0	208.8	261.4	281.8	335.0	325.4
Due to banks	13.1	18.5	18.9	18.3	20.7	27.1
Other liabilities	8.3	10.5	16.0	14.1	16.2	13.7
Total	315.8	354.9	419.0	438.8	512.1	521.1

a In compliance with House resolution, making it one of the duties of the Comptroller of the Currency, the Annual Report for 1873 contained the first report of State and savings banks made to this office, and was the first call of that character ever made upon State by Federal officers.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF THE RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES OF STATE BANKS FROM 1873 TO 1895—Continued.

	1885.	1886.	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.
	975 banks.	849 banks.	1,418 banks.	1,403 banks.	1,671 banks.	2,101 banks.
RESOURCES.	*Millions.*	*Millions.*	*Millions.*	*Millions.*	*Millions.*	*Millions.*
Loans on real estate	347.9	331.2	435.9	432.0	31.1	34.3
Loans on other collateral					97.6	77.8
Loans, other					378.6	469.4
Overdrafts	1.3	1.2	2.4	2.0	3.1	5.1
United States bonds	3.0	4.4	2.5	2.1	3.1	1.3
State, etc., bonds	32.6	27.2	30.5	34.8	1.0	2.4
Railroad bonds, etc					.3	.7
Bank stocks					.3	.5
Other bonds, etc					33.7	35.0
Due from banks	59.1	49.7	64.8	58.8	79.8	88.0
Real estate, etc	15.9	14.6	20.5	20.2	25.3	27.2
Expenses	1.1	1.0	2.1	1.8	2.0	2.6
Cash items	26.0	51.7	110.8	105.3	183.2	120.8
Specie	29.9	24.7				
Legal tenders	31.0	14.7				
Other resources	5.8	8.3	15.3	14.7	8.9	7.7
Total	553.6	528.7	684.8	671.7	796.0	870.8
LIABILITIES.						
Capital stock	125.3	109.6	141.0	154.9	166.7	188.7
Surplus	30.7	27.8	38.5	41.4	48.0	51.9
Undivided profits	11.6	10.1	14.5	15.5	16.8	21.8
State-bank notes	.1	.1	.2	.1	.1	.1
Dividends unpaid	.5	.4	.7	1.0	.8	.8
Deposits	344.3	342.9	446.6	410.0	507.1	553.1
Due to banks	29.9	27.8	32.4	34.5	43.2	37.0
Other liabilities	11.2	10.0	10.9	14.3	13.3	17.4
Total	553.6	528.7	684.8	671.7	796.0	870.8

	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.
	2,572 banks.	3,191 banks.	3,579 banks.	3,586 banks.	3,774 banks.
RESOURCES.	*Millions.*	*Millions.*	*Millions.*	*Millions.*	*Millions.*
Loans on real estate	37.2	45.0	43.2	42.4	44.3
Loans on other collateral	78.5	42.9	39.1	39.8	42.1
Loans, other	507.5	611.7	675.2	533.8	606.4
Overdrafts	4.1	4.8	5.5	5.4	4.9
United States bonds	1.1	.9	.4	.6	.9
State, etc., bonds	2.2	2.3	2.5	1.4	1.3
Railroad bonds, etc	.6	.5	.3	.1	.1
Bank stocks	.4	.9	.1	.3	.4
Other bonds, etc	37.5	45.6	73.3	82.1	89.3
Due from banks	82.5	104.6	103.8	119.7	127.6
Real estate, etc	28.8	32.0	38.6	41.4	43.4
Expenses	2.9	3.3	4.2	4.1	3.4
Cash items	107.5	129.7	137.0	144.5	143.1
Specie					
Legal tenders					
Other resources	15.2	16.5	7.5	11.6	40.3
Total	906.0	1,040.7	1,130.7	1,077.2	1,147.5
LIABILITIES.					
Capital stock	208.6	233.8	250.8	244.4	250.3
Surplus	60.0	66.7	74.2	74.4	74.2
Undivided profits	21.1	23.6	28.9	28.0	26.9
State-bank notes	.1	.1	.....	.....	.....
Dividends unpaid	.7	.8	.5	.5	.4
Deposits	556.6	648.5	708.9	658.1	712.4
Due to banks	38.8	48.6	48.3	54.1	63.1
Other liabilities	20.1	18.6	21.1	17.7	20.2
Total	906.0	1,040.7	1,130.7	1,077.2	1,147.5

Aggregate Resources and Liabilities of Loan and Trust Companies from 1890–91 to 1894–95.

	1890–91.	1891–92.	1892–93.	1893–94.	1894–95.
	171 companies.	168 companies.	228 companies.	224 companies.	242 companies.
RESOURCES.					
Loans on real estate	$65,072,641	$55,098,822	$81,288,973	$58,149,211	$50,294,477
Loans on personal, etc., security	225,012,138	256,413,894	307,170,395	233,662,562	221,022,813
Other loans and discounts	66,791,541	73,760,832	74,270,229	82,609,940	162,069,171
Overdrafts	105,608	155,999	93,917	82,489	122,055
United States bonds	16,057,015	18,059,578	18,486,636	13,449,411	39,607,593
State, county, and municipal bonds	3,828,397	6,404,311	5,842,753	5,728,331	3,767,198
Railroad bonds and stocks	29,771,125	27,617,790	11,639,330	11,166,307	5,849,131
Bank stocks	1,159,776	1,608,344	668,470	678,972	493,042
Other stocks, bonds, and mortgages	43,157,008	52,516,845	92,187,712	111,201,130	127,369,591
Due from other banks and bankers	39,948,273	54,975,325	53,352,071	90,632,502	92,020,845
Real estate, furniture, and fixtures	17,357,290	22,617,764	26,245,518	28,654,778	28,871,535
Current expenses and taxes paid	743,684	648,269	284,177	883,835	199,004
Cash and cash items	16,482,207	22,600,045	22,216,539	34,377,700	35,861,686
Other resources	11,141,299	7,767,180	32,217,786	33,909,776	38,914,900
Total	536,628,202	600,244,908	726,664,506	705,186,944	807,063,041
LIABILITIES.					
Capital stock	79,292,889	80,645,972	94,867,268	97,068,092	108,963,905
Surplus fund	38,412,197	45,824,747	50,403,421	57,663,599	64,179,611
Other undivided profits	17,091,648	15,943,401	20,368,056	17,639,767	20,622,087
Debenture bonds	18,907,550	11,365,280	18,489,542	6,164,226	3,960,072
Dividends unpaid	83,396	108,479	67,385	52,514	78,453
Individual deposits	355,330,080	411,659,996	486,244,079	471,298,816	546,652,657
Due to other banks and bankers	2,210,772	3,771,465	2,690,476	6,757,007	7,104,064
Other liabilities	25,299,670	30,925,568	53,534,279	48,542,923	55,502,192
Total	536,628,202	600,244,908	726,664,506	705,186,944	807,063,041

Aggregate Resources and Liabilities of Savings Banks from 1890–91 to 1894–95.

	1890–91.	1891–92.	1892–93.	1893–94.	1894–95.
	1,011 banks.	1,059 banks.	1,030 banks.	1,025 banks.	1,017 banks.
RESOURCES.					
Loans on real estate	$687,583,977	$714,832,576	$763,579,985	$779,045,102	$792,492,458
Loans on personal, etc., security	93,679,153	79,173,174	74,179,877	66,225,339	50,504,440
Other loans and discounts	198,134,045	229,711,725	209,014,835	181,351,984	192,247,692
Overdrafts	286,254	328,763	495,781	315,383	352,552
United States bonds	139,267,045	133,344,199	129,610,783	108,950,804	123,196,914
State, county, and municipal bonds	320,278,708	393,190,240	398,606,298	398,756,936	431,168,031
Railroad bonds and stocks	115,991,821	131,215,829	121,519,071	121,732,130	130,830,808
Bank stocks	45,038,830	43,688,739	44,466,725	44,629,479	44,052,458
Other stocks, bonds, and mortgages	107,968,932	71,096,738	105,169,599	104,518,517	112,559,488
Due from other banks and bankers	70,660,882	81,576,253	83,007,108	82,468,981	82,244,782
Real estate, furniture, and fixtures	30,438,232	33,097,998	34,615,359	36,665,514	40,611,911
Current expenses and taxes paid	971,266	832,059	748,432	1,624,130	687,419
Cash and cash items	29,720,473	33,208,271	36,956,824	42,436,271	39,567,787
Other resources	14,502,451	18,748,297	11,804,470	12,023,619	13,247,588
Total	1,854,517,069	1,964,044,861	2,013,775,147	1,980,744,189	2,053,764,328
LIABILITIES.					
Capital stock	32,106,127	37,407,475	33,429,188	30,579,558	29,465,573
Surplus fund	130,042,098	132,880,724	137,456,126	139,691,412	147,762,594
Other undivided profits	25,815,395	27,448,960	26,017,047	25,918,049	26,347,305
Dividends unpaid	19,364	41,412	160,297	59,102	99,742
Individual deposits (savings)	1,623,079,749	1,712,769,026	1,785,150,957	1,747,961,280	1,810,597,023
Individual deposits (not savings)	31,746,393	45,560,592	23,649,305	29,971,962	33,760,775
Due to other banks and bankers	2,766,225	3,593,717	2,350,368	2,587,866	1,295,687
Other liabilities	8,941,718	4,342,955	5,561,859	3,974,960	4,435,629
Total	1,854,517,069	1,964,044,861	2,013,775,147	1,980,744,189	2,053,764,328

Aggregate Resources and Liabilities of Private Banks in 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894, and 1895.

	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.
	1,235 banks.	1,161 banks.	848 banks.	904 banks.	1,076 banks.
RESOURCES.					
Loans on real estate	$15,997,251	$13,782,512	$9,772,644	$9,042,340	$14,079,130
Loans on personal, etc., security	16,738,321	10,259,256	8,885,376	13,902,444	11,200,878
Other loans and discounts	68,186,783	69,051,435	54,879,855	43,651,233	58,711,546
Overdrafts	2,475,025	2,067,627	1,509,430	1,212,618	1,497,512
United States bonds	1,509,155	1,709,495	1,472,148	534,102	1,497,310
State bonds	968,983	1,316,540	792,652	897,707	873,810
Railroad bonds and stocks	737,239	404,178	269,505	334,940	702,880
Bank stocks	634,140	703,932	517,866	400,948	504,406
Other stocks, bonds, etc	1,883,192	3,268,242	1,793,420	2,726,738	3,697,753
Due from other banks and bankers	19,380,059	20,097,600	10,551,291	16,230,347	18,213,393
Real estate, furniture, etc	9,217,951	9,317,287	6,449,149	7,014,581	7,880,843
Current expenses, etc	797,326	846,197	527,765	623,049	962,738
Cash and cash items	11,977,512	12,235,490	9,445,188	8,041,910	9,255,916
Other resources	1,209,081	1,601,813	972,042	760,044	1,539,227
Total	151,646,018	146,661,673	107,843,343	105,379,051	130,617,342
LIABILITIES.					
Capital	36,785,458	34,590,227	26,943,075	26,652,167	33,281,845
Surplus fund	8,993,987	7,730,587	5,488,683	6,005,126	7,146,920
Other undivided profits	3,152,635	3,528,577	3,335,118	3,053,339	3,296,140
Dividends unpaid	.....	.....	.....	41,795	.....
Individual deposits	94,959,727	93,091,148	68,552,696	66,074,549	81,824,932
Due to other banks and bankers	2,240,371	1,745,695	1,670,358	1,826,414	2,324,421
Other liabilities	5,513,840	5,975,439	1,853,413	1,725,661	2,743,084
Total	151,646,018	146,661,673	107,843,343	105,378,051	130,617,342

Aggregate Resources and Liabilities of all State Banks, Loan and Trust Companies, Savings and Private Banks, 1894–95.

	State banks.	Loan and trust companies.	Savings banks.	Private banks.	Total.
	3,774 banks.	242 companies.	1,017 banks.	1,070 banks.	6,103 banks.
RESOURCES.					
Loans on real estate	$44,322,689	$50,284,477	$792,492,458	$14,079,130	$901,188,754
Loans on collateral security other than real estate	42,093,118	221,022,813	50,504,440	11,200,878	324,821,249
Other loans and discounts	606,372,124	162,069,171	192,247,692	58,711,546	1,019,400,533
Overdrafts	4,900,137	122,055	352,552	1,497,512	6,872,256
United States bonds	883,885	39,607,593	123,196,914	1,497,310	165,185,702
State, county, and municipal bonds	1,319,104	3,767,198	431,168,031	873,810	437,128,143
Railroad bonds and stocks	63,334	5,849,131	130,830,808	702,880	137,446,153
Bank stocks	392,238	493,042	44,052,458	504,406	45,442,144
Other stocks and bonds	89,330,135	127,369,591	112,559,488	3,697,753	332,956,967
Due from other banks and bankers	127,641,703	92,620,845	82,244,782	18,213,393	320,720,723
Real estate, furniture, and fixtures	43,398,546	28,871,535	46,611,911	7,880,843	120,762,835
Current expenses and taxes paid	3,442,015	199,004	687,419	962,738	5,291,176
Cash and cash items	143,057,914	35,861,686	39,567,787	9,255,916	227,743,303
Other resources	40,328,876	38,914,900	13,247,588	1,539,227	94,030,591
Total	1,147,545,818	807,063,041	2,053,764,328	130,617,342	4,138,990,529
LIABILITIES.					
Capital stock	250,341,295	108,963,905	29,465,573	33,281,845	422,052,618
Surplus fund	74,175,522	64,179,611	147,762,594	7,146,920	293,264,647
Other undivided profits	26,866,824	20,622,087	26,347,305	3,296,140	77,132,356
Dividends unpaid	446,935	78,453	99,742	.....	625,130
Individual deposits	712,410,423	546,652,657	33,760,775	81,824,932	1,374,648,787
Savings deposits	.....	.....	1,810,597,023	.....	1,810,597,023
Debenture bonds	.....	3,960,072	.....	.....	3,960,072
Due to other banks and bankers	63,147,250	7,104,064	1,295,687	2,324,421	73,871,422
All other liabilities	20,167,569	55,502,192	4,435,629	2,743,084	82,838,474
Total	1,147,545,818	807,063,041	2,053,764,328	130,617,342	4,138,990,529

GOLD, ETC., HELD BY NATIONAL BANKS ON JULY 11, 1895, AND BY OTHER BANKS AND BANKERS ON OR ABOUT THE SAME DATE.

Classification.	National banks (3,715).	All other banks (6,093).	Total all banks (9,808).
Gold coin	$117,476,837	$10,144,262	$127,621,099
Gold Treasury certificates	22,425,600	.....	22,425,600
Gold (clearing-house) certificates	31,315,000	.....	31,315,000
Silver dollars	7,248,059	2,511,737	15,594,037
Silver, fractional	5,834,241		
Silver Treasury certificates	30,127,457	.....	30,127,457
National-bank notes	19,402,179	.....	19,402,179
Legal-tender notes	123,185,172	a 70,953,721	194,138,893
United States certificates for legal tenders	45,330,000	.....	45,330,000
Fractional currency	1,023,442	.....	1,023,442
Specie, not classified	.....	19,298,363	19,298,363
Cash, not classified	.....	124,835,220	124,835,220
Total	403,367,987	227,743,303	631,111,290

a Includes coin certificates and national-bank notes.

GOLD, SILVER, SPECIE (NOT CLASSIFIED), PAPER CURRENCY, AND CASH (NOT CLASSIFIED) HELD BY BANKS OTHER THAN NATIONAL IN EACH STATE AND TERRITORY AT DATE OF LATEST REPORTS, 1894–95.

States and Territories.	Gold.	Silver.	Specie (not classified).	Paper currency.	Cash (not classified).	Total.
Maine					$1,375,764	$1,375,764
New Hampshire					1,445,965	1,445,965
Vermont					337,086	337,086
Massachusetts					10,131,075	10,131,075
Rhode Island			$16,881	$104,680	3,285,472	3,407,033
Connecticut				227,546	5,468,565	5,696,111
Total Eastern States			16,881	332,226	22,043,927	22,393,034
New York	$64,985	$19,526	15,883,225	25,257,608	42,818,259	84,043,603
New Jersey				483,035	980,243	1,463,278
Pennsylvania	79,263	18,005		240,676	11,507,185	11,845,129
Delaware	12,850	3,478		49,580	102,992	168,900
Maryland	245,237	46,744		283,675	1,039,597	1,615,253
District of Columbia	138,018	1,466		137,810	51,903	329,197
Total Middle States	540,353	89,219	15,883,225	26,452,384	56,500,179	99,465,360
Virginia	167,758	62,739		385,985	877,176	1,493,658
West Virginia	209,194	35,755		323,709	642,657	1,211,315
North Carolina			222,770	341,007	109,870	673,647
South Carolina	18,409	36,441		51,880	495,796	602,526
Georgia	366,620	142,654		584,873	1,584,245	2,678,392
Florida	1,732	6,586	50,549	134,753	69,730	263,350
Alabama	73,034	28,765		100,120	86,867	288,836
Mississippi	57,972	50,634		167,924	601,421	878,011
Louisiana	191,861	80,224		1,939,517	1,326,885	3,538,487
Texas	148,882	33,351		414,482	243,815	840,530
Arkansas	97,989	61,755		252,032	162,403	574,179
Kentucky	723,301	127,248		1,831,764	1,622,009	4,304,322
Tennessee	183,742	186,233		1,038,683	660,825	2,069,483
Total Southern States	2,240,544	852,435	273,319	7,566,739	8,483,699	19,416,736
Missouri	2,514,294	565,765		7,289,843	1,796,189	12,166,091
Ohio	302,693	86,212	790,172	2,550,093	885,284	4,614,454
Indiana	150,329	42,996	582,586	1,107,226	648,064	2,531,201
Illinois	221,035	85,579		14,541,213	3,011,389	17,859,216
Michigan	1,954,823	344,609		2,219,274	766,873	5,285,579
Wisconsin			1,752,180	1,832,504	491,005	4,075,689
Iowa	261,935	60,206		552,296	3,443,981	4,318,418
Minnesota	158,240	30,060		3,263,731	1,195,788	4,647,819
Kansas	990,532	249,190		1,172,459	176,004	2,588,185
Nebraska				1,409,999	124,277	1,534,276
Total Western States	6,553,881	1,464,617	3,124,938	35,938,638	12,538,854	59,620,928
Nevada	19,000	526		5,300	1,200	26,026
Oregon	164,156	10,499		18,451	155,768	348,874
Colorado	59,916	14,642		63,498	460,323	598,379
Utah	148,950	9,982		61,727	79,051	299,710
Idaho	26,774	2,145		12,925	24,707	66,551
Montana	53,441	7,251		38,904	455,326	554,922
Wyoming	4,608	766		6,528	68,510	80,412
New Mexico	37,504	5,977		31,206	13,438	88,125
North Dakota	101,419	19,603		123,249	34,594	278,865
South Dakota	57,848	15,426		253,916	133,141	460,331
Washington	100,526	10,734		14,777	470,768	596,805
Arizona	26,700	3,210		10,000	567	40,477
California					23,329,711	23,329,711
Oklahoma	7,982	4,292		21,868	21,949	56,091
Indian Territory	660	413		1,385	19,508	21,966
Total Pacific States and Territories	809,484	105,466		663,734	25,268,561	26,847,245
Total United States	10,144,262	2,511,737	19,298,363	70,953,721	124,835,220	227,743,303

CAPITAL, AND DIVIDENDS PAID BY STATE BANKS IN EACH STATE REPORTING THAT INFORMATION, 1894–95.

States.	Number of banks.	Capital.	Dividends paid.	
			Amount.	Per cent.
Rhode Island	6	$916,675	$40,028	4.3
Connecticut	8	2,340,000	135,640	5.8
New Jersey	21	1,684,360	133,973	7.9
Maryland	4	1,075,000	69,500	6.5
Virginia	28	2,978,500	186,389	6.2
West Virginia	13	1,011,150	73,493	7.2
South Carolina	7	425,750	32,060	7.5
Alabama	3	124,000	8,565	6.9
Georgia	29	3,095,073	233,321	7.5
Mississippi	21	843,825	75,094	8.9
Louisiana	10	2,601,200	186,914	7.2
Texas	4	548,600	43,952	8
Arkansas	12	593,250	56,459	9
Kentucky	58	8,463,400	695,675	8.2
Tennessee	31	2,890,761	209,844	7.2
Ohio	*a* 6	1,368,000	138,500	10.1
Illinois	*b* 123	13,292,000	822,525	6.2
Nebraska	482	10,407,838	795,250	7.6
Colorado	7	410,000	25,350	6.2
Utah	3	350,000	17,250	5
Montana	2	55,000	7,350	13.2
North Dakota	21	354,500	41,084	11.5
South Dakota	25	451,800	38,580	8.5
Washington	4	315,700	21,956	6.9
Total	928	56,596,382	4,088,752	7.2

a Stock savings banks.

b Includes stock savings bank.

CAPITAL STOCK OF NATIONAL BANKS ON JULY 11, 1895, AND OF STATE, STOCK SAVINGS, AND PRIVATE BANKS, AND LOAN AND TRUST COMPANIES AT DATE OF LATEST REPORTS TO THIS BUREAU.

States and Territories.	National banks.	State banks.	Stock savings banks.	Private banks.	Loan and trust companies.	Total.
Maine	$11,121,000				$1,205,400	$12,326,400
New Hampshire	5,880,000					5,880,000
Vermont	7,010,000					7,010,000
Massachusetts	97,142,500				9,775,000	106,917,500
Rhode Island	19,537,050	$916,675			2,808,636	23,262,361
Connecticut	22,391,070	2,340,000			1,186,600	25,917,670
Total Eastern States	163,081,620	3,256,675			14,975,636	181,313,931
New York	86,317,176	33,106,495		$1,347,550	28,800,000	150,171,221
New Jersey	14,413,980	1,684,360			1,869,500	17,967,840
Pennsylvania	74,155,430	8,421,705		1,573,544	39,018,085	123,168,824
Delaware	2,133,385	580,000			1,000,000	3,713,985
Maryland	17,054,960	1,184,750	$401,178	112,249	1,817,275	20,570,412
District of Columbia	2,827,000		50,041		3,250,000	6,127,041
Total Middle States	197,502,591	44,977,310	451,219	3,033,343	75,754,860	321,719,323
Virginia	4,796,300	6,503,896				11,300,196
West Virginia	3,261,000	a3,118,582				6,379,582
North Carolina	2,706,000	1,960,785	290,000	298,300		5,255,085
South Carolina	1,868,910	1,299,541	749,029			3,917,480
Georgia	3,416,000	8,839,282	427,000	315,197		12,997,474
Florida	1,435,000	570,800	120,000	135,957		2,261,757
Alabama	3,444,000	858,500		435,050		4,737,550
Mississippi	855,000	3,387,425				4,242,425
Louisiana	3,860,000	2,882,444	603,225			7,145,669
Texas	21,439,160	885,150		3,090,434		25,414,744
Arkansas	1,220,000	1,836,400				3,056,400
Kentucky	13,109,400	16,140,733		466,700		29,716,833
Tennessee	8,325,000	5,653,531	142,450			14,120,981
Total Southern States	69,535,770	53,937,069	2,331,704	4,741,638		130,546,181
Missouri	17,665,000	20,070,040		1,191,860	6,150,000	45,076,900
Ohio	45,581,099	8,589,540	1,686,200	4,453,641		60,310,480
Indiana	14,422,000	4,736,150		1,786,170	1,400,200	22,344,520
Illinois	38,606,000	7,160,000	6,132,000	5,033,933	5,087,500	62,019,433
Michigan	13,434,000	a12,444,482		910,178		26,788,660
Wisconsin	10,785,000	6,969,350		1,376,696		19,131,046
Iowa	13,395,000	8,737,900	7,423,400	4,614,832	1,699,872	35,871,004
Minnesota	15,030,000	3,800,000	350,000	2,114,906	3,895,837	30,190,743
Kansas	10,037,100	a8,782,213				18,819,313
Nebraska	11,765,000	a9,882,288				21,647,288
Total Western States	190,720,199	96,171,963	15,591,600	21,482,216	18,233,409	342,199,387
Nevada	282,000			70,000		352,000
Oregon	3,620,000	425,400	737,700	118,500		4,901,600
Colorado	6,237,000	1,835,000		727,481		9,499,481
Utah	2,100,000	565,000	700,000	189,000		3,554,000
Idaho	775,000			350,000		1,125,000
Montana	4,100,000	330,000	200,000	141,000		4,771,000
Wyoming	860,000	62,000		163,349		1,085,349
New Mexico	650,000	201,700	30,000	50,000		931,700
North Dakota	2,190,000	1,064,000				3,254,000
South Dakota	2,035,000	1,269,712		903,093		4,207,805
Washington	5,205,000	2,534,400	625,500			8,364,900
Arizona	400,000	40,200				440,200
California	7,525,000	43,547,699	8,797,850	1,132,767		61,003,316
Oklahoma	300,000	123,167		93,458		516,625
Indian Territory	405,000			86,000		491,000
Total Pacific States and Territories	37,384,000	51,998,278	11,091,050	4,024,648		104,497,976
Total United States	658,224,180	250,341,295	29,465,573	33,281,845	108,963,905	1,080,276,798

a Capital of all banks subject to State supervision.

POPULATION OF THE STATES AND TERRITORIES ON JUNE 1, 1895; THE AGGREGATE CAPITAL, SURPLUS, UNDIVIDED PROFITS, AND INDIVIDUAL DEPOSITS OF NATIONAL BANKS, ETC., ON OR ABOUT JUNE 29, 1895; THE AVERAGE OF THESE ITEMS PER CAPITA, AND THE PER CAPITA AVERAGES IN EACH CLASS OF BANKS AND IN ALL BANKS.

States and Territories.	Population June 1, 1895.a	All banks.		National banks.	State banks.	Loan and trust companies.	Savings banks.	Private banks.
		Capital, etc.	Average per capita.	Average per capita.	Average per capita.	Average per capita.	Average per capita.	Average per capita.
Maine	686,000	$92,465,355	$138.83	$44.62	.....	$7.54	$86.67	.....
New Hampshire	391,000	88,574,901	226.53	43.54	.....	.....	182.99	.....
Vermont	333,000	51,095,685	153.44	54.53	.....	.....	98.92	.....
Massachusetts	2,675,000	877,449,028	328.02	125.33	.....	37.41	165.28	.....
Rhode Island	382,000	144,226,324	377.55	120.69	$4.97	65.17	186.72	.....
Connecticut	821,000	229,343,562	279.35	83.64	9.28	8.75	177.68	.....
New York	6,557,000	1,958,823,314	298.74	90.56	40.20	54.64	112.16	$1.18
New Jersey	1,632,000	145,229,355	88.99	48.39	5.90	10.28	24.42	.....
Pennsylvania	5,861,000	661,176,381	112.81	62.77	8.86	26.25	13.22	1.71
Delaware	180,000	17,245,474	95.81	42.66	11.42	17.50	24.23	.....
Maryland	1,095,000	116,679,287	106.56	54.92	3.41	3.78	44.19	.26
District of Columbia	284,000	22,843,260	80.44	50.87	.....	28.91	.66	.....
Virginia	1,722,000	44,973,759	26.12	12.39	13.73	.....	.....	.....
West Virginia	835,000	24,570,210	29.42	12.82	16.60	.....	.....	.....
North Carolina	1,690,000	16,154,976	9.56	4.96	3.18	.....	.64	.78
South Carolina	1,195,000	16,597,137	13.89	5.88	2.73	.....	5.28	.....
Georgia	1,960,000	36,327,234	18.53	5.39	12.07	.....	.69	.38
Florida	475,000	8,964,137	18.87	13.58	3.42	.....	1.02	.85
Alabama	1,625,000	12,170,409	7.49	6.30	1.19	.....	.....	.....
Mississippi	1,350,000	13,788,573	10.21	2.24	7.97	.....	.....	.....
Louisiana	1,190,000	40,585,366	34.10	20.65	10.48	.....	2.97	.....
Texas	2,445,000	68,314,801	27.94	24.33	.89	.....	.....	2.72
Arkansas	1,290,000	8,902,529	6.90	2.64	4.26	.....	.....	.....
Kentucky	1,955,000	80,874,649	41.36	17.22	23.18	.....	.....	.96
Tennessee	1,890,000	41,801,101	22.12	13.52	7.66	.....	.94	.....
Missouri	2,970,000	179,679,465	60.49	20.42	32.69	4.80	.....	2.58
Ohio	3,882,000	260,144,427	67.01	42.11	10.22	.....	10.56	4.12
Indiana	2,290,000	83,804,143	36.59	24.25	6.65	.76	1.79	3.14
Illinois	4,200,000	327,528,672	77.98	43.43	7.91	6.66	14.83	5.15
Michigan	2,350,000	137,256,639	58.40	23.05	33.79	.....	.....	1.56
Wisconsin	1,939,000	96,327,597	49.67	27.72	18.07	.....	.09	3.79
Iowa	2,025,000	129,549,017	63.97	21.27	12.97	4.39	18.37	6.97
Minnesota	1,660,000	108,531,729	65.38	30.27	21.65	3.68	6.03	3.75
Kansas	1,590,000	55,943,076	35.18	18.13	b 17.05	.....	.....	.....
Nebraska	1,490,000	61,412,529	41.22	21.70	b 19.52	.....	.....	.....
Nevada	45,000	1,113,913	24.75	20.08	.....	.....	.....	4.67
Oregon	388,000	17,426,323	44.91	34.92	2.80	.....	6.29	.90
Colorado	546,000	40,689,777	74.53	60.22	11.13	.....	.....	3.18
Utah	255,000	10,727,848	42.07	21.75	3.59	.....	9.15	7.58
Idaho	126,000	3,588,363	28.48	22.33	.....	.....	.....	6.15
Montana	217,000	22,787,211	105.01	88.72	4.83	.....	8.84	2.62
Wyoming	91,000	3,685,953	43.80	32.52	2.79	.....	.....	8.49
New Mexico	173,000	3,644,990	21.07	16.92	3.18	.....	.40	.57
North Dakota	316,000	10,731,496	33.96	22.77	11.19	.....	.....	.....
South Dakota	522,000	11,397,413	21.83	10.91	6.47	.....	.....	4.45
Washington	575,000	23,464,477	40.81	26.12	10.24	.....	4.45	.....
Arizona	67,000	2,328,940	34.76	22.25	12.51	.....	.....	.....
California	1,392,000	289,348,874	207.87	19.46	84.59	.....	102.09	1.73
Oklahoma	145,000	1,557,170	10.73	7.05	2.03	.....	.....	1.65
Indian Territory	201,000	1,397,235	6.95	5.85	.....	.....	.....	1.10
Total United States	69,954,000	6,703,544,084	95.83	38.97	15.21	10.59	29.28	1.78

a Estimate by the Government aotuary.

b Includes private banks.

AGGREGATE SAVINGS DEPOSITS IN SAVINGS BANKS, NUMBER OF DEPOSITORS, AND THE AVERAGE AMOUNT DUE TO EACH, BY STATES AND TERRITORIES, IN 1893–94 AND 1894–95.[b]

States and Territories.	1893–94.			1894–95.		
	Number of depositors.	Amount of deposits.	Average to each depositor.	Number of depositors.	Amount of deposits.	Average to each depositor.
Maine	153,022	$53,261,309	$346.03	165,704	$54,531,223	$350.22
New Hampshire	169,510	70,616,944	416.59	163,702	66,746,703	407.73
Vermont	92,239	27,966,855	303.20	94,994	29,430,697	309.81
Massachusetts	1,214,493	399,995,570	329.35	1,247,090	416,778,018	334.20
Rhode Island	130,610	69,053,724	528.70	131,623	67,444,117	512.40
Connecticut	335,879	133,967,220	398.95	337,254	136,928,858	406.01
Total Eastern States	2,096,653	754,861,622	360.03	2,130,367	771,859,616	362.31
New York	1,585,155	617,089,449	390.50	1,615,178	643,873,574	398.63
New Jersey	137,897	34,266,298	248.49	144,160	36,149,920	250.76
Pennsylvania	248,244	66,025,821	265.97	264,642	68,522,217	258.92
Delaware	18,264	3,693,311	202.22	18,648	3,765,784	201.94
Maryland	144,218	43,758,875	303.42	148,342	45,490,279	306.66
District of Columbia	1,258	72,667	57.76	1,356	95,300	70.28
Total Middle States	2,135,036	764,906,421	358.26	2,192,326	797,897,074	363.95
West Virginia	3,522	236,025	67.01	.....	.....	.....
North Carolina	a 8,750	416,695	47.62	a 6,039	291,744	48.31
South Carolina	a 23,246	3,939,976	169.49	17,418	4,578,838	262.88
Georgia	a 7,196	836,823	116.29	5,747	741,596	129.04
Florida	881	175,115	198.77	a 1,148	205,710	179.19
Alabama	a 2,590	102,347	39.52	.....	.....	.....
Louisiana	7,786	2,057,846	264.30	9,918	2,687,934	271.02
Texas	2,459	301,648	123.12	.....	.....	.....
Tennessee	9,664	1,412,840	146.19	8,703	1,112,491	127.83
Total Southern States	66,085	9,479,314	143.44	48,973	9,618,313	196.40
Ohio	77,533	27,403,922	353.45	86,183	34,753,222	403.25
Indiana	13,967	3,165,214	226.62	15,636	3,667,312	234.54
Illinois	83,802	22,870,005	272.90	94,724	24,357,400	257.14
Wisconsin	1,219	152,300	124.94	1,439	179,877	125.00
Iowa	a 72,397	26,230,214	362.31	a 77,809	28,158,483	361.89
Minnesota	38,493	8,954,575	232.63	42,777	9,471,799	221.42
Total Western States	287,411	88,776,230	308.88	318,568	100,588,098	315.75
Oregon	a 1,732	753,060	434.80	1,803	662,229	367.29
Utah	5,528	963,227	174.24	6,271	1,142,215	182.14
Montana	1,240	347,476	280.22	2,844	812,910	285.83
New Mexico	182	37,476	205.91	217	37,951	174.90
Washington	a 11,595	2,415,669	208.34	a 5,512	1,148,104	208.29
California	172,225	125,420,765	728.24	a 168,638	126,830,513	752.08
Total Pacific States and Territories	192,502	129,937,693	674.99	185,285	130,633,922	705.04
Total United States	4,777,687	1,747,961,280	365.86	4,875,519	1,810,597,023	371.36

a Partially estimated.
b These banks held $33,760,775 deposits subject to check not included in this and the following table.

NUMBER OF SAVINGS BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, NUMBER OF DEPOSITORS, AMOUNT OF SAVINGS DEPOSITS, AVERAGE AMOUNT DUE EACH DEPOSITOR IN THE YEARS 1820, 1825, 1830, 1835, 1840, AND 1845 TO 1895, AND AVERAGE PER CAPITA IN THE UNITED STATES IN THE YEARS GIVEN.

Year.	Number of banks.	Number of depositors.	Deposits.	Average due each depositor.	Average per capita in the United States.
1820	10	8,635	$1,138,576	$131.86	$0.12
1825	15	16,931	2,537,082	149.84	.....
1830	36	38,085	6,973,304	183.09	.54
1835	52	60,058	10,613,726	176.72	.....
1840	61	78,701	14,051,520	178.54	.82
1845	70	145,206	24,506,677	168.77	.....
1846	74	158,709	27,374,325	172.48	.....
1847	76	187,739	31,627,479	168.46	.....
1848	83	199,764	33,057,488	165.63	.....
1849	90	217,318	36,073,924	165.99	.....
1850	108	251,354	43,431,130	172.78	1.87
1851	128	277,148	50,457,913	182.06	.....
1852	141	308,863	59,467,453	192.54	.....
1853	159	365,538	72,313,696	197.82	.....
1854	190	396,173	77,823,906	196.44	.....
1855	215	431,602	84,290,076	195.29	.....
1856	222	487,986	95,598,230	195.90	.....
1857	231	490,428	98,512,968	200.87	.....
1858	245	538,840	108,438,287	201.24	.....
1859	259	622,556	128,657,901	206.66	.....
1860	278	693,870	149,277,504	215.13	4.75
1861	285	694,487	146,729,882	211.27	.....
1862	289	787,943	169,434,540	215.03	.....
1863	293	887,096	206,235,202	232.48	.....
1864	305	976,025	236,280,401	242.08	.....
1865	317	980,844	242,619,382	247.35	.....
1866	338	1,067,061	282,455,794	264.70	.....
1867	371	1,188,202	337,009,452	283.63	.....
1868	406	1,310,144	392,781,813	299.80	.....
1869	476	1,466,684	457,675,050	312.04	.....
1870	517	1,630,846	549,874,358	337.17	14.26
1871	577	1,902,047	650,745,442	342.13	.....
1872	647	1,992,925	735,046,805	368.82	.....
1873	669	2,185,832	802,363,609	367.07	.....
1874	693	2,293,401	864,556,902	376.98	.....
1875	771	2,359,864	924,037,304	391.56	.....
1876	781	2,368,630	941,350,255	397.42	.....
1877	675	2,395,314	866,218,306	361.63	.....
1878	663	2,400,785	879,897,425	366.50	.....
1879	639	2,268,707	802,490,298	353.72	.....
1880	629	2,335,582	819,106,973	350.71	16.33
1881	629	2,528,749	891,961,142	352.73	.....
1882	629	2,710,354	966,797,081	356.70	.....
1883	630	2,876,438	1,024,856,787	356.29	.....
1884	636	3,015,151	1,073,294,955	355.96	.....
1885	646	3,071,495	1,095,172,147	356.56	.....
1886	638	3,158,950	1,141,530,578	361.36	.....
1887	684	3,418,013	1,235,247,371	361.39	.....
1888	801	3,838,291	1,364,196,550	355.41	.....
1889	849	4,021,523	1,425,230,349	354.40	.....
1890	921	4,258,893	1,524,844,506	358.03	24.35
1891	1,011	4,533,217	1,623,079,749	358.04	25.29
1892	1,059	4,781,605	1,712,769,026	358.20	26.11
1893	1,030	4,830,599	1,785,150,957	369.55	26.63
1894	1,024	4,777,687	1,747,961,280	365.86	25.53
1895	1,017	4,875,519	1,810,597,023	371.36	25.88

Summary of the Condition of the Thirty-eight Chartered Banks of the Dominion of Canada on August 31, 1895.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Call loans on bonds, etc	$16,765,317	Capital stock	$61,704,458
Current loans	197,526,285	Surplus fund	27,083,799
Loans to provincial governments	445,922		
Overdue debts	4,324,234	Bank notes outstanding	30,737,622
Deposits to secure circulation	1,814,624		
Dominion debentures or stocks	2,687,044		
Provincial, municipal, etc., securities	9,393,325	Due to the Dominion government	4,395,918
Railway securities	9,224,246	Due to provincial governments	3,999,523
Due from other banks and agencies	38,934,419		
Real estate, bank premises, and mortgages	7,391,813	Demand deposits	87,336,516
		Time deposits	115,716,526
Cash on hand, viz:			
Checks, etc $6,135,949		Due to other banks and agencies	8,210,530
Specie 7,375,298		All other liabilities	294,435
Dominion notes 16,180,545			
Total cash on hand	28,691,792		
Other resources	2,241,162		
Excess of liabilities	2,088,138		
Total	319,529,321	Total	319,529,321

Expenses of the Office of Comptroller of the Currency for the Year ended June 30, 1895.

For special dies, plates, printing, etc	$87,642.50
For salaries	102,261.04
For salaries, reimbursable by national banks	16,349.68
Total expenses of the office of the Comptroller of the Currency from its organization, May, 1863, to June 30, 1895	7,764,181.39

The contingent expenses of the Bureau are not paid by the Comptroller, but from the general appropriation for contingent expenses of the Treasury Department. No separate account of them is kept.

Number of National Banks Organized, in Voluntary Liquidation, Insolvent, and Number and Capital of Associations in Active Operation on January 1 of each Year from 1864 to 1895.

Year.	Organized.	In voluntary liquidation.	Insolvent.	In active operation.	
				No.	Capital.
1864	179	.....	.....	179	$14,040,522
1865	682	6	.....	676	135,618,874
1866	1,626	11	1	1,614	403,357,346
1867	1,665	16	3	1,646	420,229,739
1868	1,675	29	10	1,636	420,260,790
1869	1,688	47	13	1,628	426,332,311
1870	1,696	62	15	1,619	433,803,311
1871	1,759	77	15	1,667	442,427,981
1872	1,912	87	19	1,806	468,210,336
1873	2,073	161	23	1,949	487,781,551
1874	2,131	118	34	1,979	499,003,401
1875	2,214	141	37	2,036	503,347,901
1876	2,315	179	40	2,096	511,155,865
1877	2,345	211	50	2,084	501,332,171
1878	2,375	236	61	2,078	485,557,771
1879	2,405	274	76	2,055	471,609,306
1880	2,445	308	81	2,056	461,557,515
1881	2,498	320	84	2,094	467,039,084
1882	2,606	349	85	2,172	470,018,135
1883	2,849	429	87	2,333	492,076,635
1884	3,101	462	89	2,550	518,031,135
1885	3,281	506	102	2,673	529,910,165
1886	3,427	573	104	2,745	534,378,265
1887	3,612	611	113	2,888	555,865,165
1888	3,832	632	121	3,079	584,726,915
1889	3,954	668	128	3,158	598,239,065
1890	4,190	706	133	3,351	623,791,365
1891	4,494	754	143	3,597	665,267,865
1892	4,673	804	169	3,700	685,762,265
1893	4,832	853	180	3,799	695,148,665
1894	4,934	905	243	3,786	693,353,165
1895	4,983	975	266	3,748	670,908,365

NUMBER OF NATIONAL BANKS IN OPERATION ON OCTOBER 31, 1895, AND NUMBER IN VOLUNTARY LIQUIDATION AND INSOLVENT IN EACH STATE AND TERRITORY SINCE THE ORGANIZATION OF THE SYSTEM.

States and Territories.	In operation.	In liquidation.	Insolvent.	States and Territories.	In operation.	In liquidation.	Insolvent.
Alabama	26	7	5	Nebraska	117	33	16
Arizona	5	3	.....	Nevada	2	.....	1
Arkansas	9	1	4	New Hampshire	50	7	3
California	31	12	5	New Jersey	102	10	4
Colorado	45	12	8	New Mexico	8	4	3
Connecticut	82	13	3	New York	334	103	31
Delaware	18	.....	.....	North Carolina	27	4	3
District of Columbia	13	2	3	North Dakota	32	5	5
Florida	18	3	4	Ohio	248	92	9
Georgia	29	10	3	Oklahoma	5	1	1
Idaho	11	3	.....	Oregon	35	2	5
Illinois	220	64	15	Pennsylvania	412	44	20
Indiana	114	59	10	Rhode Island	58	6	.....
Indian Territory	8	.....	.....	South Carolina	16	3	1
Iowa	168	60	7	South Dakota	33	12	8
Kansas	121	70	25	Tennessee	48	22	7
Kentucky	76	31	1	Texas	214	31	17
Louisiana	21	3	3	Utah	11	5	1
Maine	82	16	.....	Vermont	49	15	4
Maryland	68	3	.....	Virginia	37	11	5
Massachusetts	268	16	3	Washington	46	15	16
Michigan	94	69	5	West Virginia	31	8	.....
Minnesota	78	27	4	Wisconsin	81	38	3
Mississippi	10	3	2	Wyoming	11	2	2
Missouri	67	46	9				
Montana	26	12	6	Total	3,715	1,018	290

Profit on National-Bank Circulation, Based on a Deposit of $100,000 Bonds.

Bonds.		Maximum circulation obtainable.	Receipts.			Deductions.							Net receipts.	Interest on cost of bonds at 6 per cent.	Profit on circulation.	
Class.	Market value.		Interest on circulation at 6 per cent.	Interest on bonds.	Gross receipts.	Tax.	Cost of redemption.	Express charges.	Plates.	Agents' fees.	Sinking fund.	Total.			Amount.	Per cent.
OCTOBER 31, 1894.																
2's	$95.6750	$86,107.50	$5,166.45	$2,000	$7,166.45	$861.07	$45.00	$3.00	$7.50	$7.00	.....	$923.57	$6,242.88	$5,740.50	$502.38	0.502
4's	115.1712	90,000.00	5,400.00	4,000	9,400.00	900.00	45.00	3.00	7.50	7.00	$808.07	1,770.57	7,629.43	6,910.27	719.16	.719
5's	119.0033	90,000.00	5,400.00	5,000	10,400.00	900.00	45.00	3.00	7.50	7.00	1,627.81	2,590.31	7,809.69	7,140.20	669.49	.669
6's	107.9945	90,000.00	5,400.00	6,000	11,400.00	900.00	45.00	3.00	7.50	7.00	1,980.60	2,943.10	8,456.90	6,479.67	1,977.23	1.977
OCTOBER 31, 1895.																
2's	$96.9215	$87,229.35	$5,233.76	$2,000	$7,233.76	$872.29	$45.00	$3.00	$7.50	$7.00	.....	$934.79	$6,298.97	$5,815.29	$483.68	.484
4's *a*	111.4837	90,000.00	5,400.00	4,000	9,400.00	900.00	45.00	3.00	7.50	7.00	$636.60	1,649.10	7,750.90	6,689.02	1,061.88	1.062
4's *b*	121.7527	90,000.00	5,400.00	4,000	9,400.00	900.00	45.00	3.00	7.50	7.00	277.13	1,239.63	8,160.37	7,305.16	855.21	.855
5's	114.7534	90,000.00	5,400.00	5,000	10,400.00	900.00	45.00	3.00	7.50	7.00	1,392.33	2,354.83	8,045.17	6,885.20	1,159.97	1.160
6's	105.9945	90,000.00	5,400.00	6,000	11,400.00	900.00	45.00	3.00	7.50	7.00	2,104.80	3,067.30	8,332.70	6,359.67	1,973.03	1.973
AUGUST 31, 1896.																
2's	$91.0068	$81,906.12	$4,914.37	$2,000	$6,914.37	$819.06	$45.00	$3.00	$7.50	$7.00	.....	$881.56	$6,032.81	$5,460.41	*c* $572.40	.629
4's *a*	105.5815	90,000.00	5,400.00	4,000	9,400.00	900.00	45.00	3.00	7.50	7.00	$379.51	1,342.01	8,057.99	6,334.89	1,723.10	1.632
4's *b*	112.7337	90,000.00	5,400.00	4,000	9,400.00	900.00	45.00	3.00	7.50	7.00	172.38	1,134.88	8,265.12	6,764.02	1,501.10	1.331
5's *d*	108.5890	90,000.00	5,400.00	5,000	10,400.00	900.00	45.00	3.00	7.50	7.00	927.96	1,890.46	8,509.54	6,515.34	1,994.20	1.836
6's *e*	100.9973	90,000.00	5,400.00	6,000	11,400.00	900.00	45.00	3.00	7.50	7.00	522.72	1,485.22	9,914.78	6,059.84	3,854.94	3.817

a Issue of 1907. *b* Issue of 1925. *c* The profit is somewhat greater than here shown, owing to the fact that the bonds will, at an uncertain date, be redeemed at par.
d Issue of 1904. *e* Series maturing July 1, 1898.

AMOUNT AND DENOMINATIONS OF NATIONAL-BANK NOTES ISSUED AND REDEEMED SINCE THE ORGANIZATION OF THE SYSTEM, AND THE AMOUNT OUTSTANDING OCTOBER 31, 1895.

Denomination.	Number of notes.			Amount.		
	Issued.	Redeemed.	Outstanding.	Issued.	Redeemed.	Outstanding.
Ones	23,169,677	22,816,231	353,446	$23,169,677	$22,816,231	$353,446
Twos	7,747,519	7,661,881	85,638	15,495,038	15,323,762	171,276
Fives	130,573,884	117,435,337	13,138,547	652,869,420	587,176,685	65,692,735
Tens	55,637,455	48,989,473	6,647,982	556,374,550	489,894,730	66,479,820
Twenties	17,565,546	15,114,940	2,450,606	351,310,920	302,298,800	49,012,120
Fifties	2,221,061	2,007,346	214,315	111,083,050	100,367,300	10,715,750
One hundreds	1,738,251	1,529,111	209,140	173,825,100	152,911,100	20,914,000
Five hundreds	23,894	23,648	246	11,947,000	11,824,000	123,000
One thousands	7,379	7,350	29	7,379,000	7,350,000	29,000
Total	238,685,266	215,585,317	23,099,949	1,903,453,755	1,689,962,608	213,491,147
Unpresented fractions					—28,754	+28,754
Total					1,689,933,854	213,519,901

VAULT ACCOUNT, SHOWING THE AMOUNT OF CURRENCY RECEIVED AND ISSUED BY THIS BUREAU DURING THE YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 1895.

National-bank currency in the vault October 31, 1894		$59,924,360
Amount received from the Bureau of Engraving and Printing during the year ended October 31, 1895		60,644,560
Total		120,568,920
Amount issued to banks during the year	$57,181,040	
Amount withdrawn from vault for cancellation	1,807,210	
		58,988,250
Amount in vault at close of business October 31, 1895		61,580,670

NATIONAL-BANK NOTES RECEIVED MONTHLY FOR REDEMPTION BY THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY DURING THE YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 1895, AND THE AMOUNT RECEIVED DURING THE SAME PERIOD AT THE REDEMPTION AGENCY OF THE TREASURY, TOGETHER WITH THE TOTAL AMOUNT RECEIVED SINCE THE APPROVAL OF THE ACT OF JUNE 20, 1874.*a*

Months.	Received by the Comptroller of the Currency.					Received at the United States Treasury redemption agency.
	From national banks in connection with reduction of circulation and replacement with new notes.	From the redemption agency.			Total.	
		For replacement with new notes.	For reduction of circulation under act of June 20, 1874.	Insolvent and liquidating national banks.		
November, 1894	$10,410	$3,221,570	$795,242	$361,073	$4,388,295	$6,132,207
December, 1894	263,980	3,334,220	818,736	294,316	4,711,252	7,494,569
January, 1895	1,845	3,466,498	999,553	413,931	4,881,827	10,376,851
February, 1895	5,450	2,855,742	1,038,885	319,478	4,219,555	5,946,346
March, 1895	1,610	3,471,627	918,865	356,771	4,748,873	7,165,011
April, 1895	470	3,148,980	774,788	314,820	4,239,058	8,132,445
May, 1895	1,510	3,480,378	919,158	359,174	4,760,220	8,700,736
June, 1895		3,362,317	886,290	342,126	4,590,733	7,432,008
July, 1895	1,410	2,870,900	673,290	299,927	3,845,527	8,332,852
August, 1895	1,010	2,007,255	423,865	223,336	2,655,466	7,027,790
September, 1895	10	3,043,950	578,103	356,147	3,978,210	5,702,340
October, 1895	300	3,207,740	407,640	190,821	3,806,501	7,252,879
Total	288,005	37,471,177	9,234,415	3,831,920	50,825,517	89,696,034
Received from June 20, 1874, to Oct. 31, 1894	17,164,595	1,008,005,275	304,412,071	149,625,852	1,479,207,793	2,374,558,211
Grand total	17,452,600	1,045,476,452	313,646,486	153,457,772	1,530,033,310	2,464,254,245

a Notes of gold banks are not included in this table.

National-Bank Notes Received at this Bureau and Destroyed Yearly since the Establishment of the System.

Date.	Amount.	Date.	Amount.
Prior to November 1, 1865	$175,490	During year ended October 31—	
During year ended October 31—		1884	$93,178,418
1866	1,005,382	1885	91,048,723
1867	3,401,423	1886	59,989,810
1868	4,602,825	1887	47,726,083
1869	8,003,729	1888	59,588,525
1870	14,305,080	1889	52,207,627
1871	24,344,047	1890	44,447,467
1872	30,211,720	1891	45,981,463
1873	36,433,171	1892	43,885,319
1874	49,939,741	1893	44,895,466
1875	137,697,096	1894	82,835,395
1876	98,672,716	1895	46,907,525
1877	70,918,903	Additional amount of insolvent and liquidating national-bank notes destroyed	164,013,900
1878	57,381,249	Gold notes	3,375,838
1879	41,101,830		
1880	35,539,680	Total	1,693,304,902
1881	54,941,130		
1882	74,917,611		
1883	82,913,766		

Vault Account, showing the Amount of Currency Received and Destroyed during the Year ended October 31, 1895.

There was in the vault of the redemption division of this office, awaiting destruction, at the close of business October 31, 1894	$114,040.00
Received during the year ended October 31, 1895	50,828,602.00
Total	50,943,542.00
Withdrawn and destroyed during the year	50,832,532.00
Balance in vault October 31, 1895	111,010.00

Tax on Circulation, Cost of Redemption, Assessment for Plates and Examiners' Fees for the Year ended June 30, 1895.

Semiannual duty on circulation	$1,704,007.69
Cost of redemption of notes by the United States Treasurer	100,352.79
Assessment for cost of plates, new banks	4,950.00
Assessment for cost of plates, extended banks	6,875.00
Assessment for examiners' fees (sec. 5240, Revised Statutes)	238,252.27
Total	2,054,437.75

TAXES ASSESSED AS SEMIANNUAL DUTY ON CIRCULATING NOTES, COST OF REDEMPTION, COST OF PLATES, AND EXAMINERS' FEES FOR THE PAST THIRTEEN YEARS.

Year.	Semiannual duty on circulation.	Cost of redemption of notes by the United States Treasurer.	Assessment for cost of plates, new banks.	Assessment for cost of plates, extended banks.	Assessment for examiners' fees (sec. 5240, R. S.).	Total.
1883	$3,132,006.73	$147,592.27	$25,980.00	$34,120.00	$94,606.16	$3,434,305.16
1884	3,024,668.24	160,896.65	18,845.00	1,950.00	99,642.05	3,306,001.94
1885	2,794,584.01	181,857.16	13,150.00	97,800.00	107,781.73	3,195,172.90
1886	2,592,021.33	168,243.35	14,810.00	24,825.00	107,272.83	2,907,172.51
1887	2,044,922.75	138,967.00	18,850.00	1,750.00	110,219.88	2,314,709.63
1888	1,616,127.53	141,141.48	14,100.00	3,900.00	121,777.86	1,897,046.87
1889	1,410,331.84	131,190.67	12,200.00	575.00	130,725.79	1,685,023.30
1890	1,254,839.65	107,843.39	24,175.00	725.00	136,772.71	1,524,355.75
1891	1,216,104.72	99,366.52	18,575.00	7,200.00	138,969.39	1,480,215.63
1892	1,351,287.26	100,593.70	15,700.00	8,100.00	161,983.68	1,617,664.64
1893	1,443,489.69	103,032.96	14,225.00	5,200.00	162,444.59	1,728,392.24
1894	1,721,095.18	107,445.14	4,050.00	4,375.00	251,966.79	2,088,932.11
1895	1,704,007.69	100,352.79	4,950.00	6,875.00	238,252.27	2,054,437.75
Total	25,285,486.62	1,688,523.08	199,610.00	197,395.00	1,862,415.73	29,233,430.42

TAX COLLECTED ON CAPITAL, DEPOSITS, AND CIRCULATION TO JUNE 30, 1895.

Prior to the act of March 3, 1883, the banks were required to pay a tax on capital and deposits in addition to that on circulation.

The total tax collected on capital amounted to	$7,855,887.74
The total tax collected on deposits amounted to	60,940,067.16
And up to June 30, 1895, on circulation amounted to	77,539,004.86
Total	146,334,959.76

CAPITAL STOCK AND BONDS OF NATIONAL BANKS WHICH DO NOT ISSUE CIRCULATION.

Title and location of banks.	Capital.	Bonds.
Chemical National Bank, New York, N. Y.	$300,000	$50,000
Mechanics' National Bank, New York, N. Y.	2,000,000	50,000
Merchants' National Bank, New York, N. Y.	2,000,000	50,000
National Bank of Washington, D. C.	200,000	50,000
National Bank of Cockeysville, Md.	50,000	12,500
Chestertown National Bank, Md.	60,000	15,000
Total	4,610,000	227,500

Specie and Bank-note Circulation of the United States in the Years specified from 1800 to 1859.

[Prepared by Loans and Currency Division, Treasury Department.]

Year.	Number of banks and branches.	Estimated bank notes outstanding.	Estimated specie in United States.	Total money in United States.	Specie in Treasury.	Money in circulation.	Population.	Per capita.
1800...	.....	$10,500,000	$17,500,000	$28,000,000	a$1,500,000	$26,500,000	5,308,483	$4.99
1810...	.....	28,000,000	30,000,000	58,000,000	a3,000,000	55,000,000	7,239,881	7.60
1820...	.....	44,800,000	24,300,000	69,100,000	a2,000,000	67,100,000	9,633,822	6.96
1830...	.....	61,000,000	33,100,000	93,100,000	5,755,705	87,344,295	12,866,020	6.69
1831...	.....	77,000,000	32,100,000	109,100,000	6,014,540	93,085,460	13,221,000	7.04
1832...	.....	91,500,000	30,400,000	121,900,000	4,502,014	117,397,986	13,590,000	8.64
1833...	.....	91,500,000	80,650,000	122,150,000	2,011,778	120,138,222	13,974,000	8.60
1834...	506	94,839,570	41,000,000	135,839,570	11,702,905	124,136,665	14,373,000	8.64
1835...	704	103,692,495	51,000,000	154,692,495	8,892,858	145,799,637	14,786,000	9.86
1836...	713	140,301,038	65,000,000	205,301,038	a5,000,000	200,301,038	15,213,000	13.17
1837...	788	149,185,890	73,000,000	222,185,890	a5,000,000	217,185,890	15,655,000	13.87
1838...	829	116,138,910	87,500,000	203,638,010	a5,000,000	198,638,910	16,112,000	12.33
1839...	840	135,170,995	87,000,000	222,170,995	2,468,962	219,704,033	16,584,000	13.26
1840...	901	106,968,572	83,000,000	189,968,572	3,963,084	186,305,488	17,060,453	10.91
1841...	784	107,290,214	80,000,000	187,290,214	987,345	186,302,869	17,591,000	10.59
1842...	692	83,734,011	80,000,000	163,734,011	230,484	163,503,527	18,122,000	9.02
1843...	691	58,563,608	90,000,000	148,563,608	1,449,472	147,114,136	18,694,000	7.87
1844...	696	75,167,646	100,000,000	175,167,646	7,857,380	167,310,266	19,276,000	8.68
1845...	707	89,608,711	96,000,000	185,608,711	7,658,306	177,950,405	19,878,000	8.95
1846...	707	105,552,427	97,000,000	202,552,427	9,126,439	193,425,988	20,500,000	9.43
1847...	715	105,519,766	120,000,000	225,519,766	1,701,251	223,818,515	21,143,000	10.59
1848...	751	128,506,091	112,000,000	240,506,091	8,101,353	232,404,738	21,805,000	10.66
1849...	782	114,743,415	120,000,000	234,743,415	2,184,964	232,558,451	22,480,000	10.34
1850...	824	131,366,526	154,000,000	285,366,526	6,604,544	278,761,982	23,191,876	12.02
1851...	879	155,165,251	186,000,000	341,165,251	10,911,646	330,253,605	23,995,000	13.76
1852...	.....	171,673,000	204,000,000	375,673,000	14,032,136	361,040,864	24,802,000	14.63
1853...	.....	188,181,000	236,000,000	424,181,000	21,942,893	402,238,107	25,615,000	15.80
1854...	1,208	204,689,207	241,000,000	445,689,207	20,137,967	425,551,240	26,433,000	16.10
1855...	1,307	186,952,223	250,000,000	436,952,223	18,931,976	418,020,247	27,256,000	15.34
1856...	1,398	195,747,950	250,000,000	445,747,950	19,901,325	425,846,625	28,033,000	15.16
1857...	1,416	214,778,822	260,000,000	474,778,822	17,719,114	457,068,708	28,916,000	15.81
1858...	1,422	155,208,344	260,000,000	415,208,344	6,398,316	408,810,028	29,753,000	13.78
1859...	1,476	193,306,818	250,000,000	443,306,818	4,339,276	438,967,542	30,596,000	14.35

a Specie in Treasury estimated.

Coin and Paper Circulation of the United States on June 30, from 1860 to 1895, inclusive.

[Prepared by Loans and Currency Division, Treasury Department.]

Year.	Coin in United States, including bullion in Treasury.	Paper money in United States.	Total money.	Coin, bullion and paper money in Treasury.	Circulation.	Population.	Money in United States per capita.	Circulation per capita.
1860....	$235,000,000	$207,102,477	$442,102,477	$6,695,225	$435,407,252	31,443,321	$14.06	$13.85
1861....	250,000,000	202,005,767	452,005,767	3,000,000	448,405,767	32,064,000	14.09	13.98
1862....	25,000,000	333,452,079	358,452,079	23,754,335	334,697,744	32,704,000	10.96	10.23
1863....	25,000,000	649,867,283	674,867,283	79,473,245	595,394,038	33,365,000	20.23	17.84
1864....	25,000,000	680,588,067	705,588,067	35,946,589	669,641,478	34,046,000	20.72	19.67
1865....	25,000,000	745,129,755	770,129,755	55,426,760	714,702,995	34,748,000	22.16	20.57
1866....	25,000,000	729,327,254	754,327,254	80,839,010	673,488,244	35,469,000	21.27	18.99
1867....	25,000,000	703,200,612	728,200,612	66,298,543	661,992,069	36,211,000	20.11	18.28
1868....	25,000,000	691,553,578	716,553,578	36,449,917	680,103,661	36,973,000	19.38	18.39
1869....	25,000,000	690,351,180	715,351,180	50,898,289	664,452,891	37,756,000	18.95	17.60
1870....	25,000,000	697,868,461	722,868,461	47,655,667	675,212,794	38,558,371	18.73	17.50
1871....	25,000,000	716,812,174	741,812,174	25,923,169	715,889,005	39,555,000	18.75	18.10
1872....	25,000,000	737,721,565	762,721,565	24,412,016	738,309,549	40,596,000	18.70	18.19
1873....	25,000,000	749,445,610	774,445,610	22,503,801	751,881,809	41,677,000	18.58	18.04
1874....	25,000,000	781,024,781	806,024,781	29,941,760	776,083,031	42,796,000	18.83	18.13
1875....	25,000,000	773,273,509	798,273,509	44,171,562	754,101,947	43,951,000	18.16	17.16
1876....	52,418,734	738,264,550	790,683,284	63,973,896	727,609,388	45,137,000	17.52	16.12
1877....	65,837,506	697,216,341	763,053,847	40,738,964	722,314,883	46,353,000	16.46	15.58
1878....	102,047,907	689,205,669	791,253,576	62,120,942	729,132,634	47,598,000	16.62	15.32
1879....	357,268,178	694,253,363	1,051,521,541	232,889,748	818,631,793	48,866,000	21.52	16.75
1880....	494,363,884	711,565,313	1,205,929,197	232,546,969	973,382,228	50,155,783	24.04	19.41
1881....	647,868,682	758,673,141	1,406,541,823	292,303,704	1,114,238,119	51,316,000	27.41	21.71
1882....	703,974,839	776,556,880	1,480,531,719	306,241,300	1,174,290,419	52,495,000	28.20	22.37
1883....	769,740,048	873,749,768	1,643,489,816	413,184,120	1,230,305,696	53,693,000	30.60	22.91
1884....	801,668,939	904,385,250	1,705,454,198	461,528,220	1,243,925,969	54,911,000	31.06	22.65
1885....	872,175,823	945,482,513	1,817,658,336	525,089,721	1,292,568,615	56,148,000	32.37	23.02
1886....	903,027,304	905,532,390	1,808,559,694	555,859,169	1,252,700,525	57,404,000	31.50	21.82
1887....	1,007,513,901	892,928,771	1,900,442,672	582,903,529	1,317,539,143	58,680,000	32.39	22.45
1888....	1,092,391,690	970,564,259	2,062,955,949	660,785,079	1,372,170,870	59,974,000	34.39	22.88
1889....	1,100,612,434	974,738,277	2,075,350,711	694,989,062	1,380,361,649	61,289,000	33.86	22.52
1890....	1,152,471,638	991,754,521	2,144,226,159	714,974,889	1,429,251,270	62,622,250	34.24	22.82
1891....	1,163,185,054	1,032,039,021	2,195,224,075	697,783,368	1,497,440,707	63,975,000	34.31	23.41
1892....	1,232,854,331	1,139,745,170	2,372,599,501	771,252,314	1,601,347,187	65,520,000	36.21	24.44
1893....	1,213,413,584	1,109,988,808	2,323,402,392	726,701,147	1,596,701,245	66,946,000	34.70	23.85
1894....	1,251,543,158	1,168,891,623	2,420,434,781	759,626,073	1,660,808,708	68,397,000	35.39	24.28
1895....	1,260,987,506	1,137,619,914	2,398,607,420	796,638,947	1,601,968,473	69,878,000	34.33	22.93

NOTE 1.—Specie payments were suspended from January 1, 1862, to January 1, 1879. During the greater part of that period gold and silver coins were not in circulation except on the Pacific Coast, where, it is estimated, the specie circulation was generally about $25,000,000. This estimated amount is the only coin included in the above statement from 1862 to 1875, inclusive.

NOTE 2.—In 1876 subsidiary silver again came into use, and is included in this statement, beginning with that year.

NOTE 3.—The coinage of standard silver dollars began in 1878 under the act of February 28, 1878.

NOTE 4.—Specie payments were resumed January 1, 1879, and all gold and silver coins as well as gold and silver bullion in the Treasury, are included in this statement from and after that date.

KINDS AND AMOUNTS OF UNITED STATES BONDS HELD TO SECURE CIRCULATING NOTES OF NATIONAL BANKS ON JUNE 30 OF EACH YEAR FROM 1865 TO 1895, AND THE AMOUNT OWNED AND HELD BY THE BANKS FOR OTHER PURPOSES, INCLUDING THOSE DEPOSITED WITH THE TREASURER TO SECURE PUBLIC DEPOSITS.

Year.	United States bonds held as security for circulation.					United States bonds held for other purposes at nearest date.	Grand total.
	6 per cent bonds.	5 per cent bonds.	4½ per cent bonds.	4 per cent bonds.	Total.		
1865 ..	$170, 382, 600	$65, 576, 600	.....	.....	$236, 959, 100	$155, 785, 750	$301, 744, 850
1866 ..	241, 083, 500	86, 226, 850	.....	.....	327, 310, 350	121, 152, 950	448, 463, 300
1867 ..	251, 430, 400	89, 177, 100	.....	.....	340, 607, 500	84, 002, 050	424, 610, 150
1868 ..	250, 720, 950	90, 768, 950	.....	.....	341, 495, 900	80, 922, 500	422, 418, 400
1869 ..	255, 190, 350	87, 661, 250	.....	.....	342, 851, 600	55, 102, 000	397, 953, 600
1870 ..	247, 335, 350	94, 923, 200	.....	.....	342, 258, 550	43, 980, 600	386, 259, 150
1871 ..	220, 497, 750	139, 387, 800	.....	.....	359, 885, 550	39, 450, 800	399, 336, 350
1872 ..	173, 251, 450	207, 189, 250	.....	.....	380, 440, 700	31, 868, 200	412, 308, 900
1873 ..	160. 923, 500	229, 487, 050	.....	.....	390, 410, 550	25, 724, 400	416, 134, 150
1874 ..	154, 370, 700	236, 800, 500	.....	.....	391, 171, 200	25, 347, 100	416, 518, 300
1875 ..	136, 955, 100	239, 359, 400	.....	.....	376, 314, 500	26, 900, 200	403, 214, 700
1876 ..	109, 313, 450	232, 081, 300	.....	.....	341, 394, 750	45, 170, 300	386, 565, 050
1877 ..	87, 090, 300	206, 651, 050	$44, 372, 250	.....	338, 713, 600	47, 315, 050	386, 028, 650
1878 ..	82, 421, 200	199, 514, 550	48, 448, 650	$19, 162, 000	349, 546, 400	68, 850, 900	418, 397, 300
1879 ..	56, 042, 800	144, 616, 300	35, 056, 550	118, 538, 950	354, 254, 600	76, 603, 520	430, 858, 120
1880 ..	58, 056, 150	139, 758, 650	37. 760, 950	126, 076, 300	361, 652, 050	42, 831, 300	404, 483, 350
1881 ..	61, 901, 800	172, 348, 350	32, 600, 500	93, 637, 700	360, 488, 400	63, 849, 950	424, 338, 850
	Continued at 3½ per cent.	Continued at 3½ per cent.					
1882 ..	25, 142, 800	202, 487, 650	32, 752, 650	97, 429, 860	357, 812, 700	43, 122, 550	400, 935. 250
1883 ..	385, 700	7, 402, 800 3 per cents, 200, 877, 850	39, 408, 500	104, 954, 650	353, 029, 500	34, 094, 150	387, 123, 650
1884 ..	.....	172, 412, 550	46, 546, 400	111, 690, 900	330, 649, 850	31, 203, 000	161 852, 850
	Pacifics:						
1885 ..	3, 520, 000	142, 240, 850	48, 483, 050	117. 901, 300	312, 145, 200	32, 195, 800	344, 341, 000
1886 ..	3, 565, 000	107, 782, 100	50, 434, 200	114, 143, 500	275, 974, 800	31, 345, 550	307, 320, 350
1887 ..	3, 175, 000	5, 205, 950	67, 743, 100	115, 842, 650	191, 966, 700	33, 147, 750	224, 814, 450
1888 ..	3, 181, 000	37, 550	69, 670, 300	105, 423, 850	178, 312, 650	63, 618, 150	241, 930, 800
1889 ..	4, 324, 000	.....	42, 409, 900	101, 337, 550	148, 121, 450	51, 642, 100	199, 763, 550
1890 ..	4, 913, 000	.....	39, 486, 750	100, 828, 550	145, 228, 300	35, 287, 350	180, 515, 650
1891 ..	7, 957, 000	.....	21, 565, 350	111, 985, 950	142, 508, 900	30, 114, 150	172, 623, 050
			Continued at 2 per cent.				
1892 ..	11 600, 000	.....	21, 825, 350	129, 764, 700	263, 190, 050	20, 301, 600	183, 491, 650
1893 ..	12, 426, 000	.....	22, 020, 550	142, 141, 700	176, 588, 250	18, 334, 050	194, 922, 300
1894 ..	15, 292, 000	Loan of 1904, 5 per cents, 4, 849, 950	22, 711, 850	158, 837, 950	201, 691, 750	27, 801, 100	229, 492, 850
1895 ..	12, 378, 000	12, 896, 850	22, 558, 350	Consols of 1907, 149, 382, 100 Loan of 1895, 10, 465, 500	207, 680, 800	30, 343, 400	238, 024, 200

INTEREST-BEARING BONDED DEBT OF THE UNITED STATES FROM 1865 TO 1895, INCLUSIVE.

Date.	6 per cent.	5 per cent.	4½ per cent.*a*	4 per cent.*b*	6 per cent.*c*	Total.
Aug. 31, 1865	$508, 518, 091	$199, 792, 100	.....	.....	$1, 258, 000	$1, 109, 568, 191
June 30, 1866	1, 008, 388, 469	198, 528, 435	.....	.....	6, 042, 000	1, 212, 958, 904
June 30, 1867	1, 421, 110, 719	198, 533, 435	.....	.....	14, 762, 000	1, 634, 406, 154
June 30, 1868	1, 841, 521, 800	221, 588, 400	.....	.....	29, 089, 000	2, 092, 199, 200
June 30, 1869	1, 886, 341, 300	221, 589, 300	.....	.....	58, 638, 320	2, 166, 568, 920
June 30, 1870	1, 764, 932, 300	221, 589, 300	.....	.....	64, 457, 320	2, 050, 978, 920
June 30, 1871	1, 613, 897, 300	274, 236, 450	.....	.....	64, 618, 832	1, 952, 752, 582
June 30, 1872	1, 374, 883, 800	414, 507, 300	.....	.....	64, 623, 512	1, 845, 074, 612
June 30, 1873	1, 281, 238, 650	414, 507, 300	.....	.....	64, 623, 512	1, 760, 429, 462
June 30, 1874	1, 213, 624, 700	510, 628, 050	.....	.....	64, 623, 512	1, 788, 876, 262
June 30, 1875	1, 100, 865, 550	607, 132, 750	.....	.....	64, 623, 512	1, 772, 621, 812
June 30, 1876	984, 999, 650	711, 685, 800	.....	.....	64, 623, 512	1, 761, 308, 962
June 30, 1877	854, 621, 850	703, 266, 650	$140, 000, 000	.....	64, 623, 512	1, 761, 512, 012
June 30, 1878	738, 619, 000	703, 266, 650	240, 000, 000	$68, 850, 000	64, 623, 512	1, 845, 359, 162
June 30, 1879	310 932, 500	646, 905, 500	250, 000, 000	679, 878, 110	64, 623, 512	1, 952, 339, 622
June 30, 1880	235, 780, 400	484, 864, 900	250, 000, 000	739, 347, 800	64, 623, 512	1, 774, 616, 612
June 30, 1881	196, 378, 600	439, 841, 350	250, 000, 000	739, 347, 800	64, 623, 512	1, 690, 191, 262
	Continued at 3½ per cent.	Continued at 3½ per cent.				
June 30, 1882	58, 957, 150	401, 593, 900 32, 082, 600	250, 000, 000	739, 349, 350	64, 623, 512	1, 514, 433, 912
June 30, 1883	.....	Funded into 3 percents, act July 12, 1882, 304, 204, 350	250, 000, 000	737, 942, 200	64, 623, 512	1, 388, 852, 662
June 30, 1884	.....	224, 612, 150	250, 000, 000	737, 661, 700	64, 623, 512	1, 276, 987, 362
June 30, 1885	.....	194, 190, 500	250, 000, 000	737, 719, 850	64, 623, 512	1, 246, 533, 862
June 30, 1886	.....	144, 046, 600	250, 000, 000	737, 759, 700	64, 623, 512	1, 196, 429, 812
June 30, 1887	.....	19, 716, 500	250, 000, 000	737, 800, 600	64, 623, 512	1, 072, 140, 612
June 30, 1888	.....	.....	222, 207, 050	714, 177, 400	64, 623, 512	1, 001, 007, 962
June 30, 1889	.....	.....	139, 639, 000	676, 095, 350	64, 623, 512	880, 357, 862
June 30, 1890	.....	.....	109, 015, 750	602, 193, 500	64, 623, 512	775, 832, 762
June 30, 1891	.....	.....	50, 869, 200 Continued at 2 per cent.	559, 566, 000	64, 623, 512	675, 058, 712
June 30, 1892	.....	.....	25, 364, 500	559, 581, 250	64, 623, 512	649, 569, 262
June 30, 1893	.....	.....	25, 364, 500	559, 604, 150	64, 623, 512	649, 592, 162
June 30, 1894	.....	Loan of 1904, 5 percents, 50, 000, 000	25, 364, 500	559, 618, 400	64, 623, 512	699, 606, 412
Oct. 31, 1894	.....	50, 000, 000	25, 364, 500	559, 621, 250	64, 623, 512	699, 609, 262
June 30, 1895	.....	100, 000, 000	25, 364, 500	Funded loan of 1907, 559, 625, 750 Loan of 1925, *d*31, 157, 700	64, 623, 512	780, 771, 462
Oct. 31, 1895	.....	100, 000, 000	25, 364, 500	Funded loan of 1907, 559, 630, 700 Loan of 1925, *d*62, 315, 400	64, 623, 512	811, 934, 112

a Funded loan 1891; authorizing act July 14, 1870, and January 20, 1871; date of maturity, 1891.
b Funded loan 1907; authorizing act July 14, 1870, and January 20, 1871; date of maturity, 1907.
c Pacific Railroad bonds; authorizing act July 1, 1862, and July 2, 1864; date of maturity, 1895 to 1899.
d Loan of 1925; authorizing act January 14, 1875; date of maturity, February 1, 1925.
The refunding certificates, amounting to $50,950, are not included in the table.
The public debt reached the maximum August 31, 1865, and amounted to $2,844,649,626. The non-interest-bearing obligations amounted to $461,616,311, the interest-bearing debt being $2,383,033,315.

Lawful-Money Reserve of the National Banks, as shown by the Reports

	Cities, States, and Territories.	No. of banks.	Deposits.	Reserve required, 25 per cent.	Reserve held.	Ratio of reserve.
						Per cent.
1	New York City	50	$441,626,587	$110,406,647	$125,480,051	28.41
2	Chicago	21	97,156,616	24,289,154	29,206,214	30.06
3	St. Louis	8	26,937,405	6,734,351	5,995,268	22.26
	Total of central reserve cities	79	565,720,608	141,430,152	160,681,533	28.40
1	Boston	55	139,325,163	34,831,291	42,622,703	30.59
2	Albany	6	8,559,948	2,139,987	3,371,878	39.39
3	Brooklyn	5	15,425,001	3,856,250	5,097,863	33.05
4	Philadelphia	41	105,788,205	26,447,051	30,480,855	28.81
5	Pittsburg	30	39,053,781	9,763,445	10,933,488	28
6	Baltimore	22	25,656,458	6,414,115	7,609,446	29.66
7	Washington	12	8,513,754	2,128,438	2,816,688	33.08
8	Savannah	2	597,481	149,370	209,063	34.99
9	New Orleans	9	16,090,560	4,022,640	4,484,371	27.87
10	Louisville	7	8,021,115	2,005,279	2,574,616	32.10
11	Cincinnati	13	26,791,092	6,697,773	7,468,095	27.88
12	Cleveland	12	21,263,244	5,315,811	5,500,043	26.15
13	Detroit	6	16,850,316	4,212,579	4,389,062	26.05
14	Milwaukee	5	19,031,575	4,757,894	5,789,986	30.42
15	Des Moines	4	1,974,046	493,512	487,818	24.71
16	St. Paul	5	11,076,723	2,769,181	3,610,189	32.59
17	Minneapolis	8	9,762,143	2,440,536	3,918,151	40.14
18	Kansas City	8	16,206,465	4,051,616	4,622,276	28.52
19	St. Joseph	3	3,894,411	973,602	1,106,407	28.41
20	Lincoln	4	1,630,619	407,655	387,654	23.77
21	Omaha	9	11,122,643	2,780,661	4,137,360	37.20
22	San Francisco	2	6,411,425	1,602,856	2,459,075	38.35
	Total of other reserve cities	268	513,046,168	128,261,542	154,137,087	30.04
	Total all reserve cities	347	1,078,766,776	269,691,694	314,818,620	29.18
				(15 per cent.)		
1	Maine	82	15,217,482	2,282,622	4,902,356	32.22
2	New Hampshire	50	10,319,563	1,547,934	2,809,539	27.23
3	Vermont	49	9,013,537	1,352,031	2,690,316	29.85
4	Massachusetts	213	80,240,714	12,036,107	18,605,938	23.19
5	Rhode Island	58	22,780,737	3,417,111	5,922,904	26
6	Connecticut	82	36,390,250	5,458,537	11,164,253	30.51
7	New York	273	94,708,589	14,206,288	24,698,367	26.08
8	New Jersey	102	57,699,378	8,641,406	17,550,690	30.46
9	Pennsylvania	340	108,947,845	16,342,177	31,213,604	28.65
10	Delaware	18	4,938,002	740,700	1,506,713	30.51
11	Maryland	46	9,618,848	1,442,827	2,754,927	28.64
12	District of Columbia	1	816,249	122,437	283,895	34.78
13	Virginia	37	13,829,545	2,074,432	3,314,248	23.97
14	West Virginia	31	6,724,373	1,008,656	1,866,015	27.76
15	North Carolina	27	4,584,326	687,649	1,154,634	25.19
16	South Carolina	16	3,912,812	586,922	849,036	21.70
17	Georgia	27	4,983,419	747,513	1,410,798	28.31
18	Florida	18	3,935,730	590,360	1,090,799	27.72
19	Alabama	26	5,586,282	837,942	1,559,949	27.92
20	Mississippi	10	1,605,266	240,790	365,398	22.76
21	Louisiana	10	1,565,923	234,888	388,645	24.82
22	Texas	214	32,979,037	4,946,856	9,035,447	27.40
23	Arkansas	9	1,697,885	254,683	597,534	35.19
24	Kentucky	69	12,275,962	1,841,394	3,279,737	26.72
25	Tennessee	48	15,141,003	2,271,151	4,584,788	30.28
26	Ohio	223	60,897,148	9,134,572	16,293,878	26.76
27	Indiana	114	33,175,829	4,976,374	11,258,671	33.94
28	Illinois	199	48,488,824	7,273,324	13,548,916	27.94
29	Michigan	88	26,725,714	4,008,857	7,263,526	27.18
30	Wisconsin	76	21,019,053	3,152,858	5,521,614	27.70
31	Minnesota	66	14,868,683	2,230,302	3,999,793	26.90
32	Missouri	48	6,531,172	979,676	1,715,707	26.27
33	Kansas	122	16,707,012	2,506,052	5,278,565	31.59
34	Nebraska	104	8,952,947	1,342,942	2,504,264	27.97
35	Iowa	163	25,407,132	3,811,070	5,891,420	23.19
36	Colorado	45	25,929,038	3,889,355	11,129,521	42.92
37	Nevada	2	477,558	71,634	106,381	22.28
38	California	29	11,331,353	1,699,703	3,412,650	21.29
39	Oregon	35	8,642,331	1,296,350	2,462,240	28.49
40	Arizona	5	836,527	125,479	287,623	34.38
41	North Dakota	32	5,262,716	789,407	1,262,546	23.99
42	South Dakota	33	3,666,971	549,146	1,205,189	32.92
43	Idaho	11	2,012,424	301,864	540,586	26.86
44	Montana	26	14,042,432	2,106,365	4,244,861	30.23
45	Washington	47	7,598,314	1,139,747	1,963,784	25.84
46	Utah	11	2,961,674	444,251	1,281,285	43.26
47	New Mexico	8	2,092,962	313,944	469,776	22.45
48	Wyoming	11	2,172,665	325,900	663,281	30.53
49	Oklahoma	5	630,029	94,504	276,279	43.85
50	Indian Territory	7	686,288	102,943	234,457	34.16
	Total of county banks	3,365	910,533,553	136,580,032	256,658,234	28.19
	Total of United States	3,712	1,989,300,329	406,271,726	571,476,854	28.68

OF THEIR CONDITION AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON SEPTEMBER 28, 1895.

Cash reserve.		Classification of reserve held.					
Required.	Held.	Specie.	Legal tenders.	United States certificates of deposit.	Due from reserve agents.	Redemption fund with Treasurer.	
$109,646,930	$124,720,334	$50,741,468	$33,043,866	$49,935,000	.....	$759,717	1
24,217,154	29,134,214	20,105,993	7,638,221	1,390,000	.....	72,000	2
6,716,309	5,977,225	2,682,610	2,584,615	710,000	.....	18,043	3
140,580,393	159,831,773	73,530,071	43,266,702	43,035,000	.....	849,760	
17,204,213	17,799,268	10,761,260	6,028,008	1,010,000	$24,400,569	422,865	1
1,060,993	1,103,147	777,206	325,941	.....	2,250,731	18,000	2
1,913,680	2,575,788	674,777	1,451,012	450,000	2,493,185	28,890	3
13,055,209	17,350,224	11,385,083	2,425,141	3,540,000	12,793,999	336,632	4
4,817,373	6,167,802	4,420,549	1,747,253	.....	4,636,986	128,700	5
3,144,395	4,753,459	3,257,962	570,497	930,000	2,725,662	125,325	6
1,048,803	1,946,977	1,440,875	466,102	40,000	848,878	30,833	7
72,414	110,149	80,000	30,149	.....	94,371	4,543	8
1,992,195	2,709,314	1,636,054	1,073,260	.....	1,736,807	38,250	9
980,862	1,383,172	725,847	657,325	.....	1,147,889	43,555	10
3,270,992	4,166,488	1,801,375	1,785,113	580,000	3,145,817	155,790	11
2,631,790	2,629,163	1,507,663	721,500	.....	2,878,651	52,230	12
2,075,914	1,951,025	1,260,193	681,832	.....	2,377,288	60,750	13
2,362,747	2,879,863	2,289,312	590,551	.....	2,877,723	32,400	14
240,547	255,293	113,245	142,048	.....	220,107	12,418	15
1,378,944	2,177,195	1,958,951	218,244	.....	1,421,701	11,293	16
1,211,268	1,485,053	1,047,434	437,619	.....	2,415,098	18,000	17
2,016,808	1,932,622	1,162,913	769,709	.....	2,671,654	18,000	18
482,324	428,487	271,851	156,636	.....	668,965	8,955	19
199,890	197,415	92,593	104,817	.....	182,364	7,875	20
1,372,780	2,049,485	1,780,923	268,562	.....	2,052,774	35,100	21
790,178	1,877,385	1,755,195	122,190	.....	577,190	4,500	22
63,332,319	77,993,774	50,610,265	20,773,509	6,550,000	74,608,409	1,594,904	
203,913,712	237,765,547	124,140,336	64,040,211	49,585,000	74,608,409	2,444,664	
825,248	1,464,333	1,145,080	319,253	.....	3,218,520	219,503	1
552,997	847,110	640,929	206,181	.....	1,796,986	165,443	2
483,576	915,401	657,538	257,863	.....	1,631,819	143,090	3
4,459,507	6,646,239	4,654,173	1,827,066	165,000	11,072,361	887,338	4
1,239,219	1,759,361	1,104,667	654,694	.....	3,844,480	319,062	5
2,050,468	3,620,030	2,863,779	756,251	.....	7,151,856	332,368	6
5,384,777	8,542,936	5,829,838	2,553,098	160,000	15,411,085	744,346	7
3,364,722	5,211,343	3,076,587	2,134,757	.....	12,109,745	229,601	8
6,241,297	11,634,635	8,169,590	3,465,044	.....	18,840,037	738,933	9
283,502	452,790	323,193	129,597	.....	1,021,979	31,945	10
546,446	978,471	689,802	288,669	.....	1,699,745	76,711	11
44,475	216,239	204,992	11,247	.....	56,407	11,250	12
736,919	1,456,877	859,623	597,254	.....	1,775,237	82,133	13
384,018	854,799	513,500	341,299	.....	963,504	48,611	14
261,244	557,939	413,376	144,563	.....	562,155	34,540	15
224,427	397,252	242,663	154,589	.....	425,930	25,854	16
282,528	711,564	443,578	267,986	.....	658,042	41,193	17
228,981	407,937	184,810	223,127	.....	664,955	17,907	18
319,928	877,431	628,449	249,033	.....	644,345	38,122	19
92,211	249,902	100,150	149,752	.....	105,233	10,263	20
89,635	201,768	159,116	42,652	.....	176,077	10,800	21
1,888,374	4,549,927	2,658,659	1,891,268	.....	4,259,600	225,919	22
97,274	225,915	142,735	83,180	.....	360,121	11,498	23
677,462	1,251,119	819,164	431,955	.....	1,880,880	147,738	24
884,524	2,176,415	1,341,352	835,063	.....	2,348,531	59,841	25
3,476,259	7,568,279	4,884,636	2,683,643	.....	8,281,674	443,924	26
1,907,613	5,302,068	4,720,235	1,582,733	.....	4,748,362	207,341	27
2,806,916	5,753,014	4,194,702	1,549,212	10,000	7,538,970	256,033	28
1,543,760	2,573,601	1,916,215	657,386	.....	4,540,468	149,457	29
1,223,158	2,361,286	1,862,698	498,588	.....	3,365,364	94,963	30
867,098	1,458,924	1,154,888	304,036	.....	2,478,313	62,556	31
373,746	684,869	459,661	234,208	.....	985,526	45,311	32
955,756	1,974,953	1,436,413	538,539	.....	3,186,950	116,663	33
507,122	882,375	668,078	214,297	.....	1,546,751	75,138	34
1,461,611	2,792,394	1,893,395	898,999	.....	2,941,984	157,042	35
1,552,099	5,226,048	4,053,513	1,172,536	.....	5,844,364	59,108	36
27,384	42,102	40,968	1,134	.....	61,107	3,172	37
651,720	1,897,987	1,770,534	127,454	.....	1,444,259	70,403	38
506,884	1,319,120	1,295,029	24,090	.....	1,113,980	29,141	39
48,383	146,518	134,106	12,412	.....	136,582	4,523	40
305,201	403,771	255,572	148,199	.....	332,360	26,405	41
209,350	476,396	302,575	173,821	.....	703,022	25,771	42
117,483	280,724	246,900	33,824	.....	251,766	8,156	43
829,175	1,808,926	1,018,297	790,629	.....	2,402,507	33,428	44
436,092	1,049,910	975,908	74,002	.....	864,358	49,516	45
163,075	554,130	523,967	30,163	.....	690,592	36,563	46
119,935	208,309	160,885	47,424	.....	247,359	14,108	47
126,049	244,222	206,987	37,235	.....	408,282	10,777	48
36,677	63,338	28,688	34,700	.....	210,079	2,812	49
39,328	55,550	33,781	21,769	.....	174,285	4,623	50
51,975,633	102,338,448	72,096,974	29,906,474	335,000	147,678,843	6,640,943	
255,889,345	340,103,995	196,237,310	93,946,685	49,920,000	222,287,252	9,085,607	

[Extract from Comptroller's report for 1893.]

LAWFUL-MONEY RESERVE.

Not less attention has been attracted during the present year, and particularly during the closing months of the year, to the subject of lawful-money reserve to be held by the banks, than to that of clearing-house loan certificates, and the discussion provoked has been quite as widespread.

As the law now stands, all national banks, outside of certain designated "reserve cities," are required to maintain a reserve fund equal to 15 per cent of the net deposits made with such banks by individuals and by other banks and bankers. They are permitted by law to deposit not over three-fifths of this 15 per cent (or 9 per cent) with such national banks located in the "reserve cities" as the outside banks may with the Comptroller's approval select. The remaining two-fifths (or 6 per cent) must be kept in bank in lawful money, or more, if less than three-fifths is kept with reserve agents. The national banks located in reserve cities are divided into two classes: (1) Those in the "central" reserve cities of New York, Chicago, and St. Louis being required to keep 25 per cent of their net deposits in bank in *lawful money*, with the privilege of acting as the reserve agents of any national banks located outside of these three cities. (2) Those located in the reserve cities, other than New York, Chicago, and St. Louis, being required to keep 25 per cent of their net deposits on hand, not over one-half of which may be deposited with any national bank or banks located in any of the three central reserve cities, while the remainder must be actually on hand in lawful money. The banks in the reserve cities of this class have the privilege of holding a part of the reserve of any bank or banks located outside of all reserve cities, viz, banks of the 15 per cent class.

In effect these requirements are not as onerous as they appear, for a national bank in New York City holding $100,000 of the reserve of any other bank or banks on deposit must keep only $25,000 of the amount on hand in money, while it is at liberty to lend or otherwise invest the remaining $75,000. So a bank in a reserve city of the second class holding $100,000 on deposit for other national banks may loan out or invest $75,000 of the amount, and of the remaining $25,000 must keep $12,500 in bank in money and may deposit $12,500 with its reserve agents, receiving a low rate of interest (usually 2 per cent) on the same. A bank of the 15 per cent class must keep only 6 per cent of its depositors' money actually on hand in bank, and is at liberty to deposit not over 9 per cent with its reserve agents, on which it usually receives a low rate of interest. To illustrate the operation of the law it will be found that with normal conditions of business the banks in reserve cities (not central) held on December 9, 1892, net deposits amounting to $495,196,952, against which they held $77,869,593 cash in bank, or about 16 per cent, and the 15 per cent banks held net deposits of $975,622,088, and against these $108,012,546 cash in bank, or about 11 per cent. Again, a large portion of the reserve actually held by the banks can not be considered as taken out of circulation, or as hoarded through operation of the law, for much of it is paid out during each business day, other money coming in through deposits to take the place of that paid out.

In any view of the matter, however, the intent of the law is to compel a bank to retain always on hand a very moderate proportion of the

money deposited with it for safe-keeping by the depositor, who practically makes a loan to the bank payable on demand, for the use of which he ordinarily receives no interest. The entire effect is to exercise a wholesome restraint upon a tendency to an undue extension of business by a bank, and that this intent is recognized as an underlying principle of safe and conservative commercial banking is evidenced by the fact that those banks which are compelled by law to maintain but 15 per cent reserve have voluntarily for years past held an average of over 25 per cent, the proportion required for banks located in reserve cities.

The evident theory of the law is that a bank shall always have on hand such an amount of lawful money as will enable it under normal conditions of business to meet the current demands of its depositors. A careful examination of section 5191, United States Revised Statutes, as amended, will show that it is expected that emergencies will arise under which this fund will fall below the legal requirements. This contingency is distinctly recognized by the plain provisions contained in the section named, prescribing what shall be done "whenever the lawful money reserve of any association shall be below the amount" of the required percentage of its deposits. The provisions referred to are that the bank shall make no new loans or discounts, except the discount of bills of exchange payable at sight, nor make any dividend of its profits until the required amount of reserve has been again accumulated. The reason for this is obvious. The depletion of a bank's reserve occurs either because the bank has loaned out or otherwise invested too great a proportion of the funds it has received on deposit, or that its depositors have withdrawn their money to an extent which produces a similar result. In either case the only safe and prudent course for the bank to pursue is to cease paying out money in any direction except to depositors until either through the collection of demand or maturing loans on the one hand, or the receipt of deposits on the other, the required proportion has been restored. The discount of sight bills of exchange is excepted because money invested in this way will be repaid immediately, and in this branch of its business the bank's customers will be caused no inconvenience and the commercial interests of the country be thus protected from loss which otherwise might ensue.

The provision of law governing the time allowed a bank to make good a depleted reserve is most lenient. It provides that the Comptroller *may* notify the bank to make good its reserve, and further that if it fails for thirty days thereafter to do this the Comptroller, with the concurrence of the Secretary of the Treasury, *may* appoint a receiver for the bank. However, before the Comptroller can send notice to any bank he must have reliable information that its reserve is deficient, and as the source of such information is either the report of its examination heretofore made once a year, but hereinafter to be made twice, or its sworn report of condition made five times a year, some time may intervene before such condition becomes known to him. Again, when he is officially informed, the use of the word *may* both as to his sending notice and as to his appointing a receiver in a case of noncompliance with such notice, plainly leaves the enforcement of the law to the discretion of the Comptroller in either or both of these particulars. This power thus conferred upon the Comptroller is one that ought to be used with great prudence and caution. It would be not only unwise but would work great injury to the business interests of individual communities and the general public to exercise the authority thus vested in him at a time when arbitrary action must necessarily result in general disaster, and therefore in the interest of the public the discretion given

to the Comptroller has always been used with moderation. It is this moderation which in an emergency has in numerous instances contributed in no small degree to averting widespread financial ruin. In this view there can be no question as to the legality and propriety of a bank's exhausting its entire reserve, if necessary, in an emergency, to pay its depositors, but for no other purpose, except to discount or buy sight bills of exchange, and where the withdrawal of deposits continues or is likely to continue no careful bank manager needs to be informed that not only must he cease to make new loans and discounts, but must replenish his exhausted stock of lawful money by converting his resources into cash through collections of loans and discounts or selling securities, or, where this is not possible, by using these assets to borrow the money needed to enable him to meet his liabilities.

NUMBER OF NATIONAL BANKS, THEIR CAPITAL, SURPLUS, DIVIDENDS, NET EARNINGS, AND RATIOS, YEARLY, 1870 TO 1895.

Year ended March 1—	No. of banks.	Capital.	Surplus.	Dividends.	Net earnings.	Ratios.		
						Dividends to capital.	Dividends to capital and surplus.	Net earnings to capital and surplus.
						Pr. ct.	*Pr. ct.*	*Pr. ct.*
1870	1,528	$409,008,896	$84,112,029	$43,246,926	$58,218,118	10.5	8.8	11.8
1871	1,602	427,008,134	93,151,510	43,285,493	54,057,047	10.1	8.3	10.4
1872	1,721	448,346,485	98,858,917	44,985,105	54,817,850	10.0	8.2	10.2
1873	1,832	473,097,353	109,719,615	48,653,350	62,490,369	10.3	8.4	10.7
1874	1,961	488,805,637	120,791,853	48,353,026	82,666,120	9.9	7.9	10.3
1875	1,989	491,753,557	129,962,338	49,680,122	59,172,818	10.1	7.9	9.5
1876	2,061	501,037,162	134,295,621	49,129,366	51,898,138	9.8	7.8	8.1
1877	2,080	498,566,925	131,561,621	44,367,798	40,133,194	8.9	7.0	6.3
1878	2,073	480,967,305	123,361,407	41,099,506	32,220,724	8.6	6.8	5.3
1879	2,045	467,322,946	117,715,634	35,500,277	28,337,553	7.6	6.1	4.8
1880	2,045	454,606,073	116,187,926	35,523,140	38,025,984	7.8	6.2	6.7
1881	2,079	455,529,963	121,313,718	37,167,717	48,485,271	8.2	6.4	8.4
1882	2,118	459,644,485	129,265,141	39,415,343	56,254,141	8.6	6.7	9.5
1883	2,232	478,519,528	135,570,518	41,181,655	52,070,569	8.6	6.7	8.6
1884	2,420	501,304,720	143,416,518	41,476,382	55,568,978	8.2	6.4	8.6
1885	2,616	520,752,720	148,246,298	40,600,317	45,969,221	7.8	6.1	8.9
1886	2,686	527,777,898	150,218,207	41,553,907	49,551,961	7.9	6.1	7.3
1887	2,819	542,959,709	160,398,339	43,295,729	59,611,513	7.9	6.1	8.5
1888	2,903	567,840,644	175,325,850	45,092,427	65,400,368	7.9	6.1	8.8
1889	3,120	588,391,497	188,462,245	46,734,024	67,869,081	7.9	6.0	8.7
1890	3,244	607,428,365	200,837,659	49,575,353	69,756,914	8.1	6.1	8.6
1891	3,477	643,680,165	215,649,940	50,877,892	76,952,998	7.9	5.9	8.9
1892	3,641	671,493,123	230,389,748	50,573,088	69,980,730	7.5	5.6	7.8
1893	3,730	682,975,512	241,738,151	51,328,070	68,386,632	7.5	5.5	7.4
1894	3,764	681,129,704	247,732,201	46,390,345	52,422,069	6.8	5.0	5.6
1895	3,735	664,712,365	245,600,255	46,252,545	45,560,309	6.9	5.0	5.0
Average, 26 years	.....	528,256,187	153,611,141	44,428,765	54,865,257	8.4	6.5	8.0
Aggregate, 26 years	.....	.....	.....	1,155,147,903	1,426,496,670	.....	.....	.....

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF THE TRANSACTIONS OF THE NEW YORK CLEARING HOUSE FOR FORTY-TWO YEARS, AND FOR EACH YEAR, NUMBER OF BANKS, AGGREGATE CAPITAL, CLEARINGS, BALANCES, AVERAGE OF DAILY CLEARINGS AND BALANCES, AND THE PERCENTAGE OF BALANCES TO CLEARINGS.

Year.	No. of banks.	Capital. *a*	Clearings.	Balances paid in money.	Average daily clearings.	Average daily balances paid in money.	Balances to clearings.
							Per ct.
1854	50	$47,044,900	$5,750,455,987	$297,411,494	$19,104,505	$989,078	5.2
1855	48	48,884,180	5,362,912,098	289,694,137	17,412,052	940,565	5.4
1856	50	52,883,700	6,906,213,328	334,714,489	22,278,108	1,079,724	4.8
1857	50	64,420,200	8,333,226,718	365,315,902	26,968,371	1,182,246	4.4
1858	46	67,146,018	4,756,664,386	314,238,911	15,393,736	1,016,954	6.6
1859	47	67,921,714	6,448,005,956	363,984,683	20,867,333	1,177,944	5.6
1860	50	69,907,435	7,231,143,057	380,698,438	23,401,757	1,232,018	5.3
1861	50	68,900,605	5,915,742,758	363,383,944	19,269,520	1,151,088	6.0
1862	50	68,375,820	6,871,443,591	415,530,331	22,237,682	1,344,758	6.0
1863	50	68,972,508	14,867,597,849	677,626,483	48,428,657	2,207,252	4.6
1864	49	68,586,763	24,097,196,656	885,719,205	77,984,455	2,866,405	3.7
1865	55	80,363,013	26,032,384,342	1,035,765,108	84,796,040	3,373,828	4.0
1866	58	82,370,200	28,717,146,914	1,066,135,106	93,541,195	3,472,753	3.7
1867	58	81,770,200	28,675,159,472	1,144,963,451	93,101,167	3,717,414	4.0
1868	59	82,270,200	28,484,288,637	1,125,455,237	92,182,164	3,642,250	4.0
1869	59	82,720,200	37,407,028,987	1,120,318,308	121,451,393	3,637,397	3.0
1870	61	83,620,200	27,804,539,406	1,036,484,822	90,274,479	3,365,210	3.7
1871	62	84,420,200	29,300,986,682	1,209,721,029	95,133,074	3,927,666	4.1
1872	61	84,420,200	33,544,369,568	1,428,582,707	109,884,317	4,636,632	4.2
1873	59	83,370,200	35,461,052,826	1,474,508,025	115,885,794	4,818,654	4.1
1874	59	81,635,200	22,855,927,636	1,286,753,176	74,692,574	4,205,076	5.7
1875	59	80,435,200	25,061,237,902	1,408,608,777	81,899,470	4,603,297	5.6
1876	59	81,731,200	21,597,274,247	1,295,042,029	70,349,428	4,213,378	5.9
1877	58	71,085,200	23,289,243,701	1,373,996,302	76,358,176	4,504,906	5.9
1878	57	63,611,500	22,508,438,442	1,307,843,857	73,555,988	4,274,000	5.8
1879	59	60,800,200	25,178,770,691	1,400,111,063	82,015,540	4,560,622	5.6
1880	57	60,475,200	37,182,128,621	1,516,538,631	121,510,224	4,956,009	4.1
1881	60	61,162,700	48,565,818,212	1,776,018,162	159,232,191	5,823,010	3.5
1882	61	60,962,700	46,552,846,161	1,595,000,245	151,637,935	5,195,440	3.4
1883	63	61,162,700	40,293,165,258	1,568,983,196	132,543,307	5,161,129	3.9
1884	61	60,412,700	34,092,037,338	1,524,930,994	111,048,982	4,967,202	4.5
1885	64	58,612,700	25,250,791,440	1,295,355,252	82,789,480	4,247,069	5.1
1886	63	59,312,700	33,374,682,216	1,519,565,385	109,067,589	4,965,900	4.5
1887	64	60,862,700	34,872,848,786	1,569,626,325	114,337,209	5,146,216	4.5
1888	63	60,762,700	30,863,686,609	1,570,198,528	101,192,415	5,148,192	5.1
1889	63	60,762,700	34,796,465,529	1,757,637,473	114,839,820	5,800,784	5.0
1890	64	60,812,700	37,600,686,572	1,753,040,145	123,074,139	5,728,889	4.7
1891	63	60,772,700	34,053,698,770	1,584,635,500	111,651,471	5,195,526	4.6
1892	64	60,422,700	36,279,905,236	1,861,500,575	118,561,782	6,083,335	5.1
1893	64	60,922,700	34,421,380,870	1,696,207,176	113,978,682	5,616,580	4.9
1894	65	61,622,700	24,230,145,366	1,585,241,634	79,704,426	5,214,011	6.5
1895	66	62,622,700	28,264,379,126	1,896,574,349	92,670,095	6,218,277	6.71
Total	.....	*b* 67,843,600	*c* 1,073,513,117,948	*c* 49,463,653,583	*b* 83,378,368	*b* 3,842,057	4.60

a The capital is for various dates, the amounts at a uniform date in each year not being obtainable.
b Yearly average for forty-two years.
c Totals for forty-two years.

CLEARING-HOUSE TRANSACTIONS OF THE ASSISTANT TREASURER OF THE UNITED STATES AT NEW YORK FOR THE YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 1, 1895.

Exchanges received from clearing house	$242,982,953.29
Exchanges delivered to clearing house	95,159,904.33
Balances paid to clearing house	149,559,822.46
Balances paid to clearing house consisted of legal tenders and change amounting to	149,559,822.46

Comparative Statement of the Exchanges of the Clearing Houses of the United States for Years ended September 30, 1895, and September 30, 1894.

Clearing house at—	Exchanges for year ended September 30—		Comparisons.	
	1895.	1894.	Increase.	Decrease.
New York	$28, 264, 379, 126	$24, 230, 145, 368	$4, 034, 233, 758	
Boston	4, 629, 303, 920	4, 095, 997, 060	533, 306, 800	
Chicago	4, 541, 435, 624	4, 263, 560, 459	277, 875, 165	
Philadelphia	3, 305, 864, 543	2, 962, 542, 206	433, 322, 337	
St. Louis	1, 218, 425, 682	1, 106, 770, 443	111, 655, 239	
San Francisco	671, 892, 105	647, 848, 503	24, 043, 602	
Baltimore	685, 004, 866	663, 214, 301	21, 790, 565	
Pittsburg	711, 773, 043	630, 268, 354	81, 504, 680	
Cincinnati	653, 228, 500	630, 364, 300	22, 864, 200	
Galveston	137, 266, 144	128, 050, 620	9, 200, 524	
Kansas City	507, 805, 333	464, 394, 146	43, 411, 187	
New Orleans	451, 879, 488	445, 871, 170	6, 008, 318	
Minneapolis	337, 201, 924	298, 085, 090	39, 116, 834	
Buffalo	213, 712, 675	241, 958, 316		$28, 245, 641
Milwaukee	239, 549, 926	224, 258, 596	15, 291, 330	
Detroit	338, 343, 355	282, 755, 354	55, 588, 001	
Louisville	309, 894, 324	308, 993, 881	900, 443	
Houston	171, 463, 843	123, 595, 269	47, 868, 574	
Providence	269, 573, 700	236, 803, 500	32, 770, 200	
St. Paul	209, 918, 323	174, 653, 689	35, 254, 634	
Cleveland	284, 952, 376	232, 306, 332	52, 646, 044	
Denver	137, 348, 227	132, 723, 753	4, 624, 474	
Omaha	195, 342, 670	244, 652, 523		49, 309, 853
Indianapolis	65, 000, 521	64, 777, 889	222, 632	
Memphis	92, 108, 024	83, 756, 769	8, 351, 255	
Columbus	180, 186, 800	161, 603, 800	18, 583, 000	
Dallas	82, 565, 585	56, 871, 278	5, 694, 307	
Nashville	49, 290, 302	44, 019, 325	5, 270, 977	
Hartford	113, 250, 428	100, 254, 163	12, 996, 265	
Portland, Oreg	60, 867, 266	52, 935, 612	7, 931, 654	
Fort Worth	38, 295, 801	31, 403, 643	6, 892, 158	
Duluth	102, 480, 938	106, 257, 865		3, 776, 927
Peoria	104, 619, 781	89, 298, 772	15, 320, 989	
Washington, D. C.	92, 962, 873	80, 050, 429	12, 912, 444	
St. Joseph	70, 140, 354	77, 560, 085		7, 419, 731
New Haven	74, 628, 740	69, 892, 520	4, 736, 220	
Salt Lake	63, 012, 914	53, 123, 078	9, 889, 836	
Rochester	78, 207, 588	73, 690, 002	4, 517, 586	
Savannah	118, 075, 272	104, 453, 142	13, 622, 130	
Springfield, Mass	72, 296, 666	63, 409, 750	8, 886, 916	
Worcester	65, 800, 192	58, 886, 075	6, 914, 117	
Portland, Me	64, 109, 543	61, 856, 550	2, 252, 993	
Norfolk	49, 803, 472	49, 753, 641	49, 831	
Tacoma	29, 362, 388	28, 344, 740	1, 017, 648	
Lowell	31, 792, 771	31, 015, 527	777, 244	
Grand Rapids	42, 552, 377	40, 125, 829	2, 426, 548	
Sioux City	27, 996, 057	33, 128, 197		5, 132, 140
Syracuse	49, 649, 147	44, 267, 564	5, 381, 583	
Seattle	25, 604, 387	26, 702, 788		1, 098, 401
Los Angeles	57, 046, 832	44, 669, 098	12, 377, 734	
Wilmington	36, 123, 257	36, 942, 349		819, 092
Lincoln	19, 184, 576	23, 515, 183		4, 330, 607
Des Moines	52, 952, 949	50, 029, 241	2, 923, 708	
Chattanooga	11, 754, 934	10, 144, 757	1, 610, 177	
Wichita	22, 842, 387	21, 401, 034	1, 441, 353	
New Bedford	20, 912, 585	22, 672, 600		1, 760, 015
Lexington	16, 647, 931	18, 018, 067		1, 370, 136
Topeka	22, 851, 072	23, 428, 631		577, 559
Waco	34, 026, 981	32, 118, 056	1, 908, 925	
Birmingham	18, 803, 165	14, 022, 819	4, 839, 346	
Binghamton	17, 731, 000	17, 165, 150	565, 850	
Saginaw	18, 256, 345	14, 511, 833	3, 744, 512	
Canton	9, 094, 751	7, 495, 324	1, 599, 427	
Springfield, Ohio	9, 307, 500	(a)	9, 307, 500	
Fremont	3, 350, 417	4, 285, 452		935, 035
Richmond	119, 371, 415	111, 510, 670	7, 860, 745	
Atlanta	61, 600, 186	55, 104, 110	6, 496, 076	
Bay City	16, 583, 588	10, 110, 877	6, 472, 711	
Akron	6, 632, 427	6, 751, 586		119, 159
Sioux Falls	3, 315, 009	4, 638, 643		1, 323, 634
Jacksonville	17, 558, 461	(a)	17, 558, 461	
Rockford b	8, 107, 292	(a)	8, 107, 292	
Kalamazoo b	9, 810, 664	(a)	9, 810, 664	
Hastings b	2, 393, 519	(a)	2, 393, 519	
Helena	31, 596, 133	22, 211, 406	9, 384, 727	
Spokane	18, 225, 042	14, 907, 929	3, 317, 113	
Fargo	6, 983, 635	5, 770, 665	1, 212, 970	
Fall River	38, 448, 991	(a)	38, 448, 991	
Total	51, 111, 591, 928	45, 028, 496, 746	6, 189, 313, 112	106, 217, 930
	45, 028, 496, 746		106, 217, 930	
Increase	6, 083, 095, 182		6, 083, 095, 182	

a No report. b Nine months.

[Extract from Comptroller's report for 1892.]

SUBSTITUTES FOR MONEY.

The subject of the currency of the country, always one of interest and importance, is especially so at the present time, because of the differences which obtain in the minds of the people in regard to what the currency should be and under what authority it should be created.

It will appear from the statistics given in this report to what extent the use of money is minimized by means of clearing-house organizations in our principal cities, and for the purpose of showing to what a limited extent actual money enters into the business transactions of the country, I have followed the precedent set by my predecessors in office in 1881 and 1890, and asked all the banks under the supervision of this Bureau to report all receipts for the 15th day of September, 1892, separately stated and classified.

My object in this report has been to furnish reliable data from which the public could see and realize how small a percentage of business transactions are represented by actual money, and how impossible it is for the Government to furnish a volume of currency sufficient to meet the wants of the people at all times—that is, in time of general distrust or quasi panic.

Over 90 per cent of all business transactions are done by means of credit. When the public lose confidence and credit is impaired and refused, over 90 per cent of all business transactions are directly affected. It is easy to realize how impossible it is for the remaining 10 per cent of money to carry on the business of the country without monetary stringency and financial distress.

The refusal to extend or continue credit, the demand for payment in money, leaves the actual money or currency of the country, be it $24 per capita or $50 per capita, utterly powerless to supply business needs.

Out of the 3,759 banks reporting their condition on July 12, reports were received from only 3,473 in time for insertion in this report. Those failing to report were the newer and less important institutions, hence the data received may be taken as fairly representing the business of the country.

The total receipts of the 3,473 banks on September 15, 1892, were $331,205,213. September 17, 1890, 3,474 banks reported total receipts of $327,278,251. The classification is the same and the percentage slightly varies.

The following table shows the character, amount, and percentage of receipts of national banks on September 15, 1892:

Character of receipts.	September 15, 1892.	
	3,473 banks.	Percentage of total receipts.
Gold coin	$2,907,017	0.88
Silver coin	1,372,054	.41
Gold Treasury certificates	3,407,340	1.03
Silver Treasury certificates	6,537,015	1.97
Legal tenders	8,531,514	2.58
Treasury notes	2,675,269	.81
National-bank notes	3,454,483	1.04
United States certificates of depesit for legal tenders	2,210,000	.67
Checks, etc	154,959,059	46.79
Clearing-house certificates	2,691,829	.81
Exchanges for clearing house	141,873,266	42.83
Miscellaneous	586,367	.18
Total	331,205,213	100.00

From the preceding table it appears that 9.39 per cent of the transactions were represented by actual cash, the balance by checks, drafts, exchanges, and other substitutes for money.

The following table shows the character, amount, and percentage of receipts of national banks in the central reserve cities, etc., on September 15, 1892:

Character of receipts.	New York.	Chicago.	St. Louis.	Other reserve cities.	Country.	Total.	Percentage of total receipts.
	48 banks.	21 banks.	8 banks.	252 banks.	3,144 banks.	3,473 banks.	
							Per cent.
Gold coin	$87,636	$76,681	$10,507	$507,447	$2,224,746	$2,907,017	0.88
Silver coin	59,331	75,601	9,115	280,389	956,618	1,372,054	.41
Gold Treasury certificates	2,861,600	17,210	8,080	297,710	222,740	3,407,340	1.03
Silver Treasury certificates	847,729	447,285	146,189	1,858,499	3,237,313	6,537,015	1.97
Legal tenders	2,914,161	395,060	63,184	2,073,356	3,085,753	8,531,514	2.58
Treasury notes	1,541,064	185,125	8,564	356,676	583,840	2,675,269	.81
National-bank notes	319,252	175,701	45,223	664,758	2,249,459	3,454,483	1.04
United States certificates of deposit for legal tenders	1,380,000			760,000	70,000	2,210,000	.67
Checks	37,245,870	13,072,743	1,009,898	41,738,194	61,892,354	154,559,059	46.79
Clearing-house certificates			241,669	2,353,588	96,572	2,691,829	.81
Exchanges for clearing house	83,729,329	10,632,618	847,641	38,035,241	8,628,446	141,873,266	42.83
Miscellaneous				120,282	466,085	586,367	.18
Total	130,976,963	25,078,114	2,390,070	89,046,140	83,713,926	331,205,213	100.00

The following table shows the character and percentages of total receipts of national banks in New York, etc., September 15, 1892:

Character of receipts.	New York, 48 banks.	Chicago, 21 banks.	St. Louis, 8 banks.	Other reserve cities, 252 banks.	Country, 3,144 banks.	Percentage of total receipts.
	Per cent.	*Per cent.*	*Per cent.*	*Per cent.*	*Per cent.*	*Per cent.*
Gold coin	0.07	0.31	0.44	0.57	2.66	0.88
Silver coin	.04	.30	.38	.32	1.14	.41
Gold Treasury certificates	2.18	.07	.34	.33	.27	1.03
Silver Treasury certificates	.65	1.78	6.12	2.09	3.87	1.97
Legal tenders	2.23	1.58	2.64	2.33	3.69	2.58
Treasury notes	1.18	.74	.36	.40	.69	.81
National-bank notes	.24	.70	1.89	.75	2.69	1.04
United States certificates of deposit for legal tenders	1.05			.85	.08	.67
Checks, etc	28.43	52.12	42.26	46.87	73.93	46.79
Clearing-house certificates			10.11	2.64	.12	.81
Exchange for clearing house	63.93	42.40	35.46	42.71	10.30	42.83
Miscellaneous				.14	.56	.18
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

It will be noted from the above table that the percentage of cash received was, in the city of New York 7.64+, in Chicago 5.48+, in St. Louis 12.17+. In the other reserve cities 7.64+, in the country banks 15.09+, and the cash percentage of the total receipts 9.39+.

The next table exhibits the total receipts of all reporting banks on five dates, classified as follows:

United States.	June 30, 1881.		September 17, 1881.		July 1, 1890.	
	1,966 banks.		2,132 banks.		3,364 banks.	
		Per ct.		*Per ct.*		*Per ct.*
Gold coin	$1, 864, 105	0.65	$4, 078, 044	1.38	$3, 726, 605	0.89
Silver coin	440, 998	.16	500, 302	.17	1, 352, 647	.32
Paper currency	11, 554, 747	4.06	12, 881, 571	4.36	26, 517, 364	6.29
Checks, drafts, etc	279, 854, 166	95.13	277, 773, 862	94.09	390, 228, 110	92.50
Total	284, 714, 016	100.00	295, 233, 779	100.00	421, 824, 726	100.00

United States.	September 17, 1890.		September 15, 1892.	
	3,474 banks.		3,473 banks.	
		Per ct.		*Per ct.*
Gold coin	$3, 702, 772	1.13	$2, 907, 017	0.88
Silver coin	1, 399, 991	.43	1, 372, 054	.41
Paper currency	24, 210, 463	7.40	26, 815, 621	8.10
Checks, drafts, etc	297, 965, 025	91.04	300, 110, 521	90.61
Total	327, 278, 251	100.00	331, 205, 213	100.00

In order to exhibit the comparative importance of the transactions taking place in four principal cities, a table is added showing the total receipts by banks located in New York City, Boston, Philadelphia, and Chicago, separately stated for the five days, to which is added like information in respect to the other reserve cities and all other banks.

RECEIPTS.

Banks in four principal cities and elsewhere.	June 30, 1881.	September 17, 1881.	July 1, 1890.	September 17, 1890.	September 15, 1892.
New York	$167, 437, 759	$165, 193, 347	$165, 923, 382	$120, 451, 472	$130, 976, 963
Boston	33, 088, 089	24, 094, 061	43, 463, 559	26, 531, 841	27, 339, 245
Philadelphia	18, 061, 565	17, 890, 648	38, 094, 099	23, 273, 886	23, 369, 882
Chicago	8, 141, 189	13, 026, 835	24, 367, 551	22, 654, 923	25, 078, 114
Total	226, 728, 593	220, 144, 891	271, 848, 591	192, 912, 122	206, 764, 204
Other reserve cities	17, 809, 881	22, 970, 703	57, 930, 557	48, 198, 214	40, 727, 083
Total reserve cities	244, 538, 474	243, 115, 594	329, 779, 148	241, 110, 336	247, 491, 287
All other localities	40, 175, 542	52, 118, 185	92, 045, 578	86, 167, 915	83, 713, 926
United States	284, 714, 016	295, 233, 779	421, 824, 726	327, 278, 251	331, 205, 213

PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL RECEIPTS BY ALL BANKS.

Banks in four principal cities and elsewhere.	June 30, 1881.	September 17, 1881.	July 1, 1890.	September 17, 1890.	September 15, 1892.
New York	58.81	55.95	39.34	36.80	39.55
Boston	11.62	8.16	10.30	8.11	8.23
Philadelphia	6.34	6.04	9.03	7.11	7.07
Chicago	2.86	4.41	5.78	6.92	7.57
Average of four cities	19.91	18.64	16.11	14.74	15.60
Other reserve cities	6.26	7.78	13.73	14.73	12.30
Average of all reserve cities	5.37	5.15	3.55	3.35	3.35
All other banks	14.11	17.66	21.82	26.33	25.28

The most conspicuous change to be noted in the above table is the increase in the percentage of country banks from 14.11, June 30, 1881, to 25.28 on September 15, 1892.

The variation in the percentage of the different kinds of money, checks, and drafts received, as shown in the statistics for September 15, 1892, do not essentially vary from those of 1890 and 1881. They fully confirm the general character of the banks' transactions. There has been a noted decrease in the amount of national-bank notes received and a corresponding increase in silver certificates and Treasury notes, caused by the retirement of national-bank circulation and its supplanting by money issued directly by the Government. The percentage of checks and drafts in New York in September, 1881, was 98.80; in September, 1890, 95.64, and in September, 1892, it was 92.36, showing a decrease for each of the three years reported, and a corresponding increase in the amount of cash received by the banks over their counters, which brings the cash receipts of the banks in the city of New York very near to the average of the whole country. The average percentage for all other reserve cities shows no material change.

[Extract from Comptroller's report for 1891.]

CLEARING-HOUSE LOAN CERTIFICATES.

The effect of a general monetary stringency is felt first and most seriously by banks located in the larger of the reserve cities. Whenever financial affairs are in a normal condition the surplus funds of the local banks find their way to the vaults of their correspondent banks located in the great centers of business activity. This is undoubtedly due in part to the fact that these deposits may be made available for lawful money reserve and that a small rate of interest is, as a rule, paid upon bank balances by associations in the larger cities, and to the further fact that the maintenance of a good balance with their city correspondents strengthens the claim of the interior banks upon the former for rediscounts when the temporary condition of redundancy passes away and the increased demand for money is greater than the interior banks from their resources can conveniently supply.

Thus it results that the wants of a continent in case of general depression are at last brought through various channels of business activity, by way of withdrawals or loans, to the bankers of the great metropolitan cities for relief, and they are presented in such a form, in many cases, as to preclude the possibility of refusal, if general bankruptcy is to be avoided.

During the period of the stringency above discussed the cities of New York, Philadelphia, and Boston were subjected to the most pressing demands, and after very careful consideration it was decided by the associated banks that the exigency made necessary a resort to the issuing of clearing-house loan certificates, for the purpose of settling clearing-house balances. This expedient had been successfully resorted to during the panics of 1873 and 1884.

At a meeting of the New York Clearing-House Association on the 11th day of November, 1890, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed by the chair, of which the chairman shall be one, to receive from banks, members of the association, bills receivable and other securities, to be approved by said committee, who shall be authorized to issue therefor, to such depositing banks, loan certificates bearing interest at 6 per cent per annum, and in addition thereto a commission of one-quarter of 1 cent for every thirty days such certificates shall remain unpaid, and such loan certificates shall not be in excess of 75 per cent of the market value of the securities of bills receivable so deposited, and such certificates shall be received and paid in settlement of balances at the clearing house.

Under this resolution a committee of five was appointed, and they proceeded, upon deposit of proper securities, to issue to applying banks loan certificates in the following form:

No. ———. $20,000

Loan committee of the New York Clearing-House Association, New York, ———, 1890.

This certifies that the ——— ——— has deposited with this committee securities in accordance with the proceedings of a meeting of the association held November 11, 1890, upon which this certificate is issued. This certificate will be received in payment of balances at the clearing house for the sum of twenty thousand dollars from any member of the Clearing-House Association.

On the surrender of this certificate by the depositing bank above named the committee will indorse the amount as a payment on the obligation of said bank held by them, and surrender a proportionate share of the collateral securities held therefor.

$20,000.

——— ———,
——— ———,
Committee.

These certificates were, by unanimous agreement upon the part of the clearing-house banks, accepted in lieu of money in the settlement of clearing-house balances.

In order to provide for the retirement of these securities in case the collaterals pledged were found insufficient, the several boards of directors of the associated banks were requested to, and did, pass a resolution in the following form:

Resolved, That any loss resulting from the issue of loan certificates shall be borne by the banks comprising the Clearing-House Association pro rata of capital and surplus, and this resolution shall be ratified by the boards of the respective banks, members of the association, and a certified copy of such consent delivered to the chairman of the loan committee.

This committee, acting under the authority granted by the above resolution, issued to the associated banks loan certificates aggregating $16,645,000. The first issue was made November 12, 1890, and the entire issue was retired on February 7, 1891. The largest amount outstanding at any one time was $15,205,000, on the 13th of December, 1890.

On the 17th of November, 1890, similar proceedings were had by the Boston Clearing-House Association. On that day, at a meeting of the association, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed by the chair, of which committee the chairman shall also be a member, to receive from banks, members of the association, bills receivable and other securities, to be approved by said committee, who shall be authorized to issue therefor to such depositing banks, loan certificates bearing interest at 7.3 per cent per annum, and such loan certificate shall not be in excess of 75 per cent of the market value of the securities or bills receivable so deposited, and such certificates shall be received and paid in settlement of balances at the clearing house.

It is observed also that the ultimate payment of the certificates, in case the pledged collaterals proved to be insufficient, was provided for through the ratification, by the boards of directors of the respective banks, of the following resolution passed by the Boston Clearing-House Association at the meeting above noted:

Resolved, That any loss arising from the issue of loan certificates shall be borne by the banks comprising the Clearing-House Association pro rata, according to the average daily amount which each bank shall have sent to the clearing house during the preceding year. It was also voted that this resolution shall be ratified by the boards of directors of the respective banks, members of the association, and a certified copy of such consent delivered to the chairman of the loan committee.

The form of the loan certificates issued under the resolution alluded to is as follows:

No. ——. $5,000.

Five Thousand Dollars.

Loan committee of the Boston Clearing-House Association. Boston, ——, 189–.

This certifies that the —— —— has deposited with this committee securities in accordance with the proceedings of a meeting of the association held November 17, 1890, upon which this certificate is issued.

This certificate will be received in payment of balances at the clearing house for the sum of five thousand dollars from any member of the Clearing-House Association.

On surrender of this certificate by the depositing bank above named, the committee will indorse the amount as a payment on the obligation of said bank held by them, and surrender a proportionate share of the collateral securities held therefor.

$5,000.

—— ——,
—— ——,
Committee.

When a bank applied for and received loan certificates it was required to deposit the necessary securities, and to also execute and deliver an obligation, of which the following is a copy:

The —— —— Bank has this day received of ——, loan committee of the Boston Clearing-House Association, loan certificates issued by said committee in pursuance of a vote of said association, passed November 17, 1890, to the amount of —— thousand dollars, and has deposited with said committee the securities, a statement whereof is herete annexed, and said —— —— Bank receives said loan certificates on the terms set forth in said vote, and agrees to pay the amount of said certificates, with interest thereon, as provided in said vote.

Under the operation of the resolution of authority granted by the clearing-house committee, as above noted, loan certificates were first issued on November 19, 1890, and the last were issued on December 6, 1890. On the latter date the issue reached its maximum of $5,065,000. The last of the issue was retired on January 6, 1891.

The Clearing-House Association of Philadelphia took action on November 18, 1890, at which time, at a meeting of the Clearing-House Association, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That in accordance with reselution of September 24, 1873, as amended October 18, 1873, the clearing-house committee will issue loan certificates to banks applying and receive them in payment of balances.

The resolution of September 24, 1873, as amended October 18, 1873, reads as follows:

For the purpose of enabling the banks, members of the Philadelphia Clearing-House Association, to afford proper assistance to the mercantile and manufacturing community, and also to facilitate the interbank settlements resulting from their daily exchanges, we, the undersigned, do bind ourselves by the following agreement on the part of our respective banks, viz:

First. That the clearing-house committee be, and they are hereby, authorized to issue to any bank, member of the association, loan certificates bearing 6 per cent interest on the deposits of bills receivable and other securities to such an amount and to such percentage thereof as may in their judgment be advisable.

These certificates may be used in settlement of balances at the clearing house, and they shall be received by creditor banks in the same proportion as they bear to the aggregate amount of the debtor balances paid at the clearing house. The interest that may accrue upon these certificates shall be apportioned monthly among the banks which shall have held them during that time.

Second. The securities deposited with the said committee shall be held by them in trust as a special deposit, pledged for the redemption of the certificates issued thereupon, the same being accepted by the committee as collateral security, with the express condition that neither the Clearing-House Association, the clearing-house committee, nor any member thereof shall be responsible for any loss on said collaterals arising from failure to make demand and protest, or from any other

neglect or omission, other than the refusal to take some reasonable step which the said depositing bank may have previously required in writing.

Third. On the surrender of such certificates, or any of them, by the depositing banks, the committee will indorse the amount as a payment on the obligation of said bank held by them, and will surrender a proportionate amount of securities, except in case of default of the bank in any of its transactions through the clearing house; in which case the securities will be applied by the committee, first, to the payment of outstanding certificates, with interest; next, to the liquidation of any indebtedness of such bank to the other banks, members of the Clearing-House Association.

Fourth. The committee shall be authorized to exchange any portion of said securities for others, to be approved by them, and shall have power to demand additional security, at their own discretion.

Fifth. That the clearing-house committee be authorized to carry into full effect this agreement, with power to establish such rules and regulations for the practical working thereof as they may deem necessary; and any loss caused by the nonpayment of loan certificates shall be assessed by the committee upon all the banks in the ratio of capital.

Sixth. The expenses incurred in carrying out this agreement shall be assessed upon the banks in equal proportion to their respective capital.

Seventh. That the clearing-house committee be, and they are hereby, authorized to terminate this agreement upon giving thirty days' notice thereof at any stated meeting of the Clearing-House Association.

PHILADELPHIA, *November 18, 1890.*

At a meeting of the clearing-house committee, held this day, it was, on motion:

Resolved, That in accordance with resolutions of September 24, 1873, as amended October 18, 1873, the clearing-house committee will issue loan certificates to banks applying, and receive them in payment of balances.

The form of loan certificate issued by the Clearing-House Association of Philadelphia is here given:

No. ———. $5,000.

Clearing-house committee of the Philadelphia banks, Philadelphia, ———, 1891.

Loan certificate.

This certifies that the ——— ——— Bank has deposited with this committee securities in accordance with the agreement of a meeting of bank officers held September 24, 1873. This certificate will be received during the continuance of said agreement and of any renewals of the same, in payment of balances at the clearing house, for the sum of five thousand dollars, only from a member of the Clearing-House Association to whom the same may have been issued, or to whom it may be indorsed by the manager of the clearing house.

On the surrender of this certificate by the depositing bank above named the committee will indorse the amount as a payment on the obligation of said bank held by them, and surrender a proportionate amount of the collateral securities except in case of default on the part of said bank in its transactions through the Clearing-House Association of Philadelphia.

———,
———,
Committee.

It will be observed that the original agreement under which the committee proceeded in this case was adopted during the panic of 1873, and after that subsided no further action was had under it until November, 1890, but the machinery was kept standing during the whole intervening period ready for immediate use whenever required.

The clearing-house committee having, by the agreement aforesaid, been authorized to issue loan certificates, resolved, on November 5, 1890, to exercise this power, whereupon the banks desiring to take out loan certificates were required to adopt a resolution empowering the hypothecation of securities, under which the issue of loan certificates, signed by not less than three members of the committee, was commenced on November 19, 1890, and ceased on May 22, 1891, the total issue being $9,655,000. The maximum issue, $8,870,000, was reached on January 9. The certificates have all been retired excepting $170,000 issued to the Keystone and Spring Garden National Banks.

[Extract from Comptroller's report for 1893.]

CLEARING-HOUSE LOAN CERTIFICATES.

The unprecedented condition of the money market from June to September called for extraordinary remedies, not only to avert general disaster to the banks but to prevent commercial ruin. This remedy was the issuing of clearing-house loan certificates, which were brought into use as in 1873, 1884, 1890–91, by the associated banks of New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and other cities where needed. The service rendered by them was invaluable, and to their timely issuance by the associated banks of the cities named is due the fact that the year's record of suspensions and failures is not greatly augmented.

The form of these certificates, with the conditions under which they were issued in 1890–91 (the form and conditions being the same during the late issuance of them as then), is described at length in the Comptroller's annual report for 1891. The subject is alluded to again only because it constitutes a very important part of the year's banking history, and for the additional reason that here and there are to be found those who entertain an entirely erroneous idea of the purpose for which these certificates were issued and what was accomplished by their issuance. Briefly stated, they were temporary loans made by the banks associated together as a clearing-house association, to the members of such association, and were available to such banks only for the purpose of settling balances due from and to each other, these balances under normal conditions of business being always settled in coin or currency. Each clearing-house association selected a committee charged with the issuing of the certificates to each bank desiring the same, such bank being required before receiving them to deposit with the committee its bills receivable, or other securities, as collateral for the loan. The amount of certificates issued to each bank was limited to 75 per cent of the value of the securities deposited. They bore interest at rates varying from 6 to $7\frac{3}{10}$ per cent. Immediately upon their surrender to the committee they were canceled and the securities held as collateral were returned to the bank depositing the same.

At a time when vast sums of coin and currency were being withdrawn from the banks, to be hoarded, these loan certificates, by performing the functions of the currency or coin customarily required for settling daily balances at the clearing house, released so much currency or coin to the legitimate and current demands of business and unquestionably placed it within the power of the banks in the cities named to extend to outside banks the aid needed on the one hand and liberally granted on the other. In no instance were these certificates designed to nor did they circulate as money. They were but duebills and their sole function consisted in discharging the single obligation at the clearing house. An attempt on the part of a bank in any of the associations issuing these certificates to use them otherwise would have incurred a fine and other penalties provided in the rules governing such associations. Their issuance at so early a date in the financial derangement of the country was most opportune in not only preventing an acute panic, but in tending to restore public confidence, such action demonstrating that by mutual agreement of all, the weak banks of the association would be, so far as depositors and other creditors were concerned, as strong as the strongest.

In inaugurating the issuing of certificates so promptly and in issuing them to so large an amount the Clearing-House Association of New York, in particular, rendered the country great service, and the associated banks of that city are entitled to the credit which the public generally accords them.

The following figures, showing the movement and amount of the issue of loan certificates in 1893 in the cities named, will indicate the measure of relief afforded by them:

	Date of issue of first certificate.	Date of largest amount outstanding.	Largest amount outstanding.	Date of surrender of last certificate.	Amount outstanding Oct. 31.
New York	June 21	Aug. 29 to Sept. 6	$38, 280, 000	Nov. 1	.....
Philadelphia	June 16	Aug. 15	10, 965, 000	.....	$3, 835, 000
Boston	June 27	Aug. 23 to Sept. 1	11, 445, 000	Oct. 20	.....
Baltimore	....do ...	Aug. 24 to Sept. 9	1, 475, 000	.....	845, 000
Pittsburg	Aug. 11	Sept. 15	987, 000	.....	332, 000
Total	.....	.....	63, 152, 000		

In 1890–91 they were issued in New York, Boston, and Philadelphia, the largest amounts outstanding at any time being as follows:

	Date of first issue.	Largest amount outstanding at any one time, and date of same.
New York	Nov. 12, 1890	$15, 205, 000, Dec. 13, 1890.
Boston	Nov. 19, 1890	5, 065, 000, Dec. 6, 1890.
Philadelphia	....do	8, 870, 000, Jan. 9, 1891.
Total	.....	29, 140, 000.

[Extract from Comptroller's report for 1894.]

THE NUMBER OF DEPOSITORS IN THE NATIONAL BANKS.

The office having obtained such information as it could relative to the subject just treated of, it seemed that facts showing the use of the national banks by the general public as banks of deposit would be of interest. Such facts would not only show the great numbers of the people who were making use of them as a means of safe-keeping for their cash assets and the importance to them of having them properly dealt with, but would further tend to show why so many credit instruments, such as checks, were in daily use.

It is fair to presume that as a person becomes a depositor in a bank he is more given to the use of checks upon his bank of deposit in making payment of indebtedness than to the use of actual money. As the number of depositors in banks increases, such method of payment will correspondingly increase, and the need of the enlargement of the volume of the circulating medium of the country fall away. The depositing of money in bank and the checking against it makes every dollar of the currency an efficient one, in that each dollar is made to support many transactions each day instead of but a single one, as is the case where each transaction is carried on by the payment of actual cash.

In the appendix will be found the statement showing in detail the number of depositors in national banks on July 18, 1894, together with aggregate amounts to their credit. It is so arranged as to show—

Depositors having less than $1,000 to their credit;
Depositors having more than $1,000 and less than $2,000;
Depositors having $2,000 and less than $10,000, and
Depositors having $10,000 and over.

The statement is made up by geographical divisions, giving the number of banks and the number of depositors in each class and aggregate of deposits to the credit of each class, together with a grand aggregate of the number of depositors and the total amount of their deposits, as follows.

States, reserve cities, and Territories.	Total number of banks.	Number of banks reporting.	Under $1,000.		$1,000 and less than $2,000.		$2,000 and less than $10,000.		$10,000 and over.		Total.	
			Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.
Division 1: Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts (Boston), Rhode Island, Connecticut	593	588	175,916	$35,978,041	14,585	$20,324,691	14,933	$64,080,653	4,571	$154,559,628	210,005	$274,943,013
Division 2: New York (New York City, Albany, Brooklyn), New Jersey, Pennsylvania (Philadelphia, Pittsburg)	837	805	576,030	102,252,901	33,901	47,181,891	31,920	132,064,045	9,777	458,189,199	651,628	739,688,036
Division 3: Delaware, Maryland (Baltimore), District of Columbia (Washington City), Virginia, West Virginia	166	162	114,246	17,375,228	5,538	7,724,277	4,607	17,607,444	790	20,653,792	125,181	63,300,741
Division 4: North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana (New Orleans), Texas, Arkansas, Kentucky (Louisville), Tennessee	497	483	135,522	18,245,336	5,679	7,768,100	4,867	18,829,317	828	24,407,726	146,896	69,250,479
Division 5: Ohio (Cincinnati, Cleveland), Indiana, Illinois (Chicago), Michigan (Detroit), Wisconsin (Milwaukee)	754	733	381,314	66,609,567	20,709	28,038,260	16,601	66,628,376	4,240	146,213,465	422,864	307,489,668
Division 6: Iowa (Des Moines), Minnesota (St. Paul, Minneapolis), Missouri (St. Louis, St. Joseph, Kansas City), Kansas, Nebraska (Lincoln, Omaha)	582	557	215,255	33,515,935	10,635	12,801,114	7,541	30,090,622	1,683	47,324,807	235,114	123,732,478
Division 7: Colorado, Nevada, California (San Francisco), Oregon, Arizona	128	123	68,900	10,278,863	3,806	5,164,514	2,727	10,318,089	523	15,439,267	75,956	41,200,733
Division 8: North Dakota, South Dakota, Idaho, Montana, New Mexico, Utah, Washington, Wyoming, Oklahoma, Indian Territory	213	199	56,894	9,013,990	2,586	3,524,023	1,890	7,254,599	326	7,559,309	61,696	27,351,981
United States	3,770	3,650	1,724,077	293,269,861	97,439	132,526,870	85,086	346,873,145	22,738	874,347,253	1,929,340	1,647,017,129

The information above set forth was procured from the banks reporting at the same date as their report of condition made to the Comptroller for July 18, 1894, and is complete as to all the 3,770 doing business on the date named, except as to 120, which failed to make any report. The failure of these 120 banks to furnish this information, taken in connection with the fact that some of the banks reporting failed to include certificates of deposit, which are included in the item of individual deposits shown in the aggregate of their liabilities, will account for the difference of $30,784,071 between the aggregate of individual deposits shown by this statement, and the aggregate of this item shown in the statement of resources and liabilities of the banks on July 18, 1894.

Considering the aggregates shown by this statement, it is found that 3,650 banks held deposits to the amount of $1,647,017,129, deposited by 1,929,340 depositors, or an average of 528.5 depositors to each bank.

The following table indicates by geographical divisions the average number of depositors, and the average amount for each depositor of each class:

Geographical divisions.	Under $1,000.		$1,000 and less than $2,000.		$2,000 and less than $10,000.		$10,000 and over.		Total.	
	Average number of depositors.	Average amount for each depositor.	Average number of depositors.	Average amount for each depositor.	Average number of depositors.	Average amount for each depositor.	Average number of depositors.	Average amount for each depositor.	Average number of depositors.	Average amount for each depositor.
Division 1	299.2	$205	24.8	$1,394	25.4	$4,201	7.7	$33,813	357.1	$1,309
Division 2	715.6	178	42.1	1,392	39.9	4,137	12.1	46,864	809.4	1,135
Division 3	705.2	152	34.2	1,395	28.4	3,822	4.9	26,144	772.7	506
Division 4	280.6	135	11.7	1,368	10.1	3,869	1.7	29,478	304.1	471
Division 5	520.2	175	28.2	1,354	22.6	4,014	5.8	34,484	576.8	727
Division 6	386.5	156	19.1	1,204	13.5	3,990	3	28,119	422.1	526
Division 7	560.2	149	30.9	1,357	22.2	3,784	4.2	29,521	617.5	542
Division 8	285.9	158	13	1,363	9.5	3,838	1.6	23,188	310	443
United States	472.3	170	26.7	1,360	23.3	4,077	6.2	38,453	528.5	853

An analysis of the table shows that in the class under $1,000 the average amount for each depositor varied in different sections of the country from $135 to $205; in the class $1,000 and less than $2,000, from $1,204 to $1,395; in the class $2,000 and less than $10,000, from $3,784 to $4,291; in the class $10,000 and over, from $23,188 to $46,864.

It will be seen from these figures that, with the exception of the class of $10,000 and over, which has the smallest number of depositors, the variation as to the average amount for each depositor in the different sections of the country is but slight. A comparison of the average number of depositors in the different geographical divisions shows the variations to be much greater. The average of the total number of depositors is lowest in division No. 4, viz, 304.1, and highest in division No. 2, where it was 809.4. These wide variations are largely accounted for by the extensive banking facilities furnished by banking institutions outside of the national system.

For instance, in division No. 1, comprising six Eastern States, the average number of depositors in 588 national banks is only 357.1, but from tables appearing elsewhere in this report it will be seen that there are also in this division 540 State banks, loan and trust companies, and savings banks.

Taking divisions Nos. 2 and 3 together, having the highest average total number of depositors in 1,003 national banks, viz, 809.4 and 772.7, respectively, it is found that in the States comprising these two divisions there also are 811 State banks, loan and trust companies, savings and private banks. In division No. 4, comprising 1. Southern States, we find the lowest average total number of depositors in 497 national banks, viz, 304.1, there being also in these 11 States 606 State, etc., banks. In division No. 5 the average total number of depositors in 754 national banks is 576.8, there being also in this division 966 State, etc., banks. In division No. 6 the average total number of depositors in 582 national banks is 422.1, there being also 2,155 State, etc., banks. In division No. 7 the average total number of depositors in 128 national banks is 617.5, there being also 313 State, etc , banks. In division No. 8 the average total number of depositors in 213 national banks is 310, there being also 347 State and other banks.

In conclusion, it is shown by the table referred to that 3,650 national banks held $1,647,017,129, deposited by 1,929,340 depositors, or an average of 528.5 depositors to each bank. Applying this average to $1,225,452,821 of deposits held by the banking institutions other than savings banks operating outside of the national system, it is found that such banking institutions held deposits made by 1,436,638 depositors. The latest returns to this office made by savings banks show that they held $1,747,961,280, deposited by 4,777,687 depositors.

A tabulation of this information is shown herewith:

	Deposits.	Number of depositors.
National banks	$1,647,017,129	1,929,340
State and private banks, loan and trust companies	1,225,452,821	1,436,638
Saving banks	1,747,961,280	4,777,687
Total	4,620,431,230	8,143,665

It is found that all the banks and banking institutions in the country, from which figures were obtainable at the latest dates, held deposits to the enormous sum of $4,620,431,230 deposited by no less than 8,143,665 depositors. After making due allowance for the fact that the same person may have deposits in more than one bank; further, that 120 national banks doing business on July 18, 1894, failed to make any report; that the number of depositors in State and private banks and loan and trust companies was estimated from the average number of those in national banks, it is not unreasonable to conclude that the banking institutions of the country are patronized and used by no less than about 9,000,000 depositors, or about 1 person out of every 7 or 8 persons in the total population of the United States.

No better evidence of the valuable and generally diffused service rendered to the public by banks in general can be deduced than that shown by the figures here presented, and no stronger argument could be adduced to warrant the most careful and statesmanlike consideration of any measure affecting them. The facts as they are demonstrate how many people have a material interest in them and how many branches of trade and commerce are touched by any banking legislation which is placed upon the statute books.

REVENUE TO THE GOVERNMENT.

The interest awakened by a discussion of a general revision of the present national banking system makes it proper to consider in this

report how far the national banks have been a source of revenue to the Government. Congress has considered the capital, deposits, and circulation of these banks as legitimate subjects of taxation. The act of March 3, 1883, relieved the banks of further taxes on the first two items, but left the 1 per cent annual duty on circulation undisturbed. No subsequent changes have been made affecting this law.

The total tax collected on capital amounted to $7,885,887.74. The banks have paid taxes on their deposits to the amount of $60,940,067.16. Up to June 30, 1894, the end of the last fiscal year, the national-bank circulation had yielded a revenue amounting to $75,834,997.17. Estimated at the same rate as for the year prior, the taxes on circulation from June 30 to October 31 would yield an additional revenue of $573,698.39.

National banks are also assessed for a sufficient amount to cover the redemption of their circulating notes by the United States Treasurer, the preparation of the plates from which these notes are printed, and the fees of the national-bank examiners. These items amounted to $367,836.93 during the past fiscal year, but they should not be regarded in this calculation, as no part of this amount is retained in the public Treasury.

Whatever amount of bank notes remain eventually unredeemed will be an additional source of profit, as the banks are required to pay into the Treasury lawful money to the full amount of their circulation before they are allowed to withdraw their deposits of United States bonds. From the best obtainable figures it appears reasonable to suppose that a small amount of notes will not be presented for redemption. Although some of the national banks ceased doing business over thirty years ago, each bank still has currency that has not been presented. Something like 2 per cent of the old State-bank circulation was not redeemed.

A careful examination of the currency accounts of the liquidated national banks shows that the percentage of national-bank currency probable to be unredeemed will be very much smaller. From present indications, it seems probable that about two-fifths of 1 per cent of the national-bank notes that have been in actual circulation will remain unredeemed. On October 31, 1894, this amount was $691,706,231. At the average rate of redemption there will remain as profit to the Government from this source $2,766,824.92. The average cost of redemption has been about $1.37 per thousand.

On October 31, 1894, the amount in the Treasury to the credit of the national-bank redemption account was $35,883,967.73. Hence it will be seen that the profits from unredeemed circulation are already available.

The revenue from these banks was as follows:

From taxation	$145,234,650.46
From unredeemed circulation	2,770,615.47
Total	148,005,265.93

From this should be deducted the Government expense of this office, including the additional expense, which has been carefully estimated on the basis established by former Comptrollers, and the total brought down to the close of the report year, amounting to $15,365,963.75. This leaves the net profit derived from the national banks at $132,639,302.19.

As Government depositories, the national banks have received, stored in their vaults, and accounted for $5,356,625,891, without expense to the Government. Allowing the rate of three-eighths of 1 per cent as a reasonable compensation for such services, which is the same as that

fixed by the act of March 3, 1875, as the compensation of disbursing officers for public buildings, it would amount to $20,087,347.

No attempt has been made to compute the expense for transportation charges during the thirty years, had it been necessary to transfer the moneys to the various subtreasuries instead of depositing them in these national banks, owing to the impossibility of obtaining the necessary information upon which to base an estimate. A casual investigation shows that this item would have amounted to a very large sum. The saving in expense, irrespective of transportation charges, added to the net profits detailed above, makes a total of $168,092,616 as the measure of the direct benefit the United States Treasury has actually received from the national banks.

SERVICE TO THE PUBLIC.

The amount of revenue received directly by the Government from the tax imposed by it upon the banks, and the savings to it, as stated, have been but a part of the benefits conferred upon the people through a well-organized, uniform, and carefully conducted banking system. The aid rendered the individual in the carrying on of his business undertakings has been far greater than any revenue paid to the Government or service given it. The indisputable facts are that since the inauguration of the present system four great points of advantage and saving have been gained to the general public.

First. The saving in heavy discounts on the bank currency prevalent before the establishing of the national-bank system.

Second. The saving in rates of interest on loans and discounts.

Third. The saving in the making of exchange.

Fourth. The saving to customers in charges for making collections.

It is unnecessary to elaborate at any great length either of the above enumerated propositions, and yet something pertinent to each may be said that will give a clearer understanding of just what has been gained by a system under the general supervision and control of the Government.

It is not impossible, and it may be not improbable, that the same results might have followed, with improved business methods and keener watchfulness, the conduct of systems of note issue and banking not uniform and not under the same supervision, but the facts are that, so far as the experiment has been tried, the one system has been wholly successful in its operation, and the other, at the best, was but partially so, and at its worst highly disastrous to all concerned.

The saving of loss from discounts on circulating notes of banks not uniform was quickly realized by the public at large. Prior to the issuing of national-bank notes there were as a part of our circulating medium approximately $200,000,000 of State-bank notes. The loss in discount upon these varied in different sections of the country, and was in a large measure controlled by what was known of the financial standing of the issuing bank. The loss to the note holder, however, was from 1 to 5 per cent, and not infrequently 10 per cent. In many cases it was an entire loss. Whatever may be the defects of the present note issue of the national banks, it is at least uniform in appearance and value, and by law the note issued by every bank in the system is receivable at par by every other bank in it, and redeemable in lawful money at the bank of issue or at its designated redemption agency.

The saving in rates of interest on loans and discounts has been

brought especially to the South, the West, and the Northwest, where the necessary capital for banking purposes was very scarce and at the same time very greatly needed to develop the great natural resources of these sections of the country. The provisions for the same governmental supervision of the national banks and uniformity of method with which the capitalists in the East and North were familiar undoubtedly was an important factor in engaging their capital, which, owing to its plentifulness at home, was bringing to them either no interest or very low rates in banking enterprises in the sections named.

The evidence of the extent of this investment is found in the fact that in 1889 nearly one-third of the capital stock of 520 national banks in Iowa, Minnesota, Missouri, Kansas, and Nebraska was contributed by Northern and Eastern shareholders, while in Dakota, Idaho, Montana, New Mexico, Utah, Washington, Wyoming, and Arizona more than one-half of the capital stock of 144 national banks was held by nonresident shareholders. In the States of Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas, Arkansas, Kentucky, and Tennessee, of the shares of 410 national banks a little more than one-sixth of the total was held by nonresident shareholders. The investments of this character made by nonresidents since the dates given has been at least as large, if not larger, than prior thereto, but the figures are not now at hand to state with accuracy the proportion. The facts gathered, however, form of themselves such data upon the point made as to make it worthy of consideration.

The increase in the supply of loanable funds thus furnished necessarily had the effect of lowering the rates of interest on loans and discounts below the level of those previously prevailing. The general confidence inspired by a central and uniform governmental supervision and examination, the frequent publication of sworn reports of condition, the double liability of shareholders, the percentage of reserve to be held against deposits required, and the necessity of having the bank's funds invested in quick assets, rather than tied up in real-estate investments, operated to attract all over the country to these banks the deposit of funds in large and small amounts, upon the greater portion of which no interest is paid for temporary safe-keeping. To the extent that these deposits were made was the loaning capacity of the banks added to and the idle capital in each community brought into use. It can be easily calculated what the effect of rendering available so much imported and home capital was toward lowering rates of interest, when it is known that on October 2 last the individual deposits held by national banks amounted to $1,728,418,819.

As banking methods have improved and safety made more certain, under the effects of uniformity and general supervision, the lessening of the rates of exchange has steadily gone on, thus giving business interests the benefit of saving in an item in the transfer of funds that prior to 1860 assumed very large proportions. At present, to transmit $1,000 from New Orleans to New York it is but necessary to purchase from the bank at New Orleans its check payable to the purchaser's order on its correspondent bank in the latter city, and this may with perfect safety be transmitted to New York or any other point in the Union. At certain seasons of the year the purchaser will procure the draft at par; at others at a slight premium of one-tenth or one-eighth of 1 per cent.

In 1859 the average rate of exchange on New York from points in the South and West is reported as from 1 to 1½ per cent, while the current

rate in the State of New York in 1860 was one-half of 1 per cent. The exact figures which represent the grand total of exchange between national banks alone are not to be secured, but figures obtained by the Comptroller in the year 1878 showed an estimate at that time of nearly $3,000,000,000 as the amount of exchange drawn annually upon New York alone by Southern and Western States, and not less than $4,000,000,000 as the amount drawn annually by the same States upon points in the East, including New York.

The volume of business done by the national banks has greatly increased since 1878, and a corresponding increase must be made in the estimate then given for the purpose of approximating the measure of saving to the public effected merely through exchanges. As a very large proportion of clearing-house exchanges consist of checks drawn by banks located at a distance from the clearing houses, an examination of the volume of these clearing-house transactions will convey some idea of the great volume of exchange effected between banks at distant points. The clearings in New York City alone for the thirty years ended in 1894 aggregated the sum of $949,000,000,000, while the clearings for all the clearing houses in the United States for the single year 1894, and that a year far below the average, were $45,000,000,000.

It is impossible to ascertain in exact figures the saving to bank customers in the collections made for them free of charge, of notes, drafts, and other evidences of indebtedness. No statistics showing the money value of these services have ever been gathered, but the continual presence of these collection items in the files of every bank in the country furnishes abundant proof upon this point.

NATIONAL-BANK CURRENCY.

AUTHORIZING ACTS.

The issue of circulating notes by national banking associations was first authorized by an act entitled "An act to provide a national currency secured by a pledge of United States stocks, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved February 25, 1863, which act was repealed by an act entitled "An act to provide a national currency secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3, 1864. The act approved June 3, 1864, with subsequent amendments thereof, was embodied in the Revised Statutes of the United States in 1873. The law as embodied in the Revised Statutes has been amended from time to time, and is now contained in what is known as the National-Bank Act, with amendments thereof.

SECURITY.

Under the provisions of existing law a national bank is required to deposit interest-bearing bonds of the United States with the United States Treasurer as security for its circulating notes in the following minimum amounts:

(1) Banks with a capital not exceeding $150,000 must deposit bonds, par value, to an amount not less than one-fourth of their capital stock.

(2) Banks with a capital exceeding $150,000 must deposit bonds to the amount of at least $50,000, par value.

The maximum amount of bonds, at their par value, which may be deposited by a national bank must not exceed the amount of the bank's capital stock.

The proportion of circulating notes issued against bonds deposited as security therefor is 90 per cent of the par value of said bonds, or of the market value of said bonds if the bonds are below par.

OWNERSHIP OF STOCK.

An official investigation made by the Comptroller in 1895 shows that on October 31, 1895, the stock of 3,715 national banks, with a capital of $664,136,915, was owned by 285,190 shareholders.

SUPERVISION.

Every national bank is required by law to make to the Comptroller not less than five sworn reports every year, showing in detail its resources and liabilities, and it is required to publish same in a local newspaper; also, to make a sworn report of every dividend declared, which also shows gross earnings, losses, expenses, and net profits.

The affairs of every bank are also examined about twice a year by an examiner who verifies its assets and audits its accounts, and the examiner is empowered by law to examine every officer and employee of the bank under oath, if necessary to find out its true condition.

CAPITAL BASED ON POPULATION.

A national bank may be organized by not less than five shareholders anywhere in the United States, subject to the following-mentioned requirements as to capital and population:

(1) With not less than $50,000 capital in any place having 6,000 inhabitants or less.

(2) With not less than $100,000 capital in any city having over 6,000 but not more than 50,000 inhabitants.

(3) With not less than $200,000 capital in any city having over 50,000 inhabitants.

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1896.
Department Circular No. 137.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., September 9, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending August 15, 1896.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

REPORT OF REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING AUGUST 15, 1896.

N. B.—*In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.*

No. of Reappraisement.

12630.....*Hair pencils*, from Gebr. Zierlein, Nurnberg, May 30/96.
No. 2083, entered at 1.25, advanced to 1.35 marks per gross.
No. 1408, No. 2, entered at 2.00, advanced to 3.00 marks per gross.
Discount 10 per cent.
Add packing.

12477.....*Blank books*, from W. Lowenthal, Brieg, May 2/96.
1045/18, entered at 1.50; 4186/2282, entered at 6.00 marks per gross, discounts 2 per cent and 5 per cent; advanced by disallowance of second discount.
Add case and packing.

12858.....*Surface coated paper*, from Leonard Biermans, Turnhout, July 9/96.
Red flint, No. 4978, 20 x 25, entered at 5s. 1d., advanced to 5s. 5d. per ream of 500 sheets.
Red flint, No. 7952, 24 in., entered at 4s. 10d., advanced to 5s. 2d. per ream of 500 sheets.
Red flint No. 7949, 24 in., entered at 4s. 10d., advanced to 5s. 2d. per ream of 500 sheets.
Bronze watered No. 7329, 24 in., entered at 10s., advanced to 10s. 8d. per ream of 500 sheets.
Pink flint No. 7933, Green flint No. 1743, 20 x 24, entered at 4s. 8d., advanced to 4s. 11d. per ream of 500 sheets.
Discount 5 per cent.
Less inland freight.

12529.....*Cooks' Knives*, from Theile & Quack, Elberfeld, May 28/96.
Sabatier knives No. 2423/10, entered at 7.20, advanced to 8.20 marks per dozen.
Sabatier knives, No. 2423/4, entered at 2.60, advanced to 2.85 marks per dozen.
Sabatier knives, No. 2423/5, entered at 3.40, advanced to 3.70 marks per dozen.
Sabatier knives No. 2423/6, entered at 4.00, advanced to 4.40 marks per dozen.
Discount 2 per cent.
Similar goods, similar advances.

12928.....*Macaroni*, from Alfonso Garofalo, Gragnano, June 9/96.
Loose, entered at 4.20, advanced to 4.40 lire per box pkd.
Packages, entered at 5.20, advanced to 5.28 lire per box pkd.

12851.....*Hyposulphate of soda*, from Julius Hülsen & Co., Newcastle, June 26/96.
Hyposulphate of soda, entered at £4/17/0, advanced to £5/0/0 per ton pkd.

12004 .....*Paint*, from British Anti-Fouling Composition & Paint Co., Ltd., London, April 14/96.
Painters' colors in paste, BA– BAO & BAOO entered at 20/–, 31/– and 35/– per cwt. pkd. respectively; no advance.

12933.....*Dec. Earthernware*, from Samuel Buckley & Co., Birmingham, July 11/96
Only pot colored, 1134, entered at 9.00 florins, advanced by disallowance of 50 per cent for breakage deducted on entry.
Less 5 per cent discount.
Add commission 5 per cent; case and packing.

12637.....*Dec. Glassware &c.* from Salviati & Co., Venezia, May 16/96.
Glassware entered at discounts of 45 per cent and 50 per cent; no advance.
Add cases and packing.

12890..... .....*Dec. China, parts of clocks, etc.*, from P. H. Leonard, June 18/96.
China entered at discounts of 2 per cent and 25 per cent; advanced by disallowance of second discount.

12902.....*Gelatine*, from Fischer & Schmitt, Hochst, a.M., July 8/96.
Gelatine entered at 135.10 marks per 100 kilos; no advance.
Cases included in price.

3238 OP .....
Boston .....
} *Laundry soap*, from Lever Bros., Ltd., Liverpool, Aug. 8/96.
Sunlight Laundry soap in tinfoil, entered at 13/–, advanced to 14/3 per box.

12768..... .....*Cut Glassware*, from Geo. Borgfeldt & Co., Stoke on Trent, June 26/96.
Glassware entered at discount of 10 per cent; no advance.
Add casks.

12900.....*Mf. Silk & cotton*, from Bretthal & Co., Crefeld, July 20/96.
60 c/m XXII, entered at 2.10, advanced to 2.25 marks per meter.
Add case, packing, labels.

12795.....*Mf. silk and cotton*, from C. Girard, Lyons, July 9/96.
92 c/m cheap cot. filler Brocades, entered at 1.60, advanced to 1.70 francs per meter.
Discounts 20 per cent and 1 per cent.

12881.....*Wool dress goods*, from Gebr. Pfeifer, Weida, July 7/96.
95/96 c/m Genre 672 blk., entered at 1.20, advanced to 1.30 marks per meter.
95/96 c/m Genre 658 blk., entered at 1.25, advanced to 1.45 marks per meter.
95/96 c/m Genre 381 blk., entered at 1.16, advanced to 1.30 marks per meter.
114/115 c/m Genre 2859, entered at 1.41, advanced to 1.55 marks per meter.
108/110 c/m Genre 787, entered at 1.44, advanced to 1.65 marks per meter.
Add finishing and cases.
Similar goods, similar advances.

12743.....*Col'd cotton corduroy &c*, from Hockmeyer & Co., Manchester, July 2/96.
40 in. striped glissades LG 20, entered at 8d. per yd.; no advance.
40 in. blk. glissades LG 40, entered at 10⅜d. per yd.; no advance.
Less 2½ per cent discount.
Add tilloting, cases and packing.

12884.....
12759.....
&c... .....
Tamb'd cotton sash, etc., from Sturzenogger & Tanner, St. Gall, June 25/96, etc.
No. 903 tamb'd muslin sashes 75 c/m white, entered at .505, advanced to .555 franc per meter.
No. 773 tamb'd muslin sashes 75 c/m white, entered at .5175, advanced to .5675 franc per meter.
No. 775 tamb'd muslin sashes 75 c/m white, entered at .55, advanced to .60 franc per meter.
No. 774 tamb'd muslin sashes 75 c/m white, entered at .56⅛, advanced to .61⅛ franc per meter.
No. 896 tamb'd muslin sashes 75 c/m white, entered at .605, advanced to .665 franc per meter.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Add cases &c.

12718.....*Mf. flax emb'd*, from Schmidt Bros., Munchen, June 22/96.
35 in. embroidered No. 1377, entered at 5.40, advanced to 8.50 marks per piece.
45 in. embroidered No. 1383, entered at 7.45, advanced to 10.00 marks per piece.
53 in. embroidered No. 1384, entered at 11.80, advanced to 15.00 marks per piece
2 yd. embroidered No. 1476, entered at 22.45, advanced to 35.00 marks per piece.
21 in. embroidered No. 1476, entered at 15.70, advanced to 20.00 marks per dozen.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Less inland freight.
Packing and cases included in price.

12903.. .....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.* from J. Sutherland, Antigua, June 17/96.
Sugar entered on basis of 86° test at $1.999 per 100 lbs., advanced to .0215 per lb. pkd., basis of 88.20 test.

12865..... .*Sugar above and not above No. 16 D. S.*, from R. Crooks & Co., Liverpool July 15/96.
Fourths entered at 11/3, advanced to 11/6 per 112 lbs. pkd.
Fourths, entered at 11/6, advanced to 11/9 per 112 lbs. pkd.
Fifths, entered at 9/3, advanced to 9/6 per 112 lbs. pkd.
Less 2½ per cent discount.

12848.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from J. B. Chambers, Montserrat, June 20/96.
Muscovado sugar, entered at .012, advanced to .01614 per lb. pkd., basis of 83° test.

12849.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Joseph Shearer, St. Ann's Bay, June 30/96.
Sugar entered at 10/6/2, reappraised at 9/12/2.635 per ton pkd., basis of 91.17 test.

12863.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Chas. Morrison & Co., Montego Bay, June 30/96.
Sugar entered on basis of 85° test at £8/0/0, advanced to £8/10/5.3 per ton pkd., basis of 86.30 test; £9/8/9/.975 per ton pkd., basis of 90° test; £9/0/2.475, basis of 88° test; and £9/10/3.475, per ton pkd., basis of 90.50 test.

12807.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Sam. Abbott, St. Kitts, July 2/96.
Muscovado sugar entered on basis of 88° test at .02, reappraised at .0189185 per lb. pkd. basis of 88° test.

12864.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Wm. Kern, Falmouth, June 18/96.

Muscavado sugar entered on basis of 85° test at £8/0/0 per ton pkd., advanced to .02145 per lb. pkd., basis of 93.15 test; .02042 per lb. pkd., basis of 90.15 test.

12822.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from E. G. Todd, Nevis, July 1, 1896.

Sugar entered on basis of 86° test at .01797, advanced to .0187945 per lb. pkd., basis of 87.55 test.

12819.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from C. Tennant & Son Co., Trinidad, June 29/96.

Sugar entered on basis of 95° test at .02311, advanced to .02385 per lb. pkd., basis of 96° test.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

12607..... } *Glue*, from P. Collette, Nevers, May 27/96.
3550..... ..... }

Colle forte No. 1, entered at 185.00, advanced to 195.00 francs per 100 kilos.

Colle forte special, entered at 135.00, advanced to 145.00 francs per 100 kilos.

Discounts 3 per cent and 1 per cent.

Less transportation, etc.

12746..... } *Surface coated paper*, from Leonard Biermans, Turnhout, July 2/96.
3581..... .... }

Light blue flint, No. 8591, 20 x 24, entered at 4s. 10d., advanced to 5s. 2d. per ream of 500 sheets.

Red flint, No. 7959, 20 x 24, entered at 4s. 10d., advanced to 5s. 2d. per ream of 500 sheets.

Black flint No. 6, 26 x 38, entered at 10s., advanced to 10s. 8d. per ream of 500 sheets.

Blk. flint, No. 6, 20 x 26, entered at 5s. 3d., advanced to 5s. 7d. per ream of 500 sheets.

Red morocco flint No. 6952, 20 x 25, entered at 13s. 6d., advanced to 14s. 5d. per ream of 500 sheets.

Discount 5 per cent.

Less inland freight and cartage.

Cases and packing included in price.

12747.....
3586.....
12840..... } *Cotton lace curtains*, etc., from B. Walker & Co., Ltd., Lenton and Nottingham, July
3587..... } 3/96, etc.
12794.....
3588 &c.....

Ivory No. 1373, 3½ yds., 62 in., entered at 5/9, advanced to 6/6 per pair.

Wt. 1689, 3½ yds., 54 in., entered at 5/–, advanced to 5/6 per pair.

Ecru 150½ cot. Hambg. net, 40 in., entered at 2¼, advanced to 2½d. per yd.

Wt. curtains, 1910, 3½ yds., 56 in., entered at 2/3½, advanced to 2/5 per pair.

Wt. 1932 curtains, 3 yds., entered at 1/–, advanced to 1/1 per pair.

Similar goods, similar advances.

Add cases.

Discount 2½ per cent.

Less inland carriage.

Wrappers, tapes &c, included in price.

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1896.
Department Circular No. 138.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., September 9, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending August 22, 1896.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

REPORT OF REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING AUGUST 22, 1896.

N. B.—*In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.*

No. of reappraisement.

12745.....*Mfs. Gutta Percha*, from Loewitz & Rohlfs, Altona-Ottensen, June 29/96.
Gutta Percha paper, entered at 4.95, advanced to 5.25 marks per kilo.
Less 1 per cent and 5 per cent.

12064.....*Mf. flax, etc.*, from Frazer & Haughton, Belfast, April 18/96.
Towels, 25 x 40, No. 00 Seconds, entered at 3/6, advanced to 3/9 per dozen.
Towels, 23 x 42, No. 0, Seconds, entered at 3/–, advanced to 3/3 per dozen.
Huck, 25, No. 3, entered at 5¼, advanced to 6d. per piece.
H. S. cases, 22½ x 36, W 100/1, entered at 1/6, advanced to 1/9 per pair.
Lace cases, 22½ x 36, X12/a, entered at 1/11, advanced to 2/– per pair.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Add cases at 7/– each.

12835, 12558, 12708 } *Wool dress goods*, from Braun & Cremer, Greiz, July 1/96, May 29/96, June 15/96.
105 c/m Hero, entered at 1.47, advanced to 1.55 marks per meter.
100 c/m Lunda, entered at 1.07, advanced to 1.15 marks per meter.
100 c/m Persia, entered at 1.07, advanced to 1.15 marks per meter.
100 c/m Felicita, entered at 1.18 marks per meter, no advance.
105 c/m Trau, entered at 1.59, advanced to 1.65 marks per meter.
105 c/m Erika, entered at 1.81, advanced to 1.83 marks per meter.
115 c/m Monaco, entered at 1.24, advanced to 1.30 marks per meter.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Discount 8 per cent.
Cases and packing included in price.

12752.....*Cotton lace curtains, etc.*, from E. Kirke, Nottingham, June 27/96.
2527 Et. 4 yds. curtains, entered at 6/11 per pair.
2538 Et. 3½ yds. curtains, entered at 5/11 per pair.
2526 Et. 3½ yds. curtains, entered at 5/11 per pair.
2532 Et. 3½ yds. curtains, entered at 6/2 per pair.
All advanced by reduction of discount from 3¾ per cent to 2½ per cent.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Add cases and lining.
Less cartage and inland freight.

12887.....*Col'd cotton velvet*, from M. Menger & Sons, Berlin, June 30/96.
100 blk. velvet, 18 in., entered at .62 mark per meter; no advance.
E tabac 5, crown, etc., 18 in., entered at .60 mark per meter; no advance.
Velvet E various colors, 18 in., entered at .60 mark per meter; no advance.
Velvet E gez F, various colors, 18 in., entered at 60 plus 7 pfennigs per meter; no advance.
Similar goods, no advance.
Add cases and cartoons.

12934.....*Mirrors*, from Ullmann & Engelmann, Fuerth, June 23/96.
Quality 272, entered at 8.00 marks per gross; no advance.
Add cases and packing.

12964.....*Mf. metal*, from ———, Paris, July 25/96.
Saliers, No. 1, entered at 11.00, advanced to 12.10 francs per dozen.
Saliers, No. 6, entered at 20.00, advanced to 22.00 francs per dozen.
Saliers, No. 5, entered at 20.00, advanced to 22.00 francs per dozen.
Plateaux carre No. 5, entered at 12.00, advanced to 13.20 francs per dozen.
Agrafes, No. 100, entered at 14.00, advanced to 15.40 francs per dozen.
Similar goods, similar advances.

12889..... *Mfs. of wool*, from Gebruder Schulze, Greiz, June 29/96.
Coat No. 4071, colored, entered at 1.16, advanced to 1.26 marks per meter.
Coat No. 4069, colored, entered at 1.01, advanced to 1.10 marks per meter.
Coat No. 4066, colored, entered at 1.07, advanced to 1.17 marks per meter.
Coat No. 4070, black, entered at 1.04, advanced to 1.15 marks per meter.
Coat No. 4066, black, entered at 1.02, advanced to 1.12 marks per meter.
Similar goods, similar advances.

12896.....*Mfs. Goat's Hair & Cotton*, from Joseph Brooke & Co., Huddersfield, July 14/96.
48 50 blk. astrachan, No. 4557, 50 52 blk. & col. boucle, 050, entered at 3/5 per yard; no advance; less measure 1¼ yd. per piece.
54 in. blk. knit fabrics 050, entered at 4/2 per yd: no advance.
48/50″ grey astrachan, entered at 4/4 per yd.; no advance.
Less measure 1 yd. per piece.
50/2 in. fancy boucle, ends, entered at 4/- per yd.; no advance.
Less measure ½ yd. per piece.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Discount 5 per cent,
Add cases, etc.

12938.....*Unbleached cotton velvet*, from Edward Wihl & Co., Manchester, July 20/96.
16½/17 Picker velvet, No. 7054, entered at 3⅝d. per yd. no advance.
20½/21 in. Picker velvet, No. 15700, entered at 5⅝d. per yd.; no advance.
Less 1/37th.
Discount 5 per cent.
Add packing, etc.

12749.....*Colored cotton*, from Stavert Zigomala & Co., Manchester, June 19/96.
30″ ptd. Dimities S 11 & S 11c, entered at 11/– per piece of 48 yds. net; no advance.
Printing, entered at 3/6 per piece; no advance.
28 ptd. fancies, S15, entered at 6/6 per piece of 48 yards net; no advance.
28 in. Lappets, S 18, entered at 12/6 per piece of 48 yds. net; no advance.
Add making up.
Less 2½ per cent discount on cloth.
Less 1½ per cent discount on ptg.
Add cases.

13010..... .....*Wool dress goods*, from Arthur Walker & Co., Bradford, July 3/96.
965 40, 40/1 in. Boucles, entered at 12¼, advanced to 13¼d. per yd.
1430, 11, 41 in. Boucles, entered at 14¼, advanced to 15¼d. per yd.
1432, 15, 41 in. Boucles, entered at 14¼, advanced to 15¼d. per yd.
8424, 19, 38 in., black Fancies, entered at 5¾, advanced to 6¼d. per yd.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Less 2½ per cent discount.
Add cases, packing and making up.

12952.....*Col'd cotton*, from E. H. Tuska, Hiogo, June 13/96.
Only crepes, No. 1217, entered at 3.10 yens per piece; no advance.
Add cases at .40 yen. each.

12911.....*Mfs. of wool & cotton*, from Joseph Brooke & Co., Huddersfield, July 23/96.
54 in. blk. curls, 3616, entered at 1/11 per yard.; no advance.
Less $\frac{1}{37}$ measure.
54 in. blk. curls (ends), 3617, entered at 2/6 per yd.; no advance.
Less ½ measure per end.
Less 5 per cent discount.
Add making up, cases &c.

12833.....*Prepared vegetables*, from D. Pistine, Palermo, June 9/96.
Artichokes, entered 125.00, advanced to 135.00 lire per total.
Add casks and cases.

12983.....
12984..... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Alex. Fraser, Trinidad, July 25, 23/96.
Molasses sugar entered on basis of 89° test at .016, advanced to .017325 per lb. pkd., basis of 89° test.
Molasses sugar entered on basis of 89° test at .015, advanced to .0167625 per lb. pkd., basis of 89° test.
Crystal sugar entered on basis of 96° test at .02, advanced to .02272 per lb. pkd., basis of 96.70 test.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

12924..... } *Col'd cotton corduroy*, from Chamberlin Donner & Co., Manchester, July 24/96.
3612 ..... }

27 mode cords 842 a, entered at 9½d. per yd.; no advance.
27 Tan cords 842 b, entered at 10½d. per yd.; no advance.
Tan, Navy, cords 842 1, entered at 9½d. per yd.; no advance.
Myrtle cords, entered at 11½d. per yd.; no advance.
Black cords, entered at 10½d. per yd.; no advance.
Racine cords, B, entered at 9½d. per yd.; no advance.
Less $\frac{1}{37}$th.
Discount 2½ per cent.
Add case and packing.

12644..... }
3580..... } *Decorated china*, from Chas. Ahrenfeldt, Karlsbad, May 31/96.
12188..... }
3557 &c..... }

China entered at from 3.00 to 6.80, advanced to from 3.50 to 7.50 Au. florins per package.

12239..... }
3561..... } *Decorated china*, from Karl Siegert, Carlsbad, April 21/6, Altrohlan, April 25/96.
12403..... }
3555..... }

China entered at from 5.30 to 6.80, advanced to from 6.30 to 7.50 Au. florins per case.

12256..... }
3510..... } *Mf. silk & cotton*, from H. E. Schniewind, Elberfeld, April 30/96.
12255..... }
3511..... }

24 in. satin, 223, entered at .94, advanced to 1.03 marks per meter.
36 in. whipcord, 58, entered at .595, advanced to .65 mark per meter.
36 in. satin 238, entered at 1.24, advanced to 1.40 marks per meter.
36 in. satin 231, entered at 1.30, advanced to 1.55 marks per meter.
24 in. satin, 212, entered at 1.00, advanced to 1.10 marks per meter.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Cases, cartonage and papers included in price.

12707..... ..... } *Mf. silk & cotton*, from Cerri Bourcard & Co., Milan, June 16/96.
3592..... ..... }

130 c/m Damas Lombard, and 130 c/m Damas Lisere, entered at 4.00 lire per meter; no advance.
130 c/m Damas Lisere mixt, entered at 3.40, advanced to 3.60 lire per meter.
130 c/m Lampas faconne noire raye, entered at 5.10, advanced to 5.50 lire per meter.
Damas toute soie glace 130 c/m, entered at 14.65, advanced to 16.10 lire per meter.
130 c/m Damas soie imitation antique, entered at 14.90 lire per meter; no advance.
Add case and packing.

12651..... } *Mf. cotton*, from S. J. Tellery & Co., Bombay, May 1/96.
3547..... }

No. 27 Meerut print table covers, entered at 3, advanced to 4 annas per sq. yd.
No. 28 Curtains, 4 x 2, entered at 3½ annas per sq. yd.; no advance.
No. 29 Cushions, 20 x 20, entered at 3½ annas per sq. yd.; no advance.
No. 30, 31, 32, 33 Cushions, various sizes, entered at 3½ annas per sq. yd.; no advance.
No. 42 Jaypore knotted cloth 8 x 1, entered –/4/6, advanced to 6 annas per sq. yd.
Add packing.

12645..... } *Mf. silk & cotton*, from Naef Bros., Zurich, June 16/96.
3609.....

Satin noir tre. Coton, 17½ in.; entered at 1.13, advanced to 1.20 francs per meter.
Satin noir tre coton, 17½ in., entered at 1.26, advanced to 1.30 francs per meter.
Satin noir tre coton, 20¾ in., entered at 1.56, francs per meter; no advance.
Satin noir tre coton 24 in., entered at 1.75, advanced to 1.80 francs per meter.
Less discount 19 per cent.
Add cases and packing.

12610.....
3571.....
12672.....
3598.....
12673.....
3599..... } *Mf. silk & cotton*, from Kahn & Kahn, Lyons, June 13, 24/96.

92 c/m serge, pce. dyed, entered at .96, advanced to 1.00 franc per meter.
92 Serge pce. dyed, entered at 1.00, advanced to 1.05, francs per meter.
92 c/m Mexicaine ecru, entered at 1.10, advanced to 1.15 francs per meter.
92 c/m Austria ecru, entered at .88, advanced to .93 franc per meter.
30 in. Damas Jumelle, entered at 2.80, advanced to 3.08 francs per meter.
46 Carnot pce. dyed, entered at 1.02, advanced to 1.10 francs per meter.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Discounts 20 per cent and 1 per cent.
Add cases and packing.

12684..... .....
3600.....
12559.....
3569..... } *Mf. silk & cotton*, from Bompiat, Brasseur & Pelletier, Lyons, June 9, 10, 1896.

75 c/m China, pce. dyed, entered at .46 franc per meter; no advance.
60 c/m satin, pce. dyed, entered at .70, advanced to .75 franc per meter.
60 c/m Polonaise, pce. dyed, entered at .70, advanced to .80 franc per meter.
70 c/m satin, pce. dyed, entered at 2.00, advanced to 2.20 francs per meter.
46 c/m satin, pce. dyed, entered at .70, advanced to .77 franc per meter.
48 c/m satin, pce. dyed, entered at .85, advanced to .95 franc per meter.
45 c/m pongee, pce. dyed, entered at .50, advanced to .53 franc per meter.
Gaufré 40 c/m, pce. dyed, entered at .80, advanced to .88 franc per meter.
92 c/m satinette, entered at 1.00, advanced to 1.05 francs per meter.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Less 20 per cent and 1 per cent discount.

12590..... } *Mf. silk & cotton*, from Hofammann & Vollenweider, Zurich, June 11/96.
3570.....

Seal satin, 36 in., entered at 1.95, advanced to 2.25 francs per meter.
Seal satin, 36 in., entered at 1.80, advanced to 2.05 francs per meter.
Seal satin, 36 in., entered at 2.25, advanced to 2.50 francs per meter.
M blk. satin, 36 in., entered at 1.80, advanced to 2.00 francs per meter.
M Blk. Rhadames, 36 in., entered at 1.85, advanced to 2.00 francs per meter.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Discount 20 per cent.
Further advanced by disallowance of second discount of 2 per cent deducted on entry.
Add case.

12771..... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from The Trinidad Shipping & Trading Co., Ltd., Trinidad,
3589..... } June 15/96.

Crystal sugar entered on basis of 96° test at .025, advanced to .02616 per lb. pkd., basis of 96.50 test.

Molasses sugar, entered on basis of 89° test at .0205, advanced to .02062 per lb. pkd., basis of 88.70 test.

Molasses sugar, entered on basis of 89° test at .019, reappraised at .01812 per lb. pkd., basis of 84.70 test.

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1896.
Department Circular No. 139.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., September 19, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending August 29, 1896.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

REPORT OF REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING AUGUST 29, 1896.

N. B.—*In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.*

No. of Reappraisement.

12957.....*Cot. wg. appl & silk wg. appl.*, from Winkler & Gartner, Burgstaedt, July 7, 1896.
White cotton gloves No. 150, entered at .75, advanced to .80 mark per dozen.
White cot. gloves No. 230, entered at 1.25, advanced to 1.30 marks per dozen.
Blk. cot. gloves, No. 250, entered at .80, advanced to .85 mark per dozen.
Blk. Cashmere gloves, No. 506, entered at 3.80, advanced to 4.00 marks per dozen.
Wht. silk gloves, No. 260, entered at 4.50 marks per dozen; no advance.
Wht. Cot. gloves No. 290, entered at 1.00, advanced to 1.10 marks per dozen.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Add cases, packing and boxes.
Discount 5 per cent.

3174, OP..... } *Sheathing felt*, from Robt. McCalmont & Sons, Belfast, May 7, 1896.
Chicago ..... }
Sheathing felt, entered at 4½d. per yd., less discounts of 60 per cent, 10 per cent and 7½ per cent; advanced by disallowance of deduction of pkgs. and cases deducted on entry.

12709.....*Wool hats*, from Gins Bossi, Wien, June 9, 1896.
Plateaux en partie, entered at 3.60, advanced to 4.00 florins per dozen.
Add cartons and cases.

12939.....*Metal thread*, from Litandon, Lyons, July 22, 1896.
No. 700 frange file or faux, 12 lignes, entered at 6.45, advanced to 7.10 francs per kilo.
No. 700 frange file argent faux 12 lignes, entered at 7.35, advanced to 8.09 francs per kilo.
Soutache or faux 1 ligne ½, entered at 6.325, advanced to 6.975 francs per kilo.
Add labels, paper, etc. and case.

12656.....*Castile soap*, from Stearineria Italiana, Genoa, June 17, 1896.

La Margarita soap, entered at 50.00 lire per 100 kilos; no advance.

Sun brand soap entered at 40.00 lire per 100 kilos; advanced to 42.00 lire per 100 kilos.

12631.....
12706.....
12941.....
} *Mf. gutta percha*, from Loenitz & Rohlfs, June 13, 20, 18, 1896.

Mf. gutta percha entered at 4.95, advanced to 5.25 marks per kilo.

Discounts 1 per cent and 5 per cent.

Cases and packing included in price.

12659.....*Lead pencils*, from H. C. Kurz, Nurnberg, June 6, 1896.

No. 1376 blue lead pencils, entered at 4.00, advanced to 4.40 marks per gross.

Add cases.

12798.....
12971.....
12614.....
} *Gelatine*, from Deutsche Gelatine Fabriken, Hochst, June 6, July 2, 18, 1896.

Pink gelatine II gold label, entered at 280.00, advanced to 310.25 marks per 100 kilos.

White gelatine IB gold label, entered at 290.00, advanced to 294.50 marks per 100 kilos.

White gelatine IIB gold label, entered at 240.00, advanced to 260.00 marks per 100 kilos.

Pink gelatine gold labels, entered at 260.00, advanced to 280.00 marks per 100 kilos.

Similar goods, similar advances.

Cases and packing included in price.

13049.....*Mf. wool & cotton*, from Jos. Brooke & Co., Huddersfield, August 6, 1896.

54 in. blk. curls, Qual. 3617, ends, entered at 2s. 6d. per yd.; no advance.

Less ½ yd. per end.

Less 5 per cent discount.

Add making up and canvas.

12919..... .....*Gol'd cotton velvet*, from M. Mengers & Son, Berlin, July 14, 1896.

18 Velvet E yet. F. navy, entered at .67 mark per meter; no advance.

18 Velvet E yet E. navy, entered at .60 mark per meter; no advance.

Add German duty.

Add cases and cartoons.

13035.....*Col'd cot. velvet*, from Hithersay & Ramm, Manchester, July 31, 1896.

19″ col't vts., No. 39, entered at 8½, advanced to 9d. per yd.

18″ blk. vts. 184, ends, entered at 4⅝d. per yd.; no advance.

Less $\frac{1}{37}$th.

Less 2½ per cent discount.

Add cases, making up and boxing.

12948.....*Col'd cotton corduroy*, from Chamberlin, Donner & Co., Manchester, July 23, 1896.

27 in. cords, 842, entered at 9½d. per yd.; no advance.

27 in. Myrtle cords, entered at 10½d. per yd.; no advance.

Less $\frac{1}{37}$th.

Less 2⅔ per cent discount.

Add making up and cases.

13017.....*Col'd cotton corduroy*, from Hardt & Co., Manchester, July 31, 1896.

28 in. drab II cords, 3230, etc., entered at $10\frac{5}{16}$, advanced to $10\frac{3}{4}$d. per yd.
Less $\frac{1}{37}$th.
Less $2\frac{1}{4}$ per cent discount.
Add case and making up.
Further advanced by disallowance of deduction of 2 per cent commission deducted on entry.

13034.....*Col'd cot. velvet*, from Mechanische Weberei, Hannover, July 11, 1896.

23/24 in. blk. horhfl. Sammet, P30, entered at 1.25, advanced to 1.30 marks per meter.
23/24 blk. koper Sammet, VK340, entered 1.75, advanced to 1.85 marks per meter.
$22\frac{1}{2}$ in. blk. velvet, TMM, entered at 1.01, advanced to 1.06 marks per meter.
$21\frac{1}{2}$ in. blk. velvet D 17, entered at .655, advanced to .69 mark per meter.
$21\frac{1}{2}$ in. blk. velvet, D 21, entered at .705, advanced to .735 mark per meter.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Add cases, packing and making up.
Less $1\frac{1}{4}$ per cent discount.

12836..... } 12930..... } *Wool dress goods*, from Braun & Cremer, Greiz, June 27, 1896, July 9, 1896.

115 c/m henrietta No. 350, entered at 1.14, advanced to 1.22 marks per meter.
95 c/m henrietta No. 355, entered at .98, advanced to 1.04 marks per meter.
95 c/m Mekka, entered at .95 mark per meter; no advance.
95 c/m Felicita, entered at 1.13 marks per meter; reappraised at 1.12 marks per meter.
95 c/m Trau, entered at 1.44, advanced to 1.50 marks per meter.
Cachemire Britannia No. 60, entered at 1.80, advanced to 1.90 marks per meter.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Discount 8 per cent.
Add inland freight.

12901.....*Wool dress goods*, from Ernst Weber, Gera, July 16, 1896.

96 c/m Genre 1193, entered at .84, advanced to .92 mark per meter.
110 c/m Genre 1222 blk., entered at 2.16, advanced to 2.35 marks per meter.
105 c/m Genre 1750, entered at 1.37, advanced to 1.50 marks per meter.
96 c/m Genre 1776, entered at .78, advanced to .85 mark per meter.
100 c/m Genre 1222 blk., entered at 1.96, advanced to 2.10 marks per meter.
Add packing charges.

3248 OP..... } San Francisco.. } *Wool dress goods*, from Jules Neuberger, Paris, June 10, 1896.

118 Etamine Laine cord, entered at 2.10, advanced to 2.25 francs per meter.
118 Etamine laine cord, entered at 2.40 francs per méter; no advance.
Discount 12 per cent.

13011..... ..... } 12922..... } 12969..... } &c..... } *Mf. flax*, from Henry Matier & Co., Belfast, July 1, May 20, June 1, 1896, etc.

5/8 damask napkins No. 100 linen, entered at $10\frac{3}{4}$d., advanced to 12d. per dozen.
5/8 damask napkins, 110 Linen, entered at 1s. $3\frac{1}{2}$d. per dozen; no advance.
3/4 damask napkins, 280 Union, entered at 1s. $8\frac{1}{2}$d., advanced to 1s. 11d. per dozen.
56 in. cream damask, No. 620, Union, entered at $6\frac{1}{4}$d., advanced to $6\frac{3}{4}$d. per yd.

13011.....
12922..... .....
12969.....
&c.....
} *Mf. flax, etc.*—Continued.

66 in. bleached damask No. 540, entered at 10½d., advanced to 12d. per yd.
24/42 Loom huck towels, No. 47 Union, entered at 4s., advanced to 4s. 3d. per dozen.
5/8 damask napkins linen, No. 10, entered at 1s. 3½d. per dozen; no advance.
3/4 damask napkins, Union 22, entered at 1s. 8½d., advanced to 1s. 11d. per dozen.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Less 3½ per cent discount.
Add boxes to packing.

12916..... .*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from A. J. Alcaide, Arroyo, P. R., July 14, 1896.
Sugar entered on basis of 89° test at .029, advanced to .03024 P. R. ccy. per lb. pkd., basis of 91.50 test; .03034 P. R. ccy. per lb. pkd., basis of 91.70 test.

12962.. .....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Rausohoff & Wessler, Hamburg, July 11, 1896.
Beetroot sugar entered at 75° analysis at 7s. 10d. per cwt., advanced to 9s. 8.075d. per cwt. pkd., basis of 89.05 test.

12980.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Bertram Hermanos, Humacco, July 7, 1896.
Sugar entered on basis of 89° test at .02812 P. R. ccy., advanced to .0297 per lb. pkd., P. R. ccy., basis of 87.5 test.

12991.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from E. DuBaneaz, St. Lucia, July 13, 1896.
Sugar entered on basis of 89° test at .01786, reappraised at .01693 per lb. pkd., basis of 86.01 test.

12993.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from W. Woolescroft, Falmouth, July 7, 1896.
Sugar entered on basis of 89° test at £8 11s. 10d., advanced to £9 3s. 8d. per ton pkd., basis of 89.7 test.
Add bags and packing to entered value.

12945.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from J. Freeland & Co., Antigua, July 17, 1896.
Muscavado sugar entered on basis of 88° test, at .01813, reappraised at .017 per lb. pkd., basis of 86.03 test.

13008.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Saml. P. Abbott, St. Kitts, July 25, 1896.
Muscovado sugar entered on basis of 89° test at .01858, advanced to .0194 per lb. pkd., basis of 89.9 test.

13000.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Frederico Hohst., St. Domingo, July 22, 1896.
1st centrifugal sugar entered on basis of 95° test at .0210, reappraised at .018575 per lb. pkd., basis of 93.55 test.
2nd centrifugal sugar entered on basis of 87° test at .0161, reappraised at .014075 per lb. pkd., basis of 87.15 test.

12999..... ....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from R. R. Bernley, Vuquis, P. R., July, 1896.
Muscovado sugar entered on basis of 89° test at .02765, advanced to .028438 P. R. ccy. per lb. pkd., basis of 87.80 test.

12998.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from A. J. Webb, Jamaica, July 14, 1896.
Sugar entered on basis of 89° test at £8 13s. 2d., advanced to £8 18s. 3d., per ton of 2240 lbs. pkd., basis of 90.60 test.

12997.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from J. B. Vicini & Co., Azua, July 23, 1896.
Centrifugal sugar entered on basis of 92° test at .01667, advanced to .01823 per lb. pkd., basis of 93.15 test.

12996.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from A. Cumming, Trinidad, July 23, 1896.
Muscovado sugar entered on basis of 89° test at .0185, advanced to .0205 per lb. pkd., basis of 93.60 test.

3246 OP..... Boston..... .....} *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Gustavo Fischer, Trinidad de Cuba, June 4, 1896.
Centrifugal sugar entered at 5⅛ reals per arroba, advanced to .02577 U. S. currency per Sp. lb. pkd., basis of 95.90 test.
Add bags at 40 cents to entered value.

3226 OP..... Phila.....} *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Martin Greig & Co., Sourabaya, November 30, 1895.
Sugar entered at 5.56 florins per cwt., advanced to 9s. 7.545d. per cwt. pkd., basis of 95.03 test, 9s. 9.3125d. per cwt. pkd., basis of 96° test.

2925 OP..... Chicago.....} *Sugar*, from McAdam, Hogarth & Co., Greenock, January 11, 1896.
Sugar entered at £9 18s. 0d., advanced to £11 per ton. pkd., less 2½ per cent discount.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

12834..... .....
3583.....
12753..... ....
3582.....} *Mf. wool & cotton*, from Jos. Brooke & Co., Huddersfield, July 1, 7, 1896.
54 in. blk. Knit fabrics, ends, No. 4154, entered at 2s. per yd.; no advance.
54 in. blk. knit fabrics, No. 3169, entered at 2s. 2d. per yd: no advance.
54 in. blk. knit fabrics, ends, No. 4148, entered at 2s. 10d., no advance.
54 in. col'd knit fabrics, ends, No. 4148, entered at 2s. 11d. per yd.; no advance.
50/52 in. blk. cloaking No. 4600, entered at 3s. 5d. per yd.; no advance.
50/52 in. col'd cloakings, ends, No. 4319 &c, entered at 4s. per yd.; no advance.
Less measure.
Less 5 per cent discount.
Add making up and cases.

2924 OP..... 799..... ..... Chicago.....} *Mf. cot.*, from Michs. Ashton & Sons, Liverpool, December 24, 1895.
Brown sacks, entered at 3d., advanced to 3½d. per sack.

2892 OP..... 798..... ..... Chicago.....} *Salt sacks*, from Thos. Higgins & Co., Liverpool, January 10, 1896.
Empty salt sacks, entered at 3d., advanced to 3½d. per sack.

2971 OP..... 778..... Boston.....} *Mf. metal, earthenware, etc.*, from John Wells, London, March 6, 1896.
Plated sauce tureens, entered at £2 7s. 6d., advanced to £2 10s. each.
Plated urn, entered at £3 10s., advanced to £4 each.
Plated cups, entered at £4, advanced to £4 10s. each.
Mirror platean, entered at £2, advanced to £3 each.
Silver jug, entered at £2 13s. 11d., advanced to £4 10s. 3d. each.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Add packing cases.

12545..... } *Mf. metal*, from ———, Bremen, May 24, 1896.
3554..... }

Capsules, entered at 12s. 6d., advanced to 13s. 9d. per 1000.

Add cases.

11981..... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Ker & Co., Iloilo, February 4, 1896.
3531... .... }

Sugar entered at 4.625, 4.125 and 4.00 Manilla currency per picule pkd., no advance.

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1896.
Department Circular No. 140.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., September 22, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending September 5, 1896.

S. WIKE,
Assistant Secretary.

REPORT OF REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING SEPTEMBER 5, 1896.

N. B.—***In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.***

No. of reappraisement.

3291 OP.....
Phila.....
Sugar not above No. 16 D. S., from Herman Van Schuferdicken, Batavia, April 29, etc., 1896.

Black stroop Java sugar, entered on basis of 78° test at 4.905, advanced to 5.31 florins per picul pkd., basis of 78.47 test.

3269 OP.....
Phila.....
Sugar not above No. 16 D. S., from Meyer Sons, Hamburg, July 11, 1896.

Sugar entered at 13s. 4.5d. less N. D. charges, advanced to 11s. 10.5d. per cwt. pkd.

3275 OP.....
Boston.....
Sugar not above No. 16 D. S., from Gustavo Preston, Humacao, P. R., May 18, 21, 1896.

Muscovado sugar entered at $3.08 and $3.05 less N. D. charges, P. R. ccy. per 100 lbs., advanced to .03223 per Sp. lb. pkd., P. R. currency, basis of 86.57 test.

13020.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from G. W. Fitzherterl, Morant Bay, July 27, 1896.

Muscovado sugar entered on basis of 86.50° at $.01684 per lb. pkd.; advanced to £7. 17s. 0d. per ton pkd.

13016.....*Sugar above and not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Robt. Crooks & Co., Liverpool, July 31, 1896.

Fourths entered at 10s. 10.5d. per cwt. pkd., no advance.
Fifths entered at 8s. 6d., advanced to 8s. 9d. per cwt. pkd.
Less 2½ per cent discount.

3241 OP.. .. ..
3051 OP.....
&c..... .....
New Orleans....
Macaroni, from Gragnano, Nervi, Torre Annunziata, etc., March 18, June 25, etc., 1896.

Macaroni in packages, entered at 5.20 lire per case; no advance.
Macaroni, 2nd quality, entered at 30.00, advanced to 36.50 lire per 100 kg. pkd.
Macaroni entered at 37.00 and 40.00 lire per 100 kilos; no advance.
Similar goods, similar action.

3288 OP.....
Albany.....
Diamonds (*cut but not set*), from Maurice L. Rosen, Amsterdam, July 16, 1896.

Diamonds entered at 75.75, 92.00 and 79.00 florins per carat; no advance.

3264 OP.....
Boston.....
Furs dressed, from C. M. Lampson & Co., London, July 17, 1896.

Fur seal in the salt entered at various prices advanced by disallowance of deduction of 2½ commission added on invoice and deducted on entry.

3265 OP.....
Boston.....
Tubes, from Henry Nash & Co., Liverpool, May 9, 1896.

Cycle Tubes entered at discounts of 70 per cent and 2½; advanced to discount of 67½ per cent.
Add cases.

3279 OP.....
San Fran.....
Oriental rugs, from A. Ago Pdjan, Constantinople, August 3, 1896.

Turkish rugs entered at from 40 to 975.00 piasters each; reappraised at 52.50 to 975.00 piasters each.

13081.....*Chemical salt*, from Deutsche Gold & Silber Scheide-Anstalt, Brussels, August 3, 1896.

Phosphate of soda cryst., entered at 16.90 marks per 100 kilos; no advance.
Add packages.

12987.....*Cod liver oil*, from Johan Thesen & Co., Bergen, July 10, 1896.

1896 non freezing, entered at 143.00 kronor per bbl.; no advance.
Add tin and wooden bbls.

13070.....*Cod liver oil*, from G. C. F. Techow, Hamburg, July 31, 1896.

Finmarken oil, entered at 120.00 marks per bbl.; no advance.
Add casks and tins, recoopering and shipping charges.

13072.....*Cod liver oil*, from Henr Meyer, Christiauia, August 5, 1896.

Cod liver oil entered at 130.51 kronor per bbl.; no advance.
Add bbls.

13080.....*Prepared vegetables*, from Vincenzo Lamentano, Gragnano, July 30, 1896.

Conservi di Pomidoro in Scatole, entered at 39.00, advanced to 40.00 lire per 100 kilos.

13069.....*Dec. china*, from Geo. Borgfeldt & Co., Haida, August 5, 1896.

China entered at from 1.38 to 9.50, advanced to from 1.45 to 10.00 florins each.
China entered at from 5.70 to 13.20 florins per dozen, advanced to from 6.00 to 13.80 florins per dozen.
Less 3 per cent discount.
Add cases and packing.

13048.....
13030.....
Cotton embroidery, from Wm. Meyer & Co., St. Gall, July 10, 20, 1896.

Embroidered shiffli cambric sets and edges, entered at from .07 to .6925 francs per meter; all advanced 10 per cent.
Add putting up, boxes and cases.
Add 8 per cent and 5 per cent to make market value.

12979..... } *Wool dress goods*, from Tabourier & Co., Paris, July 4, 11, 1896.
12879..... }

Lainage No. 2109, 118 c/m, entered at 2.75, advanced to 3.25 francs per meter.
Lainage No. 3035, 118 c/m, entered at 7.75, advanced to 8.00 francs per meter.
Lainage No. 3079, 118 c/m, entered at 4.50 francs per meter; no advance.
Lainage No. 2108, 118 c/m, entered at 2.75, advanced to 3.00 francs per meter.
Lainage, No. 2100, 118 c/m, entered at 2.60 francs per meter; no advance.
Lainage No. 2077, 118 c/m, entered at 3.40, advanced to 3.70 francs per meter.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Discount 5 per cent.
Add cases and packing.

13012..... ....*Mf. silk and cotton*, from F. Lafite & Co., Lyons, July 25, 1896.

95 c/m serge ecru, 6625, entered at .78, advanced to .81 franc per meter.
95 c/m serge ecru, No. 396, entered at .725, advanced to .74 franc per meter.
Less discounts of 20 per cent and 1 per cent.
Packing charges included in price.

12973..... }
13056..... } *Cotton lace curtains*, from Pratt, Hurst & Co., Nottingham, July 31, August 8, July 25, 1896, etc.
12972..... }
&c.... ..... }

White Blenheim curtains, 500, 4 x 3½, entered at 4s. 6d. per pair; no advance.
White Blenheim curtains 550, 4 x 3½, entered at 4s. 6d. per pair; no advance.
600 W Blenheim curtains, 3½, entered at 4s. 6d. per pair; no advance.
Ivory Blenheim curtains, 600, 12 x 3½, entered at 4s. per pair; no advance.
Blenheim curtains, 546 W, 20 x 3¾, entered at 2s. 1.5d. per pair; no advance.
Discount 2½ per cent.
Add cases and lining.
Less inland carriage.
Similar goods, similar advances.

12982.....*Silk velvet*, from Peltzer Bros., Crefeld, July 20, 1896.

Col'd half silk velvet, No. 975, 49 c/m, entered at 4.40, advanced to 4.50 marks per meter.
Old rose No. 975, 49 c/m, entered at 3.95, advanced to 4.05 marks per meter.
Add case and packing.

13029..... } *Col'd cotton velvet*, from Chamberlin, Donner & Co., Manchester, July 30, 27, 1896.
12992..... }

Velvet 1219 &c, entered at 9¼d. per yd.; no advance.
Less 2½ per cent discount.
Less measure, $\frac{1}{37}$th.
Add cases, making up &c.

13028.....*Col'd cotton velvet*, from Schill, Modera & Co., Manchester, August 1, 1896.

19½ col'd silk find cot. velvettas, entered at 9d. per yd.; no advance.
Less 2½ per cent discount.
Less $\frac{1}{37}$th.
Add making up, boxing, cases and packing.

12985.....*Col'd cotton velvet*, from Tootal Broadhurst Lee Co., Ltd., Manchester, July 27, 1896.

19/20 blk. velvetta, entered at 8½d., advanced to 9d. per yd.
19/20 col'd velvetta, entered at 9¼d, advanced to 9¾d. per yd.

12985.....*Col'd cotton velvet, etc*—Continued.
Less damage.
Less $\frac{1}{37}$th.
Add making up, cases, tickets.
Discount 3 per cent.

12949.....*Col'd cot. velvet*, from Hithersay & Ramm, Manchester, July 24, 1896.
19 in. col'd vts., No. 39, entered at 8½d, advanced to 9d. per yard.
Less $\frac{1}{37}$th.
Discount 2½ per cent.
Add cases, packing, making up and boxing.

12975.....*Cotton damask*, from Carl Helfert, Freudenthal, July 5, 1896.
8/4, 176/176 B Cardinal Baumwoll Frausentucker, entered at 18.15 florins per dozen; no advance.
8/4, 176/176 B Grunrot Baumwoll Frausentucker, entered at 16.90 florins per dozen; no advance.
8/4, 175/175 C. H. cardinal Baumwoll Hohlsaum, entered at 3.08 florins per piece; no advance.
Similar goods, no advance.
Less 6 per cent discount.
Add case and packing.

13076.....*Wool dress goods*, from Braun & Cremer, Greiz, July 24, 1896.
105 c/m trau, entered at 1.59, advanced to 1.65 marks per meter.
100 c/m Persan, entered at 1.07, advanced to 1.15 marks per meter.
Monaco, 100 c/m, entered at 1.08, advanced to 1.11 marks per meter.
95 c/m Trau, entered at 1.44, advanced to 1.50 marks per meter.
115 c/m Henrietta, 375, entered at 1.41, advanced to 1.54 marks per meter.
100 c/m Isabella, entered at 1.35, advanced to 1.37 marks per meter.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Discount, 8 per cent.

3276 OP .....
3107 OP .....
3166 OP .....
New Orleans...
etc.....
Cotton mosquito net, from Pratt, Hurst & Co., Nottingham, July 4, May 2, May 20, 1896, etc.

208 M 647 Mos. bars, 108 in., entered at 7⅜d., advanced to 7½d. per yd.
208 M 647 Mos. bars, 120 in., entered at 8⅛d., advanced to 8¼d. per yd.
350 M 665/2 Mos. bars, 90 in., entered at 4½d., advanced to 4⅝d. per yd.
560 M 665/2, 90 in. Mos. bars, entered at 5⅞d., advanced to 6d. per yd.
202 M 551/3 Mos. bars, 90 in., entered at 4¾d. per yd.; no advance.
14 M. 587, Mos. bars, 120 in., entered at 8¾d., advanced to 9½d. per yd.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Less discounts of 15 per cent, 2½ per cent and 2½ per cent.
Add cases, etc.
Less inland carriage.

13073.....*Cotton Lace curtains*, from Morton & Co., Glasgow, August 6, 1896.
5457, 3½ yds., 54 in., taped, entered at 3s. 1d. per pair; no advance.
6031, 3½ yds., 60 in., taped, entered at 3s. 9d. per pair; no advance.

13073..... .....*Cotton Lace curtains, etc*—Continued.

5458, 4 yds., 54 in., taped, entered at 2s. 6d., advanced to 3s. 1d. per pair.
138, 4 yds., 54 in., taped, entered at 2s. 6d., advanced to 3s. 1d. per pair.
6030, 3½ yds., 60 in., taped, entered at 5s. 9d., advanced to 6s. per pair.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Add cases and packing.
Further advanced by reduction of 5 per cent discount to 2½ per cent discount.

12852..... *Cotton lace curtains and curtain net*, from E. Kirke, Nottingham, July 4, 1896.

309 E. T. 23/3¼ curtains, entered at 3s. 8d. per pair;
4410 E, 26, 3½ curtains, entered at 3s. 3d., advanced to 3s. 6d. per pair.
5209 E, 6 x 42½ Fcy. net, entered at 5¼d. per yd.;
4300 Wt., 4, Curtain net, entered at 5d.; per yd.;
5197 E, 4 Fcy. net, entered at 6½d. per yd;
All advanced by reduction of 3¾ per cent discount to 2½ per cent discount.
Add lined cases.
Less inland carriage.
Similar goods, similar advances.

3162 OP.....
3161 OP.....
&c.....
Nogales .....
} *Live cattle*, from Geo. Atkinson and J. J. Pompa, Sonora, Mex., May 16, June 14, 1896, etc.

Steer calves, entered at 6.00, advanced to 6.50 Mexican currency per head.
1 year steers, entered at 7.50, advanced to 8.50 Mexican currency per head.
2 year steers, entered at 10.50, advanced to 11.50 Mexican currency per head.
Heifer calves, entered at 5.00, advanced to 5.50 Mexican currency per head.
Cows entered at 11.00 Mexican currency per head; no advance.
3 year steers, entered at 14.00, advanced to 15.00 Mexican currency per head.
Similar goods, similar advances.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

12732.....
3601.....
} *Cod liver oil*, from Johan Thesen & Co., Bergen, June 11, 1896.

1896 non-freezing, entered at 144.00 kronor per bbl.; no advance.
Add bbls.

12744.....
3638.....
} *Wool dress goods*, from Ch. Camel, Paris, June 29, 1896.

96 c/m wool & silk, 128, entered at 2.45, advanced to 2.70 francs per meter.
108 c/m wool & silk, 141, entered at 2.50, advanced to 3.40 francs per meter.
108 c/m wool & silk, 137, entered at 1.97, advanced to 2.60 francs per meter.
108 c/m wool & silk, 303, entered at 2.60, advanced to 2.80 francs per meter.
96 c/m wool & silk, 128, entered at 2.45, advanced to 2.70 francs per meter.
Discount 7 per cent.
Add putting up, cases and packing.

11408.....
3236.....
} *Mf. leather*, from Salmon & Lumley, Paris, March 5, 1896.

Gauffree leathers, entered at 20.00, advanced to 25.00 francs per meter.
Add case and packing.

12920..... .....
3644.....
Mf. silk & cotton, from A. L. Trapadoux Bros. & Co., Lyons, July 23, 1896.

92 c/m faconne, pat. 162, qual. 721, entered at 125, advanced to 1.60 francs per meter.
Discount 20 per cent.
Add case and packing.

3203 OP .....
792.....
San Fran .....
Chutney sauce, from Upendranath Bros., Calcutta, April 10, 1896.

Chutney sauce, entered at 1720/0/0 rupees per total, less 5 per cent commission; advanced by disallowance of deduction of commission.
Add cases.

3165 OP .....
800.....
Phila.....
Manufactures of flax, from Carl Sieglrum, Schouberg, April 8, 1896.

40 in. 2 2/2 stitch, No. 50 pillow linen, entered at 19.55 advanced to 20.72 florins per piece.
40 in. 1 stitch, 54 Pillow linen, entered at 20.13, advanced to 21.34 florins per piece.
90 in. 2½ stitch, 234 sheeting linen, entered at 46.00 advanced to 48.75 florins per piece.
90 in. 6/2 stitch, 250 sheeting linen, entered at 48.30, advanced to 51.30 florins per piece.
40 in. 4 8/2 stitch, 64 Pillow linen, entered at 21.28, advanced to 22.56 florins per piece.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Deduct 4 per cent discount from appraised value.
Add cases and packing.

12719.....
3637.....
Mf. flax embd., from Schmidt Bros., Munchen, June 20, 1896.

67/67 in. tischdeckengestickt, No. 2055, entered at 8.00, advanced to 8.80 marks.
29/24 Servirtischdecken, No. 3825, entered at 1.50, advanced to 1.65 marks.
23/54 Handtücker, No. 3500, entered at 2.00, advanced to 2.20 marks.
17/63 Fischlaufer, No. 3751, entered at 9.00, advanced to 9.90 marks.
30/30 Theedeckengestickt, No. 3635, entered at 6.30, advanced to 6.93 marks.
15/20 Stuhlschoner, 1, entered at 1.00, advanced to 1.10 marks.
23/46 Buffetdecken, 1, entered at 3.30, advanced to 3.63 marks.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Less inland freight.

12748.....
3595.....
Sugar not above No. 16 D. S., from Frederico Hohlt, St. Domingo, June 12, 1896.

Centrifugal sugar entered on basis of 95° at .0220, advanced to .0232 per lb. pkd., basis of 95.30 test.
Centrifugal sugar seconds, entered at .0171, advanced to .0182 per lb. pkd., basis of 88.85 test.
Add bags to entered price.

3251 O P.....
815.....
Phila.....
Sugar not above No. 16 D. S., from Robt. Crooks & Co., June 27, 1896.

Tates Fifths, entered at 9s. 9d., advanced to 10s. 3d. per cwt. pkd.
Less 2½ per cent discount.

1896.
Department Circular No. 141.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., September 28, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending September 12, 1896.

S. WIKE,
Assistant Secretary.

REPORT OF REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING SEPTEMBER 12, 1896.

N. B.—*In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.*

No. of Reappraisement.

3284 OP ..... } *Phenacetine*, from Martin, Bole & Wynne Co., Winnipeg, August 10, 1896.
Detroit ..... }

Swiss phenacetine, entered at $.24 and $.20 an ounce; advanced to $.30 an ounce.

13081..... *Chemical salt*, from Deutsche Gold & Silber Scheideanstalt, Brussels, August 3, 1896.

Phosphate of soda crystals, entered at 16.90 marks per 100 kilos; no advance.

Add packages.

13112..... *Yellow Prussiate Potash*, from W. H. Cole & Co., London, August 14, 1896.

Yellow prussiate potash entered at $4\frac{21}{32}$d. per lb.; no advance.

Add casks, packing, etc.

12878..... *Varnish*, from Wilkinson, Heywood & Clark, London, June 26, 1896.

Varnish entered at 12s. 6d. and 10s. 6d. per gallon, less 5 per cent discount; no advance.

Cans and packing cases included in price.

12654..... *Lead pencils*, from H. C. Kurz, Nürnberg, June 19, 1896.

1142 color pencils, polished with nickel protector, entered at 15.00, advanced to 24.00 marks per gross.

Add cases.

12793..... }
12636..... } *Lead pencils*, from Johann Faber, Nurnberg, June 30, 1896, &c.
12723..... }

No. 235 hexag. No. 2, entered at 4.80, advanced to 6.00 marks per gross.

No. 236, hexag. maroon pol'd, 2/3, entered at 6.80, advanced to 8.50 marks per gross.

125 triang. 2/3, entered at 5.80, advanced to 7.25 marks per gross.

12793.....
12636..... } *Lead pencils, etc.*—Continued.
12723.....

No. 353 Red col'd chalks, entered at 4.60, advanced to 5.75 marks per gross.
No. 801 pencil leads 2H, entered at 5.10, advanced to 6.37 marks per dozen.
No. 300 hexag. Siberian lead pencils, 3H, 4H, 5H, entered at 13.10, advanced to 16.37 marks per gross.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Add cases and boxes.

13107... .....*Non-enumerated mfd. article, etc.*, from ——— Aleppo, June 17, 1896.
Crushed wheat, entered at 1.00 piastre per oke; no advance.
Add packing charges, bags, etc.

13101.....*Macaroni*, from Choy Chang Lung, Hongkong, June 13, 1896.
Macaroni, entered at 7.25, advanced to 8.41 Mex. ccy. per box.

13095.. .....*Chinese mdse.*, from King Yue Tai, Hongkong, June 12, 1896.
Flower pots, entered at 1.50, advanced to 2.25 Mex. ccy. per box of 28 pieces.
Candle sticks, entered at .50, advanced to 1.00 Mex. ccy. per box of 10 pairs.
Candlesticks entered at .15, advanced to .30 Mex. ccy. per box of 2 pairs.
Add box at .10.

12792..... .*Mf. metal., mf. wood, & mf. marble*, from The Venice Art Co., Venice, May 22, 1896.
Battentio bronzes, No. 21826, entered at 10.00, advanced to 11.50 lire each.
Candelierix, No. 21874, entered at 5.00, advanced to 5.75 lire each.
Vases, 21206, entered at 5.00, advanced to 5.75 lire each.
Campanellio, No. 21170, entered at 3.00, advanced to 3.45 lire each.
Putto, No. 21980, entered at 5.00, advanced to 5.75 lire each.
Calamaps, 21954, entered at 10.00, advanced to 11.50 lire each.
Similar goods, similar advances.

13134.....*Glassware*, from Geo. Borgfeldt & Co., Stoke on Trent, August 7, 1896.
Glassware entered at prices less 10 per cent discount; no advance.
Add casks and cases.

13108.....*Cotton yarn*, from ——— Liverpool, August 15, 1896.
120/2 cotton yarn, entered at 1s. 11d., advanced to 2s. 3d. per lb.
Less 5 per cent discount.

13174.....*Mf. wool*, from J. Zossenheim & Partriers, Leeds, August 31, 1896.
No. 5076 blk. clay twills, 17 3/5 OD, entered at 2s. 5d.; advanced to 2s. 6½d. per yd.
No. 7703 blk. clay twills, 11 8/11 02, entered at 1s. 7½d., advanced to 1s. 9¼d per yd.
Less $\frac{1}{37}$th and $\frac{1}{40}$th measure.
Less 3¾ per cent discount.
Add cases.

13043.....*Tamb'd cot. sash*, from Sturzenegger & Tanner, St. Gall, July 30, 1896.
75 c/m white tamb'd net sashes, No. 947, entered at .90¼, advanced to .95 franc per meter.
75 c/m white tamb'd net sashes, No. 948, entered at .88, advanced to .95 franc per meter.
75 c/m white tamb'd net sashes, No. 950, entered at 1.13¼, advanced to 1.23¼ francs per meter.

13043.....*Tamb'd cot. sash*—Continued.

75 c/m Irish point sashes, No. 876, entered at 1.87 francs per meter; no advance.

Add case and packing.

13110.....*Linen collars and cuffs*, from Richard Horstmann, Berlin, July 25, 1896.

Huron collars, entered at 3.585, advanced to 3.90 marks per dozen.

Holbein collars, entered at 3.65, advanced to 3.90 marks per dozen.

Hindoo collars, entered at 3.45, advanced to 3.75 marks per dozen.

Hiawasse collars, entered at 3.45, advanced to 3.75 marks per dozen.

Hathaway cuffs, entered at 6.01¾, advanced to 6.12 marks per dozen pairs.

Similar goods, similar advances.

Add cases and packing, wrappers and boxes.

13098. .....*Silk handkerchiefs*, from J. R. Simon & Co., Yokohama, July 30, 1896.

No. 857 white hemst. 21 x 1½, weight 40, entered at 3.01, advanced to 3.16 silver yen per dozen.

No. 420 white hemst. 23¾ x 1½, weight 46, entered at 3.41, advanced to 3.61 silver yen per dozen.

No. 1057 B, white hemst. 2nd qual. 23¾ x 1½, weight 49, entered at 3.20, advanced to 3.50 silver yen per dozen.

No. 1042B white hemst. 2nd qual. 21¾ x 1¾, weight 54, entered at 3.40, advanced to 3.70 silver yen per dozen.

Add cases.

13071.....*Mf. silk & cotton*, from R. Odmet, Lyons, August 5, 1896.

92 c/m Silkoline, pce. dyed, entered at .73, advanced to .85 franc per meter.

Less 20 per cent and 1 per cent.

Add case and packing.

13046.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from ——— St. Ann's Bay, Ja., July 14, 1896.

Sugar entered on basis of 89° test at £8 13s. 2d., advanced to £8 14s. 6d., basis of 89.5 test, per ton pkd.

13019.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from William T. Moon, St. Croix, June 26, 1896.

Crystal sugar entered on basis of 95° test, at $.0222, advanced to $.02236 per lb. pkd., basis of 94.65 test.

Sugar entered on basis of 87° test at $.01853, reappraised at $.018225 per lb. pkd., basis of 86.80 test.

13038.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from B. Fereccio, Macoris, May 30, 1896.

Centrifugal sugar entered on basis of 92° test at $.02307 advanced to $.024925 per lb. pkd., basis of 93.80 test.

Molasses sugar entered on basis of 83° test at $.01717, advanced to $.021715 per lb. pkd., basis 90° test.

13037.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from J. B. Vicini, St. Domingo, March 28, 1896.

Centrifugal sugar entered on a basis of 92° test at $.02307 advanced to .0248 per lb. pkd., basis of 94.10 test, and .02587 per lb. pkd., basis of 95.60 test.

Molasses sugar entered on basis of 83° test at $.01717 advanced to .0203 per lb. pkd., basis of 87.25 test, and .01934 per lb. pkd., basis of 85.70 test.

13044.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from John Hardy, Azua, July 23, 1896.

Centrifugal sugar entered on basis of 96° test at $.02, reappraised at .01901 per lb. pkd., basis of 94.25 test.

3314 OP.....
3315 OP.....
3316 OP..... ...
Chicago.....
etc ....
} *Sugar above No. 16 D. S.*, from J. B. Renaud & Co., T. J. Butler, R. Barden, O. A. Jacques, Point Levi, June 16, 1896, etc.

Maple sugar entered at $.075, $.0775 and $.08, advanced to $.0825 per lb. pkd.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

12588.....
3602.....
} *Mf. silk & cot.*, from E. Chevillard & Co., Lyons, June 6, 1896.

61 c/m ecru satin, No. 128, entered at 1.55, advanced to 1.70 francs per meter.
Less discounts 20 per cent and 1 per cent.
Add case and packing.

12910.....
3620.....
} *Linen collars & cuffs*, from Richd. Horstmann, Berlin, July 6, 1896.

Hiawasse collars, sizes 13½–17½, entered at 3.355, advanced to 3.70 marks per dozen.
Holbien collars, sizes 14–18, entered at 3.585, advanced to 3.90 marks per dozen.
Add cases and packing, and boxes.

12895.....
3623..... .....
} *Mf. silk & cotton*, from Lafite & Co., Lyons, July 12, 1896.

95 c/m Ecru No. 397 diagonal, entered at .805, advanced to .84 franc per meter.
95 c/m Ecru 6625 serge, entered at .78, advanced to .81 franc per meter.
95 c/m Ecru 396 serge, entered at .725, advanced to .74 franc per meter.
Less discounts 20 per cent and 1 per cent.
Cases and packing included in price.

12585.....
3625.....
} *Mf. silk*, from H. Scott Richmond & Co., Ltd., London, June 8, 1896.

Marn all silk damask R 8456/7, 63 in., entered at 15s. 3¼d., advanced to 16s. 6d. per yd.
Add cases.

12929.....
3617.....
12892.....
3619.....
12893.....
3618.....
} *Mf. silk & cotton*, from Kahn & Kahn, Lyons, July 15, 8, 22, 1896.

92 c/m Silkoline, pce. dyed, entered at .73, advanced to .85 francs per meter.
92 c/m silkoline ecru, entered at .56, advanced to .65 franc per meter.
Less discounts 20 per cent and 1 per cent.
Add cases.

12775.....
3616.....
12776.....
3615.....
etc .....
} *Mf. silk & cotton*, from L. Permezel & Co., Lyons, June 11, July 2, 1896, etc.

92 c/m Trame cot. couleur, entered at 1.50, advanced to 1.90 francs per meter.
92 c/m Trame cot. noir, entered at 1.22, advanced to 1.30 francs per meter.
92 c/m Trame cot. noir, entered at 1.35, advanced to 1.50 francs per meter.
60 c/m Trame coton blanc, entered at .85, advanced to .90 franc per meter.
50 c/m trame coton creme, entered at .89, advanced to .95 franc per meter.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Less discounts 20 per cent and 1 per cent.
Add cases and packing.

12855..... } *Mf. cotton*, from T. S. Carnap & Son, Ronsdorf, June 17, 1896.
3596..... }

Coathangers, 4½, 3 in. long., white, blue, red, gold, entered at 2.75 marks per 1000; no advance.

Coathangers blk. KL, Col. 1/6, 9/12.16, entered at 4.00 marks per 1000; no advance.

Less cash discount 5 per cent.

Less inland freight.

3191 OP..... }
802..... .... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Gustave Preston, Humaccao, May 28, 1896.
Phila..... ..... }

Muscovado sugar entered at .0293, advanced to .03545 P. R. ccy. per lb. pkd., basis of 90° test.

Centrifugal sugar entered at .0353, advanced to .0408 P. R. ccy. per lb. pkd., basis of 95.40 test.

Molasses sugar entered at .027, advanced to .0341 P. R. ccy. per lb. pkd., basis of 94° test.

Add refilling, coop., nails, etc. to entered value.

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1896.
Department Circular No. 142.

Treasury Department,

BUREAU OF THE MINT,

Washington, D. C., October 1, 1896.

Hon. JOHN G. CARLISLE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

SIR: In pursuance of the provisions of section 25 of the act of August 28, 1894, I present in the following table an estimate of the values of the standard coins of the nations of the world:

VALUES OF FOREIGN COINS.

COUNTRY.	Standard.	Monetary unit.	Value in terms of U. S. gold dollar.	Coins.
Argentine Republic	Gold and silver	Peso	$0.965	Gold: argentine ($4.824) and ½ argentine. Silver: peso and divisions.
Austria-Hungary	Gold	Crown	.203	Gold: former system—4 florins ($1.929), 8 florins ($3.858), ducat ($2.287) and 4 ducats ($9.149). Silver: 1 and 2 florins. Gold: present system—20 crowns ($4.052); 10 crowns ($2.026).
Belgium	Gold and silver	Franc	.193	Gold: 10 and 20 francs. Silver: 5 francs.
Bolivia	Silver	Boliviano	.490	Silver: boliviano and divisions.
Brazil	Gold	Milreis	.546	Gold: 5, 10, and 20 milreis. Silver: ½, 1, and 2 milreis.
British Possessions N. A. (except Newfoundland).	Gold	Dollar	1.000	
Central Amer. States— Costa Rica, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, Salvador	Silver	Peso	.490	Silver: peso and divisions.
Chile	Gold	Peso	.365	Gold: escudo ($1.825), doubloon ($3.650), and condor ($7.300). Silver: peso and divisions.
China	Silver	Tsel — Amoy	.793	
		Canton	.790	
		Chefoo	.758	
		Chin Kiang	.774	
		Fuchau	.733	
		Haikwan (Customs).	.806	
		Hankow	.742	
		Hongkong	⅔	
		Niuchwang	.743	
		Ningpo	.762	
		Shanghai	.724	
		Swatow	.732	
		Takao	.798	
		Tientsin	.768	
Colombia	Silver	Peso	.490	Gold: condor ($9.647) and double-condor. Silver: peso.
Cuba	Gold and silver	Peso	.926	Gold: doubloon ($5.017). Silver: peso.
Denmark	Gold	Crown	.268	Gold: 10 and 20 crowns.
Ecuador	Silver	Sucre	.490	Gold: condor ($9.647) and double-condor. Silver: sucre and divisions.
Egypt	Gold	Pound (100 piasters)	4.943	Gold: pound (100 piasters), 5, 10, 20, and 50 piasters. Silver: 1, 2, 5, 10, and 20 piasters.
Finland	Gold	Mark	.193	Gold: 20 marks ($3.859), 10 marks ($1.93).
France	Gold and silver	Franc	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 francs. Silver: 5 francs.
German Empire	Gold	Mark	.238	Gold: 5, 10, and 20 marks.
Great Britain	Gold	Pound sterling	4.866½	Gold: sovereign (pound sterling) and ½ sovereign.
Greece	Gold and silver	Drachma	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 drachmas. Silver: 5 drachmas.
Haiti	Gold and silver	Gourde	.965	Silver: gourde.
India	Silver	Rupee	.233	Gold: mohur ($7.105). Silver: rupee and divisions.
Italy	Gold and silver	Lira	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 lire. Silver: 5 lire.
Japan	Gold and silver*	Yen — Gold	.997	Gold: 1, 2, 5, 10, and 20 yen.
		Yen — Silver	.528	Silver: yen.
Liberia	Gold	Dollar	1.000	
Mexico	Silver	Dollar	.532	Gold: dollar ($0.983), 2½, 5, 10, and 20 dollars. Silver: dollar (or peso) and divisions.
Netherlands	Gold and silver	Florin	.402	Gold: 10 florins. Silver: ½, 1, and 2½ florins.
Newfoundland	Gold	Dollar	1.014	Gold: 2 dollars ($2.027).
Norway	Gold	Crown	.268	Gold: 10 and 20 crowns.
Persia	Silver	Kran	.090	Gold: ½, 1, and 2 tomans ($3.409). Silver: ¼, ½, 1, 2, and 5 krans.
Per		Sol	.490	Silver: sol and divisions.
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1896.
Department Circular No. 142.

Treasury Department,

BUREAU OF THE MINT,

Washington, D. C., October 1, 1896.

Hon. JOHN G. CARLISLE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

SIR: In pursuance of the provisions of section 25 of the act of August 28, 1894, I present in the following table an estimate of the values of the standard coins of the nations of the world:

VALUES OF FOREIGN COINS.

COUNTRY.	Standard.	Monetary unit.	Value in terms of U. S. gold dollar.	Coins.
Argentine Republic	Gold and silver	Peso	$0.965	Gold: argentine ($1.824) and ½ argentine. Silver: peso and divisions.
Austria-Hungary	Gold	Crown	.203	Gold: former system—4 florins ($1.929), 8 florins ($3.858), ducat ($2.287) and 4 ducats ($9.149). Silver: 1 and 2 florins. Gold: present system—20 crowns ($4.052); 10 crowns ($2.026).
Belgium	Gold and silver	Franc	.193	Gold: 10 and 20 francs. Silver: 5 francs.
Bolivia	Silver	Boliviano	.490	Silver: boliviano and divisions.
Brazil	Gold	Milreis	.546	Gold: 5, 10, and 20 milreis. Silver: ½, 1, and 2 milreis.
British Possessions N. A. (except Newfoundland).	Gold	Dollar	1.000	
Central Amer. States—Costa Rica, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua, Salvador	Silver	Peso	.490	Silver: peso and divisions.
Chile	Gold	Peso	.365	Gold: escudo ($1.825), doubloon ($3.650), and condor ($7.300). Silver: peso and divisions.
China	Silver	Tael: Amoy	.793	
		Canton	.790	
		Chefoo	.758	
		Chin Kiang	.774	
		Fuchau	.733	
		Haikwan (Customs)	.896	
		Hankow	.742	
		Hongkong	⅔	
		Niuchwang	.743	
		Ningpo	.762	
		Shanghai	.721	
		Swatow	.732	
		Takao	.798	
		Tientsin	.768	
Colombia	Silver	Peso	.490	Gold: condor ($9.647) and double-condor. Silver: peso.
Cuba	Gold and silver	Peso	.926	Gold: doubloon ($5.017). Silver: peso.
Denmark	Gold	Crown	.268	Gold: 10 and 20 crowns.
Ecuador	Silver	Sucre	.490	Gold: condor ($9.647) and double-condor. Silver: sucre and divisions.
Egypt	Gold	Pound (100 piasters)	4.943	Gold: pound (100 piasters), 5, 10, 20, and 50 piasters. Silver: 1, 2, 5, 10, and 20 piasters.
Finland	Gold	Mark	.193	Gold: 20 marks ($3.859), 10 marks ($1.93).
France	Gold and silver	Franc	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 francs. Silver: 5 francs.
German Empire	Gold	Mark	.238	Gold: 5, 10, and 20 marks.
Great Britain	Gold	Pound sterling	4.866½	Gold: sovereign (pound sterling) and ½ sovereign.
Greece	Gold and silver	Drachma	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 drachmas. Silver: 5 drachmas.
Haiti	Gold and silver	Gourde	.965	Silver: gourde.
India	Silver	Rupee	.233	Gold: mohur ($7.105). Silver: rupee and divisions.
Italy	Gold and silver	Lira	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 lire. Silver: 5 lire.
Japan	Gold and silver*	Yen: Gold	.997	Gold: 1, 2, 5, 10, and 20 yen.
		Yen: Silver	.528	Silver: yen.
Liberia	Gold	Dollar	1.000	
Mexico	Silver	Dollar	.532	Gold: dollar ($0.983), 2½, 5, 10, and 20 dollars. Silver: dollar (or peso) and divisions.
Netherlands	Gold and silver	Florin	.402	Gold: 10 florins. Silver: ½, 1, and 2½ florins.
Newfoundland	Gold	Dollar	1.014	Gold: 2 dollars ($2.027).
Norway	Gold	Crown	.268	Gold: 10 and 20 crowns.
Persia	Silver	Kran	.090	Gold: ½, 1, and 2 tomans ($3.409). Silver: ¼, ½, 1, 2, and 5 krans.
Peru	Silver	Sol	.490	Silver: sol and divisions.
Portugal	Gold	Milreis	1.080	Gold: 1, 2, 5, and 10 milreis.
Russia	Silver‡	Ruble: Gold	.772	Gold: imperial ($7.718), and ½ imperial †($3.86).
		Ruble: Silver	.392	Silver: ¼, ½, and 1 ruble.
Spain	Gold and silver	Peseta	.193	Gold: 25 pesetas. Silver: 5 pesetas.
Sweden	Gold	Crown	.268	Gold: 10 and 20 crowns.
Switzerland	Gold and silver	Franc	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 francs. Silver: 5 francs.
Tripoli	Silver	Mahbub of 20 piasters	.442	
Turkey	Gold	Piaster	.044	Gold: 25, 50, 100, 250, and 500 piasters.
Venezuela	Gold and silver	Bolivar	.193	Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 bolivars. Silver: 5 bolivars.

* Gold the nominal standard. Silver practically the standard.
† Coined since January 1, 1886. Old half-imperial = $3.986.
‡ Silver the nominal standard. Paper the actual currency, the depreciation of which is measured by the gold standard.
The "British dollar" has the same legal value as the Mexican dollar in Hongkong, the Straits Settlements, and Labuan.

Respectfully, yours,

R. E. PRESTON,
Director of the Mint.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., October 1, 1896.

The foregoing estimate by the Director of the Mint, of the values of foreign coins, I hereby proclaim to be the values of such coins in terms of the money of account of the United States, to be followed in estimating the value of all foreign merchandise exported to the United States on or after October 1, 1896, expressed in any of such metallic currencies.

J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

LIENS FOR FREIGHT, CHARGES, OR CONTRIBUTION IN GENERAL AVERAGE, AMENDMENT OF SECTION 2981, REVISED STATUTES.

1896.
Department Circular No. 143.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., October 2, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following act of Congress, approved May 21, 1896, is published for the information of all concerned:

AN ACT To amend section twenty-nine hundred and eighty-one of the Revised Statutes, as amended by the Act of June tenth, eighteen hundred and eighty.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section twenty-nine hundred and eighty-one of the Revised Statutes be amended so as to read as follows:

"SEC. 2961. That whenever the collector of the port of entry of the vessel, or other proper officer of the customs, shall be duly notified in writing of the existence of a lien for freight, charges, or contribution in general average upon imported goods, wares, or merchandise in his custody, he shall, before delivering such goods, wares, or merchandise to the importer, owner, or consignee thereof for consumption, or to any vessel or vehicle for transportation or exportation, give seasonable notice to the party or parties claiming the lien; and the possession by the officers of customs shall not affect the discharge of such lien. under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe; and such officers shall refuse the delivery of such merchandise from any public or bonded warehouse or other place in which the same shall be deposited until proof to his satisfaction shall be produced that the freight, charges or contribution in general average thereon has been paid or secured; but the rights of the United States shall not be prejudiced thereby, nor shall the United States or its officers be in any manner liable for losses consequent upon such refusal to deliver. If merchandise so subject to a lien, regarding which notice has been filed, shall be forfeited to the United States and sold, the freight, charges, or contribution in general average due thereon shall be paid from the proceeds of such sale in the same manner as other charges and expenses authorized by law to be paid therefrom are paid."

NOTE.—The above act applies solely to goods, wares, and merchandise which are actually in the custody of "the collector or other proper officer of the customs," and, in order that there may be uniformity in the proceedings, the Department deems it proper to set forth the nature of the "custody" which is specified in the act. Imported goods arrive in this country in the immediate custody of the owner or agent of the vessel or vehicle of importation, and are continued in such custody until the chief officer of customs takes possession of the goods, or until the owner or agent of the vessel has made lawful delivery of them to the consignee under a permit from the collector. The collector or other chief officer takes such possession under the provisions of section 2880 of the Revised Statutes by some appropriate order, such as a "general order" or a special order to send unclaimed goods to a bonded warehouse,

or an order to send bonded goods to the designated warehouse, or an order to deliver bonded goods to the surveyor for transportation or exportation.

In order to maintain due restraint over the disposition of the cargo, an inspector of customs is assigned to the vessel or vehicle of importation, who remains on board until the cargo has been lawfully discharged, but the agent or owner of the vessel or vehicle of importation is not relieved of the responsibility for the safe keeping of the goods until such discharge has been made. The supervision and restraint by the customs inspectors is relinquished whenever they are directed by the collector to permit the delivery of the goods to the lawful representative of the consignee. Whatever may be the meaning of the words "customs custody," used independently, a reasonable construction of the act in question would seem to limit these words as indicated above. Actual customs custody in the meaning of this act, begins, therefore, whenever the goods are removed from the possession of the owner or agent of the importing vessel by customs officers by virtue of an order of the collector.

The Department construes the act of May 21, 1896, as having no reference to goods for which entries for consumption have been made, because such goods (except packages ordered for examination) are delivered directly to the consignee by the owner or agent of the vessel. It applies solely to goods landed under an order of the collector and surrendered to his custody for the purposes above set forth.

Proceedings under the above act will be governed by the following regulations:

I.

Notice of any lien under this act shall be filed, by the owner or consignee of any vessel or vehicle arriving from a foreign port, with the chief officer of customs, or other person designated by him, and (unless otherwise provided) shall specify in detail the goods, packages, marks, numbers, or brands, the public or bonded warehouse or other place in which the same are stored or deposited, the name of the owner, importer, or consignee, and of the vessel of importaton (or, if brought by land, of the common carrier or route), the date of arrival and the amount claimed, and whether for freight or for charges, or for contribution in general average.

This notice must be signed by the claimant or his duly authorized agent, and verified by affidavit as follows:

Affidavit on filing lien.

PORT OF ————.

I, ———, claimant, or agent of ———, claimant in this case, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that the matters and things set forth in the annexed notice are true, and that the sum claimed therein is due and unpaid and was a subsisting lien upon the goods described, at the time the same passed into the custody of the customs officers.

——— ———.

Sworn to and subscribed to before me this ——— day of ———, 189 .

———— ————,
Collector.

II.

Every such notice shall be numbered, filed and entered forthwith in a record book or docket, to be provided for that purpose, having an alphabetical index in which to enter the name of the person claiming the lien, the owners, consignees or importers, marks and description of goods, amount and character of lien, where stored, date of discharge of lien and the names of the vessels or common carriers.

III.

No notice of lien shall interfere with the due unlading of the cargo of any vessel or of the contents of any vehicle, but shall be held to apply to such goods only as have been removed from the custody and

control of the common carrier by customs officers under an order of the collector, including goods entered for warehousing or for warehouse and transportation, or for warehouse and exportation, or for immediate transportation without appraisement, and unclaimed goods sent to a general order store, and goods ordered to the appraiser's stores.

IV.

Whenever a lien has been duly filed at the custom house in accordance with these regulations, the chief officer of customs shall decline to deliver to the importer, owner, or consignee thereof any of the merchandise specified in such lien then held in customs custody, as defined in these regulations, until such lien shall have been satisfied, and he shall also notify the claimants whenever delivery permits have been issued prior to the filing of the lien. If, without fault of the claimant, notice of lien shall not be filed until after the lading of the goods for transportation, the collector shall send information to the chief officer of customs at the port of destination, of the filing of the lien and the latter officer shall be governed accordingly.

V.

When the cargo of a vessel is subject to a contribution in general average, and in order to afford reasonable time for the making and filing of individual notices of lien, as provided in Article I of these regulations, a preliminary notice thereof may be filed with the collector, who, thereupon, shall withhold delivery of any merchandise imported in said vessel which shall be taken into customs custody as defined in these regulations, for a period of two official days from and after the date of taking such custody; unless proof that the claim under such contribution for general average has been paid or secured, be submitted in the manner provided in Article VII of these regulations.

VI.

Whenever a lien has been duly filed as to goods entered for immediate transportation without appraisement, the filing of said lien shall not prevent the forwarding of the goods under such entry, provided the entry is made within the ten days allowed by the act of June 10, 1880. In such case the collector at the port of arrival shall at once notify the chief officer of customs at the port of destination of the filing of the lien, and the goods, on arrival at said port, shall be subject to the provisions of these regulations, and shall be treated thereunder at the port of destination in the same manner as if originally imported there.

VII.

Proof that the claim under the lien has been paid or secured shall consist of a discharge of the lien in writing signed by the person claiming such lien and served by the owner of the goods upon the chief officer of the customs. When such evidence shall have been deposited with the collector, the permit covering the goods shall be stamped "Lien discharged," and no further delay of delivery shall be made on account of such lien. This notice of discharge will be entered in the record book against the lien, and filed.

VIII.

The freight which is specified in the above-quoted act is held to be the freight charged for the ocean transportation of the goods and the inland freight charged for delivering to an interior port goods covered by through bills of lading for such ports; the "charges" specified therein are the charges incident to the shipment of the goods abroad, together with any charges assumed by the claimant of the lien in

forwarding the same to port of destination, and are not other charges accruing after the arrival of the goods in this country.

IX.

Customs officers have no authority to adjudicate disputes respecting the validity of any lien, except that whenever the amount of such lien depends upon the quantity or weight of merchandise actually landed, the collector may hold that the lien may be satisfied upon the payment of an amount computed upon the basis of the return made by the United States appraiser, weigher, or gauger.

X.

All existing regulations which conflict with the above are hereby revoked.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

C

REAPPRAISEMENTS OF MERCHANDISE BY UNITED STATES GENERAL APPRAISERS.

Treasury Department,

1896.
Department Circular No. 144.
Division of Customs.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., October 6, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending September 19, 1896.

S. WIKE,
Assistant Secretary.

REPORT OF REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING SEPTEMBER 19, 1896.

N. B.—In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.

NO. OF REAPPRAISEMENT.	
3250 OP. Phila.	Sugar not above No. 16 Dutch standard, from Wallenstine, Krause & Co., Batavia, May 12, 1896. Black Java stroop sugar, entered at 5.10, advanced to 5.27 florins per picul, packed.
13136	Sugar not above No. 16 Dutch standard, from Czarnikow, McDougal & Co., Limited, Santo Domingo, July 28, 1896. Second jet sugar, entered on basis of 89° test at $0.015, advanced to $0.018775 per pound, packed, basis of 88° test.
13124	Sugar not above No. 16 Dutch standard, from Beattie & Co., Manzanillo, August 7, 1896. Molasses sugar, entered on basis of 89° test at $0.0189, advanced to $0.02185 Spanish gold per pound, packed.
13059	Sugar not above No. 16 Dutch standard, from The American Sugar Refining Co., Hamburg, July 18, 1896. Beet-root sugar, entered on basis of 88° analysis, at 8*s.* 11.7*d.*, advanced to 9*s.* 7.55*d.*, per hundredweight, packed.
13151	Sugar not above No. 16 Dutch standard, from Wm. W. Howes, Montserrat, July 22, 1896. Muscovado sugar, entered on basis of 80° at $0.0135, advanced to $0.015568 per pound, packed, basis of 83.35° test.
13082	Sugar not above No. 16 Dutch standard, from Irm. Hardy, Azua, August 3, 1896. Centrifugal sugar, entered on basis of 96° test at $0.0194, reappraised at $0.01897 per pound, packed, basis of 93.50° test. Molasses sugar, entered on basis of 89° test at $0.015, reappraised at $0.011 and $0.141 per pound, packed, basis of 77.50° and 85.80° test, respectively.
13123	Sugar not above No. 16 Dutch standard, from B. Fereccio, Macoris, July 25, 1896. Molasses sugar, entered on basis of 83° test at $0.0109, advanced to $0.01517 per pound, packed, basis of 88.90° test.

NO. OF REAPPRAISEMENT.

13118 Sugar not above No. 16 Dutch standard, from Schenker & Co., Prague, July 31, 1896.

Austrian beet-root sugar, entered at 8*s.* 9.42*d.* per hundredweight, basis of 88° analysis, advanced to 8*s.* 11*d.* per hundredweight, packed, basis of 89.38° test.

13155 Colored cotton velvet, from Balstone, Cooke & Co., Manchester, August 21, 1896.

21½ black Baveno velveteen, No. 213, entered at 6½*d.*, advanced to 6¾*d.* per yard.
21½ black Baveno velveteen, E, entered at 7*d.*, advanced to 7½*d.* per yard.
21½ black Baveno velveteen, No. 215, entered at 7*d.*, advanced to 7½*d.* per yard.
21½ black Baveno velveteen, No. 211, entered at 6*d.*, advanced to 6½*d.* per yard.
Less 1/37th.
Less 2½ per cent discount.
Add cases and cartons.

13176 Hatters' furs not on the skin, from Bloch & Hirsch, Offenbach, August 12, 1896.

Hare's belly, WC, entered at 2.85, advanced to 3.12 marks per kilo.

13158 Gelatine from Langheck & Co., Esslingen, June 27, 1896.

60/40 c/m gelatine, St.00, red, blue, green, and rose, entered at 55 marks, less 3 per cent, per 1,000 sheets, advanced to 56.73 marks net per 1,000 sheets.

13179 Manufactured cotton not specially provided for, from Krautheimer & Co., Fuerth, August 24, 1896.

Article 46, woven initials, entered at .26 mark per gross; no advance.
Article 66, woven initials, entered at .30, advanced to .32 mark per gross.
Article 14, woven initials, entered at .16 mark per gross; no advance.
Add package.

13156, 13180 Cotton lace curtains, from B. Walker & Co., Nottingham, August 20 and 21, 1896.

No. 1933, white 54-inch curtains, 3½ yards, entered at 3*s.* per pair; no advance.
No. 2781, ecru and white 48-inch curtains, 3½ yards, entered at 1*s.* 6*d.*, advanced to 1*s.* 8*d.* per pair.
No. 4020, white 50-inch curtains, 3½ yards, entered at 3*s.* 7*d.*, advanced to 3*s.* 9*d.* per pair.
No. 6202, white sets, and ecru sets, entered at 5*s.* 9*d.*, advanced to 6*s.* 3*d.* per set.
Add cases.
Discount 2½ per cent.
Less inland carriage.
Similar goods, similar advances.

13051 Looking-glass plates, from Simon Lesem, Fuerth, July 16, 1896.

14 x 10 plain, entered at .65, advanced to .68 mark per plate.
12 x 9 plain, entered at .55, advanced to .56 mark per plate.
14 x 10 plain, entered at .65, advanced to .68 mark per plate.
14 x 10 beveled, entered at .90, advanced to .99 mark per plate.
Less inland freight.

13142 Chinese merchandise, from Kwong Hee Ying, Hongkong, June 13, 1896.

Satin shoes, entered at $0.60, advanced to $0.70, Mexican currency, per pair.
Fancy boys' shoes, entered at $0.45, advanced to $0.50, Mexican currency, per pair.
Packing charges included in price.

13094 Agricultural seeds, not otherwise provided for, from Sluis & Groot, Enkhinzen, June 27, 1896.

Spinach seed, savoy leaves, Bloomsdale, entered at 14*s.* 9*d.* per hundredweight; no advance.
Add bags.

NO. OF REAPPRAISEMENT.

13150 Razors, from Singleton & Priestman, Sheffield, August 24, 1896.
Razors in cases, entered at various prices less discount of 10 per cent, advanced by reduction of discount to 5 per cent.
Add box.

13161 Chemical salt, from Deutsche Gold & Silber Scheide-Anstalt, Brussels, August 21, 1896.
Phosphate soda crystallized, entered at 20.96 florins per 100 kilos; no advance.
Add packing.

12669 Vegetables, not otherwise provided for, from F. Vitelli & Co., Castellammare, June 17, 1896.
Garlic, entered at 10.25, advanced to 11.25 lires per 100 kilos.
Add packing.

13139 Precious stones (diamonds), from A. Fischer, Anvers, August 18, 1896.
Brilliants, entered at 120, advanced to 125 francs per carat.

13146 Manufactures of metal (metal capsules), from Beyenbach Nachf., Hattersheim, August 1, 1896.
281/2/32 weiss, entered at 3.66, advanced to 4 marks per 1,000.
32/38 weiss, entered at 4.75 marks per 1,000; no advance.
73/25½, entered at 8, advanced to 9 marks per 1,000.
29/60 d. grun and 2 blanke R., entered at 13.90, advanced to 16.30 marks per 1,000.
29/50 orange bronze, entered at 12.20, advanced to 13.30 marks per 1,000.
Less inland freight.

3175 OP. Chicago. Picture frames, oil painting, from M. Frischer, Vienna, April 13, 1896.
Spring, 116.34.152 c/m frame, entered at 25 francs; no advance.
Forest scene, frame, entered at 10 francs; no advance.
Summer and winter, 94.60.124 c/m, entered at 11 francs; no advance.
Similar goods, no advance.
Less discounts of 5 per cent and 3 per cent.
Add cases.

3298 OP. San Fran. Common 83 T., from ———, Hamburg, January 23, 1896.
Triangular crucibles, 80 nested, entered at 32 marks per set; no advance.
Triangular crucibles, large, 50 nested, entered at 8 marks per set; no advance.
Triangular crucibles, small, 50 nested, entered at 4.60 marks per set; no advance.
Add cases and packing.

3283 OP. Detroit. Manufactures of metal, from F. A. Scott, Galt, Ontario, August 17, 1896.
Malleable quoins, entered at $1.65 per dozen; no advance.

3245 OP. Balt. Bath bricks, from I. H. Brough & Co., Liverpool, July 8, 1896.
Bath bricks, entered at 42*s.* 4½*d.*, advanced to 45*s.* 10*d.* per 1,000, packed.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

12867/3622 Sugar not above No. 16 Dutch standard, from Wilhelm Altgelt, Buenos Ayres, May 19, 1896.
Sugar, entered at $0.02507, test 96°, advanced to $0.027 per pound, packed, test 96.80°.

12582/3573 Sugar not above No. 16 Dutch standard, from Park Milbourne & Co., Rio Bueno, June 2, 1896.
Sugar, entered on basis of 88° test at $0.021696, advanced to $0.02311 per pound, packed, basis of 91.27° test.

NO. OF REAPPRAISEMENT.

12817/3649 Sugar not above No. 16 Dutch standard, from Wm. Kerr, Falmouth, June 12, 1896.

Sugar, entered on basis of 85° test at £8 17*s.* 6*d.*, advanced to £10 8*s.* 7*d.*, basis of 92.30° test, and £9 16*s.* 9*d.*, basis of 88° test, per ton, packed.

12076/3449 Sugar not above No. 16 Dutch standard, from Walter Woolinscroft, Savannah la Mar, April 3, 1896.

Muscovado sugar, entered on basis of 87° test at £11, advanced to £11 16*s.* 2.85*d.* per ton, packed, basis of 90.90° test.

13067/3659 Cod-liver oil, from Kachelmacher & Bohmen, Christiania, July 6, 1896.

Cod-liver oil, entered at 135, 67.50, and 33.75, advanced to 139, 69.50, and 34.75 kronors, respectively, per barrel.

Add barrels, cases, and packing.

13065/3661 White china, etc. (china stoppers), from Jean Stadelmann & Co., Nuremberg, July 21, 1896.

China stoppers 1x printed, entered at 7.05, advanced to 7.75 marks per 1,000.
China stoppers 2x printed, entered at 8.55, advanced to 9.40 marks per 1,000.
Less 5 per cent and 2 per cent.
Add sacks, with 5 per cent and 2 per cent discount.

11143/3107 Wool dress goods, from Ratzer & Rudinger, Plauen, February 18, 1, 1896.

11144/3108 108 c/m cach. D50, blue-black, entered at. 935, reappraised at .92 mark per meter.
108 c/m cach. D60, black, entered at 1.10, advanced to 1.13 marks per meter.
108 c/m cach. D70, black, entered at 1.28, reappraised at 1.26 marks per meter.
108 c/m cach. D80, blue-black, entered at 1.44, reappraised at 1.44 marks per meter.

All advanced by disallowance of deduction of 6 per cent discount, deducted on entry.

Add cases.

12099/3565 Olives, from ———, Seville, April 1, 1896.

80/90 olives, entered at 65 pesetas per fanega; no advance.
91/100 olives, entered at 50, advanced to 54.75 pesetas per fanega.
101/110 olives, entered at 41.50, advanced to 43 pesetas per fanega.
150/160 olives, entered at 16, advanced to 17.25 pesetas per fanega.

13096/3670 Jewelry and manufactures of metal, from Frey, Paris, August 11, 1896.

No. 101, agrafes, entered at 14, advanced to 14.40 francs per dozen.
No. 6, cuillers, entered at 4, advanced to 5.60 francs per dozen.
No. 24, cuillers, entered at 12, advanced to 14.40 francs per dozen.
No. 99, agrafes, entered at 14, advanced to 14.40 francs per dozen.
No. 14, salieres, entered at 10, advanced to 12 francs per dozen.
Similar goods, similar advances.

12805/3643 Silk velvet, from Schmidt & Lorenzen, Lyons, July 6, 1896.

149/151 velours, No. 2, entered at 8.50, advanced to 9.35 francs per meter.
149/51 velours, No. 3, entered at 9.25, advanced to 9.75 francs per meter
149/51 velours, No. 4, entered at 10, advanced to 10.75 francs per meter.
149/51 velours, No. 6, entered at 12.50, advanced to 13 francs per meter.
149/51 velours, No. 1, entered at 7.75, advanced to 8.50 francs per meter.
149/51 velours, No. 5, entered at 11, advanced to 11.50 francs per meter.
Less tare.
Less 20 per cent discount.
Add case and packing.

Respectfully submitted:

GEO. C. TICHENOR,
President.

1896.
Department Circular No. 145.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., October 9, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending September 26, 1896.

W. E. CURTIS,
Acting Secretary.

REPORT OF REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING SEPTEMBER 26, 1896.

N. B.—***In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.***

No. of reappraisement.

13054.....*Mfs. of metal (capsules)* from Beyerbach Nachf, Hattersheim, July 13, 1896.
30 x 37 blau lack 2 ringed, entered at 8.16 advanced to 9.78 Marks per 1000.
22 x 27 blau lack 2 ringed, entered at 7.74 advanced to 8.50 Marks per 1000.

11698.....*Prepared chalk*, from Thomas Farmer & Co., Ltd., London, January 24, 1896.
Chalk, entered at 35s., Sterling per ton, advanced by addition of cost of bags at 3d. each.

12738..... .....*Precipitated chalk*, from Corbyn, Stacey & Co., London, June 19, 1896.
Precipitated chalk in double bags, entered at 35s., add bags, No advance.

13148.....*Wood pulp*, from John D. Hughes, Liverpool, August 1, 1896.
Wood pulp, testing 45 per cent dry, entered at $10.50, advanced to $11.528055 per ton of 2,000 lbs.

12510.....*Wood pulp*, from Heinrich Helwig, Mannheim, May 24, 1896.
Wood pulp, entered at 75. advanced to 106. Marks per 100 kilos, less inland freight and Consul fee.

13213... .....*Mfs. of cotton, N. S. P. F.* from Asa Hardy & Co., Manchester September 3, 1896.
Bias cotton velveteens, 2″, colored, entered at 12s. 6d. Sterling per gross, discount 6 per cent, add cases, No advance.

13184.....*Mfs. of silk and cotton*, from F. Lafite & Co., Lyons, August 22, 1896.
95 c/m, serge, quality 396, ecru, entered at .725 advanced to .75 Franc per meter.
Discounts 20 per cent and 1 per cent.

12831.....*Flax lace curtains*, from M. E. de Puertos, Paris, July 9, 1896.

241, Cluny on net, 3, entered at 7.25 Francs per pair, No advance.

242, Cluny on net, 3, entered at 8. Francs per pair, No advance.

243, Cluny on net, 3, entered at 10. Francs per pair, No advance.

243, bis. Cluny on net, 3, ocre, entered at 11.25 Francs per pair., No advance.

Discount 5 per cent, add cases, boxes, making up &c.

13168..... .....*Cut glassware*, from J. Schreiber & Neffen, Wien, June 16, 1896.

300 m/m Duylay cylinder, round 12 inch No. 19983/5141, entered at .05¼, advanced to .06 Florin each, add packing.

13177.....*Wool dress goods*, from Hopf & Merkel, Mylau, August 19, 1896.

114 c/m henriettas 17 x M 20, entered at 1.35, discount 8 per cent add cases, tickets, putting up &c., No advance.

13178.....*Colored cotton velvets*, from Hithersay & Ramm, Manchester, August 28, 1896.

22 inch black velvets, 90, entered at 7¼d., advanced to 7⅝d., less $\frac{1}{37}$th, discount 2½ per cent, add cases, making up and boxes.

13186.....*Prepared vegetables*, from Amatruda & Co., Naples, July 27, 1896.

Tomato paste, entered at 40. Lire per 100 kilos, No advance.

13185.....*Cod liver oil*, from Simon Lockert, Christiania, August 20, 1896.

Norwegian medical cod liver oil, entered at 120.25 advanced to 130.25 Krowns per barrel, add packing charges at 3.70 Krowns per barrel.

3342 O. P..... } *Sugar above 16 D. S.* from R. Crooks & Co., Liverpool, August 26, 1896.
Baltimore..... }

Tates 4ths. entered at 11s. advanced to 11s. 1½d. Sterling per hundred weight, Discount 2½ per cent, packed.

3343 O. P... .... } *Sugar above 16 D. S.* from L. E. Lowenstein, Amsterdam, August 10, 1896.
Baltimore..... }

Entered at 15.60 Florins per 100 kilos, advanced to 13s. 3d. Sterling per cwt., packed.

3344 O. P..... } *Sugar above 16 D. S.* from Vibraus & Gerloff, Braunschweig, August, 1896.
Baltimore..... }

German granulated, entered at .02$\frac{9}{16}$ U. S. Dollars per lb., add bags and filling, advanced to 11s. 4¾d. Sterling per Cwt., packed.

3294 O. P ..... } *Wool cloth*, from Wallace & Co., Bradford, July 3, 1896.
Baltimore..... }

55/56″ worsted coating, quality 394, black, entered at 2s. 3½d. Sterling per yard, No advance.

55/56″ worsted coating quality 443, black and blue, entered at 2s. 7d. Sterling per yard, No advance.

55/56″ worsted coating quality 279, black and blue, entered at 2s. 2d. Sterling per yard, No advance.

55/56″ worsted coating quality 401, black, entered at 2s. 8d. Sterling per yard, No advance.

Less $\frac{1}{37}$th, discount 5 per cent, add cases.

3285 O. P ..... } *Fish in cans*, (kippered herring), from Marshall & Co.
Boston ..... }

Entered at 22s. 3d. Sterling per case, add cases and packing, No advance.

3268 O. P ..... } *Woolen dress goods*, from A. Van Bergen & Co., Roubaix, July 20, 1896.
Phila ..... }

96 X all wool blue black serge, 44 inch, entered at 1.05 advanced to 1.07 Francs per meter.

115 X, all wool colored serge, 49/50 inch, entered at 1.57½ advanced to 1.65 Francs per meter, discount 5 per cent add cases and packing.

2304 O. P ..... } *Dyed moss,* from John Wauamaker, Paris, August 3, 1896.
Phila ..... }

Dyed moss, natural tint, entered at 95. Francs per 1000 boxes, add cases and packing, No advance.

3234 O. P ..... } *Straw,* from D. M. McBean, Staubridge, January 13, 1896 & J. Labarge & Co., St. Isidore, Canada, June 6, 1896.
3235 O. P ..... }
Plattsburg ..... }

Straw, entered at $5. per ton, no advance.

3286 O. P ..... } *Sugar above 16 D. S.* from Meeus Freres & Co., Anvers, January 21, 1896.
San Francisco.. }

Refined sugar, entered at 35. Francs per 100 kilos, No advance.

3326 O. P ..... } *Sugar above 16 D. S.* from Herrmann Entz, Danzig, July 25, 1896.
Baltimore..... }

Russian sugar entered at .02½ U. S. Dollars per lb., less freight, commission, etc., advanced to 11s. 2d. Sterling per cwt., packed.

3089 O. P .. .. } *Cocoanuts,* from I. A. Petersen, Bluefields, March 10, 1896.
Mobile ..... }

Entered at 15. advanced to 25. Soles per 1000.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

3648..... } *Brushes,* from Gebr. Regensteiner, Nurnberg, July 11, 1896.
13027..... }

Quality No. 225, capirpinsel, 1″, entered at .90 advanced to 1.25 Marks per dozen.
Quality No. 225, capirpinsel, 2″, entered at 1.80 advanced to 1.95 Marks per dozen.
Quality No. 200, haarpinsel, No. 2, entered at .63 advanced to 1.50 Marks per dozen.
Quality No. 200, haarpinsel, No. 6, entered at 1.17 advanced to 4.75 Marks per dozen.
Similar goods similar advances.

3575..... } *Optical instruments, (lenses)* from C. P. Goerz, Berlin, May 30, 1896.
12712..... }

Doppel anastigmate 111/4, entered at 105. Marks each, No advance.
Doppel anastigmate 111/6, entered at 152.50 Marks each No advance.
Doppel anastigmate IV/6, entered at 155. Marks each, No advance.
Doppel anastigmate IV/8, entered at 325. Marks each, No advance.
Similar goods similar prices.

3462..... ..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Bertram Herusanos, Humacao, April 19, 1896.
12248..... }

Testing 90.40, muscovado sugar, entered at 3.26½ advanced to 3.66 Porto Rico Currency per 100 lbs.
Testing 98.45, centrifugal sugar, entered at 4.15 advanced to 4.42 Porto Rico currency per 100 lbs.
Testing 94.25, molasses sugar, entered at 3.15 advanced to 3.68 Porto Rico currency per 100 lbs.

3665.... ..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from A. J. Webb, Jamaica, July 14, 1896.
12998..... }

Testing 90.60, entered at £8 13s. 2d. advanced to £8 18s. 3d. Sterling per ton of 2240 lbs.

806 O. P..... }
3200..... } *Silk & Cotton satin,* from P. Tabard, Lyons, June 10, 1896.
Phila..... }

60 c/m serge, quality 596, entered at .65 advanced to .70 Franc per meter.
60 c/m serge, quality 200, entered at .85 advanced to .93 Franc per meter.
Discount 20 per cent & 2 per cent. Add case and packing.

804 O. P.....
3193.....
807 O. P.....
3201..... *Mfs. of silk*, from J. Perrin, Lyons, June 10, 17 and 24, 1896.
810 O. P.....
3221.....
Phila.....

90 c/m astoria silk and cotton, piece dyed, entered at .98 advanced to 1.05 Francs per meter.

60 c/m crystal silk and cotton, piece dyed, entered at 1.05 advanced to 1.09 Francs per meter.

Less tare, discounts 20 per cent & 2 per cent, add case and packing.

803 O. P.....
3192 O.....
808 O. P.....
3205..... *Mfs. of silk*, from Bretthal & Co., Crefeld, June 10, 19, July 3, 1896.
814 O. P.....
3242.....
Phila.....

60 c/m quality XXII., entered at 2. advanced to 2.25 Marks per meter.

61 c/m quality XV. entered at 2.05 advanced to 2.30 Marks per meter.

Quality XXII. entered at 2.10 advanced to 2.25 Marks per meter.

Add packing charges.

795 O. P.....
3095.....
796 O. P.....
3138.....
801 O. P..... *Mfs. of silk*, from Meckel & Co., Elberfeld, April 30, May 16, June 4, June 25, July 2 &c. 1896.
3179.....
805 O. P.....
3199.....
&c.....
Phila.....

22″ H. silk reps, T T IV, entered at .92 advanced to 1.00 Mark per meter.

22″ H. silk reps, T T I. entered at 1.12 advanced to 1.22 Marks per meter.

24″ figured H. silk reps. XI. entered at 1.14 advanced to 1.25 Marks per meter.

24″ H. silk reps G. N. 2¾, entered at 1.20 advanced to 1.30 Marks per meter.

24″ H. silk reps G. N. 2½, entered at 1.17 advanced to 1.25 Marks per meter.

30″ H. silk reps, Quality S. C. entered at 2.05 advanced to 2.25 Marks per meter.

60″ H. silk reps, quality S. 00, entered at 3.10 advanced to 3.30 Marks per meter.

60″ H. silk reps, quality S 3, entered at 4.20 advanced to 4.50 Marks per meter.

60″ H. silk reps, quality S 4, entered at 4.50 advanced to 4.90 Marks per meter.

24″ black satin, 3, entered at .98 advanced to 1.07 Marks per meter.

21″ black figured silk, entered at 2.10 advanced to 2.30 Marks per meter.

51″ H. silk cloakings R, entered at 2.10 advanced to 2.30 Marks per meter.

24″ fancy tie silk, entered at .81 advanced to .89 Mark per meter.

51″ H. silk cloakings, entered at 2.60 advanced to 2.85 Marks per meter.

24″ satin 2 A. black, entered at .90 advanced to .98 Mark per meter.

Similar goods, similar advances.

Cases, packing &c. included.

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ADDITIONAL RULE FOR THE EXAMINATION AND APPRAISEMENT OF RAW SUGAR.

1896.
Department Circular No. 146.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.

Washington, D. C., October 16, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The regulations governing the sampling, classification, and appraisement of imported sugars, etc., prescribed by this Department under date of May 13, 1895 (Synopsis 16045), are hereby supplemented as follows:

The appraiser may require the importer, under section 16 of the Administrative Act, to report to him for his consideration, the polariscopic degree upon any settlement test, obtained by such importer for the purpose of purchase or sale, and may also require a sample which shall be identical with the sugar which was the subject of such settlement test.

The following form of affidavit shall be used for the above purpose:

I, ———, of the firm of ———, do solemnly swear that the settlement test obtained upon the sugar imported by ———, on the ——— of ———, 18—, per ———, was as follows: ——— degrees of the polariscope, and that the sugar, contained in the sample submitted by me to the appraiser, is identical with the sugar from which the sample was taken upon which such settlement test was obtained.

This affidavit may be administered by any officer duly authorized to administer oaths in customs cases.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

DEPARTURE FROM AND RETURN TO THIS COUNTRY OF REGISTERED CHINESE LABORERS.

1896.
Department Circular No. 147.
Division of Special Agents.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., October 17, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following opinion of the Attorney-General, dated October 14, 1896, in relation to the return to this country of registered Chinese laborers who failed to obtain the certificate prescribed by Article II of the treaty between the United States and China of March 17, 1894, and also as to the filing of certificates and other papers by such laborers prior to their departure from the United States, is published for the information and guidance of all concerned:

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,
Washington, D. C., October 14, 1896.

SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of October 10, 1896, in which you ask whether or not your Department can direct the admission of returning Chinese laborers who failed to obtain, before departure from this country, the certificate prescribed by Article II of the treaty between the United States and China of March 17, 1894, it appearing that such persons, before leaving this country, complied with all of the requirements affecting Chinese laborers who leave the United States with the purpose of returning, except that of procuring, from the Collector of Customs of the district from which they departed, certificates of their right to return.

The only provision for the return of Chinese laborers to the United States is under said article, which is as follows:

The preceding Article shall not apply to the return to the United States of any registered Chinese laborer who has a lawful wife, child, or parent in the United States, or property therein of the value of one thousand dollars, or debts of like amount due him and pending settlement. Nevertheless every such Chinese laborer shall, before leaving the United States, deposit, as a condition of his return, with the collector of customs of the district from which he departs, a full description in writing of his family, or property, or debts, as aforesaid and shall be furnished by said collector with such certificate of his right to return under this Treaty as the laws of the United States may now or hereafter prescribe and not inconsistent with the provisions of this Treaty; and should the written description aforesaid be proved to be false, the right of return thereunder, or of continued residence after return, shall in each case be forfeited. And such right of return to the United States shall be exercised within one year from the date of leaving the United States; but such right of return to the United States may be extended for an additional period, not to exceed one year, in cases where by reason of sickness or other cause of disability beyond his control, such Chinese laborer shall be rendered unable sooner to return—which facts shall be fully reported to the Chinese consul at the port of departure, and by him certified, to the satisfaction of the collector of the port at which such Chinese subject shall land in the United States. And no such Chinese laborer shall be permitted to enter the United States by land or sea without producing to the proper officer of the custom the return certificate herein required.

It has for a long time been the policy of Congress to exclude Chinese laborers from the United States.

Section 4 of the act approved July 5, 1884 (23 Stat., 115), provided for the return of Chinese laborers under certain stringent conditions.

By section 2 of the act approved October 1, 1888, the right of return given to Chinese laborers was entirely taken away.

The policy of the Government being against the admission of Chinese laborers, treaty provisions making exceptions should not be extended by construction to cases not falling within the plain scope of the language used.

I am of the opinion that the words "before leaving the United States" qualify the words "shall be furnished by said collector with such certificate of his right to return," and that it was the intent that each Chinaman should, before leaving, receive such certificate in order to entitle him to return.

If it be held that departing Chinese laborers can do what is affirmatively imposed upon them and leave the country with the right to have certificates forwarded, it is manifest that great confusion may arise, the certificates may not get to proper hands, and the burden of enforcing the exclusion acts may be thereby rendered much more onerous.

The rule promulgated by your Department, and which was in force when the case now present arose, provides that the collector of customs, "if he is satisfied that the person presenting the same is the Chinese laborer therein described, he shall issue to him, on his departure from said port, a certificate in the following form." (Synopsis, rulings and decisions, 1896, page 31.)

This rule, which is consistent with the provisions of the treaty, would, in effect, be destroyed if personal delivery be dispensed with.

I answer the question in the negative.

You also call attention to a regulation of your Department, which requires that Chinese laborers, who propose to leave the United States and return, shall file application, statement, etc., with the collector for the district within which the laborer resides, which collector is to certify the papers and forward the same to the collector of customs at the port of exit, and you ask whether or not such papers may be filed properly in the office of the collector of customs at the port where the Chinese laborer resides, in view of the requirement of Article II of the treaty, that such papers shall be placed by the laborer in the possession of the collector of customs for the district from which he is to depart.

I understand your question to be, in substance, whether or not your Department can require such papers to be filed by the laborer with the collector for the district within which he resides.

I am of the opinion that the departing laborer complies with the conditions necessary to demand a certificate, if he files the required papers "with the collector of customs of the district from which he departs," and that any rule directing him to file such papers with the collector of any other district imposes a condition not warranted by the treaty.

Respectfully,

JUDSON HARMON,
Attorney-General.

The SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

Collectors of customs are informed that hereafter returning Chinese laborers should not be admitted to this country except upon presentation of the certificate prescribed by Article II of the treaty between the United States and China, dated March 17, 1894, copy of which is embodied in Circular No. 206, dated December 28, 1894.

The regulations issued on December 28, 1894, for the departure from and return to this country of Chinese laborers are modified hereby in such manner as to require such laborers to file their applications, registration certificates, and other papers described in said regulations with the collector of customs at the port from which the laborers are to depart from this country. In all other respects the regulations referred to remain in force.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

FASTENINGS FOR PACKAGES, BONDED CARS, VESSELS, AND WAREHOUSES.

1896.
Department Circular No. 148.
Division of Appointments.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., October 21, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

From and after January 1, 1897, lead seals used in securing cars transporting appraised merchandise in bond and merchandise in transit through Canada will be furnished by Messrs. E. J. Brooks & Co., No. 51 Dey Street, New York, N. Y. The seal selected for the purpose indicated is known as the "Horse Shoe Seal." The price of said seal, which is to be furnished to the bonded common carriers by Brooks & Co., is $2.50 per 1,000.

The lock heretofore used on cars transporting unappraised merchandise and known as the "Beasley Registering Lock," will continue to be used and may be obtained by bonded carriers requiring them from William F. Beasley, No. 509 West Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Md., at the price heretofore paid, $2.50 each. The Department has no objection to the use of this lock for securing cars laden with appraised goods in bond or goods passing in transit through Canada between American ports, if bonded common carriers so elect.

Seals for use in securing packages and known as the "Button Seal" will also be furnished by Messrs. E. J. Brooks & Co., at $5 per 1,000, and customs officers will be supplied through the Department with such seals upon their requisition for the same. Presses for use with the car and package seals will be furnished by order of the Department upon requisition as heretofore.

This circular is not to be construed by customs officers as prohibiting the use of the seals furnished by the Buffalo Seal and Press Company now in possession of bonded common carriers, as such seals are to be used to the exclusion of all others until the 1st of January next, on and after which date the "Horse Shoe Seal" only will be used for securing bonded cars and vessels.

Customs officers are hereby instructed to advise representatives in their respective districts of bonded common carriers of the requirements of this circular.

The customs cards required to be placed upon vehicles transporting merchandise will continue to be used.

Collectors are directed to advise the Department as soon as practicable after the receipt of this circular of the number of presses for use in securing cars and packages required in their districts.

Locks for bonded warehouses will be furnished by the Ames Manufacturing Company of Chicopee, Massachusetts, at the rate of $7.50 per dozen.

This circular is to be regarded as superseding Circular No. 40, dated June 20, 1890.

S. WIKE,
Acting Secretary.

1896.
Department Circular No. 149.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., October 23, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending October 10, 1896.

S. WIKE,
Assistant Secretary.

REPORT OF REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING OCTOBER 10, 1896.

N. B.—*In corresponding with the Board of General Appraiser's relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.*

No. of reappraisement.

12426.....
12427.....
12428.....

Cotton shoe laces, from Ph. Barthels-Feldhoff, Barmen, April 30, May 7 and 21, 1896.

3/4, No. 53/13 russet cotton shoe laces, 2 gross boxes, entered at 1.24 advanced to 1.39 Marks per gross.

4/4, No. 40/470, black cotton shoe laces 2 gross boxes, entered at 1.20 advanced to 1.32 Marks per gross.

4/4 No. 32/243 black cotton shoe laces, spiral tagged 1 gross boxes, entered at 1.62 advanced to 1.73 Marks per gross.

4/4, No. 32/243, russet shoe laces, spiral tagged 1 gross boxes, entered at 1.68, advanced to 1.84 Marks per gross.

5/4 No. 60/710 buff cotton shoe laces, 2 gross boxes, entered at 2.32 advanced to 2.46 Marks per gross.

5/4 No. 40/470 black cotton shoe laces, 2 gross boxes, entered at 1.45 advanced to 1.58 Marks per gross.

3/4 No. 53/13 black cotton shoe laces 2 gross boxes, entered at 1.18 advanced to 1.30 Marks per gross.

5/4 No. 48/221 black cotton shoe laces spiral tagged 1 gross boxes, entered at 2.45 advanced to 2.56 Marks per gross.

6/4 No. 53/13 black cotton shoe laces 2 gross boxes, entered at 2.27 advanced to 2.51 Marks per gross.

12426.....
12427.....
12428..... } *Cotton shoe laces, etc.*—Continued.

3/4 No. 61/44 russet shoe laces, 2 gross boxes, entered at 1.46 advanced to 1.67 Marks per gross.
Similar goods similar advances.
Add cases and packing.

13170.....
13175..... } *Cotton netting, &c.*, from Pratt, Hurst & Co., Nottingham, August 22 and 29, 1896.

475 E & I. 466 E & I. and 464 I, 48″ fish net, entered at 3¼d. advanced to 3½d. Sterling per yard.
457 I, 48″ fish net, entered at 6½d. advanced to 7d. Sterling per yard.
Discount 2½ per cent, add cases and lining.
Less inland carriage.

13258.....*Colored cotton velvet*, from Stonard Botchevly, London, September 7, 1896.

17 lengths printed velveteen, entered at 2s. Sterling per yard, add case. No advance.

13262.....*Colored cotton velvet and unbleached cotton corduroy*, from Hithersay & Ramm, Manchester, September 11, 1896.

22″ black velvets No. 90, entered at 7¼d. advanced to 7¾d. Sterling per yard.
19″ colored velvets, No. 39, entered at 8½d. advanced to 9d. Sterling per yard.
27″ picker cords No. 55, entered at 7d. Sterling per yard. No advance.
27″ picker cords M. B., entered at 5¾d. Sterling per yard. No advance.
Less $\frac{1}{87}$th, discount 2½ per cent, add cases and making up.

13261.....*Cotton embroidery*, from Wm. Meyer & Co., St. Gall, August 3, 1896.

Embroidered shiffli cambric edges cut and put up, in wrappers.
Advanced 10 per cent.

13157..... .....
13198..... } *Cotton yarn*, from McConnel & Co., Ltd., Manchester July 29 and August 28, 1896.

No. 90, entered at 1s. 5½d. Sterling per lb. No advance.
No. 100 A, entered at 1s. 7½d. advanced to 1s. 9d. Sterling per lb.
No. 110 A, entered at 1s. 9d. advanced to 2s. Sterling per lb.
Add cases and packing. Discount 2½ per cent.

13269.....*Ground sumac*, from G. Batiaof, Palermo, August 26, 1891.

Prime fine ground sumac entered at 15. advanced to 16. Lire per 100 kilos.
Add bags.

13194.....*Flint glassware*, from Gebruder Gueiner, Penzig, June 16, 1896.

2/6″ gas argand chimneys entered at .18 Mark per dozen, No advance.
2/6″ gas argand chimneys, entered at .18 advanced to .30 Mark per dozen.
Less breakage 2 per cent. Cash discount 2 per cent. add crates at 2. Marks each.
Add packing, straw and paper at .05 Mark per dozen.

13254.....*Sword blades, &c.*, from Julius Voos, Solingen, August 31, 1896.

Sword blades 28″ to 32″ No. 114, 132 and 133, entered at 16.50 advanced to 19. Marks per dozen.
Less consul fee.

13243.....*Skins dressed and finished*, from Joh. Ludev Ranniger & Sohn, Altenburg, Sept. 1, 1896.

M. S. 802, glove leathers, entered at 207.50 advanced to 225.50 Marks per 100 skins.

13285..... .....*Silk handkerchiefs*, from E. T. Mason & Co., Yokohama, August 10, 1896.

23½ x 1¾ job, No. 247 white handkerchiefs, momme weight 55 entered at 3.61 advanced to 3.91 Silver Yen per dozen.

Add case and packing.

13268.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Wm. W. Howes, Montserrat, August 24, 1896.

Testing 83.30, muscovado sugar, entered at .01.35 advanced to .01.591875 U. S. Dollars per lb., avoirdupois.

12710.....*Cotton knit shirts and drawers*, from Jacques Schiesser, Radolfzell, June 20, 1896.

Shirts size 34/46, drawers size 28/44, Qual. 130 entered at 5.95 Marks per dozen, No advance.

Shirts size 38/46, drawers size 36/44, Qual. 1760/20. entered at 6.70 Marks per dozen, No advance.

Shirts size 42/46, drawers size 38/44 quality 1580, entered at 9.85 Marks per dozen, No advance.

Shirts size 40/46 drawers 36/44, quality 25, entered at 8.15 Marks per dozen, No advance.

Shirts size 40/48, drawers size 40/46, quality 1470, entered at 16.50 Marks per dozen, No advance.

Shirts size 34/50 drawers size 30/50, quality 1419, entered at 15. Marks per dozen, No advance.

3346 O. P..... Baltimore..... } *Sugar above 16 D. S.* from Vilrans & Gerloff, Braunschweig, August 25, 1896.

German granulated, entered at .02½ U. S. Dollar per lb. less N. D. charges, advanced to 11s. 5d. Sterling per Cwt. packed.

3271 O. P..... 3272 O. P..... 3273 O. P..... St. Paul ..... } *Maple sugar*, from R. B. Finck, Sherbrook, June 13, St. Francis and Quebec, July 22, 1896.

Sugar entered at from .07⅝ to .08 1/12 advanced to from .08½ to .08¾ U. S. Dollars per lb., packed.

3349 O. P..... San Francisco.. } *Cherries in syrup &c.*, from Arthur Azenia, Bordeaux, July 3, 1896.

Entered at 20.50 advanced to 21. Francs per case of 12 bottles, packed.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

3579..... 12641..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from ——— Danzig April 27, 1896.

Testing 88.35, beet root sugar, entered at 12.425 Marks per 50 kilos, less N. D. charges, discount 1¾ per cent advanced to 12s. 5.525d. Sterling per cwt., packed.

3645..... 12961..... } *Silk embroidered articles, mfs. of metal, silk and cotton* from E. Midani, Constantinople, June 17, 1896.

Advanced 10 per cent.

3673..... 13068..... } *Macaroni*, from Alfonso Garofalo, Gragnano, July 27, 1896.

2nd. quality entered at 4.20 advanced to 4.40 Lire per box.

2nd. quality in packages, entered at 5.20 advanced to 5.40 Lire per box.

3674..... ..... 13093..... } *Mfs. of cotton*, from Edward Orun & Co., Birmingham, August 13, 1896.

Black velveteen binding, "the shield" 1⅛" put up in 5 yard bolts entered at 4s. 1d. advanced to 4s. 3d. Sterling per gross.

Add case.

3694..... } *Mfs. of metal*, (*brass*) from Leoboldti Freres, Paris, July 13, 1896.
13063..... .....

Chains 161 A entered at 7.25 Francs per gross, and 161 S entered at 6.50 Francs per gross; discount 45 per cent.

Chains 161 A advanced to 7.20 Francs per gross and 161 S advanced to 6.40 Francs per gross.

Discount 35 per cent.

Add case and packing.

3691..... } *Chinese merchandise* (*decorated china &c.*) from King Yu Tai, Hongkong, August 7, 1896.
13201.....

Earthen cover cups, entered at 2.50 Mexican dollars per total of 10 bunches, No advance.

Earthen cover cups entered at 1.25 Mexican dollars per total of 5 bunches, No advance.

Earthen cover cups, entered at 3. advanced to 6. Mexican Dollars per total of 10 bunches.

Add cases.

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1896.
Department Circular No. 150.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., October 23, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending October 3, 1896.

S. WIKE,
Assistant Secretary.

REPORT OF REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING OCTOBER 3, 1896.

N. B.—*In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.*

No. of Reappraisement.

12845.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Fernando Pons, Guantanamo, June 24, 1896.
Testing 95.50, centrifugal sugar, entered at .02.4375 add bags, advanced to .02.5555 Spanish gold per lb., packed.

13191.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from S. L. Horsford & Co., Nevis, Aug. 16, 1896.
Testing 85.80, muscovado sugar, entered at .01.96 less N. D. charges, reappraised at .01.77 U. S. Dollars per lb. packed.

13233.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from S. Cummings & Co., Trinidad, Aug. 10, 1896.
Testing 93.25, muscovado sugar, entered at .02.05 advanced to .02.2228 U. S. Dollars per lb., packed.

13234.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Chas. J. Ward, Milk River Aug. 19, 1896.
Testing 91.65, muscovado sugar, entered at £9. 0s. 9d. and charge for transferring to wharf, advanced to £9. 8s. 11½d. Sterling per ton of 2240 lbs.

13235.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from L. C. Shirley, Falmouth, August 22, 1896.
Testing 90.70, muscovado sugar, entered at £9. 0s. 0d. advanced to £9. 6s. 3d. Sterling per ton of 2240 lbs.

13237.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Hidalgo & Co., Havana, August 22, 1896.
Testing 87.30, entered at .02$\frac{1}{16}$ less N. D. charges reappraised at .01.792 U. S. currency per lb., packed.

13240.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from W. W. Howes, Montserrat, August 24, 1896.

Testing 85.55, muscovado sugar, entered at .01.35 advanced to .01.754375 U. S. currency per lb. packed.

Testing 84., muscovado sugar, entered at .01.35 advanced to .01.6575 U. S. currency per lb., packed.

Testing 84.40, muscovado sugar, entered at .01.35 advanced to .01.6825 U. S. currency per lb., packed.

Testing 83.70, muscovado sugar, entered at .01.35 advanced to .01.629375 U. S. Currency per lb., packed.

Testing 85.20, muscovado sugar, entered at .01.35 advanced to .01.7325 U. S. currency per lb., packed.

13249..... .....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from W. W. V. Cormick, Arroya, August 22, 1896.

Testing 90.80, muscovado sugar, entered at 3.16 advanced to 3.25 Porto Rico currency per 100 lbs., packed.

13255.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Mirandolle, Samarang, January 30, 1896.

Testing 94.7609, entered at 7.90 reappraised at 7.8625 Florins per picul.

13231.....*Mfs. of cotton, N. S. P. F.*, from Asa Hardy & Co., Manchester, August 31, 1896.

2″ black, seal, and brown bias cotton velveteen, entered at 12S 6d. discount 6 per cent, add cases, No advance.

13259.....*Cotton lace curtains*, from B. Walker & Co., Ltd. Nottingham, September 11, 1896.

No. 1419 wt. curtains 53″ 3½ yards, entered at 5S 4d. advanced to 5s 6d Sterling per pair.

No. 4020, wt. curtains 50″ 3½ yards entered at 3s 7d advanced to 3s 9d Sterling per pair.

Add case, discount 2½ per cent, less carriage.

13270.....*Chinese merchandise*, from Sun Kwong Hop, Hongkong, July 7, 1896.

Bamboo, entered at 3. advanced to 6. Mexican dollars per total. of 60 pieces.

13230.....*Chinese merchandise*, from Chup Sung, Hongkong, July 7, 1896.

Dried bean sticks, entered at 2.40 advanced to 2.70 Mexican dollars per box. of 40 lbs.

China ware bowl, entered at 1.13 advanced to 2.40 Mexican dollars per box. of 12 rolls.

Salt bamboo shoot, entered at .50½ advanced to .55 Mexican dollar per jar. of 30 lbs.

6 Covered tea cups, with stands entered at 2.40 advanced to 3. Mexican dollars for all.

12612.....*Mfs. of silk*, from Galland & Dufour, Lyons, June 10, 1896.

American flags, 2x3, entered at .15 advanced to .25 Franc per dozen.

American flags, 4x6, entered at .55 advanced to .60 Franc per dozen.

American flags, 8x12, entered at 1.70 advanced to 1.85 Francs per dozen.

American flags, 12x18, entered at 3.75 advanced to 4. Francs per dozen.

American flags, 16x24, entered at 7.50 advanced to 8. Francs per dozen.

American flags, 24x36, entered at 15. advanced to 16.50 Francs per dozen.

American flags, 32x48, entered at 29. advanced to 31. Francs per dozen.

Discount 20 per cent.

13164.....*Mfs. of wool*, from Schunck & Co., Leeds, August 12, 1896.

No. 394 fancy worsted, 57″, entered at 3s. 9d. advanced to 4s. Sterling per yard, less $\frac{1}{37}$th, discount 2½ per cent, add making up and packing.

13215. .....*Sauce*, from Scheele & Co., Hongkong, March 28, 1896.

Soy, entered at 14. Mexican dollars per cask, discount 2 per cent.

No advance.

13042.....*Fruit in own juice*, from F. A. Bowles, Governors Harbor, August 14, 1896.
Canned pineapple, entered at .50 advanced to .55 U. S. Dollar per dozen.
Add packing charges at .18 dollar per dozen.

13242.....*Vegetables, N. O. P. F.*, from Marco Crapanzano, Naples, August 13, 1896.
Garlic, entered at 9. Lire per 100 kilos. No advance.

13209.....*Smokers articles*, from Salvatore de Virso, Napoli, August 14, 1896.
2 cases of pipes, entered at 40. advanced to 44. Lire per total.

13247.....*Dressed furs on the skin*, from Henry Bennet, London, September 4, 1896.
Alaska seals, entered at 70s. and 83s. Sterling each. Discount 2½ per cent, lot money 2s. 6d. brokerage 46/6, dressing and dyeing, cases, packing, &c., advanced by addition of amount of interest and advance of 5 per cent, added to invoice but deducted on entry.

13222.....*Mfs. of straw*, from R. A. Burgisser, Florence, August 31, 1896.
Leghorn hats, white, quality 1, entered at various prices advanced by addition of cost of cases and cartons.

13216.....*Paper N. O. P. F.*, from Steinbach & Co., Malmedy, August 29, 1896.
Plain paper for copying, drawing, and plans, 107 c/m, entered at 2. marks per kilo, less 2 per cent rebate and 3 per cent discount, add cases, advanced by disallowance of 2 per cent rebate.

12891.....*Cotton, flax, &c.*, from W. Weddiger, Rittershausen, June, 16, 1896.
12/3 yards, silver flax tape No. 4, entered at 2.85 Marks per dozen, No advance.
12/3 yards, silver flax tape, No. 1/16, entered at .95 Mark per dozen. No advance.
Reduction to measure 12/3.
500 yard spools red tape, quality 1, No. 1/2, entered at .66 Mark per spool, Noadvance.
500 yard spools red tape quality 1, No. 3/4, entered at .84 Mark per spool, No advance.
500 yard spools red tape, quality 1, No. 1, entered at .93 Mark per spool, No advance.
Reduction to measure 144/500.
400 yard spools white tape, No. 5/8 entered at .74 Mark per spool, No advance.
Reduction to measure 144/400.

13219.....*Wool dress goods*, from Burgess, Petel & Co., Roubaix, September 4, 1896.
All wool black cashmere 44/45″, entered at 1.45 reappraised at 1.44 Francs per meter.
All wool black cashmere waterproof, 16 twill, entered at 1.55½ reappraised at 1.54 Francs per meter.
All wool black cashmere waterproof, 14 twill, entered at 1.25 advanced to 1.39½ Francs per meter.
All wool black cashmere waterproof, 16 twill, entered at 1.40 advanced to 1.54 Francs per meter.
Discount 5 per cent. Add cases and packing.

13232... ....*Colored cotton velvet*, from Elson & Neill, Manchester, September 4, 1896.
23″ black velvet, entered at 11⅜d Sterling per yard, less $\frac{1}{37}$th, add expenses at 1s., discount 2½ per cent, add cases, No advance.

13203.....*Furniture of wood*, from N. & F. Herzog, Fils, successor, Paris, August 31, 1896.
One cabinet, entered at 100. advanced to 125. Francs.

13097 .....*Wool dress goods*, from J. Warnier & P. David, Roubaix, August 10, 1896.
44″ black cashmere 14 twill, No. 195, entered at 1.35 Francs per meter, discount 12 per cent and 3 per cent, advanced to 1.29 Francs per meter, Discount 5 per cent.
44″ black cashmere 17 twill, No. 200, entered at 1.62 Francs per meter, discounts 12 per cent and 3 per cent, advanced to 1.52 Francs per meter, discount 5 per cent.
Add rolling at .25 Franc per piece, add case and packing.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

3684..... .....
12974.....
Castile soap, from A. K. Vernam, Smyrna, April 20, 1896.
Olive oil castile soap, entered at .02¼ advanced to .03½ U. S. Currency per lb.

3650.....
12882..... .....
Colored cotton velvet, &c., from Balstone, Cooke & Co., Manchester, July 17, 1896.
211, 21½″ black velveteen, entered at 6d. advanced to 6½d. Sterling per yard.
213, 21½″, black velveteen, entered at 6¼d. advanced to 6¾d. Sterling per yard.
215, 21½″ black velveteen, entered at 7d. advanced to 7½d. Sterling per yard.
Less measure $\frac{1}{37}$th, discount 2½ per cent, add cases and packing.

3604..... .....
12601.....
Sugar not above 16 D. S. from T. Umbach, Ponce, May 6, 1896.
Testing 88. entered at .02.365 advanced to .02.834 Porto Rico currency per lb., packed.

3679.....
13104.....
Sugar not above 16 D. S. from C. Tennant, Trinidad, August 3, 1896.
Testing 92.80, muscovado sugar, entered at .02.057, add filling, advanced to .02.24375 U. S. Dollars per lb., packed.

3686.....
13120.....
Sugar not above 16 D. S. from Schenker & Co., Prag, July 23, 1896.
Testing 89.81, entered at from 9s. 2.469d. to 9s. 5.957d. less N. D. charges, advanced to 8s. 11.715d. Sterling per cwt., packed.

3668.....
13013.....
Flax collars and cuffs, from Richard Horstmann, Berlin, July 15, 1896.
Hatton, sizes 12½/14, entered at 3.66$\frac{1}{10}$ advanced to 3.80 Marks per dozen.
Holless, sizes 12½/14½, entered at 3.81½ advanced to 3.95 Marks per dozen.
Houdah, sizes, 13/14½, entered at 4.90 advanced to 5. Marks per dozen.
Hawthorne, cuffs, sizes 9/10, entered at 5.23½ advanced to 5.75 Marks per dozen.
Sheridan club, 14½/16½, entered at 3.35½ advanced to 3.70 Marks per dozen.
Hubert, sizes, 14½/16½, entered at 3.81½ advanced to 4.15 Marks per dozen.
Holbein, sizes, 14½/16½, entered at 3.65 advanced to 3.90 Marks per dozen.
Henrique, cuffs, sizes, 9/10½, entered at 6.01¾ advanced to 6.12 Marks per dozen.
Add cases and packing.
Similar goods similar advances.

3443.....
11928.....
3444.....
11929.....
3445.....
11930.....
} *Cotton shoe laces,* from Ph. Barthels—Feldhoff, Barmen, April 1, 9 and 16, 1896.

6/4, No. 75, paragon black 1 gross boxes, entered at 2.04 advanced to 2.24 Marks per gross.

6/4, No. 48/221, paragon russet, 2 gross boxes, entered at 2.30 advanced to 2.34 Marks per gross.

4/4 No. 48/756 black, 2 gross boxes, entered at 1.32 advanced to 1.40 Marks per gross.

5/4 No. 48/756, black, 2 gross boxes, entered at 1.60 advanced to 1.68 Marks per gross.

45″, No. 48/221, black, special tagged 1 gross boxes, entered at 2.45 advanced to 2.56 Marks per gross.

4/4 No. 32/84, russet, 2 gross boxes, entered at 1. advanced to 1.01 Marks per gross.

3/4, No. 53/13, russet, 2 gross boxes, entered at 1.28 advanced to 1.36 Marks per gross.

3/4 No. 61/44, black, 2 gross boxes, entered at 1.44 advanced to 1.56 Marks per gross.

5/4, No. 60/710 black, 2 gross boxes, entered at 2.20 advanced to 2.30 Marks per gross.

5/4, No. 32/243 black spiral tagged 1 gross boxes entered at 1.84 advanced to 2. Marks per gross.

4/4 No. 48/221, tan 2 gross boxes, entered at 1.60 advanced to 1.62 Marks per gross.

5/4 No. 48/221, russet, 2 gross boxes, entered at 1.95 advanced to 1.99 Marks per gross.

5/4 No. 53/13 black, 2 gross boxes, entered at 1.88 advanced to 2. Marks per gross.

5/4 No. 48/221, black spiral tagged 1 gross fancy boxes, entered at 2.45 advanced to 2.56 Marks per gross.

Add cases, packing &c.

Similar goods similar advances.

O

1896.
Department Circular No. 151.
Division of S., P., and B.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., October 31, 1896.

To Heads of Bureaus, Treasury Department,
and Chiefs of Divisions, Secretary's Office:

Your attention is specially called to the appended circular of the Public Printer, the objects of which are to facilitate the prompt, orderly, and satisfactory execution of work at the Government Printing Office, and to advance the interests of economy in the expenditure of appropriations for public printing and binding. The persons in the several bureaus of the Department and divisions of the Secretary's Office who have been designated under the provisions of Department Circular No. 95, of 1894, to make requisitions and see to the proper preparation of printer's copy, are hereby directed to observe and carefully carry out these instructions of the Public Printer.

W. E. CURTIS,
Acting Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE PUBLIC PRINTER,
Washington, D. C., October 24, 1896.

To enable the mechanical divisions of this office to do their work economically and promptly, to prevent costly corrections, and to facilitate the best typographical results, the officers having charge of requisitions for printing and binding in the different Departments are requested to give careful attention to the filling out of requisition blanks.

This office will, hereafter, require instructions to be given on the requisition (not on copy or proof), and details should be explicit and free from misconstruction.

You are requested to read carefully the following paragraphs, which are embodied in requisition blanks, and see that the requisition contains the necessary instructions for the particular class of work for which it is drawn:

BLANKS.

Kind of type.—Roman, script, etc.
Proof.—Yes or no.
Electrotyped.—Yes or no. (All permanent forms should be electrotyped.)
Paper.—White or colored (light or dark).
Size, in inches.—All blanks should conform to standard sizes of paper or multiples thereof, as—

* **Cap**	14 by 17 inches.	Double folio	22 by 34 inches.
* **Double cap**	17 by 28 inches.	Medium	18 by 23 inches.
* **Demy**	16 by 21 inches.	Royal	19 by 24 inches.
* **Double demy**	21 by 32 inches.	Super royal	20 by 28 inches.
Folio	17 by 22 inches.	Imperial	23 by 31 inches.

[* **NOTE.—Treasury Department Circular No. 95, dated August 15, 1894, adopted cap (14 by 17) and demy (16 by 21), or their multiples, as the standard sizes for blank forms going into the files, and these sizes must be used as far as practicable.**]

Ink.—Black, blue, red, green, etc.; if copying, color must always be stated.
Ruling.—Yes or no.
Perforated.—Yes or no.
Numbered.—Yes or no, from —— to ——.
Tablets.—Yes or no. (State number sheets each, strawboard or manila-board backs.)
Gummed.—Yes or no; if jacket form—seal—yes or no.
Fold.—Yes or no, once, twice, etc., to certain size, in 3's, 4's, 5's, 6's, etc., jacket form.
Stitched.—Yes or no.
Sewed.—Yes or no.
Deliver—where.

BOOKS AND PAMPHLETS.

Kind of type.—Long primer, brevier, nonpareil.
Size of page covered by type.
Size of book.—4°, 8°, 12°, 16°.
Proof.—Yes or no.
Electrotyped.—Yes or no.
Paper.
Stitched or sewed.
Trimmed.—Yes or no.
Cover.—Yes or no. If yes, state color—dark blue, light blue, brown, tea, granite, terra cotta, quaker drab, robin's egg, or assorted.
Binding.—Cloth (black, red, green, blue, brown, etc., light or dark), sheep, roan, morocco; full, half; black, blue, red, maroon, etc.; sides—cloth, comb paper, etc.
Lettered.—Side or back.
Illustrations.
Deliver—where.

RECORD BOOKS.

Size of leaf (in inches).
Number of leaves.
Paper.—White, blue; light or dark, etc.; heavy or light.
Paged.—Yes or no.
Canvas cover.—Yes or no.
Style of binding.—Russia ends and bands, half russia, or half russia plain, full russia extra, full russia plain.
Patent back.—Yes or no.
Philadelphia patent back.—Yes or no.
Index.—Yes or no.
Tags.—Yes or no; loose or inserted.
Back title.—Yes or no.
Side title.—Yes or no; morocco or paper.
Deliver—where.

If, after work is under way, changes from original instructions are desired to be made, they should be stated in writing and addressed to the Public Printer. Instructions given verbally or by telephone will not be entertained.

Where uniformity with issues of previous volumes, pamphlets, or blank books is desired, a sample copy must accompany the requisition.

The act providing for the public printing and binding gives the Public Printer authority to determine the "forms and style in which the printing or binding ordered by any of the Departments shall be executed," as well as the "materials, size and kind of type to be used."

Due regard will be given, however, to the wishes of the proper representatives of Departments ordering work WHEN THEY DO NOT CONFLICT WITH PROPER ECONOMY AND WORKMANSHIP.

A separate requisition must be made with each order. This will save time, trouble, etc., as well as diminish the chances of making errors. It is not necessary, however, to make separate requisition for printing and binding when books are ordered. This office is not authorized to furnish blank paper, and all requisitions must be for printing or binding.

Under the law all books must be bound in plain sheep or cloth, except that record and account books may be bound in russia leather, sheep fleshers, and skivers, when authorized by the head of a Department. The libraries of the several Departments, the Library of Congress, the libraries of the Surgeon General's Office, the Patent Office, and the Naval Observatory may have *books for the exclusive use of said libraries* bound in half turkey, or material no more expensive.

Copy must invariably accompany the requisition and should be attached thereto—requisition on top. Making a requisition for a certain form of book, and referring to an order for work of a similar style made weeks or months previously, is liable to lead to mistakes and delays, and such requests will not be entertained by this office. Material accompanying a requisition must always have the number of the requisition on the outside of the wrapper.

Requisitions requesting a messenger for instructions concerning binding must state name of officer upon whom the messenger should call, number of room, etc.

Proof of new forms will always be sent, unless otherwise requested. The *original copy must be returned with the proof*, else the work is delayed and errors are liable to occur.

All inquiries in regard to the progress of work should be made by the officer having charge of the printing and binding for each Department, and be addressed to Chief Clerk, Government Printing Office, by letter or telegram. Always give the number of requisition.

Requisitions for work containing illustrations should state whether or not it is desired that this office should furnish illustrations. Give number of illustrations, and if it is necessary to reduce, give the necessary instructions on the margin of each illustration. In ordering illustrations, make size as near uniform as possible, so as to accommodate size of paper, etc.

Work is made "special" by the indorsement of the Chief Clerk, and REQUESTS OF THIS CHARACTER SHOULD ONLY BE MADE WHEN ACTUALLY NECESSARY. All "special" requests should be by letter or Government telegraph line, giving date when wanted and name of officer making the request, and **the reason for desiring the work to be made "special" should be plainly stated.**

Copy should be **carefully prepared and edited** previous to being sent to this office, and not in the proof, thus saving much time in the execution of the work and unnecessary charges against Department allotments.

TH. E. BENEDICT,
Public Printer.

1896.
Department Circular No. 152.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., November 2, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending October 17, 1896.

W. E. CURTIS,
Acting Secretary.

REPORT OF REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING OCTOBER 17, 1896.

N. B.—*In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.*

No. of reappraisement.

13214, 13229, 13322 — *Macaroni*, from Amillo Scala & Alfonso Garofalo, Torre Annunziata, August 14, 1896, and Gragnano, August 14, 1896.
2nd. quality, entered at from 4.08 to 4.20 advanced to 4.20 Lire per box of 11 kilos.

13251 — *Macaroni*, from Michele dello Jojo, Gragnano, August 29, 1896.
1st. quality, entered at 4.24 advanced to 4.45 lire per box.

13286 — *Mfs. of metal (cartridges)* from Markt & Co. Ltd., Hamburg, June 10, 1896.
2680/ caliber 32 S & W lubricated, entered at 9.55 advanced to 9.83 Marks per 1000.
2680/ caliber 38 S & W lubricated, entered at 12.20 advanced to 12.56 Marks per 1000.

13337 — *Chinese merchandise*, from Sun Kwong Hop, Hongkong, August 15, 1896.
Cotton shoes, entered at .50 Mexican dollar per pair, No advance.

13314 — *Mfs. of cotton and metal*, from L. Mandel, Havre, September 18, 1896.
Tapis 130, entered at 4.55 advanced to 4.75 Francs each.
Tapis 100/100 entered at 2.95 advanced to 3. Francs each.
Gucridons 170/210, entered at 12.50 advanced to 13.50 Francs each.
Entered discount 6 per cent advanced discount 3½ per cent, add packing.

13348 — *Silk wearing apparel*, from Camille & Valentine, Paris, September 23, 1896.
Silk capes, trimmed hats &c., entered at 475. advanced to 520. Francs per total.

13308 — *Cod Liver Oil*, from Otto S. Jervell & Co., Aalesund, August 28, 1896.
Entered at 127.60 advanced to 130. Krowns per barrel.
Add barrels at 6. Krowns each.

13327..... .....*Cod Liver oil*, from Richard Williamsen, Christiania, September 11, 1896.
Entered at 132.32 Krowns per barrel, No advance.
Add barrels at 6. Krowns each.

13225.....*Fusil oil*, from Philipp Bauer & Co., Hamburg, August 28, 1896.
Entered at 17.50 Marks per 100 kilos, plus barrels at 3.50 Marks per barrel, advanced to 21. Marks per 100 kilos, including barrels.

13113..... .....*Steel boiler flues*, from John Brown & Co., Ltd., Sheffield, June 24, 1896.
Flues, 3 feet, 4 inches inside diameter, by 8 feet 11 inches long by 9/16 inches, entered at £38 10s. advanced to £50 10s. Sterling per flue.

13099..... } *Decorated glassware*, from Salviati & Co., Venezia August 1 and 6, 1896.
13169..... }
Cups, saucers, vases etc., entered at a discount of 50 per cent.
No advance.

13282.....*Cotton shoe laces*, from Carl Paas & Son, Barmen, September 2, 1896.
4/4 art. 605 black 2 gross boxes, entered at 1.56 Marks per gross, No advance.
4/4 Art. 1134 black, 2 gross boxes, entered at 1.45 Marks per gross, No advance.
40″ art. 1134, black, 2 gross boxes, entered at 1.61 Marks per gross, No advance.
3/4 art. 73 fine black 2 gross boxes entered at 1.89 Marks per gross, No advance.
Cash discount 2½ per cent. Deduction of inland freight disallowed.

13263.....*Cotton lace curtains*, from Heymann & Alexander, Nottingham, September 10, 1896.
No. 120 white single tie 54″ 3½ yards, entered at 4s. 10½d. advanced to 5s. Sterling per pair.
No. 50 ecru single tie 63″, 3½ yards, entered at 5s. 6d. advanced to 6s. Sterling per pair.
No. 58 ecru, single tie 63″, 3½ yards, entered at 5s. 7d. advanced to 6s. Sterling per pair.
No. 58 ecru single tie 63″ 4 yards, entered at 6s. 4½d. advanced to 6s. 10½d. Sterling per pair.
No. 56 ecru single tie 63″, 4 yards, entered at 6s. 0½d. advanced to 6s. 6½d. Sterling per pair.
Add case and packing, less inland carriage.

11951.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Rust Trowbridge & Co., Trinidad, March 21, 1896.
Testing 92.30, centrifugal, entered at .02.55 advanced to .02.653 U. S. Dollar per lb., packed.

13319.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Samuel Abbott, St. Kitts, August 27, 1896.
Testing 80.60, muscovado sugar, entered at .01.42 add hogsheads, advanced to .01.33875 U. S. Dollar per lb., packed.

13250.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Folme & Runge, Stettin, August 6, 1896.
Testing 89.62, entered at 9.50 and 9.75, less N. D. charges, advanced to 9.547 Marks per 50 kilos., packed.

13301..... .....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from A. Hartmann & Co., Arroya, August 22, 1896.
Testing 90.68, entered at .02.9 less N. D. charges advanced to .03.24505 Porto Rico Currency per Spanish lb. packed.

13303.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Nicholas Castano, Cienfuegos, August 17, 1896.
Testing 93.30, centrifugal, entered at .02¼ less N. D. charges, advanced to .02.1231 U. S. Currency per Spanish lb., packed.
Testing 89.30, molasses sugar, entered at .01⅝ less N. D. charges, advanced to .01.838225 U. S. currency per Spanish lb., packed.

13300. .....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from A. J. Camacho & Co., Antigua, August 25, 1896.

Testing 88.55, muscovado sugar, entered at .01.62½ advanced to .01.941875 U. S. dollar per lb., avoirdupois.

Testing 78.20, muscovado sugar, entered at .01.18¾ advanced to .01.11375 U. S. dollar per lb., avoirdupois.

Testing 86.30, muscovado sugar, entered at .01.85 advanced to .01.80125 U. S. dollar per lb., avoirdupois.

13283.....*Flax lace tidies &c.*, from Lahey & Duncan, Paris, September 9, 1896.

151/16274 linen renaissance tidies, entered at 13.45 advanced to 14. Francs per piece.

220, linen renaissance tidies, entered at 19.20, advanced to 21. Francs per piece.

230, linen renaissance tidies, entered at 10.50 advanced to 11. Francs per piece.

231, linen renaissance tidies, entered at 12.40 Francs per piece, No advance.

Similar goods similar advances. Add cases.

13211.....*Flax lace tidies*, from Kiefe Freres, Paris, September 2, 1896.

527, voiles, 20″ renaissauce linens, entered at 1.70, advanced to 1.80 Francs per piece.

527, canapes 18x54″ renaissance linens, entered at 5, advanced to 5.50 Francs per piece.

6589, voiles, 18x54″ renaissance linens, entered at 6.50 advanced to 7. Francs per piece.

Discount 3 per cent.

3403 renaissance linens, 30″ entered at 6. advanced to 6.50 Francs per piece.

3403, renaissance linens, 18x54″ entered at 6. Francs per piece, No advance.

3453, renaissance linens, 20x36″ entered at 3.50 advanced to 3.75 Francs per piece.

Discount 4 per cent. Add cases and packing.

3352 O.P..... Philadelphia... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from I. V. Drake, Magdeburg, July 24, 1896.

Analysis 89.69, beet root, entered at 8.61 advanced to 9.448 Marks per 50 kilos, packed.

Analysis 89.50, beet root, entered at 8.61 advanced to 9.435 Marks per 50 kilos, packed.

3313 O. P..... St. Albans..... } *Chemical compound*, (*Phenacetine*) from ———, Montreal, July 18, 1896.

100 packages of 500 grammes each, entered at 300. advanced to 418.50 U. S. Dollars per total.

3308 O. P..... Buffalo..... { *White pine lumber*, from J. W. Howry & Sons, Fort Erie, Canada.

Pine lumber, entered at 5.50 advanced to 8.50 U. S. Dollars per 1000 feet.

3338 O. P..... San Francisco.. } *Enameled metal ware, mfs. of metal &c.*, from Rheinhold & Co., Hamburg, March 14, 1896.

Entered at a discount of 11 per cent, less deduction of inland freight, No advance.

3334 O. P..... Philadelphia... } *Musical instrument*, from ——— Liverpool, ———, 1896.

Piano organ, entered at £13. 0s. 0d. Advanced to £15. 0s. 0d. Sterling.

3336 O. P..... Philadelphia... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from ——— Port Louis, April 7, 1896.

Entered at 7.22 Rupees per 50 kilos advanced to .0190 U. S. dollars per pound, packed.

3340 O. P..... Philadelphia... } *Sugar above 16 D. S.* from Robert Crooks & Co., Liverpool, August 22, 1896.

Tates, fourths, entered at 11s. 1½d., discount 2½ per cent, No advance.

3341 O. P.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Robert Crooks & Co., Liverpool, August 22, 1896.

Tates, fifths, entered at 8s. 9d. advanced to 9s. 3d. Sterling per cwt., discount 2½ per cent, No advance.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

3711..... } *Flax yarn*, from Robert Stewart & Son, Lisburn, September 9, 1896.
13271..... }

Red star grey 6 cord 1 lb. balls papered, entered at 22s. advanced to 24s. Sterling per dozen.

Discount 25 per cent. Add cases and bales. Less N. D. charges.

3708..... } *Prepared vegetables*, from B. Meridini, Palermo, August 17, 1896.
13218..... }

Antichokes, entered at .30 advanced to .339 Lira per case.

Add cases.

3467..... ..... } *Mfs. of metal, decorated china and earthenware, ivory &c.* from M. Beiber, Yokohama, April 26, 1896, and Hiogo, August 17, 1895.
12358..... }
3676..... }
9978..... }

Cloisonné vases, entered at 1.50 advanced to 2 Silver Yen per pair.

Cloisonné vases, entered at 3.50 advanced to 4.50 Silver Yen per pair.

Assorted ivory carvings, entered at 4.25 advanced to 6. Silver Yen per piece.

Ivory carvings, entered at 10. advanced to 20. Silver Yen per piece.

Tyson porcelain vases, entered at 4. advanced to 5. Silver Yen per pair.

Tyson porcelain lamp stands, entered at 5. advanced to 6.25 Silver Yen per pair.

Add packing, boxes etc.

Similar goods similar advances.

3696..... . } *Mfs. of flax*, from Henry Matier & Co., Ltd., Belfast, July 8, 15, 22, and 29, 1896.
13031..... |
3697..... |
13033..... |
3700..... |
13032..... |
&c..... ..... }

64″ cream damask, 338, Union, entered at 7¼d. advanced to 7¾d. Sterling per yard.

66″ bleached damask, 40 x linen, entered at 14¼d. advanced to 15½d. Sterling per yard.

70″ cream damask, 1000, 42 B, linen, entered at 12½d. advanced to 13½d. Sterling per yard.

72″ cream damask, 29, 14 B, linen, entered at 10¾d. advanced to 11⅞d. Sterling per yard.

54″ bleached damask, 53, 62, linen, entered at 8¾d. advanced to 9½d. Sterling per yard.

72″ bleached damask, 59, A. 50, linen, entered at 17½d. advanced to 19¼d. Sterling per yard.

Cream damask union, 200 20, D., entered at 5⅝d. advanced to 5½d. Sterling per yard.

70″ bleached damask No. 91, No. 140 R, entered at 11½d. advanced to 12½d. Sterling per yard.

72″ bleached damask 468 R, 156 R, linen, entered at 15¾d. advanced to 16¼d. Sterling per yard.

22/40 hem'd. huck towels, union, 441, entered at 3s. 6½d advanced to 3s. 10d. Sterling per dozen.

3/4 damask napkins, linen, 1850, entered at 6s. advanced to 6s. 6d. Sterling per dozen.

22/43 fringed huck towels, 127, entered at 5s. 7½d. advanced to 6s. Sterling per dozen.

Discount 3½ per cent. Add cases and packing.

Similar goods similar advances.

1896.
Department Circular No. 153.

Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., November 9, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending October 24, 1896.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

REPORT OF REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING OCTOBER 24, 1896.

N. B.—***In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.***

No. of Reappraisement.

13391..... *Wool dress goods*, from Rouquairol & Demetre, Paris, September 28, 1896:

Armure, 108 c/m quality 249, entered at 1.80 Francs per meter, No advance.
Serge, 124 c/m, quality 160, entered at 1.12 advanced to 1.15 Francs per meter.
Serge, 114 c/m, quality 60, entered at 1. advanced to 1.03 Francs per meter.
Cheviotte, 113, c/m, quality 337, entered at 1.35 Francs per meter, No advance.
Diagonale, 124 c/m, quality 158, entered at 1.22 advanced to 1.35 Francs per meter.
Cheviotte 124 c/m, quality 289, entered at 1.32 Francs per meter, No advance.
Discount 6 per cent. Add cases and packing. Less N. D. charges.

13347 ..... *Hatters furs not on the skin*, from M. Frankel, Tarnow, August 31, 1896:

Kennichen & haasenruckinhaare, entered at 1.25 advanced to 1.30 Florins per kilo.
Kennichen & haasenruckinhaare, entered at 3.50 advanced to 4.20 Florins per kilo.
Add cases.

13220..... } *Wool dress goods*, from Rodier, Paris, September 1, 1896.
13221..... }

Quality 2101, soie laine cotton and metal, entered at 7.75 advanced to 10. Francs per meter.
Quality 2059, laine, entered at 3.25 advanced to 4.50 Francs per meter.
Quality 2061, laine and cotton, entered at 4. advanced to 5.25 Francs per meter.
Quality 2104, noir laine, entered at 3.25 advanced to 3.55 Francs per meter.
Quality 728, laine and metal, entered at 6.75 advanced to 10. Francs per meter.
Quality 2009, laine, metal and cotton, entered at 4.25 advanced to 5.40 Francs per meter.
Quality 2096, soie, laine, cotton and metal, entered at 7.25 advanced to 8.50 Francs per meter.

13220..... } *Wool dress goods, etc.*—Continued.
13221..... .....}

Quality 2089, soie, laine and cotton, entered at 7.25 advanced to 10. Francs per meter.

Quality 662, Laine, entered at 1.90 advanced to 2.05 Francs per meter.

Quality 1832, noir lane, entered at 2.25 advanced to 2.45 Francs per meter.

Quality 1823, noir mohair, entered at 2.75 advanced to 3. Francs per meter.

Quality 1777 noir mohair, entered at 3.50 advanced to 3.80 Francs per meter.

Add cases and packing.

13346.....*Sweetmeats, decorated earthenware, &c.*, from Chap Sang, Hongkong, August 10, 1896.

2 cases of Preserved ginger, entered at 1.60 advanced to 2.60 Mexican dollars per total.

50 rolls of Flowered earthen jars, entered at 7. advanced to 7.50 Mexican dollars per total.

13318.....*Mfs. of cotton, N. S. P. F.* from Edward Owens & Co., Birmingham, September 14, 1896.

Black 1⅛″ 4 yard bolts, velveteen dress binding, entered at 4s. 1d. Sterling per yard, No advance.

Colors 1⅛″ 5 yard bolts, velveteen dress binding, entered at 4s. 6d. Sterling per yard, No advance.

Add cases.

13373.....*Paper, N. O. P. F.*, from Steinbach & Co., Malmedy, September 19, 1896.

Plain paper for copying designs and plans, entered at 1. Mark per kilo, discount 3 per cent, add cases, No advance.

13390.....*Orange barrels*, from E. Godinez & Co., Havana, October 3, 1896.

Empty barrels, entered at .15 Peso per barrel, No advance.

13272.....*Mfs. of silk and cotton*, from Albert Lehmann, Lyons, September 10, 1896.

Cotton cloth 72 c/m blanc and noir, entered at .37 advanced to .42 Franc per meter.

Discount 20 per cent.

13332.....*Colored cotton velvet*, from Tootal Broadhurst, Lee Co., Ltd., Manchester, September 21, 1896.

21/2″ colored velvet, No. 100, entered at 8½d. advanced to 9d. Sterling per yard.

23/4″ colored velvet, No. 200, entered at 9½d. advanced to 10d. Sterling per yard.

Less $\frac{1}{37}$th, add making up at 1s. per piece Discount 3 per cent Add cases &c.

13334... .....*Colored cotton velvet and corduroy*, from Hardt & Co., Manchester, September 18, 1896.

27″ black cords, quality 558, entered at 7⅜d. Sterling per yard, No advance.

28″ black and white cords, quality 708, entered at 11¾d. advanced to 12¾d. Sterling per yard.

Less $\frac{1}{37}$th. Discount 2¾ per cent,

Add making up at 4½d. per piece,

Advanced further by the addition of 2 per cent commission.

13199..... } *Cotton lace curtains*, from W. E. Meats & Co., Nottingham, August 20, September 24,
13371..... } 1896.

Wk. No. 7036, curtains, 3½ yards, entered at 5s. 9d. Sterling per pair, No advance.

W. T. No. 103 curtains, 3½ yards, entered at 2s. 10d. advanced to 3s. 2d. Sterling per pair.

E. K. No. 6300, curtains, 3½ yards, entered at 4s. 4d. Sterling per pair, No advance.

E. K. No. 6495, curtains, 3½ yards, entered at 4s. 6d. advanced to 4s. 8d. Sterling per pair.

W. K. No. 106, curtains, 3½ yards, entered at 5s. advanced to 5s. 3d. Sterling per pair.

13199..... } *Cotton lace curtains, etc.*—Continued.
13371..... }

W. K. No. 7154, curtains 3½ yards, entered at 5s. 3d. advanced to 5s. 6d. Sterling per pair.

W. K. No. 131, curtains, 3½ yards, entered at 5s. 2d. advanced to 5s. 9d. Sterling per pair.

W. T. No. 135, curtains, 3½ yards, entered at 4s. 6d. Sterling per pair, No advance.

E. T. No. 132 3½ yards, 54″, entered at 2s. 6d. advanced to 2s. 8d. Sterling per pair.

Discount 2½ per cent. Less inland carriage. Add cases.

13367.....*Mfs. of silk*, from H. Scott Richmond & Co., Ltd. London, September 29, 1896.

63″ marmontel, R 8501 all silk damask, entered at 15s. 3¼d. advanced to 16s. 6d. Sterling per yard.

63″ marlboro R 8500 all silk damask, entered at 12s. 9½d. advanced to 13s. 6d. Sterling per yard.

63″ marue, R 8504, all silk damask, entered at 15s. 3¼d. advanced to 16s. 6d. Sterling per yard.

Add cases.

13320..... } *Silk embroidered articles, mfs. of silk and metal &c.*, from A. E. Bitar, Constantinople, July
13356..... } 17, 1896, and George Maasabini, Constantinople, August 5, 1896.

Various articles, entered value sustained.

13372.....*Ground sumac*, from Carlo Wedekind & Co., Palermo, September 5, 1896.

Entered at 165. Lire per ton of 14 bags, add bags, No advance.

13357.....*Toys*, from Max Buchhold, Lauscha, July 20, 1896.

Christmas tree ornaments, entered at 981.20, advanced to 1000.82 Marks per total.

Add cases.

13368.....*Decorated china plaques*, from Franz Xavier Thallmaier, Munchen, September 24, 1896.

Entered at 25. Marks each, No advance.

13378.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Cacicedo & Co., Cienfuegos, September 10, 1896.

Testing 96.50, centrifugal, entered at 4. add bags and stamp paper, advanced to 4. 7837 Reals per arroba.

Testing 87.60, molasses, entered at 3. add bags and stamp paper, advanced to 3.56 Reals per arroba.

To entered price add bags at .25 each.

13313.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Erdmanu & Sielcken, Sourabaya, July 4, 1896.

Testing 97. entered at 7.50 advanced to 7.6270434 Florins per picul of 136 lbs.

13295..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from J. V. Drake & Co., Hamburg, August 25, 1896.
13296..... }

Analysis 89.344, beet root, sugar, entered at £8 18s. 6d. per ton, advanced to 9s. 7.016d. Sterling per cwt.

Analysis 89.909, beet root sugar, entered at £8 18s. 6d. per ton, advanced to 9s. 7.8635d. Sterling per cwt.

13329.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from A. Terdorf & Co., Stettin, August 24, 1896.

Analysis 89.49, entered at 8.985 advanced to 9.655 Marks per 50 kilos.

13299.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from The American Sugar Refining Co., Dantzig, August 10, 1896.

Testing 89.6985, beetroot sugar, entered at 9.263 advanced to 10. Marks per 50 kilos.

13330.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from J. V. Drake & Co., Stettin, August 31, 1896.

Analysis 90.08, raw beet sugar, entered at 8.935 advanced to 9.73 Marks per 50 kilos.

13331.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from J. V. Drake & Co., Hamburg, August 29, 1896.

Analysis 89.766, beetroot sugar, entered at 8s. 10d. advanced to 9s. 1.65d. Sterling per cwt.

13381.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Ehlers, Freidheim & Co., Macoris, September 23, 1896.

Testing 85.85, entered at .012553 reappraised .01233125 U. S. Dollar per lb.

3323 O. P.....
3356 O. P.....
Phila.....
} *Mfs. of silk*, from Meckel & Co., Elberfeld, August 13 and September 3, 1896.

24″ H. silk and reps, G. N. 2¼, entered at 1.15 advanced to 1.23 Marks per meter.

3306 O. P.....
3332 O. P.....
3353 O. P.....
Phila.....
} *Mfs. of silk*, from J. Perrin, Lyons, August 12 and 19, September 2, 1896.

Serge silk and cotton, 90 c/m, piece dyed goods, entered at .95 advanced to 1.04 Francs per meter.

Crystal 19″ 60 c/m, piece dyed goods, entered at 1.05 advanced to 1.09 Francs per meter.

Crystal, 2nd. quality, piece dyed goods, 60 c/m, entered at .95 advanced to 1. Franc per meter.

Discounts 20 per cent & 2 per cent. Add cases and packing.

3312 O. P.....
Phila.....
} *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Kansohoff & Wissler, Hamburg, August 8, 1896.

Testing 89.64, beet root sugar, entered at 9.262 advanced to 10.03 marks per 50 kilos.

3368 O. P.....
Baltimore.....
} *Woolens*, from Wallace & Co., Bradford, September 25, 1896.

55/56″ black worsted coatings quality 910, entered at 3s. 4d. Sterling per yard, No advance.

55/56″ black worsted coatings, quality 920, entered at 3s. 7d. Sterling per yard, No advance.

Less $\frac{1}{37}$th, discount 2½ per cent, add cases.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

3716.....
13131.....
} *Mfs. of metal*, (*cartridges*) from H. Utendoerffer, Nuremberg, July 23, 1896.

Central revolver, 38 caliber, Lg. W., entered at 9.64 add packing charges and paper, advanced to 11.40 Marks per 1000, packed.

3702.....
13189.....
} *Mfs. of metal*, umbrella frames, from Cox Brothers & Holland, Ltd., Birmingham, August 1, 1896.

25″ length, prince fl'd. frame, entered at 4s. 8d. Sterling per dozen, No advance.

31″ length, prince fl'd. frame, entered at 6s. 2d. Sterling per dozen, No advance.

27″ length, prince fl'd. frame, entered at 5s. 2d. Sterling per dozen, No advance.

29″ length, prince fl'd. frame, entered at 5s. 8d. Sterling per dozen, No advance.

3675.....
13111.....
} *Silk embroidered articles, Mfs. of metal, &c.*, from A. E. Bitar, Constantinople, May 28, 1896.

Entered at various prices, advances up to 11 per cent.

3651.....
12937.....
} *Mfs. of cotton, N. S. P. F.*, from Gebr. Kluge, Crefeld, July 11, 1896.

Cotton initials, entered at .15 advanced to .16 Mark per gross.

Discount 4 per cent. Add cases, cartons, etc.

3693..... .....
12958.....
Decorated china, from Dornheim, Koch & Fischer, Grafenroda, July 11, 1896.
Entered at 50 per cent discount, No advance.

3706.....
13205.....
Decorated china, from Carl Thieme, Dresden, July 22, 1896.
Entered at various prices net, advances up to 50 per cent, less 5 per cent and 2 per cent discount.

3646.....
13009.....
Decorated china, from Carl Thieme, Dresden, July 1, 1896.
Vase No. 767 myth blgt. entered at 350. advanced to 400. Marks.
Vase No. 768 myth blgt. entered at 600. advanced to 650. Marks.
Add cases and packing.

3527.....
12478.....
Mfs. of bone, from H. Nathan & Co., London, May 29, 1896.
Bone teething rings, 797/8 entered at 5s., advanced to 7s. Sterling per gross.
Bone teething rings 799, entered at 4s. 5d., advanced to 6s. 5d. Sterling per gross.
Add case.

3506.....
12393..... .....
Mfs. of bone, from H. Nathan & Co., London, May 22, 1896.
Teething rings, entered at 6.40, advanced to 9. Francs per gross.
Discount 2 per cent. Add case and packing.

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CONTINUATION IN SERVICE AFTER PROBATIONAL TERM.

1896.
Department Circular No. 154.

Division of Appointments.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., November 16, 1896.

To all Officers in and under the Treasury Department:

Referring to the following provision of the Civil Service Rules, promulgated by the President on May 6, 1896, as follows:

Rule VIII, Paragraph 4. "A person selected for appointment shall be notified of his selection by the appointing or nominating officer, and upon his acceptance shall receive from the appointing officer a certificate of appointment for a probationary period of six months, at the end of which period, if the conduct and capacity of the probationer are satisfactory to the appointing officer, his retention in the service shall be equivalent to his absolute appointment; but if his conduct or capacity be not satisfactory, he shall be notified by the appointing officer that he will not receive absolute appointment because of such unsatisfactory conduct or want of capacity; and such notification shall discharge him from the service,"

you are informed that in each case of appointment for a probational period the continuance of the officer, clerk, or employee in the service is absolutely limited to a probationary period not to exceed six months.

To continue in the service, each probationer at the end of his probational period must be appointed permanently by action of the Department, and take a new oath of office

In case of discontinuance, for unsatisfactory conduct, want of capacity or other cause, the discontinuance must be by action of the Department to make it effective.

You are therefore directed to forward to the Department before the expiration of the probational period of each officer, clerk, or employee your recommendation as to his continuance or discontinuance in the service.

Continuance in the service without affirmative action of the Department will result in the loss of compensation in all cases where the Department deems such continuance not advisable.

J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary.

1896.
Department Circular No. 155.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., November 18, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending October 31, 1896.

S. WIKE,
Assistant Secretary.

REPORT OF REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING OCTOBER 31, 1896.

N. B.—***In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.***

No. of Reappraisement.

13360.....*Colored cotton corduroy*, from Harrison, Griffeu & Co., Manchester, September 21, 1896.
27″ brown Genoe No. 18255, entered at 16d. advanced to 17d. Sterling per yard.
27″ drab thicksett No. 20863, 3641, entered at 11d. advanced to 13d. Sterling per yard.
27″ drab 9/shaft, No. 22265, 2827, entered at 12½d. advanced to 14½d. Sterling per yard.
Less $\frac{1}{37}$th. Add case and boxes. Discount 2½ per cent.

13392.. .....*Ground Sumac*, from G. Palia & Co., Palermo, September 3, 1896.
Prime ground sumac, entered at 15. add bags and bales, advanced to 17. Lire per 100 kilos, packed.

13404.....*Mirrors*, from Geo. Borgfeldt & Co., Fuerth, August 15, 1896.
Advertising mirrors 4.5 x 4.5 c/m, entered at 1.39 advanced to 1.40 Marks per gross.
Advertising mirrors, 6.5 x 6.5 c/m, entered at 2.95 Marks per gross, No advance.
Add cases.

13326.....*Paper, N. O. P. F.*, from Johannot & Co., Annonay, August 26, 1896.
Blue printing paper, entered at 142. and 167. Francs per 100 kilos, discount 4 per cent. Add cases. No advance.

13408.....*Vegetable in natural state*, from Rachunek, Tasto, August 14, 1896.
Dried mushrooms, entered at .60 Florin per kilo, no advance.

13411..... } *Vegtable in natural state*, from E. Pretto & Co., and Messardo Diana & Co., Genova, September 30, 1896, and Sampierdarena, September 30, 1896.
13412..... }
Dried mushrooms, entered at 2. Lire per kilo, add cases. No advance.

13407.....*Surface-coated paper*, from I. Bosenfels, Fuerth, January 21, 1896.
Half fine Gold C, No. 1, 45/55 c/m, entered at 40. Marks per ream, add case and packing, discount 2 per cent, No advance.

13197.....*Mfs. of metal*, from J. H. Potter, Sheffield, August 27, 1896.
Silver chased kettles, entered at 6s. Sterling per ounce, add case, No advance.

13426.....*Mfs. of cotton and metal*, from Naief Obsi, Damascus, August 6, 1896.
Coussins argent faux, No. 117, entered at 8.20 advanced to 9 Piasters each.
Coussins coton argent faux, No. 122, entered at 6. advanced to 6.25 Piasters each.
Coussins argent faux, No. 123, entered at 3.20, advanced to 3.50 Piasters each.
Rideaux coton, No. 128, entered at 29. advanced to 31. Piasters per pair.
Rideaux coton, No. 129, entered at 38. Piasters per pair, No advance.
Similar goods similar advances.
Add cases and packing.

13349.....*Mfs. Flax*, from Probst Bernier, Paris, September 16, 1896.
Nappes 54 x 66 autoinette arms entered at 4.90 Francs each No advance.
Nappes 8/10 belles marguerite, entered at 15. Francs each, No advance.
Nappes 8/16 perles subois, entered at 35. Francs each, No advance.
Nappes 10/14 malmaison, entered at 19. Francs each, No advance.
Nappes 10/16 may des champs, entered at 33. Francs each No advance.
Nappes 10/16 pline se perles, entered at 39. Francs each No advance.
Discount 5 per cent. Add cases.
Similar goods similar advances.

43413.....*Smokers articles*, from Choy Chong Lung, Hongkong, September 2, 1896.
50 pieces smoking pipes, entered at 2. advanced to 5. Mexican dollars per total.

13088.....*Cork carpeting and linoleum*, from The Kirkcaldy Linoleum Co., Ltd. [Kirkcaldy, August 7, 1896.
Plain A cork carpeting 6 feet, entered at 2s. 10d. discount 27½ per cent, advanced to a discount of 25 per cent.
Printed C linoleum entered at 1s. 5½d. & 1s. 6½d. less 10 per cent discount advanced to 1s. 5½d. & 1s. 6½d. discount 2½ per cent.
Add cases. Deduct agent's commission 5 per cent and inland carriage.

12505.....*Pocket knives, etc.*, from George Wostenholm & Son, Ltd. Sheffield, May 22, 1896.
Table knives 3366, entered at 25s. advanced, to 36s. Sterling per dozen.
Carvers, 3366.8 entered at 9s. 6d., advanced to 11s. 6d. Sterling per pair.
Steels, 3366, entered at 4s. 3d., advanced to 5s. 3d. Sterling each.
Table cutlery 3366 Dess. entered at 16s., advanced to 20s. Sterling per dozen.
Children's knives and forks, 3369 2/3 1/2, entered at 2s. 3½d. advanced to 2s.7d. Sterling per set.
Fruit knives, 3323, entered at 12s. 6d. advanced to 14s. Sterling per Dozen.
Steels 8", 3368, entered at 4s. 9d. advanced to 5s. 9d. Sterling each.
Table cutlery 3368 Tab. entered at 29s. advanced to 40s. Sterling per dozen.
Table cutlery, 3368 Dess. entered at 20s. advanced to 25s. Sterling per dozen.
Butter knives 3357, entered at 18s. 6d. advanced to 23s. Sterling per dozen.
Carvers 3368.8, entered at 10s. advanced to 12s. 3d. Sterling per pair.
Discount 5 per cent. Add cases and hooping.

13195.....*Decorated china and earthenware*, from Andrea Baretti & Co., Firenze, July 10, 1896.

1 petrina intagliato di 2 puzi, entered at 85. advanced to 100. Lire per total.

1 porcelain vase, entered at 50. Lire per total, No advance.

1 majolica vase, entered at 50. advanced to 65. Lire per total.

Add cases.

11730.....
11731.....
11795.....
12132.....
&c.....
} *Decorated and white earthenware*, from Facture de Merchandise & Keller & Guerin, Luneville, February 21, March 4, 26, April 20, June 4, 1896, &c.

Entered at various prices, discounts 10 per cent 10 per cent 10 per cent and 2 per cent advanced discounts 10 per cent 10 per cent 5 per cent & 2 per cent.

3247 O. P.....
St. Louis.....
} *Linens, 2nds*, from Inglis & Co., Dunfermline, June 26, 1896.

Entered at a discount of 33⅓ per cent advanced to a discount of 25 per cent.

13398.....
13401.....
13287.....
} *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Zuckschwerdt & Beuchel, Magdeburg, August 26, Hamburg, August 8 and September 15, 1896.

Analysis, 88.9125, beetroot sugar, entered at 8s. 11.55d. advanced to 9s. 1.37d. Sterling per cwt. of 112 lbs. packed.

Analysis 90.78, beet root sugar, entered at 9s. 1.25d. advanced to 9s. 1.64d. Sterling per cwt. of 112 lbs. packed.

Analysis 89.0466, beetroot sugar, entered at 9s. 5.42d. advanced to 10s. 0.57d. Sterling per cwt., packed.

13152.....
13382.....
} *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Ransohoff & Wissler Hamburg July 18, 1896, Brunn September 4, 1896.

Analysis 91.55, beetroot sugar, entered at 8s. 11.210d. advanced to 9s. 10.325d. Sterling per cwt. of 112 lbs. packed.

Analysis 89.41, beetroot sugar, entered at 8s. 9d. advanced to 9s. 0.365d. Sterling per cwt., packed.

13115.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Robert Crooks & Co., Liverpool, August 18, 1896.

Tates fifths, entered at 8s. 6d. advanced to 9s. Sterling per cwt. packed.

Discount 2½ per cent.

13077..... . .....*Sugar above and not above 16 D. S.* from Robert Crooks & Co., Liverpool, August 12, 1896.

Tates fourths, entered at 11s. 1½d. advanced to 11s. 6d. Sterling per cwt. of 112 lbs.

Tates fifths, entered at 8s. 6d. advanced to 9s. 3d. Sterling per cwt. of 112 lbs.

Discount 2½ per cent.

13122.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from J. V. Drake & Co., Antwerp, August 1, 1896.

Analysis 89.20, beetroot sugar, entered 9s. 3.62d. advanced to 9s. 8.3d. Sterling per cwt., packed.

13085..... . .....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from J. V. Drake & Co., Hamburg, July 23, 1896.

Analysis 90.82, beetroot sugar, entered at 8s. 8.9d. advanced to 9s. 6.23d. Sterling per cwt., packed.

13292.....
13402.....
13239.....
} *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from J. V. Drake & Co., Hamburg, August 25, 1896 Prague, September 1 and Antwerp August 22, 1896.

Analysis 88.25, beetroot sugar, entered at 8s. 11.15d. advanced to 9s. 5.525d. Sterling per cwt., packed.

Analysis 90. beetroot sugar, entered at 8s. 8d. advanced to 9s. 0½d. Sterling per cwt. of 112 lbs.

Analysis 88.64, beetroot sugar, entered at 9s. 2d. advanced to 9s. 6.71d. Sterling per cwt. of 112 lbs., packed.

13342.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from C. Czarnikow, Stettin, August 10, 1896.
Analysis 89.402, beetroot sugar, entered at 9s. 5.3d. Advanced to 9.917 Marks per 50 kilos.

13294..... .....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from J. & E. Williams, Hamburg, August 25, 1896.
Analysis 89.60, beetroot sugar, entered at 8s. 11.15d. advanced to 9s. 6.65d. Sterling per cwt., packed.

13344.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from A. Tesdorpf, Stettin, August 17, 1896.
Analysis 89.686, beetroot sugar entered at 9s. 2½d. advanced to 9.776 Marks per 50 kilos.

13377..... .....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Erdmann & Sielcken, Samarang, July 11, 1896.
Testing 96.34, entered at 7.275 advanced to 7.3718 Florins per picul of 136 lbs.

13210..... *Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from J. H. Watson, Falmouth, August 4, 1896.
Testing 88.10, entered at £8. 11s. 10d. advanced to £9. 4s. 6d. Sterling per ton of 2240 lbs..

11984.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Bartram Bros., St. Croix, March 27, 1896.
Testing 86. entered at .0187 add bags, advanced to .02086 U. S. dollars per lb., packed.

13172.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from A. A. Lewis, Milk Pines, August 19, 1896.
Testing 86.95, muscovado sugar, entered at £9. 0s. 9d. add transportation to wharf, advanced to £8. 9s. 6d. Sterling per ton of 2240 lbs., packed.

12620..... .....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from John A. Somerville, Nevis, June 13, 1896.
Testing 87.80 entered at .0208, less N. D. charges, advanced to .02126 U. S. Dollar per lb., packed.

12626..... .....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from E. Du Bonlay, St. Lucas, June 6, 1896.
Testing 88.15, entered at .0223, less N. D. charges. advanced to .0211, U. S. Dollar per lb., packed.

13147.....*Sugar not above 16 D S.*, from Macfarlane Sons & Co., St. Lucia, July 20, 1896.
Testing 80.14, entered at 6s. 11⅓d. less N. D. charges, Sterling per 112 lbs. advanced to .01206 U. S. Dollar per lb., packed.

13193.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from W. H. Lidiatt, Antiqua, July 18, 1896.
Testing 85.80, entered at .01593 advanced to .0168 U. S. Dollar per lb., packed.

13202.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Ehlers Friedheim & Co., Macoris, August 25, 1896.
Testing 85.65, entered at .0128 add bags, advanced to .013975 U. S. Dollar per lb., packed.

13208.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from C. Tennant Sons & Co., Trinidad, August 24, 1896.
Testing 95.40, entered at .02169 add bags, advanced to .022125 U. S. Dollar per lb., avoirdupois.

13171.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Blyth Bros. & Co., Port Louis, May 28, 1896.
Testing 84.86, entered at 8.24369 Rupees per 50 kilos, No advance.

13192.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Joseph Shore, Montego Bay, July 30, 1896.
Testing 89.40, entered at £8. 12s. 7d. advanced to £8. 14s. 2½d. Sterling per ton, packed.

13388.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from ——— Port Louis, August 11, 1896.
Testing 84.5823, entered at 6.91 reappraised at 6.82 Rupees per 50 kilos.

12860.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Sante Fe Plantation & Sugar Co., San Domingo, June 20, 1896.
Testing 94.20, entered at .0199 advanced to .021195 U. S. Dollar per lb., packed.
Testing 95. entered at .0211 advanced to .021695 U. S. Dollar per lb., packed.
Testing 88.70, entered at .0152 advanced to .0186 U. S. Dollar per lb., packed.
To entered prices add bags.

13165.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Martin Greiz & Co., Sourabaya, January 16, 1896.

Testing 93.52, entered at 11s. 10½d. less freight & N. D. charges, advanced to 10s. 7.297d. Sterling per 112 lbs., packed.

13166.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Martin Greiz & Co., Sourabaya, January 13, 1896.

Testing 89.41 entered at 11s. 10½d. less freight & N. D. charges, reappraised at 9s. 6d. Sterling per lb.

12943.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Schultze & Co., Mayaquez, July 16, 1896.

Testing, 88.56, entered at .0295 add cooperage, reappraised at .0292 Porto Rico Currency per Spanish Lb.

13132.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Caciedo & Co., Cienfuegos, August 11, 1896.

Testing 95.40, entered at 4½ Reals per arroba advanced to .0246 Spanish Currency per Spanish Lb., packed.

Testing, 87.70 entered at 3¼ Reals per arroba, advanced to .019225 Spanish Currency per Spanish lb., packed. To entered prices add bags.

2907 O.P..... } St. Louis..... } *Enameled iron ware*, from Herman Wupperman, Pinneberg, January 3, 1896.

Entered at discounts of 60 per cent, 5 per cent, 2½ per cent, 2 per cent and 10 per cent extra discount, advanced by disallowance of 10 per cent extra discount.

2908 O. P..... } St. Louis..... } *Cotton hose*, from Max Beil, Chemnitz, December 31, 1895.

Ladies' fancy hose, No. 3050, 3052, and 3054, entered at 4.30 advanced to 4.65 Marks per dozen.

Tan half-hose, No. 419, entered at 2.05 advanced to 2.40 Marks per dozen.

Tan half-hose, No, 421, entered at 2.55 advanced to 2.90 Marks per dozen.

Black half-hose, No. 312, entered at 1.90 advanced to 2.25 Marks per dozen.

Black half-hose, No. 519, entered at 2.25 advanced to 2.60 Marks per dozen.

Black half-hose, No. 321, entered at 2.60 advanced to 2.95 Marks per dozen.

To entered prices add .20 Mark for cases boxes, packing &c., reappraised prices are for goods in packed condition.

Discount 5 per cent.

3358 O. P..... } Phila..... } *Nonenumerated manufactures*, N. P. F., from H. & A. B. Aveline & Co., Catania, March 4, 1896.

Asphalt mastic, entered at 23.75; advanced to 45.80 Lire per 1015 kilos.

3262 O. P..... } Phila..... } *Mfs. of silk*, from Meckel & Co., Ltd., Elberfeld, July 9, 1896.

36″ serge 1½, Nos. 1030, 1033, 1034, &c., entered at 1.12 advanced to 1.40 Marks per meter.

36″ satin 3, Nos. 1026, 1047, entered at 1.42 advanced to 1.55 Marks per meter.

3362 O. P..... } San Francisco.. } *Linen collars and cuffs*, from Richard Horstmann, Berlin, August 20, 1896.

Homdel collars, entered at 3.80 Marks per dozen, No advance.

Halcyon collars, entered at 3.50 advanced to 3.65 Marks per dozen.

Hindoomere collars, entered at 3.35 advanced to 3.60 Marks per dozen.

Huguenot collars, entered at 3.40 advanced to 3.65 Marks per dozen.

Hiawasse collars, entered at 3.35½ advanced to 3.75 Marks per dozen.

Hudson collars, entered at $3.43\frac{1}{10}$ advanced to 3.75 Marks per dozen.

Hampton collars, entered at 3.73¾ advanced to 3.85 Marks per dozen.

Holbein collars, entered at 3.58½ advanced to 3.90 Marks per dozen.

Hugo collars, entered at 3.77¾ advanced to 3.95 Marks per dozen.

3362 O. P..... } *Linen collars and cuffs, etc.*—Continued.
San Francisco.. }

Hindoo collars, entered at 3.35½ advanced to 3.75 Marks per dozen.
Himyara collars, entered at 3.50¾ advanced to 3.65 Marks per dozen.
Henrique cuffs, entered at 6.01¾ advanced to 6.12 Marks per dozen.
Hiawatha cuffs, entered at 6.01¾ advanced to 6.12 Marks per dozen.
Hawthorne cuffs, entered at 5.25½ advanced to 5.75 Marks per dozen.
Hanover cuffs, entered at 6.70$\frac{9}{10}$ advanced to 7. Marks per dozen.
Hogarth cuffs, entered at 5.71$\frac{1}{10}$ advanced to 6.10 Marks per dozen.
Add cases, add collar boxes at .10 Mark each and cuff boxes at .20 Mark each.

3325 O. P.... ... } *Sugar*, from Ambuister & Kalkow, Magdeburg, August 14, 1896.
Baltimore..... }

Granulated sugar, entered at 12s. 1½d. less freight, advanced to 11s. 4¼d. Sterling per cwt., packed.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

3522..... } *Iron plates, enameled with vitreous glass*, from Orme, Evans & Co., Wolverhampton, June
12509..... } 13, 1896.

Plates 24x4½, entered at 6½d. advanced to 1s. 3d. Sterling per plate.
Add cases.
Discount 5 per cent.

3707..... } *Chemical compound*, from Societe Chimique Des Usines Du Rhone Anct. Gilliard P.
13021..... . ... } Mounet & Cartier, Lyons, July 24, 1896.

Vaniline, entered at 565. Francs per kilo, less freight to N. Y., insurance and consul fee, No advance.

3717..... } *Ground sumac*, from Carlo Wedekind & Co., Palermo, August 22, 1896.
13245..... }

Entered at 15.60 advanced to 16.50 Lire per 100 kilos.
Add bags at .50 Lira each.

3724..... } *Mfs. of wood, polished plate glass, beveled and silvered*, from G. Salviati, August 1, 1896.
13130..... }

Mirrors entered at various prices, add cases and packing 10 per cent commission added to invoice, but deducted on entry, No advance.

3723..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Booker Bros. & Co., Ltd., Demerara, September 19, 1896.
13328..... }

Testing 96.48, entered at .02 advanced to .02015 U. S. Dollar per lb., packed.

817 O.P..... }
3164..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from ——, Magdeburg, April 24, 1896.
Phila..... }

Testing 88.20, entered at 12s. 5d. less N. D. charges, advanced to 12s. 7d. Sterling per cwt. packed.

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1896.
Department Circular No. 156.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., November 19, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending November 7, 1896.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Acting Secretary.

REPORT ON REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING NOVEMBER 7, 1896.

N. B.—***In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.***

No. of Reappraisement.

13480.....*Hatters furs not on the skin*, from Meier Frankel, Tarnow, September 26, 1896.
Hasenbaare, entered at 5.20 add cases, advanced to 6.25 Florins per kilo.

13405.....*Skins dressed and finished* from Joh. Ludw. Ranniger & Son, Altenburg, September 19, 1896.
Glove leathers colored S. M. & P. H., entered at 249. Marks per 100 skins, no advance.
Glove leathers, black, M. S. 210/2, entered at 166. advanced to 200. Marks per 100 skins.
Glove leathers, black, entered at 156.50 advanced to 175. Marks per 100 skins.

13500.....*Fire crackers*, from Lauts Wegener & Co., Canton, August 22, 1896.
2″ 50/24, entered at .53¾ Mexican dollar, discount 2 per cent, less export duty and lekin tax, advanced by disallowance of deduction of lekin tax.

13078.....*Mfs. of mineral substance not decorated*, from Beleuchtungskohlen-Fabrik, Kronach, July 21, 1896.
Cored and solid carbons, entered at 70 per cent discount less inland freight and consul fee, no advance.

13061.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Ransohoff & Wissler, Hamburg, July 18, 1896.
Testing 89.58, entered at 8s. 11$\frac{7}{10}$d. advanced to 9s. 7.37d. Sterling per cwt., packed.

13484.....*Chinese merchandise*, from Tung On Tai, Hongkong, September 1, 1896.
Vermicelli, entered at 1.80 advanced to 3.37 Mexican dollars per case.
Vermicelli, entered at 3.20 advanced to 3.88 Mexican dollars per case.
Vermicelli, entered at 4.62 advanced to 5.39 Mexican dollars per case.
Bamboo, entered at 4. advanced to 5. Mexican dollars per case.

13484.....*Chinese merchandise, etc.*—Continued.

Flowered covered tea pots, entered at 3.60 advanced to 14. Mexican dollars per roll.

Earthen jars, entered at 3. advanced to 4. Mexican dollars per total.

Bamboo shoots, entered at 1.66 advanced to 2.50 Mexican dollars per tub.

Sauce, (bean soy), entered at .95 advanced to 1.15 Mexican dollars per box.

13501.....*Chinese merchandise (smokers articles)* from Sun Kwong Hop, Hongkong, August 8, 1896.

20 pieces Bamboo, entered at 1.20 advanced to 3. Mexican dollars per total.

20 pieces wooden pipes, entered at 1.20 advanced to 2. Mexican dollars per total.

20 pieces of olive nut pipes, entered at 1.20 advanced to 4. Mexican dollars per total.

40 pieces of bamboo, entered at 1.60 advanced to 4. Mexican dollars per total.

100 pieces of bamboo, entered at .30 advanced to .50 Mexican dollar per total.

13397.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Federico Hunicke, Cienfuegos, September 9, 1896.

Testing 88.30, muscovado sugar, entered at .01⅞ less freight, advanced to .0185455 U. S. Currency per Spanish lb.

Testing 86.40, molasses, entered at .01⅝ less freight advanced to .015969 U. S. Currency per Spanish lb.

Testing 92.80, centrifugal, entered at .02⅛ less freight, advanced to .020224 U. S. Currency per Spanish lb.

13495..... } *Cod liver oil*, from Henri Meyer, Christiania, October 1, 1896.
13487..... }

Entered at 130.20, advanced to 133. Crowns per barrel. Add barrels at 6. Crowns each.

13188.....*Mfs. of flax*, from Henry Matier & Co., Ltd., Belfast, August 26, 1896.

26/43 loom huck towels H. S. No. 441 union, entered at 4s. 4d. advanced to 4s. 8d. Sterling per dozen.

Cream damask, No. 263 linen, entered at 11⅞d. advanced to 1s. 1d. Sterling per yard.

Cream damask, No. 50 Union, entered at 8½d. advanced to 9d. Sterling per yard.

20/24 Hstd. towels, No. 810, Union, entered at 4s. 7d. advanced to 5s. 6d. Sterling per dozen.

Glass cloth No. 39 & No. 2555, linen, entered at 2⅞d. advanced to 2⅞d. Sterling per yard.

Discount 3½ per cent. Add boxes and packing.

13366..... } *Mfs. of flax*, from W. Liddell & Co., Belfast, September 23 and October 1, 1896.
13436..... }

3/4 x 3/4 Naps. G/60, entered at 3s. Sterling per dozen, discount 2½ per cent. Add cases. No advance.

13350..... } *Cotton yarn*, from McConnell & Co., Manchester, September 11 and 25, 1896.
13351..... }

130 A, 278, 46, 130 A. 287, 58 and 61, entered at 2s. 3d. Sterling per lb., no advance.

140 A. 341, 70, 349, 68, 351, 71, entered at 2s. 5d. Sterling per lb., no advance.

Add cases. Discount 2½ per cent.

13445.....
13446..... .... } *Wool dress goods*, from Tasch's Nachfolger, Glauchau & Bremen, October 1, 2 and 7, 1896.
13503.....

108 c/m quality No. 101, entered at .94 advanced to 1. Mark per meter.

108 c/m quality Nos. 900 A, 5172, 906, 803, 620, entered at .85 advanced to .90 Mark per meter.

118 c/m quality No. 6274 entered at 1.89 advanced to 2. Marks per meter.

95 c/m, quality Nos. 5172, 801, entered at .76 advanced to .81 Mark per meter.

Add cases.

13415.....
13416.....
13417..... .....
13421... .....
13438..... .....
13440.... .....
13442..... .....
} *Grapes*, from Nicolas Lopez, Manuel Lopez Canton, Luis Campos, Baldomera Baena, Luis F. Gomez and others, Almeria, September 21, 24, 25, 26, 1896.

Grapes. entered at 11. add barrels, at 3. Pesetas per barrel. Advanced to 14.50 Pesetas per barrel, packed.

13453.....*Mfs. of metal*, from A. Labbe, Paris, October 2, 1896.

Agtafer ceinture No. 560, entered at 15. Francs per dozen, Discount 10 per cent & 2 per cent, advanced to 15. Francs per dozen, net.

13454.....*Mfs. of metal and glass*, from N. Hobeila, Paris, September 30, 1896.

Agrafes, cuillieres etc., entered at from 6.25 to 12.25 advanced to from 6.75 to 12.75 Francs.

13345..... . ..
13375.....
} *Jewelry*, (*mfs. of metal*) from Chopard, Paris September 18 and 24, 1896.

Buckles, brooches, pins, girdles, &c., entered at from 1.75 to 27. advanced to from 2. to 37.80 Francs.

3227 O. P.....
Boston .....
} *Lemon boxes*, from Gaeta no Bedalorment, Palermo, April 22, 1896.

Half boxes, 1.45 cubic feet each, entered at .45 advanced to .65 Lire per box.

3227 O. P.. .....
3229 O. P.....
Toledo ....
} *English refined sugar*, from Robert Crooks & Co., Liverpool, August 5 and 22, 1896.

Tates fourths, entered at 11s. 1½d. Sterling per cwt., No advance.
Tates fifths, entered at 8s. 9d. advanced to 9s. Sterling per cwt., packed.
Tates thirds, entered at 11s. 9d. advanced to 11s 10½d. Sterling per cwt., packed.
Tated thirds entered at 12s. advanced to 12s. 1½d. Sterling per cwt., packed.
Discount 2½ per cent.

3228 O. P.....
Toledo .....
} *English refined sugar*, from Robert Crooks & Co., Liverpool, August 18, 1896.

Tates fourths, entered at 11s. Sterling per cwt., discount 2½ per cent, advanced by addition of cost of bags at 3d. each.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

3729.....
13336..... .....
} *Chinese merchandise*, from Kam Saug Yuen, Hongkong, August 11, 1896.

Silk shirts, entered at 2.85 advanced to 3. Mexican dollars per each.
Silk trousers, entered at 1.55 advanced to 1.70 Mexican dollars each.
Cue string, entered at 4. advanced to 6. Mexican dollars per total.
Add packing charges.

3735.....
13353.....
} *Chinese merchandise*, from Kwong Yuen Hing, Hongkong, August 4, 1896.

Ivory pipe ware, entered at 2.80 advanced to 5.25 Mexican dollars per total.
Glass pipe ware, entered at .10 advanced to .80 Mexican dollar per total.
Bamboo flutes, entered at .10 advanced to 1. Mexican dollar per total.

3730.....
13354..... .. ...
} *Chinese merchandise*, from Tung On Tai, Hongkong, August 4, 1896.

5 Rolls figured soup bowls, entered at 7.50 advanced to 10. Mexican dollars pr total.
5 rolls figured cover tea cups, entered at 1.90 advanced to 3. Mexican dollars per total.
5 rolls flowered cover tea cups, entered at .75 advanced to 2.50 Mexican dollars per total.
Salt shrimps, entered at 1.40 Mexican dollars per total, No advance.

3718..... } *Mfs. of ivory and glass*, from ———, Hongkong, July 20, 1896.
13323.....

Ivory chop sticks, entered at 8. advanced to 9. Mexican Dollars per total.
Glass jewelry, entered at 2.50 advanced to 3.50 Mexican Dollars per total.
Add cases.

3525..... ..... } *Bleached cottons*, from Tootal Broadhurst Lee & Co., Ltd., Manchester, May 23, 1896.
12518..... ....

32″ white pique H 15 1/2, entered at 6d., add cases tickets, advanced to 8d. Sterling per yard.
Discount 3 per cent.

3713..... .... } *Fur hats*, from Leon Rheims, Paris, September 10, 1896.
13248.....

Samples, entered at 3. Francs each, discount 50 per cent, advanced to 3. Francs each, discount 12 per cent.

3687..... ..... } *Pile silk, S. C. V.*, from ——— Crefeld, August 21, 1896.
13154..... .....

Colored satin back, half silk power loom, velvet ribbons, quality 8329 of 9 meters, No. 7 to No. 16, entered at .20½ advanced to .26 Mark per line.

3736..... } *Mfs. of colored glassware*, from Salviati & Co., Venezia, July 6, 1896.
13173..... ...

Colored glassware, entered at a discount of 50 per cent, no advance.

3726..... } *Wool lining*, from Law Russell & Co., Bradford, June 3, 1896.
13339.....

30/31″ black Italians, No. 1475, entered at 6½d., discount 2½ per cent., add cases, add making up at 4d. per piece, add commission at 2½ per cent, deduction of amount of commission and making up not allowed on reappraisement.

3733..... } *Mfs. of metal, silver plated ware*, from Deykin & Harrison, Birmingham, August 26, 1896.
13212 .....

Meat dishes, waiters, tea and coffee sets, and trays, entered at from 14s. to 70s. Sterling per each, No advance.

3753..... } *Anchovies, N. O. P. F.*, from Santi D'Augusta Perna, Catania, September 4, 1896.
13395..... .....

Entered at 10. add cases, advanced to 20. Lire per case.

3737..... ..... } *Refined sugar above 16 D. S.*, from Vibrans & Gerloff, Braunschweig, September 5, 1896.
13379.....

German granulated sugar, entered at .02½ less N. D. charges, advanced to .0234375 U. S. Dollar per lb., packed.

809 O. P..... } *Toys*, from William Dressel, Sonneberg, May 22, 1896.
3206..... .....
Phila.....

Toys, advanced by disallowance of deduction of 5 per cent commission added to invoice but deducted on entry.

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REGULATIONS FOR ADMISSION OF OFFICERS AND CREWS OF REVENUE CUTTER SERVICE TO BENEFITS OF MARINE-HOSPITAL SERVICE.

1896.
Department Circular No. 157.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF
SUPERVISING SURGEON-GENERAL U. S. MARINE-HOSPITAL SERVICE,

Washington, D. C., November 18, 1896.

To Medical Officers and Acting Assistant Surgeons of the Marine-Hospital Service, Collectors of Customs, and Others:

The following regulations are hereby issued for your guidance with regard to the admission to the benefits of the Marine-Hospital Service of the officers and crews of the Revenue Cutter Service:

I.—*Certificate.*

1. The officers and crews of the Revenue Cutter Service will receive hospital or office treatment as hereinafter provided on certificate signed by the commanding officer, or executive officer of a revenue cutter, without regard to length of service; the certificate shall contain description of person. Officers on leave or waiting orders to sign their own certificates.

II.—*Hospital Relief.*

(*a*) Any such officer or seaman whose condition absolutely requires treatment in hospital will be admitted to hospitals at stations of the first class, and to all contract hospitals enumerated in the annual circular entitled "Contracts for Care of Seamen" subject to the provisions of the said circular with regard to the transfer of patients from a Contract to the nearest Marine hospital.

(*b*) No admission to hospital will be granted at any port not mentioned in said circular.

(*c*) At all ports mentioned in the circular, where no specific arrangements for treatment in hospital are made, the regulations governing admission at third-class (emergency) stations will be enforced.

III.—*Office Relief.*

(*a*) Office treatment will be furnished at all stations where there is a medical officer or acting assistant surgeon of the Marine-Hospital Service.

(*b*) At all other stations office relief will be granted only in case of emergency and under the provisions of the regulations relative to third-class (emergency) stations.

(*c*) No office relief will be granted at any station not mentioned in the annual circular, and in all other respects the regulations of the Marine-Hospital Service will be complied with.

All regulations inconsistent herewith are hereby rescinded.

WALTER WYMAN,
Supervising Surgeon-General U. S. M. H. S.

APPROVED BY DIRECTION OF THE PRESIDENT:
J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary.

FREE ENTRY OF BOOKS, ETC., UNDER PARAGRAPH 410 OF THE ACT OF AUGUST 28, 1894.

1896.
Department Circular No. 158.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., November 21, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The attention of officers of the customs is invited to paragraph 410 of the act of August 28, 1894, which is as follows:

Books, engravings, photographs, bound, or unbound, etchings, music, maps, and charts, which shall have been printed more than twenty years at the date of importation, and all hydrographic charts, and scientific books and periodicals devoted to original scientific research, and publications issued for their subscribers by scientific and literary associations or academies, or publications of individuals for gratuitous private circulation, and public documents issued by foreign governments.

It has been represented that books and periodicals not strictly "devoted to *original* scientific research" have been admitted to free entry, under too broad a construction of paragraph 410; the Department accordingly notifies officers of customs that the terms of the law must be carefully observed.

The Solicitor of the Treasury advises the Department that in his opinion the words "scientific books and periodicals devoted to original scientific research," relate to *new* discoveries in the field of science, and do not include text-books, compilations and discussions of scientific subjects already understood.

This construction of the law is concurred in by this Department.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

1896.
Department Circular No. 159.
Marine-Hospital Service.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., November 21, 1896.

To Collectors of Customs:

Your attention is called to the following paragraphs of Article I, page 24, of the Quarantine Regulations of the Treasury Department:

1. Vessels arriving at ports of the United States under the following conditions should be inspected by a quarantine officer prior to entry.

A. Any vessel with sickness on board.

B. All vessels from foreign ports.

C. Vessels from domestic ports where cholera or yellow fever prevails or where smallpox or typhus fever prevails in epidemic form.

Exceptions.—Vessels not carrying passengers on inland waters of the United States. Vessels from the Pacific and Atlantic coast of British America, provided they do not carry persons or effects of persons nonresident in America for the sixty days next preceding arrival, and provided always that the port of departure be free from quarantinable disease. Vessels from other foreign ports via these excepted ports shall be inspected.

Reports from the inspecting officers of the Marine Hospital Service show that, at a number of stations, quarantine inspection is maintained throughout only a portion of the year, and that during the winter months, at some stations, this provision of the regulation is not carried out.

As this regulation is one that is essential for the prevention of the introduction of contagious disease, your attention is particularly directed to the above-mentioned clause in the Regulations, and you are requested to notify the proper health authorities that it will be enforced. You are directed hereby to admit no vessel to entry without the required certificate.

W. E. CURTIS,
Acting Secretary.

PAYMENT OF UNITED STATES SIX PER CENT BONDS, ACTS OF JULY 1, 1862, AND JULY 2, 1864, CURRENCY SIXES, DUE JANUARY 1, 1897.

1896.
Department Circular No. 160.
Division of Loans and Currency.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.

Washington, D. C., November 25, 1896.

Public notice is hereby given that United States 6 per cent bonds of the face value of nine million seven hundred and twelve thousand dollars ($9,712,000), issued under the acts of July 1, 1862, and July 2, 1864, in aid of certain Pacific railroads, as stated below, and commonly known as "Currency sixes," become due on the 1st day of January, 1897, and that interest on said bonds will cease on that day. As the day of maturity is a legal holiday, checks will be mailed December 31, 1896, in payment of the principal of all bonds embraced in this circular received for redemption on or before that date.

The interest due January 1, 1897, will be paid separately, in the usual way, by checks in favor of the holders of record on the 1st day of December, 1896.

The bonds are in denominations of $1,000, $5,000, and $10,000, and were issued in aid of the following-named railroads:

Central Pacific Railroad	$2,112,000
Union Pacific Railroad	3,840,000
Kansas Pacific Railway Company, late Union Pacific Railway, Eastern Division	2,800,000
Central Branch, Union Pacific Railway Company, late Atchison and Pike's Peak Railroad Company, assignees of the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad Company	640,000
Western Pacific Railroad	320,000
	9,712,000

Packages containing bonds forwarded for redemption should be addressed to the "Secretary of the Treasury, Division of Loans and Currency, Washington, D. C.," and the bonds should be assigned to the "Secretary of the Treasury for redemption." *Assignments must be dated and properly acknowledged as prescribed in the note printed on the back of each bond.*

Where checks in payment are desired in favor of anyone but the payee, the bonds should be assigned to the "Secretary of the Treasury for redemption for account of .....". (Here insert the name of the person to whose order the check should be made payable.)

J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

1896.
Department Circular No. 161.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., November 25, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending November 14, 1896.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

REPORT OF REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING NOVEMBER 14, 1896.

N. B.—In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.

No. of Reappraisement.

13494.....*Decorated glassware*, from ———, Venice, August 4, 1896.
1 Venetian glass, entered at 100. advanced to 150. Lire per total.

13577.....*Varnish*, from Robert Ingham Clark & Co., Ltd., London, October 8, 1896.
Light piano polishing varnish, entered at 7s. 6d. Sterling per gallon, no advance.
Light piano rubbing varnish, entered at 5s. 6d. Sterling per gallon, no advance.
Light piano rubbing varnish, entered at 6s. Sterling per gallon, No advance.
Add cases and tins at 1s. 6d. per gallon.

13309.....*Toilet preparations*, from P. Canegaly, Paris, August 24, 1896.
Eau de quinine de la reine, entered at 6.60 advanced to 7.20 Francs per dozen.

13477..... } *Sponges*, from R. N. Musgrove, Nassau, October 12, 1896.
13619..... . .....

No. 2 wool, entered at .76 U. S. Dollar per lb., no advance.
Cut grass, entered at .30 advanced to .32 U. S. Dollar per lb.
Add packing.

13497..... .....*Cotton yarn*, from McConnel & Co., Ltd., Manchester, October 9, 1896.
No. 80/2 P. N., entered at 1s. 7½d. advanced to 1s. 8d. Sterling per lb.
No. 140 A, 348, 67, entered at 2s. 5d. Sterling per lb., No advance.
Add packing, Discount 2½ per cent.

13506.....*Mfs. of silk and cotton*, from Naef Bros , Zurich, October 14, 1896.
17½″ satin noir tre cot., entered at 113. Francs per meter, no advance.
20½″ satin noir tre cot, entered at 1.39 Francs per meter, no advance.
17½″ satin noir tre cot, entered at 1.32 Francs per meter, no advance.
Discount 19 per cent. Add case and packing.

13499.....*Colored cotton*, from N. Metzger, St. Gall, October 7, 1896.

1081, woven 30″ over 100 and under 150 threads, entered at 25. advanced to 26. Franc per piece of 16 aunes.

1080, woven 30″ over 100 and under 150 threads, entered at 25. Francs per piece of 16 aunes, no advance.

1105, woven 30″ over 100 and under 150 threads, entered at 26. advanced to 28. Francs per piece of 16 aunes.

1106, woven 30″, over 100 and under 150 threads, entered at 26. advanced to 27. Francs per piece of 16 aunes.

1088, woven 30″, over 100 and under 150 threads, entered at 25. advanced to 27.50 Francs per piece of 16 aunes.

Discount 3 per cent. Add case &c.

13437.....*Mfs. of wool*, from Robert Clough, Ingrow, October 9, 1896.

No. 11115 &c. wstd. coating, 27½/29″, entered at 1s. 10½d. advanced to 2s. 4d. Sterling per yard.

No. 11161, wstd. coating, 28½″, entered at 1s. 11d. advanced to 2s. 4d. Sterling per yard.

Discount 5 per cent. Add cases.

13625.....*Ground sumac*, from C. Wedekind & Co., Palermo, October 3, 1896.

Ground sumac, entered at 155. advanced to 163. Lire per ton of 14 bags.

Add bags at .50 Lire each.

13153.....*Olives*, from R. Barea, Seville, May 20, 1896.

130/140 olives, entered at 20.50 advanced to 22. Pesetas per fanega.

13389..... .....*Embroidered flax and cotton handkerchiefs*, from E. W. Bodenmann, St. Gall, September 12, 1896.

Travelers' samples of handkerchiefs entered at an average value of .25 advanced to an average value of .32 Franc each.

Value of the best article contained in the importation entered at .25 advanced to .62 Franc.

(See sections 2910 & 2911, U. S. Rev. Stat.)

Add case &c.

13479.....*Mfs. of cotton*, N. S. P. F., from Alexander McAllister, Manchester, October 8, 1896.

$1\frac{1}{16}$″, 4 yard bolts, majestic black, entered at 3s. 10¾d. advanced to 4s. 2d. Sterling per gross.

$1\frac{1}{16}$″ 4 yard bolts, majestic colors, entered at 4s. 2½d. advanced to 4s. 5d. Sterling per gross.

1¾″ 4 yard bolts, majestic black, entered at 5s. 9¾d. advanced to 5s. 10½d. Sterling per gross.

$1\frac{1}{16}$″ 36 yard bolts, majestic colors, entered at 4s. 4½d. advanced to 4s. 8d. Sterling per gross.

1¾″ 36 yard bolts, majestic colors, entered at 6s. 6d. advanced to 7s. Sterling per gross.

1¾″ 36 yard bolts, majestic black, entered at 5s. 11¾d. advanced to 6s. 3d. Sterling per gross.

$1\frac{1}{16}$″ 4 yard bolts, defiance black, entered at 5s. 5d. advanced to 5s. 9d. Sterling per gross.

$1\frac{1}{16}$″ 4 yard bolts, defiance colors, entered at 5s. 9d. advanced to 6s. Sterling per gross.

13479.....*Mfs. of cotton, etc.*—Continued

$1\frac{3}{4}''$ 4 yard bolts, defiance black, entered at 8s. 2d. advanced to 8s. 9d. Sterling per gross.

$1\frac{3}{4}''$ 4 yard bolts, defiance colors, entered at 8s. 8d. advanced to 9s. Sterling per gross.

$1\frac{1}{16}''$ 36 yard bolts, defiance black, entered at 5s. 7d. advanced to 6s. Sterling per gross.

$1\frac{3}{4}''$ 36 yard bolts, defiance black, entered at 8s. 4d. advanced to 8s. 6d. Sterling per gross.

$1\frac{3}{4}''$ 36 yard bolts defiance colors, entered at 8s. 10d. advanced to 9s. Sterling per gross.

$1\frac{1}{16}''$ 4 yard bolts, trilby black, entered at 6s. 3d. advanced to 6s. 6d. Sterling per gross.

$1\frac{1}{16}''$ 4 yard bolts, trilby colors, entered at 7s. advanced to 7s. 3d. Sterling per gross.

$1\frac{3}{4}''$ 4 yard bolts, trilby black, entered at 9s. 6d. advanced to 10s. Sterling per gross.

$1\frac{1}{16}''$ 36 yard bolts, trilby black, entered at 6s. 5d. advanced to 6s. 8d. Sterling per gross.

$1\frac{1}{16}''$ 36 yard bolts trilby colors, entered at 7s. 2d. advanced to 7s. 5d. Sterling per gross.

$1\frac{3}{4}''$ 36 yard bolts trilby black, entered at 9s. 8d. advanced to 10s. 2d. Sterling per gross.

$1\frac{3}{4}''$ 36 yard bolts, trilby colors, entered at 10s. 2d. advanced to 10s. 6d. Sterling per gross.

add cases

11919.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Bernate Sauches Adau, Nueritas, March 27, 1896.

Testing 96.20, centrifugal, entered at 5.90 Reals per arroba, advanced to .03132 Spanish gold per Spanish lb. packed.

12149.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Wm. James Stewart, Glasgow, April 29, 1896.

Sugar, entered at 11s. 6d. Sterling per cwt., discount 2½ per cent 1 per cent brokerage, less N. D. charges, No advance.

13001.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S* from Gustave Preston, Humacas, July 7, 1896.

Testing 89.21, muscovado, entered at .0275 advanced to .030402 Porto Rico currency per lb.

Testing 96.80, centrifugal, entered at .0330 advanced to .03619 Porto Rico currency per lb.

Testing 90.00 molasses, entered at .0265 advanced to .02729 Porto Rico currency per lb.

To entered prices add filling and sewing, advanced prices packed.

13384.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from J. & E. Williams, Hamburg, September 6, 1896.

Analysis 88.78125, beetroot, entered at 8s. 5d. advanced to 8s. 10.675 Sterling per cwt., packed.

13396.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from J. Tavara, St. Kitts, September 21, 1896.

Testing 89.95, muscovado, entered at .016 add hogsheads, advanced to .0183 U. S. Dollar per lb., packed.

13481..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Wellenstein, Krause & Co. Batavia, July 24, 1896.
13482..... }

Testing 96.955, entered at 7.05 advanced to 7.4266 Florins per picul of 136 lbs.

13380.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Macleod & Co., Iloilo, June 19, 1896.

Iloilo superior sugar, No. 1, entered at 3.40 advanced to 3.8125 Philippine Island currency per picul.

13380.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S., etc.*—Continued.

Iloilo superior sugar No. 2, entered at 3.10, advanced to 3.4375 Philippine Island currency per picul.

Iloilo superior sugar No. 3, entered at 2.70, advanced to 3.1875 Philippine Island currency per picul.

13623.....*Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from A. J. Camache & Co., Antiuga, October 8, 1896.

Testing 78.40, muscovado, entered at .0063¾ advanced to .008625 U. S. Dollar per lb.

Testing 80.05, muscovado, entered at .01 advanced to .010172 U. S. Dollar per lb.

Testing 80.15, muscovado, entered at .01 advanced to .010266 U. S. Dollar per lb.

Testing 88.55, muscovado, entered at .0132½ advanced to .01672 U. S. Dollar per lb.

Testing 86., muscovado, entered at .0152½ reappraised at .015125 U. S. Dollar per lb.

Testing 85.35, muscovado, entered at .0125 advanced to .01472 U. S. Dollar per lb.

Testing 85.45, muscovado, entered at .0145 advanced to .014781 U. S. Dollar per lb.

3278 O. P..... Boston..... } *Macaroni*, from Talbot Freres, Bordeaux, June 19, 1896.

Entered at 5. advanced to 5.50 Francs per box. of 25 one pound packages.

3364 O. P..... Boston..... } *Macaroni*, from Alfonso Garofalo, Gragnano, August 14, 1896.

Entered at 4.20 advanced to 4.40 Lire per box. of 11 kilos.

3421 O. P..... Boston..... } *Blank books, &c.*, from Soy Ying Chong, Hongkong, September 3, 1896.

500 Books, entered at 12.50 advanced to 20.00 Mexican Dollars per total.

3407 O. P..... Boston..... } *Mfs. of jute*, from ——— Liverpool, October 3, 1896.

Brown sacks, (salt sacks) entered at 3d. advanced to 3½d. Sterling each.

3355 O. P..... Boston..... } *Carving knives and forks*, from Geo. Borgfeldt & Co., Stoke on Trent, July 18, 1896.

8927/209 carvers, entered at 2s. 6d. Sterling per pair, No advance.

8927/6 carvers, entered at 2s. 2d. Sterling per pair, No advance.

8927/208 carvers, entered at 4s. Sterling per pair No advance.

Add boxes.

3406 O. P..... Boston..... } *Macaroni*, from Gostino & Filli, Torre Annunziata, September 16, 1896.

Entered at 4.35 less N. D. charges, advanced to 4.338 Lire per case.

3408 O. P..... Boston..... } *Steel tubes*, (Bicycle tubes) from ——— Birmingham, September 12, 1896.

Entered at a discount of 70 per cent, entered value sustained.

3367 O. P..... San Francisco.. } *Mfs. of wool*, from Reiss Freres, Paris, September 3, 1896.

Cuir, entered at 9. Francs per meter, discounts 3 per cent & 2½ per cent, add packing, No advance.

3261 O. P..... Phila..... } *Dyed cotton velvet*, from Mechanische Weberie, Linden.

D. 128, 21½″ entered at .74½ advanced to .77 Marks per meter.

D. D. 168, 23½″ entered at 1.19 advanced to 1.25 Marks per meter.

D. 9 & D. 9 W. 19½″, entered at .55½ advanced to .59 Marks per meter.

V. 212, 21½/123″ entered at 1.47 advanced to 1.55 Marks per meter.

D. 17, 21½″ entered at .65½ advanced to .69 Mark per meter.

D. 21, 21½″, entered at .70½ advanced to .73½ Mark per meter.

J. M. M. 22½″, entered at 1.01 advanced to 1.06 Marks per meter.

Add cases Discount 1¼ per cent.

REPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

3725..... } *Cotton laces*, from Buch & Sporbeck, Langerfeld, September 1, 1896.
13244..... }

Torchon laces, entered at 13 per cent & 3 per cent discounts, advanced discounts 5 per cent & 3 per cent.

Less freight to Antwerp.

3728..... } *Colored cotton corduroy*, from James Johnson, Manchester, September 10, 1896.
13305..... }

White, cream, grey C, drab, 2, mode 1 and 2 and tan 1 quality 1025, excelsior velvet cotton corduroy, entered at 10¾d. advanced to 11¼d. Sterling per yard.

Silver, grey 1, quality 1025 excelsior velvet cotton corduroy, entered at 10½d. advanced to 11d. Sterling per yard.

Brown, 1 2 and 3, quality 1025, excelsior velvet cotton corduroy, entered at 11½d. advanced to 12d. Sterling per yard.

add cases.

Less $\frac{1}{37}$th. Discount 2½ per cent.

3688..... } *Mfs. of silk and cotton*, from J. Forest & Co., St. Etienne, August 18, 1896.
13159..... }

Polonaise trame coton, quality 0494 ecru, entered at .52 advanced to .80 Franc per meter.

Satin trame coton, quality 01350, ecru, entered at .74 advanced to 1.20 Francs per meter.

Discounts 20 per cent & 2 per cent.

Less inland carriage and shipping charges.

3781..... } *Mfs. of silk and cotton*, from G. Cramer Kauffield, Vienna, July 9, 1896.
12936..... }

Ribbon, art. 888, No. 1, and art. 890, No. 1, entered at .12 advanced to .13 Florin per piece of 10 meters.

Ribbon, art. 210, No. 1, entered at .12½ advanced to .13½ Florin per piece of 10 meters.

Ribbon, arts. 1265, 1266, No. 1, entered at .16 advanced to .17 Florin per piece of 10 meters.

Reduction 10/9.2, add 1 per cent for paper. Entered discounts 20 per cent & 5 per cent, advanced discount 10 per cent.

Add case and packing.

3752..... } *Mfs. of silk and cotton*, from H. E. Schniewind, Elberfeld, September 3, 1896.
13284..... }

24″ satin 43 prep. entered at .89 advanced to .97 Mark per meter.

24″ serge, 119 bl. white, entered at .54 advanced to .59 Mark per meter.

24″ serge, 147, bl. white, entered at .54 advanced to .59 Mark per meter.

24″ satin, 43 white, entered at .92½ advanced to 1.00½ Marks per meter.

24″ serge 147 bl. white, entered at .37 advanced to .45 Mark per meter.

36″ satin, 67 raw, entered at .90 advanced to .95 Mark per meter.

Add cases.

3689..... } *Colored glassware*, from Rheinische Glashutten Actien Gesellschaft, Cologne, July 15, 1896.
12942..... }

Glassware, entered at 25 per cent & 2 per cent discounts.

No advance.

Add packing charges.

3757..... } *Macaroni*, from L. Russo, Naples, August 29, 1896.
13374..... }

Entered at 4. advanced to 4.20 Lire per case of 11 kilos.

3740..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Zuckschwerdt & Bechel, Hamburg, July 25, 1896.
13084..... ....}

Testing 88.404, beetroot, sugar, entered at 9s. 4½d. less 1 per cent, advanced to 9s. 4.106d. Sterling per cwt.

3755..... } *Chinese merchandise*, from King Yu Tai, Hongkong, August 20, 1896.
13448..... }

Tips pipe, 60 pieces, entered at 4.80 advanced to 9. Mexican dollars per total.

3712..... } *Tamboured cotton sash and cotton lace curtains*, from E. W. Bodenmann, St. Gall, July 11, 1896.
12994..... ..... }

642 S. B. muslin vitrages, 7/4, entered at .37 advanced to .45 Francs per meter.

601/982 D. B. applique vitrages, 7/4, entered at .63 advanced to .70 Francs per meter.

102, 1/6, 12/4, 3½ yards, Brussels curtains, entered at 13.50 advanced to 14. Francs per pair.

159, 2/6, 12/4, 3½ yards, Brussels curtains, entered at 16.25 advanced to 18. Francs per pair.

108/2439, 2/6, 1/4, 12/4, 3½ yards, double twill, entered 11/80 advanced to 13.50 Francs per pair.

114/2530, 4/6, 12/4, 3½ yards, double twill, entered at 13.50 advanced to 15.50 Francs per pair.

Discount 5 per cent. Add cases.

3254..... }
11349..... } *Mfs. of wool*, from Russell Macfarlane & Co., Glasgow, and Jagger & Boulter, Huddersfield, February 20, and 12, 1896.
3259..... }
11395..... }

Cut goods, No advance.

3715..... }
13307..... } *Mfs. of flax*, from Gustave Leclercq, Courtrai, August 31, 1896.
3717..... }
13306..... }

Padding ecru, 61 c/m, (134) entered at .25 advanced to .29 Franc per meter.

Padding fil blanche 62 c/m, (500) entered at .32 advanced to .36 Franc per meter.

70/2/10, ppd. super, entered at 19½d. advanced to 19¾d. Sterling per lb.

Discount 2½ per cent. Add baling.

3734..... } *Flax yarn*, from Thomson, Fearns & Co., Dundee, September 26, 1896.
13365..... }

110 lea w/s flax yarn, entered at 25d. and 24½d. Sterling per lb., discount 3 per cent less inland freight, advanced by addition of value of bobbins 24s. per 1,000 not included in above price.

O

PECUNIARY OBLIGATIONS BETWEEN OFFICERS, CLERKS, AND EMPLOYEES.

1896.
Department Circular No. 162.
Division of Appointments

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., December 1, 1896.

To all officers, clerks, and employees in or under the Treasury Department:

It is hereby ordered that hereafter no officer, clerk, or employee in or under the Treasury Department whose duty it is or may become, under the law, custom, or practice, to make any recommendation or take any official action concerning the status in the service of any other officer, clerk, or employee, shall, either directly or indirectly, solicit, accept, or procure a loan from or make any loan to any such other officer, clerk, or employee, indorse any note or other evidence of indebtedness, or become liable for any pecuniary obligation whatever, on account of any such other officer, clerk, or employee; or permit any such other officer, clerk, or employee to indorse any note or other evidence of indebtedness, or become liable for any pecuniary obligation whatever on his account.

No officer, clerk, or employee in or under the Treasury Department shall, either directly or indirectly, solicit, accept, or procure a loan from any other officer, clerk, or employee whose duty it is or may become, under the law, custom, or practice, to make any recommendation or take any official action concerning his status in the service, or indorse any note or other evidence of indebtedness, or become liable for any pecuniary obligation whatever, on account of any such other officer, clerk, or employee; or permit any such other officer, clerk, or employee to indorse any note or other evidence of indebtedness, or become liable for any pecuniary obligation whatever, on his account.

That all persons who are indebted to others occupying, relative to them, either of the positions hereinbefore mentioned must take immediate steps to discharge their indebtedness to such others; and such indebtedness must be discharged within a reasonable time.

This order is not intended to affect any mutual benefit, insurance, or other association, the purpose of which is not to evade the provisions hereof.

Any person who willfully violates any provision of this order shall be summarily discharged from the public service.

J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary.

VESSELS PROCEEDING COASTWISE WITH IMPORTED CARGO ON BOARD.

1896.
Department Circular No. 163.
Bureau of Navigation.

Treasury Department,

BUREAU OF NAVIGATION,

Washington, D. C., December 1, 1896.

To Collectors of Customs and others:

The Department's attention has been invited to recent cases in which vessels have been allowed to proceed coastwise under enrollment and license with merchandise on board which had not been unladen in the United States. The practice was prohibited by the Regulations of 1884 and preceding general regulations, but the prohibition seems to have been omitted from the revision of 1892.

Article 117, Regulations 1892, is hereby amended by the addition thereto of the following paragraph:

"Enrollment and license must not be granted to a vessel having on board merchandise brought in her from a foreign port and not unladen in the United States."

EUGENE T. CHAMBERLAIN,
Commissioner.

APPROVED:
CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.

EXECUTIVE ORDER REMOVING THE RESTRICTIONS PLACED HERETOFORE UPON THE IMPORTATION AND SALE, IN THE TERRITORY OF ALASKA, EXCEPT THE ISLANDS OF ST. GEORGE AND ST. PAUL, OF BREECH-LOADING RIFLES AND SUITABLE AMMUNITION THEREFOR.

1896.
Department Circular No. 164.

Division of Special Agents.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., December 2, 1896.

The following regulations are prescribed under the authority of section 14 of the act of May 17, 1884, entitled "An Act providing a civil government for Alaska," and section 1955 of the Revised Statutes:

1. All restrictions and prohibitions heretofore placed upon the importation into the Territory of Alaska of breech-loading rifles and ammunition therefor, and the sale thereof within the said Territory, except as hereinafter provided, are hereby removed.

2. Permission is granted hereby for the introduction into Alaska Territory of breech-loading rifles and ammunition therefor, and for the sale of such articles within said Territory, in the same manner as articles of merchandise upon the importation and sale of which no restrictions have been placed.

3. The foregoing provisions shall not affect existing restrictions upon the introduction and use of firearms and ammunition upon the Islands of St. George and St. Paul, Alaska, which restrictions shall remain in full force and effect as though this order had not been issued.

J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary

APPROVED:
GROVER CLEVELAND.

TONNAGE TAX ON VESSELS FROM GERMAN PORTS.

1896.
Department Circular No. 165.

Bureau of Navigation.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., December 3, 1896.

To Collectors of Customs:

In pursuance of the Proclamation of the President dated the third instant, of which a copy is appended hereto, you will take measures for the collection, on and after January 2, 1897, from vessels entered in the United States from ports in Germany, of tonnage dues as provided for by section 11 of the Act of June 19, 1886.

EUGENE T. CHAMBERLAIN,
Commissioner of Navigation.

APPROVED:
W. E. CURTIS,
Acting Secretary.

[TONNAGE DUES—GERMANY.]

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, by a Proclamation of the President of the United States, dated January twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and eighty-eight, upon proof then appearing satisfactory that no tonnage or light-house dues or any equivalent tax or taxes whatever were imposed upon American vessels entering the ports of the Empire of Germany, either by the Imperial Government or by the Governments of the German Maritime States, and that vessels belonging to the United States of America and their cargoes were not required in German ports to pay any fee or dues of any kind or nature, or any import due higher or other than was payable by German vessels or their cargoes in the United States, the President did thereby declare and proclaim, from and after the date of his said Proclamation of January twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and eighty-eight, the suspension of the collection of the whole of the duty of six cents per ton, not to exceed thirty cents per ton per annum, imposed upon vessels entered in the ports of the United States from any of the ports of the Empire of Germany by section 11 of the Act of Congress approved June nineteenth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, entitled "An Act to abolish certain fees for official services to American vessels and to amend the laws relating to shipping commissioners, seamen and owners of vessels and for other purposes;"

And whereas the President did further declare and proclaim in his Proclamation of January twenty-sixth eighteen hundred and eighty-eight that the said suspension should continue so long as the recip-

rocal exemption of vessels belongiug to citizens of the United States and their cargoes should be continued in the said ports of the Empire of Germany and no longer;

And whereas, it now appears upon satisfactory proof that tonnage or light-house dues or a tax or taxes equivalent thereto are in fact imposed upon American vessels and their cargoes entered in German ports higher and other than those imposed upon German vessels or their cargoes entered in ports of the United States, so that said Proclamation of January twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and eighty-eight in its operation and effect contravenes the meaning and intent of said section 11 of the Act of Congress approved June nineteenth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six:

Now, therefore, I, GROVER CLEVELAND, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the aforesaid section 11 of the Act aforesaid as well as in pursuance of the terms of said Proclamation itself, do hereby revoke my said Proclamation of January twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and eighty-eight suspeuding the collection of the whole of the duty of six cents per ton, not to exceed thirty cents per ton per annum (which is imposed by the aforesaid section of said Act) upon vessels entered in the ports of the United States from any of the ports of the German Empire; this revocation of said Proclamation to take effect on and after the second day of January, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington this third day of December, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and twenty-first.

[SEAL.]

GROVER CLEVELAND.

By the President:

RICHARD OLNEY,

Secretary of State.

NOTICE OF CHANGE OF LAW REGARDING THE ISSUE OF STEAMBOAT OFFICERS' LICENSES.

1896.
Department Circular No. 166.

Treasury Department,

Steamboat-Inspection Service, Office of the Supervising Inspector-General,

Washington, D. C., December 8, 1896.

To Supervising and Local Inspectors of Steam Vessels, and others whom it may concern:

An act of Congress approved May 28, 1896, chapter 255, First session, Fifty-fourth Congress, authorizes licenses to officers of steam vessels to be issued, after January 1, 1897, for a term of five years instead of one year as heretofore.

Inspectors will therefore, after the date indicated, in issuing original, or renewing old licenses, issue them for the term of five years.

New licenses for the purpose are being prepared, and will be furnished inspectors, it is hoped, in time to begin their use on the 2d of January, 1897. In case, however, the new license books should fail to reach any board of local inspectors by the 2d proximo, they will issue licenses from the old books, erasing the word "one" preceding the word "year" where it occurs therein, and interlining the word "five" instead, until such time as they shall receive the new license books.

The act referred to also provides that, after the first day of January, 1897, "no person shall be qualified to hold a license as a commander or watch officer of a merchant vessel of the United States who is not a native-born citizen, or whose naturalization as a citizen shall not have been fully completed." Inspectors will see that the law as here quoted is carried out, by refusing, after January 1, 1897, to issue licenses except to persons qualified as therein stated, and should also demand for cancellation all outstanding licenses held by persons not so qualified.

The act referred to also provides for issuing one renewal of license to licensed officers engaged in service outside the United States, upon receipt of an application in writing from the holder thereof, for such renewal, "verified before a consul, or other officer of the United States authorized to administer an oath, setting forth the reasons for not appearing in person."

Attached hereto will be found the full text of the act above referred to.

JAS. A. DUMONT,
Supervising Inspector-General.

APPROVED:
W. E. CURTIS,
Acting Secretary.

AN ACT To amend section forty-one hundred and thirty-one of the Revised Statutes of the United States, to improve the merchant-marine engineer service and thereby also to increase the efficiency of the Naval Reserve, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section forty-one hundred and thirty-one of the Revised Statutes of the United States be amended so as to read as follows:

"SEC. 4131. Vessels registered pursuant to law and no others, except such as shall be duly qualified

according to law for carrying on the coasting or fishing trade, shall be deemed vessels of the United States, and entitled to the benefits and privileges appertaining to such vessels; but no such vessel shall enjoy such benefits and privileges longer than it shall continue to be wholly owned by a citizen or citizens of the United States or a corporation created under the laws of any of the States thereof, and be commanded by a citizen of the United States. And all the officers of vessels of the United States who shall have charge of a watch, including pilots, shall in all cases be citizens of the United States. The word "officers" shall include the chief engineer and each assistant engineer in charge of a watch on vessels propelled wholly or in part by steam; and after the first day of January, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven, no person shall be qualified to hold a license as a commander or watch officer of a merchant vessel of the United States who is not a native-born citizen, or whose naturalization as a citizen shall not have been fully completed."

SEC. 2. That all licenses issued to such officers shall be for a term of five years, but the holder of a license may have the same renewed for another five years at any time before its expiration:

Provided, however, That any officer holding a license, and who is engaged in a service which necessitates his continuous absence from the United States, may make application in writing for one renewal and transmit the same to the board of local inspectors with a statement of the applicant verified before a consul, or other officer of the United States authorized to administer an oath, setting forth the reasons for not appearing in person; and upon receiving the same the board of local inspectors that originally issued such license shall renew the same for one additional term of such license, and shall notify the applicant of such renewal. And in all cases where the issue is the suspension or revocation of such licenses, whether before the local boards of inspectors as provided for in section forty-four hundred and fifty of the Revised Statutes, or before the supervising inspector as provided for in section forty-four hundred and fifty-two of the Revised Statutes, the accused shall be allowed to appear by counsel and to testify in his own behalf.

No master, mate, pilot, or engineer of steam vessels licensed under title fifty-two of the Revised Statutes shall be liable to draft in time of War, except for the performance of duties such as required by his license; and, while performing such duties in the service of the United States, every such master, mate, pilot, or engineer shall be entitled to the highest rate of wages paid in the merchant marine of the United States for similar services; and, if killed or wounded while performing such duties under the United States, they, or their heirs, or their legal representatives shall be entitled to all the privileges accorded to soldiers and sailors serving in the Army and Navy, under the pension laws of the United States.

SEC. 3. That all laws or parts of laws in conflict with this Act are hereby repealed. But this shall not be construed to modify or repeal that provision of the Act of June twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, which reads as follows: "In cases where on a foreign voyage, or on a voyage from an Atlantic to a Pacific port of the United States, any such vessel is for any reason deprived of the services of an officer below the grade of master, his place, or a vacancy caused by the promotion of another officer to such place, may be supplied by a person not a citizen of the United States until the first return of such vessel to its home port; and such vessel shall not be liable to any penalty or penal tax for such employment of an alien officer."

Approved, May 28, 1896.

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FEES FOR OATHS IN VERIFICATION OF ACCOUNTS.

1896.
Department Circular No. 167.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF

COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY,

Washington, D. C., December 8, 1896.

To the Auditors and Disbursing Officers:

Below will be found a schedule of fees which Justices of the Peace and Notaries Public are authorized by the law of their respective States and Territories to charge for administering oaths.

When an account, or voucher in an account, is required by law or regulations to be verified by the oath of an officer or employee of the Government, for the cost of which oath said officer or employee is entitled to be reimbursed, the following list of fees may be allowed, and none other, except in cases where the persons claiming reimbursement shall show that a different fee is prescribed, making a specfic reference to the statute authorizing the same, to-wit:

ALABAMA:	
Notary	$0.50
Justice of the Peace	.25
ARIZONA:	
Notary	.50
Justice of the Peace	.50
ARKANSAS:	
Notary	.50
Justice of the Peace	.50
CALIFORNIA:	
Notary	.50
Justice of the Peace	—
COLORADO:	
Notary	.25
Justice of the Peace	.25
CONNECTICUT:	
Notary	.50
Justice of the Peace	.10
DAKOTA:	
Notary	.25
Justice of the Peace	.25
DELAWARE:	
Notary	.50
Justice of the Peace	.25
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA:	
Notary	.50
Justice of the Peace	—
FLORIDA:	
Notary	.50
Justice of the Peace	.16
GEORGIA:	
Notary	.50
Justice of the Peace	.30
IDAHO:	
Notary	.25
Justice of the Peace	—
ILLINOIS:	
Notary	$0.25
Justice of the Peace	.35
INDIANA:	
Notary	.50
Justice of the Peace	.35
IOWA:	
Notary	.25
Justice of the Peace	.25
KANSAS:	
Notary	.25
Justice of the Peace	.25
KENTUCKY:	
Notary	.20
Justice of the Peace	.20
LOUISIANA:	
Notary	.75
Justice of the Peace	.25
MAINE:	
Notary	.20
Justice of the Peace	.20
MARYLAND:	
Notary	.62½
Justice of the Peace	.30
MASSACHUSETTS:	
Notary	.25
Justice of the Peace	.25
MINNESOTA:	
Notary	.25
Justice of the Peace	.15
MICHIGAN:	
Notary	.25
Justice of the Peace	.25
MISSISSIPPI:	
Notary	.50
Justice of the Peace	.25

Missouri:	
Notary	$0.50
Justice of the Peace	.20
Montana:	
Notary	.50
Justice of the Peace	.50
Nebraska:	
Notary	.25
Justice of the Peace	.25
Nevada:	
Notary	.55
Justice of the Peace	.30
New Hampshire:	
Notary	.25
Justice of the Peace	.25
New Jersey:	
Notary	.32
Justice of the Peace	.32
New Mexico:	
Notary	.50
Justice of the Peace	—
New York:	
Notary	.25
Justice of the Peace	.25
North Carolina:	
Notary	.50
Justice of the Peace	.10
North Dakota:	
Notary	.25
Justice of the Peace	.25
Ohio:	
Notary	.40
Justice of the Peace	.40
Oklahoma:	
Notary	.25
Justice of the Peace	.10
Oregon:	
Notary	1.00
Justice of the Peace	.25
Pennsylvania:	
Notary	$0.25
(Except Allegheny County, $1; city of Philadelphia, $0.37½; counties of Blair, Center, Lycoming, Montour, Snyder, Westmoreland, and Wyoming, $0.37½; York County, $0.31¼.)	
Justice of the Peace	.25
Rhode Island:	
Notary	.50
Justice of the Peace	.50
South Carolina:	
Notary	.50
Justice of the Peace	.30
South Dakota:	
Notary	—
Justice of the Peace	—
Tennessee:	
Notary	.50
Justice of the Peace	.20
Texas:	
Notary	.25
Justice of the Peace	.25
Utah:	
Notary	.50
Justice of the Peace	.25
Vermont:	
Notary	.25
Justice of the Peace	—
Virginia:	
Notary	.25
Justice of the Peace	.25
Washington:	
Notary	.50
Justice of the Peace	—
West Virginia:	
Notary	.25
Justice of the Peace	.20
Wisconsin:	
Notary	.12
Justice of the Peace	.12
Wyoming:	
Notary	.50
Justice of the Peace	.25

R. B. BOWLER,
Comptroller.

Approved:

J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary

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1896.
Department Circular No. 168.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., December 8, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending November 21, 1896.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

REPORT OF REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING NOVEMBER 21, 1896.

N. B.—***In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.***

No. of Reappraisement.

13653.....*Gelatine*, from Fischer & Schmidt, Hochst, October 8, 1896.
Entered at 160.30 advanced to 171. Marks per 100 kilos.

13655.....*Tooth brushes*, from Asaka Seigio Kwaisha, Hiogo, September 24, 1896.
P. S. B. 69, entered at 2.45 Yen per gross, no advance.

13451.....*Sweetmeats*, from Marlier Job, Bar-le-duc, September 28, 1896.
Confitures assorties, entered at 4.50 advanced to 5.50 Francs per dozen.

13633.....*Sulphate ammonia*, from Bradbury & Hirsch, Liverpool, October 17, 1896.
Entered at £6. 14s. 3d. Sterling per ton, add bags at 7s. 6d. per ton, no advance.

13650.....*Chinese merchandise*, from King Yue Tai, Hongkong, September 21, 1896.
8 pieces of brass pipe, entered at 8. Mexican dollars per total, no advance.
100 pieces of pipe tips, entered at 8., advanced to 10. Mexican dollars per total.

13435.....*Refined sugar above 16 D. S.* from R. Crooks & Co., Hamburg, September 26, 1896.
Granulated sugar, entered at 10s. 9¾d. less commission, brokerage, lighterage, freight, insurance and consul fee advanced to 11s. 0½d. Sterling per 50¾ kilos.

13145.....*Cut glassware and decorated china*, from Schindler & Co., Gablonz, August 8, 1896.
Entered at various prices, add cases, no advance.
10 per cent commission added to invoice, paid to consignee for receiving the goods, and deducted on entry, allowed on reappraisement.

13648.....*Cod liver oil*, from Kachelmacher & Bohmer, Christiania, October 17, 1896.
Cod liver oil, entered at 127. advanced to 130. Crowns per barrel.
Cod liver oil, entered at 63.50 advanced to 65. Crowns per half barrel.
Cod liver oil, entered at 31.75 advanced to 32.50 Crowns per quarter barrel.
Add whole barrels at 6. Crowns, half barrels at 5.50 Crowns each and quarter barrels at 4. Crowns each.

13654.....*Cod liver oil*, from Kachelmacher & Bohmer, Christiania, September 17, 1896.
Cod liver oil, entered at 134. Crowns per barrel, no advance.
Cod liver oil, entered at 67. Crowns per half barrel, no advance.
Cod liver oil, entered at 33.50 Crowns per quarter barrel, no advance.
Add barrels at 6. Crowns each, half barrels at 5. Crowns each and quarter barrels at 3.50 Crowns each.

13635.....*Colored cotton velvet*, from Elson & Neill, Manchester, October 23, 1896.
21″ black velvets, entered at 6¼d. Sterling per yard, No advance.
21″ black velvet, entered at 5⅝d. advanced to 5¾d. Sterling per yard.
21″ black velvet, entered at 6¼d. advanced to 6¾d. Sterling per yard.
21″ black velvet, entered at 7d. advanced to 7¼d. Sterling per yard.
Less $\frac{1}{37}$th. add making up at 1s. per piece, discount 2½ per cent, add cases.

13646.....*Colored cotton velvet*, from Tootal Broadhurst Lee & Co., Manchester, October 26, 1896.
18″ black velvet M4, entered at 4¼d. advanced to 4½d. Sterling per yard.
Less $\frac{1}{37}$th., add making up at 1s. per piece, discount 3 per cent, add cases.

13486..... .. ..*Colored cotton*, from Salmon & Lumley, Paris, September 28, 1896.
Cotton cloth 80 c/m, louisine & cretonne S, entered at .50 Franc per meter, discounts 3 per cent and 2 per cent, add case and packing, no advance.

13617.....*Colored cotton*, from Feineb & Son, Wien, August 6, 1896.
Inlet No. 242, entered at .25 advanced to .32 Florin per meter.
Inlet No. 24/20 entered at .27 advanced to .34 Florin per meter.
Inlet No. 250, entered at .28 advanced to .35 Florin per meter.
Inlet No. 300, entered at .33 advanced to .40 Florin per meter.

13636.....*Mfs. of wool and cotton*, from Schuster, Fulda & Co., Bradford, September 9, 1896.
54″ Oxford mixed freize, entered at 1s. 8d. advanced to 1s. 8.50d. Sterling per yard.
Less 1 yard per piece, less $\frac{1}{37}$th, discount 2½ per cent add packing.

13493.....*Mfs. of cotton, N. S. P. F.* from Krautheimer & Co., Nuremberg, September 26, 1896.
Woven initials, 46, R. M. & E. K., entered at .25 advanced to .30 Mark per gross.
Woven initials, 66, A. S., entered at .35 Mark per gross, no advance.
Add packing.

13620..... } *Unbleached cotton corduroy*, from Louis Behrens & Sons, Manchester, October 22 & 26th
13641..... } 1896.
27″ grey picker cords, entered at $6\frac{15}{16}$d. Sterling per yard, less $\frac{1}{37}$th, discount 2½ per cent, add packing charges, no advance.

13645.....*Wool wearing apparel*, from E. Widani, Constantinople, September 19, 1896.
Cloth embroidered jackets, No. 33, entered at 40. advanced to 44. Piasters each.
Ladies cloth dress trimmings, No. 34, entered at 46. advanced to 50. Piasters each.
Metal belts with handkerchief pockets, No. 35, entered at 25. advanced to 27.50 Piasters each.
Add packing charges.

3292 O. P..... } *Sugar above 16 D. S.* from Robert Crooks & Co., Liverpool July 16, 1896.
Boston ..... }
Tates Fourths, entered at 11s. 6d. advanced to 11s. 9d. Sterling per cwt.
Discount 2½ per cent.

3414 O. P..... } *Matches*, from W. C. Hirschstein, Liverpool, April 16, 1896.
San Francisco.. }
Mazeppa, label B, entered at 53s. Sterling per case, of 50 gross, no advance.
Crocodile, Label A, entered at £2. 17s. 0d. Sterling per case, of 50 gross, no advance.
Discount 2½ per cent, less freight to Liverpool and N. D. charges.

3416 O. P.....
San Francisco..
Refined camphor, from The American Trading Company, Hioga, September 28, 1896.

Entered at .65 Yen per lb, no advance.

3400 O. P.....
Phila.....
Sugar above 16 D. S. from R. Crooks & Co., Hamburg, September 26, 1896.

Granulated sugar, entered at 10s. 9¾d. advanced to 10s. 11d. Sterling per cwt.
Less N. D. charges.

3411 O. P.....
Phila.....
Sugar not above 16 D. S. from J. V. Drake & Co., Hamburg.

Analysis 88.994, beetroot sugar, entered 8s. 9.85d. advanced to 9s. 7.241d. Sterling per cwt. packed.

3419 O. P.....
Phila.....
Sugar above 16 D. S. from Robert Crooks & Co., Hamburg, October 15, 1896.

Granulated sugar, entered at 10s. 10½d. less N. D. charges advanced to 10s. 8d. Sterling per cwt., packed.

3392 O. P.....
Phila.....
Sugar not above 16 D. S. from ——— Hamburg, August 5, 1896.

Analysis 88.74, raw beet, entered at 9.263, advanced to 9.8656 Marks per 50 kilos.

3381 O. P.....
Phila.....
Sugar above 16 D. S. from Robert Crooks & Co., Liverpool, September 30, 1896.

Fourths, entered at 10s. 6d. Sterling per cwt., discount 2½ per cent, no advance.

3171 O. P.....
3357 O. P.....
3249 O. P.....
St. Louis.....
Wool shawls, from Chr. Zimmermann and Sohn, Apolda, March 14, July 23 & May 19, 1896.

100 B. C. & W. ice wool squares, entered at 2.45 advanced to 2.95 Marks per dozen.
101 B. W. & C, ice wool squares, entered at 3.85 advanced to 4.35 Marks per dozen.
200 B. W. & C, wool squares, entered at 4.60 advanced to 5.10 Marks per dozen.
201 B. W. & C, wool squares, entered at 6.90 advanced to 7.40 Marks per dozen.
202 B. W. & c, wool squares entered at 8.10 advanced to 8.60 Marks per dozen.
219 & 219 W. wool and silk infantees, entered at 1.40 advanced to 1.60 Marks per dozen.
221 W, mittens, entered at 4.40 advanced to 4.50 Marks per dozen.
220 mittens, entered at 2.30 advanced to 2.60 Marks per dozen.
Similar goods similar advances.
Discount 3½ per cent, add cases, boxes &c. to entered prices.
Advanced prices packed.

2990 O. P.....
St. Louis.....
Wool shawls, from Alfred Colditz, Chemnitz, March 6, 1896.

Samples of ice wool shawls, job lot entered at 5. advanced to 10. Marks per dozen.

REAPPRAISEMENT BY BOARDS.

3760.....
13403.....
Colored cotton and manufactures of cotton, N. E., from Borgfeldt, Pfeiffer & Co., Paris, September 12, 1896.

Cotton scrims, No. 4456/4533 &c., entered at .25 advanced to .55 Francs per meter.
Add cases and packing.

3479.....
12411.....
Sugar not above 16 D. S. from E. J. Sadler, Savanna-la-mar, Jamaica, May 17, 1896.

Testing 91.31, muscovado sugar, entered at £11. 0s. 0d. add bags and packing, advanced to £11. 9s. 5d. Sterling per ton of 2240 lbs.

3762..... } *Mirrors*, from Ullmann & Engelmann, Fuerth, September 9, 1896.
13425.....

Mirrors, 151, entered at 16.50 advanced to 18. Marks per gross.
Discount 10 per cent. Add cases.

3794..... } *Silk wearing apparel*, from Abraham & Collier, Kobe, September 6, 1896.
13450.....

Japanese smoking jackets, entered at 2.60 advanced to 2.85 Silver dollars each.
Add cases at 2.25 each.

3330.....
11743.....
3331.....
11744..... } *Wool dress goods*, from Alfred Munch, Gera, February 26, March 13, July 9, August 3 and 7, September 18, 1896.
3745.....
12894.....
3747.....
12023.....

All wool henriettas.

92/94 c/m, quality 60, D 80, entered at .98, discount 8 per cent advanced to .96 Mark per meter, net.

92/94 c/m, quality 56 1465, entered at .92, discount 8 per cent advanced to .90 Mark per meter, net.

112/144 c/m, quality 56 1465, entered at 1.12, discount 8 per cent, advanced to 1.12 Marks per meter, net.

92/94 c/m quality 44 3156, entered at .74, discount 8 per cent advanced to .72 Marks per meter, net.

112/144 c/m, quality 40 D 50, entered at .88, discount 8 per cent, advanced to .88 Mark per meter, net.

112/114 c/m, quality 64, A., entered at 1.24, discount 8 per cent advanced to 1.24 Marks per meter, net.

92/94 c/m, quality 48, 386, entered at .80, discount 8 per cent advanced to .78 Mark per meter, net.

112/114 c/m, quality 44, 4148, entered at .94, discount 8 per cent, advanced to .94 Mark per meter, net.

92/94 c/m, quality 44, 12/13 x D 80, entered at .74, discount 8 per cent, advanced to .70 Mark per meter, net.

112/114 c/m, quality 64, 17/18 X, 19 B, entered at dis. 8 per cent 1.24 advanced to 1.22 Marks per meter, net.

112/114 c/m, quality 68 18/19 X 20 B, entered at 1.30 discount 8 per cent, advanced to 1.28 Marks per meter, net.

112/114 c/m, quality 60, 16/17 X, Imperial, entered at 1.18 discount 8 per cent, advanced to 1.16 Marks per meter, net.

112/114 c/m, quality 52, 14/15 X, D 70, entered at 1.06 discount 8 per cent, advanced to 1.04 Marks per meter, net.

112/114 c/m, quality 56, 15/16 X, D 80, entered at 1.12 discount 8 per cent, advanced to 1.10 Marks per meter, net.

112/114 c/m, quality 72, 17/20 X, D 300, entered at 1.36 discount 8 per cent, advanced to 1.34 Marks per meter, net.

112/114 c/m, quality 80, 21/22 X D 400, entered at 1.48 discount 8 per cent, advanced to 1.46 Marks per meter, net.

3330.....
11743.....
3331.....
11744.....
3745.....
12894.....
3747.....
12023.....
} *Wool dress goods, etc.*—Continued.

112/114 c/m, quality 84, 22/23 X, D 450, entered at 1.54 discount 8 per cent, advanced to 1.52 Marks per meter, net.

92/94 c/m, quality 60, 16/17 X excelsior, entered at .98, discount 8 per cent, advanced to .94 Mark per meter, net.

112/114 c/m, quality 40, 11/12 x, 251, entered at .88 discount 8 per cent, advanced to .86 Mark per meter, net.

92/94 c/m, quality 64, 17/18 X, 120, entered at 1.04 discount 8 per cent, advanced to 1. Mark per meter, net.

92/94 c/m, quality 68, 18/19 X, 121, entered at 1.10 discount 8 per cent, advanced to 1.06 Marks per meter, net.

112/114 c/m, quality 44, 12/13 x, 545, entered at .94 discount 8 per cent, advanced to .92 Mark per meter., net.

92/94 c/m, quality 48, 13/14 X D 600, entered at .80 discount 8 per cent advanced to .76 Mark per meter net.

92/94 c/, quality 52, 14/15 x, D 70, entered at .86, discount 8 per cent, advanced to .82 Mark per meter, net.

92/94 c/m, quality 56, 15/16 x, D 80, entered at .92, discount 8 per cent, advanced to .88 Mark per meter.

112/114 c/m, quality 44, 12/13 x 600, entered at 1. discount 8 per cent, advanced to .98 Mark per meter, net.

112/114 c/m, quality 72, 19/20 x, 22 B, entered at 1.42 discount 8 per cent, advanced to 1.40 Marks per meter, net.

112/114 c/m, quality 88, 23/24 x, 542, entered at 1.60 discount 8 per cent, advanced to 1.58 Marks per meter, net.

92/94 c/m, quality 40, 11/12 x, 114, entered at .68, discount 8 per cent, advanced to .64 Mark per meter, net.

Add making up at .10 Franc each, add cases.

828 O. P.....
3360.....
Phila.....
} *Sugar not above 16 D. S.* from Robert Crooks & Co., Ltd., Liverpool, September 8, 1896.

Tates fifths, entered at 9s. advanced to 9s. 3d. Sterling per cwt., discount 2½ per cent.

821 O. P.....
3186.....
Phila.....
} *Linen thread,* from Robert Stewart & Son, Lisburn, May 21, 1896.

H. B. Merrimack ½ lb. balls unpapered, entered at 17s. advanced to 22s. Sterling per dozen.

H. B. star, ½ lb. balls unpapered, entered at 24s. advanced to 27s. Sterling per dozen. Discount 25 per cent.

H. B. star ½ lb. balls unpapered, entered at 22s. advanced to 26s. Sterling per dozen. Entered discount 30 per cent advanced discount 25 per cent.

Add cases at 4s. each, less inland freight.

827 O. P.....
3335..... ...
Phila.....
} *Surface coated paper*, from Henry & Leigh Staler, Ltd., Manchester, August 22, 1896.

24x20 gold foil, entered at 9s. 8d. advanced to 10s. Sterling per ream.
To advanced price add ease.

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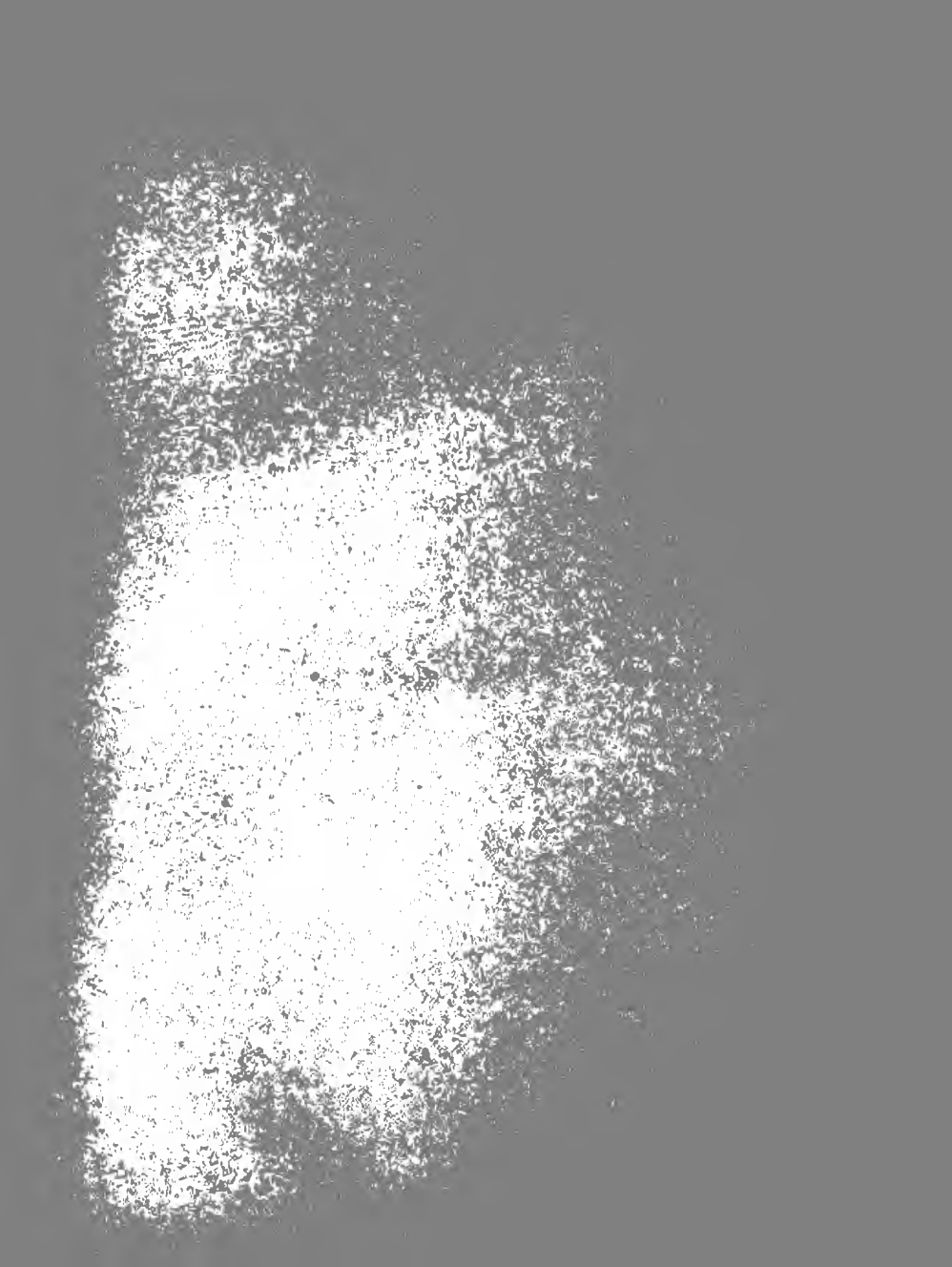

REAPPRAISEMENTS OF MERCHANDISE BY UNITED STATES GENERAL APPRAISERS.

1896.
Department Circular No. 169.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., December 10, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending November 28, 1896.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

REPORT OF REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING NOVEMBER 28, 1896.

N. B.—***In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.***

No. of Reappraisement.

13700.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from C. Czarnikow, Rotterdam, October 10, 1896.
Beetroot sugar entered on basis of 75° test at 6s. 4.22d., advanced to 6s. 6.23d. per cwt. of 112 lbs. pkd. basis of 72.82 analysis.

13660.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Am. Sug. Ref. Co., Hamburg, October 4, 1896.
Beetroot sugar entered on basis of 75° test at 5s. 5.68d., advanced to 8s. 1.05d. per cwt. of 112 lbs. pkd., basis of 84.70 anal.

13661..... ..... *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Rausohoff & Wissler, Hamburg, October 4, 1896.
Beetroot sugar entered on basis of 75° test at 6s. 8.75d., advanced to 7s. 1.5d. per cwt. of 112 lbs. pkd., basis of 77° test.

13656..... } *Mf. paper n. o. p. f.*, from J. Witkowski & Co., Yokohama, June 12, 25, 1896.
13698.. ..... }
Paper napkins, Nos. 25030, 25384, 16″, entered at 1.05, advanced to 1.20 yen per 1000.
Paper napkins, 14 in., Nos. 88, 25386, 90, 488, 490, 550, 708, entered at .85, advanced .98 yen per 1000.
Add cases and packing.

13670.....*Mf. Cotton, n. s. p. f.*, from Gebr. Kluge, Crefeld, October 10, 1896.
Initials Com. x, pkg. 16, 4345, pkg. 47/48, entered at .20 mark per gross; no advance.
10 mm. Trimmings, Com. 54, pkg. 39/42, entered at 3.25, advanced to 3.55 marks per gross yds.

13670.....*Mf. Cotton n. s. p. f., etc.*—Continued.

Hangers, Com. 4246, pkg. 43/44, entered at 9.25, advanced to 9.75 marks per 100 meters.

Discount 4 per cent.

Add case, packing and cartons.

13696.....*Mf. Cotton n. s. p. f.*, from Alexander McAllister, Manchester, October 29, 1896.

$1\frac{1}{16}$ in. blk. Majestic bias, 4 yds., entered at 4s., advanced to 4s. 2d. per gross.

$1\frac{1}{16}$ in. colors Majestic Bias 4 yards, entered at 4s. 4d., advanced to 4s. 5d. per gross.

$1\frac{3}{4}$ in. colors Majestic bias, 4 yds., entered at 6s. 7d., advanced to 7s. per gross.

$1\frac{3}{4}$ blk. Majestic bias, 4 yds., entered at 6s. per gross; no advance.

Add cases at 12s. each.

13671..... } *Wool dress goods*, from Th. Michau & Co., Paris, October 22, 29, 1896.
13643..... }

47 in. blk. satin Russe N. 18, entered at 2.35, advanced to 2.45 francs per meter.

46 in. Black satin Russe 19, entered at 2.50, advanced to 2.55 francs per meter.

47 in. blk. satin Russe 21, entered at 2.75, advanced to 2.825 francs per meter.

45 in. col'd cachmere D17, entered at 1.45, advanced to 1.52 francs per meter.

46½ in. col'd satin Russe N.219X, entered at 2.50, advanced to 2.55 francs per meter.

46½ in. satiu Russe (col'd), N217X, entered at 2.25, advanced to 2.40 francs per meter.

Similar goods, similar advances.

Less 5 per cent discount.

Add case and packiug.

13672..... *Wool dress goods*, from Ernst Weber, Gera, October 20, 1896.

111/112 S. M. C., 16/17 all wool henriettas, entered at 1.07, advanced to 1.16 marks per meter.

111/112 ctm. S. M. D., 14/15, entered at 1.01, advanced to 1.04 marks per meter.

Add case, oil cloth and iron bands.

3409 OP..... } *Dyed cotton velvet*, from Mech. Weberei zu Linden and Mechanische Factura in Linden,
3260 OP..... } Linden, June 26, October 6, 1896.
Phila..... }

Ind. schwarz velvet D11, 19½″, entered at .58, advanced to .59 mark per meter.

Ind. schwarz velvet D9, 19½ in., entered at .555, advanced to .59 mark per meter.

Ind. schwarz velvet JH, 21½ in., entered at .91, advanced to .95 mark per meter.

Ind. schwarz velvet D15, 19½ in., entered at .62, advanced to .65 mark per meter.

Ind. schwarz velvet D17, 21½ in., entered at .655, advanced to .69 mark per meter.

Similar goods, similar advances.

Add cases, packing, making up, etc.

Less 1¼ per cent discount.

13701..... .....*Col'd cotton velvet, etc.*, from Tootal Broadhurst Lee & Co., Manchester, October 29, 1896.

18″ blk. velvet, M4, entered at 4¼d., advanced to 4½d. per yard.

Less $\frac{1}{37}$th.

Add making up at 1s. per piece.

Less 3 per cent discount.

Add cases and tickets.

13618.....*Cotton lace curtains*, from Stewart, Moir & Moir, Ltd., Glasgow, October 16, 1896.

No. 393 lace curtains taped, entered at 4s., advanced to 4s. 3d. per pair.

No. 363 lace curtains taped, entered at 2s. 4.5d. per pair; no advance.

13618.....*Cotton lace curtains, etc.*—Continued.

No. 396 lace curtains knitted edge, entered at 5s., advanced to 5s. 4d. per pair.

No. 320 lace curtains knitted edge, entered at 5s. 2d. per pair; no advance.

No. 388 lace curtains knitted edge, entered at 3s. 9d., advanced to 4s. per pair.

Similar goods, similar advances.

Less 2½ per cent discount.

Add case and packing.

3417 OP. ..... Boston..... } *Printed Earthenware &c.*, from W. & E. Corn, Longport, Oct. 3, 1896.

Earthenware invoiced as "Baltimore teas" at 5s. per dozen; advanced to 6s. per dozen as "London teas."

Less discounts 60 per cent, 5 per cent, 5 per cent, 2½ per cent.

Add crates.

3405 OP. ..... Boston..... } *Macaroni*, from Talbot Freres, Bordeaux, August 18, 1896.

Macaroni entered at 9.50, advanced to 12.24 francs per box pkd.

13663.....*Chemical salts*, from Forster & Gregory, Ltd., London, October 27, 1896.

Hypophosphite Lime, Soda, Potash, entered at 3s. 1.05d. per lb., less cartage, etc.; advanced by disallowance of deduction of cartage.

13704.....*Chemical salt*, from Bessler, Waechter & Co., Newcastle, Oct. 28, 1896.

Hyposulphite of soda, entered at £4, 17s., advanced to £5 2s. per ton pkd.

13689.....*Chemical salt* from Julius Hulsen & Co., Newcastle, Oct. 23, 1896.

Hyposulphite of soda entered at £4, 14s. 10d. per ton; no advance.

Hyposulphite of soda entered at £5 4s. 7d. per ton; no advance.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

13358.. ..... 3731..... } *Grapes*, from ——— Almeria, September 16, 1896.

Grapes entered at 12.09, advanced to 12.22 gold pesetas per bbl. of 25 kilos pkd.

13480..... 3796..... } *Hatter's furs not on the skin*, from Meier Frankel, Farnow, September 26, 1896.

Hasenbarre entered at 5.20, advanced to 6.25 florins per kilo.

Add cases.

13424..... 3761..... } *Mf. silk & cotton*, from G. Varenne J. Pointet & Co., Lyons, October 7, 1896.

95 c/m serge ecru, entered at .65, advanced to .70 franc per meter.

Less 20 per cent discount.

Add packing charges.

13478..... ..... 3799..... } *Dec. china &c.*, from Kai Tsu Kwaisha, Yokohama, July 9, 1896.

Porcelain dishes entered at various prices, advanced 10 per cent.

No. 3037 printed paper napkins, 16 in., entered at .14, advanced to .145 yen per 100.

No. 3038 paper napkins, printed, 14 in., entered at .11, advanced to .115 yen per 100.

No. 3164 printed paper napkins, 14 in., entered at .095, advanced to .105 yen per 100.

No. 3162 paper napkins, beated figure, 14 in., entered at .10, advanced to .105 yen per 100.

Similar goods, similar advances.

Add case and packing.

13502.. ..... } *Opera glasses*, from Susfeld, Lorsch & Co., Paris, October 14, 1896.
3813..... }

Opera-glasses entered at various prices, advanced by Appraiser by amount of royalty payable in America, entered value sustained on reappraisement.

12862..... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from L. E. Lowenstein, Amsterdam, June 30, 1896.
3806..... ..... }

Sugar entered at 15.37, advanced to 15.913 florins per 100 kilos packed.

13210..... ..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from J. H. Watson, Falmouth, August 4, 1896.
3798..... }

Sugar entered at £8 11s. 10d., basis of 89° test, advanced to £8 16s. 4d. per ton of 2240 lbs. pkd., basis of 88.10 test.

3375.....
838 O. P..... } *Sugar not No. 16 D. S.*, from J. & E. Williams, Hamburg, July 11, 1896.
New Orleans ...

Beetroot sugar entered on basis of 88° anal. at 9.74 marks per cwt. pkd., advanced to 10s. .665d. per cwt. pkd., basis of 89.11 analysis.

3389 O. P.....
839..... } *Sugar not above 16 D. S.*, from Rausohoff & Wissler, Hamburg, August 18, 1896.
New Orleans ...

Beetroot sugar entered on basis of 88° anal. at 8s. 10.9d., advanced to 9s. 3.8d. per cwt. pkd., basis of 89.20 anal.

3372 O. P.....
835..... } *Sugar not above No 16 D. S.*, from I. & E. Williams, Hamburg, June 30, 1896.
New Orleans ...

Beetroot sugar entered on basis of 88° anal. at 9.74 marks, advanced to 10s. 1.025d. per cwt. pkd., basis of 89.35 anal.

3393 O. P.....
840..... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from I. V. Drake & Co., Hamburg, July 15, 1896.
New Orleans ...

Beetroot sugar entered at 9.05 marks per cwt. pkd., basis of 94.57 test; reappraised at 9.408 marks per 50 kilos pkd., basis of 89.50 test.

O

PROPOSALS FOR THE PURCHASE OF PACIFIC RAILROAD FIRST-MORTGAGE BONDS.

1896.
Department Circular No. 170.
Division of Bookkeeping and Warrants.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.

Washington, D. C., December 15, 1896.

SEALED PROPOSALS for the purchase of $2,780,000 first-mortgage bonds of the Central Pacific, Union Pacific, and Kansas Pacific Railroads, now constituting a part of the sinking fund of the Central Pacific Railroad, will be received at the Treasury Department, Office of the Secretary, until 12 o'clock M., on the 21st day of December, 1896. The bonds will be sold with all interest accrued and unpaid thereon, the dates of maturity, and of the last interest payment being as follows:

Central Pacific:

Due January 1, 1897	$218,000
Due January 1, 1898	1,323,000
	1,541,000

(Interest paid on the above to July 1, 1896.)

Union Pacific:

Due January 1, 1896	$180,000
Due January 1, 1897	83,000
Due July 1, 1897	75,000
Due January 1, 1898	211,000
Due July 1, 1898	287,000
Due January 1, 1899	103,000
	939,000

(Interest paid on the above to July 1, 1896.)

Kansas Pacific:

Due August 1, 1895 (interest paid to August 1, 1895)	$158,000
Due June 1, 1896 (interest paid to December 1, 1894)	142,000
	300,000

Bidders are requested to make separate proposals for the bonds of each road, and they may bid for any part or all of the bonds enumerated. The successful bidders will be duly notified of the allotment made to them and they will be required to pay for the bonds so allotted within ten days after the date of the notice of such allotment.

The Department having been guaranteed a certain price for the above-described bonds, the guarantors will have the preference over other bidders at the same price, and the Department expressly reserves the right to reject any or all of the proposals submitted under this advertisement.

J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

REVISED INTERNATIONAL RULES TO PREVENT COLLISIONS AT SEA (LIGHTS, STEERING, SAILING, ETC.).

1897.
Department Circular No. 171.

Treasury Department,

BUREAU OF NAVIGATION,

Washington, D. C., December 31, 1896.

To Collectors of Customs and others:

The attention of all persons concerned is invited to the changes in the rules relating to lights, steering and sailing, etc., embodied in the act, as amended, to adopt regulations for preventing collisions at sea, approved August 19, 1890, and proclaimed by the President, to take effect July 1, 1897.

On and after July 1, 1897, these rules are to be followed by all public and private vessels of the United States upon the high seas and in all waters connected therewith navigable by seagoing vessels, except upon harbors, rivers, and inland waters, and upon the Great Lakes and their tributary waters as far east as Montreal.

Material changes from former acts are indicated by italics.

Amendments to the act are shown by a statement of the date of the passage of the amendment.

Article 9 of the act, relating to fishing vessels, was repealed May 28, 1894, and Congress by an act approved August 13, 1894, reenacted article 10 of the International Regulations of 1885, now in force, so far as said article relates to lights for fishing vessels. It is inserted, therefore, as reenacted, in place of article 9, repealed, of the act of August 19, 1890.

The laws to prevent collisions upon the harbors, rivers, and inland waters of the United States will be found below, and those relating to the Great Lakes in another publication.

A copy of this circular may be supplied by any collector of customs to the master of any vessel of the United States visiting a custom house on the seacoast of the United States, but the master's attention should be carefully invited to the date on which the regulations are to take effect.

The rules are printed below.

EUGENE T. CHAMBERLAIN,
Commissioner.

APPROVED:
J. G. CARLISLE,
Secretary.

I.

ACT of August 19, 1890, to adopt regulations for preventing collisions at sea, as amended by the acts of May 28, 1894, August 13, 1894, and June 10, 1896, and proclaimed by the President of the United States to take effect July 1, 1897.

[Material changes from former acts indicated by *italics.*]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following regulations for preventing collisions at sea shall be followed by all public and private vessels of the United States upon the high seas and in all *waters connected therewith, navigable by sea-going vessels.*

PRELIMINARY.

In the following rules every *steam-vessel* which is under sail and not under steam is to be considered a *sailing-vessel*, and *every vessel* under steam, whether under sail or not, is to be considered a *steam-vessel.*

The word "steam-vessel" shall include any vessel propelled by machinery.

A vessel is "under way" within the meaning of these rules when she is not at anchor, or made fast to the shore, or aground.

RULES CONCERNING LIGHTS, AND SO FORTH.

The word "visible" in these rules when applied to lights shall mean visible on a dark night with a clear atmosphere.

ARTICLE 1. The *rules concerning* lights shall be *complied with* in all weathers from sunset to sunrise, *and during such time no other lights which may be mistaken for the prescribed lights shall be exhibited.*

ART. 2. *A steam-vessel* when under way shall carry—(a) On or in front of the foremast, *or if a vessel without a foremast, then in the fore part of the vessel*, at a height above the hull of not less than twenty feet, and if the breadth of the vessel exceeds twenty feet, then at a height above the hull not less than such breadth, *so, however, that the light need not be carried at a greater height above the hull than forty feet*, a bright white light, so constructed as to show an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of twenty points of the compass, so fixed as to throw the light ten points on each side of the *vessel*, namely, from right ahead to two points abaft the beam on either side, and of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least five miles.

(b) On the starboard side a green light so constructed as to show an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of ten points of the compass, so fixed as to throw the light from right ahead to two points abaft the beam on the starboard side, and of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least two miles.

(c) On the port side a red light so constructed as to show an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of ten points of the compass, so fixed as to throw the light from right ahead to two points abaft the beam on the port side, and of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least two miles.

(d) The said green and red side-lights shall be fitted with inboard screens projecting at least three feet forward from the light, so as to prevent these lights from being seen across the bow.

(e) *A steam-vessel when under way may carry an additional white light similar in construction to the light mentioned in subdivision (a). These two lights shall be so placed in line with the keel that one shall be at least fifteen feet higher than the other, and in such a position with reference to each other that the lower light shall be forward of the upper one. The vertical distance between these lights shall be less than the horizontal distance.*

ART. 3. A *steam-vessel* when towing another *vessel* shall, in addition to her side-lights, carry two bright white lights in a vertical line one over the other, not less than *six* feet apart, *and when towing more than one vessel shall carry an additional bright white light six feet above or below such light, if the length of the tow measuring from the stern of the towing vessel to the stern of the last vessel towed exceeds six hundred feet.* Each of these lights shall be of the same construction and character, and shall be carried in the same position as the white light mentioned in article two (a), *excepting the additional light, which may be carried at a height of not less than fourteen feet above the hull.*

Such steam-vessel may carry a small white light abaft the funnel or aftermast for the vessel towed to steer by, but such light shall not be visible forward of the beam.

ART. 4. (a) A *vessel* which from any accident is not under command shall carry at the same height as a white light mentioned in article two (a), *where they can best be seen*, and if a *steam-vessel* in lieu of that light, *two red lights*, in a vertical line one over the other, not less than *six* feet apart, and of such a character as to be visible *all around the horizon* at a distance of at least two miles; and shall by day carry in a vertical line one over the other, not less than *six* feet apart, *where they can best be seen, two* black balls or shapes, each two feet in diameter.

(b) A *vessel* employed in laying or in picking up a telegraph cable shall carry in the same position as the white light mentioned in article two (a), and if a *steam-vessel* in lieu of that light, three lights in a vertical line one over the other not less than six feet apart. The highest and lowest of these lights shall be red, and the middle light shall be white, and they shall be of such a character as to be visible *all around the horizon, at a distance of at least two miles.* By day she shall carry in a vertical line, one over the other, not less than six feet apart, *where they can best be seen*, three shapes not less than two feet in diameter, of which the highest and lowest shall be globular in shape and red in color, and the middle one diamond in shape and white.

(c) The *vessels* referred to in this article, when not making way through the water, shall not carry the side-lights, but when making way shall carry them.

(d) The lights and shapes required to be shown by this article are to be taken by other *vessels* as signals that the *vessel* showing them is not under command and can not therefore get out of the way.

These signals are not signals of vessels in distress and requiring assistance. Such signals are contained in article thirty-one.

ART. 5. A *sailing vessel* under way *and any vessel* being towed shall carry the same lights as are prescribed by article two for a *steam-vessel* under way, with the exception of the white lights mentioned therein, which they shall never carry.

ART. 6. Whenever, as in the case of small vessels *under way* during bad weather, the green and red side-lights can not be fixed, these lights shall be kept *at hand, lighted and* ready for use; and shall, on the approach of or to other vessels, be exhibited on their respective sides in sufficient time to prevent collision, in such manner as to make them most visible, and so that the green light shall not be seen on the port side nor the red light on the starboard side, *nor, if practicable, more than two points abaft the beam on their respective sides.*

To make the use of these portable lights more certain and easy the lanterns containing them shall each be painted outside with the color of the light they respectively contain, and shall be provided with proper screens.

"ART. 7. *Steam-vessels of less than forty, and vessels under oars or sails* of less than twenty tons *gross* tonnage, *respectively, and rowing boats,* when under way, shall not be *required* to carry the lights mentioned in article two (a), (b), and (c), but if they do not carry them they shall be provided with the following lights:

"*First. Steam-vessels of less than forty tons shall carry—*

"*(a) In the fore part of the vessel, or on or in front of the funnel, where it can best be seen, and at a height above the gunwale of not less than nine feet, a bright white light constructed and fixed as prescribed in article two (a), and of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least two miles.*

"*(b) Green and red side-lights constructed and fixed as prescribed in article two (b) and (c), and of such a character as to be visible at a distance of at least one mile, or a combined lantern showing a green light and a red light from right ahead to two points abaft the beam on their respective sides. Such lanterns shall be carried not less than three feet below the white light.*

"*Second. Small steamboats, such as are carried by seagoing vessels, may carry the white light at a less height than nine feet above the gunwale, but it shall be carried above the combined lantern mentioned in subdivision one (b).*

"*Third. Vessels under oars or sails* of less than twenty tons shall have ready at hand a lantern with a green glass on one side and a red glass on the other, which, on the approach of or to other vessels, shall be exhibited in sufficient time to prevent collision, so that the green light shall not be seen on the port side nor the red light on the starboard side.

"*Fourth. Rowing boats, whether under oars or sail, shall have ready at hand a lantern showing a white light which shall be temporarily exhibited in sufficient time to prevent collision.*

"*The vessels referred to in this article shall not be obliged to carry the lights prescribed by article four (a) and article eleven, last paragraph.*"—[Act of May 28, 1894.]

ART. 8. Pilot-vessels when engaged on their station on pilotage duty shall not show the lights required for other vessels, but shall carry a white light at the masthead, visible all around the horizon, and shall also exhibit a flare-up light or flare-up lights at short intervals, which shall never exceed fifteen minutes.

On the near approach of or to other vessels they shall have their side-lights lighted, ready for use, and shall flash or show them at short intervals, to indicate the direction in which they are heading, but the green light shall not be shown on the port side, nor the red light on the starboard side.

A pilot-vessel of such a class as to be obliged to go alongside of a vessel to put a pilot on board may show the white light instead of carrying it at the masthead, and may, instead of the colored lights above mentioned, have at hand, ready for use, a lantern with a green glass on the one side and a red glass on the other, to be used as prescribed above.

Pilot-vessels when not engaged on their station on pilotage duty shall carry lights similar to those of other *vessels of their tonnage.*

ART. 9. (Article nine, act of August 19, 1890, was repealed by act of May 28, 1894, and article 10, act of March 3, 1885, was reenacted in part as follows, by act of August 13, 1894, and is reproduced here as article 9:)

Fishing-vessels of less than twenty tons net registered tonnage, when under way and when not having their nets, trawls, dredges, or lines in the water, shall not be obliged to carry the colored side-lights; but every such vessel shall in lieu thereof have ready at hand a lantern with a green glass on the one side and a red glass on the other side, and on approaching to or being approached by another vessel such lantern shall be exhibited in sufficient time to prevent collision, so that the green light shall not be seen on the port side nor the red light on the starboard side.

The following portion of this article applies only to fishing-vessels and boats when in the sea off the coast of Europe lying north of Cape Finisterre:

(*a*) All fishing-vessels and fishing-boats of twenty tons net registered tonnage or upward, when under way and when not having their nets, trawls, dredges, or lines in the water, shall carry and show the same lights as other vessels under way.

(*b*) All vessels when engaged in fishing with drift-nets shall exhibit two white lights from any part of the vessel where they can be best seen. Such lights shall be placed so that the vertical distance between them shall be not less than six feet and not more than ten feet, and so that the horizontal distance between them, measured in a line with the keel of the vessel, shall be not less than five feet and not more than ten feet. The lower of these two lights shall be the more forward, and both of them shall be of such a character and contained in lanterns of such construction as to show all round the horizon, on a dark night, with a clear atmosphere, for a distance of not less than three miles.

(*c*) All vessels when trawling, dredging, or fishing with any kind of drag-nets shall exhibit, from some part of the vessel where they can be best seen, two lights. One of these lights shall be red and the other shall be white. The red light shall be above the white light, and shall be at a vertical distance from it of not less than six feet and not more than twelve feet; and the horizontal distance between them, if any, shall not be more than ten feet. These two lights shall be of such a character and contained in lanterns of such construction as to be visible all round the horizon, on a dark night, with a clear atmosphere, the white light to a distance of not less than three miles and the red light of not less than two miles.

(*d*) A vessel employed in line-fishing, with her lines out, shall carry the same lights as a vessel when engaged in fishing with drift-nets.

(*e*) If a vessel, when fishing with a trawl, dredge, or any kind of drag-net, becomes stationary in consequence of her gear getting fast to a rock or other obstruction, she shall show the light and make the fog signal for a vessel at anchor.

(*f*) Fishing-vessels may at any time use a flare-up in addition to the lights which they are by this article required to carry and show. All flare-up lights exhibited by a vessel when trawling, dredging, or fishing with any kind of drag-net shall be shown at the after-part of the vessel, excepting that if the vessel is hanging by the stern to her trawl, dredge, or drag-net they shall be exhibited from the bow.

(*g*) Every fishing-vessel when at anchor between sunset and sunrise shall exhibit a white light, visible all round the horizon at a distance of at least one mile.

(*h*) In a fog a drift-net vessel attached to her nets, and a vessel when trawling, dredging, or fishing with any kind of drag-net, and a vessel employed in line-fishing with her lines out, shall, at intervals of not more than two minutes, make a blast with her fog-horn and ring her bell alternately. [Art. 10, Act March 3, 1885.]

Art. 10. A *vessel* which is being overtaken by another shall show from her stern to such last-mentioned *vessel* a white light or a flare-up light.

The white light required to be shown by this article may be fixed and carried in a lantern, but in such case the lantern shall be so constructed, fitted, and screened that it shall throw an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of twelve points of the compass, namely, for six points from right aft on each side of the vessel, so as to be visible at a distance of at least one mile. Such light shall be carried as nearly as practicable on the same level as the side-lights.

Art. 11. A *vessel under one hundred and fifty feet in length*, when at anchor, shall carry *forward*, where it can best be seen, but at a height not exceeding twenty feet above the hull, a white light in a lantern so constructed as to show a clear, uniform, and unbroken light visible all around the horizon at a distance of at least one mile.

A vessel of one hundred and fifty feet or upwards in length, when at anchor, shall carry *in the forward part of the vessel, at a height of not less than twenty and* not exceeding *forty* feet above the hull, one such light, *and at or near the stern of the vessel, and at such a height that it shall be not less than fifteen feet lower than the forward light, another such light.*

The length of a vessel shall be deemed to be the length appearing in her certificate of registry.

A vessel aground in or near a fair-way shall carry the above light or lights and the two red lights prescribed by article four (a).

Art. 12. *Every vessel may, if necessary in order to attract attention, in addition to the lights which she is by these rules required to carry, show a flare-up light or use any detonating signal that can not be mistaken for a distress signal.*

Art. 13. Nothing in these rules shall interfere with the operation of any special rules made by the Government of any nation with respect to additional station and signal-lights for two or more ships of war or for *vessels* sailing under convoy, *or with the exhibition of recognition signals adopted by ship-owners, which have been authorized by their respective Governments and duly registered and published.*

Art. 14. *A steam-vessel proceeding under sail only but having her funnel up, shall carry in day-time, forward, where it can best be seen, one black ball or shape two feet in diameter.*

Art. 15. *All signals prescribed by this article for vessels under way shall be given:*

First. By "steam vessels" on the whistle or siren.

Second. By "sailing vessels" and "vessels towed" on the fog horn.

The words "prolonged blast" used in this article shall mean a blast of from four to six seconds duration.

A steam-vessel shall be provided with an *efficient whistle or siren, sounded by steam or by some substitute for steam*, so placed that the sound may not be intercepted by any obstruction, and with an efficient fog horn, to be sounded by mechanical means, and also with an efficient bell. (In all cases where the rules require a bell to be used a drum may be substituted on board Turkish vessels, *or a gong where such articles are used on board small seagoing vessels.*) *A sailing vessel of twenty tons gross tonnage or upward* shall be provided with a similar fog horn and bell.

In fog, mist, falling snow, *or heavy rainstorms*, whether by day or night, the signals described in this article shall be used as follows, namely:

(a) *A steam vessel having way upon her* shall sound, at intervals of not more than two minutes, a prolonged blast.

(b) *A steam vessel under way, but stopped, and having no way upon her, shall sound, at intervals of not more than two minutes, two prolonged blasts, with an interval of about one second between.*

(c) A *sailing vessel* under way shall sound, at intervals of not more than *one* minute, when on the starboard tack, one blast; when on the port tack, two blasts in succession, and when with the wind abaft the beam, three blasts in succession.

(d) *A vessel* when *at anchor* shall, at intervals of not more than *one* minute, ring the bell *rapidly for about five seconds.*

(e) *A vessel when towing, a vessel employed in laying or in picking up a telegraph cable, and a vessel under way, which is unable to get out of the way of an approaching vessel through being not under command, or unable to maneuver as required by the rules, shall, instead of the signals prescribed in subdivisions (a) and (c) of this article, at intervals of not more than two minutes, sound three blasts in succession, namely: One prolonged blast followed by two short blasts. A vessel towed may give this signal and she shall not give any other.*

Sailing vessels and boats of less than twenty tons gross tonnage shall not be obliged to give the above-mentioned signals, but, if they do not, they shall make some other efficient sound signal at intervals of not more than one minute.

[Approved June 10, 1896.]

SPEED OF SHIPS TO BE MODERATE IN FOG, AND SO FORTH.

ART. 16. Every *vessel* shall, in a fog, mist, falling snow, *or heavy rain-storms*, go at a moderate speed, *having careful regard to the existing circumstances and conditions.*

A steam vessel hearing, apparently forward of her beam, the fog-signal of a vessel the postion of which is not ascertained shall, so far as the circumstances of the case admit, stop her engines, and then navigate with caution until danger of collision is over.

STEERING AND SAILING RULES.

PRELIMINARY—RISK OF COLLISION.

Risk of collision can, when circumstances permit, be ascertained by carefully watching the compass bearing of an approaching vessel. If the bearing does not appreciably change, such risk should be deemed to exist.

ART. 17. When two *sailing vessels* are approaching one another, so as to involve risk of collision, one of them shall keep out of the way of the other, as follows, namely:

(a) A *vessel* which is running free shall keep out of the way of a *vessel* which is close-hauled.

(b) A *vessel* which is close-hauled on the port tack shall keep out of the way of a *vessel* which is close-hauled on the starboard tack.

(c) When both are running free, with the wind on different sides, the *vessel* which has the wind on the port side shall keep out of the way of the other.

(d) When both are running free, with the wind on the same side, the *vessel* which is to the windward shall keep out of the way of the *vessel* which is to the leeward.

(e) A *vessel* which has the wind aft shall keep out of the way of the other *vessel.*

ART. 18. When two *steam-vessels* are meeting end on, or nearly end on, so as to involve risk of collision, each shall alter her course to starboard, so that each may pass on the port side of the other.

This article only applies to cases where *vessels* are meeting end on, or nearly end on, in such a manner as to involve risk of collision, and does not apply to two *vessels* which must, if both keep on their respective courses, pass clear of each other.

The only cases to which it does apply are when each of the two *vessels* is end on, or nearly end on, to the other; in other words, to cases in which, by day, each *vessel* sees the masts of the other in a line, or nearly in a line, with her own; and by night, to cases in which each *vessel* is in such a position as to see both the side-lights of the other.

It does not apply by day to cases in which a *vessel* sees another ahead crossing her own course; or by

night, to cases where the red light of one *vessel* is opposed to the red light of the other, or where the green light of one *vessel* is opposed to the green light of the other, or where a red light without a green light, or a green light without a red light, is seen ahead, or where both green and red lights are seen anywhere but ahead.

ART. 19. When two *steam-vessels* are crossing, so as to involve risk of collision, the *vessel* which has the other on her own starboard side shall keep out of the way of the other.

ART. 20. When a *steam-vessel* and a *sailing vessel* are proceeding in such directions as to involve risk of collision, the *steam-vessels* shall keep out of the way of the *sailing-vessel.*

Article twenty-one. Where, by any of these rules, one of two *vessels* is to keep out of the way the other shall keep her course *and speed.*

Note.— When, in consequence of thick weather or other causes, such vessel finds herself so close that collision can not be avoided by the action of the giving-way vessel alone, she also shall take such action as will best aid to avert collision. (*See articles twenty-seven and twenty-nine.*) [*Act of May 28, 1894.*]

ART. 22. *Every vessel which is directed by these rules to keep out of the way of another vessel shall, if the circumstances of the case admit, avoid crossing ahead of the other.*

ART. 23. Every *steam-vessel which is directed by these rules to keep out of the way of another vessel* shall, on approaching her, if necessary, slacken her speed or stop or reverse.

ART. 24. Notwithstanding anything contained in these rules every *vessel*, overtaking any other, shall keep out of the way of the overtaken *vessel.*

Every vessel coming up with another vessel from any direction more than two points abaft her beam, that is, in such a position, with reference to the vessel which she is overtaking that at night she would be unable to see either of that vessel's side-lights, shall be deemed to be an overtaking vessel; and no subsequent alteration of the bearing between the two vessels shall make the overtaking vessel a crossing vessel within the meaning of these rules, or relieve her of the duty of keeping clear of the overtaken vessel until she is finally past and clear.

As by day the overtaking vessel can not always know with certainty whether she is forward of or abaft this direction from the other vessel she should, if in doubt, assume that she is an overtaking vessel and keep out of the way.

ART. 25. In narrow channels every *steam-vessel* shall, when it is safe and practicable, keep to that side of the fair-way or mid-channel which lies on the starboard side of such *vessel.*

ART. 26. *Sailing vessels under way shall keep out of the way of sailing vessels or boats fishing with nets, or lines, or trawls. This rule shall not give to any vessel or boat engaged in fishing the right of obstructing a fair-way used by vessels other than fishing vessels or boats.*

ART. 27. In obeying and construing these rules due regard shall be had to all dangers of navigation *and collision,* and to any special circumstances which may render a departure from the above rules necessary in order to avoid immediate danger.

SOUND-SIGNALS FOR VESSELS IN SIGHT OF ONE ANOTHER.

ART. 28. *The words "short blast" used in this article shall mean a blast of about one second's duration.*

When *vessels* are in sight of one another, a *steam-vessel* under way, in taking any course authorized or required by these rules, *shall* indicate that course by the following signals on her *whistle or siren*, namely:

One short blast to mean, "I am directing my course to starboard."

Two short blasts to mean, "I am directing my course to port."

Three short blasts to mean, "*My engines are* going at full speed astern."

NO VESSEL, UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES, TO NEGLECT PROPER PRECAUTIONS.

ART. 29. Nothing in these rules shall exonerate any *vessel* or the owner or master or crew thereof, from the consequences of any neglect to carry lights or signals, or of any neglect to keep a proper lookout, or of the neglect of any precaution which may be required by the ordinary practice of seamen, or by the special circumstances of the case.

RESERVATION OF RULES FOR HARBORS AND INLAND NAVIGATION.

ART. 30. Nothing in these rules shall interfere with the operation of a special rule, duly made by local authority, relative to the navigation of any harbor, river, or inland *waters.*

DISTRESS SIGNALS.

Article thirty-one. When a *vessel* is in distress and requires assistance from other *vessels* or from the shore the following shall be the signals to be used or displayed by her, either together or separately, namely:

In the daytime—

First. A gun *or other explosive signal* fired at intervals of about a minute.

Second. The international code signal of distress indicated by N C.

Third. The *distance* signal, consisting of a square flag, having either above or below it a ball or anything resembling a ball.

Fourth. A continuous sounding with any fog-signal apparatus.

At night—

First. A gun *or other explosive signal* fired at intervals of about a minute.

Second. Flames on the *vessel* (as from a burning tar barrel, oil barrel, and so forth).

Third. Rockets or shells throwing stars of any color or description, fired one at a time, at short intervals.

Fourth. A continuous sounding with any fog-signal apparatus. [*Act of May 28, 1894.*]

SEC. 2. *That all laws or parts of laws inconsistent with the foregoing regulations for preventing collisions at sea for the navigation of all public and private vessels of the United States upon the high seas, and in all waters connected therewith navigable by sea-going vessels, are hereby repealed.* [*Act August 19, 1890.*]

AN ACT in regard to collision at sea.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in every case of collision between two vessels it shall be the duty of the master or person in charge of each vessel, if and so far as he can do so without serious danger to his own vessel, crew, and passengers (if any), to stay by the other vessel until he has ascertained that she has no need of further assistance, and to render to the other vessel, her master, crew, and passengers (if any) such assistance as may be practicable and as may be necessary in order to save them from any danger caused by the collision, and also to give to the master or person in charge of the other vessel the name of his own vessel and her port of registry, or the port or place to which she belongs, and also the name of the ports and places from which and to which she is bound. If he fails so to do, and no reasonable cause for such failure is shown, the collision shall, in the absence of proof to the contrary, be deemed to have been caused by his wrongful act, neglect, or default.

SEC. 2. That every master or person in charge of a United States vessel who fails, without reasonable cause, to render such assistance or give such information as aforesaid shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be liable to a penalty of one thousand dollars, or imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years; and for the above sum the vessel shall be liable and may be seized and proceeded against by process in any district court of the United States by any person; one-half such sum to be payable to the informer and the other half to the United States.

SEC. 3. That this act shall take effect at a time to be fixed by the President by Proclamation issued for that purpose.

Approved, September 4, 1890.

II.

REGULATIONS TO PREVENT COLLISIONS UPON THE HARBORS, RIVERS, AND INLAND WATERS OF THE UNITED STATES, EXCEPT THE GREAT LAKES AND THEIR TRIBUTARY WATERS AS FAR EAST AS MONTREAL.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That on and after March first, eighteen hundred and ninety-five, the provisions of sections forty-two hundred and thirty-three, forty-four hundred and twelve, and forty four hundred and thirteen of the Revised Statutes and regulations pursuant thereto shall be followed on the harbors, rivers and inland waters of the United States.

The provisions of said sections of the Revised Statutes and regulations pursuant thereto are hereby

declared special rules duly made by local authority relative to the navigation of harbors, rivers and inland waters as provided for in Article thirty, of the Act of August nineteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety, entitled "An Act to adopt regulations for preventing collisions at sea."

SEC. 2. The Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized, empowered and directed from time to time to designate and define by suitable bearings or ranges with light houses, light vessels, buoys or coast objects, the lines dividing the high seas from rivers, harbors and inland waters.

SEC. 3. Collectors or other chief officers of the customs shall require all sail vessels to be furnished with proper signal lights. Every such vessel that shall be navigated without complying with the Statutes of the United States, or the regulations that may be lawfully made thereunder, shall be liable to a penalty of two hundred dollars, one-half to go to the informer; for which sum the vessel so navigated shall be liable, and may be seized and proceeded against by way of libel in any district court of the United States having jurisdiction of the offense.

SEC. 4. The words "inland waters" used in this Act shall not be held to include the Great Lakes and their connecting and tributary waters as far east as Montreal; and this act shall not in any respect modify or affect the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate navigation on the Great Lakes and their connecting and tributary waters," approved February eighth, eighteen hundred and ninety-five.

[Act February 19, 1895.]

Pursuant to Section 2 of the Act approved February 19, 1895, the following lines dividing the high seas from rivers, harbors, and inland waters are hereby designated and defined:

(Bearings are magnetic.)

NEW YORK HARBOR.—From Navesink (southerly) Light House NE. $\frac{5}{8}$ E., easterly, to Scotland Light Vessel, thence NNE. $\frac{1}{2}$ E. through Gedney Channel Whistling Buoy (proposed position) to Rockaway Point Life-Saving Station.

BALTIMORE HARBOR AND CHESAPEAKE BAY.—From Cape Henry Light House NE. by E. $\frac{3}{4}$ E., easterly, to Outer Entrance Whistling Buoy, thence N. by E. $\frac{3}{8}$ E. to Cape Charles Light House.

GALVESTON HARBOR.—From Galveston Bar Whistling Buoy, N. by W. $\frac{3}{4}$ W. through the beacon, marking the outer extremity of the N. jetty, and SW. by W. $\frac{1}{2}$ W., westerly, through North Breaker Beacon.

BOSTON HARBOR.—From Point Allerton NNE. $\frac{1}{4}$ E., easterly, through Point Allerton Beacon to Northeast Grave Whistling Buoy, thence NNE. $\frac{1}{4}$ E. to Outer Breaker (Great Pig Rocks) Bell Buoy, thence NE. by E. $\frac{3}{8}$ E. to Halfway Rock Beacon, thence NE. by E. $\frac{1}{4}$ E. to Eastern Point Light House.

SAN FRANCISCO HARBOR.—From Point Bonita Light House SE. $\frac{7}{8}$ S. to Point Lobos.

PORTLAND, ME., HARBOR.—From Cape Elizabeth (E.) Light ENE. to Halfway Rock Light, thence E., southerly, to Seguin Light.

PHILADELPHIA HARBOR AND DELAWARE BAY.—From Cape Henlopen Light NE. by E. to South Shoal Whistling Buoy, thence NNE. $\frac{1}{8}$ E. to Cape May Light.

CHARLESTON HARBOR.—From Charleston Light Vessel NW. $\frac{1}{2}$ W. (toward Sullivans Island Range Rear Light) to the North Jetty, and from Charleston Light Vessel SW. $\frac{1}{8}$ W. to Charleston Whistling Buoy, thence SW. $\frac{7}{8}$ W. to Charleston Main Channel Entrance Bell Buoy, thence W. to Folly Island.

SAVANNAH HARBOR AND CALIBOGUE SOUND.—From Tybee Whistling Buoy NNW. $\frac{15}{16}$ W. through North Slue Channel Outer Buoy to Braddock Point, Hilton Head Island, and from Tybee Whistling Buoy W. to Tybee Island.

ST. SIMON SOUND (BRUNSWICK HARBOR) AND ST. ANDREW SOUND.—From hotel on Beach of St. Simon Island $\frac{15}{16}$ mile NE. by E. $\frac{1}{4}$ E. from St. Simon Light House, SE. $\frac{7}{8}$ E. to St. Simon Sea Buoy, thence S. $\frac{1}{4}$ E. to St. Andrew's Sound Sea Buoy, thence W. to the Shore of Little Cumberland Island.

PENSACOLA HARBOR.—From Pensacola Entrance Whistling Buoy N. $\frac{7}{8}$ W., a tangent to the E. side of Fort Pickens, to the shore of Santa Rosa Island, and from the Whistling Buoy NW. $\frac{3}{16}$ W. to Fort McRee Range Front Light.

MOBILE HARBOR AND BAY.—From Mobile Bay Outer or Deep Sea Whistling Buoy (or its watch buoy in summer) NE. by N. to the shore of Mobile Point, and from the Whistling Buoy NW. by W. to the shore of Dauphin Island.

NEW ORLEANS HARBOR AND THE DELTA OF THE MISSISSIPPI.—From South Pass East Jetty Light N. by E. $\frac{1}{2}$ E. to Pass a Loutre Light, thence N. to Errol Island and from South Pass East Jetty Light W. $\frac{7}{8}$ S. to Southwest Pass Light, thence N. to shore.

SAN DIEGO HARBOR.—From Point Loma Light S. $\frac{7}{8}$ E. to San Diego Bay Outside Bar Whistling Buoy, thence NNE. $\frac{7}{8}$ E. to tower of Coronado Hotel.

KITTERY HARBOR, ME., AND PORTSMOUTH HARBOR, N. H.—From Kitts Rocks Bell Buoy NNE. $\frac{3}{4}$ E. through Horn Island to the main shore, and from Kitts Rocks Bell Buoy NW. by W. $\frac{5}{8}$ W. through Frosts Point Ledge Buoy to Frosts Point, N. H.

NEWBURYPORT, IPSWICH, AND ANNISQUAM HARBORS, MASS.—From Salisbury Beach Range Rear Light a line SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ S. to Newburyport Bar Whistling Buoy, thence a line S. by E. $\frac{3}{8}$ E. (toward Annisquam Light) to a point of intersection with a line drawn from Ipswich Light E. $\frac{13}{16}$ S. to Halibut Point, thence, from the point of intersection, along the latter line E. $\frac{13}{16}$ S. to Halibut Point.

COLUMBIA RIVER ENTRANCE.—From Cape Disappointment Light SE. $\frac{7}{8}$ E. to Point Adams Light.

III.

RULES TO BE OBSERVED BY VESSELS OF THE NAVY AND THE MERCANTILE MARINE OF THE UNITED STATES, NAVIGATING THE HARBORS, LAKES, AND INLAND WATERS OF THE UNITED STATES, EXCEPT THE GREAT LAKES AND THEIR TRIBUTARY WATERS AS FAR EAST AS MONTREAL.

PRELIMINARY.

The instructions herein contained will be observed in the navigation of vessels of the mercantile marine of the United States; and by the provisions of the Revised Statutes the following rules, from one to twenty-four, inclusive, are made applicable to the navigation of vessels of the Navy.

Every sail-vessel of the mercantile marine navigated without complying with the instructions of this circular will be liable to a penalty of two hundred dollars, for which sum the vessel may be seized and proceeded against.

STEAM AND SAIL VESSELS.

RULE ONE. Every steam-vessel which is under sail, and not under steam, shall be considered a sail-vessel; and every steam-vessel which is under steam, whether under sail or not, shall be considered a steam-vessel.

LIGHTS.

RULE TWO. The lights mentioned in the following rules, and no others, shall be carried in all weathers, between sunset and sunrise.

LIGHTS FOR OCEAN-GOING STEAMERS AND STEAMERS CARRYING SAIL.

RULE THREE. All ocean-going steamers, and steamers carrying sail, shall, when under way, carry—

(*A*) At the foremast head, a bright white light, of such a character as to be visible on a dark night, with a clear atmosphere, at a distance of at least five miles, and so constructed as to show a uniform and unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of twenty points of the compass, and so fixed as to throw the light ten points on each side of the vessel, namely, from right ahead to two points abaft the beam on either side.

(*B*) On the starboard side, a green light, of such a character as to be visible on a dark night, with a clear atmosphere, at a distance of at least two miles, and so constructed as to show a uniform and unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of ten points of the compass, and so fixed as to throw the light from right ahead to two points abaft the beam on the starboard side.

(*C*) On the port side, a red light, of such a character as to be visible on a dark night, with a clear atmosphere, at a distance of at least two miles, and so constructed as to show a uniform and unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of ten points of the compass, and so fixed as to throw the light from right ahead to two points abaft the beam on the port side.

The green and red light shall be fitted with inboard screens, projecting at least three feet forward from the lights, so as to prevent them from being seen across the bow.

LIGHTS FOR TOWING STEAMERS.

RULE FOUR. Steam-vessels, when towing other vessels, shall carry two bright white mast-head lights vertically, in addition to their side-lights, so as to distinguish them from other steam-vessels. Each of

these mast-head lights shall be of the same character and construction as the mast-head lights prescribed by Rule Three.

LIGHTS FOR STEAMERS NOT OCEAN-GOING NOR CARRYING SAIL.

RULE FIVE. All steam-vessels, other than ocean-going steamers and steamers carrying sail, shall, when under way, carry on the starboard and port sides lights of the same character and construction and in the same position as are prescribed for side-lights by Rule Three, except in the case provided in Rule Six.

LIGHTS FOR STEAMERS ON THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER.

RULE SIX. River-steamers navigating waters flowing into the Gulf of Mexico, and their tributaries, shall carry the following lights, namely: One red light on the outboard side of the port smoke-pipe, and one green light on the outboard side of the starboard smoke-pipe. Such lights shall show both forward and abeam on their respective sides.

LIGHTS FOR COASTING STEAM-VESSELS AND STEAM-VESSELS NAVIGATING BAYS, LAKES, AND RIVERS.

RULE SEVEN. All coasting steam-vessels, and steam-vessels other than ferry-boats and vessels otherwise expressly provided for, navigating the bays, lakes, rivers, or other inland waters of the United States, except those mentioned in Rule Six, shall carry the red and green lights as prescribed for ocean-going steamers; and, in addition thereto, a central range of two white lights; the after light being carried at an elevation of at least fifteen feet above the light at the head of the vessel. The head-light shall be so constructed as to show a good light through twenty points of the compass, namely: from right ahead to two points abaft the beam on either side of the vessel; and the after-light so as to show all around the horizon.

THE LIGHTS FOR FERRY-BOATS, BARGES, AND CANAL BOATS WHEN IN TOW OF STEAM VESSELS

shall be regulated by such rules as the Board of Supervising Inspectors of Steam-Vessels shall prescribe.

LIGHTS FOR SAILING-VESSELS.

RULE EIGHT. Sail-vessels, under way or being towed, shall carry the same lights as steam-vessels under way, with the exception of the white mast-head lights, which they shall never carry. (See Rule Three, *b* and *c*.)

EXCEPTIONAL LIGHTS FOR SMALL SAILING-VESSELS.

RULE NINE. Whenever, as in case of small vessels during bad weather, the green and red lights can not be fixed, these lights shall be kept on deck, on their respective sides of the vessel, ready for instant exhibition, and shall, on the approach of or to other vessels, be exhibited on their respective sides in sufficient time to prevent collision, in such manner as to make them most visible, and so that the green light shall not be seen on the port side, nor the red light on the starboard side. To make the use of these portable lights more certain and easy, they shall each be painted outside with the color of the light they respectively contain, and shall be provided with suitable screens.

LIGHTS FOR STEAM-VESSELS AND SAILING-VESSELS AT ANCHOR.

RULE TEN. All vessels, whether steam-vessels or sail-vessels, when at anchor in roadsteads or fairways, shall, between sunset and sunrise, exhibit where it can best be seen, but at a height not exceeding twenty feet above the hull, a white light in a globular lantern of eight inches in diameter, and so constructed as to show a clear, uniform, and unbroken light, visible all around the horizon, and at a distance of at least one mile.

LIGHTS FOR PILOT-VESSELS.

RULE ELEVEN. Sailing pilot-vessels shall not carry the lights required for other sailing-vessels, but shall carry a white light at the mast-head, visible all around the horizon, and shall also exhibit a flare-up light every fifteen minutes.

LIGHTS FOR COAL-BOATS, TRADING-BOATS, RAFTS, AND OTHER LIKE CRAFT.

RULE TWELVE. Coal-boats, trading-boats, produce-boats, canal-boats, oyster-boats, fishing-boats, rafts, or other water-craft, navigating any bay, harbor, or river, by hand-power, horse-power, sail, or by the current of the river, or which shall be anchored or moored in or near the channel or fair-way of any bay, harbor, or river, shall carry one or more good white lights, which shall be placed in such manner as shall be prescribed by the Board of Supervising Inspectors of Steam Vessels.*

Rule 12 shall be so construed as not to require row-boats and skiffs upon the river St. Lawrence to carry lights. (Act June 19, 1886.)

LIGHTS FOR OPEN BOATS.

RULE THIRTEEN. Open boats shall not be required to carry the side-lights required for other vessels, but shall, if they do not carry such lights, carry a lantern having a green slide on one side and a red slide on the other side; and, on the approach of or to other vessels, such lantern shall be exhibited in sufficient time to prevent collision, and in such a manner that the green light shall not be seen on the port side, nor the red light on the starboard side. Open boats, when at anchor or stationary, shall exhibit a bright white light. They shall not, however, be prevented from using a flare-up, in addition, if considered expedient.

LIGHTS ON VESSELS OF THE UNITED STATES NAVY.

RULE FOURTEEN. The exhibition of any light on board of a vessel of war of the United States may be suspended whenever, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Navy, the commander-in-chief of a squadron, or the commander of a vessel acting singly, the special character of the service may require it.

FOG-SIGNALS.

RULE FIFTEEN. Whenever there is a fog, or thick weather, whether by day or night, fog-signals shall be used, as follows:

(A) Steam-vessels under way shall sound a steam-whistle placed before the funnel, not less than eight feet from the deck, at intervals of not more than one minute.

(B) Sail-vessels under way shall sound a fog-horn at invervals of not more than five minutes.

(C) Steam-vessels and sail-vessels, when not under way, shall sound a bell at intervals of not more than five minutes.

(D) Coal-boats, trading-boats, produce-boats, canal-boats, oyster-boats, fishing-boats, rafts, or other water-craft, navigating any bay, harbor, or river, by hand-power, horse-power, sail, or by the current of the river, or anchored or moored in or near the channel or fairway of any bay, harbor, or river, and not in any port, shall sound a fog-horn, or equivalent signal, which shall make a sound equal to a steam-whistle, at intervals of not more than two minutes.

STEERING AND SAILING RULES.

SAILING-VESSELS.

RULE SIXTEEN. If two sail-vessels are meeting end on, or nearly end on, so as to involve risk of collision, the helms of both shall be put to port, so that each may pass on the port side of the other.

RULE SEVENTEEN. When two sail-vessels are crossing so as to involve risk of collision, then, if they have the wind on different sides, the vessel with the wind on the port side shall keep out of the way of the vessel with the wind on the starboard side, except in the case in which the vessel with the wind on the port side is close-hauled, and the other vessel free, in which case the latter vessel shall keep out of the way. But if they have the wind on the same side, or if one of them has the wind aft, the vessel which is to windward shall keep out of the way of the vessel which is to leeward.

STEAM-VESSELS MEETING.

RULE EIGHTEEN. If two vessels under steam are meeting end on, or nearly end on, so as to involve risk of collision, the helms of both shall be put to port, so that each may pass on the port side of the other.

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*See additional rules.

TWO STEAMERS CROSSING.

RULE NINETEEN. If two vessels under steam are crossing so as to involve risk of collision, the vessel which has the other on her own starboard side shall keep out of the way of the other.

SAIL AND STEAM-VESSELS MEETING.

RULE TWENTY. If two vessels, one of which is a sail-vessel and the other a steam-vessel, are proceeding in such directions as to involve risk of collision, the steam-vessel shall keep out of the way of the sail-vessel.

STEAM-VESSEL APPROACHING ANOTHER VESSEL, OR IN A FOG.

RULE TWENTY-ONE. Every steam-vessel, when approaching another vessel, so as to involve risk of collision, shall slacken her speed, or, if necessary, stop and reverse; and every steam-vessel shall, when in a fog, go at a moderate speed.

VESSEL OVERTAKING ANOTHER.

RULE TWENTY-TWO. Every vessel overtaking any other vessel shall keep out of the way of the last-mentioned vessel.

RIGHT OF WAY.

RULE TWENTY-THREE. Where, by Rules seventeen, nineteen, twenty, and twenty-two, one of two vessels shall keep out of the way, the other shall keep her course, subject to the qualifications of Rule twenty-four.

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS.

RULE TWENTY-FOUR. In construing and obeying these rules, due regard must be had to all dangers of navigation, and to any special circumstances which may exist in any particular case rendering a departure from them necessary in order to avoid immediate danger.

SAILING-VESSELS TO BE FURNISHED WITH SIGNAL-LIGHTS AND TO SHOW TORCHES.

RULE TWENTY-FIVE. Collectors, or other chief officers of the customs, shall require all sail-vessels to be furnished with proper signal lights, and every such vessel shall, on the approach of any steam-vessel during the night-time, *show a lighted torch* upon that point or quarter to which such steam-vessel shall be approaching.

O

1896.
Department Circular No. 172.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., December 18, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending December 5, 1896.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

REPORT OF REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING DECEMBER 5, 1896.

N. B.—***In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.***

No. of Reappraisement.

13760.....*Colored cotton velvet*, from Middleton, Jones & Co., Manchester, November 9, 1896.
A 26, 19 in. black velvet, entered at 7½d. per yd.;
A 30, 19 in. black velvet, entered at 8d. per yd.;
all advanced by reduction of discount from 3 per cent to 2½ per cent.
Less $\frac{1}{37}$th.
Add making up, boxes and case.

13717.....*Cotton lace curtains*, from W. E. Meats & Co., Nottingham, October 29, 1896.
6495 EK 3½ yds., 52 in., No. 81 Com. ecru, entered at 4s. 6d., advanced to 4s. 8d. per pair.
103 T, 3½ yds., 48 in., No. 54 D'Action wht., and Ecru T., entered at 2s. 10d., advanced to 3s. 2d., per pair.
138 EK, 3½ yds., 56 in., No. 72 Com. ecru, entered at 5s. 1d., per pair; no advance.
Less 2½ per cent discount.
Less inland carriage.
Add cases at 8s. 6d.

13703.....*Mf. flax*, from Cinnamond, Park & Co., Belfast, October 21, 1896.
36 in. suitings, entered at 2½d., advanced to 2⅞d. per yd.
G. B. Duck, 25 in., entered at 2$\frac{11}{16}$d., advanced to 3d. per yd.
Add packing.
Discount 2½ per cent.
Making up, paper, twine, etc., included in price.

13706..... .....*Mf. flax*, from Gustave Leclercq, Coutrai, October 28, 1896.
62 c/m padding fil blanche, entered at .30¾, advanced to .33 franc per meter.

13681..... *Wool dress goods*, from Wm. Tocke & Co., Gera, October 26, 1896.
108/110 c/m Genre 6166 black, entered at 1.85, advanced to 2.00 marks per meter.
Less 7 per cent discount.
Add packing.

13488..... *Wool dress goods*, from Auguste Wattmere, Roubaix, October 7, 1896.
Coating pure laine, 45 in., 7490/1490, entered at .895, advanced to .98 franc per meter.
Less 6 per cent discount.
Add putting up, cases and packing.

13726..... *Wool dress goods*, from Perkins, Van Bergen & Co., Roubaix, November 2, 1896.
118 c/m all wool col'd serge, 35 in., entered at .655, advanced to .675 franc per meter.
124 c/m all wool col'd serge, 44/45 in., entered at 1.00, advanced to 1.09 francs per meter.
Less 5 per cent discount.
Add cases and packing.

3236 OP..... } *Woolen dress goods*, from Perkins, Van Bergen & Co., Roubaix, June 19, 1896.
Phila..... }
1900 all wool blue blk. and jet blk. Henriettas, 44 in., entered at 1.18, advanced to 1.26 francs per meter.
Less 5 per cent discount.
Add bands, cases and packing.

13666.....*Silk braid*, from Paul Walser & Co., Wohlen, October 27, 1896.
7764 silk braids, entered at 2.30, advanced to 3.66 francs per piece of 12 meters.
Less 5 per cent discount.

13433.....*Silk braid*, from Paul Walser & Co., Wohlen, September 29, 1896.
Silk braid, cut in ½ pc., entered at 3.00, advanced to 6.00 francs per piece of 12 meters.
Less 5 per cent discount.
Add cases, packing, cartons and dressing.

13742..... *Mf. silk*, from E. M. Rathbone, Paris, November 4, 1896.
Gaze rayee, No. 438, 108 largeur, entered at 1.00, advanced to 1.05 francs per meter.
Crepe lisse, No. 4541, 90 largeur, entered at .64, advanced to .76 franc per meter.
Crepe lisse, No. 4542, 90 largeur, entered at .70, advanced to .81 franc per meter.
Crepe lamee, No. 297, 108 largeur, entered at 3.50, advanced to 3.75 francs per meter.
Crepe indien, No. 850, 105 largeur, entered at 2.00, advanced to 2.15 francs per meter.
Less 15 per cent discount.
Add case and packing.

13779..... *Mfs. Metal & shell (table cutlery)*, from Harrison Bros. & Howson, Sheffield, October 26, 1896.
No. 4028, Medium knives, 27/8″, entered at 23s., advanced to 28s. 6d. per dozen.
No. 3376, Carvers, 8″, entered at 3s., advanced to 3s. 3d. per pair.
No. 3897, Bird carvers, entered at 1s. 9d., advanced to 2s. per pair.
No. 4014, carvers, 9″, entered at 4s., advanced to 4s. 7d. per pair.
No. 4014, game carvers, entered at 3s. 3d., advanced to 3s. 10d. per pair.
No. 2081, meat carvers, 8″ entered at 11s. 6d., advanced to 12s. 6d. per pair.
No. 4016 taper steels, entered at 18s., advanced to 19s. 6d. per half dozen.

13779... .....*Mfrs. Metal & shell (table cutlery) etc.*—Continued.

No. 4014, fluted steels, entered at 1s. 6d., advanced to 2s. 1d. each.

B1798 table knives, entered at 12s., advanced to 15s. per dozen.

O. E. table forks, entered at 12s., advanced to 16s. per dozen.

Similar goods, similar advances.

Add cases.

3418 OP..... St. Louis..... } *Sugar above No. 16 D. S.*, from R. Barden, Quebec, October 6, 1896.

Maple sugar entered at $.08, advanced to $.08¾ per lb.

13737.....*Refined sugar above No. 16 D. S.*, from Van Eghn, Heil & Co., Amsterdam, October 31, 1896.

Common refined sugar entered at 11s. 10.66d., advanced to 12s. 0.50d. per cwt. of 112 lbs. pkd.

3443 OP..... Baltimore..... 13735..... 13679..... } *Sugar above and below No. 16 D. S.*, from Robert Crooks & Co., Liverpool, October 30, November 4, 6, 1896.

Tates Standard Granulated sugar, entered at 12s. 6d., advanced to 12s. 9d. per cwt.

Tates Fifths, entered at 8s., advanced to 8s. 1½d. per cwt.

Tates Fifths, entered at 8s. 3d., advanced to 8s. 4½d. per cwt.

Tates Fourths, entered at 9s. 9d., per cwt.; no advance.

Less 2½ per cent discount.

Packages included in price.

3437 OP..... New Orleans.... } *Sugar under No. 16 D. S.*, from T. V. Drake & Co., Hamburg, September 12, 1896.

Beetroot sugar entered on basis of 88° anal. at 9s. 1.36d., advanced to 9s. 8.765d. per cwt. pkd., basis of 89.51 anal.

3464 OP..... Boston ..... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Robert Crooks & Co., Greenock, October 27, 1896, October 31, 1896.

Sugar entered at 8s. 6d., advanced to 8s. 7½d. per cwt. pkd.

Sugar not above No. 16 D. S., Tates Fifths, entered at 8s. 3d., advanced to 8s. 4½d. per cwt. pkd.

Less 2½ per cent discount.

3449 OP ..... 3410 OP..... 3388 OP..... Phila..... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from J. & E. Williams, Hamburg, September 4, August 27, August 1, 1896.

Beet root 1st sugar, entered on basis of 88° anal. at various prices less N. D. charges, advanced to 8s. 11.843d. per cwt. pkd., basis of 88.562 anal.

Beet root 1st sugar, entered at 9.50 marks per 50 kilos, less N. D. charges, advanced to 9s. 0.2348d. per cwt. pkd., basis of 88.8232 anal.

Beetroot sugar 1sts., entered on basis of 88° at various prices, reappraised at 9s. 7.2269d. per cwt. pkd., basis of 88.4846 anal., pol. 94.0076; 9s. 5.8d. per cwt. pkd., basis of 87.5333 anal., pol. 93.02; 9s. 7.3d. per cwt. pkd., basis of 88.535 anal., pol. 93.69; 9s. 6.22d. per cwt. pkd., basis of 87.8129 anal. pol. 93.4403.

3451 OP..... Phila..... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from J. V. Drake & Co., Hamburg, August 29, 1896.

Beetroot sugar entered on basis of 88° anal. at 8.753 marks per 50 kilos; advanced to 9s. 0.2d. per cwt. pkd., basis of 88.80 anal.

3388 OP..... Phila..... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from J. & E. Williams, Hamburg, July 4, 1896.

Beet first runnings, entered on basis of 88° anal. at 9.74 marks, advanced to 10s. 0.515d. per cwt. pkd., basis of 89.01 anal.

3453 OP.....
3454 OP.....
Phila.....
} *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from C. Czarnikow, Hamburg, October 3, 15, 1896.

Beet, 1st, entered on basis of 88° anal. at 8.38, advanced to 8.8873 marks per 50 kilos pkd., basis of 87.8025 anal.

Beet 1st, entered on basis of 88° anal. at 8s. 4.5d., advanced to 9s. 0.8486d. per cwt. pkd., basis of 89.2324 anal.

3452 OP.....
Phila.....
3445 OP.....
New Orleans...
} *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from J. V. Drake & Co., Hamburg, August 27 and August 15, 1896.

Beet 1st, entered on basis of 88° anal. 9s. 11.68025d. less N. D. charges and 1¼ per cent discount, advanced to 9s. 8.3d. net per cwt. pkd., basis of 90.70 anal.

Beet 1st, entered on basis of 88° anal. at 9.50 marks, less N. D. charges and 1¼ per cent discount, advanced to 9s. 5.38d. per cwt. pkd. net, basis of 88.7553 anal.

Beetroot sugar entered on basis of 88° anal. at 9s. 1.3d. per cwt. pkd., advanced to 9s. 9.32d. per cwt. pkd., basis of 89.32 anal.

13687.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Macleod & Co., Cebu, May 1, 1896.

Cebu superior sugar entered at 4.00, advanced to 4.28½ Phil. currency per picul of 140 lbs. pkd., test 85.28.

13723..... .....
13733.....
13732.....
} *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from C. Czarnikow & Co., Stettin, October 11, Antwerp, October 11, Hamburg, October 11, 1896.

Raw beet sugar entered on basis of 75° anal. at 6.54, advanced to 8.075371 marks per 50 kilos pkd., basis of 83.76 anal.

Beetroot sugar entered on basis of 88° anal. at 8s. 4d., advanced to 9s. 1.37d. per cwt. of 112 lbs. pkd., basis of 90.08 anal.

Beetroot sugar entered on basis of 88° anal. at 8s. 4d., advanced to 8s. 11.9d., per cwt. pkd., basis of 89.10 anal.

3415 OP.....
San Francisco.
} *Chinese mdse.*, from Sun Kwong Hop, Hongkong, September 21, 1896.

Bamboo shoots, prepared lichers, prepd. carambols, ginger in syrup, entered at 2.50 Mexican dollars per box of 4 dozen; no advance.

13754.....*Chinese mdse.*, from Choy Chong Lung, Hongkong, September 29, 1896.

White nut, entered at 1.35, advanced to 2.25 Mexican dollars per box of 90 lbs.

Salt bamboo shoots, entered at 1.00, advanced to 1.80 Mexican dollars per box of 4 cans.

Water lily root, entered at .80, advanced to .90 Mexican dollar per box.

Packing charges included in price.

13672..... .....*Chinese Mdse.*, from Quan Yick, Hongkong, October 8, 1896.

Salt melon entered at 1.10, advanced to 1.80 Mexican dollars per pkge. of 2 cans.

Dried meat, entered at 6.90, advanced to 7.16 Mexican dollars per box.

Preserved Betel nut, entered at 1.50, advanced to 1 60 Mexican dollars per box.

13455.....*Sword blades*, from Julius Voos, Solingen, October 5, 1896.

Degen klingen, Nos. 132, 130, 114, 96, Meuster, 28″, 30″, 32″, entered at 17.30, advanced to 17.40 marks per dozen.

Add cases.

13705.....*Sponges*, from Silveira & Co., Havana, October 28, 1896.
Sheep wool med. large forms, white, entered at $1.20, advanced to $1.25 per lb.
Sheep wool med. large forms, light red, entered at $1.20, advanced to $1.30 per lb.
Less 3 per cent tare.
Add boxing, etc.

3433 O P..... San Francisco.. } *Mf. metal*, from H. Rheinhold & Co., Hamburg, April 16, 1896.
Enameled ware, entered at 5986.35 marks per total of 88 cases; no advance.
Add cases and packing.

I3720.....*Mfs. of leather*, from Edward Graves & Son, Sheffield, October 30, 1896.
36″ blk. flat laces, spiral tags, entered at 7s. 6d. per gross; no advance.
Less 5 per cent discount.
Less inland carriage.

13716.....*Mfs. paper*, from J. Witkowski, Hiogo, June 15, 1896.
9459, 9459A paper napkins, entered at 8.20, advanced to 9.80 silver yen per 10000.
Add packing boxes.

3430 OP..... Buffalo..... } *Barley*, from Dundas & Flavelle Bro., Lindsay, Canada, October 31, 1896.
Barley entered at $.25, advanced to $.28 per bushel.

13719... . .....*Chemical salt*, from Gebr. Borchers, Goelar a. Harz, October 27, 1896.
Pomanganate Potash, entered at 121.10 marks, advanced to 131.75 marks per 100 kilos.
Add packing.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

13333..... .... 3727..... } *Col'd cotton velvet*, from Chas. Hodges, London, September 16, 1896.
Printed velvet, No. 4996/7, entered at 2s. 5d. per yd.; no advance.

13228..... 3705..... ..... } *Mf. flax*, from Frazer & Houghton, Belfast, August 7, 1896.
45 in. pillow linen, No. 12, entered at 9d. per yd.; no advance.
45 in. pillow linen, No. 17, entered at 12⅜d. per yd.; no advance.
45 in. pillow linen, No. 11, entered at 8⅜d., advanced to 9⅛d. per yd.
25 in. huck, No. 20, entered at 5⅝d. per yd.; no advance.
27½ in huck, No. 40, entered at 7¼d., advanced to 7⅞d. per yd.
22½ x 36 in. lace cases, No. 12/B, entered at 2s., advanced to 2s. 3d. per pair.
27 x 36 in. lace cases, No. 12/B, entered at 2s. 4d., advanced to 2s. 7d. per pair.
22½ x 36 in. H. S. cases, U3/1, entered at 1s. 8d., advanced to 1s. 10d.
44 x 44 in. H. S. squares, 1200, entered at 18s. 6d., advanced to 20s. 4d. per dozen.
72 x 99 in. H. S. sheets, 250/5, entered at 10s. 7d., advanced to 11s. 7½d. per pair.
Similar goods, similar treatment.
Add cases and packing.

13713..... 3835..... ..... } *Chinese merchandise*, from Sun Kwong Hop, Hongkong, August 8, 1896.
Bean stick, entered at 2.40, advanced to 2.70 Mexican dollars per box of 40 lbs.
Beanstick, entered at 3.00, advanced to 3.60 Mexican dollars per box of 60 cty.
Vermicelli, entered at 4.50, advanced to 5.32 Mexican dollars per box of 76 cty.
Straw slippers, entered at 11.20, Mexican dollars, per total of 160 pairs; no advance.
Earthenware jars, entered at 4.30, advanced to 4.50 Mexican dollars per total of 30 rolls.
Similar goods, similar advances.

13675..... } *Chinese Mdse.*, from Sun Kwong Hop, Hongkong, September 8, 1896.
3832..... }

Pipe strings, entered at 1.00 Mexican dollar per total of 20 pieces; no advance.

13649..... } *Chinese merchandise*, from Wing Sang Lung, Hongkong, August 18, 1896.
3820..... . .... }

Oyster oil entered at 3.00, advanced to 4.10 Mexican dollars per box of 4 doz.

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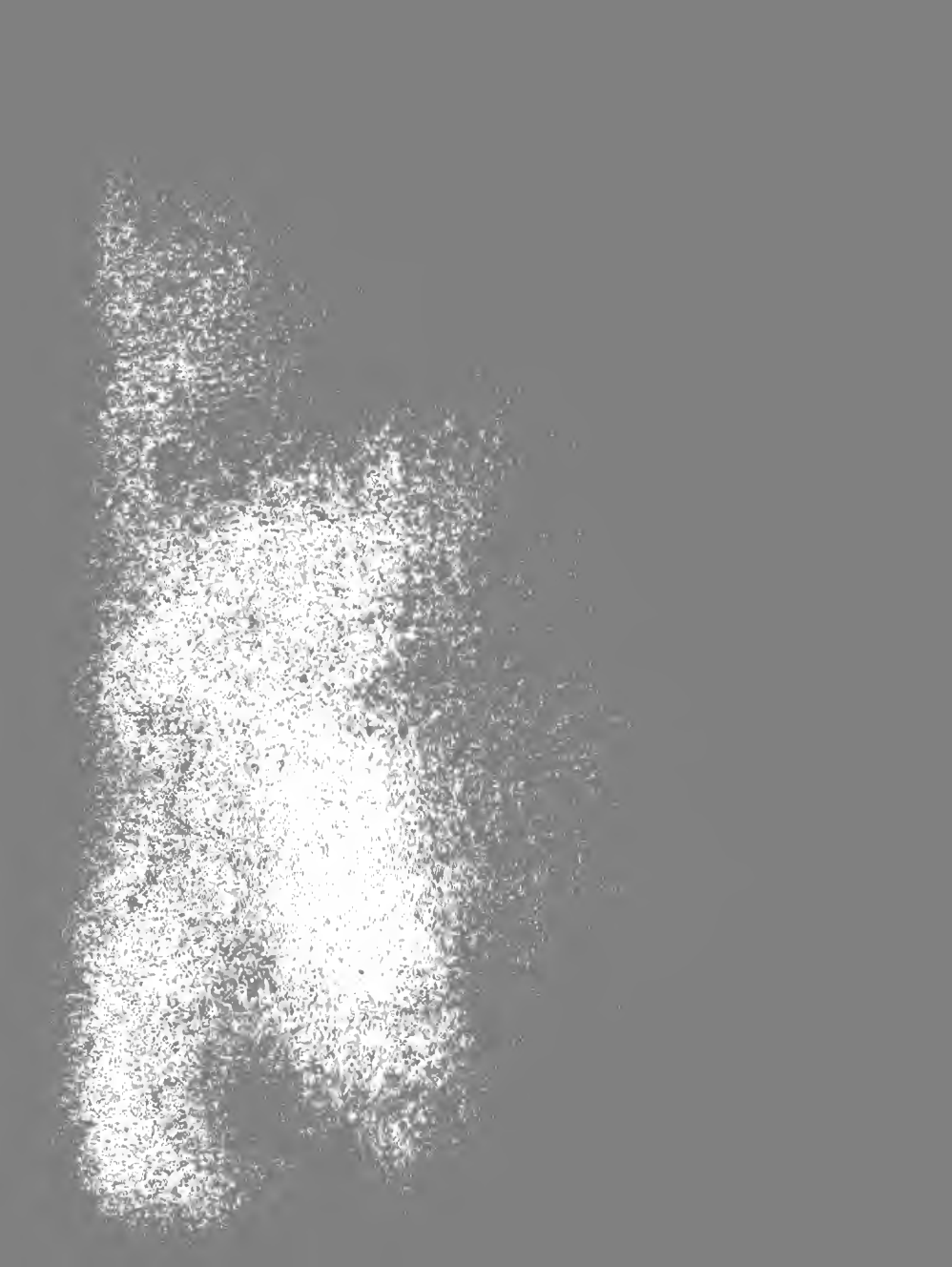

1896.
Department Circular No. 173.

Treasury Department,

BUREAU OF NAVIGATION,

Washington, D. C., December 21, 1896.

To Collectors of Customs and others:

The last paragraph of Article 2, Customs Regulations of 1892, states that the term "home port" means that port established by law at or nearest to which the owner, if there be but one, or if more than one, the husband or acting and managing owner, resides, or the port at which the vessel is documented, or the place in the same district where the vessel was built.

The statement is not in accordance with the statutes and has misled customs officers. The paragraph is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"A vessel's home port is that port established by law at or nearest to which the owner resides, or, if there be more than one owner, that port at or nearest to which the husband or managing owner usually resides. It is also the port at which a vessel's permanent marine papers issue, and its name must be specified in all marine documents. But in reference to the painting of the name of a port of hail on the stern of a vessel, the word 'port' may be construed to mean either the port where the vessel is registered or enrolled or the place in the same district where the vessel was built, or where one or more of the owners reside." (R. S. 4141, 4178, and Act June 26, 1884.)

EUGENE T. CHAMBERLAIN,
Commissioner.

APPROVED:
S. WIKE,
Assistant Secretary.

1896.
Department Circular No. 174.
Division of Customs.

Treasury Department,

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

Washington, D. C., December 23, 1896.

To Collectors and other Officers of the Customs:

The following reappraisements of merchandise have been made by the United States General Appraisers during the week ending December 12, 1896.

CHARLES S. HAMLIN,
Assistant Secretary.

REPORT OF REAPPRAISEMENTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING DECEMBER 12, 1896.

N. B.—In corresponding with the Board of General Appraisers relative to any of the items in this report, reference should always be made to the number of Reappraisement.

No. of Reappraisement.

13805.....*Chinese merchandise*, from ———, Hongkong, September 28, 1896.
Dates entered at 1.30, advanced to 1.50 Mexican dollars per box of 65 lbs.
Chop sticks, entered at 3.00 Mexican dollars per box of 300 pairs; no advance.
Packing included in price.

13781.....*Chinese merchandise*, from Choy Chong Lung, Hongkong, August 5, 1896.
Soy, entered at .95, advanced to 1.00 Mexican dollar per box of 1 dozen.
Sweet plum, entered at 1.50, advanced to 1.80 Mexican dollars per box of 1½ dozen.
Sweet Betel nut, entered at 1.50, advanced to 1.60 Mexican dollars per box of 1½ dozen.
Salt bamboo shoot, entered at 1.00, advanced to 1.80 Mexican dollars per box of 80 lbs.

13792.....*Mfs. Vul. Rubber, etc.*, from Slozenger & Son, London, November 12, 1896.
Golf balls, entered at 4s., advanced to 7s. per dozen.
Less 5 per cent discouut.
Add case.

13798.....*Bead Trimmings*, from Gush. Ad Lehmann, Annaberg, November 14, 1896.
Beaded gimps, 4310/2706, 16½, entered at .90, advanced to 1.20 marks per 11 meters.
2055/13120, 33 beaded gimps, entered at .675 marks per 11 meters; no advance.
4661/12/30431 etc., 16½, entered at 3.30, advanced to 3.60 marks per 11 meters.
4667/7/30466, 22, etc., beaded gimps with spangles, entered at 3.50, advanced to 3.85 marks per 11 meters.
Add boxes, wrappers, case, etc.

13776.....*Japanese Mdse.*, from Kaitsu Gomei Kwaisha, Yokohama, September 21, 1896.
Tussel umbrella hand, entered at .40, advanced to .75 silver yen per piece.
Bone umbrella hand, entered at .25, advanced to .40 silver yen per piece.
Tussel paper knives, entered at .35, advanced to .50 silver yen per piece.
Bone spatula for shoes, entered at .20, advanced to .30 silver yen per piece.
Tussel mask, entered at .60, advanced to 1.00 silver yen per piece.
Bone sword, entered at 1.00, advanced to 1.50 silver yen per piece.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Add cases and packing.

13394.....*Skins dressed and finished*, from L. Cohn, Johanngeorgenstadt, September 18, 1896.
Gefarlete felte, entered at 24.00, advanced to 34.00 marks per dozen.

13771.....*Skins dressed and finished*, from Leoro Thery et ses Fils, Molenbeck, September 28, 1896.
Chamois blanchis No. x, entered at 28.00, advanced to 34.00 francs per dozen.
Chamois blanchis No. 1, entered at 25.00, advanced to 30.00 francs per dozen.
Chamois blanchis No. 2, entered at 22.00, advanced to 26.00 francs per dozen.
Chamois blanchis No. 3, entered at 15.00, advanced to 22.00 francs per dozen.
Add packing.

13763.....*Skins dressed and finished*, from Emmanuel Meyer, Berlin, October 26, 1896.
No. 15 Nappa Colored Lambskins, entered at 300.00, advanced to 375.00 marks per 100.
LZ Lammleder, entered at 256.00, advanced to 295.00 marks per 100.
LZ II, entered at 256.00, reappraised at 225.00 marks per 100.
Less 2 per cent discount.
Add cases.

13714.....*Prepared meat, etc.*, from Giov. Cindolo, Naples, September 26, 1896.
Ham, entered at 20.00, advanced to 40.00 lire per total of 44 lbs.

13818.....*Mfs. silk*, from Josiah Small & Sons, Manchester, November 19, 1896.
Shuttle Cloth, Ex Shuttle Cloth, China A, entered at 1s. 8d. per yd.; no advance.
Tissue R, entered at 1s. 11d. per yd.; no advance.
Tissue G, entered at 1s. 9d. per yd.; advanced to 1s. 11d. per yd.
Less 2½ per cent discount.

3467 OP..... } *Vegetables natural state*, from P. Moro, Coinigliano, September 28, 1896.
San Francisco.. }
Dried mushrooms, entered at 3.38, advanced to 3.50 lire per kilo.
Add cases.

13819.....*Col'd cotton velvet*, from Middleton, Jones & Co., Manchester, November 18, 1896.
600 Dk. blk. velvet, entered at 8d. per yd.;
610 Dk. blk. velvet entered at 9d. per yd.;
Less measure, and discount.
Add making up, boxes and case.
All advanced by disallowance of deduction of 2½ per cent commission added to invoice and deducted on entry.

13799.....*Col'd cotton velvet*, from James W. Ross & Co., Manchester, November 17, 1896.
22 in. Blk. velvet, P750, entered at 7d. per yd.; no advance.
Less $\frac{1}{87}$th.
Less 5 per cent discount.
Add cases, etc.

13702.....*Col'd cotton velvet*, from Elson & Neil, Manchester, October 23, 1896.
Blk. velvets, 23 in., entered at 10d. and 14d. per yd.; no advance.
Blk. velvets, 21 in., entered at 7d. and 10d. per yd.; no advance.
Less $\frac{1}{37}$th.
Add making up.
Less 2½ per cent.
Add cases.

13628.....*Bleached cotton*, from Tootal Broadhurst Lee Co., Ltd., Manchester, October 22, 1896.
28 in. H 30/s Wht. Pique, entered at 8¼d. per yd.; no advance.
Add making up, etc.
Less 3 per cent discount.
Add cases and tickets.

13787.....*Mf. silk & cotton*, from Bayard Aine & Fils, Lyons, November 2, 1896.
58 c/m Satin col., 3289, entered at .70, advanced to .76 franc per meter.
Less 20 per cent discount.
Advanced by disallowance of deduction of "reimbursements for cotton" deducted on entry.

13718.....*Colored cotton, etc.*, from Georg Sand & Co., St. Gall, October 27, 1896.
30/31 in. col'd woven fig'd swisses, No. 11708, entered at 29.00, advanced to 32.00 francs per piece of 20 yds.
44 in. col'd woven fig'd swisses, No. 11522, entered at 34.00, advanced to 40.00 francs per pce of 20 yards.
30/31 col'd linen swisses, No. 11634, entered at 29.00, advanced to 32.50 francs per piece of 20 yds.
32 in. col'd fancy cotton, No. 873, etc., entered at .52, advanced to .62 franc per yard.
30 in. col'd flannelette, all cot., No. 846, entered at .39, advanced to .45 franc per yard.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Add boxes, packing and case.

13578.....*Mf. wool*, from Gamounet Dehollande fils, Paris, September 21, 1896.
Satin imperial, sang de boeuf, art. AX, entered at 2.50 francs per meter; no advance.
Add cases.

13606.....*Grapes*, from F. L. Martinez, Almeria, October 8, 1896.
Grapes entered at 14.00, advanced to 14.50 pesetas per bbl. of 25 kilos pkd.

3379 OP ..... Philadelphia... } *Sugar above No. 16 D. S.*, from J. & E. Williams, Hamburg, September 24, 1896.
Beetroot sugar entered at 10.50, advanced to 10.905 marks per cwt. pkd.

3428 OP ..... 3398 OP ..... Phila..... } *Sugar above No. 16 D. S.*, from Ransohoff & Wissler, London, October 4, 1, 1896.
Sugar entered at 12s. 4½d. less N. D. charges, per 50¾ kilos; advanced to 11s. 4¼d. per cwt. pkd.
Sugar entered at 12s. 4½d. less N. D. charges per 50¾ kilos; advanced to 11s. 8d. per cwt. pkd.

3396 OP ..... Phila..... } *Sugar above No. 16 D. S.*, from Ransohoff & Wissler, London, September 16, 1896.
Eagle Eye, entered at 12s. 4½d. less N. D. charges per 50¾ kilos; advanced to 11s. 6½d. per cwt. pkd.

3478 OP ..... } *Sugar above No. 16 D. S.*, from Franz Fieber, Prague, November 6, 1896.
Baltimore..... }
American granulated centrif. sugar entered at 11s. 3¾d. and 11s. 3d. less N. D. charges and 5/6 per cent discount; advanced to 10s. 8d. per cwt. pkd.

13810..... .....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from T. Holloron, Antigua, October 27, 1896.
Mus. sugar entered on basis of 86.8° test at $.015025, reappraised at $.0125 per lb. pkd.

13790.....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from J. V. Drake, Hamburg, October 4, 1896.
Beetroot sugar entered on basis of 75° anal. at 6s. 8¾d., advanced to 7s. 4½d. per cwt. pkd., basis of 79° test.

13766..... .....*Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from C. Czarnikow, Hamburg, October 26, 1896.
Raw beet sugar entered on basis of 88° anal. at 8.666, advanced to 9.0877314 marks per 50 kilos pkd., basis of 88.92 anal.

3432 OP ... .. } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Erdmann & Sielcken, Sourabaya, August 3, 1896.
Phila..... }
1st Jave, entered on basis of 96° test at 7.125 florins per picul, advanced to 9s. 10.023d. per cwt. pkd., basis of 96.68201 test.

3442 OP ..... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Maclaine Watson & Co., Batavia, August 13, 1896, etc.
Phila..... }
Sugar entered at 9s. 9d., advanced to 9s. 9.158d. per cwt. pkd., basis of 96.10548 test.

3429 OP ..... } *Sugar not above No. 16 D. S.*, from Erdmann & Sielcken, Batavia, August 11, 1896.
Phila..... }
Java sugar 1st runnings, entered on basis of pol. 96 per cent, at 6.86 florins per picul; advanced to 9s. 9.99d. per cwt. pkd., basis of 96.65891° test.

3420 OP ..... } *Wool shawls*, from Chn. Zimmermann & Sohn, Apolda, September 18, 1896.
St. Louis.. ..... }
Squares wool, W white, B black, entered at 2.35, advanced to 2.95 marks per dozen.
Less 3½ per cent discount.
Add boxing, putting up, casing and costs.

3441 OP ..... } *Plain white earthenware*, from Anthony Shaw & Co., Burslem, September 28, 1896.
Phila ..... }
Malaga Dresden Opaque, entered at £33, 9s. 8½d. per total; no advance.
Less 67½ per cent, 5 per cent and 5 per cent discounts.
Add iron bound crates.

REAPPRAISEMENTS BY BOARDS.

13632..... } *Sulphate ammonia*, from Bradbury & Hirsch, Liverpool, October 17, 1896.
3819..... }
Sulphate ammonia, entered at £6, 9s. 3d., advanced to £6, 14s. 3d., per ton.
Add bags at 7s. 6d. per ton.

13715..... } *Alcoholic perfumery*, from H. Morin & G. Pinaud, Paris, October 16, 1896.
3830..... }
Perfumery entered at various prices less 20 per cent and 2 per cent, advanced by disallowance of second discount.
Cases included in price.

13658..... } *Manufactures of flax*, from Thos. Kelly & Co., Belfast, October 31, 1896.
3822..... }
60 in. linen damask, No. 300, entered at 8¾d., advanced to 9½d. per yd.
Less 3½ per cent discount.
Add cases.

13581.....
3824..... ....
13682.....
3833..... .....

Colored cot. mf. flax & silk, from Georg Sand & Co., St. Gall, September 29, October 15, 1896.

32 in. col'd fancy cot. goods, entered at .61, advanced to .67 franc per meter.
45 in. col'd fancy cot. goods, entered at .65, advanced to .81 franc per meter.
32 in. silk stripes linen, entered at .70, advanced to .95 franc per meter.
30 in. silk figured linen 291, entered at .60, advanced to .90 franc per meter.
44 col'd woven grenadines, entered at 2.00, advanced to 2.50 francs per meter.
31 in. col'd woven fig'd Swisses, entered at 19.50, advanced to 22.50 francs per piece of 20 yds.
Similar goods, similar advances.
Add packing, boxes and cases.

13456.....
3816.... ... .

Wool dress goods, from Rouquaird & Demetre, Paris, September 12, 1896.

124 c/m cheviotte, No. 151, entered at 1.30, advanced to 1.43 francs per meter.
128 boucle cot. warp, No. 519, entered at 2.30, reappraised at 2.30 francs per meter.
113 c/m cheviotte No. 337, entered at 1.35, advanced to 1.48 francs per meter.
107 c/m Jacquart, No. 209, entered at 1.80, advanced to 1.90 francs per meter.
95 c/m diagonale, No. 283, entered at .95, advanced to 1.04 francs per meter.
Less 6 per cent discount.
Add case and packing.
All further advanced by disallowance of inland freight deducted on entry.

13657.....
3831.....

Ground sumac, from G. Dalia & Co., Palermo, October 1, 1896.

Prime ground sumac, entered at 15.00, advanced to 16.00 lire per 100 kilos.
Add packing.

13181.. .....
3741.....

Refined sugar above No. 16 D. S., from Ransohoff & Wissler, London, August 18, 1896.

Crystal sugar entered at 11s. 8.45d., advanced to 12s. 2d. per 50¾ kilos pkd.

3390 OP .....
830..... .....
Phila .....

Sugar not above No. 16 D. S., from J. & E. Williams et al., Hamburg, August 18, 1896.

Beet 1st sugar entered on basis of 88° anal. at various prices, advanced to 9s. 7⅛d., basis of 88.4168 anal.; 9s. 7.775d., basis of 88.85 anal.; 9s. 6.455d. basis of 87.97 anal. per cwt. pkd.

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EMPLOYEES OF EXHIBITORS AT THE TENNESSEE CENTENNIAL EXPOSITION, NASHVILLE, TENN.

1896.
Department Circular No. 175.

Bureau of Immigration.

Treasury Department,

Washington, D. C., December 31, 1896.

Congress having passed a joint resolution authorizing foreign exhibitors at the Tennessee Centennial Exposition to be held at Nashville, Tenn., to bring to this country foreign laborers from their respective countries for the purpose of preparing for and making their exhibits, which was approved by the President May 18, 1896, Commissioners of Immigration and Collectors of Customs are hereby charged with the duty of admitting such employees under the following regulations:

1. Upon the arrival of any such employee at any port of the United States the Commissioner of Immigration at such port, or where there is no Commissioner of Immigration, the Collector of Customs at such port will satisfy himself that such person is entitled to admission into the United States under the provisions of said joint resolution, and will thereupon permit him or her to land, and issue to him or her a certificate in accordance with the facts ascertained, and file in his office a memorandum thereof.

2. Certificates in the form hereto annexed will be used, and the stub attached with the blanks filled will be regarded as the memorandum to be filed. Immigration officers will make requisition for such number of certificates as may be required.

3. When any such certificate is returned by its holder, preparatory to departure for the country from which he or she came, the fact of such surrender and departure, and the date thereof, will be indorsed across the face of the certificate and entered upon the corresponding stub; and the certificate shall then be filed for reference.

4. In one year after the close of said Exposition, Commissioners of Immigration and Collectors of Customs who have issued such certificates will report to the Treasury Department the number issued, and whether any holder thereof (giving name) has failed to surrender his or her certificate and depart from the country; and in case any such holder depart from a port other than that at which he or she entered, the Commissioner or Collector to whom the certificate may be surrendered will transmit the same without delay to the officer who issued it, or his successor.

W. E. CURTIS,
Acting Secretary.

The following is a copy of the joint resolution:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act of Congress approved February twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, prohibiting the importation of foreigners under contract to perform labor, and the Acts of Congress prohibiting the coming of Chinese persons into the United States, and the Acts amendatory of these Acts, shall not be so construed, nor shall anything therein operate to prevent, hinder, or in anywise restrict any foreign exhibitor, representative, or citizen of a foreign nation, or the holder, who is a citizen of a foreign nation,

of any concession or privilege from the Tennessee Centennial Exposition Company of Nashville, Tennessee, from bringing into the United States, under contract, such mechanics, artisans, agents, or other employees, natives of their respective foreign countries, as they, or any of them, may deem necessary for the purpose of making preparations for installing or conducting their exhibits or of preparing for installing or conducting any business authorized or permitted under or by virtue of or pertaining to any concession or privilege which may have been granted by the Tennessee Centennial Exposition Company of Nashville, Tennessee, in connection with such exposition: *Provided, however*, That no alien shall by virtue of this Act enter the United States under contract to perform labor except by express permission, naming such alien, of the Secretary of the Treasury, and any such alien who may remain in the United States for more than one year, after the close of said exposition, shall thereafter be subject to all the processes and penalties applicable to aliens coming in violation of the alien contract-labor law aforesaid.

FORM OF CERTIFICATE.

No.....

Name.....
Native of.....
Employed by.....
of.....an exhibitor at the Tennessee Centennial Exposition Company of Nashville, Tenn.
Issued....., 189...
Surrendered at the port of.....
....., 189...

Employee's Certificate of Admission.

No..... Port of.....
....., 189...

This is to certify that....., a native of.....
who is duly accredited as an employee of....., an exhibitor at the Tennessee Centennial Exposition at Nashville, Tenn., has been permitted to enter the United States as such employee, in pursuance of a joint resolution of Congress approved May 18, 1896.

——— ———,
Commissioner of Immigration.

NOTE.—This certificate is valid for one year after the close of said Exposition, and is to be surrendered when the holder departs from the United States, to the Commissioner of Immigration or the Collector of Customs at the port at which he embarks.

1896.
Department Circular No. 176.
Bureau of Navigation.

Treasury Department,

BUREAU OF NAVIGATION,

Washington, D. C., December 31, 1896.

To Principal Officers of the Customs:

You are hereby directed to forward at the end of each fiscal year only, the reports of passenger movements mentioned in Circular 87 of 1896, to the Bureau of Navigation, Treasury Department. The reports in question were formerly included in the reports of immigration, made monthly or quarterly, according to the circumstances, to the Bureau of Statistics—subsequently to the Bureau of Immigration, and since July 3, 1896, to the Bureau of Navigation.

Circulars 87 of 1896 and 111 of 1896, and Article 1272, Regulations of 1892, are hereby modified accordingly.

Form Number 21 should be amended by the pen, so as to conform to these instructions.

W. E. CURTIS,
Acting Secretary.

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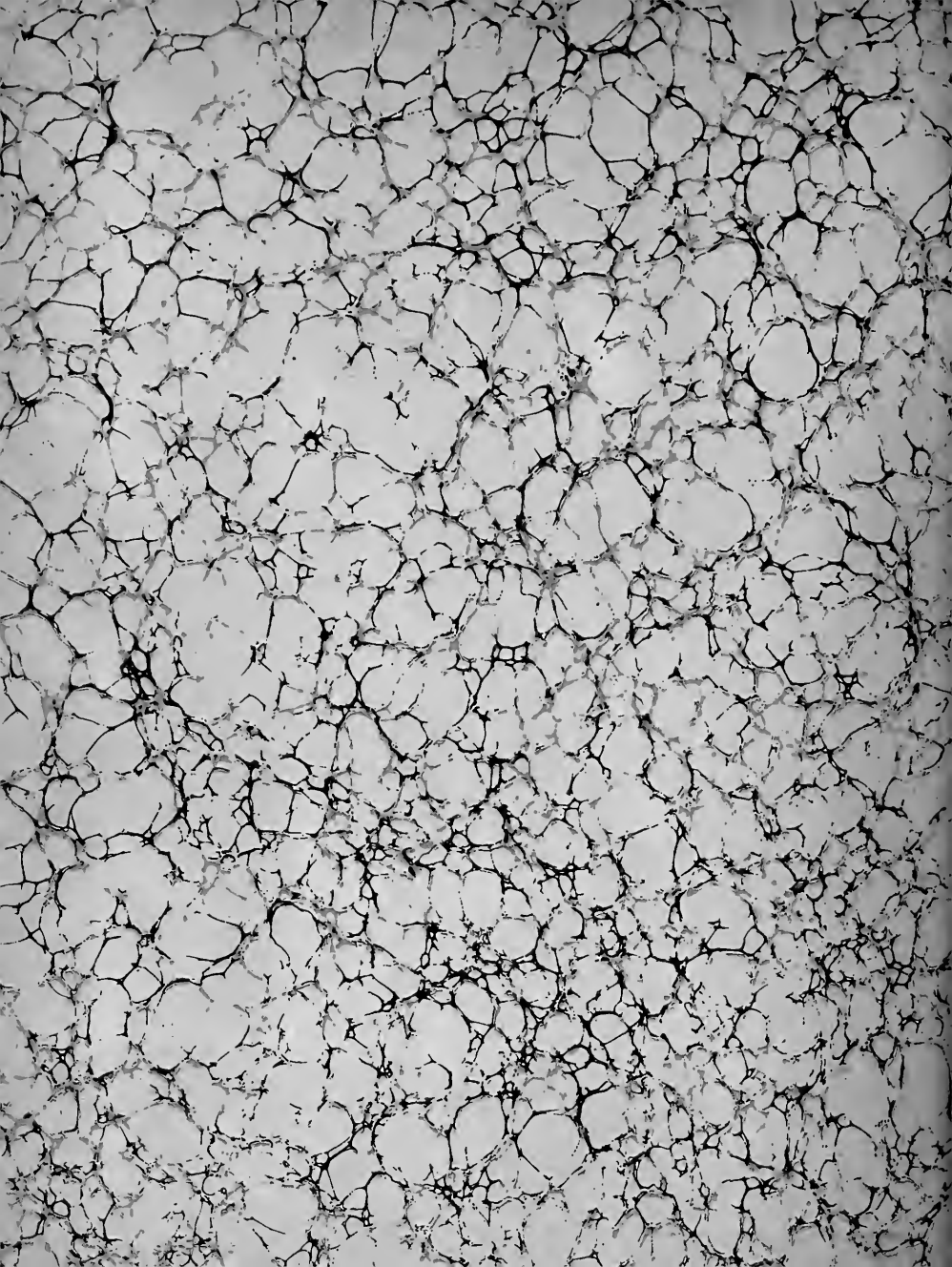

U.S. Dept. of the
Treasury.

Circulars.